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(54) Title: HUMAN DNA SEQUENCES

(57) Abstract: Novel human cDNA sequence of a clones, the encoded protein sequence of a clones, antibodies and variants thereof, are provided. The disclosed sequence of a clones find application in a number of ways, including use in profiling assays. In this regard, various assemblages of nucleic acids or proteins are provided that are useful in providing large arrays of human material for implementing large-scale screening strategies. The disclosed sequence of a clones may also be used in formulating medicaments, treating various disorders and in certain diagnostic applications.



HUMAN DNA SEQUENCES

Background of the Invention

Current methods for testing pharmacological substances rely on a three-stage testing approach to drug development. First, candidate compounds are typically screened in some sort of *in vitro* system, like inhibition of cancer cell growth. Candidates are then tested in an animal model, as a first approximation of systemic effects, including efficacy and toxicity. Compounds that still show promise after these initial *in vivo* screens, finally are tested in humans. Again, human testing typically occurs in three phases: toxicity; preliminary efficacy; and efficacy. The entire process can take more than a decade and cost hundreds of millions of dollars. Aside from the monetary costs and protracted time scale, moreover, current testing regimes waste the lives of countless laboratory animals and needlessly endanger the lives of human subjects.

A need exists, therefore, for more sophisticated drug screening techniques that can be done rapidly *in vitro*. These screening techniques ideally will be reflective of systemic and/or organ-specific responses, so that they provide a reliable indicator of action in a human body. Current techniques, however, tend to utilize only a single or limited number of markers, thus answering only very simple questions that are of questionable medical import. For example, a typical *in vitro* assay may ask whether a lead compound binds a particular receptor, which has been implicated in a certain disorder. It is presumed that such binding is indicative of therapeutic usefulness, but it does not even purport to address systemic effects.

Not only are screening techniques for efficacy inadequate, the available toxicity screens likewise are inadequate. Toxicity, on a first level, is usually measured by animal testing. Aside from the complications related to *in vivo* versus *in vitro* testing, such screens are insufficient because of differences in metabolism, uptake, etc., relative to humans. Thus, improved methods would be not only be *in vitro*-based, they would also be more "human."

With the increasing miniaturization of screening assays and the growing availability of targets for pharmaceutical intervention, there is increasing interest in developing arrays containing large numbers of these targets that can be assayed simultaneously. If such an

array contains a large enough population of targets, it can be used to essentially mimic the systemic response. In other words, the array becomes an *in vitro* surrogate for the human body. The more refined the array, the more accurate the predictive capability. In theory, an array could be constructed that can detect all of the known human expression products simultaneously, thereby, providing a very reliable indicator of the human response to a given compound. These arrays offer advantages over the present *in vitro* screening systems in that they can assay large numbers of responses simultaneously. They are superior to animal testing because they are more "human" and, thus, more predictive of human responses.

In order to construct such arrays, however, the field is in need of further human targets. Advantageously, such targets will be provided with additional physiologically relevant information, such as whether the target is expressed in a particular tissue and whether it is related to a known functional class of targets. In this way, the artisan can focus as needed, for example, on tissue-specific effects or target class-specific effects, thereby providing information useful in evaluating efficacy and/or toxicity.

In addition to a need for pharmacological screening targets, there is a need for further pharmacological substances. These substances can be used in the formulation of medicinal compositions and in treating a wide variety of disorders.

The present invention responds to the aforementioned and other needs in the field by providing a population of novel targets useful, *inter alia*, in the profiling and medicinal contexts described above.

Summary of the Invention

It is an object of the invention, therefore, to provide a set of human cDNA clones. Further to this object, the invention provides sequences of human cDNA clones that were isolated from libraries generated from different human tissues.

It is another object of the invention to provide assemblages of targets useful in profiling matrices for screening pharmacological test compounds. According to this object, assemblages comprising different populations of human nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies are provided. In different embodiments, cDNA library-specific assemblages and target-family-specific targets are provided.

It is a further object of the invention to provide a database of human nucleotide and protein sequences. Further to this object, novel human nucleotide and protein sequences are provided in electronic form. In one embodiment, one or more of these sequences is provided in a searchable database.

It is still another object of the invention to provide biologically active target molecules useful in treating or detecting human disorders. Further to this object, the invention provides nucleic acid and protein molecules that have the capacity to affect disease etiology or symptoms or correlate with known disease states. Also further to this object, a database is provided which comprises the disclosed molecules in electronic form.

It is still a further object of the invention to provide polypeptides encoded by the human cDNA clones disclosed herein. Further to this object, the invention provides antibodies and fragments thereof that are capable of binding to a specific portion of these polypeptides.

It is yet another object of the invention to provide pharmaceutical compositions which comprise an effective amount of a pharmaceutical agent, wherein the pharmaceutical agent is selected from the group consisting of one or more polypeptides contemplated by the invention, variants or functional derivatives thereof, and antibodies thereto; and a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.

It is still another object of the invention to provide expression vectors comprising one or more human cDNA clones disclosed herein or fragments thereof; and optionally a promoter operably linked to the cDNA clone or fragment thereof. Further to this object, the invention provides methodology for recombinantly producing a desired peptide, comprising expressing in a host cell a peptide encoded by a human cDNA clone disclosed herein.

Detailed Description

The invention results from a need in the art for new human nucleic acids and proteins. This need arises in several contexts. First, there is a need to identify targets for therapeutic intervention. Second, there is a need to identify molecules that may be adversely affected in a therapeutic context, thereby resulting in toxicity. Knowledge of these molecules will aid in

the design of new medicaments with enhanced efficacy and decreased toxicity. Finally, the need encompasses human nucleic acids and proteins that have medicinal applicability in their own right.

In view of these needs, the present inventors set out to isolate and sequence human cDNAs from tissue-specific libraries. In this way, they represent subsets of molecules likely to be targets for therapeutic intervention or for avoiding toxicity. In addition, the inventors divided the molecules into various sub-categories, based on suspected functionality, structural similarity etc, which are of interest from a pharmacological perspective. These molecules are disclosed in provisional application serial nos. 60/149,499 and 60/156,503, filed August 18, 1999, and September 28, 1999, respectively, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTIVE MOLECULES

The present invention provides novel polynucleotide molecules that, in some instances, have similarities with known molecules. The inventive DNAs were cloned from five different human cDNA libraries. In addition to these DNA molecules, the invention provides their protein translations and antibodies derived from them. The inventive DNA and protein sequences are show individually, below. The inventive nucleic acids also include the complements of these DNA sequences, as well as their RNA counterparts. Methods of producing the molecules also are provided. Further, the invention provides methods for detecting all or part of the molecules and of detecting polynucleotides encoding all or part of the molecules.

The inventive molecules derive from five cDNA libraries: human fetal brain; human fetal kidney; human mammary carcinoma; human testis; and human uterus. For convenience, each sequence bears a designation that indicates from which library it is derived. In particular, these designations are: "hfpbr" for human fetal brain; "hfkd" for human fetal kidney; "hmcf" for human mammary carcinoma; "htes" for human testis; and "hute" for human uterus. The individual libraries were constructed and screened as described below in the examples.

The protein and DNA molecules of the invention are variously described herein as "target" molecules or "inventive" molecules. The sequences and other information pertinent to the nucleic acid and protein molecules of the invention are shown, below.

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Interpreting the data disclosed with the Table and cDNA sequences, below:

The table and data below provide the coding sequences of the inventive cDNAs as well as the protein sequences and other useful information, as set out below.

Grouping

The clones were assigned to the following fourteen functional and/or tissue-derived groups:

- 1. Cell Cycle
- 2. Cell Structure and Motility
- 3. Differentiation/Development
- 4. Intracellular Transport and Trafficking
- 5. Metabolism
- 6. Nucleic Acid Management
- 7. Signal Transduction
- 8. Transmembrane Protein
- 9. Transcription Factors
- 10. Brain derived
- 11. Kidney derived
- 12. Mammary Carcinoma derived
- 13. Testes derived
- 14. Uterus derived

Description of Clone Files

The individual clone files are structured in the same pattern. The Sections are separated by paragraphs.

1. Clone Name

The clone names are deciphered with reference to the following example:

DKFZphfkd2 24e23, wherein the code represents:

- producer of library ("DKFZ") (for convenience, this reference may be eliminated)
- a "p" for "plasmid cDNA library" (for convenience, this reference may be eliminated)
- library name (e.g. hfbr = human fetal brain; hfkd = human fetal kidney; hmcf = human mammary carcinoma; htes = human testes; hute = human uterus)
- an underscore ("_") to separate library information from plate information
- plate number (e.g. "16")
- plate coordinates (letter first; e.g. "f14")

2. Group

3. Introduction

short review of the similarities, function of the protein and possible applications

4. Short Information

specifications about the cDNA (who sequenced, completeness of the cDNA, similarity, who sequenced, chromosomal localisation, length of cDNA, localisation of poly A tail and polyadenylation signal)

5. cDNA-Sequence

6. BLASTn Results

search results of blasting the cDNA sequence against all public databases

7. Medline Entries

information about genes/proteins similar to the novel cDNA (if available)

8. Putative Encoded Protein Information

specifications about the encoded protein (ORF: length and localisation of the reading frame)

9. Protein Sequence

10. BLASTp Results

search results of blasting the protein sequence against all public databases

11. Pedant Information

output of fully automated annotation: summarises peptide information, homologies, patterns as follows:

[Length]

- length of the protein = number of amino acid residues

[MW]

- molecular weight of the protein

[pI]

- isoelectric point

[HOMOL]

- shows protein with closest similarity to the cDNA-encoded protein [FUNCAT]

- functional information according to a catalogue developed by Munich Information center for Protein Sequences (MIPS)

 [BLOCKS]
- Blocks are multiply aligned ungapped segments corresponding to the most highly conserved regions of proteins. The blocks for the Blocks Database are made automatically by looking for the most highly conserved regions in groups of proteins documented in the Prosite Database. The Prosite pattern for a protein group is not used in any way to make the Blocks Database and the pattern may or may not be contained in one of the blocks representing a group. These blocks are then calibrated against the SWISS-PROT database to obtain a measure of the chance distribution of matches. It is these calibrated blocks that make up the Blocks Database. The WWW versions of the Prosite and SWISS-PROT Databases that are used on this server are located at the ExPASy World Wide Web (WWW) Molecular Biology Server of the Geneva University Hospital and the University of Geneva. World Wide Web URL http://blocks.fhcrc.org/blocks/about_blocks.html/ is the entry point to the database.
- here Blocks segments found in the analysed protein sequences are displayed [SCOP]

Nearly all proteins have structural similarities with other proteins and, in some of these cases, share a common evolutionary origin. The scop database provides a detailed and comprehensive description of the structural and evolutionary relationships between all proteins whose structure is known, including all entries in Brookhaven National Laboratory's Protein Data Bank (PDB). It is available as a set of tightly linked hypertext documents which make the large database comprehensible and accessible. In addition, the hypertext pages offer a panoply of representations of proteins, including links to PDB entries, sequences, references, images and interactive display systems. World Wide Web URL http://scop.mrc-lmb.cam.ac.uk/scop/ is the

entry point to the database. Existing automatic sequence and structure comparison tools cannot identify all structural and evolutionary relationships between proteins. The scop classification of proteins has been constructed manually by visual inspection and comparison of structures, but with the assistance of tools to make the task manageable and help provide generality. Proteins are classified to reflect both structural and evolutionary relatedness. Many levels exist in the hierarchy, but the principal levels are family, superfamily and fold. The exact position of boundaries between these levels are to some degree subjective. Scop evolutionary classification is generally conservative: where any doubt about relatedness exists, we made new divisions at the family and superfamily levels.

- - here SCOPE segments found in the analysed protein sequences are displayed

[EC]

ENZYME is a repository of information relative to the nomenclature of enzymes. It is primarily based on the recommendations of the Nomenclature Committee of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB) and it describes each type of characterized enzyme for which an EC (Enzyme Commission) number has been provided. World Wide Web URL http://www.expasy.ch/enzyme/ is the entry point to the database.

- here EC-number and name of enzymes with similarity to the analysed protein sequences are displayed [PIRKW]
- functional information according to the Protein Information Resource (PIR) database catalogue developed by Munich Information Center for Protein Sequences (MIPS), the National Biomedical Research Foundation (NBRF) and the International Protein Information Database in Japan (JIPID).

 [SUPFAM]
- information according to the Protein Information Resource (PIR) database catalogue of protein superfamilies developed by Munich Information Center for Protein Sequences (MIPS), the National Biomedical Research Foundation (NBRF) and the International Protein Information Database in Japan (JIPID).

 [PROSITE]

please refer to 12. PROSITE Motifs

[PFAM]

please refer to 13. PFAM Motifs

[KW]

- overall 2dimensional folding information
- 3D indicates that the proteins is similar to a protein of which a 3 dimensional structure is known
 - overall structural information

The last PEDANT-block depicts information about the folding structure of the protein generated by PREDATOR. PREDATOR is a secondary structure prediction program. It takes as input a single protein sequence to be predicted and can optimally use a set of unaligned sequences as additional information to predict the query sequence. The mean prediction accuracy of PREDATOR is 68% for a single sequence and 75% for a set of related sequences. PREDATOR does not use multiple sequence alignment. Instead, it relies on careful pairwise local alignments of the sequences in the set with the query sequence to be predicted.

World Wide Web URL http://www.embl-

heidelberg.de/argos/predator/predator_info.html is the entry point to the database.

- H = helix, E = extended or sheet, _ = coil, T = transmembrane, B = beta
- x indicates a low-complexity region with repeat-like structure which is omitted in all BLAST searches

12. PROSITE Motifs

PROSITE is a database of protein families and domains. It consists of biologically significant sites, patterns and profiles that help to reliably identify to which known protein family (if any) a new sequence belongs. World Wide Web URL http://www.expasy.ch/prosite/ is the entry point to the database. A description of the prosite consensus patterns is also provided, below.

13. PFAM Motifs

PFAM (protein families) is a large collection of multiple sequence alignments and hidden

Markov models covering many common protein domains. World Wide Web URL http://www.sanger.ac.uk/Pfam/ is the entry point to the database.

Deposit of Clones

Clones were deposited as a pool with the American Type Culture Collection under accession number ______, from which each clone comprising a particular polynucleotide is obtainable. Each clone has been transfected into separate bacterial cells (E. coli) in this composite deposit.

The clones may also be obtained from the Resource Center of the German Human Genome Project (Heubner Weg 6, 14059 Berlin, GERMANY). The Resource Center library numbers are slightly different that those presented here, but may be readily obtained by the following key or with the assistance of Resource Center personnel.

The library name becomes a number: brain (hfbr2) becomes 564; kidney (hfkd2) becomes 566; mammary carcinoma (hmcf1) becomes 727; testis (htes3) becomes 434; and uterus (hute1) becomes 586. Next, the plate number is converted to two digits (e.g., "2" becomes "02") and is moved behind the plate coordinate, and the underscore is dropped. The following examples are helpful:

Resource Center Number
DKFZp564F2116
DKFZp566J091
DKFZp727C231
DKFZp434G0514
DKFZp586K0717

The libraries were constructed using two commercially available vectors. The brain (hfbr2 designations) and kidney (hfkd2 designations) libraries utilize pAMP 1 from Life Technologies and are maintained in XL-2Blue (Strategene); the uterus (hute1), testes (htes3) and mammary carcinoma (hmcf1) libraries are constructed in pSPORT1, also from Life Technologies, and are maintained in DH10B (LifeTechnologies). In addition to the following techniques, consultation with the commercial literature available on these clones will make evident all of the housekeeping techniques needed to propagate and isolate the individual constructs. All inserts may be excised with a NotI/SalI digestion. Alternatively, universal primers, flanking the cloning region, may be used to amplify the inserts using PCR methods.

Bacterial cells containing a particular clone can be obtained from the composite deposit as follows:

An oligonucleotide probe or probes should be designed to the sequence that is known for that particular clone. This sequence can be derived from the sequences provided herein, or from a combination of those sequences. Methods of probe design are presented below.

Oligonucleotide probes may be labeled with γ -³²P ATP (specific activity 6000 Ci/mmole) and T4 polynucleotide kinase using commonly employed techniques for labeling oligonucleotides. Other, non-radioactive labeling techniques can also be used. Unincorporated label typically is removed by gel filtration chromatography or other established methods. The amount of radioactivity incorporated into the probe can be quantified by measurement in a scintillation counter. Preferably, specific activity of the resulting probe generally should be approximately $4X10^6$ dmp/pmole.

The bacterial culture containing the pool of full-length clones should preferably be thawed and 100 µl of the stock used to inoculate a sterile culture flask containing 25 ml of sterile L-broth containing ampicillin at 50 - 100 µg/ml (for XL-2Blue strains 25 µg/ml tetracycline should also be used). The culture should preferably be grown to saturation at 37°C., and the saturated culture should preferably be diluted in fresh L-broth. Aliquots of these dilutions should preferably be plated to determine the dilution and volume which will yield approximately 5000 distinct and well-separated colonies on solid bacteriological media containing L-broth containing ampicillin at 100 µg/ml (for XL-2Blue strains 25 µg/ml tetracycline should also be used)and agar at 1.5% in a 150 mm petri dish when grown overnight at 37°C. Other known methods of obtaining distinct, well-separated colonies can also be employed.

Standard colony hybridization procedures should then be used to transfer the colonies to nitrocellulose filters and lyse, denature and bake them. The filter is then preferably incubated at 65°C. for 1 hour with gentle agitation in 6 x SSC (20 x stock is 175.3 g NaCl/liter, 88.2 g Na citrate/liter, adjusted to pH 7.0 with NaOH) containing 0.5% SDS, 100 µg/ml of yeast RNA, and 10 mM EDTA (approximately 10 mL per 150 mm filter). Preferably, the probe is then added to the hybridization mix at a concentration greater than or equal to 1X10⁶ dpm/mL. The filter is then preferably incubated at 65°C. with gentle agitation overnight. The filter is then preferably washed in 500 mL of 2 x SSC/0.5% SDS at room temperature without agitation, preferably followed by 500 mL of 2 x SSC/0.1% SDS at room

temperature with gentle shaking for 15 minutes. A third wash with 0.1 x SSC/0.5% SDS at 65°C. for 30 minutes to 1 hour is optional. The filter is then preferably dried and subjected to autoradiography for sufficient time to visualize the positives on the X-ray film. Other known hybridization methods can also be employed.

The positive colonies are picked, grown in culture, and plasmid DNA isolated using standard procedures. The clones can then be verified by restriction analysis, hybridization analysis, or DNA sequencing.

Alternatively, clones may be grown as described above, and PCR used to isolate the insert DNAs. Methods of PCR are described below and are otherwise well known.

ERROR SCREENING

The DNA sequences found herein derive from individual clones, which are publicly available, as noted above. Thus, the skilled artisan will recognize that any specific sequence disclosed herein readily can be screened for errors by resequencing a particular fragment, in both directions (i.e., by sequencing both strands). Alternatively, error screening can be performed by amplifying and/or cloning any of the inventive DNAs, using for example RT-PCR, and sequencing the resulting amplified product. In the event that there is a sequencing error, reference should be made to the deposited clone as the correct sequence.

USES AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITIES OF THE INVENTIVE MOLECULES

The inventive molecules and their derivatives are susceptible to a wide variety of uses, based on functional and/or structural properties. The skilled worker will appreciate, based on the biological activities detailed below, and discussed with regard to the individual sequences disclosed below, that the inventive molecules will find usefulness in numerous therapeutic and diagnostic applications.

The DNA molecules, especially the potassium salts thereof, can be used as fertilizer supplements due to their high nitrogen and phosphorus contents. Since the DNAs are of defined length, they are also useful in gel electrophoresis as molecular weight markers. Due to their similarity with known molecules, certain of the DNA molecules and their variants and derivatives may be used in any number of different diagnostic procedures and therapeutic applications. They may also be used to make the encoded proteins.

The proteins themselves have many possible uses. They may be used as a nutritional supplement for humans, animals and even for laboratory use as, for example, medium for bacterial cultures. Moreover, since the proteins are of defined, known sizes, they may be used as molecular weight markers for gel electrophoresis and gel filtration. Because they are of defined sequences, they also have use in microsequencing and protein fingerprinting applications.

Expression Profiling Applications

Given their known tissue expression and functional associations, assemblages of the inventive proteins (or corresponding antibodies) and nucleic acids are particularly suited to expression profiling applications. Expression profiling generally entails constructing an array of indicators that signal the presence of a particular RNA or protein expression product. Such arrays can be used to evaluate, for example, pharmacological effectiveness and toxicity. In particular, expression profiles from such arrays can be generated from cells treated with known compounds, having known properties, and these profiles can be compared to profiles of unknowns to evaluate similarities and differences, which can be correlated with efficacy or toxicity.

Additional uses of profiling include diagnosis, tracking development, and ascertaining signaling and metabolic pathways. For examples of references describing profiling and its uses, see Farr et al., U.S. Patent 5,811,231 (1998); Seilhamer et al., U.S. Patent 5,840,484 (1998); Rine et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,777,888 (1998); WO 97/27317; WO 99/05323; WO 99/09218; and WO 99/14369. For a device for implementing such techniques, see Lipshutz et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,856,174 (1999) and Anderson et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,922,591 (1999).

In one embodiment, a subset of the inventive DNAs will be arrayed on a substrate, like a gene chip, a filter or a 96-well plate. Test samples containing cells are maintained in the presence of a label capable of incorporation into nascent mRNA. Samples are treated with test and control compounds, which will induce mRNA expression in the sample, resulting in incorporation of label. Whole mRNA is isolated and applied to the array such that it hybridizes with the DNAs contained therein. After washing, the amount of hybridization is quantified and a profile is generated. These steps are repeated with various control and test compounds, thereby generating a library of profiles, which can be used to ascertain the relationships relevant to pharmacological efficacy or toxicity.

The matrices used in such profiling, however, need not be limited to those utilizing DNAs. Rather, other nucleic acids, like RNAs and protein nucleic acids (PNAs), as well as the inventive proteins and antibodies corresponding to the inventive proteins may also be employed. Hence, for example, antibodies could form the array and the samples could be treated in order to label nascent proteins. Whole proteins then would be isolated and applied to the antibody matrix. Developing the resulting signal would result in a protein expression profile, which is useful in essentially the same manner as the nucleic acid profile. A protein matrix could be used, for example, in evaluating antibody responses to pharmaceutical agents in order to eliminate possible cross-reactivity.

Moreover, where nucleic acids are used in the matrix, it is often beneficial to use variants (as defined below) of the molecules described herein. This can be used to account for genetic variations that are of little or no consequence to the function of the resultant gene product. Hence, they can account for wobble or conservative amino acid variations that do not perturb function, like variations in some of the protein motifs elucidated below. Thus, each position in the matrix can employ multiple nucleic acid probes that account for a series of variants.

Expression profiling may also be done, in another embodiment, using twodimensional protein gels in which the inventive proteins are detected. The resultant profiles can be used in the same way as described.

Matrices useful for profiling may be constructed based on different criteria. Of course, the more relevant profiles will take into account expression of most human genes, preferably all of them. In certain situations, however, it is advantageous to look at a smaller subset. For example, if one were concerned about fetal neural toxicity, a fetal brain-specific matrix might be chosen. On the other hand, if one were interested in targeting mammary carcinoma tissue, a corresponding matrix could be used. Thus, matrices may be constructed using all of the sequences available from a tissue-specific library.

* * *

The following discussion relates to some of the various functional and structural groupings that would be of interest to the artisan wishing to construct profiling matrices. Of course, the artisan will also recognized that these functional descriptions may find additional applicability in the therapeutic and diagnostic applications discussed below.

Cell Cycle

A proliferating cell must coordinate replication and chromosomal separation to ensure that the genome is replicated completely, and that a single copy is correctly inherited by each daughter cell. The cell cycle is the coordinated series of events that achieves these aims. Many of the key events are initiated by a family of conserved Seiren/threonine protein kinases, the cyclin-dependent kinases (CDKs), that are activated by the cyclin family of proteins (cyclins A-H). In turn, the cyclin-CDK complexes are modulated by other protein kinases or phosphatases, and by binding specific inhibitor proteins. The enormous variety of ways in which CDK activity can be regulated allows the cell to respond to internal signals generated by preceding events in the cell cycle and to external growth signals.

The somatic cell cycle is divided into four phases: DNA replication (S phase) and chromosome separation (M phase) are separated by gap phases (G1 and G2). At specific control points the decision to begin the next stage (DNA synthesis or mitosis) is carefully regulated.

Cdc2, the primary kinase, is especially required for the G1-S transition and S phase. Cdc4 and Cdc6 are involved at the restriction point, where the cell can decide to proliferate or arrest (G1<->G0) and Cdc7 is a CDK activating kinase (CAK) as well as a subunit of TFIIH.

The Cyclin-CDK complexes are regulated in various ways. One is through phosphorylation by CDK activating kinases (CAK), like the Y15 kinase (Wee1) and dephosphorylation by CDK associated phosphatases (CAP), like Cdc25A a member of the Cdc25 family (Cdc25A, B and C).

An other way of regulation occurs through two classes of CDK inhibitors (CKI), the INK4 proteins p15, p16, p18, and p19, who negatively regulates the cyclin D CDK complexes and second the p21 family with p21, p27, and p57.

The cell cycle is also regulated through ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis involving the destruction of both cyclins and CDK inhibitors by the 26S proteasome, that requires an ubiquitin conjugating enzyme (UBC) and an ubiquitin ligase. The instability is conferred by PEST regions (cyclin D and E) or a ten amino acid region in the amino terminus (degradation box) in the A- and B-type cyclins.

All these modifications play an important role for the cellular localization, because only the nuclear CDK-cyclin complexes are functional for cell cycle. During G1 phase of the cell cycle, cyclines A, E and D are synthesized and bind to their cyclin-dependent kinase (CDK) partners. CDK complexes containing cyclins A, E and D1 are then imported into and concentrated within nuclei. Cdk6- cyclin D3 has been localized to both cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, although only the nuclear complex is active. As cells enter S phase, cyclin A and cyclin E complexes remain within the nucleus, whereas cyclin D1 relocalizes to the cytoplasm for proteolysis at the onset of S phase. Like Cdk2-cyclin A, Cdc2-cyclin A is nuclear and remains so until it is degraded during mitosis. By contrast, as a result of ongoing nuclear import and more rapid re-export, cyclin B1, which binds to Cdc2 upon synthesis during S phase, is predominantly cytoplasmic. Cdc2-cyclin B2 is also cytoplasmic, although this might occur through anchoring of the complex to some cytoplasmic constituent. At prophase, phosphorylation of cyclin B1 promotes accumulation of Cdc2-cyclin B1 in the nucleus, whereas cyclin B2 remains in the cytoplasm until nuclear envelope breakdown.

Two crucial regulators of Cdc2-cyclin B-Wee1 and Cdc25C exist and are responsible for the G2 to M control point. Wee1 is a nuclear protein throughout the cell cycle, whereas Cdc25C binds to 14-3-3 proteins during interphase and remains predominantly cytoplasmic. In some systems Cdc25C, like cyclin B1, rushes precipitously into the nucleus just before entry into mitosis.

The 110-kDa retinoblastoma (tumor suppressor) protein (RB), a pRB-family member is an important regulator of cell-cycle progression and differentiation. Like the E2F family (E2F1-5) or DP family (DP1-3) of transcription activators, RB suppresses inappropriate proliferation by arresting cells in G1 by repressing the transcription of genes required for the transition into S phase. Before the cell proceeds into S phase, RB becomes phosphorylated at multiple sites by the cyclin dependent protein kinases (CDKs) and loses its transcriptional repressing activity. Phosphorylation of RB during late G1 phase results in the dissociation of the E2F-RB repressor complex which allows S-phase specific genes to be transcribed. Cyclin E is the evolutionary conserved target for E2F and interacts together with CDC2 in late G1.

For a proliferating cell it is vital that only undamaged DNA is replicated because if DNA damage is substantial, its replication can lead to chromosome loss or rearrangement.

Thus, we find a G1<->S checkpoint in late G1 that requires tumor suppressor p53. A p53-dependent G1 arrest is effected by the cyclin dependent kinase inhibitor p21 through higher expression levels that inhibits almost all cyclin CDK complexes.

The kinase responsible for phosphorylating the unidentified kinetochore component in metaphase may be a member of the MAP kinase family and appears to be the proto oncogene c-MOS, a cytostatic factor (CSF) in meiosis.

Several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention within the overall group of "Cell cycle" and include, among others, the following:

Tumor suppressors (e.g. N33): Tumour-suppressor genes are known to be involved in the control of cell growth and division, interacting with proteins which control the cell cycle. The N33 gene is significantly methylated in tumour cells, a mechanism by which tumor-suppressor genes are inactivated in cancer. The N33 gene has been reported by OMIN OMIN (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/htbin-post/Omin) to be associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) prostate cancer suppression (OMIN *601385). Clones in this category include: fbr2_2k14.

C-TAK1 Cdc25c associated protein kinase: Cdc25C is a protein kinase that controls entry into mitosis by dephosphorylation of Cdc2. Cdc25C function is regulated by phosphorylation, too. Serine 216 phosphorylation of Cdc25C mediates the binding of 14-3-3 protein to Cdc25C. C-TAK1 (Cdc twenty-five C associated protein kinase) phosphorylates Cdc25C on serine 216 in vitro. Alterations in the gene coding for the above protein kinase has been reported by OMIN to be associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with Pancreatic cancer (OMIN *60278). Clones in this category include: tes3_7j3.

Cell structure and motility

One of the major differences between prokaryotes and eukaryotes is the ability of the eukaryotic cell to adopt very different shapes dependent on its function during the differentiation process. Animal cells vary from being round to extended cylindric forms like motorneurons or muscle cells. In humans, more than 100 different cell types can be distinguished, each having a characteristic shape. The form of a cell often is closely related to

its capacity to move. Some completely differentiated cells like fibroblasts can still change their form actively, thereby migrating. Other cell types serve as motor elements - "macroscopically" like muscle cells or "microscopically" like ciliated epithelia. Such tasks are fulfilled by a big class of proteins; on the one hand responsible for maintenance of cell structure and contacting neighbor cells or the intercellular matrix and on the other hand for cell motility. These topics cannot be regarded separately: The motility apparatus e.g. must be fixed in the cytoskeleton. Three different types of filaments can be distinguished: Actin filaments, tubulin filaments and intermediate filaments, each present in almost all types of cells.

Actin filaments (F-actin) are built up of monomers (G-Actin). In muscle cells, actin, myosin, for both of which several paralogous genes are known, as well as many more proteins are constituents of the contractile apparatus.

The "thin" and "thick filaments" in a muscle cell consist mainly of actin and myosin, respectively.

Several different proteins are responsible for the anchoring of the actin filaments in the Z-disks (e.g. alpha-actinin and desmin) or at the end of the myofibers in the cell membrane.

Troponin I, -C, -T and Tropomyosin - associated with actin - confer the Ca++-dependent triggering of contraction.

Length of the sarcomere is controlled by the giant protein titin.

In smooth muscle, there is no troponin. Contraction activity is controlled by phosphorylation / dephosphorylation of myosin by a specialized kinase instead. Contractile fibers are not organized in sarcomeres.

Apart from contributing to muscle contraction, the actomyosin system is responsible for many other motions at cellular level, e.g. the amoeboid movement of pseudopodia or the fission of cells at the end of mitosis by a contractile ring.

Besides this, actin fibers fulfill structural tasks like maintenance of the shape of stereocilia or microvilli. Here, actin filaments are connected by proteins like fimbrin. But not

only specialized structures like the mentioned ones contain actin fibers. There is a network covering the complete cell volume with F-actin as a major constituent. Whereas the actin filaments in the structures mentioned above are relatively stable, this F-actin is highly dynamic. Management of the network structure and turnover is achieved by connecting proteins like alpha-actinin, fimbrin or fill-in; turnover is regulated by gelsolin, villin, and different capping- and fragmentation-proteins.

Microtubules are built up of alpha-beta tubulin heterodimers. Turnover of filaments is achieved by building-in and releasing of monomers with different time constant rates at both ends. The resulting cycle is called "treadmilling". Thirteen strings of tubulin duplets build up one subfiber, whereas one fiber contains two or three of those. A complete axoneme consists of 9 radial and 2 central fibers. This "9+2" - structure is the basis both of flagella, their basal bodies and centrioles. In flagella, several additional structures like radial elements exist.

Nexin connects the fibers and dyneine is the motor ATPase which shifts the fibers relative to each other. Several genetic diseases like the Cartageneric syndrome are caused by deficiencies of distinct proteins in cilia.

Besides this, microtubules are abundant in all types of cells. They are part of a delivery system for organelles, e.g. in the golgi apparatus. A further very important system based on microtubules is the mitotic spindle, it is organized by the centrosomes. Besides many other components, the major part of a centrosome are two centrioles which are built up of nine microtubule-triplets. Most remarkably, new centrioles are not synthesized de novo but generated by duplication of old ones.

Cytoplasmic microtubules are associated with many different proteins. Two major classes are known: The MAPs ("microtubule-associated proteins", with molecular masses between 200 and 300 kD) and the much smaller tau-Proteins with a MW between 60 and 70 kD. These proteins regulate the treadmill-process and the interaction with other structures in the cell.

Besides actin and myosin the so-called intermediate filaments constitute a third class of filaments. In contrast to the former two groups, they do not participate in motility, nor are they dynamic structures subject to a vivid turnover. The most important ones are

neurofilaments (in neurons), keratin filaments (mainly in epithelial cells), and vimentin filaments (in many sorts different cell types).

The biological function of both the cytoskeleton as well as contractile apparatus of a cell does not end at the cell membrane. Cells must be embedded in the extracellular matrix, all cells of a muscle must act as one single mechanical unit and epithelia must resist macroscopic mechanical forces. Hence, cell adhesion and the extracellular matrix are closely connected to the cytoskeleton. Vincullin is one of the proteins which serve as an anchor for intracellular fibers (actin). Different types of desmosomes and tight junctions connect neighbor cells with intercellular fibers. On the inside, cytoplasmic plaques connect them to the cytoskeleton. These structures, on the one hand, serve as mechanical elements whereas gap junctions, on the other hand, connect cells metabolically.

The extracellular matrix consists of a network of proteins, glycoproteins and polysaccharides. Different proteins are present in relation to different mechanical demands:. Elastin is found in tissues with high elasticity (lungs, heart) whereas collagen, a more hard-wearing protein, is found in tendons and ligaments. Fibronectin is an extracellular protein highly important for cell adhesion.

Reference: Murray J et al (1992): Cell Motil Cytoskeleton 22: 211-223.

Within the overall group of Cell Structure and Motility several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention:

Collagen alpha chain proteins: Proteins with the typical (xxG)n repeat of collagen proteins and Pfam von Willebrand factor type A domain(s) suggest they are collagen alpha chains. These proteins can find application in modulation of connective tissue, bone and cartilage development and maintainance. OMIN reports collagen alpha chains have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Osteogenesis imperfecta, type I (OMIN #166200); 2) Osteogenesis imperfecta congenita (OMIN #166210); 3) Alport Syndrome, X-linked (OMIN #301050); 4) Thrombastenia of Glanzmann and Naegeli (OMIN *273800); 5) Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VII (OMIN #130060); 6) Marfan Syndrome (OMIN #154700); 7) Alport Syndrome, Autosomal Recessive (OMIN #203780); 8) Alpha-2-Deficient Collagen Disease (OMIN 203760); 9) Goodpasture Syndrome (Omin 233450); 10) Osteogenesis Imperfecta,

progressively deforming, with normal sclerae (OMIN #259420); 11)) Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VII Autosomal Recessive (OMIN *225410); and 12)) Osteogenesis imperfecta, Type IV (OMIN #166220). OMIN reports that von Willebrand factor type A domains have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases:: 1) Hemophilia A (OMIN *306700); 2) Von Willebrand Disease (OMIN *193400); 3) Giant Platelet Syndrome (OMIN *231200); 4) Thrombastenia of Glanzmann and Naegeli (OMIN *273800); 5) Congenital Thrombotic Diseasae due to protein C deficiency (OMIN #176860); 6) Polycystic Kidney Disease 1 (OMIN *601313); 7) Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus (OMIN *304800); 8) Factor V Deficiency (OMIN *227400); and 9) Dentatorubral-Pallidoluysian Atrophy (Omin *125370). Clones in this category include: fbr2_2b5.

Radial spokehead protein: Radial spokehead proteins, e.g., Chlamydomonas reinhardtii radial spokehead protein of flagella or axoneme and the Strongylocentrotus purpuratus sea urchin spermatozoa protein p63, and human proteins with similarity thereto are important for the maintenance of a planar form of sperm flagellar beating. The human protein(s) can find application in modulating the structure of the human spermatozoa radial spoke head and modulation of sperm motility in men (e.g., in sterility). Clones in this category include: tes3_15i5.

Ankyrins: Ankyrins are peripheral membrane proteins which interconnect integral proteins with the spectrin-based membrane skeleton. Thus these proteins are involved in coupling of cyto skeleton and cell membrane. OMIN reports that Ankyrins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Heriditary Spherocytosis (OMIN *182900); 2) Hemolytic Poikilocytic Anemia due to reduced ankyrin binding sites (OMIN 141700); 3) Atypical Elliptocytosis (OMIN 225450); 4) Autosomal recessive spherocystosis (OMIN #270970); 5) Werner Syndrome (OMIN *277700); and 6) Rhesus-unlinked type Elliptocytosis (OMIN #130600). Clones in this category include: tes3_1817.

FGD1-related F-actin binding protein (Farbin/FGD1): FGD1-related F-actin-binding protein (Farbin/FGD1) is a novel F-actin-binding protein. The gene locus fgd1 seems to be responsible for faciogenital dysplasia or Aarskog-Scott syndrome. (OMIN 305400). Frabin binds F-actin and shows F-actin-cross-linking activity. Overexpression of frabin in Swiss 3T3 cells and COS7 cells induces cell shape change and c-Jun N-terminal kinase activation, as

described for FGD1. Because FGD1 has been shown to serve as a GDP/GTP exchange protein for Cdc42 small G protein, it is likely that frabin is a direct linker between Cdc42 and the actin cytoskeleton. Cdc42p is an esin yeast, Cdc42p transduces signals to the actin cytoskeleton to initiate and maintain polarized growth and to mitogen-activated protein morphogenesis. In mammalian cells, Cdc42p regulates a variety of actin-dependent events and induces the JNK/SAPK protein kinase cascade, which leads to the activation of transcription factors within the nucleus. Clones in this category include: tes3_72k15.

<u>Paramyosins</u>: Paramyosin is a major structural component of thick filaments and invertebrate muscle. Paramyosins are promising antigens for immunization against several parasites, such as Schistosoma mansoni. Clones in this category include: tes3 7b22.

Tuftelin: Tuftelin/enamelin are matrix proteins of the teeth. As other proteins involved in calcification, these proteins are also expressed in the uterus matrix. The new protein can find application in modulation of tissue-calcification, especially the uterus. As reported by OMIN, tuftelin has been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with amelogenesis imperfecta (OMIN *600087). Clones in this category include: utel_19g22.

Cell Adhesion Regulator (CAR1): CAR1 is involved in the regulation of cell-cell adhesion. OMIN reports the association (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) of CAR1 with tumor suppression by the reduction of tumor invasion (OMIN *116935). Clones in this category include: ute1_24j6.

Differentiation/Development

Almost every multicellular organism originates from meiotic cell divisions and the recombination of a paternal and a maternal set of chromosomes. After fertilization of the egg, all cells of a body originate from this one cell. Thus the cells of the developing body are initially genetically alike. But phenotypically they become very different. They are specialized to a certain cell type and arranged in an organized pattern to a certain type of tissue and the whole structure has the well-defined shape of an organ. All these features are determined by the DNA sequence of the genome, which is reproduced in every cell. Each cell acts on the genetic instructions given to a certain time and at a certain place of development and plays its individual part in the multicellular organism. Cell differentiation may be divided into three general steps: cell cycle exit, apoptosis protection and tissue specific gene

expression. These processes are coordinated to provide the final and unique tissue characteristics.

An animal cell that has achieved a certain level of development is said to be determined. This differentiation of a cell may be irreversible and in that case the cell may be renewed only by simple duplication. Other cells are renewed by means of stem cells which are immortal (e.g. stem cells of the bone marrow, epidermal stem cells). The genetic control of development is extensively studied in non-vertebrates and vertebrates. The classical animal model is the fruit fly Drosophilia and the modern model is the transgenic mouse. Animal transgenesis has proven to be useful for physiological as well as physiopathological studies. Besides the approach based on the random integration of a DNA construct in the mouse genome, gene targeting can be achieved using totipotent embryonic stem cells for targeted transgenesis. Transgenic mice are than derived from the embryonic stem cells. This allows the introduction of null mutations in the genome (so-called knock-out) or the control of the transgene expression by the endogeneous regulatory sequence of the gene of interest (socalled knock-in). Mice can be created that express wild-type genes, mutant genes, marker genes or cell lethal genes in a tissue specific manner. These animal models allow to follow changes in tissue and organ development and lead to a better understanding of the cellular function of many genes or to the generation of animal models for human diseases. Fundamental problems in immunology, onset and development of cancer, regulation in fatty acid metabolism, aspects of cardiovascular function, control of the central nervous system development, analysis of reproductive development and function are only some examples of research interests.

The final stage of cell differentiation is growth arrest. In animal tissues with rapid cell turnover terminally differentiated cells undergo programmed cell death. The cells have the ability to kill themselves by activating an intrinsic cell suicide program when they are no longer needed or have become seriously damaged. The execution of this program is termed apoptosis. Apoptosis is of importance for development and homeostasis of animals. The key components of this program have been conserved in evolution from worms (C. elegans) to insects (Drosophilia) to humans. The roles of apoptosis include the sculpting of structures during development, deletion of unneeded cells and tissues, regulation of growth and cell number, and the elimination of abnormal and potentially dangerous cells. In this way

apoptosis provides "quality control mechanism" that limits the accumulation of harmful cells, such as virus-infected cells and tumor cells. On the other hand inappropriate apoptosis is associated with a wide variety of diseases, including AIDS, neuro-degenerative disorders and ischemic stroke. Because it is now clear that apoptosis is a result of an active, gene-directed process, it should be eventually possible to manipulate this form of cell death by developing drugs that interact with its recently identified mechanisms of action. Inducers of cell differentiation, cell cycle arrest and apoptosis might be the novel molecular targets for new anticancer agents in addition to the signaling pathways for growth factors and cytokines.

Proteins, factors, receptors and genes of importance in apoptosis:

Proteases:

- Calpain, an intracellular cysteine protease, exact role unknown.
- Caspase-1 to Caspase-11, a family of proteases synthesized as an inactive proenzyme. Targets of the activated enzymes include: poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase, DNA-dependent protein kinase, U1 ribonucleoprotein, nuclear laminins and cytoskeleton components (actin).
 - Granzyme B, a serine protease released by cytotoxic T-cells.

Receptors:

- CD 95 (synonyms: Fas, APO-1), a receptor protein of the TNF-receptor family which includes TNF-R1 and TNF-R2 with the common characteristic of a 70 amino acid cytoplasmic domain.
 - FADD (synonym: MORT-1), a cytoplasmic protein
 - DR-3 (synonym: APO-3) a member of the TNF-receptor-family
 - DR-4 and DR-5

Genes:

- ced-3, ced-4 and ced-9 encode the general apoptotic and antiapoptotic program in Caenorhabditis elegans. Apaf-3 is the mammalian homologue of ced-3.

- Bcl-2 / Bcl-xL / Bax / Bcl-xS / Bak: a large gene family that can either inhibit or promote apoptosis.
- Cytokine response modifier A, a cowpox virus gene whose gene product inhibits caspases.

Others:

- Caspase-activated DNase (CAD) and its inhibitor (ICAD), causes DNA fragmentation in the nucleus
 - Ceramide, a complex lipid that acts as a second messenger.
 - c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK) is a proline-directed kinase
- p53 protein, is essential for the induction of apoptosis as a response to chromosomal damage.
 - RAIDD, a death signal-transducing protein.
- Receptor interacting protein (RIP) is an accessory protein with a death domain and a serine/threonine kinase activity.
- Sphingomyelinase, an enzyme that hydrolyzes the complex lipid sphingomyelin to ceramide.
 - Tumor necrosis factor (TNF) is a type -II membrane protein
- TNF-receptor associated factor (TRAF2), is an accessory protein that can bind to both TNF-R1 and TNF-R2.

Within the overall group of Differentiation/Development, several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention:

<u>Interleukins (e.g. Interleukin-7)</u>: Interleukin precursors related to interleukin-7, for example, are expected to act as new growth factors for human B lineage cells. Additionally,

these proteins should induce the gene rearrangement of the T-cell receptor repertoire, leading to thymocyte commitment, and subsequently induce both cytotoxic T-cell- and lymphocyte-activated killer cells. These interleukins could find clinical application in a variety of conditions of hematolymphopoietic failure and different tumours, because of its recruitment of B cell lineage cells, cytotoxic T-cell- and lymphocyte-activated killer cells. (OMIN *146660). Clones in this category include: tes3_35e21.

Testis-specific Y-encoded proteins: The TSPY genes are arranged in clusters on the Y chromosome of many mammalian species. TSPY is believed to function in early spermatogenesis and is a candidate for GBY, the putative gonadoblastoma-inducing gene on the Y. Proteins of the TSPY-SET-NAP1L1 family represent proteins closely related to TSPY. These proteins seem to be involved in early spermatogenesis. Clones in this category include: fbr2 2d15.

Intracellular transport and trafficking

Eukaryotic cells rely for their viability on the partitioning of many basic cellular processes into membrane-bounded organelles. These are the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum (ER), Golgi apparatus, endosomes, lysosomal compartments, mitochondria and peroxisomes. Most molecules destined for the lysosome, cell surface and outside the cell are routed through the ER and Golgi, which together with the vesicular intermediates between them, comprise the secretory pathway (Palade 1975). In the ER and Golgi compartments proteins are sorted, modified and often assembled into complexes *en route* to their final destination. Incorrectly assembled proteins are retained in the ER until they fold correctly or are targeted for degradation. Additional proteins are translocated into and function within the lumenal spaces of organelles or are secreted. Thus a large proportion of proteins synthesized require targeting to membranes either for insertion into or transport across them. A major purpose of this is growth. The secretory pathway is dependent on an intact cytoskeleton and also closely linked to general metabolism by affecting ribosome biogenesis (Mizuta and Warner, 1994). A huge number of proteins is required for targeting, translocation and sorting of newly synthesized proteins.

The first step in sorting is the recognition of cis-acting targeting or signal sequences that organelle-targeted proteins contain. This is carried out by cytosolic targeting factors and/or receptors on the membrane to which the protein is targeted. In some cases the primary

sequences are extremely degenerate, with only the overall character being conserved (hydrophobicity for an ER signal sequence, helical amphiphilicity for mitochondrial targeting sequence (Kaiser et al., 1987; Lemire et al., 1989). Following the targeting step, proteins are either inserted into or transported across the membrane (translocated) through a proteinaceous apparatus (termed the translocon). The translocon include or recruit motors to drive the translocation process in the correct direction (Schatz and Dobberstein, 1996).

Defined intracellular protein transport steps:

- ER
- targeting to the ER
- translocation into the lumen of the ER, and, depending on the presence of certain signals in the peptide sequence transport through the golgi complex
 - Mitochondria
 - targeting
 - translocation
 - Peroxisomes
 - The general secretory pathway
 - protein modification, assembly and quality control in the ER
 - vesicle-mediated trafficking
 - vesicle docking and fusion
 - transport through the golgi apparatus and sorting at the trans-golgi
 - transport to the cell surface
 - transport routes to the lysosome
 - Endocytosis
 - Specialized protein transport routes
 - Protein export from the cytoplasm

References: Palade, G (1975) Science 189:347-358; Mizuta et al. (1994) Mol Cell Biol 14: 2493-2502; Kaiser *et al.* (1987) Science 235: 312-317; Lemire *et al.* (1989) J Biol Chem 264: 20206-20215; Schatz et al. (1996) Science 271: 1519-1526.

Rab proteins

In eukaryotic cells the compartmentalisation of processes is a prerequisite for a tight regulation of processes and activities. The cells contain a highly dynamic set of membrane compartments that are responsible for packaging, sorting, secreting, and recycling proteins

and other molecules. Trafficking between organelles within the secretory pathway occurs as vesicles derived from a donor compartment fuse with specific acceptor membranes, resulting in the directional transfer of cargo molecules. This process is tightly controlled by the Rab/Ypt family of proteins (reviewed by Novick and Zerial, 1997), a branch of the superfamily of small GTPases. Rab proteins regulate a variety of functions, including vesicle translocation and docking at specific fusion sites. Rabs may also play critical roles in higher order processes such as modulating the levels of neurotransmitter release in neurons, a likely mechanism in synaptic plasticity that underlies learning and memory (Geppert and Südhof, 1998).

Small GTPases share a common three-dimensional fold that, in the GTP bound state, can bind a variety of downstream effector proteins. GTP hydrolysis leads to a conformational change in the "switch" regions that renders the GTPase unrecognizable to its effectors. In this way, by localizing and activating a select set of effectors, a common structural motif is used to control a wide array of distinct cellular processes.

The final steps in membrane fusion are likely to be driven by a set of proteins known as SNAREs. After a vesicle becomes docked, the cytoplasmic domains of VAMP (also termed synaptobrevin) and syntaxin on opposing membranes, in combination with a SNAP-25 molecule, coalesce into an elongated -helical bundle (Poirier et al., 1998; Sutton et al., 1998), which may lead to fusion. Because numerous SNARE isoforms have been identified that localize to distinct membrane compartments, it was originally proposed that the specificity of interaction between the SNARE proteins accounted for the specificity in membrane trafficking. Recent results, however, suggest that SNAREs are not specific in their ability to form complexes in vitro, suggesting that trafficking specificity requires additional factors (Yang et al., 1999). In this regard, Rab proteins are strong candidates for governing the specificity of vesicle trafficking. Like the SNAREs, many isoforms (40) of the Rab family have been identified that localize to specific membrane compartments (reviewed by Novick and Zerial, 1997).

Concomitant with the SNARE cycle, Rab proteins undergo a intricate cycle of membrane and protein interactions. Rabs are posttranslationally modified at C-terminal cysteines by the addition of two geranylgeranyl groups, which mediate membrane association when the Rab is in the GTP-bound state. After guanine nucleotide hydrolysis occurs, the Rab is extracted from the membrane upon forming a complex with a cytosolic GDP-dissociation

inhibitor (GDI). This cytosolic intermediate is then recycled onto a newly forming vesicle, most likely through a secondary factor termed a GDI dissociation factor (GDF), which displaces GDI. After the Rab becomes membrane bound, a guanidine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) promotes release of GDP and the subsequent loading of GTP. In its GTP-bound conformation, the Rab is then free to associate with its specific set of effectors, which can in turn trigger events leading to the eventual fusion of the vesicle with a target membrane. To complete the cycle, perhaps after or concurrent with membrane fusion, a GTPase activating protein (GAP) accelerates nucleotide hydrolysis, switching off the GTPase. The remaining GDP-bound Rab can then participate in a new round of fusion.

Rab interactions with effectors are likely to regulate vesicle targeting and membrane fusion in three ways. First, a Rab may specifically facilitate vectorial vesicle transport. Vesicles are transported from their site of origin to acceptor compartments likely through associations with cytoskeletal elements and transport motors. A protein has been identified with a domain structure that suggests a connection between the cytoskeleton and the Rabs. This protein, called Rabkinesin-6, contains a kinesin-like ATPase motor domain followed by a coiled-coil stalk region and a RBD that specifically binds Rab6 (Echard et al., 1998). An additional link with the cytoskeleton is provided by the Rab effector, Rabphilin-3A. Rabphilin-3A has been shown in vitro to interact with -actinin, an actin-bundling protein, but only when not bound to Rab3A (Kato et al., 1996). These results raise the intriguing possibility that Rab proteins regulate vesicle interactions with the cytoskeleton and thereby play an active role in targeting vesicles to their appropriate destinations.

Second, Rab proteins may regulate membrane trafficking at the vesicle docking step. A number of Rab effectors, including Rabaptin-5, EEA1, Rabphilin-3A, and Rim, may serve as molecular tethers. Each effector protein contains a RBD, followed by a linker region (some having the potential to form elongated coiled-coil structures), and a domain capable of interacting with a second Rab or the target membrane. Rabaptin-5, for example, contains two RBDs, one near the N terminus that specifically recognizes Rab4 and a second near the C terminus that binds Rab5 (Vitale et al., 1998). Both Rim, which is localized to the target membrane, and Rabphilin-3A, which is localized to the vesicle, contain N-terminal RBDs and C-terminal Ca2+-binding C2 domains, implicating these effectors in synaptic vesicle localization or docking in response to Ca2+ influx (Wang et al., 1997). Tethering effectors may also recognize protein complexes on the acceptor membrane. Sec4p, a yeast Rab3A

homolog, interacts with the exocyst (Guo et al., 1999), a complex of seven or more subunits that is assembled at sites of vesicle fusion along the plasma membrane. The exocyst complex may therefore function as a landmark for Rab/effector-mediated vesicle docking.

Third, once a vesicle has become tethered to its fusion site, Rab proteins may selectively activate the SNARE fusion machinery. The mechanism of this activation is unknown but may involve direct interactions of Rabs or, more likely, their effectors with SNAREs. For example, Hrs-2 is a protein that binds to SNAP-25 and contains a Zn2+-finger motif characteristic of Rab-binding proteins such as Rabphilin-3A, Rim, EEA1, and Noc2, suggesting that Hrs-2 may form a physical link between Rabs and SNAREs (Bean et al., 1997). In addition, certain mutations in the syntaxin-binding protein Sly1p, the Sec1p homolog utilized in ER to Golgi trafficking, eliminate the requirement for Ypt1p, a Rab protein that functions at this trafficking step (Dascher et al., 1991). Rabs may therefore regulate SNARE associations through Sec1 family members. In support of this idea, a Rab effector was recently found to interact with a vacuole Rab, a Sec1p homolog, and a SNARE protein (Peterson et al., 1999), which suggests that this effector serves to connect Rab and SNARE function. In this way, Rabs and their effectors may facilitate the correct pairing of SNAREs.

References: Dascher et al. (1991) Mol. Cell. Biol. 11, 872-885; Echard et al. (1998). Science. 279, 580-585; Geppert et al. (1998) Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 21, 75-95; Guo et al. (1999). EMBO J. 18, 1071-1080; Kato et al. (1996) J. Biol. Chem. 271, 31775-31778; Novick et al. (1997) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 9, 496-504; Peterson (1999) Curr. Biol. 9, 159-162; Poirier et al. (1998) Nat. Struct. Biol. 5, 765-769; Vitale et al. (1998) EMBO J. 17, 1941-1951; Wang et al. (1997) Nature. 388, 593-598; Yang et al. (1999) J. Biol. Chem. 274, 5649-5653.

Within the overall group of Intracellular Transport and Trafficking several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention.

Rab proteins:

Rab1B is essential for the intracellular transport of nascent low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor. It is discussed as a universal mediator of endoplasmatic reticulum to Golgi transport of membrane glycoproteins in mammalian cells. Clones in this category include: fbr2 2i17, fbr2 3b16.

Rab10 appear concentrated on membranes in the perinuclear region. Rab 10 has been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases as reported by OMIN: 1) Choroideremia (OMIN *303199); and 2)RETT Syndrome (OMIN 312750). Clones in this category include: fbr2_62119.

In mice, Rab17 shows epithelial cell specificity. Rab 17 is discussed as candidate gene for the mouse mutations ln (leaden), Tw (twirler), and ax (ataxia). Cloned from a brain cDNA library, the new putative Rab-protein is expected to be involved in vesicle trafficking within neuronal cells. These proteins can find application in modulating the transport of vesicles inside neuronal cells, which are essential for development of functional dendritic processes. . . Clones in this category include: fbr2_41m15.

Ankyrin G: The ankyrin 3 gene encodes a novel ankyrin, which is expressed in multiple tissues, with very high expression at the axonal initial segment and nodes of Ranvier of neurons in the central and peripheral nervous systems. Ankyrin G shows several tissue-specific alternative mRNA processing. The different ankyrin G proteins participate in maintenance/targeting of ion channels and cell adhesion molecules to nodes of Ranvier and axonal initial segments. Ankyrin G has been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with Werner disease (OMIN *277700). Clones in this category include: fkd2 24p5.

Zn-T-transporters: The Zn-T-transporters are membrane proteins that facilitates sequestration of zinc in endosomal vesicles. In the brain, ZnT-3 mRNA seems to be involved in the accumulation of zinc in synaptic vesicles. Zinc (Zn) is an essential element in normal development and metabolism. Recent studies show that in Alzheimer's disease, Zn functions as a double-edged sword, affording protection against Alzheimer's amyloid beta peptide (the major component of senile plaques) at low concentrations and enhancing toxicity at high concentrations by accelerated aggregation of the amyloid beta peptide. These proteins can find application in modulation of Zinc transport in neuronal cells, thus providing means for a modulation of Alzheimer's amyloid beta peptide plaque formation. (OMIN *602878, *602095). Clones in this category include: fbr2 62f10.

Metabolism

This group includes proteins which are involved in the uptake and consumption of nutrients, and enzymes which are part of the biochemical pathways for energy metabolism or

which are involved in the supply of building blocks of nucleic acids, proteins (NTPs, dNTPs, amino acids) for DNA/RNA and protein synthesis, and fatty acids (membranes), to allow for the generation of higher order structures. This group constitutes the most important and largest group in prokaryotes and lower eukaryotes. The higher the evolutionary level of an organism is, however, the more other protein classes like 'signal transduction', 'cell cycle' and 'differentiation and development' increase in importance and number of representatives.

Proteins involved in the metabolism of energy and compounds (here: other than nucleic acids or proteins) are usually the products of house keeping genes, they are often constitutively and/or ubiquitously expressed.

Several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention within the overall group of Metabolism:

NAT1, ARD1: In yeast, ARD1 and NAT1, are required for the expression of an N-terminal protein acetyltransferase 1. NAT1 controls full repression of the silent mating type locus HML, sporulation and entry into G0. ARD1 is involved in the assembly of the NAT 1-complex. These can find application modulating NAT assembly and action and therefore could be important in metabolism of drugs and environmental mutagens.(OMIN *108345). Clones in this category include: fbr2_3g8.

Apolipoprotein E receptor: In LDL-receptors the class A domains form the binding site for LDL and calcium. The acidic residues between the fourth and sixth cysteines are important for high-affinity binding of positively charged sequences in LDLR's ligands. These proteins can find application in modulation of cholesterol binding and transport by LDL-receptors and LDL-binding proteins. In normal individuals, chylomicron remnants and very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) remnants are rapidly removed from the circulation by receptor-mediated endocytosis in the liver. In familial dysbetalipoproteinemia, or type III hyperlipoproteinemia (HLP III), increased plasma cholesterol and triglycerides are the consequence of impaired clearance of chylomicron and VLDL remnants because of a defect in apolipoprotein E. Accumulation of the remnants can result in xanthomatosis and premature coronary and/or peripheral vascular disease. OMIN reports that apolipoprotein has associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Familial hypercholesterolemia (OMIN 143890); 2) Familial combined hyperlipidemia (OMIN 144250); and 3) Alzheimer disease. (OMIN #104300). Clones in this category include: fbr2_62017.

<u>Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases</u>: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases (EC 3.1.2.15) (UCH) (deubiquitinating enzymes) are thiol proteases that recognize and hydrolyze the peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. These enzymes are involved in the processing of poly-ubiquitin precursors as well as that of ubiquinated proteins. OMIN reports that Ubiquitin-specific proteases have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Lung carcinoma (OMIN *603486); 2) x-linked retinal diseases (OMIN *300050); 3) oncogenesis (OMIN *300050); 4) ovarian cancer (OMIN *300050). Clones in this category include: fbr2_78k24; htes3_27d1.

Phosphoserine signature (phosphoglucomutases, phosphomannomutase): These proteins take part in the conversion of hexose phosphates. OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following disease: Fanconi-Bickel Syndrome (OMIN #227810). Clones in this category include: fkd2_24b15.

NADH ubiquinone oxidoreductase: NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase is the first enzyme in the respiratory electron transport chain of mitochondria. It is a a membrane-bound multi-subunit protein. The bovine heart enzyme contains about 40 different polypeptides. OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following disease: Brancio-oto-renal syndrome (OMIN *6601445). Clones in this category include: fkd2 3o17.

<u>Transketolases</u>: Transketolase requires thiamin pyrophosphate as cofactor and shows a wide specificity for both reactants, e.g. converts hydroxypyruvate and R-CHO into CO(2) and R-CHOH-CO-CH(2)OH. OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: Wernicke-Korsakoff Syndrome (OMIN *277730). Clones in this category include: tes3_17117.

<u>Fatty acid-CoA synthetases/ligases</u>: These proteins contain AMP-binding domain signature(s), which is present in enzymes which act via an ATP-dependent covalent binding of AMP to their substrate. This domain is found in several CoA synthetases, such as acetate-CoA ligase (EC 6.2.1.1), long-chain-fatty-acid-CoA ligase (EC 6.2.1.3), bile acid-CoA ligase. OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic,

causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Alport syndrome, mental retardation and elliptocytosis (OMIN *300157); 2) Adrenoleukodystrophy (OMIN *300100). Clones in this category include: tes3 35k17.

ADP/ATP or Adenine Nucleotide Translocataors: These proteins contain mitochondrial energy transfer signature(s) and are most abundant in mitochondria. In its functional state, it is a homodimer of 30-kD subunits embedded asymmetrically in the inner mitochondrial membrane. The dimer forms a gated pore through which ADP is moved from the matrix into the cytoplasm. OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) cardiomyopathy (OMIN *103220); 2) myopathy (OMIN *103220); 3)Progressive external ophthalmoplegia (OMIN *601227). Clones in this category include: tes3_35n12.

<u>Carboxylesterases</u>: OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases:

1)hepatic carboxylesterase with detoxification of foreign compounds (OMIN *114835); 2) non-Hodgkin lymphoma (OMIN *114835); 3) B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (OMIN *114835); 4) rheumatoid arthritis (OMIN *114835). Clones in this category include: tes3 _35n9.

Heat shock proteins: OMIN reports that these proteins have associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1)27 kd heat shock protein has been correlated with thermotolerance in response to environmental challenges and developmental transitions. (OMIN *6021295). Clones in this category include: utel1_23e13.

Nucleic acid management

The genetic information is stored in the form of nucleic acids in all organisms. Two kinds of nucleic acids exist, DNA and RNA. Whereas the more stable DNA in most organisms constitutes the storage form of the genetic information, the labile RNA and in particular mRNA is an intermediate used for the temporal expression of specific genes.

In eukaryotes, DNA is usually a double stranded linear molecule consisting of two antiparallel strands and made up of a deoxyribose, a phosphorus backbone and the four bases A, C, G, and T. The DNA of some organisms has a ring structure. The structure of DNA was

unraveled years ago by Watson and Crick. DNA is directional molecule determined by the C-atoms of the sugar.

The most important processes dealing with nucleic acids are:

- replication (e.g. DNA polymerases, Telomerase)
- transcription (RNA polymerases)
- RNA processing (maturation splicing and degradation)
- in addition, enzymes and proteins exist which require a nucleic acid (mostly RNA) in the active center to be functional (ribozymes e.g. RNase, Ribosomal proteins)

The DNA of a cell is replicated in the S-phase of the cell cycle. Several enzymes carry out the task of doubling this nucleic acid. As all steps of the cell cycle, also the process of replication is tightly regulated. The enzyme DNA polymerase and several other proteins are involved in this process. Whereas many prokaryotes do have only one origin of replication (i.e., the starting point of the replication cycle), in eukaryotic DNAs (chromosomes) multiple such start points exist. The switch from the synthesis (S) phase to the subsequent G2 or M phases of the cell cycle are dependent on the completion of the replication. This makes clear, that a number of proteins are involved in the replication itself as well as in the control of the process. Since most eukaryotic chromosomes are linear structures, additional proteins and enzymes are necessary to make sure that the structure is maintained through successive generations. This includes those proteins necessary to build the three dimensional structure of chromosomes (e.g. histones) and the structural network of the nucleus and nucleolus (including the defined localization of transcriptionally active genes in the vicinity of nucleoli) but also such enzymes as telomerase which guarantees the integrity of the chromosomal ends.

The expression of genes is usually performed in two steps. First a messenger RNA (mRNA) is produced (transcribed) in one to many copies and second this mRNA is translated into the protein product. The regulation of transcription is discussed under the separate heading 'transcription factors', but also the classes 'signal transduction', 'development', 'cell cycle' and others are affected as the expression of certain genes determines the fate of a cell or organism.

The primary transcript (hnRNA - heterogeneous nuclear RNA) is a single stranded one-to-one copy of the gene as it is located on the chromosome. Before a protein can be translated, already during transcription the process of maturation is initiated. Firstly, a 5' cap structure is enzymatically and covalently added to the RNA, blocking the 5' end of the RNA.

Second, when the RNA polymerase has terminated polymerization, the enzyme poly A polymerase adds varying numbers of adenine residues to the 3' end of the transcript. This enzyme recognizes the sequence AAUAAA or AUUAAA (+ some minor variations), cuts the RNA 10 - 30 nucleotides downstream and adds the A residues. The size of the poly A sequence affects the stability of the RNA. Finally, in the process of splicing, the introns present on the genomic level and also present in the hnRNA are spliced out by a multi-protein complex consisting of several proteins and RNAs. The finally maturated mRNA is exported to the cytoplasm where it is translated with help of the ribozymes.

The half life of RNA is usually much shorter than that of DNA. Usually, the mRNA is degraded shortly after synthesis, to guarantee a very defined window of expression of a given gene. This regulation is necessary to specifically maintain or change the set of proteins present at any time in a cell. Specific regions in the 3'UTR (untranslated region) determine the stability of the mRNA in the cytoplasm before it is degraded by RNases, enzymes consisting both of protein and RNA.

References: Watson and Crick (1953) Nature 171: 737-738.

Several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention within the overall group of "Nucleic acid management" and include, among others, the following:

RNA helicases including DEAD/H box helicases: RNA helicases comprise a large family of proteins that are involved in basic biological systems such as nuclear and mitochondrial splicing processes, RNA editing, rRNA processing, translation initiation, nuclear mRNA export, and mRNA degradation. RNA helicases are essential factors in cell development and differentiation, and some of them play a role in transcription and replication of viral single-stranded RNA genomes. The members of the largest subgroup, the DEAD and DEAH box proteins, exhibit a strong dependence of the unwinding activity on ATP hydrolysis. DEAD box proteins have been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) as reported by with the following disease processes and/or genes: 1) ataxia-telangiectasia gene: "A human gene (DDX10) encoding a putative DEAD-box RNA helicase at 11q22-q23" *Genomics* 33:199-206, 1996, Savitsky et al., (OMIN *601235); 2) hematopoetic tumors: "Cloning and expression of a murine cDNA homologous to the human RCK/P54, a lymphoma-linked chromosomal breakpoint 11q23", Gene 166:293-6, 1995, Seto et al. (OMIN *600326); 3) dermatomyositis: a) "The major dermatomyositis-specific Mi-2 autoantigen is a presumed helicase involved in transcriptional activation."

Arthritis Rheum. 38: 1389-1399, 1995, Seelig et al. (OMIN *603277); b) "Two forms of the major antigenic protein of the dermatomyositis-specific Mi-2 autoantigen." (Letter), Arthritis Rheum. 39: 1769-1771, 1996., Seelig et al. (OMIN *603277); c) "The dermatomyositis-specific autoantigen Mi2 is a component of a complex containing histone deacetylase and nucleosome remodeling activities", Cell 95: 279-289, 1998. Zhang et al. (OMIN *603277); 4) Muscular Dystrophy, Pseudohypertrophic Progressive Duchenne and Becker Types (OMIN *310200); 5) Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IVA (OMIN *253000); 6) Albinism I (OMIN *203100); 7) Wilms Tumor 1 (OMIN *194070); 8) Spinocerebellar Ataxia 7 (OMIN *164500). Clones in this category include: fbr2_23b10, fbr2_3c18, fbr2_6o17, fbr2_82i24, and tes3_14h21.

Inorganic pyrophosphatase: Inorganic pyrophosphatase (EC 3.6.1.1) (PPase) is the enzyme responsible for the hydrolysis of pyrophosphate (PPi) which is formed as the product of the many biosynthetic reactions that utilize ATP. All known PPases require the presence of divalent metal cations, with magnesium conferring the highest activity. Clones in this category include: fbr2_64a15.

<u>DNA-damage -inducible protein (dinP) or Proteins induced by DNA-Damage</u>: The dinB/P pathway is a second SOS-pathway in E.coli. Genes related to this seem to be involved in modulating DNA repair and mutagenesis. Clones in this category include: fbr2_72b18.

Proteins with myc-type, helix-loop-helix dimerization domain signature(s). This helix-loop-helix domain mediates protein dimerization has been found in proteins such as the myc family of cellular oncogenes, proteins involved in myogenesis and vertebrate proteins that bind specific DNA sequences in various immunoglobulin chains enhancers. Therefore, these proteins could be novel DNA-binding proteins. Clones in this category include: fbr2_72112.

Cytosolic ribosomal proteins L36: L36 seems to be part of the eukaryotic ribosomal peptidyl transferase center and can find application in modulation of ribosome assembly, maintenance and activity. Clones in this category include: fkd2_3b2.

Ribonuclease H: Ribonuclease H proteins are RNA modificating proteins and have been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases as reported by OMIN: 1) Adenomatous Polyposis of the Colon (OMIN

*175100); 2) Retinoblastoma (OMIN *180200); and 3) Von Hippel-Lindau Syndrome (OMIN *193300). Clones in this category include: phtes3 15j3.

Signal transduction

Cells in higher order organisms need to continuously communicate with its environment especially with other cells of the same organism in order to maintain the function and specialization of the whole system these cells are part of. This important task of communication is performed with help of cell-surface receptors which receive and transmit signals from outside into the cell.

G-proteins

The largest known family of cell-surface receptors is that of the G-protein-coupled receptors, which mediate the transmission of diverse stimuli such as neurotransmitters, glycopeptides, hormones, peptides, odorant molecules, and photons. The functional unit of these receptors is composed of the receptor molecule itself (GPCR) which is anchored in the cytoplasma membrane with seven membrane spanning domains, the heterotrimeric G-protein which is composed of α and $\beta\gamma$ -subunits ($G\alpha$ and $G\beta\gamma$), and the effectors that interact with $G\alpha$ and f or f or f in particular, the dissociated f and f in regulate the activities of a number of effector molecules such as adenylate cyclases, phopholipase f isoforms, ion channels, and tyrosine kinases, resulting in a variety of cellular functions. The process of signal transduction must be tightly regulated and reversible in order to avoid overstimulation, to achieve signal termination, and render the receptor responsive to subsequent stimuli [Iacovelly L. et al., (1999) FASEB J. 13, 1-8, Hamm, H.E. (1998) J. Biol. Chem. 273, 669-672].

G-proteins are GTPases that, upon binding of GTP change their conformation which in return unmasks structural motives, in particular the so called effector loop, which can mediate the interactions to target proteins, or effectors, for the GTPases. This ability enables the GTPases to cycle between active, GTP-bound and inactive, GDP bound conformations and in the process to function as molecular traffic lights in a multitude of signal transduction pathways. The most important of these signal transduction pathways that are regulated with help of G-proteins are that of the phospholipase C / protein kinase C and that of the adenylate cyclase / protein kinase A.

The cycling of GTPases is tightly regulated by three main classes of proteins: The exchange of hydrolyzed GDP for a fresh GTP is facilitated by guanosine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs), the hydrolysis of GTP to GDP is sped up by GTPase-activating proteins (GAPs), and the dissociation of GDP from the GTPases is inhibited by GDP dissociation inhibitors (GDIs) [Tapon and Hall (1997) Curr. Opin. Cell. Biol. 9, 86-92, Van Aelst and D-Souza-Schorey (1997) Genes Dev. 11, 2295-2322].

SOC-family

A conserved motif that was originally identified in proteins that negatively regulate the signaling action of cytokines was termed SOCS box, the Suppressor Of Cytokine Signaling. Based on homology, five distinct structural protein classes have been identified since that carry this motif. The function of most of these proteins is presently not known. Common to the proteins is only the SOCS box which is located near the C-terminus of the respective peptides. Recently, the SOCS box has been demonstrated to induce binding of proteins to elongins B and C which could target the proteins (and bound substrates) to the proteasomal protein degradation pathway (Kamura, T. et al. (1998) Genes Dev. 12, 3872-3881; Zhang, J.-G. et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96, 2071-2076).

The class where the SOCS box was originally described contains several members (SOCS-1-SOCS-7 and CIS). In addition to the SOCS box, these proteins also contain a SH2 (Src-homology 2) domain and a variable N-terminus. These SOCS proteins appear to form part of a classical negative feedback loop that regulates cytokine signal transduction. Upon cytokine stimulation, expression of SOCS proteins is rapidly induced and the proteins inhibit further cytokine action. The mode of action of the SOCS proteins is variable. While SOCS-1 binds and inhibits the JAK (Janus kinases) family of cytoplasmic protein kinases [Narahzaki M. et al. (1998) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95, 13130-13134, Nicholson, S.E. et al. (1999) EMBO. J. 18, 375-385], CIS appears to act by competing with signaling molecules such as the STATs (Transducers and Activators of Transcription) family for binding to phosphorylated receptor cytoplasmic domains [Yoshimura, A. et al. (1995) EMBO J. 14, 2816-2826; Matsumoto, A. et al. (1997) Blood 89, 3148-3154].

A second class of SOCS box protein contains additionally WD-40 repeats which were initially identified in the mouse WSB-1 and -2 proteins. The functions of WD-40 proteins are not completely understood but seem to be rather divergent. In Cdc4p the WD-40 repeats probably are necessary for binding the substrate for Cdc34p [Mathias, N. et al. (1999) Mol.

Cell Biol. 19, 1759-1767]. Cdc4p is a component of a ubiquitin ligase that tethers the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme Cdc34p to its substrates. The posttranslational modification of a protein by ubiquitin usually results in rapid degradation of the ubiquitinated protein by the proteasome. The transfer of ubiquitin to substrate is a multistep process where WD-40 repeats might play an important function.

Other WD-40 containing proteins (e.g. the retino blastoma binding protein RbAp48) have been shown to bind metal ions (Zinc) and that this metal binding might mediate and/or regulate protein-protein interactions which are functionally important in chromatin metabolism [Kenzior, A.L. and Folk, W.R. (1998) FEBS Lett. 440, 425-429]. These proteins are involved in the RAS-cAMP pathway that regulates cellular growth [Ach R.A. et al. (1997) Plant Cell 9, 1595-1606].

The SPRY domain has been identified in pyrin or marenostrin, a protein which is mutated in patients with Mediterranean fever and which is similar to the butyrophilin family. While butyrophilins seem to be involved in the lactation process in mammals, the function pyrin is unknown. Three proteins (SSB-1 to -3) have been identified to contain both SPRY and SOCS box motifs. The function of these proteins is also not known.

Ankyrin repeat containing proteins share a 33-residue repeating motif, an L-shaped structure with protruding β-hairpin tips which mediate specific macromolecular interactions with cytoskeletal, membrane, and regulatory proteins. These proteins play fundamental roles in diverse biological activities including growth and development, intracellular protein trafficking, the establishment and maintenance of cellular polarity, cell adhesion signal transduction, and mRNA transcription. Three proteins that contain ankyrin repeats (ASB-1 to -3) have been identified to contain a C-terminal SOCS box additionally to the ankyrin repeats. The function of these proteins or the individual domains remains to be discovered [Hilton, D.J. et al. (1998) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95, 114-119].

A few small GTPases (RAR and RAR like) do also contain a SOCS box. GTPases are involved in signal transduction during cellular communication. The function of the SOCS box in this type of proteins is currently unclear [Hilton, D.J. et al. (1998) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95, 114-119].

Ca 2+ as second messenger

The bivalent cation Ca²⁺ is, besides cAMP, one of the two major second messengers in eukaryotic cells. Its intracellular concentration is tightly regulated and usually kept very

low compared to the cell's environment. Ca²⁺ binding proteins and transporters (Gap junction, Voltage-gated, second messenger-gated) help to sequester huge amounts of the ion in various organelles from where Ca²⁺ can be released upon extracellular stimuli. E.g. the contraction of the muscle is dependent on the presence of Ca²⁺ ions which are readily transported back into the organelles in order for the muscle to relax. In signal transduction, Ca²⁺ functions as a second messenger that activates Ca²⁺ dependent processes through the activation of Ca²⁺/calmodulin dependent protein kinases (CaM kinases) which are the major effector molecules of Ca²⁺. In the signaling cascades, the CaM dependent kinases activate phospholipases (e.g. phospholipase C) that in return activate other protein kinases such as protein kinase C.

cAMP

The cyclic AMP is produced by the enzyme adenylate cyclase in response to extracellular signals. Certain G-proteins stimulate the activity of adenylate cyclase which converts ATP to cAMP and PPi. Two molecules of cAMP bind to each of two regulatory subunits of cAMP dependent protein kinase which in turn dissociate from the two catalytic subunits of the heterotetramer R₂C₂. Upon release of the C-subunits, they become active and phosphorylate substrate proteins at Ser and Thr residues. The process leading from binding of extracellular molecules to their receptors, the transmission of the stimuli into the cell, the activation of adenylate cyclase and the subsequent activation of cAMP dependent protein kinase is one of two major signal transduction pathways in eukaryotic cells. Since the phosphorylation of proteins is a posttranslational modification of proteins, the kinases are described in the class "signal transduction."

SARA

Members of the transforming growth factor ß (TGFß) superfamily signal through a family of cell-surface transmembrane serine/threonine kinases, known as type I and type II receptors (Heldin et al., 1997; Attisano and Wrana, 1998; Kretzschmar and Massagué, 1998). Ligand induces formation of heteromeric complexes of these receptors, and signaling is initiated when receptor I is phosphorylated and activated by the constitutively active kinase of receptor II (Wrana et al., 1994). The activated type I receptor kinase then propagates the signal to a family of intracellular signaling mediators known as Smads (contraction of the C.elegans Sma and Drosophila Mad genes which were the first identified members of this class of signaling effectors).

Three classes of Smads with distinct functions have been defined: the receptorregulated Smads, which include Smad1, 2, 3, 5, and 8; the common mediator Smad, Smad4; and the antagonistic Smads, which include Smad6 and 7 (Heldin et al., 1997; Attisano and Wrana, 1998; Kretzschmar and Massagué, 1998). Receptor-regulated Smads (R-Smads) act as direct substrates of specific type I receptors, and the proteins are phosphorylated on the last two serines at the carboxyl terminus within a highly conserved SSXS motif (Macías-Silva et al., 1996; Abdollah et al., 1997; Kretzschmar et al., 1997; Liu et al., 1997b; Souchelnytskyi et al., 1997). Regulation of R-Smads by the receptor kinase provides an important level of specificity in this system. Thus, Smad2 and Smad3 are substrates of TGFB or activin receptors and mediate signaling by these ligands (Macías-Silva et al., 1996; Liu et al., 1997b ; Nakao et al., 1997), whereas Smad1, 5, and 8 are targets of BMP receptors and propagate BMP signals (Hoodless et al., 1996; Chen et al., 1997b; Kretzschmar et al., 1997; Nishimura et al., 1998). Once phosphorylated, R-Smads associate with the common Smad, Smad4 (Lagna et al., 1996; Zhang et al., 1997), and mediate nuclear translocation of the heteromeric complex. In the nucleus, Smad complexes then activate specific genes through cooperative interactions with DNA and other DNA-binding proteins such as FAST1, FAST2, and Fos/Jun (Chen et al., 1996, Chen et al., 1997a; Liu et al., 1997a; Labbé et al., 1998; Zhang et al., 1998; Zhou et al., 1998). In contrast to R-Smads and Smad4, the antagonistic Smads, Smad6 and 7, appear to function by blocking ligand-dependent signaling (reviewed in Heldin et al., 1997).

Phosphorylation of R-Smads by the type I receptor is essential for activating the TGFß signaling pathway (Heldin et al., 1997; Attisano and Wrana, 1998; Kretzschmar and Massagué, 1998). However, little is known of how Smad interaction with receptors is controlled. A novel Smad2/Smad3 interacting protein has been described (Tsukazaki T. et al., 1998) that contains a double zinc finger, or FYVE domain, and which has been called SARA (Smad anchor for receptor activation). The SARA motif recruits Smad2 into distinct subcellular domains and co-localizes and interacts with TGFß receptors. TGFß signaling induces dissociation of Smad2 from SARA with concomitant formation of Smad2/Smad4 complexes and nuclear translocation. Moreover, deletion of the FYVE domain in SARA causes mislocalization of Smad2 and inhibits TGFß-dependent transcriptional responses. Thus, SARA defines a component of TGFß signaling that functions to recruit Smad2 to the receptor by controlling the subcellular localization of Smad.

References: Abdollah et al. (1997) J. Biol. Chem. 272, 27678-27685; Attisano et al. (1998) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 10, 188-194; Chen et al. (1996) Nature 383, 691-696; Chen et al. (1997a) Nature 389, 85-89; Chen et al. (1997b) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94, 12938-12943; Heldin et al. (1997) Nature 390, 465-471; Hoodless et al. (1996) Cell 85, 489-500; Kretzschmar et al. (1998) Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev. 8, 103-111; Kretzschmar et al. (1997) Genes Dev. 11, 984-995; Labbé et al. (1998) Mol. Cell 2, 109-120; Lagna et al. (1996) Nature 383, 832-836; Liu et al. (1997a) Genes Dev. 11, 3157-3167; Liu et al. (1997b) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94, 10669-10764; Macías-Silva et al. (1996) Cell 87, 1215-1224; Nakao et al. (1997) EMBO J. 16, 5353-5362; Nishimura et al. (1998) J. Biol. Chem. 273, 1872-1879; Souchelnytskyi et al. (1997) J. Biol. Chem. 272, 28107-28115; Tsukazaki et al. (1998) Cell 95, 779-791; Wrana et al. (1994) Nature 370, 341-347; Zhang et al. (1997) Curr. Biol. 7, 270-276; Zhang et al. (1998) Nature 394, 909-913; Zhou et al. (1998) Mol. Cell 2, 121-127.

<u>Calcium</u>

The bivalent cation Ca²⁺ is, along with cAMP, one of the two major second messengers in eukaryotic cells. Its intracellular concentration is tightly regulated and usually kept very low compared to the cell's environment. Ca²⁺ binding proteins and transporters (Gap junction, Voltage-gated, second messenger-gated) help to sequester huge amounts of the ion in various organelles from where Ca²⁺ can be released upon extracellular stimuli. E.g. the contraction of the muscle is dependent on the presence of Ca²⁺ ions which are readily transported back into the organelles in order for the muscle to relax. In signal transduction, Ca²⁺ functions as a second messenger that activates Ca²⁺ dependent processes through the activation of Ca²⁺/calmodulin dependent protein kinases (CaM kinases) which are the major effector molecules of Ca²⁺. In the signaling cascades, the CaM dependent kinases activate phospholipases (e.g. phospholipase C) that in return activate other protein kinases such as protein kinase C.

Rab proteins

In eukaryotic cells the compartmentalization of processes is a prerequisite for a tight regulation of processes and activities. The cells contain a highly dynamic set of membrane compartments that are responsible for packaging, sorting, secreting, and recycling proteins and other molecules. Trafficking between organelles within the secretory pathway occurs as

vesicles derived from a donor compartment fuse with specific acceptor membranes, resulting in the directional transfer of cargo molecules. This process is tightly controlled by the Rab/Ypt family of proteins (reviewed by Novick and Zerial, 1997), a branch of the superfamily of small GTPases. Rab proteins regulate a variety of functions, including vesicle translocation and docking at specific fusion sites. Rabs may also play critical roles in higher order processes such as modulating the levels of neurotransmitter release in neurons, a likely mechanism in synaptic plasticity that underlies learning and memory (Geppert and Südhof, 1998).

Small GTPases share a common three-dimensional fold that, in the GTP bound state, can bind a variety of downstream effector proteins. GTP hydrolysis leads to a conformational change in the "switch" regions that renders the GTPase unrecognizable to its effectors. In this way, by localizing and activating a select set of effectors, a common structural motif is used to control a wide array of distinct cellular processes.

The final steps in membrane fusion are likely to be driven by a set of proteins known as SNAREs. After a vesicle becomes docked, the cytoplasmic domains of VAMP (also termed synaptobrevin) and syntaxin on opposing membranes, in combination with a SNAP-25 molecule, coalesce into an elongated -helical bundle (Poirier et al., 1998; Sutton et al., 1998), which may lead to fusion. Because numerous SNARE isoforms have been identified that localize to distinct membrane compartments, it was originally proposed that the specificity of interaction between the SNARE proteins accounted for the specificity in membrane trafficking. Recent results, however, suggest that SNAREs are not specific in their ability to form complexes in vitro, suggesting that trafficking specificity requires additional factors (Yang et al., 1999). In this regard, Rab proteins are strong candidates for governing the specificity of vesicle trafficking. Like the SNAREs, many isoforms (40) of the Rab family have been identified that localize to specific membrane compartments (reviewed by Novick and Zerial, 1997).

Concomitant with the SNARE cycle, Rab proteins undergo a intricate cycle of membrane and protein interactions. Rabs are posttranslationally modified at C-terminal cysteines by the addition of two geranylgeranyl groups, which mediate membrane association when the Rab is in the GTP-bound state. After guanine nucleotide hydrolysis occurs, the Rab is extracted from the membrane upon forming a complex with a cytosolic GDP-dissociation inhibitor (GDI). This cytosolic intermediate is then recycled onto a newly forming vesicle,

most likely through a secondary factor termed a GDI dissociation factor (GDF), which displaces GDI. After the Rab becomes membrane bound, a guanidine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) promotes release of GDP and the subsequent loading of GTP. In its GTP-bound conformation, the Rab is then free to associate with its specific set of effectors, which can in turn trigger events leading to the eventual fusion of the vesicle with a target membrane. To complete the cycle, perhaps after or concurrent with membrane fusion, a GTPase activating protein (GAP) accelerates nucleotide hydrolysis, switching off the GTPase. The remaining GDP-bound Rab can then participate in a new round of fusion.

Rab interactions with effectors are likely to regulate vesicle targeting and membrane fusion in three ways. First, a Rab may specifically facilitate vectorial vesicle transport. Vesicles are transported from their site of origin to acceptor compartments likely through associations with cytoskeletal elements and transport motors. A protein has been identified with a domain structure that suggests a connection between the cytoskeleton and the Rabs. This protein, called Rabkinesin-6, contains a kinesin-like ATPase motor domain followed by a coiled-coil stalk region and a RBD that specifically binds Rab6 (Echard et al., 1998). An additional link with the cytoskeleton is provided by the Rab effector, Rabphilin-3A. Rabphilin-3A has been shown in vitro to interact with -actinin, an actin-bundling protein, but only when not bound to Rab3A (Kato et al., 1996). These results raise the intriguing possibility that Rab proteins regulate vesicle interactions with the cytoskeleton and thereby play an active role in targeting vesicles to their appropriate destinations.

Second, Rab proteins may regulate membrane trafficking at the vesicle docking step. A number of Rab effectors, including Rabaptin-5, EEA1, Rabphilin-3A, and Rim, may serve as molecular tethers. Each effector protein contains a RBD, followed by a linker region (some having the potential to form elongated coiled-coil structures), and a domain capable of interacting with a second Rab or the target membrane. Rabaptin-5, for example, contains two RBDs, one near the N terminus that specifically recognizes Rab4 and a second near the C terminus that binds Rab5 (Vitale et al., 1998). Both Rim, which is localized to the target membrane, and Rabphilin-3A, which is localized to the vesicle, contain N-terminal RBDs and C-terminal Ca2+-binding C2 domains, implicating these effectors in synaptic vesicle localization or docking in response to Ca2+ influx (Wang et al., 1997). Tethering effectors may also recognize protein complexes on the acceptor membrane. Sec4p, a yeast Rab3A homolog, interacts with the exocyst (Guo et al., 1999), a complex of seven or more subunits

that is assembled at sites of vesicle fusion along the plasma membrane. The exocyst complex may therefore function as a landmark for Rab/effector-mediated vesicle docking.

Third, once a vesicle has become tethered to its fusion site, Rab proteins may selectively activate the SNARE fusion machinery. The mechanism of this activation is unknown but may involve direct interactions of Rabs or, more likely, their effectors with SNAREs. For example, Hrs-2 is a protein that binds to SNAP-25 and contains a Zn2+-finger motif characteristic of Rab-binding proteins such as Rabphilin-3A, Rim, EEA1, and Noc2, suggesting that Hrs-2 may form a physical link between Rabs and SNAREs (Bean et al., 1997). In addition, certain mutations in the syntaxin-binding protein Sly1p, the Sec1p homolog utilized in ER to Golgi trafficking, eliminate the requirement for Ypt1p, a Rab protein that functions at this trafficking step (Dascher et al., 1991). Rabs may therefore regulate SNARE associations through Sec1 family members. In support of this idea, a Rab effector was recently found to interact with a vacuole Rab, a Sec1p homolog, and a SNARE protein (Peterson et al., 1999), which suggests that this effector serves to connect Rab and SNARE function. In this way, Rabs and their effectors may facilitate the correct pairing of SNAREs.

References: Dascher et al. (1991). Mol. Cell. Biol. 11, 872-885; Echard et al. (1998). Science. 279, 580-585; Geppert et al. (1998). Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 21, 75-95; Guoet al. (1999). EMBO J. 18, 1071-1080; Kato et al. (1996). J. Biol. Chem. 271, 31775-31778; Novick et al. (1997). Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 9, 496-504; Peterson et al. (1999). Curr. Biol. 9, 159-162; Poirier et al. (1998). Nat. Struct. Biol. 5, 765-769; Vitale et al. (1998). EMBO J. 17, 1941-1951; Wang et al. (1997). Nature. 388, 593-598; Yang et al. (1999). J. Biol. Chem. 274, 5649-5653.

Kinases

Reversible posttranslational modifications of proteins are major means of regulating cellular activities. Among the various modifications that are carried out by the cells, the addition of phosphoryl groups to Ser/Thr or Tyr residues is the most important and widely used. The phosphorylation of proteins is accomplished by protein kinases, while the reverse reaction, the removal of phosphoryl groups, is carried out by phosphatases. Kinases / Phosphatases regulate key positions e.g. in the processes of cell proliferation, differentiation and communication/signaling. These processes must be tightly regulated in order to maintain a steady state level of cellular fate. Mis-regulation of kinase activities (or that of

phosphatases) is made responsible for a multitude of disease processes such as oncogenesis, inflammatory processes, arteriosclerosis, and psoriasis.

Protein kinases constitute the largest protein family that is currently known. Several hundred kinases have been identified already. Classically, kinases are subdivided into two classes based on the amino acid residues in their substrates that are phosphorylated by the particular enzymes. The kinases specifically add phosphoryl groups from adenosine triphosphate (ATP) or, less frequently, guanosine triphosphate (GTP), either to serine and/or threonine or to tyrosine residues of substrate proteins. An estimated 1,000 to 10,000 proteins present in a typical mammalian cell are believed to be regulated also by the action of protein kinases.

Protein kinases are frequently integral parts of signaling cascades that transmit extracellular stimuli (e.g. hormones, neurotransmitters, growth- or differentiation factors) into the cell and result in various responses by the cells. The kinases play key roles in these cascades as they constitute a sort of 'molecular switches' turning on or off the activities of other enzymes and proteins, e.g. metabolic, regulatory, channels and pumps, receptors, cytoskeletal, transcription factors.

The regulation of kinase activities is accomplished by various means:

The best characterized example for the regulation via regulatory subunits is the cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA) which is also a prototype for second messenger activated protein kinases. This enzyme consists of a heterotetramer of two catalytic (C) and two regulatory (R) subunits. Upon binding of two molecules of second messenger (cAMP) in each R subunit, the catalytic subunits are released and active. Both of the catalytic and the regulatory subunits several isoforms exist. The combination of catalytic and regulatory subunits determines the localization of the holoenzyme and also the substrate spectrum that is available for phosphorylation. The consensus pattern necessary to be present in the substrate for PKA action is RRXS/T where X can be any amino acid.

The casein kinase II comprises another examples for holoenzymes that consist of catalytic and regulatory subunits. Other kinases that are activated by second messengers are cGMP-dependent protein kinase and Protein kinase C (PKC) which is activated by diacylglycerol, which in turn is produced by phospholipases by cleavage of phosphatidylcholine.

Receptor kinases usually consists of an extracellular domain which can bind effector molecules (e.g. growth factors and hormones) and transfer the stimulus to the intracellular domain of these proteins which usually is a protein tyrosine kinase. Other tyrosine kinases lack an extracellular domain but are associated with receptors which transfer the signal after effector binding by activating the associated protein kinase enzyme (e.g. Src kinase family; Src, Blk, Fgr, Fyn, Lck Lyn, Yes and Janus kinase family; Jak1-3, Tyk2).

Dysfunction of kinases, e.g. caused by non-functioning regulation, can be the cause of inflammatory diseases and uncontrolled proliferation. v-Src which is a truncated version of the C-Src protooncogene tyrosine kinase is a classical example for this process as v-Src does not contain the regulatory domain of the cellular gene and is thus constitutively active.

Several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention within the overall group of "Signal transduction" and include, among others, the following:

Neurocalcin (Recoverin): Neurocalcin is a Ca(2+)-binding protein with three putative Ca(2+)-binding domains (EF-hands). In cattle, 6 isoforms are differentially expressed in the central nervous system, retina and adrenal gland. Homology with recoverin indicates involvement in Ca2+ dependent activation of guanylate cyclase.. These proteins can find application in modulating/blocking the guanylate cyclase-pathway. Diseases associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with these proteins include as reported by OMIN 1) autosomal dominant cone dystrophy (OMIN *600364); 2) cone dystrophy 3 (OMIN *600364); 3) cancer associated retinopathy (OMIN *179618). Clones in this category include: fbr2 23b21.

Proteins with a WW Domain: Proteins that contain a WW domain which has been originally described as a short conserved region in a number of unrelated proteins, among them dystrophin, the gene responsible for Duchenne muscular dystrophy. The domain, which spans about 35 residues, is repeated up to 4 times in some proteins. It has been shown to bind proteins with particular proline-motifs, [AP]-P-P-[AP]-Y, and thus resembles somewhat SH3 domains. This domain is frequently associated with other domains typical for proteins in signal transduction processes. Examples of proteins containing the WW domain are Dystrophin, Utrophin, vertebrate YAP protein (binds the SH3 domain of the Yes oncoprotein), murine NEDD-4 (embryonic development and differentiation of the central nervous system), IQGAP (human GTPase activating protein acting on ras). Therefore these proteins should be involved in intracellular signal transduction. Diseases associated (as

potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with these proteins include as reported by OMIN 1) Muscular Dystrophy, Pseudohypertrophic Progressive Duchenne and Becker Types (OMIN *310200). Clones in this category include: fbr2_23n16.

Protein substrates for cAMP-dependent protein kinase: Acting as a choride channel or chloride channel inhibitor these proteins have been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) as reported by OMIN with Cystic Fibrosis (OMIN #219700). Clones in this category include fbr2 82i17.

Sphingosine kinase: Sphingosine kinase is a new type of lipid kinase, which is regulated by growth factors. The enzyme phosphorylates sphingosine, which subsequently exerts intracellular and extracellular actions. Intracellulary, sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP) promotes proliferation and inhibits apoptosis. In yeast, survival of cells exposed to heat shock indicates is dependent on SPP. Extracellulary, SPP inhibits cell motility and influences cell morphology, effects that appear to be mediated by the G protein-coupled receptor EDG1. These proteins have been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) as reported by OMIN with Gaucher Disease, Type I (OMIN *230800). Clones in this category include fbr2 82m6.

<u>Vanilloid Receptors</u>: VR1 seems to play an important role in the activation and sensitization of nociceptors. It is the receptor for e.g. capsaicin, a selective activator of nociceptors, a natural product of capsicum peppers. Related can find application as a target for the development of new nociception-modulating drugs. Clones in this category include tes3_20k2.

RCC1 (Regulator of chromosome condensation): RCC1 (regulator of chromosome condensation) is a eukaryotic protein which binds to chromatin and interacts with ran, a nuclear GTP-binding protein. RCC1 promotes the exchange of bound GDP with GTP, acting as a guanine-nucleotide dissociation stimulator. These proteins can find application in the regulation of gene expression by activition of nuclear GTP-binding proteins. The X-linked retinitis pigmentosa is a result of a defect GTPase regulator, which contains a RCC1-type repeat. OMIN also reports that RCC1 has associations (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with retinitis pigmentosa (OMIN *312610). Clones in this category include tes3_21d4.

Ras inhibitor proteins: Ras is a signal transducting molecule involved in the receptor tyrosine kinase/RAS/Map kinase signalling cascade. Ras proteins bind GDP/GTP and show

intrinsic GTPase activity. Mutations in ras, which change aa 12, 13 or 61 activate the potential of ras to transform cultured cells and are implicated in a variety of human tumours. Ras inhibitor proteins have been associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with many disease processes as reported by OMIN including: 1) Tumors of the lung, breast, brain, pituitary, pancrase, bone, skin, bladder, kidney, ovary, prostate and lymphocyte, Melanoma (OMIN *600160); 2) X-linked non-specific mental retardation (OMIN *300104); 3)adenomatouspolyposis of the colon (OMIN *175100); 4) Beckwith-Wieddemann Syndrome (#130650); and 5) Major affective disorder 1 (OMIN *125480). Clones in this category include ute1_22g21.

Mammalian proteins cornicon involving the EGF-receptor: Cornicon proteins are part of a signal transduction pathway involving the EGF-receptor. The EGF-receptor has been reported by OMIN to be associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) Familial hypercholesterolemia (OMIN 143890); 2) Leprechaunism (OMIN #246200); 3) Hemophilia B (OMIN *306900); 4) Ectodermal dysplasia 1; 5) Kartagenerer syndrome (OMIN *244400) and 6) Glioma of the brain (OMIN *137800).). Clones in this category include utel 22e12.

Transmembrane proteins

Membrane region prediction was effected using the ALOM2 software (Klein et al., 1985; version 2 by K. Nakai). Similar to many other methods, the Kyte & Doolitle (1982) amino acid hydrophobicity scale is used in ALOM2 as the primary variable for classifying sequences in terms of their localization. High prediction accuracy is achieved through the system of intelligent decision rules and the utilization of a carefully selected training data set. The method also generates reliability estimates which makes it possible to distinguish between membrane-spanning proteins (I, intrinsic) and globular proteins with regions of high hydrophobicity buried in the core.

For a protein of length L, the block of length l with maximum hydrophobicity is found:

$$\max H = \max(1/l) \sum_{\substack{i=k\\k=1,\dots,l-l+1}}^{k+l-1} H_i$$

where H_i represents the hydrophobicity of an individual residue.

Let P(I/maxH) and P(E/maxH) be the conditional probabilities that a protein is integral or peripheral, respectively, given its value of maximal hydrophobicity maxH, and let P(I) and P(E) be the prior probabilities of intrinsic and extrinsic membrane proteins estimated from the training set. Then a sequence is assigned to E if

P(E/maxH) > P(I/maxH)

or, after applying the Bayes rule,

P(E)P(maxH/E) > P(I)P(maxH/I),

where the conditional probabilities P(maxH/E) and P(maxH/I) can be determined based on the estimates of probability distributions of maxH in both groups.

Discriminant analysis allows to simplify this task by calculating the odds P(E/MaxH):P(I/maxH) as e^b , where b is the left-hand side of a linear or quadratic inequality. For example, for the window of length 17, the protein is allocated to the peripheral category E based on the empirically derived quadratic inequality:

 $1.05(maxH)^2+12.30maxH+17.49 > 0$,

whereas the optimal inequality for assigning membrane proteins (category I) is linear:

-9.02maxH + 14.27 > 0

The odds parameter can be made more or less stringent. For example, one can require odds at least 1:10 for a protein to be classified as integral. This leads to higher selectivity but less sensitivity.

The boundaries of membrane-spanning regions in putative membrane proteins are detected by means of an iterative procedure whereby the most hydrophobic region corresponding to the value maxH is considered to be membrane and removed from the sequence. The classification procedure is then repeated again for the remaining sequence, and, if such a protein is again classified as integral, the next most hydrophobic region is considered.

Reference: Klein, P., Kanehisa, M., DeLisi, C. (1985) The detection and classification of membrane-spanning proteins. *Biochem Biophys Acta* 815: 468-476

Transcription factors

Purified eukaryotic RNA polymerase II is unable to initiate promoter-specific transcription. A family of factors that collectively confer RNAPII promoter specificity is known as the general transcription factors (GTFs). They include the TATA-binding Protein (TBP) TFIIB, TFIIE, TFIIF and TFI IH. These factors are conserved among all eukaryotes.

RNAPII complexes containing the entire set of GTFs or a subset of GTFs together with other proteins have been isolated from mammalian and yeast cells. Although purified RNAPII and GTFs are sufficient for promoter-specific initiation, this system fails to respond to activators. This is mediated by a further complex termed mediator complex which associates with the carboxy-terminal heptapeptide domain (CTD) of the largest subunit of RNAPII.

Purification of human RNAPII complexes resulted in two distinct forms of human RNAPII after analysis of functional properties. One complex contained chromatin remodeling activities but was devoid of GTFs. The other complex did not contain factors that modify chromatin but contained a subset of SRB/mediator subunits and GTFs and other polypeptides that mediate transcriptional activation, a scenario similar to that reported for yeast.

A complex designated NAT (~20 SU) for negative regulator of transcription contains RNAPII, Cdk8, homologs of the yeast mediator complex as well as Rgrl and Srb1O/11 known as negative regulators of transcription.

A complex with striking similar structural and functional properties to NAT has been identified designated SMCC (~15 SU) (SRB/mediator coactivator complex), that can also mediate transcriptional activation.

The SMCC complex includes all reported NAT subunits including subunits of the TRAP complex. TRAP is a coactivator complex isolated on the basis of its interaction with the thyroid hormone receptor. Another coactivator complex DRIP, isolated on the basis of its

ability to interact with the vitamin D3 receptor, contains novel subunits as well as subunits of NAT/SMCC and TRAP complexes.

The effects of each of these coactivator complexes is dependent on the TFIID complex. It is not known if the T AF subunits of TFIID are required. It is likely that new coactivator complexes will be uncovered containing both novel and previously defined components.

Beside the huge amount of transcription factors which can be part of the RNAIIP holoenzyme or the coactivator complexes there is an even larger quantity of specific transcription factors binding to promoter elements within the DNA sequences of a given gene leading to activation or repression of transcription. A broad range of cellular responses like differentiation, proliferation, cell death and others are elicited through activating or repressing the transcription of target genes.

There are at least five superclasses of transcription factors:

1. Superclass contains members with characteristic basic domains:

Members are:

Leucine zipper factors, where the basic domain is followed by a leucine zipper of repeated leucine residues at every seventh position. The zipper mediates protein dimerization as a prerequisite for DNA-binding.

Helix-loop-helix factors (bHLH) contain a DNA-binding basic region followed by a motif of two potential amphipathic alpha-helices connected by a loop of variable length also mediating dimerization.

Factors with a combination of Helix-loop-helix and leucine zipper.

Further members of this superclass are NF-l, RF-X, and bHSH like proteins.

2. Superclass comprises factors containing zinc-coordinating DNA-binding domains.

Members are:

Proteins with Cys4 zinc finger of nuclear receptor type, where two such motifs differing in size, composition and function are present in each receptor molecule. Each finger comprises 4 cysteine residues coordinating one zinc ion. The second half including the second cysteine pair has alpha-helix conformation and the helix of the first finger binds to the DNA through the major groove. The sequence between the first two cysteines of the second finger mediates dimerization upon DNA-binding. This class includes the steroid hormone receptors and the thyroid hormone receptor-like factors. Other diverse cys4 zinc fingers have a motif of GATA-type.

Proteins with Cys2His2 zinc finger domain(s). Each finger comprises 2 cysteine and 2 histidine residues coordinating one zinc ion, and in some cases one histidine is replaced by another cysteine. The zinc ion is essential for DNA-binding.

Proteins with Cys6 cysteine-zinc cluster(s). Six cysteine residues coordinate two zinc ions, i. e. two of the thiol groups are coordinating two zinc ions each. Present in many fungal regulators.

Zinc fingers of alternating composition.

3. Superclass contains factors of helix-turn-helix type.

Members are:

Proteins with homeo domains. Homeo domains are three consecutive alpha-helix structures. Helix 3 contacts mainly the major groove of the DNA, some contacts at the minor groove are observed as well. Helix 2 and 3 resemble the helix-turn-helix structure of prokaryotic regulators.

Proteins with Paired box domain(s). This is a DNA-binding domain of approximately 130 amino acid residues. Its N-terminal half is basic, its C-terminal half is highly charged in general. It probably comprises 3 alpha-helices.

Proteins with Fork head / winged helix domain(s). This domain was identified by homology between HNF-3A and fkh. The domain comprises approx. 110 AA. Analysis of the crystal structure has revealed a compact structure of three alpha-helices, the third alpha-helix

being exposed towards the major groove of the DNA. The domain also exerts minor groove contacts. Upon binding to DNA, it induces a bend of 13 degree.

Heat shock factors

Proteins with Tryptophan clusters. The tryptophan clusters comprise several tryptophan residues with a spacing of 12-21 amino acid residues; the subclass of myb-type DNA-binding domains typically exhibit a spacing of 19-21 amino acid residues.

Proteins with TEA domain(s). The TEA domain has been identified as a region which is conserved among the transcription factors TEF-I, TECI and abaA. This domain in TEF-I has been shown to interact with DNA, although two additional regions may also contribute to DNA-binding. It is predicted to fold into three alpha-helices, with a randomly coiled region of 16-18 amino acid residues between helices 1 and 2, and a short stretch between helices 2 and 3 of 3-8 residues.

4. Superclass contains beta-Scaffold Factors with Minor Groove Contacts

Members are:

Proteins with RHR (Rel homology) region.

The structure of the Rel-type DBD exhibits a bipartite subdomain structure, each subdomain comprising a beta-barrel with five loops that form an extensive contact surface to the major groove of the DNA. Particularly, the first loop of the N-terminal subdomain (the highly conserved recognition loop) performs contacts with the recognition element on the DNA, but other loops are involved. The fact that the main DNA-contacts are made through loops has been suggested to provide a high degree of flexibility in binding to a range of different target sequences. Augmenting interactions are achieved by two alpha-helices within the N-terminal Part that form strong minor groove contacts to the A/T-rich center of the B-element. In p65, the sequence between both alpha-helices is much shorter and even helix 2 is truncated. The second, C-terminal domain is necessary mainly for protein dimerization.

p53 proteins

MADS (MCMl-agamous-deficiens-SRF) box proteins. Proteins of this class comprise a region of homology. The DNA-binding domain also comprises the dimerization capability. In the DNA-bound dimer (shown for SRF), two antiparallel amphipathic alpha-helices (alpha-I), form a coiled coil and are oriented approximately parallel on the minor groove. These helices make minor and major groove contacts, the N-terminal extensions form minor groove contacts. The bound DNA is bent and wrapped around the protein. It exhibits a compressed minor groove in the center and widened minor groove in the flanks.

Beta-Barrel alpha-helix transcription factors.

TATA-binding proteins

HMG proteins

Proteins of this class comprise a region of homology with the chromosomal non-histone HMG proteins such as HMG1. This region comprises the DNA-binding domain which in some instances such as HMG1 mediates sequence-unspecific, in other cases such LEF-1 sequence-specific binding to DNA. This domain exhibits a typical L-shaped conformation made up of 3 alpha-helices and an extended N-terminal extension of the first helix. The latter together with helix 1, which contains a kink, form the long arm of the L, whereas helices 1 and 2 form the short arm. Binding to the minor groove induces a sharp bending of the DNA by more than 90 degree, away from the bound protein. The overall topology of the DNA-protein complexes resembles somewhat that of the TBP-TATA box complex.

Heteromeric CCAAT factors

Proteins with Grainyhead domain(s)

Cold-shock domain factors. Cold-shock domain proteins are characterized by a highly conserved region first found in prokaryotic cold-shock proteins. This domain is a single-stranded nucleic acid-binding structure interacting with DNA or RNA. It consists of an antiparallel five-stranded beta-barrel, the strands of which are connected by turns and loops. Within this structure, a three-stranded beta-strand contains a conserved RNA-binding motif, RNPl. Not all CSD proteins are transcription factors. Those which specifically bind to a

certain sequence are termed Y-box proteins. Proteins of this class were previously called protamine-like domain proteins because of having a highly positively charged domain with interspersed proline residues.

Proteins with Runt homology domain

The members of this transcription factor class have been identified on the basis of their homology to a defined region within the Drosophilia protein Runt. The runt domain is part of the DNA-binding domain of these factors. It consists mainly of beta-strands, does not contain alpha-helical regions and seems to be most similar to the palm domain found in DNA polymerase beta (rat).

5. Superclass contains other transcription factors like Copper fist proteins, HMGI(Y), STAT, Pocket domain proteins and Ap2/EREBP-related factors.

The classification of transcription factors originates from TRANSFAC database:

http://transfac.gbf.de/TRANSFAC/

Reference: Heinemeyer

Several categories of proteins are coded for by clones of the invention within the overall group of "Transcription Factors".and include, among others, the following:

Dcoh: Dcoh is a bifunctional protein, complexed with biopterin. It serves as dimerization cofactor of hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 and catalyzes the dehydration of the biopterin cofactor of phenylalanine hydroxylase. The Dcoh protein has been reported by OMIN to be associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) hyperphenylalanemia (OMIN 126090, #264070). Clones in this category include fkd2_46k12.

Signal transducing proteins: Beta-transducin subunits of G-proteins contain WD-40 repeats. The beta subunits seem to be required for the replacement of GDP by GTP as well as for membrane anchoring and receptor recognition. Due to the zinc finger the novel protein seems to be a new molecule involved in signal transduction and transcription. These proteins have been reported by OMIN to be associated (as potentially diagnostic, therapeutic, causative, and/or related, etc...) with the following diseases: 1) essential hypertension (OMIN *139130). Clones in this category include utel_1i2.

* * *

The invention, therefore, specifically contemplates the following assemblages of materials, which track the above-identified fourteen functional groupings, that are useful in practicing the profiling aspects of the invention. One type of assemblage is nucleic acid-based and can include the following groupings of sequences and their derivatives: all sequences; human fetal brain sequences; brain derived sequences; human fetal kidney library sequences; kidney derived sequences; human mammary carcinoma library sequences; mammary carcinoma derived sequences; human testis library sequences; testes derived sequences; cell cycle genes; cell structure and motility genes; differentiation and development genes; intracellular transport and trafficking genes; metabolism genes; nucleic acid management genes; signal transduction genes; transmembrane protein genes; and transcription factor genes. Other assemblages contain proteins or their corresponding antibodies or antibody fragments, divided along the same groupings.

Database Applications

Because they are human genes and gene products, the inventive molecules are useful as members of a database. Such a database may be used, for example, in drug discovery and rationale drug design or in testing the novelty and non-obviousness of newly sequenced materials. In addition, they are particularly suited in designing variants for the profiling (and other) applications described herein. Hence, the following discussion of electronic embodiments applies equally to such variants, which, naturally, will be generated and stored using a computer using known methodologies.

Accordingly, one aspect of the invention contemplates a database of at least one of the inventive sequences stored on computer readable media. Again, the individual sequences may be grouped with regard to the individual functional and structural groups mentioned above. While the individual sequences of a database may exist in printed form, they are preferably in electronic form, as in an ascii or a text file. They may also exist as word processing files or they may be stored in database applications like DB2, Sybase, Oracle, GCG and GenBank. One skilled in the art will understand the range of applications suitable for using and storing the electronic embodiments of the invention.

"Computer readable media" refers to any medium which can be read and accessed by a computer. These include: magnetic storage media, like floppy discs, hard drives and magnetic tape; optical storage media, like CD-ROM; electrical storage media, like RAM

and ROM; and hybrids of these categories, like magnetic/optical storage media. One skilled in the art will readily understand the scope of computer readable media and how to implement them.

Biological Activities and Assays for Implementing Therapeutic and Diagnostic Applications

This section provides assays for biological activity that are useful in characterizing and quantifying the biological activity of the inventive molecules and their derivatives, which is relevant to the pharmacological effects of the inventive molecules. As used in this section, it will be understood that "protein" may also refer to the inventive antibodies (including fragments).

Cytokine and Cell Proliferation/Differentiation Activity

A protein of the present invention may exhibit cytokine, cell proliferation (either inducing or inhibiting) or cell differentiation (either inducing or inhibiting) activity or may induce production of other cytokines in certain cell populations. Many protein factors discovered to date, including all known cytokines, have exhibited activity in one or more factor dependent cell proliferation assays, and hence the assays serve as a convenient confirmation of cytokine activity. The activity of a protein of the present invention is evidenced by any one of a number of routine factor dependent cell proliferation assays for cell lines including, without limitation, 32D, DA2, DA1G, T10, B9, B9/11, BaF3, MC9/G, M + (preB M +), 2E8, RB5, DA1, 123, T1165, HT2, CTLL2, TF-1, Mo7e and CMK.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assays for T-cell or thymocyte proliferation include without limitation those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Bertagnolli et al., J. Immunol. 145:1706-1712, 1990; Bertagnolli et al., Cellular Immunology 133:327-341, 1991; Bertagnolli, et al., I. Immunol. 149:3778-3783, 1992; Bowman et al., I. Immunol. 152:1756-1761, 1994.

Assays for cytokine production and/or proliferation of spleen cells, lymph node cells or thymocytes include, without limitation, those described in: Polyclonal T cell stimulation, Kruisbeek, A. M. and Shevach, E. M. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 3.12.1-3.12.14, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994; and Measurement of mouse and human interleukin gamma, Schreiber, R. D. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.8.1-6.8.8, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994.

Assays for proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic and lymphopoietic cells include, without limitation, those described in: Measurement of Human and Murine Interleukin 2 and Interleukin 4, Bottomly, K., Davis, L. S. and Lipsky, P. E. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.3.1-6.3.12, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; deVries et al., J. Exp. Med. 173:1205-1211, 1991; Moreau et al., Nature 336:690-692, 1988; Greenberger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:2931-2938, 1983; Measurement of mouse and human interleukin 6-Nordan, R. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.6.1-6.6.5, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; Smith et al., Proc. Natl. Aced. Sci. U.S.A. 83:1857-1861, 1986; Measurement of human Interleukin 11-Bennett, F., Giannotti, J., Clark, S. C. and Turner, K. J. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.15.1 John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; Measurement of mouse and human Interleukin 9-Ciarletta, A., Giannotti, J., Clark, S. C. and Turner, K. J. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.13.1, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991.

Assays for T-cell clone responses to antigens (which will identify, among others, proteins that affect APC-T cell interactions as well as direct T-cell effects by measuring proliferation and cytokine production) include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function; Chapter 6, Cytokines and their cellular receptors; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Weinberger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:6091-6095, 1980; Weinberger et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 11:405-411, 1981; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988.

Immune Stimulating or Suppressing Activity

A protein of the present invention may also exhibit immune stimulating or immune suppressing activity, including without limitation the activities for which assays are described herein. A protein may be useful in the treatment of various immune deficiencies and disorders (including severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID)), e.g., in regulating (up or down) growth and proliferation of T and/or B lymphocytes, as well as effecting the cytolytic activity of NK cells and other cell populations. These immune deficiencies may be genetic or be caused by vital (e.g., HIV) as well as bacterial or fungal infections, or may result from autoimmune disorders. More specifically, infectious diseases causes by viral, bacterial, fungal or other infection may be treatable using a protein of the present invention, including infections by HIV, hepatitis viruses, herpesviruses, mycobacteria, Leishmania spp., malaria spp. and various fungal infections such as candidiasis. Of course, in this regard, a protein of the present invention may also be useful where a boost to the immune system generally may be desirable, i.e., in the treatment of cancer.

Autoimmune disorders which may be treated using a protein of the present invention include, for example, connective tissue disease, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, autoimmune pulmonary inflammation, Guillain-Barre syndrome, autoimmune thyroiditis, insulin dependent diabetes mellitis, myasthenia gravis, graft-versus-host disease and autoimmune inflammatory eye disease. Such a protein of the present invention may also to be useful in the treatment of allergic reactions and conditions, such as asthma (particularly allergic asthma) or other respiratory problems. Other conditions, in which immune suppression is desired (including, for example, organ transplantation), may also be treatable using a protein of the present invention.

Using the proteins of the invention it may also be possible to modify immune responses, in a number of ways. Down regulation may be in the form of inhibiting or blocking an immune response already in progress or may involve preventing the induction of an immune response. The functions of activated T cells may be inhibited by suppressing T cell responses or by inducing specific tolerance in T cells, or both. Immunosuppression of T cell responses is generally an active, non-antigen-specific, process which requires continuous exposure of the T cells to the suppressive agent. Tolerance, which involves inducing non-responsiveness or anergy in T cells, is distinguishable from immunosuppression in that it is generally antigen-specific and persists after exposure to the

tolerizing agent has ceased. Operationally, tolerance can be demonstrated by the lack of a T cell response upon reexposure to specific antigen in the absence of the tolerizing agent.

Down regulating or preventing one or more antigen functions (including without limitation B lymphocyte antigen functions (such as, for example, B7)), e.g., preventing high level lymphokine synthesis by activated T cells, will be useful in situations of tissue, skin and organ transplantation and in graft-versus-host disease (GVHD). For example, blockage of T cell function should result in reduced tissue destruction in tissue transplantation. Typically, in tissue transplants, rejection of the transplant is initiated through its recognition as foreign by T cells, followed by an immune reaction that destroys the transplant. The administration of a molecule which inhibits or blocks interaction of a B7 lymphocyte antigen with its natural ligand(s) on immune cells (such as a soluble, monomeric form of a peptide having B7-2 activity alone or in conjunction with a monomeric form of a peptide having an activity of another B lymphocyte antigen (e.g., B7-1, B7-3) or blocking antibody), prior to transplantation can lead to the binding of the molecule to the natural ligand(s) on the immune cells without transmitting the corresponding costimulatory signal. Blocking B lymphocyte antigen function in this matter prevents cytokine synthesis by immune cells, such as T cells, and thus acts as an immunosuppressant. Moreover, the lack of costimulation may also be sufficient to anergize the T cells, thereby inducing tolerance in a subject. Induction of long-term tolerance by B lymphocyte antigen-blocking reagents may avoid the necessity of repeated administration of these blocking reagents. To achieve sufficient immunosuppression or tolerance in a subject, it may also be necessary to block the function of a combination of B lymphocyte antigens.

The efficacy of particular blocking reagents in preventing organ transplant rejection or GVHD can be assessed using animal models that are predictive of efficacy in humans. Examples of appropriate systems which can be used include allogeneic cardiac grafts in rats and xenogeneic pancreatic islet cell grafts in mice, both of which have been used to examine the immunosuppressive effects of CTLA4Ig fusion proteins in vivo as described in Lenschow et al., Science 257:789-792 (1992) and Turka et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 89:11102-11105 (1992). In addition, murine models of GVHD (see Paul ed., Fundamental Immunology, Raven Press, New York, 1989, pp. 846-847) can be used to determine the effect of blocking B lymphocyte antigen function in vivo on the development of that disease.

Blocking antigen function may also be therapeutically useful for treating autoimmune diseases. Many autoimmune disorders are the result of inappropriate activation of T cells that are reactive against self tissue and which promote the production of cytokines and autoantibodies involved in the pathology of the diseases. Preventing the activation of autoreactive T cells may reduce or eliminate disease symptoms. Administration of reagents which block costimulation of T cells by disrupting receptor: ligand interactions of B lymphocyte antigens can be used to inhibit T cell activation and prevent production of autoantibodies or T cell-derived cytokines which may be involved in the disease process. Additionally, blocking reagents may induce antigen-specific tolerance of autoreactive T cells which could lead to long-term relief from the disease. The efficacy of blocking reagents in preventing or alleviating autoimmune disorders can be determined using a number of well-characterized animal models of human autoimmune diseases. Examples include murine experimental autoimmune encephalitis, systemic lupus erythmatosis in MRL/lpr/lpr mice or NZB hybrid mice, murine autoimmune collagen arthritis, diabetes mellitus in NOD mice and BB rats, and murine experimental myasthenia gravis (see Paul ed., Fundamental Immunology, Raven Press, New York, 1989, pp. 840-856).

Upregulation of an antigen function (preferably a B lymphocyte antigen function), as a means of up regulating immune responses, may also be useful in therapy. Upregulation of immune responses may be in the form of enhancing an existing immune response or eliciting an initial immune response. For example, enhancing an immune response through stimulating B lymphocyte antigen function may be useful in cases of viral infection. In addition, systemic viral diseases such as influenza, the common cold, and encephalitis might be alleviated by the administration of stimulatory forms of B lymphocyte antigens systemically.

Alternatively, anti-vital immune responses may be enhanced in an infected patient by removing T cells from the patient, costimulating the T cells in vitro with viral antigen-pulsed APCs either expressing a peptide of the present invention or together with a stimulatory form of a soluble peptide of the present invention and reintroducing the in vitro activated T cells into the patient. Another method of enhancing anti-viral immune responses would be to isolate infected cells from a patient, transfect them with a nucleic acid encoding a protein of the present invention as described herein such that the cells express all or a portion of the protein on their surface, and reintroduce the transfected cells into the patient.

The infected cells would now be capable of delivering a costimulatory signal to, and thereby activate, T cells in vivo.

In another application, up regulation or enhancement of antigen function (preferably B lymphocyte antigen function) may be useful in the induction of tumor immunity. Tumor cells (e.g., sarcoma, melanoma, lymphoma, leukemia, neuroblastoma, carcinoma) transfected with a nucleic acid encoding at least one peptide of the present invention can be administered to a subject to overcome tumor-specific tolerance in the subject. If desired, the tumor cell can be transfected to express a combination of peptides. For example, tumor cells obtained from a patient can be transfected ex vivo with an expression vector directing the expression of a peptide having B7-2-like activity alone, or in conjunction with a peptide having B7-1-like activity and/or B7-3-like activity. The transfected tumor cells are returned to the patient to result in expression of the peptides on the surface of the transfected cell. Alternatively, gene therapy techniques can be used to target a tumor cell for transfection in vivo.

The presence of the peptide of the present invention having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen(s) on the surface of the tumor cell provides the necessary costimulation signal to T cells to induce a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cells. In addition, tumor cells which lack MHC class I or MHC class II molecules, or which fail to reexpress sufficient mounts of MHC class I or MHC class II molecules, can be transfected with nucleic acid encoding all or a portion of (e.g., a cytoplasmic-domain truncated portion) of an MHC class I alpha chain protein and beta 2 microglobulin protein or an MHC class II alpha chain protein and an MHC class II beta chain protein to thereby express MHC class I or MHC class II proteins on the cell surface. Expression of the appropriate class I or class II MHC in conjunction with a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen (e.g., B7-1, B7-2, B7-3) induces a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cell. Optionally, a gene encoding an antisense construct which blocks expression of an MHC class II associated protein, such as the invariant chain, can also be cotransfected with a DNA encoding a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen to promote presentation of tumor associated antigens and induce tumor specific immunity. Thus, the induction of a T cell mediated immune response in a human subject may be sufficient to overcome tumor-specific tolerance in the subject.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Suitable assays for thymocyte or splenocyte cytotoxicity include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Herrmann et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2488-2492, 1981; Herrmann et al., J. Immunol. 128:1968-1974, 1982; Handa et al., J. Immunol. 135:1564-1572, 1985; Takai et al., I. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988; Herrmann et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2488-2492, 1981; Herrmann et al., J. Immunol. 128:1968-1974, 1982; Handa et al., J. Immunol. 135:1564-1572, 1985; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Bowmanet al., J. Virology 61:1992-1998; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988; Bertagnolli et al., Cellular Immunology 133:327-341, 1991; Brown et al., J. Immunol. 153:3079-3092, 1994.

Assays for T-cell-dependent immunoglobulin responses and isotype switching (which will identify, among others, proteins that modulate T-cell dependent antibody responses and that affect Th1/Th2 profiles) include, without limitation, those described in: Maliszewski, J. Immunol. 144:3028-3033, 1990; and Assays for B cell function: In vitro antibody production, Mond, J. J. and Brunswick, M. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 3.8.1-3.8.16, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994.

Mixed lymphocyte reaction (MLR) assays (which will identify, among others, proteins that generate predominantly Th1 and CTL responses) include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988; Bertagnolli et al., J. Immunol. 149:3778-3783, 1992.

Dendritic cell-dependent assays (which will identify, among others, proteins expressed by dendritic cells that activate naive T-cells) include, without limitation, those described in: Guery et al., J. Immunol. 134:536-544, 1995; Inaba et al., Journal of

Experimental Medicine 173:549-559, 1991; Macatonia et al., Journal of Immunology 154:5071-5079, 1995; Porgador et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 182:255-260, 1995; Nair et al., Journal of Virology 67:4062-4069, 1993; Huang et al., Science 264:961-965, 1994; Macatonia et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 169:1255-1264, 1989; Bhardwaj et al., Journal of Clinical Investigation 94:797-807, 1994; and Inaba et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 172:631-640, 1990.

Assays for lymphocyte survival/apoptosis (which will identify, among others, proteins that prevent apoptosis after superantigen induction and proteins that regulate lymphocyte homeostasis) include, without limitation, those described in: Darzynkiewicz et al., Cytometry 13:795-808, 1992; Gorczyca et al., Leukemia 7:659-670, 1993; Gorczyca et al., Cancer Research 53:1945-1951, 1993; Itoh et al., Cell 66:233-243, 1991; Zacharchuk, Journal of Immunology 145:4037-4045, 1990; Zamai et al., Cytometry 14:891-897, 1993; Gorczyca et al., International Journal of Oncology 1:639-648, 1992.

Assays for proteins that influence early steps of T-cell commitment and development include, without limitation, those described in: Antica et al., Blood 84:111-117, 1994; Fine et al., Cellular Immunology 155:111-122, 1994; Galy et al., Blood 85:2770-2778, 1995; Toki et al., Proc. Nat. Acad Sci. USA 88:7548-7551, 1991.

Hematopoiesis Regulating Activity

A protein of the present invention may be useful in regulation of hematopoiesis and, consequently, in the treatment of myeloid or lymphoid cell deficiencies. Even marginal biological activity in support of colony forming cells or of factor-dependent cell lines indicates involvement in regulating hematopoiesis, e.g. in supporting the growth and proliferation of erythroid progenitor cells alone or in combination with other cytokines, thereby indicating utility, for example, in treating various anemias or for use in conjunction with irradiation/chemotherapy to stimulate the production of erythroid precursors and/or erythroid cells; in supporting the growth and proliferation of myeloid cells such as granulocytes and monocytes/macrophages (i.e., traditional CSF activity) useful, for example, in conjunction with chemotherapy to prevent or treat consequent myelosuppression; in supporting the growth and proliferation of megakaryocytes and consequently of platelets thereby allowing prevention or treatment of various platelet disorders such as thrombocytopenia, and generally for use in place of or complimentary to platelet transfusions; and/or in supporting the growth and proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells which are capable of maturing to any and all of the above-mentioned hematopoietic cells and therefore find therapeutic utility in various stem cell disorders (such as those usually treated with transplantation, including, without limitation, aplastic anemia and paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria), as well as in repopulating the stem cell compartment post irradiation/chemotherapy, either in-vivo or ex-vivo (i.e., in conjunction with bone marrow transplantation or with peripheral progenitor cell transplantation (homologous or heterologous)) as normal cells or genetically manipulated for gene therapy.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Suitable assays for proliferation and differentiation of various hematopoietic lines are cited above.

Assays for embryonic stem cell differentiation (which will identify, among others, proteins that influence embryonic differentiation hematopoiesis) include, without limitation, those described in: Johansson et al. Cellular Biology 15:141-151, 1995; Keller et al., Molecular and Cellular Biology 13:473-486, 1993; McClanahan et al., Blood 81:2903-2915, 1993.

Assays for stem cell survival and differentiation (which will identify, among others, proteins that regulate lympho-hematopoiesis) include, without limitation, those described in: Methylcellulose colony forming assays, Freshney, M. G. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 265-268, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Hirayama et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5907-5911, 1992; Primitive hematopoietic colony forming cells with high proliferative potential, McNiece, I. K. and Briddell, R. A. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 23-39, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Neben et al., Experimental Hematology 22:353-359, 1994; Cobblestone area forming cell assay, Ploemacher, R. E. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 1-21, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Long term bone marrow cultures in the presence of stromal cells, Spooncer, E., Dexter, M. and Allen, T. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 163-179, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Long term culture initiating cell assay, Sutherland, H. J. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 139-162, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994.

Tissue Growth Activity

A protein of the present invention also may have utility in compositions used for bone, cartilage, tendon, ligament and/or nerve tissue growth or regeneration, as well as for wound healing and tissue repair and replacement, and in the treatment of burns, incisions and ulcers.

A protein of the present invention, which induces cartilage and/or bone growth in circumstances where bone is not normally formed, has application in the healing of bone fractures and cartilage damage or defects in humans and other animals. Such a preparation employing a protein of the invention may have prophylactic use in closed as well as open fracture reduction and also in the improved fixation of artificial joints. De novo bone formation induced by an osteogenic agent contributes to the repair of congenital, trauma induced, or oncologic resection induced craniofacial defects, and also is useful in cosmetic plastic surgery.

A protein of this invention may also be used in the treatment of periodontal disease, and in other tooth repair processes. Such agents may provide an environment to attract bone-forming cells, stimulate growth of bone-forming cells or induce differentiation of progenitors of bone-forming cells. A protein of the invention may also be useful in the

treatment of osteoporosis or osteoarthritis, such as through stimulation of bone and/or cartilage repair or by blocking inflammation or processes of tissue destruction (collagenase activity, osteoclast activity, etc.) mediated by inflammatory processes.

Another category of tissue regeneration activity that may be attributable to the protein of the present invention is tendon/ligament formation. A protein of the present invention, which induces tendon/ligament-like tissue or other tissue formation in circumstances where such tissue is not normally formed, has application in the healing of tendon or ligament tears, deformities and other tendon or ligament defects in humans and other animals. Such a preparation employing a tendon/ligament-like tissue inducing protein may have prophylactic use in preventing damage to tendon or ligament tissue, as well as use in the improved fixation of tendon or ligament to bone or other tissues, and in repairing defects to tendon or ligament tissue. De novo tendon/ligament-like tissue formation induced by a composition of the present invention contributes to the repair of congenital, trauma induced, or other tendon or ligament defects of other origin, and is also useful in cosmetic plastic surgery for attachment or repair of tendons or ligaments. The compositions of the present invention may provide environment to attract tendon- or ligament-forming cells, stimulate growth of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, induce differentiation of progenitors of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, or induce growth of tendon/ligament cells or progenitors ex vivo for return in vivo to effect tissue repair. The compositions of the invention may also be useful in the treatment of tendonitis, carpal tunnel syndrome and other tendon or ligament defects. The compositions may also include an appropriate matrix and/or sequestering agent as a carrier as is well known in the art.

The protein of the present invention may also be useful for proliferation of neural cells and for regeneration of nerve and brain tissue, i.e. for the treatment of central and peripheral nervous system diseases and neuropathies, as well as mechanical and traumatic disorders, which involve degeneration, death or trauma to neural cells or nerve tissue. More specifically, a protein may be used in the treatment of diseases of the peripheral nervous system, such as peripheral nerve injuries, peripheral neuropathy and localized neuropathies, and central nervous system diseases, such as Alzheimer's, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Shy-Drager syndrome. Further conditions which may be treated in accordance with the present invention include mechanical and traumatic disorders, such as spinal cord disorders, head trauma and

cerebrovascular diseases such as stroke. Peripheral neuropathies resulting from chemotherapy or other medical therapies may also be treatable using a protein of the invention.

Proteins of the invention may also be useful to promote better or faster closure of non-healing wounds, including without limitation pressure ulcers, ulcers associated with vascular insufficiency, surgical and traumatic wounds, and the like.

It is expected that a protein of the present invention may also exhibit activity for generation or regeneration of other tissues, such as organs (including, for example, pancreas, liver, intestine, kidney, skin, endothelium), muscle (smooth, skeletal or cardiac) and vascular (including vascular endothelium) tissue, or for promoting the growth of cells comprising such tissues. Part of the desired effects may be by inhibition or modulation of fibrotic scarring to allow normal tissue to regenerate. A protein of the invention may also exhibit angiogenic activity.

A protein of the present invention may also be useful for gut protection or regeneration and treatment of lung or liver fibrosis, reperfusion injury in various tissues, and conditions resulting from systemic cytokine damage.

A protein of the present invention may also be useful for promoting or inhibiting differentiation of tissues described above from precursor tissues or cells; or for inhibiting the growth of tissues described above.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assays for tissue generation activity include, without limitation, those described in: International Patent Publication No. WO95/16035 (bone, cartilage, tendon); International Patent Publication No. WO95/05846 (nerve, neuronal); International Patent Publication No. WO91/07491 (skin, endothelium).

Assays for wound healing activity include, without limitation, those described in: Winter, Epidermal Wound Healing, pps. 71-112 (Maibach, H. I. and Rovee, D. T., eds.), Year Book Medical Publishers, Inc., Chicago, as modified by Eaglstein and Mertz, J. Invest. Dermatol 71:382-84 (1978).

Activin/Inhibin Activity

A protein of the present invention may also exhibit activin- or inhibin-related activities. Inhibins are characterized by their ability to inhibit the release of follicle

stimulating hormone (FSH), while activins and are characterized by their ability to stimulate the release of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH). Thus, a protein of the present invention, alone or in heterodimers with a member of the inhibin alpha family, may be useful as a contraceptive based on the ability of inhibins to decrease fertility in female mammals and decrease spermatogenesis in male mammals. Administration of sufficient amounts of other inhibins can induce infertility in these mammals. Alternatively, the protein of the invention, as a homodimer or as a heterodimer with other protein subunits of the inhibin- beta group, may be useful as a fertility inducing therapeutic, based upon the ability of activin molecules in stimulating FSH release from cells of the anterior pituitary. See, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 4,798,885. A protein of the invention may also be useful for advancement of the onset of fertility in sexually immature mammals, so as to increase the lifetime reproductive performance of domestic animals such as cows, sheep and pigs.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assays for activin/inhibin activity include, without limitation, those described in: Vale et al., Endocrinology 91:562-572, 1972; Ling et al., Nature 321:779-782, 1986; Vale et al., Nature 321:776-779, 1986; Mason et al., Nature 318:659-663, 1985; Forage et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83:3091-3095, 1986.

Chemotactic/Chemokinetic Activity

A protein of the present invention may have chemotactic or chemokinetic activity (e.g., act as a chemokine) for mammalian cells, including, for example, monocytes, fibroblasts, neutrophils, T-cells, mast cells, eosinophils, epithelial and/or endothelial cells. Chemotactic and chemokinetic proteins can be used to mobilize or attract a desired cell population to a desired site of action. Chemotactic or chemokinetic proteins provide particular advantages in treatment of wounds and other trauma to tissues, as well as in treatment of localized infections. For example, attraction of lymphocytes, monocytes or neutrophils to tumors or sites of infection may result in improved immune responses against the tumor or infecting agent.

A protein or peptide has chemotactic activity for a particular cell population if it can stimulate, directly or indirectly, the directed orientation or movement of such cell population. Preferably, the protein or peptide has the ability to directly stimulate directed movement of cells. Whether a particular protein has chemotactic activity for a population of

cells can be readily determined by employing such protein or peptide in any known assay for cell chemotaxis.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assays for chemotactic activity (which will identify proteins that induce or prevent chemotaxis) consist of assays that measure the ability of a protein to induce the migration of cells across a membrane as well as the ability of a protein to induce the adhesion of one cell population to another cell population. Suitable assays for movement and adhesion include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Marguiles, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 6.12, Measurement of alpha and beta Chemokines 6.12.1-6.12.28; Taub et al. J. Clin. Invest. 95:1370-1376, 1995; Lind et al. APMIS 103:140-146, 1995; Muller et al Eur. J. Immunol. 25:1744-1748; Gruber et al. J. of Immunol. 152:5860-5867, 1994; Johnston et al. J. of Immunol. 153:1762-1768, 1994.

Hemostatic and Thrombolytic Activity

A protein of the invention may also exhibit hemostatic or thrombolytic activity. As a result, such a protein is expected to be useful in treatment of various coagulation disorders (including hereditary disorders, such as hemophilias) or to enhance coagulation and other hemostatic events in treating wounds resulting from trauma, surgery or other causes. A protein of the invention may also be useful for dissolving or inhibiting formation of thromboses and for treatment and prevention of conditions resulting therefrom (such as, for example, infarction of cardiac and central nervous system vessels (e.g., stroke).

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assay for hemostatic and thrombolytic activity include, without limitation, those described in: Linet et al., J. Clin. Pharmacol. 26:131-140, 1986; Burdick et al., Thrombosis Res. 45:413-419, 1987; Humphrey et al., Fibrinolysis 5:71-79 (1991); Schaub, Prostaglandins 35:467-474, 1988.

Receptor/Ligand Activity

A protein of the present invention may also demonstrate activity as receptors, receptor ligands or inhibitors or agonists of receptor/ligand interactions. Examples of such

receptors and ligands include, without limitation, cytokine receptors and their ligands, receptor kinases and their ligands, receptor phosphatases and their ligands, receptors involved in cell-cell interactions and their ligands (including without limitation, cellular adhesion molecules (such as selectins, integrins and their ligands) and receptor/ligand pairs involved in antigen presentation, antigen recognition and development of cellular and humoral immune responses). Receptors and ligands are also useful for screening of potential peptide or small molecule inhibitors of the relevant receptor/ligand interaction. A protein of the present invention (including, without limitation, fragments of receptors and ligands) may themselves be useful as inhibitors of receptor/ligand interactions.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Suitable assays for receptor-ligand activity include without limitation those described in:Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 7.28, Measurement of Cellular Adhesion under static conditions 7.28.1-7.28.22), Takai et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:6864-6868, 1987; Bierer et al., J. Exp. Med. 168:1145-1156, 1988; Rosenstein et al., J. Exp. Med. 169:149-160 1989; Stoltenborg et al., J. Immunol. Methods 175:59-68, 1994; Stitt et al., Cell 80:661-670, 1995.

Anti-Inflammatory Activity

Proteins of the present invention may also exhibit anti-inflammatory activity. The anti-inflammatory activity may be achieved by providing a stimulus to cells involved in the inflammatory response, by inhibiting or promoting cell-cell interactions (such as, for example, cell adhesion), by inhibiting or promoting chemotaxis of cells involved in the inflammatory process, inhibiting or promoting cell extravasation, or by stimulating or suppressing production of other factors which more directly inhibit or promote an inflammatory response. Proteins exhibiting such activities can be used to treat inflammatory conditions including chronic or acute conditions), including without limitation intimation associated with infection (such as septic shock, sepsis or systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS)), ischemia-reperfusion injury, endotoxin lethality, arthritis, complement-mediated hyperacute rejection, nephritis, cytokine or chemokine-induced lung injury, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease or resulting from over production of

cytokines such as TNF or IL-1. Proteins of the invention may also be useful to treat anaphylaxis and hypersensitivity to an antigenic substance or material.

Tumor Inhibition Activity

In addition to the activities described above for immunological treatment or prevention of tumors, a protein of the invention may exhibit other anti-tumor activities. A protein may inhibit tumor growth directly or indirectly (such as, for example, via ADCC). A protein may exhibit its tumor inhibitory activity by acting on tumor tissue or tumor precursor tissue, by inhibiting formation of tissues necessary to support tumor growth (such as, for example, by inhibiting angiogenesis), by causing production of other factors, agents or cell types which inhibit tumor growth, or by suppressing, eliminating or inhibiting factors, agents or cell types which promote tumor growth.

Other Activities

A protein of the invention may also exhibit one or more of the following additional activities or effects: inhibiting the growth, infection or function of, or killing, infectious agents, including, without limitation, bacteria, viruses, fungi and other parasites; effecting (suppressing or enhancing) bodily characteristics, including, without limitation, height, weight, hair color, eye color, skin, fat to lean ratio or other tissue pigmentation, or organ or body part size or shape (such as, for example, breast augmentation or diminution, change in bone form or shape); effecting biorhythms or caricadic cycles or rhythms; effecting the fertility of male or female subjects; effecting the metabolism, catabolism, anabolism, processing, utilization, storage or elimination of dietary fat, lipid, protein, carbohydrate, vitamins, minerals, cofactors or other nutritional factors or component(s); effecting behavioral characteristics, including, without limitation, appetite, libido, stress, cognition (including cognitive disorders), depression (including depressive disorders) and violent behaviors; providing analgesic effects or other pain reducing effects; promoting differentiation and growth of embryonic stem cells in lineages other than hematopoietic lineages; hormonal or endocrine activity; in the case of enzymes, correcting deficiencies of the enzyme and treating deficiency-related diseases; treatment of hyperproliferative disorders (such as, for example, psoriasis); immunoglobulin-like activity (such as, for example, the ability to bind antigens or complement); and the ability to act as an antigen in

a vaccine composition to raise an immune response against such protein or another material or entity which is cross-reactive with such protein.

Particular Applications for Certain Clones

The following sets out a non-exclusive list of applications for certain embodiments of the invention. In the interest of economy, applications relevant to multiple embodiments are not duplicated in this list. Other embodiments described in below have similar characteristics, as described therein. The artisan is directed, therefore, to this section for similar descriptions of the functions of other embodiment.

Testes

htes3_15c24: The new protein can find application in modulation of 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenases-dependent pathways and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

htes3_15i5: The new protein can find application in modulating the structure of the human spermatozoa radia spoke head and modulation of sperm motility in men.

htes3_15k11: The novel protein contains a protein kinase ATP-binding region signature and a serine/threonine protein kinase active-site signature. The new protein can find application in modulation of intracellular signal pathways dependent on this kinase.

htes3_17n12: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of SOX-controlled genes.

htes3_20k2: The new protein can find application as a target for the development of new nociception-modulating drugs.

htes3_20m18: The new protein can find application in modulation of mitochondrial DNA replication and maintenance.

htes3_20d4: The new protein can find application in the regulation of gene expression by activition of nuclear GTP-binding proteins. The X-linked retinitis pigmentosa is a result of a defect GTPase regulator, which contains a RCC1-type repeat.

htes3_21j15: NY-CO-33 is a protein recognised by autologous antibodies of human colon cancer patients. The novel protein contains 4 C2H2 Zinc fingers and is a new putativ transcription factor. The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of genes controlled by this transcription factor.

The new protein can find application in modulating chromosome transport in mitosis and meiosis and modulation of cell division.

htes3_26g22: The new protein can find application in modulating chromosome transport in mitosis and meiosis and modulation of cell division. The novel TBP-binding protein is considered to participate in transcription regulation through the interaction with TBP. The new protein can find application in modulation of gene transcription.

htes3_21116: The new protein can find application in modulation of protein translocation into the endoplasmic reticulum.

httes3_27d1: The novel protein can find application in modulation of ubiquitin- and protein metabolism in cells.

htes3_2m18: The novel protein can find application as multifunctional nuclease / exoribonuclease.

htes3_35b4: The new protein can find application in modulation of the mitotic spindle.

htes3_35b5: The novel protein can find application in modulating the v-ATPase activity in endocytic and secretory organelles.

htes3_35e21: Due to the close relationship to human interleukin-7, the novel interleukin is expected to act as a new growth factor for human B lineage cells. Additionally, the protein should induce the gene rearrangement of the T-cell receptor repertoire, leading to thymocyte commitment, and subsequently induce both cytotoxic T-cell- and lymphocyte-activated killer cells. This new interleukin could find clinical application in a variety of conditions of hematolymphopoietic failure and different tumours, because of its recruitment of B cell lineage cells, cytotoxic T-cell- and lymphocyte-activated killer cells.

htes3_35k16: Therefore it is a new fatty acid-CoA synthetasese/ligase with unknown substrate. The new protein can find application in modulation of fatty acid metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

htes3_35n12: The new protein can find application in modulation of ADP-transport and energy metabolism in cells/mitochondria.

htes3_35n9: The new protein can find application in modulation of carboxylester metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

htes3_35p22: The novel protein is closely raleted to human tre-2 and other enzymes involved in the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The human tre-2 oncogene encodes a deubiquitinating enzyme, indicating a role for the ubiquitin system in mammalian growth control. The novel protein can find application in cancer diagnostics and treatment, and in regulating protein stability and growth control via regulation of ubiquitination.

htes3_4h6: The novel kinesin protein can find application in modulating the function of kinesin and modulating intracellular transport via/on microtubules.

htes3_72k15: FGD1-related F-actin-binding protein (Farbin/FGD1) is a novel F-actin-binding protein. The gene locus fgd1 seems to be responsible for faciogenital dysplasia or Aarskog-Scott syndrome. Frabin binds F-actin and shows F-actin-cross-linking activity. Overexpression of frabin in Swiss 3T3 cells and COS7 cells induces cell shape change and c-Jun N-terminal kinase activation, as described for FGD1. Because FGD1 has been shown to serve as a GDP/GTP exchange protein for Cdc42 small G protein, it is likely that frabin is a direct linker between Cdc42 and the actin cytoskeleton. Cdc42p is an esin yeast, Cdc42p transduces signals to the actin cytoskeleton to initiate and maintain polarized growth and to mitogen-activated protein morphogenesis. In mammalian cells, Cdc42p regulates a variety of actin-dependent events and induces the JNK/SAPK protein kinase cascade, which leads to the activation of transcription factors within the nucleus. The novel protein seems to be the human orthologue of rat frabin.

The new protein can find application in modulating of cell structure and motility as well as modulation of the JNK/SAPK pathway.

htes3_72p16: As Mem3, the novel protein is similar to yeast VPS (vacuolar protein sorting) 35. The null allele of VPS35 results in yeast in a differential defect in the sorting of vacuolar carboxypeptidase Y (CPY), proteinase A (PrA), proteinase B (PrB), and alkaline phosphatase (ALP). The new protein can find application in modulation the sorting of proteins into different compartments.

htes3_7b22: The novel protein is related to paramyosin, a major structural component of thick filaments and invertebrate muscle. Paramyosins are promising antigens for immunization against several parasites, such as Schistosoma mansoni. The new protein can find application in modulating cell adhesion/motility and membrane/cyto skeleton structure and dynamic.

htes3_7j3: The new protein is closely related to C-Tak1 and therefore should be involved in cell-cycle regulation, too. The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the cell cycle.

htes3_7p9: The nuclear domain (ND)10 also described as POD or Kr bodies is involved in the development of acute promyelocytic leukemia and virus-host interactions. The NDP52 protein is part of this complex structure. In vivo, NDP52 is transcribed in all human tissues, but is redistributed upon viral infection and interferon treatment. ND10 plays an important role in the viral life cycle. The novel protein is similar to NDP52. It contains three leucine zippers and a RGD cell attachment site. This protein seems to be a novel part of the ND819) complex. The new protein can find application in modulation of viral infections and tumour events.

htes3_8m10: The poly(A)-binding protein (PABP) binds to the messenger (mRNA) 3'-poly(A) tail found on most eukaryotic mRNAs and together with the poly(A) tail has been implicated in governing the stability and the translation of mRNA. The new protein can find application in modulation of mRNA translation and processing/stability.

Kidney

hfkd2_24b15: The new protein can find application in modulation of hexose metabolism pathways and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

hfkd2_24n20: The new protein seems to be part of the signalling pathway between tyrosine kinases and the membrane/cyto skeleton. The new protein can find application in modulating cell adhesion/motility and membrane/cyto skeleton structure and dynamics.

hfkd2_3o17: The new protein can find application in modulation of the respiratory electron transport chain pathways of mitochondria.

hfkd2_46j20: The new protein can find application in modulating the homoprotocatechuate degradative pathway and as a enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

hfkd2_46k19: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of genes controlled by the hepatocyte nuclear factor-1.

hfkd2_46m4: SAR1 proteins are involved in vesicular transport between the endoplasmic reticulum and the Golgi apparatus.

hfkd2_46k14: rab6 is a ubiquitous ras-like GTPase involved in intra-Golgi transport. The new protein can find application in modulating the transport of vesicles inside the Golgi apparatus.

Uterus Associated:

hutel_18i19: The SREBP-2 protein is embedded in the membranes of the nucleus and endoplasmic reticulum. In cholesterol-depleted cells the proteins are cleaved to release soluble NH2-terminal fragments that enter the nucleus and activate genes encoding the low density lipoprotein receptor and enzymes of cholesterol synthesis. The new protein is a putative transcription factor capable of protein-protein interaction via a lim domain and additionally shows similarity to the common sunflower transcription factor SF3.

hutel_1811: The novel protein is similar to several 40S ribosomal proteins and therefore seems to part of the corresponding ribosome sub-unit.

hutel_19g22: The new protein can find application in modulation of tissue-calcification, especially the uterus.

hutel_19h17: The new protein can find application in modulating the response of cells to oxysterols.

hutel_20b19: The novel protein seems to be a novel enzyme with sarcosine oxidase activity. The new protein can find application in modulation of sarcosine metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

hutel_20g21: The novel protein seems to be a new ras inhibitor protein. The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking ras dependent signal transduction pathways.

hutel_20h13: The novel protein is a new human alpha-adaptin. The new protein can find application in modulating endocytosis and vesicle trafficking in cells.

hutel_20m11: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the activity of protein phosphatase-1 and in modulating the cell cycle.

hutel_20m24: This protein is a putative mannosyl transferase that is involved in the assembly of the core oligosaccharide Glc3Man9GlcNAc2. The new protein can find application in modulation of glycosylation of proteins and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

hutel_22e12: The new protein can find application in modulating the cornichon modulated signal transduction way and also the EGF receptor signaling processes.

hutel_23e13: The novel protein contains a serine protease of the subtilase family with an aspartic acid-containing active site. The new protein can find application in modulation of proteinase activity in cells and as a new enzyme for proteomics and biotechnologic production processes.

hutel_24j6: The new protein can find application in modulation of cell-cell-adhesion.

hutel_24h3: The new protein can find application as a useful marker for chondro-osteogenic cell differentiation and for the modulation of chondro-osteogenic cell differentiation.

Fetal Brain:

hfbr2_16c16: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking of cyto skeleton-membrane protein interaction.

hfbr2_23b21: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the guanylate cyclase-pathway.

hfbr2_23b10: The new protein can find application in modulation of splicing.

hfbr2_2b5: The novel protein contains the typical (xxG)n repeat of collagen proteins and a Pfam von Willebrand factor type A domain. Therefore, the protein seems to be a new collagen alpha chain. The new protein can find application in modulation of connective tissue, bone and cartilage development and maintainance.

hfbr2_2c17: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking G-protein-dependent pathways.

hfbr2_2d15: The new protein can find application in modulating early spermatogenesis.

hfbr2_2i17: The new protein can find clinical application in modulating the transport of glycoproteins inside cells, especially of the LDL receptor.

hfbr2_2k14: Tumour-suppressor genes are known to be involved in the control of cell growth and division, interacting with proteins which control the cell cycle. The N33 gene is significantly methylated in tumour cells, a mechanism by which tumor-suppressor genes are inactivated in cancer. In addition, the novel protein contains a RGD cell attachment site. Therefore the novel protein is a new putative tumour-suppressor gene.

hfbr_3c18: RNA helicases comprise a large family of proteins that are involved in basic biological systems such as nuclear and mitochondrial splicing processes, RNA editing, rRNA processing, translation initiation, nuclear mRNA export, and mRNA degradation. RNA helicases are essential factors in cell development and differentiation, and some of them play a role in transcription and replication of viral single-stranded RNA genomes. The members of the largest subgroup, the DEAD and DEAH box proteins, exhibit a strong dependence of the unwinding activity on ATP hydrolysis. The novel protein contains a DEAD-box and is a new member of this subgroup.

hfbr_3g8: The new protein can find application modulating NAT assembly and action and therefore be important in metabolism of drugs and environmental mutagens.

hfbr2_62b11: The rac small GTPase is associated with type-I phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase and regulating the production of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate. The new protein is expected to activate p21rac-related small GTPases.

hfbr2_62017: The new protein can find application in modulation of cholesterol binding and transport by LDL-receptors and LDL-binding proteins.

hfbr_6b24: The new protein can find application in modulation of rhamnose metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

hfbr_72b18: The new protein can find application in modulating DNA repair and mutagenesis.

hfbr_78c4: The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the response of cells to interferons.

hfbr_78k24: These enzymes are involved in the processing of poly-ubiquitin precursors as well as that of ubiquinated proteins. The new protein can find application in modulation of protein stability/degradation in cells.

hfbr_82e4: The new protein can find clinical application in modulating/blocking calmodulin-mediated pathways in human neuronal cells.

VARIANTS OF THE INVENTIVE DNA MOLECULES

Variants in General

"Variants," according to the invention, include DNA and/or protein molecules that resemble, structurally and/or functionally, those set forth in herein. Variants may be isolated from natural sources ("homologs"), may be entirely synthetic or may be based in part on both natural and synthetic approaches.

The section set forth below presents various structural and functional characteristics of molecules within the invention. Preferred molecules are characterized by a combination of one or more of these characteristics. For instance, some preferred molecules are described with reference to at least two structural characteristics, while others may be described with reference to at least one structural and at least one functional characteristic.

It will be recognized by the skilled artisan that structure ultimately defines function, i.e. the functions of the molecules described herein derives from the structures of those

molecules. Accordingly, the structural variants described below that bear the closest structural relationship (as variously defined below) to the inventive molecules are the variants that most likely will preserve biological function. This relationship between structure and function will guide the skilled artisan in identifying the preferred embodiments of the invention.

Splicing Variants

It is well-known that eukaryotic structural genes are comprised of both protein coding and non-coding portions. When the messenger RNA is transcribed from the DNA template, it contains introns, which are non-coding, and exons, which are coding. In order to form a translation competent mRNA, the introns must be "spliced" out of this initial pre mRNA.

Specific sequences within the pre mRNA represent "splice junctions" that direct the cellular splicing machinery to the appropriate position. The splice junctions are loosely conserved sequence regions of the pre mRNA, which almost invariably begin with GT and end with AG (DNA perspective). The 5' end of the splice junction typically contains about nine somewhat conserved residues, for example, C/AAGTA/GAGT. The 3' end usually contains a pyrimidine rich stretch of at least about 11 nucleotides, followed by NC/TAGG. Splicing occurs before the GT and after the AG. Mount, Nucleic Acids Res. 10:459-72 (1982).

Interestingly, exons often correspond to discrete functional domains of the protein product. The intron/exon arrangement thus creates a linear array of nucleotides which can be correlated to discrete, and often interchangeable, functional protein fragments. Go, *Nature* 291:90-92 (1981); Branden *et al.*, *EMBO J.* 3:1307-10 (1984). This linear arrangement creates the possibility of generating multiple different full length proteins by rearranging the order of the different functional portions in the array. For example, if a set of exons are arranged 1-2-3-4, where (-) represents the introns separating the exons, a splicing event need not simply produce 1234, but may produce 123, 134, 124 and so on. Production of different mRNA products in this way is commonly called "alternative splicing." Andreadis *et al.*, *Ann. Rev. Cell Biol.* 3:207-42 (1987).

Some of the present DNA molecules can be represented in modular fashion in terms of their coding regions. Essentially, these modules are exons (though each "exon" may in fact be made up of several exons), which may be combined in different ways to form a variety of

different DNA molecules, each encoding a different functional protein. Splicing variants are indicated below.

Degenerate Variants

One aspect of the present invention provides "degenerate variants" of the nucleic acid fragments of the present invention. A "degenerate variant" is a nucleotide fragment which differs from those of inventive molecules by nucleotide sequence, but due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, encodes an identical polypeptide sequence.

Given the known relationship between DNA sequences and the proteins they encode, degenerate variants typically are described by reference to this relationship. It is well known that the degeneracy of the genetic code results in many possible DNA sequences which encode a particular protein. Indeed, of the three bases which comprise an amino acid-encoding triplet, the third position, and often the second, almost always may vary. This fact alone allows for a class of variant DNA molecules which encode protein sequences identical to those disclosed herein, yet have about 30% sequence variation. In other words, the variant DNA molecules are about 70% identical to the inventive DNAs, having no additional or deleted sequences. Thus, one aspect of the invention provides degenerate variant DNA molecules encoding the inventive protein sequences.

In one embodiment, these variants have at least about 70% sequence identity with the DNA molecules described herein. In a preferred embodiment, these variants have at least about 80% sequence identity to the inventive molecules. In a more preferred embodiment these variants have at least about 90% sequence identity with the inventive molecules.

Conservative Amino Acid Variants

Variants according to the invention also may be made that conserve the overall molecular structure of the encoded proteins. Given the properties of the individual amino acids comprising the disclosed protein products, some rational substitutions will be recognized by the skilled worker. Amino acid substitutions, *i.e.* "conservative substitutions," may be made, for instance, on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues involved.

For example: (a) nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan, and methionine; (b) polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine;

(c) positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine, and histidine; and (d) negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid. Substitutions typically may be made within groups (a)-(d). In addition, glycine and proline may be substituted for one another based on their ability to disrupt α-helices. Similarly, certain amino acids, such as alanine, cysteine, leucine, methionine, glutamic acid, glutamine, histidine and lysine are more commonly found in α-helices, while valine, isoleucine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, tryptophan and threonine are more commonly found in β-pleated sheets. Glycine, serine, aspartic acid, asparagine, and proline are commonly found in turns. Some preferred substitutions may be made among the following groups: (i) S and T; (ii) P and G; and (iii) A, V, L and I. Given the known genetic code, and recombinant and synthetic DNA techniques, the skilled scientist readily can construct DNAs encoding the conservative amino acid variants.

As used herein, "sequence identity" between two polypeptide sequences indicates the percentage of amino acids that are identical between the sequences. "Sequence similarity" indicates the percentage of amino acids that either are identical or that represent conservative amino acid substitutions.

Functionally Equivalent Variants

Yet another class of DNA variants within the scope of the invention may be described with reference to the product they encode. As shown below, some of the inventive DNA molecules encode a protein having a degree of homology with known proteins, or protein domains. It is expected, therefore, that they will have some or all of the requisite functional features of such molecules. These "functionally equivalent variants" products are characterized by the fact that they are functionally equivalent, with respect to biological activity, to certain known molecules.

The instant invention provides information on common structural motifs, including consensus sequences that will guide the artisan in constructing functionally equivalent variants. It will be understood that the motifs, identified for each inventive protein, may be modified within the identified consensus sequences. Thus, the invention contemplates the proteins disclosed herein that contain variability in the consensus sequences identified, and the invention further contemplates the full range of nucleic acids encoding them, and the complements of those nucleic acids.

Hybridizing Variants

DNA variants within the invention also may be described by reference to their physical properties in hybridization. One skilled in the field will recognize that DNA can be used to identify its complement and, since DNA is double stranded, its equivalent or homolog, using nucleic acid hybridization techniques. It will also be recognized that hybridization can occur with less than 100% complementarity. However, given appropriate choice of conditions, hybridization techniques can be used to differentiate among DNA sequences based on their structural relatedness to a particular probe. For guidance regarding such conditions see, for example, Sambrook et al., 1989, MOLECULAR CLONING, A LABORATORY MANUAL, Cold Spring Harbor Press, N.Y.; and Ausubel et al., 1989, CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, Green Publishing Associates and Wiley Interscience, N.Y.

Structural relatedness between two polynucleotide sequences can be expressed as a function of "stringency" of the conditions under which the two sequences will hybridize with one another. As used herein, the term "stringency" refers to the extent that the conditions disfavor hybridization. Stringent conditions strongly disfavor hybridization, and only the most structurally related molecules will hybridize to one another under such conditions. Conversely, non-stringent conditions favor hybridization of molecules displaying a lesser degree of structural relatedness. Hybridization stringency, therefore, directly correlates with the structural relationships of two nucleic acid sequences. The following relationships are useful in correlating hybridization and relatedness (where T_m is the melting temperature of a nucleic acid duplex):

a.
$$T_m = 69.3 + 0.41(G+C)\%$$

- b. The T_m of a duplex DNA decreases by 1°C with every increase of 1% in the number of mismatched base pairs.
- c. $(T_m)_{\mu 2} (T_m)_{\mu 1} = 18.5 \log_{10} \mu 2/\mu 1$ where $\mu 1$ and $\mu 2$ are the ionic strengths of two solutions.

Hybridization stringency is a function of many factors, including overall DNA concentration, ionic strength, temperature, probe size and the presence of agents which disrupt hydrogen bonding. Factors promoting hybridization include high DNA

concentrations, high ionic strengths, low temperatures, longer probe size and the absence of agents that disrupt hydrogen bonding.

Hybridization usually is done in two stages. First, in the "binding" stage, the probe is bound to the target under conditions favoring hybridization. Stringency is usually controlled at this stage by altering the temperature. For high stringency, the temperature is usually between 65°C and 70°C, unless short (<20 nt) oligonucleotide probes are used. A representative hybridization solution comprises 6X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 5X Denhardt's solution and 100μg of non-specific carrier DNA. See Ausubel et al., supra, section 2.9, supplement 27 (1994). Of course many different, yet functionally equivalent, buffer conditions are known. Where the degree of relatedness is lower, a lower temperature may be chosen. Low stringency binding temperatures are between about 25°C and 40°C. Medium stringency is between at least about 40°C to less than about 65°C. High stringency is at least about 65°C.

Second, the excess probe is removed by washing. It is at this stage that more stringent conditions usually are applied. Hence, it is this "washing" stage that is most important in determining relatedness via hybridization. Washing solutions typically contain lower salt concentrations. One exemplary medium stringency solution contains 2X SSC and 0.1% SDS. A high stringency wash solution contains the equivalent (in ionic strength) of less than about 0.2X SSC, with a preferred stringent solution containing about 0.1X SSC. The temperatures associated with various stringencies are the same as discussed above for "binding." The washing solution also typically is replaced a number of times during washing. For example, typical high stringency washing conditions comprise washing twice for 30 minutes at 55° C. and three times for 15 minutes at 60° C.

The present invention includes nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to the inventive molecules under high stringency binding and washing conditions. More preferred molecules (from an mRNA perspective) are those that are at least 50 % of the length of any one of those depicted in below. Particularly preferred molecules are at least 75 % of the length of those molecules.

Substitutions, Insertions, Additions and Deletions

In a general sense, the preferred DNA variants of the invention are those that retain the closest relationship, as described by "sequence identity" to the inventive DNA molecules. According to another aspect of the invention, therefore, substitutions, insertions, additions and deletions of defined properties are contemplated. It will be recognized that sequence

identity between two polynucleotide sequences, as defined herein, generally is determined with reference to the protein coding region of the sequences. Thus, this definition does not at all limit the amount of DNA, such as vector DNA, that may be attached to the molecules described herein. Preferred DNA sequence variants include molecules encoding proteins sharing some or all of any relevant biological activity of the native molecule.

In creating these variants, the skilled worker will be guided by reference to the protein structure. First, insertions and deletions in any recognized functional domain, above, generally should be avoided, except as noted below in the section entitled "Proteins," where this domain is discussed in detail. Alterations in such domains usually will be limited to conservative amino acid substitutions. In addition, where insertions and deletions are desired, this may be accomplished at the N- and/or C-terminus of the protein molecule (or the corresponding coding regions of the DNA). If insertions or deletions are made within the protein, deletions of major structural features usually should be avoided. Thus, a preferred place to make insertion or deletion variants is in non-structural regions, such as linker regions between two alpha helices.

"Substitutions" generally refer to alterations in the DNA sequence which do not change its overall length, but only alter one or more nucleotide positions, substituting one for another in the common sense of the word. One class of preferred substitutions, "degenerate substitutions," are those that do not alter the encoded amino acid sequence. Some substitutions retains 50%, 55%, 60% or 65% identity. Preferred substitutions retain at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least 70% or 75% identity, with the inventive DNAs. Some more preferred molecules have at least about 80% identity, more preferably at least 80% or 85% identity. Particularly preferred DNAs share at least about 90% identity, more preferably at least 90% or 95% identity.

"Insertions," unlike substitutions, alter the overall length of the DNA molecule, and thus sometimes the encoded protein. Insertions add extra nucleotides to the interior (not the 5' or 3' ends) of the subject DNAs. Preferred insertions are made with reference to the protein sequence encoded by the DNA. Thus, it is most preferred to provide an insertion in the DNA at a location that corresponds to an area of the encoded protein which lacks structure. For instance, it typically would not be beneficial, if the preservation of biological activity is desired, to provide an insertion within an alpha-helical region or a beta-pleated sheet. Accordingly, non-structural areas, such as those containing helix-breaking glycines

and proline residues, are most preferred sites of insertion. Other preferred sites of insertion are the splice sites, which are indicated above in the description of the inventive DNA molecules.

While the optimal size of insertions will vary depending upon the site of insertion and its effect on the overall conformation of the encoded protein, some general guides are useful. Generally, the total insertions (irrespective of their number) should not add more than about 30% (or preferably not more than 30%) to the overall size of the encoded protein. More preferably, the insertion adds less than about 10-20% (yet more preferably 10-20%) in size, with less than about 10% being most preferred. The number of insertions is limited only by the number of suitable insertions sites, and secondarily by the foregoing size preferences.

"Additions," like insertions, also add to the overall size of the DNA molecule, and usually the encoded protein. However, instead of being made within the molecule, they are made on the 5' or 3' end, usually corresponding to the N- or C- terminus of the encoded protein. Unlike deletions, additions are not very size-dependent. Indeed, additions may be of virtually any size. Preferred additions, however, do not exceed about 100% of the size of the native molecule. More preferably, they add less than about 60 to 30% to the overall size, with less than about 30% being most preferred.

"Deletions" diminish the overall size of the DNA and, therefore, also reduce the size of the protein encoded by that DNA. Deletions may be made from either end of the molecule or internal to it. Typical preferred deletions remove discrete structural features of the encoded protein. For example, some deletions will comprise the deletion of one or more exons which may define a structural feature. Preferred deletions remove less than about 30% of the size of the subject molecule. More preferred deletions remove less than about 20% and most preferred deletions remove less than about 10%.

Computer-Defined Variants and Definition of "Sequence Identity"

In general, both the DNA and protein molecules of the invention can be defined with reference to "sequence identity." As used herein, "sequence identity" refers to a comparison made between two molecules using, for example, the standard Smith-Waterman algorithm that is well known in the art.

Some molecules have at lease about 50%, 55% or 60% identity. Preferred molecules are those having at least about 65% sequence identity, more preferably at least 65% or 70% sequence identity. Other preferred molecules have at least about 80%, more preferably at

least 80% or 85%, sequence identity. Particularly preferred molecules have at least about 90% sequence identity, more preferably at least 90% sequence identity. Most preferred molecules have at least about 95%, more preferably at least 95%, sequence identity. As used herein, two nucleic acid molecules or proteins are said to "share significant sequence identity" if the two contain regions which possess greater than 85% sequence (amino acid or nucleic acid) identity.

"Sequence identity" is defined herein with reference the Blast 2 algorithm, which is available at the NCBI (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST), using default parameters. References pertaining to this algorithm include: those found at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/blast_references.html; Altschul, S.F., Gish, W., Miller, W., Myers, E.W. & Lipman, D.J. (1990) "Basic local alignment search tool." J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410; Gish, W. & States, D.J. (1993) "Identification of protein coding regions by database similarity search." Nature Genet. 3:266-272; Madden, T.L., Tatusov, R.L. & Zhang, J. (1996) "Applications of network BLAST server" Meth. Enzymol. 266:131-141; Altschul, S.F., Madden, T.L., Schäffer, A.A., Zhang, J., Zhang, Z., Miller, W. & Lipman, D.J. (1997) "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs." Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402; and Zhang, J. & Madden, T.L. (1997) "PowerBLAST: A new network BLAST application for interactive or automated sequence analysis and annotation." Genome Res. 7:649-656.

METHODS OF MAKING VARIANTS

It will be recognized that variants of the inventive molecules can be constructed in several different ways. For example, they may be constructed as completely synthetic DNAs. Methods of efficiently synthesizing oligonucleotides in the range of 20 to about 150 nucleotides are widely available. See Ausubel et al., supra, section 2.11, Supplement 21 (1993). Overlapping oligonucleotides may be synthesized and assembled in a fashion first reported by Khorana et al., J. Mol. Biol. 72:209-217 (1971); see also Ausubel et al, Section 8.2. The synthetic DNAs are designed with convenient restriction sites engineered at the 5' and 3' ends of the gene to facilitate cloning into an appropriate vector.

An alternative method of generating variants is to start with one of the inventive DNAs and then to conduct site-directed mutagenesis. See Ausubel et al., supra, chapter 8, Supplement 37 (1997). In a typical method, a target DNA is cloned into a single-stranded

DNA bacteriophage vehicle. Single-stranded DNA is isolated and hybridized with a oligonucleotide containing the desired nucleotide alteration(s). The complementary strand is synthesized and the double stranded phage is introduced into a host. Some of the resulting progeny will contain the desired mutant, which can be confirmed using DNA sequencing. In addition, various methods are available that increase the probability that the progeny phage will be the desired mutant. These methods are well known to those in the field and kits are commercially available for generating such mutants.

ISOLATING HOMOLOGS

Methods

By using the sequences disclosed herein as probes or as primers, and techniques such as PCR cloning and colony/plaque hybridization, one skilled in the art can obtain homologs. "Homologs" are essentially naturally-occurring variants and include allelic, species-specific and tissue-specific variants.

Region-specific primers or probes derived from the nucleotide sequence(s) provided can be used to prime DNA synthesis and PCR amplification, as well as to identify colonies containing cloned DNA encoding a homolog using known methods (Innis *et al.*, *PCR Protocols*, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1990)). Such an application is useful in diagnostic methods, as described in more detail below, as well as in preparing full-length DNAs from various sources. The PCR primers are preferably at least 15 bases, and more preferably at least 18 bases in length. When selecting a primer sequence, it is preferred that the primer pairs have approximately the same G/C ratio, so that melting temperatures are approximately the same. As a general guide, the formula $3(G+C) + 2(A+T) = {}^{\circ}C$, is useful.

When using primers derived from the inventive sequences, one skilled in the art will recognize that by employing high stringency conditions (e.g., annealing at 50-60°C), only sequences with greater than 75% sequence identity to the primer will be amplified. By employing lower stringency conditions (e.g., annealing at 35-37°C), sequences which have greater than 40-50% sequence identity to the primer also will be amplified.

The PCR product may be subcloned and sequenced to confirm that it indeed displays the expected sequence identity. The PCR fragment may then be used to isolate a full length cDNA clone by a variety of methods. For example, the amplified fragment may be labeled

and used to screen a bacteriophage cDNA library. Alternatively, the labeled fragment may be used to screen a genomic library.

PCR technology may also be utilized to isolate full length cDNA sequences. For example, RNA may be isolated, following standard procedures, from an appropriate cellular or tissue source. A reverse transcription reaction may be performed on the RNA using an oligonucleotide primer specific for the most 5' end of the amplified fragment for the priming of first strand synthesis. The resulting RNA/DNA hybrid may then be "tailed" with guanines using a standard terminal transferase reaction, the hybrid may be digested with RNAase H, and second strand synthesis may then be primed with a poly-C primer. Thus, cDNA sequences upstream of the amplified fragment may easily be isolated. For a review of cloning strategies which may be used, see e.g., Sambrook et al., 1989, supra.

When using DNA probes derived from the inventive sequences for colony/plaque hybridization, one skilled in the art will recognize that by employing medium to high stringency conditions (e.g., hybridizing at 50-65°C in 5X SSPC and 50% formamide, and washing at 50-65°C in 0.5X SSPC), sequences having regions with greater than 90% sequence identity to the probe can be obtained, and that by employing lower stringency conditions (e.g., hybridizing at 35-37°C in 5X SSPC and 40-45% formamide, and washing at 42°C in SSPC), sequences having regions with greater than 35-45% sequence identity to the probe will be obtained.

Suitably, genomic or cDNA libraries can be constructed and screened in accord with the previous paragraph. The libraries should be derived from a tissue or organism that is known to express the gene of interest, or that is suspected of expressing the gene. The clone containing the homolog may then be purified through methods routinely practiced in the art, and subjected to sequence analysis.

Additionally, an expression library can be constructed utilizing DNA isolated from or cDNA synthesized from a tissue or organism that is known to express the gene of interest, or that is suspected of expressing the gene. In this manner, clones may be induced and screened using standard antibody screening techniques in conjunction with antibodies raised against the normal gene product, as described herein. (For screening techniques, see, for example, Harlow, E. and Lane, eds., 1988, ANTIBODIES: A LABORATORY MANUAL, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor Press.)

Human Homologs

Any organism or tissue can be used as the source for homologs of the present invention so long as the organism or tissue naturally expresses such a protein or contains genes encoding the same. The most preferred organism for isolating homologs is human.

PROTEINS OF THE INVENTION

One class of proteins included within the invention is encoded by the inventive DNA molecules presented. Other proteins according to the invention are those encoded by the DNA variants described above. As noted, these variants are designed with the encoded proteins in mind.

A preferred class of protein fragments includes those fragments which retain any biological activity. These molecules share functional features common the family of proteins, although these characteristics may vary in degree.

According to one aspect of the invention fragments of the inventive proteins are contemplated. Some preferred fragments are those which are capable of eliciting an immune response. Generally these "antigenic" fragments will be from about five amino acids in length to about fifty amino acids in length. Some preferred antigenic fragments are from five to about twenty amino acids long. "Antigenic" response may refer to a T cell response, a B cell response or a response by cells of the macrophage/monocyte lineages. In most cases, however, it will refer to the immune response involved in the generation of antibodies. In other words, the relevant immune response is that of helper T cells and/or B cells. These preferred molecules comprise one or more T cell and /or B cell epitopes.

ANTIBODIES OF THE INVENTION

Antibodies raised against the proteins and protein fragments of the invention also are contemplated by the invention. Described below are antibody products and methods for producing antibodies capable of specifically recognizing one or more epitopes of the presently described proteins and their derivatives.

Antibodies include, but are not limited to polyclonal antibodies, monoclonal antibodies (mAbs), humanized or chimeric antibodies, single chain antibodies including single chain Fv (scFv) fragments, Fab fragments, F(ab')₂ fragments, fragments produced by a Fab expression library, anti-idiotypic (anti-Id) antibodies, epitope-binding fragments, and humanized forms of any of the above.

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As known to one in the art, these antibodies may be used, for example, in the detection of a target protein in a biological sample. They also may be utilized as part of treatment methods, and/or may be used as part of diagnostic techniques whereby patients may be tested for abnormal levels or for the presence of abnormal forms of the such proteins.

In general, techniques for preparing polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies as well as hybridomas capable of producing the desired antibody are well known in the art (Campbell, A.M., Monoclonal Antibody Technology: Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The Netherlands (1984); St. Groth et al., J. Immunol. Methods 35:1-21 (1980); Kohler and Milstein, Nature 256:495-497 (1975)), the trioma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kozbor et al., Immunology Today 4:72 (1983); Cole et al., in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc. (1985), pp. 77-96). Antibodies may also be generated by the known techniques of phage display and in vitro immunization.

Polyclonal Antibodies

Polyclonal antibodies are heterogeneous populations of antibody molecules derived from the sera of animals immunized with an antigen, such as an inventive protein or an antigenic derivative thereof.

Polyclonal antiserum, containing antibodies to heterogeneous epitopes of a single protein, can be prepared by immunizing suitable animals with the expressed protein described above, which can be unmodified or modified, as known in the art, to enhance immunogenicity. Immunization methods include subcutaneous or intraperitoneal injection of the polypeptide.

Effective polyclonal antibody production is affected by many factors related both to the antigen and to the host species. For example, small molecules tend to be less immunogenic than other and may require the use of carriers and/or adjuvant. In addition, host animal response may vary with site of inoculation. Both inadequate or excessive doses of antigen may result in low titer antisera. In general, however, small doses (high ng to low µg levels) of antigen administered at multiple intradermal sites appears to be most reliable. Host animals may include but are not limited to rabbits, mice, chickens and rats, to name but a few. An effective immunization protocol for rabbits can be found in Vaitukaitis, J. et al., J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 33:988-991 (1971).

The protein immunogen may be modified or administered in an adjuvant in order to increase the protein's antigenicity. Methods of increasing the antigenicity of a protein are well known in the art and include, but are not limited to coupling the antigen with a heterologous protein (such as globulin β-galactosidase) or through the inclusion of an adjuvant during immunization. Adjuvants include Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels such as aluminum hydroxide, surface active substances such as lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, dinitrophenol, and potentially useful human adjuvants such as BCG (bacille Calmette-Guerin) and Corynebacterium parvum.

Booster injections can be given at regular intervals, with at least one usually being required for optimal antibody production. The antiserum may be harvested when the antibody titer begins to fall. Titer may be determined semi-quantitatively, for example, by double immunodiffusion in agar against known concentrations of the antigen. See, for example, Ouchterlony et al., Chap. 19 in: Handbook of Experimental Immunology, Wier, ed, Blackwell (1973). Plateau concentration of antibody is usually in the range of 0.1 to 0.2 mg/ml of serum (about $12 \mu M$). The antiserum may be purified by affinity chromatography using the immobilized immunogen carried on a solid support. Such methods of affinity chromatography are well known in the art.

Affinity of the antisera for the antigen may be determined by preparing competitive binding curves, as described, for example, by Fisher, Chap. 42 in: *Manual of Clinical Immunology*, second edition, Rose and Friedman, eds., Amer. Soc. For Microbiology, Washington, D.C. (1980).

In addition to using protein an the immunogen, DNA molecules may be used directly. In this manner, a DNA encoding the protein immunogen is administered. Boosting and harvesting is done in a manner analogous to that detailed above. Yet another method of producing antibodies entails immunizing chickens and harvesting the antibodies from their eggs.

Monoclonal Antibodies

Monoclonal antibodies (MAbs), are homogeneous populations of antibodies to a particular antigen. They may be obtained by any technique which provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell lines in culture or *in vivo*. MAbs may be produced

by making hybridomas which are immortalized cells capable of secreting a specific monoclonal antibody.

Monoclonal antibodies to any of the proteins, peptides and epitopes thereof described herein can be prepared from murine hybridomas according to the classical method of Kohler, G. and Milstein, C., *Nature* 256:495-497 (1975) (and U.S. Patent No. 4,376,110) or modifications of the methods thereof, such as the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kosbor *et al.*, 1983, *Immunology Today* 4:72; Cole *et al.*, 1983, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* USA 80: 2026-2030), and the EBV-hybridoma technique (Cole *et al.*, 1985, MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96).

In one method a mouse is repetitively inoculated with a few micrograms of the selected protein over a period of a few weeks. The mouse is then sacrificed, and the antibody producing cells of the spleen are isolated.

The spleen cells are fused, typically using polyethylene glycol, with mouse myeloma cells, such as SP2/0-Ag14 myeloma cells. The excess, unfused cells are destroyed by growth of the system on selective media comprising aminopterin (HAT media). The successfully fused cells are diluted, and aliquots are plated to microliter plates where growth is continued.

Antibody-producing clones (hybridomas) are identified by detection of antibody in the supernatant fluid of the wells by immunoassay procedures. These include ELISA, as originally described by Engvall, *Meth. Enzymol.* 70:419 (1980), western blot analysis, radioimmunoassay (Lutz et al., Exp. Cell Res. 175:109-124 (1988)) and modified methods thereof.

Selected positive clones can be expanded and their monoclonal antibody product harvested for use. Detailed procedures for monoclonal antibody production are described in Davis, L. et al. BASIC METHODS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, Elsevier, New York. Section 21-2 (1989). The hybridoma clones may be cultivated *in vitro* or *in vivo*, for instance as ascites. Production of high titers of mAbs *in vivo* makes this the presently preferred method of production. Alternatively, hybridoma culture in hollow fiber bioreactors provides a continuous high yield source of monoclonal antibodies.

The antibody class and subclass may be determined using procedures known in the art (Campbell, A.M., Monoclonal Antibody Technology: Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The Netherlands (1984)).

MAbs may be of any immunoglobulin class including IgG, IgM, IgE, IgA, IgD and any subclass thereof. Methods of purifying monoclonal antibodies are well known in the art.

Antibody Derivatives and Fragments

Fragments or derivatives of antibodies include any portion of the antibody which is capable of binding the target antigen, or a specific portion thereof. Antibody derivatives include poly-specific (e.g., bi-specific) antibodies, which contain binding sites specific for two or more different epitopes. These epitopes may be from the same or different inventive molecules or one or more epitope may be from a molecule not specifically disclosed here.

Antibody fragments specifically include F(ab')₂, Fab, Fab' and Fv fragments. These can be generated from any class of antibody, but typically are made from IgG or IgM. They may be made by conventional recombinant DNA techniques or, using the classical method, by proteolytic digestion with papain or pepsin. See CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN IMMUNOLOGY, chapter 2, Coligan et al., eds., (John Wiley & Sons 1991-92).

F(ab')₂ fragments are typically about 110 kDa (IgG) or about 150 kDa (IgM) and contain two antigen-binding regions, joined at the hinge by disulfide bond(s). Virtually all, if not all, of the Fc is absent in these fragments. Fab' fragments are typically about 55 kDa (IgG) or about 75 kDa (IgM) and can be formed, for example, by reducing the disulfide bond(s) of an F(ab')₂ fragment. The resulting free sulfhydryl group(s) may be used to conveniently conjugate Fab' fragments to other molecules, such as detection reagents (e.g., enzymes).

Fab fragments are monovalent and usually are about 50 kDa (from any source). Fab fragments include the light (L) and heavy (H) chain, variable (V_L and V_H , respectively) and constant (C_L C_H , respectively) regions of the antigen-binding portion of the antibody. The H and L portions are linked by an intramolecular disulfide bridge.

Fv fragments are typically about 25 kDa (regardless of source) and contain the variable regions of both the light and heavy chains (V_L and V_H , respectively). Usually, the V_L and V_H chains are held together only by non-covalent interacts and, thus, they readily dissociate. They do, however, have the advantage of small size and they retain the same binding properties of the larger Fab fragments. Accordingly, methods have been developed to crosslink the V_L and V_H chains, using, for example, glutaraldehyde (or other chemical crosslinkers), intermolecular disulfide bonds (by incorporation of cysteines) and peptide linkers. The resulting Fv is now a single chain (i.e., SCFv).

Other antibody derivatives include single chain antibodies (U.S. Patent 4,946,778; Bird, Science 242:423-426 (1988); Huston *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:5879-5883 (1988); and Ward *et al.*, Nature 334:544-546 (1989)). Single chain antibodies are formed by linking the heavy and light chain fragments of the Fv region via an amino acid bridge, resulting in a single chain FV (SCFv).

One preferred method involves the generation of scFvs by recombinant methods, which allows the generation of Fvs with new specificities by mixing and matching variable chains from different antibody sources. In a typical method, a recombinant vector would be provided which comprises the appropriate regulatory elements driving expression of a cassette region. The cassette region would contain a DNA encoding a peptide linker, with convenient sites at both the 5' and 3' ends of the linker for generating fusion proteins. The DNA encoding a variable region(s) of interest may be cloned in the vector to form fusion proteins with the linker, thus generating an scFv.

In an exemplary alternative approach, DNAs encoding two Fvs may be ligated to the DNA encoding the linker, and the resulting tripartite fusion may be ligated directly into a conventional expression vector. The scFv DNAs generated any of these methods may be expressed in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells, depending on the vector chosen.

Antibody fragments which recognize specific epitopes may be generated by known techniques. For example, such fragments include but are not limited to: the F(ab'), fragments which can be produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule and the Fab fragments which can be generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the F(ab), fragments. Alternatively, Fab expression libraries may be constructed (Huse et al., 1989, Science, 246:1275-1281) to allow rapid and easy identification of monoclonal Fab fragments with the desired specificity.

Derivatives also include "chimeric antibodies" (Morrison et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 81:6851-6855 (1984); Neuberger et al., Nature, 312:604-608 (1984); Takeda et al., Nature, 314:452-454 (1985)). These chimeras are made by splicing the DNA encoding a mouse antibody molecule of appropriate specificity with, for instance, DNA encoding a human antibody molecule of appropriate specificity. Thus, a chimeric antibody is a molecule in which different portions are derived from different animal species, such as those having a variable region derived from a murine mAb and a human immunoglobulin constant region. These are also known sometimes as "humanized" antibodies and they offer the added

advantage of at least partial shielding from the human immune system. They are, therefore, particularly useful in therapeutic *in vivo* applications.

Labeled Antibodies

The present invention further provides the above-described antibodies in detectably labeled form. Antibodies can be detectably labelled through the use of radioisotopes, affinity labels (such as biotin, avidin, etc.), enzymatic labels (such as horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, etc.) fluorescent labels (such as FITC or rhodamine, etc.), paramagnetic atoms, etc. Procedures for accomplishing such labeling are well-known in the art, for example see (Sternberger et al., J. Histochem. Cytochem. 18:315 (1970); Bayer et al., Meth. Enzym. 62:308 (1979); Engval et al., Immunol. 109:129 (1972); Goding, J. Immunol. Meth. 13:215 (1976)). The labeled antibodies of the present invention can be used for in vitro, in vivo, and in situ diagnostic assays.

Immobilized Antibodies

The foregoing antibodies also may be immobilized on a solid support. Examples of such solid supports include plastics such as polycarbonate, complex carbohydrates such as agarose and sepharose, acrylic resins and such as polyacrylamide and latex beads. Techniques for coupling antibodies to such solid supports are well known in the art (Weir et al., "Handbook of Experimental Immunology" 4th Ed., Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, England, Chapter 10 (1986); Jacoby et al., Meth. Enzym. 34 Academic Press, N.Y. (1974)). The immobilized antibodies of the present invention can be used for in vitro, in vivo, and in situ assays as well as for immunoaffinity purification of the proteins of the present invention.

THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC COMPOSITIONS

The proteins, antibodies and polynucleotides of the present invention can be formulated according to known methods to prepare pharmaceutically useful compositions, whereby these materials, or their functional derivatives, are combined in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier vehicle. Suitable vehicles and their formulation, inclusive of other human proteins, e.g., human serum albumin, are described, for example, in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (16th ed., Osol, A., Ed., Mack, Easton PA (1980)). In order to form a pharmaceutically acceptable composition suitable for effective administration,

such compositions will contain an effective amount of one or more of the agents of the present invention, together with a suitable amount of carrier vehicle.

Pharmaceutical compositions for use in accordance with the present invention may be formulated in conventional manner using one or more physiologically acceptable carriers or excipients. Thus, the compounds and their physiologically acceptable salts and solvate may be formulated for administration by inhalation or insufflation (either through the mouth or the nose) or oral, buccal, parenteral or rectal administration.

For oral administration, the pharmaceutical compositions may take the form of, for example, tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents (e.g., pregelatinised maize starch, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose); fillers (e.g., lactose, microcrystalline cellulose or calcium hydrogen phosphate); lubricants (e.g., magnesium stearate, talc or silica); disintegrants (e.g., potato starch or sodium starch glycolate); or wetting agents (e.g., sodium lauryl sulphate). The tablets may be coated by methods well known in the art. Liquid preparations for oral administration may take the form of, for example, solutions, syrups or suspensions, or they maybe presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable additives such as suspending agents (e.g., sorbitol syrup, cellulose derivatives or hydrogenated edible fats); emulsifying agents (e.g., lecithin or acacia); non-aqueous vehicles (e.g., almond oil, oily esters, ethyl alcohol or fractionated vegetable oils); and preservatives (e.g., methyl or propylp-hydroxybenzoates or sorbic acid). The preparations may also contain buffer salts, flavoring, coloring and sweetening agents as appropriate.

Preparations for oral administration may be suitably formulated to give controlled release of the active compound. For buccal administration the composition may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

For administration by inhalation, the compounds for use according to the present invention are conveniently delivered in the form of an aerosol spray presentation from pressurized packs or a nebuliser, with the use of a suitable propellant, e.g., dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. Capsules and cartridges of, e.g. gelatin for

use in an inhaler or insufflator may be formulated containing a powder mix of the compound and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch.

The compounds may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection, e.g., by bolus injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit dosage form, e.g., in ampules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulatory agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g., sterile pyrogen-free water, before use.

The compounds may also be formulated in rectal compositions such as suppositories or retention enemas, e.g., containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

In addition to the formulations described previously, the compounds may also be formulated as a depot preparation. Such long acting formulations may be administered by implantation (for example subcutaneously or intramuscularly) or by intramuscular injection. Thus, for example, the compounds may be formulated with suitable polymeric or hydrophobic materials (for example as an emulsion in an acceptable oil) or ion exchange resins, or as sparingly soluble derivatives, for example, as a sparingly soluble salt.

The compositions may, if desired, be presented in a pack or dispenser device which may contain one or more unit dosage forms containing the active ingredient. The pack may for example comprise metal or plastic foil, such as a blister pack. The pack or dispenser device may be accompanied by instructions for administration.

RECOMBINANT CONSTRUCTS AND EXPRESSION

The present invention further provides recombinant DNA constructs comprising one or more of the nucleotide sequences of the present invention. The recombinant constructs of the present invention comprise a vector, such as a plasmid or viral vector, into which a DNA or DNA fragment, typically bearing an open reading frame, is inserted, in either orientation.

The gene products encoded by the subject DNAs may be produced by recombinant DNA technology using techniques well known in the art. See, for example, the techniques described in Sambrook et al., 1989, *supra*, and Ausubel et al., 1989, *supra*. Alternatively, the DNA sequences may be chemically synthesized using, for example, synthesizers. See, for

example, the techniques described in OLIGONUCLEOTIDE SYNTHESIS, 1984, Gait, ed., IRL Press, Oxford, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. They may be assembled from fragments and short oligonucleotide linkers, or from a series of oligonucleotides. The are preferably made by RT-PCR methods. The resulting synthetic gene is capable of being expressed in a recombinant vector.

In some cases the recombinant constructs will be expression vectors, which are capable of expressing the RNA and/or protein products of the encoded DNA(s). Thus, the vector may further comprise regulatory sequences, including for example, a promoter, operably linked to the open reading frame (ORF). The vector may further comprise a selectable marker sequence.

Specific initiation signals may also be required for efficient translation of inserted target gene coding sequences. These signals include the ATG initiation codon and adjacent sequences. In cases where a target DNA includes its own initiation codon and adjacent sequences is inserted into the appropriate expression vector, no additional translation control signals may be needed. However, in cases where only a portion of an ORF is used, exogenous translational control signals, including, perhaps, the ATG initiation codon, must be provided. Furthermore, the initiation codon must be in phase with the reading frame of the desired coding sequence to ensure translation of the entire target. These exogenous translational control signals and initiation codons can be of a variety of origins, both natural and synthetic. The efficiency of expression may be enhanced by the inclusion of appropriate transcription enhancer elements, transcription terminators, etc. (see Bittner et al., Methods in Enzymol. 153:516-544 (1987)). Some appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with prokaryotic and eukaryotic hosts are described by Sambrook, et al., in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1989), the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

If desired, to enhance expression and facilitate proper protein folding, the codon context and codon pairing of the sequence may be optimized for the particular expression organism, as explained by Hatfield *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,082,767.

The present invention further provides host cells containing at least one of the DNAs of the present invention. The host cell can be virtually any cell for which expression vectors are available. It may be, for example, a higher eukaryotic host cell, such as a mammalian cell, a lower eukaryotic host cell, such as a yeast cell, or the host cell can be a prokaryotic

cell, such as a bacterial cell. Introduction of the recombinant construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE, dextran mediated transfection, or electroporation (Davis et al., Basic Methods in Molecular Biology (1986)).

A wide variety of expression systems are available, such as: yeast (e.g. Saccharomyces, Pichia) transformed with recombinant yeast expression vectors containing the target DNA; insect cell systems infected with recombinant virus expression vectors (e.g., baculovirus) containing the target DNA sequences; plant cell systems infected with recombinant virus expression vectors (e.g., cauliflower mosaic virus, CaMV; tobacco mosaic virus, TMV) or transformed with recombinant plasmid expression vectors (e.g. Ti plasmid) containing target DNA coding sequences; or mammalian cell systems (e.g. COS, CHO, BHK, 293, 3T3) harboring recombinant expression constructs containing promoters derived from the genome of mammalian cells (e.g., metallothionein promoter) or from mammalian viruses (e.g., the adenovirus late promoter; the vaccinia virus 7.5K promoter).

Depending on the system chosen, the resulting product may differ. For example, proteins expressed in most bacterial cultures, e.g., E. coli, will be free of glycosylation modifications; polypeptides or proteins expressed in yeast will have a glycosylation pattern different from that expressed in mammalian cells.

Vectors

Generally, recombinant expression vectors will include origins of replication and selectable markers permitting selection of the host cell, e.g., the ampicillin resistance gene of $E.\ coli$ and $S.\ cerevisiae$ TRP1 gene, and a promoter derived from a highly-expressed gene to direct transcription of a downstream structural sequence. Such promoters can be derived from operons encoding glycolytic enzymes such as 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK), α -factor, acid phosphatase, or heat shock proteins, among others. The heterologous structural sequence is assembled in appropriate phase with translation initiation and termination sequence, and in one aspect of the invention, a leader sequence capable of directing secretion of translated protein into the periplasmic space or extracellular medium. Optionally, the heterologous sequence can encode a fusion protein including an N-terminal or C-terminal identification peptide imparting desired characteristics, e.g., stabilization or simplified purification of expressed recombinant product.

Bacterial Expression

Useful expression vectors for bacterial use are constructed by inserting a structural DNA sequence encoding a desired protein together with suitable translation initiation and termination signals in operable reading phase with a functional promoter. The vector will comprise one or more phenotypic selectable markers and an origin of replication to ensure maintenance of the vector and, if desirable, to provide amplification within the host. Suitable prokaryotic hosts for transformation include *E. coli, Bacillus subtilis, Salmonella typhimurium* and various species within the genera Pseudomonas, Streptomyces, and Staphylococcus, although others may, also be employed as a matter of choice.

Bacterial vectors may be, for example, bacteriophage-, plasmid- or cosmid-based. These vectors can comprise a selectable marker and bacterial origin of replication derived from commercially available plasmids typically containing elements of the well known cloning vector pBR322 (ATCC 37017). Such commercial vectors include, for example, GEM 1 (Promega Biotec, Madison, WI, USA), pBs, phagescript, PsiX174, pBluescript SK, pBs KS, pNH8a, pNH16a, pNH18a, pNH46a (Stratagene); pTrc99A, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pKK232-8, pDR540, and pRIT5 (Pharmacia).

These "backbone" sections are combined with an appropriate promoter and the structural sequence to be expressed. Bacterial promoters include lac, T3, T7, lambda P_R or P_L , trp, and ara.

Following transformation of a suitable host strain and growth of the host strain to an appropriate cell density, the selected promoter is derepressed/induced by appropriate means (e.g., temperature shift or chemical induction) and cells are cultured for an additional period. Cells are typically harvested by centrifugation, disrupted by physical or chemical means, and the resulting crude extract retained for further purification.

In bacterial systems, a number of expression vectors may be advantageously selected depending upon the use intended for the protein being expressed. For example, when a large quantity of such a protein is to be produced, for the generation of antibodies or to screen peptide libraries, for example, vectors which direct the expression of high levels of fusion protein products that are readily purified may be desirable. Such vectors include, but are not limited, to the *E. coli* expression vector pUR278 (Ruther et al., 1983, *EMBO J.* 2:1791), in which the coding sequence may be ligated into the vector in frame with the *lac Z* coding region so that a fusion protein is produced; pIN vectors (Inouye *et al.* 1985, *Nucleic Acids*

Res. 13:3101-3109; Van Heeke et al., 1989, J. Biol. Chem. 264:5503-5509); pET vectors, Studier et al., Methods in Enzymology 185: 60-89 (Academic Press 1990); and the like.

Moreover, pGEX vectors may be used to express foreign polypeptides as fusion proteins with glutathione S-transferase (GST). In general, such fusion proteins are soluble and easily can be purified from lysed cells by adsorption to glutathione-agarose beads followed by elution in the presence of free glutathione. The pGEX vectors are designed to include thrombin or factor Xa protease cleavage sites so that the cloned target gene protein can be released from the GST moiety.

In a one embodiment, full length cDNA sequences are appended with in-frame BamHI sites at the amino terminus and EcoRI sites at the carboxyl terminus using standard PCR methodologies (Innis et al., 1990, supra) and ligated into the pGEX-2TK vector (Pharmacia, Uppsala, Sweden). The resulting cDNA construct contains a kinase recognition site at the amino terminus for radioactive labeling and glutathione S-transferase sequences at the carboxyl terminus for affinity purification (Nilsson, et al. 1985, EMBO J. 4: 1075; Zabeau and Stanley, 1982, EMBO J. 1:1217.

Eukaryotic Expression

Various mammalian cell culture systems can also be employed to express recombinant protein. Examples of mammalian expression systems include the COS-7 lines of monkey kidney fibroblasts, described by Gluzman, *Cell 23*:175 (1981), and other cell lines capable of expressing a compatible vector, for example, the C127, 3T3, CHO, HeLa and BHK cell lines. Mammalian expression vectors will comprise an origin of replication, a suitable promoter and enhancer, and also any necessary ribosome binding sites, polyadenylation site, splice donor and acceptor sites, transcriptional termination sequences, and 5' flanking nontranscribed sequences. DNA sequences derived from the SV40 viral genome, for example, SV40 origin, early promoter, enhancer, splice, and polyadenylation sites may be used to provide the required nontranscribed genetic elements.

Mammalian promoters include CMV immediate early, HSV thymidine kinase, early and late SV40, LTRs from retrovirus, and mouse metallothionein-I. Exemplary mammalian vectors include pWLneo, pSV2cat, pOG44, pXT1, pSG (Stratagene) pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG, and pSVL (Pharmacia). Selectable markers include CAT (chloramphenicol transferase).

In mammalian host cells, a number of viral-based expression systems may be utilized. In cases where an adenovirus is used as an expression vector, the coding sequence of interest

may be ligated to an adenovirus transcription/translation control complex, e.g., the late promoter and tripartite leader sequence. This chimeric gene may then be inserted in the adenovirus genome by in vitro or in vivo recombination. Insertion in a non-essential region of the viral genome (e.g., region E1 or E3) will result in a recombinant virus that is viable and capable of expressing a target protein in infected hosts. (E.g., See Logan et al., 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:3655-3659).

In one embodiment, cDNA sequences encoding the full-length open reading frames are ligated into pCMVβ replacing the β-galactosidase gene such that cDNA expression is driven by the CMV promoter (Alam, 1990, Anal. Biochem. 188: 245-254; MacGregor et al., 1989, Nucl. Acids Res. 17: 2365; Norton et al. 1985, Mol. Cell. Biol. 5: 281).

In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen which modulates the expression of the inserted sequences, or modifies and processes the gene product in the specific fashion desired. Such modifications (e.g., glycosylation) and processing (e.g., cleavage) of protein products may be important for the function of the protein. Different host cells have characteristic and specific mechanisms for the post-translational processing and modification of proteins.

Appropriate cell lines or host systems can be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein expressed. To this end, eukaryotic host cells which possess the cellular machinery for proper processing of the primary transcript, glycosylation, and phosphorylation of the gene product may be used. Such mammalian host cells include but are not limited to CHO, VERO, BHK, HeLa, COS, MDCK, 293, 3T3, WI38, etc.

For long-term, high-yield production of recombinant proteins in eukaryotic cells, stable expression is preferred. Rather than using expression vectors which contain viral origins of replication, host cells can be transformed with DNA controlled by appropriate expression control elements (e.g., promoter, enhancer, sequences, transcription terminators, polyadenylation sites, etc.), and a selectable marker.

Following the introduction of the foreign DNA, engineered cells may be allowed to grow for 1-2 days in an enriched media, and then are switched to a selective media. The selectable marker in the recombinant plasmid confers resistance to the selection and allows cells to stably integrate the plasmid into their chromosomes and grow to form foci which in turn can be cloned and expanded into cell lines. This method may advantageously be used to engineer cell lines which express the target protein. Such engineered cell lines may be

particularly useful in screening and evaluation of compounds that affect the endogenous activity of the protein.

A number of selection systems may be used, including but not limited to the herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase (Wigler, et al., Cell 11:223 (1977)), hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase(Szybalska et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 48:2026 (1962)), and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase(Lowy, et al., Cell 22:817 (1980)) genes can be employed in tk', hgprt' or aprt' cells, respectively. Also, antimetabolite resistance can be used as the basis of selection for dhfr, which confers resistance to methotrexate (Wigler, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:3567 (1980)); O'Hare, et al., 1981, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:1527); gpt, which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid (Mulligan et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2072 (1981)); neo, which confers resistance to the aminoglycoside G-418 (Colberre-Garapin, et al., 1981, J. Mol. Biol. 150:1); and hydro, which confers resistance to hygromycin (Santerre, et al., 1984, Gene 30:147) genes.

An alternative fusion protein system allows for the ready purification of non-denatured fusion proteins expressed in human cell lines (Janknecht, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 8972-8976 (1991)). In this system, the gene of interest is subcloned into a vaccinia-based plasmid such that the gene's open reading frame is translationally fused to an amino-terminal tag consisting of six histidine residues. Extracts from cells infected with recombinant vaccinia virus are loaded onto Ni²⁺ nitriloacetic acid-agarose columns and histidine-tagged proteins are selectively eluted with imidazole-containing buffers.

In an insect system, Autographa californica nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcNPV) is used as a vector to express foreign genes. The virus grows in Spodoptera frugiperda cells. The target coding sequence may be cloned individually into non-essential regions (for example the polyhedrin gene) of the virus and placed under control of an AcNPV promoter (for example the polyhedrin promoter). Successful insertion of a target gene coding sequence will result in inactivation of the polyhedrin gene and production of non-occluded recombinant virus (i.e., virus lacking the proteinaceous coat coded for by the polyhedrin gene). These recombinant viruses are then used to infect Spodoptera frugiperda cells in which the inserted gene is expressed. (E.g., see Smith et al., 1983, J. Virol. 46: 584; Smith, U.S. Patent No. 4,215,051).

While the present proteins can be expressed in recombinant systems, as described above, cell-free translation systems can also be employed to produce such proteins using RNAs derived from the DNA constructs of the present invention.

Purification of Recombinant Proteins

Recombinant proteins produced may be isolated by host cell lysis. This may be followed by one or more salting-out, aqueous ion exchange or size exclusion chromatography steps. Finally, high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) can be employed for final purification steps. Microbial cells employed in expression of proteins can be disrupted by any convenient method, including freeze-thaw cycling, sonication, mechanical disruption, or use of cell lysing agents, like lysozyme and chelators.

If inclusion bodies are formed in bacterial systems, they may be extracted from cell pellets using, for example, detergents, reducing agents, salts, urea, guanidinium chloride and extremes of pH (e.g. < 4 or > 10). If denaturation occurs, protein refolding steps (e.g., dialysis) can be used, as necessary, in completing configuration of the mature protein. If disulfide bridges are present in the native protein, they may be reoxidized using known methods.

By way of specific non-limiting example, the recombinant bacterial cells, for example $E.\ coli$, are grown in any of a number of suitable media, for example LB, and the expression of the recombinant protein induced by adding IPTG (e.g., lac operator-promoter) to the media or switching incubation to a higher temperature (e.g., λ cl⁸⁵⁷). After culturing the bacteria for a further period of between 2 and 24 hours, the cells are collected by centrifugation and washed to remove residual media. The bacterial cells are then lysed, for example, by disruption in a cell homogenizer and centrifuged to separate the cell membranes from the soluble cell components. If the protein aggregates into inclusion bodies, this centrifugation can be performed under conditions whereby the dense inclusion bodies are selectively enriched by incorporation of sugars such as sucrose into the buffer and centrifugation at a selective speed. The inclusion bodies can then be washed in any of several solutions to remove some of the contaminating host proteins, then solubilized in solutions containing high concentrations of urea (e.g. 8M) or chaotropic agents such as guanidinium hydrochloride in the presence of reducing agents such as β -mercaptoethanol or DTT (dithiothreitol).

At this stage it may be advantageous to incubate the protein for several hours under conditions suitable for the protein to undergo a refolding process into a conformation which

more closely resembles that of the native protein. Such conditions generally include low protein concentrations less than $500 \,\mu g/ml$), low levels of reducing agent, concentrations of urea less than 2 M and often the presence of reagents such as a mixture of reduced and oxidized glutathione which facilitate the interchange of disulphide bonds within the protein molecule. The refolding process can be monitored, for example, by SDS-PAGE or with antibodies which are specific for the native molecule. Following refolding, the protein can then be purified further and separated from the refolding mixture by chromatography on any of several supports including ion exchange resins, gel permeation resins or on a variety of affinity columns.

Labeling Proteins

When used as a component in assay systems such as those described, below, the target protein may be labeled, either directly or indirectly, to facilitate detection of the present *res*-like molecules either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Any of a variety of suitable labeling systems may be used including but not limited to radioisotopes such as ¹²⁵I; enzyme labeling systems that generate a detectable colorimetric signal or light when exposed to substrate; and fluorescent labels.

Where recombinant DNA technology is used for protein production the, it may be advantageous to engineer fusion proteins that can facilitate labeling, immobilization and/or detection. These fusion proteins may, for example, add amino acids which facilitate further chemical modification. They also may add a functional moiety, such as an enzyme, which directly facilitates detection.

TRANSGENIC ANIMALS

The invention further contemplates animal models for studying the function of the present molecules and for overproducing the protein products. The disclosed DNA sequences may be used in conjunction with techniques for producing transgenic animals that are well known to those of skill in the art.

To prepare transgenic animals, target gene sequences may for example be introduced into, and overexpressed in, the genome of the animal of interest, or, if endogenous target gene sequences are present, they may either be overexpressed or, alternatively, be disrupted in order to underexpress or inactivate target gene expression, such as described for the disruption of apoE in mice (Plum et al., Cell 71: 343-353 (1992)).

In order to overexpress a target gene sequence, the coding portion of the target gene sequence may be ligated to a regulatory sequence which is capable of driving gene expression in the animal and cell type of interest. Such regulatory regions will be well known to those of skill in the art, and may be utilized in the absence of undue experimentation.

For underexpression of an endogenous target gene sequence, such a sequence may be isolated and engineered such that when reintroduced into the genome of the animal of interest, the endogenous target gene alleles will be inactivated. Preferably, the engineered target gene sequence is introduced via gene targeting such that the endogenous target sequence is disrupted upon integration of the engineered target gene sequence into the animal's genome.

Animals of any species, including, but not limited to, mice, rats, rabbits, guinea pigs, pigs, micro-pigs, goats, and non-human primates, e.g., baboons, monkeys, and chimpanzees may be used to generate cardiovascular disease animal models. Goats, cows and sheep are particularly preferred for producing protein in vivo.

Any technique known in the art may be used to introduce a target gene transgene into animals to produce the founder lines of transgenic animals. Such techniques include, but are not limited to pronuclear microinjection (Hoppe et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,873,191 (1989)); retrovirus mediated gene transfer into germ lines (Van der Putten et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA 82:6148-6152 (1985)); gene targeting in embryonic stem cells (Thompson et al., Cell 56:313-321 (1989)); electroporation of embryos (Lo, Mol. Cell. Biol. 3:1803-1814 (1983)); and sperm-mediated gene transfer (Lavitrano et al., Cell 57:717-723 (1989)); etc. For a review of such techniques, see Gordon, Transgenic Animals, Intl. Rev. Cytol. 115:171-229 (1989).

The present invention provides for transgenic animals that carry the transgene in all their cells, as well as animals which carry the transgene in some, but not all their cells, i.e., mosaic animals. The transgene may be integrated as a single transgene or in concatamers, e.g., head-to-head tandems or head-to-tail tandems. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into and activated in a particular cell type by following, for example, the teaching

of Lasko et al. (Lasko et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:3232-6236 (1992)). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific activation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art. When it is desired that the target gene be integrated into the chromosomal site of the endogenous target gene, gene targeting is preferred. Briefly, when such a technique is to be utilized, vectors containing some nucleotide sequences homologous to the endogenous target gene of interest are designed for the purpose of integrating, via homologous recombination with chromosomal sequences, into and disrupting the function of the nucleotide sequence of the endogenous target gene.

The transgene may also be selectively introduced into a particular cell type, thus inactivating the endogenous gene of interest in only that cell type, by following, for example, the teaching of Gu et al. Science 265: 103-106 (1994)). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific inactivation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Once transgenic animals have been generated, the expression of the recombinant target gene and protein may be assayed utilizing standard techniques. Initial screening may be accomplished by Southern blot analysis or PCR techniques to analyze animal tissues to assay whether integration of the transgene has taken place. The level of mRNA expression of the transgene in the tissues of the transgenic animals may also be assessed using techniques which include but are not limited to Northern blot analysis of tissue samples obtained from the animal, in situ hybridization analysis, and RT-PCR. Samples of target gene-expressing tissue, may also be evaluated immunocytochemically using antibodies specific for the target gene transgene gene product of interest.

The transgenic animals that express target gene mRNA or target gene transgene peptide (detected immunocytochemically, using antibodies directed against the target gene product's epitopes) at easily detectable levels should then be further evaluated to identify those animals which display characteristic increased susceptibility to carcinogenesis. Additionally, specific cell types within the transgenic animals may be analyzed and assayed *in vitro* for cellular phenotypes characteristic of mutant phenotype.

Once target gene transgenic founder animals are produced, they may be bred, inbred, outbred, or crossbred to produce colonies of the particular animal. Examples of such breeding strategies include but are not limited to: outbreeding of founder animals with more

than one integration site in order to establish separate lines; inbreeding of separate lines in order to produce compound target gene transgenics that express the target gene transgene of interest at higher levels because of the effects of additive expression of each target gene transgene; crossing of heterozygous transgenic animals to produce animals homozygous for a given integration site in order both to augment expression and eliminate the possible need for screening of animals by DNA analysis; crossing of separate homozygous lines to produce compound heterozygous or homozygous lines; breeding animals to different inbred genetic backgrounds so as to examine effects of modifying alleles on expression of the target gene transgene and the possible development of carcinogenesis. One such approach is to cross the target gene transgenic founder animals with a wild type strain to produce an F1 generation that exhibits increased susceptibility to carcinogenesis. The F1 generation may then be inbred in order to develop a homozygous line, if it is found that homozygous target gene transgenic animals are viable.

Methods of generating "knockout" mice using homologous recombination in embryonic stem cells are well known in the art. Suitable methods are described, for example, in Mansour et al., Nature, 336:348 (1988); Zijlstra et al., Nature, 342:435 (1989) and 344:742 (1990); and Hasty et al., Nature, 350:243 (1991). This genomic DNA can be obtained by conventional methods using the cDNA sequence as a probe in a commercially-available genomic DNA library.

Briefly, a genomic fragment is cleaved with a restriction endonuclease and a heterologous cassette containing a neomycin-resistance gene is inserted at the cleavage site. A suitable cassette is the GTI-II neo cassette described by Lufkin et al., Cell 66:1105 (1991). The modified genomic fragment is cloned into a suitable targeting vector that is introduced into murine embryonic stem cells by electroporation. Cells that have undergone homologous recombination (and hence disruption of the gene) are selected by resistance to G418, and used to generate chimeric mice using well known methods. See Lufkin et al., supra. Traditional breeding methods then can be used to generate mice that are homozygous for the disrupted gene.

The phenotype of mice that are homozygous for the mutation then can be studied to provide insights into the role of the protein in, for example, carcinogenesis. These mice also can be used as models for developing new treatments for cancers. If this mutation is lethal in

homozygous mice (for example during embryogenesis) heterozygous mice, which express only half the amount of the protein can also be studied.

GENE THERAPY APPLICATIONS

When mutations in the inventive protein, or in the elements controlling expression of that protein, are found to be associated with a malignant phenotype, control of cellular proliferation can be restored by gene therapy methods. For example, overexpression of the protein can be counteracted by concurrent expression of an antisense molecule that binds to and inhibits expression of the mRNA encoding the protein. Alternatively, overexpression can be inhibited in an analogous manner using a ribozyme that cleaves the mRNA. In another embodiment, where expression of a mutated protein induces the malignant phenotype, concomitant expression of the non-mutated molecule via introduction of an exogenous gene may be used. Methods of using antisense and ribozyme technology to control gene expression, or of gene therapy methods for expression of an exogenous gene in this manner are well known in the art.

Each of these methods requires a system for introducing a vector into the cells containing the mutated gene. The vector encodes either an antisense or ribozyme transcript of the inventive protein. The construction of a suitable vector can be achieved by any of the methods well-known in the art for the insertion of exogenous DNA into a vector. See, e.g., Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning (Cold Spring Harbor Press 2d ed. 1989), which is incorporated herein by reference. In addition, the prior art teaches various methods of introducing exogenous genes into cells in vivo. See Rosenberg et al., Science 242:1575-1578 (1988) and Wolff et al., PNAS 86:9011-9014 (1989), which are incorporated herein by reference. The routes of delivery include systemic administration and administration in situ. Well-known techniques include systemic administration with cationic liposomes, and administration in situ with viral vectors. Any one of the gene delivery methodologies described in the prior art is suitable for the introduction of a recombinant vector containing an inventive gene according to the invention into a MTX-resistant, transport-deficient cancer cell. A listing of present-day vectors suitable for the purpose of this invention is set forth in Hodgson, Bio/Technology 13: 222 (1995), which is incorporated by reference.

For example, liposome-mediated gene transfer is a suitable method for the introduction of a recombinant vector containing an inventive gene according to the invention

into a MTX-resistant, transport-deficient cancer cell. The use of a cationic liposome, such as DC-Chol/DOPE liposome, has been widely documented as an appropriate vehicle to deliver DNA to a wide range of tissues through intravenous injection of DNA/cationic liposome complexes. See Caplen et al., Nature Med. 1:39-46 (1995) and Zhu et al., Science 261:209-211 (1993), which are herein incorporated by reference. Liposomes transfer genes to the target cells by fusing with the plasma membrane. The entry process is relatively efficient, but once inside the cell, the liposome-DNA complex has no inherent mechanism to deliver the DNA to the nucleus. As such, the most of the lipid and DNA gets shunted to cytoplasmic waste systems and destroyed. The obvious advantage of liposomes as a gene therapy vector is that liposomes contain no proteins, which thus minimizes the potential of host immune responses.

As another example, viral vector-mediated gene transfer is also a suitable method for the introduction of the vector into a target cell. Appropriate viral vectors include adenovirus vectors and adeno-associated virus vectors, retrovirus vectors and herpesvirus vectors.

Adenoviruses are linear, double stranded DNA viruses complexed with core proteins and surrounded by capsid proteins. The common serotypes 2 and 5, which are not associated with any human malignancies, are typically the base vectors. By deleting parts of the virus genome and inserting the desired gene under the control of a constitutive viral promoter, the virus becomes a replication deficient vector capable of transferring the exogenous DNA to differentiated, non-proliferating cells. To enter cells, the adenovirus fibre interacts with specific receptors on the cell surface, and the adenovirus surface proteins interact with the cell surface integrins. The virus penton-cell integrin interaction provides the signal that brings the exogenous gene-containing virus into a cytoplasmic endosome. The adenovirus breaks out of the endosome and moves to the nucleus, the viral capsid falls apart, and the exogenous DNA enters the cell nucleus where it functions, in an epichromosomal fashion, to express the exogenous gene. Detailed discussions of the use of adenoviral vectors for gene therapy can be found in Berkner, Biotechniques 6:616-629 (1988) and Trapnell, Advanced Drug Delivery Rev. 12:185-199 (1993), which are herein incorporated by reference. Adenovirus-derived vectors, particularly non-replicative adenovirus vectors, are characterized by their ability to accommodate exogenous DNA of 7.5 kB, relative stability, wide host range, low pathogenicity in man, and high titers (10⁴ to 10⁵ plaque forming units per cell). See Stratford-Perricaudet et al., PNAS 89:2581 (1992).

Adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors also can be used for the present invention. AAV is a linear single-stranded DNA parvovirus that is endogenous to many mammalian species. AAV has a broad host range despite the limitation that AAV is a defective parvovirus which is dependent totally on either adenovirus or herpesvirus for its reproduction in vivo. The use of AAV as a vector for the introduction into target cells of exogenous DNA is well-known in the art. See, e.g., Lebkowski et al., Mole. & Cell. Biol. 8:3988 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. In these vectors, the capsid gene of AAV is replaced by a desired DNA fragment, and transcomplementation of the deleted capsid function is used to create a recombinant virus stock. Upon infection the recombinant virus uncoats in the nucleus and integrates into the host genome.

Another suitable virus-based gene delivery mechanism is retroviral vector-mediated gene transfer. In general, retroviral vectors are well-known in the art. See Breakfield et al., Mole. Neuro. Biol. 1:339 (1987) and Shih et al., in Vaccines 85: 177 (Cold Spring Harbor Press 1985). A variety of retroviral vectors and retroviral vector-producing cell lines can be used for the present invention. Appropriate retroviral vectors include Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus, spleen necrosis virus, and vectors derived from retroviruses such as Rous Sarcoma Virus, Harvey Sarcoma Virus, avian leukosis virus, human immunodeficiency virus, myeloproliferative sarcoma virus, and mammary tumor virus. These vectors include replication-competent and replication-defective retroviral vectors. In addition, amphotropic and xenotropic retroviral vectors can be used. In carrying out the invention, retroviral vectors can be introduced to a tumor directly or in the form of free retroviral vector producing-cell lines. Suitable producer cells include fibroblasts, neurons, glial cells, keratinocytes, hepatocytes, connective tissue cells, ependymal cells, chromaffin cells. See Wolff et al., PNAS 84:3344 (1989).

Retroviral vectors generally are constructed such that the majority of its structural genes are deleted or replaced by exogenous DNA of interest, and such that the likelihood is reduced that viral proteins will be expressed. See Bender et al., J. Virol. 61:1639 (1987) and Armento et al., J. Virol. 61:1647 (1987), which are herein incorporated by reference. To facilitate expression of the antisense or ribozyme molecule, of the inventive protein, a retroviral vector employed in the present invention must integrate into the genome of the host cell genome, an event which occurs only in mitotically active cells. The necessity for host cell replication effectively limits retroviral gene expression to tumor cells, which are highly

replicative, and to a few normal tissues. The normal tissue cells theoretically most likely to be transduced by a retroviral vector, therefore, are the endothelial cells that line the blood vessels that supply blood to the tumor. In addition, it is also possible that a retroviral vector would integrate into white blood cells both in the tumor or in the blood circulating through the tumor.

The spread of retroviral vector to normal tissues, however, is limited. The local administration to a tumor of a retroviral vector or retroviral vector producing cells will restrict vector propagation to the local region of the tumor, minimizing transduction, integration, expression and subsequent cytotoxic effect on surrounding cells that are mitotically active.

Both replicatively deficient and replicatively competent retroviral vectors can be used in the invention, subject to their respective advantages and disadvantages. For instance, for tumors that have spread regionally, such as lung cancers, the direct injection of cell lines that produce replication-deficient vectors may not deliver the vector to a large enough area to completely eradicate the tumor, since the vector will be released only form the original producer cells and their progeny, and diffusion is limited. Similar constraints apply to the application of replication deficient vectors to tumors that grow slowly, such as human breast cancers which typically have doubling times of 30 days versus the 24 hours common among human gliomas. The much shortened survival-time of the producer cells, probably no more than 7-14 days in the absence of immunosuppression, limits to only a portion of their replicative cycle the exposure of the tumor cells to the retroviral vector.

The use of replication-defective retroviruses for treating tumors requires producer cells and is limited because each replication-defective retrovirus particle can enter only a single cell and cannot productively infect others thereafter. Because these replication-defective retroviruses cannot spread to other tumor cells, they would be unable to completely penetrate a deep, multilayered tumor *in vivo*. See Markert et al., Neurosurg. 77: 590 (1992). The injection of replication-competent retroviral vector particles or a cell line that produces a replication-competent retroviral vector virus may prove to be a more effective therapeutic because a replication competent retroviral vector will establish a productive infection that will transduce cells as long as it persists. Moreover, replicatively competent retroviral vectors may follow the tumor as it metastasizes, carried along and propagated by transduced tumor cells. The risks for complications are greater, with replicatively competent vectors, however.

Such vectors may pose a greater risk then replicatively deficient vectors of transducing normal tissues, for instance. The risks of undesired vector propagation for each type of cancer and affected body area can be weighed against the advantages in the situation of replicatively competent verses replicatively deficient retroviral vector to determine an optimum treatment.

Both amphotropic and xenotropic retroviral vectors may be used in the invention. Amphotropic viruses have a very broad host range that includes most or all mammalian cells, as is well known to the art. Xenotropic viruses can infect all mammalian cell cells except mouse cells. Thus, amphotropic and xenotropic retroviruses from many species, including cows, sheep, pigs, dogs, cats, rats, and mice, *inter alia* can be used to provide retroviral vectors in accordance with the invention, provided the vectors can transfer genes into proliferating human cells *in vivo*.

Clinical trials employing retroviral vector therapy treatment of cancer have been approved in the United States. See Culver, Clin. Chem. 40: 510 (1994). Retroviral vector-containing cells have been implanted into brain tumors growing in human patients. See Oldfield et al., Hum. Gene Ther. 4: 39 (1993). These retroviral vectors carried the HSV-1 thymidine kinase (HSV-tk) gene into the surrounding brain tumor cells, which conferred sensitivity of the tumor cells to the antiviral drug ganciclovir. Some of the limitations of current retroviral based cancer therapy, as described by Oldfield are: (1) the low titer of virus produced, (2) virus spread is limited to the region surrounding the producer cell implant, (3) possible immune response to the producer cell line, (4) possible insertional mutagenesis and transformation of retroviral infected cells, (5) only a single treatment regimen of pro-drug, ganciclovir, is possible because the "suicide" product kills retrovirally infected cells and producer cells and (6) the bystander effect is limited to cells in direct contact with retrovirally transformed cells. See Bi et al., Human Gene Therapy 4: 725 (1993).

Yet another suitable virus-based gene delivery mechanism is herpesvirus vector-mediated gene transfer. While much less is known about the use of herpesvirus vectors, replication-competent HSV-1 viral vectors have been described in the context of antitumor therapy. See Martuza et al., Science 252: 854 (1991), which is incorporated herein by reference.

DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

The present invention also contemplates, for certain molecules described below, methods for diagnosis of human disease. In particular, patients can be screened for the occurrence of cancers, or likelihood of occurrence of cancers, associated with mutations in the encoded protein. DNA from tumor tissue obtained from patients suffering from cancer can be isolated and the gene encoding the protein can be sequenced. By examining a number of patients in this manner, mutations in the gene that are associated with a malignant cellular phenotype can be identified. In addition, correlation of the nature of the observed mutations with subsequent observed clinical outcomes allows development of prognostic model for the predicted outcome in a particular patient.

Screening for mutations conveniently can be carried out at the DNA level by use of PCR, although the skilled artisan will be aware that many other well known methods are available for the screening. PCR primers can be selected that flank known mutation sites, and the PCR products can be sequenced to detect the occurrence of the mutation. Alternatively, the 3' residue of one PCR primer can be selected to be a match only for the residue found in the unmutated gene. If the gene is mutated, there will be a mismatch at the 3' end of the primer, and primer extension cannot occur, and no PCR product will be obtained. Alternatively, primer mixtures can be used where the 3' residue of one primer is any nucleotide other than the nonmutated residue. Observation of a PCR product then indicates that a mutation has occurred. Other methods of using, for example, oligonucleotide probes to screen for mutations are described, or example, in U.S. Patent No. 4,871,838, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Alternatively, antibodies can be generated that selectively bind either mutated or non-mutated protein. The antibodies then can be used to screen tissue samples for occurrence of mutations in a manner analogous to the DNA-based methods described *supra*.

The diagnostic methods described above can be used not only for diagnosis and for prognosis of existing disease, but may also be used to predict the likelihood of the future occurrence of disease. For example, clinically healthy patients can be screened for mutations in the inventive molecule that correlate with later disease onset. Such mutations may be observed in the heterozygous state in healthy individuals. In such cases a single mutation event can effectively disable proper functioning of the gene and induce a transformed or malignant phenotype. This screening also may be carried out prenatally or neonatally.

DNA molecules according to the invention also are well suited for use in so-called "gene chip" diagnostic applications. Such applications have been developed by, inter alia, Synteni and Affymetrix. Briefly, all or part of the DNA molecules of the invention can be used either as a probe to screen a polynucleotide array on a "gene chip," or they may be immobilized on the chip itself and used to identify other polynucleotides via hybridization to the surface of the chip. In this manner, for example, related genes can be identified, or expression patterns of the gene in various tissues can be simultaneously studied. Such gene chips have particular application for diagnosis of disease, or in forensic analysis to detect the presence or absence of an analyte. Suitable chip technology is described for example, in Wodicka et al., Nature Biotechnology, 15:1359 (1997) which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, and references cited therein.

PROTEIN-PROTEIN INTERACTIONS

Due to their similarity to certain known proteins, it is anticipated that some of the inventive protein molecules will interact with another class of cellular proteins. This is particularly true of those molecule containing leucine zipper motifs.

Any method suitable for detecting protein-protein interactions can be employed for identifying interacting targets. Among the traditional methods which can be employed are co-immunoprecipitation, crosslinking and co-purification through gradients or chromatographic columns. Utilizing procedures such as these allows for the identification of GAP gene products. Once identified, a GAP protein can be used, in conjunction with standard techniques, to identify its corresponding pathway gene. For example, at least a portion of the amino acid sequence of the pathway gene product can be ascertained using techniques well known to those of skill in the art, such as via the Edman degradation technique (see, e.g., Creighton, 1983, PROTEINS: STRUCTURES AND MOLECULAR PRINCIPLES, W.H. Freeman & Co., N.Y., pp.34-49). The amino acid sequence obtained can be used as a guide for the generation of oligonucleotide mixtures that can be used to screen for pathway gene sequences. Screening can be accomplished, for example, by standard hybridization or PCR techniques. Techniques for the generation of oligonucleotide mixtures and for screening are well-known. (See e.g., Ausubel, supra, and PCR PROTOCOLS: A GUIDE TO METHODS AND APPLICATIONS, 1990, Innis et al., eds. Academic Press, Inc., New York).

Additionally, methods can be employed which result in the simultaneous identification of interacting target genes. One method which detects protein interactions in vivo, the two-hybrid system, is described in detail for illustration purposes only and not by way of limitation. One version of this system has been described (Chien et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 88: 9578-9582 (1991)) and is commercially available from Clontech (Palo Alto, CA).

Briefly, utilizing such a system, plasmids are constructed that encode two hybrid proteins: one consists of the DNA-binding domain of a transcription activator protein fused to a known protein, in this case an inventive protein, and the other contains the activator protein's activation domain fused to an unknown protein (a putative GAP, for instance) that is encoded by a cDNA which has been recombined into this plasmid as part of a cDNA library. The plasmids are transformed into a strain of the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae that contains a reporter gene (e.g., lacZ) whose regulatory region contains the transcription activator's binding sites. Either hybrid protein alone cannot activate transcription of the reporter gene, the DNA-binding domain hybrid cannot because it does not provide activation function, and the activation domain hybrid cannot because it cannot localize to the activator's binding sites. Interaction of the two hybrid proteins reconstitutes the functional activator protein and results in expression of the reporter gene, which is detected by an assay for the reporter gene product.

The two-hybrid system or related methodology can be used to screen activation domain libraries for proteins that interact with a known "bait" gene product. By way of example, and not by way of limitation, gene products known to be involved in TH cell subpopulation-related disorders and/or differentiation, maintenance, and/or effector function of the subpopulations can be used as the bait gene products. Total genomic or cDNA sequences are fused to the DNA encoding on activation domain. This library and a plasmid encoding a hybrid of the bait gene product fused to the DNA-binding domain are cotransformed into a yeast reporter strain, and the resulting transformants are screened for those that express the reporter gene. For example, and not by way of limitation, the bait gene can be cloned into a vector such that it is translationally fused to the DNA encoding the DNA-binding domain of the GALA protein. These colonies are purified and the library plasmids responsible for reporter gene expression are isolated. DNA sequencing is then used to identify the proteins encoded by the library plasmids.

The present invention, thus generally described, will be understood more readily by reference to the following examples, which are provided by way of illustration and are not intended to be limiting of the present invention.

The examples below are provided to illustrate the subject invention. These examples are provided by way of illustration and are not included for the purpose of limiting the invention.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE I: cDNA Library Construction

cDNA library plates and clones originated from five cDNA libraries that were constructed by directional cloning. These are available through the Resource Center (http://www.rzpd.de) of the German Genome Project. In particular, the hfbr2 (human fetal brain; RZPD number DKFZp564) and hfkd2 (human fetal kidney; DKFZp566) libraries were generated using the Smart kit (Clontech), except that PCR was carried out with primers that contained uracil residues to permit directional cloning without restriction digestion and ligation, and were complementary with the pAMP1 (LifeTechnologies) cloning sites for directional cloning. The htes3 (human testes; DKFZp434), hute1 (human uterus; DKFZp586) and hmcf1 (human mammary carcinoma; DKFZp727) libraries are conventional (Gubler, U., Hoffman, B.J., (1983), A simple and very efficient method for generating cDNA libraries. Gene 25, 263-269), size-selected cDNA libraries. They are cloned into pSPORT1 (LifeTechnologies) via a NotI site which is introduced during reverse transcription downstream of the oligo dT primer and a SalI site that is introduced by the ligation of a adapters. The human mammary carcinoma library was constructed fgrom MCF7 cells.

The cDNA sequences of this application were first identified among the sequences comprising various libraries. Technology has advanced considerably since the first cDNA libraries were made. Many small variations in both chemicals and machinery have been instituted over time, and these have improved both the efficiency and safety of the process. Although the cDNAs could be obtained using an older procedure, the procedure presented in this application is exemplary of one currently being used by persons skilled in the art. For the

purpose of providing an exemplary method, the mRNA isolation and cDNA library construction described here is for the MCF-7 library (DKFZp727) from which the clones named DKFZphmcfl xxyyxx were obtained.

The human cell line MCF-7 was grown in DMEM supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum until confluency. 3 X 10⁸ cells were harvested with a cell scraper in PBS. Cells were lysed in buffer containing 0.5 % NP-40 to leave the nuclei intact. The debris was pelleted by centrifugation at 15 000 x g for 10 minutes at 4 degrees Celsius. Proteins in the supernatant were degraded in presence of SDS and Proteinase K (30 minutes at 56 degrees Celsius). Precipitation of proteins was done in a Phenol/Chloroform extraction, RNA was precipitated from the aqueous phase with Na-acetate and Ethanol. Polyadenylated messages were isolated using Qiagen Oligotex (QIAGEN, Hilden Germany).

First strand cDNA synthesis was accomplished using an oligo (dT) primer which also contained an NotI restriction site. Second strand synthesis was performed using a combination of DNA polymerase I, *E. coli* ligase and RNase H, followed by the addition of a SalI adaptor to the blunt ended cDNA. The SalI adapted, double-stranded cDNA was then digested with NotI restriction enzyme, and fractionated by size on an agarose gel. DNA of the appropriate size was cut from the gel and cast into a second gel in a 90° angle. After electrophoresis in the second dimension, cDNA of the appropriate size was cut from the gel. The agarose block was broken down with help of gelase. The cDNA was purified with help of two phenol extractions and an ethanol precipitation. The cDNA was ligated into SalI/NotI pre-digested pSport1 vector (LifeTechnologies) and transformed into DH10B bacteria.

The libraries were arrayed into 384-well microtiter plates and spotted on high density nylon membranes for hybridization analysis. Filters and clones are available through the Resource Center. Whole plates were distributed to the sequencing partners of the consortium for systematic sequencing.

EXAMPLE II: Sequencing of cDNA Clones

All clones in the 384-well microtiter plates were sequenced from the 5' end.

Sequencing was done preferentially using dye terminator chemistry (ABD or Amersham) on

ABI automated DNA sequencers (ABI 377, Applied Biosystems), one partner used EMBL prototype instruments (Arakis) mainly with dye primer chemistry.

The resulting expressed sequence tag (EST) sequences ("r1 ESTs" = sequenced from 5'-end) were analysed for:

a) the lack of identical matches with known genes.

For this, the EST-sequence was blasted against the cDNA consortiums own database and after that against public databases and (with BLASTn and BLASTx against EMBL/EMBLNEW and assembled ESTs, please refer to EXAMPLE III: Bioinformatics analysis of full length cDNAs, for description and parameter settings). ESTs which were identical to known genes in more than 100 bp, with less than 2 mismatches, were excluded from further analysis.

b) the presence of an open reading frame

Open reading frames (ORFs) were detected with an tool developed by Munich Information Center for Protein Sequences (MIPS) called ORF-map. ORF-map visualises potential start and stop-codons. If an ORF without a stop codon was detected in a r1-EST, the sequence was processed further.

c) the presence of GC rich sequences

A script developed by MIPS computed the GC-content of the r1-sequence, which should be >40%. Writing similar scripts is within the ordinary skill of one in bioinformatics.

d) the lack of repeat structures

Repeats such as Alu, Line or CA-repeats were detected by blasting (BLASTn and BLASTx, please refer to EXAMPLE III: Bioinformatics analysis of full length cDNAs, for description and parameter settings) against a repeat-database compiled by MIPS. If a repeat was present within the r1-sequence, the sequence were not processed further.

Novel clones that met all criteria were identified to the sequencers, who then performed 3'-end sequencing of these clones. The resulting 3' ESTs ("s1 ESTs" = sequenced from 3'-end) were checked for

a) the lack of matches with known genes in public databases, and sequences already generated by us.

This was done by blasting against EMBL/EMBLNEW and assembled EST (BLASTn and BLASTx, please refer to EXAMPLE III: Bioinformatics analysis of full length cDNAs, for description and parameter settings).

b) the presence of polyadenylation signals.

Again only clones matching the selection criteria were chosen to be sequenced completely by the sequencers. Clones were selected after the following criteria:

A very good ORF had at least one BLASTx match to other proteins. A "good ORF" should extend to the 3' end and be longer than ~40 codons. If the ORF started in the r1 sequence, in front of the potential start codon, there should not exist too many competing start codons in frame with the ORF start codon and the start should match the Kozak consensus ATG. If the EST sequence was to short to decide according to the potential ORF, and there were only a few or no start codons in the sequence the GC content of the Sequence should be greater than 40%. The r1 sequences needed not contain an polyA-tail at the 3' end. In addition, the results of the blasting against the assembled human ESTs could help in questionable cases to decide whether to stop or to continue. A hit against these ESTs was an indication to go further.

Clones passing the above-described screening were sequenced in full. Sequencing was done preferentially using dye terminator chemistry (ABD or Amersham) on ABI automated DNA sequencers (ABI 377, Applied Biosystems), one partner used EMBL prototype instruments (Arakis) mainly with dye primer chemistry. Primer walking (Strauss et al., 1986, Specific-primer-directed DNA sequencing. Anal Biochem. 154, 353-360) was the preferred sequencing strategy because of the lower redundancy possible compared to random shotgun (Messing, J., Crea, R., Seeburg, H.P. (1981) A system for shotgun DNA sequencing. Nucleic Acids Res. 9, 32-39) methods. Walking primers were generally designed using software (e.g. Haas, S., Vingron, M., Poustka, A., Wiemann, S. (1998) Primer design in large-scale sequencing. Nucleic Acids Res. 26, 3006-3012, Schwager, C., Wiemann, S., Ansorge, W. (1995) GeneSkipper: integrated software environment for DNA sequence assembly and

alignment. HUGO Genome Digest 2, 8-9) that permitted complete automation of this usually time consuming process and helped in the parallel processing of large numbers of clones.

EXAMPLE III: Bioinformatics analysis of full length cDNAs

Each sequence obtained was compared on nucleotide level in a stepwise manner to sequences in EMBL/EMBLNEW, EMBL-EST, EMBL-STS using the BLASTn algorithm. Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST, Altschul S. F. (1993) J Mol Evol 36:290-300; Altschul, S. F. et al (1990) J Mol Biol 215:403-10) is used to search for local sequence alignments. BLAST produces alignments of both nucleotide (BLASTn) and amino acid sequences (BLASTp or BLASTx) to determine sequence similarity. BLAST is especially useful in determining exact matches or in identifying homologs, because of the local nature of the alignments. While it is useful for matches which do not contain gaps, it is inappropriate for performing motif-style searching. The fundamental unit of BLAST algorithm output is the High-scoring Segment Pair (HSP).

An HSP consists of two sequence fragments of arbitrary but equal lengths whose alignment is locally maximal and for which the alignment BLAST approach is to look threshold or cut off score set by the user. BLAST looks for HSPs between a query sequence and a database sequence, to evaluate the statistical significance of any matches found, and to report only those matches which satisfy the user-selected threshold of significance. The parameter E establishes the statistically significant threshold for reporting database sequence matches. E is interpreted as the upper bound of the expected frequency of chance occurrence of an HSP (or set of HSPs) within the context of the entire database search. Any database sequence whose match satisfies E is reported in the program output. Parameter settings for the BLAST-operations (BLASTN 2.0a19MP-WashU) described were: EMBL-EMBLNEW: H=0 V=5 B=5 -filter seg; EMBL-EST: H=0 E=1e-10 B=500 V=500 -filter seg; EMBL-STS: H=0 V=5 B=5.

Search against EMBL/EMBLNEW was done to determine whether the cDNAs are already known, and also to find out whether the cDNAs are encoded by genomic sequences already sequenced and published/submitted to these databases.

Search against EMBL-EST was performed to get a first impression how abundant a particular cDNA would be and to get information on tissue specificity (so-called "electronic Northern-Blot", e.g. some of the cDNAs derived of the testis library show only hits to ESTs also derived of testis libraries).

The cDNA-sequences were blasted against EMBL-STS to determine STS-sequencematch to the cDNA, thus providing a mapping information to the new cDNA.

The potential protein-sequences were generated automatically by a script searching for the longest open reading frame (ORF) in each of the three forward frames with a minimum length of 90 codons. Next, the automatically generated ORFs were translated into protein sequences. These protein sequences were searched against the non redundant protein data set of PIR/SwissProt/Trembel/Tremblnew (BLASTP 2.0a19MP-WashU, parameter setting: V=7 B=7 H=0 -filter seg). If the script generated more than one ORF, one ORF was chosen manually by the annotater according to the degree of similarity to known proteins, the location of the ORF in the cDNA, the length, the amino acid composition and the content of Prosite-Motifs.

Additionally there was a BLASTX (BLASTX 2.0a19MP-WashU against non redundant protein database comprising PIR/SWISSPROT/TREMBL/TREMBLNEW; parameter-settings were: matrix/home/data/blast/matrix/aa/BLOSUM62 H=0 V=5 B=5 -filter seg) search to find potential frame shift in the complementary cds of the cDNAs and to identify unspliced or partly spliced cDNAs. The protein sequence was then transferred to the PEDANT system, in order to generate additional information on the new proteins. PEDANT (Protein Extraction, Description, and ANalysis Tool, Frishman, D. & Mewes, H.-W. (1997) PEDANTic genome analysis. Trends in Genetics, 13, 415-416) is a platform developed at the Munich Information Center for Protein Sequences (MIPS, Munich, Germany), which incorporates practically all bioinformatics methods important for the functional and structural characterisation of protein sequences. Computational methods used by PEDANT are:

FASTA

Very sensitive protein sequence database searches with estimates of statistical significance. Pearson W.R. (1990) Rapid and sensitive sequence comparison with FASTP and FASTA. Methods Enzymol. 183, 63-98.

BLAST2

Very sensitive protein sequence database searches with estimates of statistical significance. Altschul S.F., Gish W., Miller W., Myers E.W., and Lipman D.J. Basic local alignment search tool. Journal of Molecular Biology 215, 403-10.

PREDATOR

High-accuracy secondary structure prediction from single and multiple sequences. Frishman, D. and Argos, P. (1997) 75% accuracy in protein secondary structure prediction. Proteins, 27, 329-335. Frishman, D. and Argos, P.(1996) Incorporation of long-distance interactions in a secondary structure prediction algorithm. Prot. Eng. 9, 133-142.

STRIDE

Secondary structure assignment from atomic coordinates. Frishman, D. and Argos, P.(1995) Knowledge-based secondary structure assignment. Proteins 23, 566-579.

CLUSTALW

Multiple sequence alignment. Thompson, J.D., Higgins, D.G. and Gibson, T.J. (1994) CLUSTAL W: improving the sensitivity of progressive multiple sequence alignment through sequence weighting, positions-specific gap penalties and weight matrix choice. Nucleic Acids Research, 22:4673-4680.

TMAP

Transmembrane region prediction from multiply aligned sequences. Persson, B. and Argos, P. (1994) Prediction of transmembrane segments in proteins utilising multiple sequence alignments. J. Mol. Biol. 237, 182-192.

ALOM2

Transmembrane region prediction from single sequences. Klein, P., Kanehisa, M., and DeLisi, C. Prediction of protein function from sequence properties: A discriminant analysis of a database. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 787, 221-226 (1984). Version 2 by Dr. K. Nakai.

SIGNALP

Signal peptide prediction Nielsen, H., Engelbrecht, J., Brunak, S., and von Heijne, G (1997). Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites. Protein Engineering 10, 1-6.

SEG

Detection of low complexity regions in protein sequences. Wootton, J.C., Federhen, S. (1993) Statistics of local complexity in amino acid sequences and sequence databases. Computers & Chemistry 17, 149-163.

COILS

Detection of coiled coils. Lupas, A., M. Van Dyke, and J. Stock, "Predicting Coiled Coils from Protein Sequences." Science (1991) 252, 1162-1164.

PROSEARCH

Detection of PROSITE protein sequence patterns. Kolakowski L.F. Jr., Leunissen J.A.M., Smith J.E. (1992) ProSearch: fast searching of protein sequences with regular expression patterns related to protein structure and function. Biotechniques 13, 919-921.

BLIMPS

Similarity searches against a database of ungapped blocks. J.C. Wallace and Henikoff S., (1992) PATMAT: a searching and extraction program for sequence, pattern and block queries and databases, CABIOS 8, 249-254. Written by Bill Alford.

HMMER

Hidden Markov model software. Sonnhammer E.L.L., Eddy S.R., Durbin R. (1997) Pfam: A Comprehensive Database of Protein Families Based on Seed Alignments. Proteins 28, 405-420.

pΙ

Perl script that returns the amino acid composition, molecular weight, theoretical pI, and expected extinction coefficient of an amino acid sequence. By Fred Lindberg. The parameter-settings were as follows: known3d: score > 100; BLAST: E-value < 10; SCOP: <= 50 Alignments, E-Value < 0.0001; signalp: Y=0.7; untersucht vom N-Terminus her: 50 aa; funcat: E-value < 0.001; BLOCKS: <= 10 hits; BLIMPS: threshold 1100.0; COILS: threshold 0.95; SEG: threshold 20.0; BLAST in report: E-value < 0.001; PIR-KW, superfamilies, EC-Nummern in report: E-value < 0.00001; known3d in report: score > 120

The results of PEDANT analysis, together with the results of the similarity searches, constitute the basis for the structural and functional annotation of the cDNAs and the encoded proteins, as specified below.

EXAMPLE III: CELLULAR LOCALIZATIONS OF GFP-FUSION PROTEINS

Plasmids of cDNA-GFP fusions were transfected into mammalian tissue culture cells and allowed to express the proteins for up to 48 hours. Live cells were imaged at 24 hours and 48 hours after transfection and the localisations recorded. The chart, below, depicts the apparent final cellular localisations of 107 cDNA-GFP fusions.

In order to minimize the possibility of the GFP interfering with protein function and/or localization, two separate populations of cDNAs were generated encoding N-terminal or C-terminal GFP fusions. Clearly this appears to be a crucial strategy, since overall only 56% of the proteins localised to a specific compartment irrespective of the position of the GFP. In the instances where only one fusion localized, the complementary fusion either gave no expression or a nuclear and cytosolic staining - characteristic for GFP alone expression.

Each cDNA in turn was subjected to bioinformatic analysis. Where possible, the potential subcellular localisations of the expressed proteins were determined. This

information was then compared to the actual localisations determined from expression of the GFP-fusion proteins in mammalian cells.

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DKFZphfbr2_16c16
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group: Cell structure and motility

DKFZphfbr2_16c16.3 encodes a novel 586 amino acid protein with similarity to the human actin binding protein MAYVEN and Drosophila Kelch.

MAVEN is a novel actin binding protein predominantly expressed in brain. Drosophila kelch is involved in the maintenance of ring canal organization during oogenesis. The amino half of the protein including the BTB domain mediates dimerization, while the amino half might allow cross-linking of ring canal actin filaments, thus organising the inner rim cytoskeleton. The kelch repeat domain is necessary for ring canal localisation and believed to mediate an additional interaction, possibly with actin. The new protein shares the features of both proteins and therefore should be involved in the organisation of cyto skeleton binding to membrane proteins.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking of cyto skeleton-membrane protein interaction.

similarity to Drosophila kelch

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits on genomic level partly encoded by AC005082 and AC006039

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3028 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3004, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2984

1 GGGGGCCCGG GGACGCAGCC CAGTTGGTAG CGTCGCTCCC TGAGCGTTTC 51 TAAGGGGCC GCCCGGCCCT GTCTTTCGGC AGTGGCCGAG CCACCGCCGC 101 CTGCCGCGCG TTCCAGAGCT GGGCGCTGCA GCTGCACTGC CGATCGCCGT 151 GTTTGGTCGA TAGAATCCCC AGTGTGCCCA GAGAGTGCGA CCCCTCGCCC 201 GGCCCGGCGA GCCCCGGGCG TGAACCGAGC TGAGGGAGGA TGGCAGCCTC 251 TGGGGTGGAG AAGAGCAGCA AGAAGAAGAC CGAGAAGAAA CTTGCTGCTC 301 GGGAAGAAGC TAAATTGTTG GCGGGTTTCA TGGGCGTCAT GAATAACATG 351 CGGAAACAGA AAACGTTGTG TGACGTGATC CTCATGGTCC AGGAAAGAAA 401 GATACCTGCT CATCGTGTTG TTCTTGCTGC AGCCAGTCAT TTTTTTAACT 451 TAATGTTCAC AACTAACATG CTTGAATCAA AGTCCTTTGA AGTAGAACTC 501 AAAGATGCTG AACCTGATAT TATTGAACAA CTGGTGGAAT TTGCTTATAC 551 TGCTAGAATT TCCGTGAATA GCAACAATGT TCAGTCTTTG TTGGATGCAG 601 CAAACCAATA TCAGATTGAA CCTGTGAAGA AAATGTGTGT TGATTTTTTG 651 AAAGAACAAG TTGATGCTTC AAATTGTCTT GGTATAAGTG TGCTAGCGGA 701 GTGTCTAGAT TGTCCTGAAT TGAAAGCAAC TGCAGATGAC TTTATTCATC 751 AGCACTTTAC TGAAGTTTAC AAAACTGATG AATTTCTTCA ACTTGATGTC 801 AAGCGAGTAA CACATCTTCT CAACCAGGAC ACTCTGACTG TGAGAGCAGA 851 GGATCAGGTT TATGATGCTG CAGTCAGGTG GTTGAAATAC GATGAGCCTA 901 ATCGCCAGCC ATTTATGGTT GATATCCTTG CTAAAGTCAG GTTTCCTCTT 951 ATATCAAAGA ATTTCTTAAG TAAAACGGTA CAAGCTGAAC CACTTATTCA 1001 AGACAATCCT GAATGCCTTA AGATGGTGAT AAGTGGAATG AGGTACCATC 1051 TACTGTCTCC AGAGGACCGA GAAGAACTTG TAGATGGCAC AAGACCTAGA 1101 AGAAAGAAAC ATGACTACCG CATAGCCCTA TTTGGAGGCT CTCAACCACA 1151 GTCTTGTAGA TATTTTAACC CAAAGGATTA TAGCTGGACA GACATCCGCT 1201 GCCCCTTTGA AAAACGAAGA GATGCAGCAT GCGTGTTTTG GGACAATGTA 1251 GTATACATTT TGGGAGGCTC TCAGCTTTTC CCAATAAAGC GAATGGACTG 1301 CTATAATGTA GTGAAGGATA GCTGGTATTC GAAACTGGGT CCTCCGACAC 1351 CTCGAGACAG CCTTGCTGCA TGTGCTGCAG AAGGCAAAAT TTATACATCT 1401 GGAGGTTCAG AAGTAGGAAA CTCAGCTCTG TATTTATTTG AGTGCTATGA 1451 TACGAGAACT GAAAGCTGGC ACACAAAGCC CAGCATGCTG ACCCAGCGCT 1501 GCAGCCATGG GATGGTGGAA GCCAATGGCC TAATCTATGT TTGTGGTGGA 1551 AGTTTAGGAA ACAATGTTTC AGGGAGAGTG CTTAATTCCT GTGAAGTTTA 1601 TGATCCTGCC ACAGAAACAT GGACTGAGCT GTGTCCAATG ATTGAAGCCA 1651 GGAAGAATCA TGGGCTGGTA TTTGTAAAAG ACAAGATATT TGCTGTGGGT 1701 GGTCAGAATG GTTTAGGTGG TCTGGACAAT GTGGAATATT ACGATATTAA 1751 GTTGAACGAA TGGAAGATGG TCTCACCAAT GCCATGGAAG GGTGTAACAG 1801 TGAAATGTGC AGCAGTTGGC TCTATAGTTT ATGTCTTGGC TGGTTTTCAG

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2301 AGAAGATTGG CTCATCAGTG AAGCGCAGTA TCTTAGCTCT AGATTCTATT
 2351 TTCATGCATC ACAGAAGTGC TATACGGTTA GGTCTGTTTG TGCTCAGTCA
 2501 ATGTATTCCA TTTTAAAAGT AAGCCAGAGT GAGTCAAGGC ATATACACAC
 2551 TTTCTCACAA AACTTCCTAA ACAGATTTGG GGGTTTAATA TGTCCAACTC
 2601 CTCATGAAAT ATATTCAATC CACTTAAATA TATTCCATCT TTTTAACATA
 2651 AAATGTAAAG CTTAGCACCC ATCATTAATT TATGTCTCTG TTTTATCCAG
 2701 TGGTTAAAAA AGGATTCTGC CTCTTTAGTC CTCACTGTTA AATAAAACCC
 2751 AATCATAGTA AGTGATTAAC TAGCAAAAAG TAAAGCTATT TATAGCAAAT
 2801 TTCTAGATCA TTAGAAAAGC ACTGGTAGTT GTACAATATC AGTGTTGACT
 2851 TTGAACTTCT TTAACGAGAT CATGAATTCT TTTCCCTTAG CCAAAACATG
 2901 AAATATTTAA CCTAGTTGTC TCTAAAAGTT TTGTAATCAT GAGTTAGATA 2951 TATGTCATCT CCTATTCATT GCTTTTATGT GATCAATAAA TCTTTTACAA
 3001 ACCCAAAAGA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAA
BLAST Results
Entry AC005082 from database EMBL:
Homo sapiens clone RG271G13; HTGS phase 1, 7 unordered pieces.
Score = 6460, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 1292/1292
4 exons matching Bp 1180-3007
Entry AC006039 from database EMBL:
*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens clone NH0319F03; HTGS phase
1, 3 unordered pieces.
Score = 1780, P = 2.0e-117, identities = 368/377
5 exons matching Bp 6-860
Entry HSG20603 from database EMBL:
human STS A005Y34.
Score = 670, P = 1.0e-23, identities = 134/134
Medline entries
kelch encodes a component of intercellular bridges in
Drosophila egg chambers.
97412177:
Drosophila kelch is an oligomeric ring canal actin organizer.
Peptide information for frame 3
ORF from 240 bp to 1997 bp; peptide length: 586
Category: strong similarity to known protein
    1 MAASGVEKSS KKKTEKKLAA REEAKLLAGF MGVMNNMRKQ KTLCDVILMV
  51 QERKIPAHRV VLAAASHFFN LMFTTNMLES KSFEVELKDA EPDIIEQLVE
101 FAYTARISVN SNNVQSLLDA ANQYQIEPVK KMCVDFLKEQ VDASNCLGIS
151 VLAECLDCPE LKATADDFIH QHFTEVYKTD EFLQLDVKRV THLLNQDTLT
201 VRAEDQVYDA AVRWLKYDEP NRQPFMVDIL AKVRFPLISK NFLSKTVQAE
  251 PLIQDNPECL KMVISGMRYH LLSPEDREEL VDGTRPRRKK HDYRIALFGG
  301 SQPQSCRYFN PKDYSWTDIR CPFEKRRDAA CVFWDNVVYI LGGSQLFPIK
  351 RMDCYNVVKD SWYSKLGPPT PRDSLAACAA EGKIYTSGGS EVGNSALYLF
  401 ECYDTRTESW HTKPSMLTQR CSHGMVEANG LIYVCGGSLG NNVSGRVLNS
  451 CEVYDPATET WTELCPMIEA RKNHGLVFVK DKIFAVGGON GLGGLDNVEY
  501 YDIKLNEWKM VSPMPWKGVT VKCAAVGSIV YVLAGFQGVG RLGHILEYNT
  551 ETDKWVANSK VRAFPVTSCL ICVVDTCGAN EETLET
                                 BLASTP hits
Entry KELC_DROME from database SWISSPROT:
RING CANAL PROTEIN (KELCH PROTEIN).
Length = 689
Score = 816 (287.2 bits), Expect = 1.9e-81, P = 1.9e-81
Identities = 187/542 (34%), Positives = 290/542 (53%)
Entry AC004021_1 from database TREMBL: WUGSC:H_DJ0186K10.1"; Human PAC clone DJ0186K10 from 5q31,
complete sequence. Homo sapiens (human)
Length = 497
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```
Score = 704 (247.8 bits), Expect = 1.4e-69, P = 1.4e-69 Identities = 163/483 (33%), Positives = 253/483 (52%)
Entry HSDKG12 1 from database TREMBL:
"KIAA0132"; Human mRNA for KIAA0132 gene, complete cds. Homo
sapiens (human)
Length = 624
Score = 692 (243.6 bits), Expect = 2.6e-68, P = 2.6e-68
Identities = 175/527 (33%), Positives = 272/527 (51%)
Entry A45773 from database PIR:
kelch protein, long form - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)
Length = 1476
Score = 817 (287.6 bits), Expect = 1.7e-80, P = 1.7e-80
Identities = 189/549 (34%), Positives = 292/549 (53%)
           Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16c16, frame 3
No Alert BLASTP hits found
Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 16c16, frame 3
                   Report for DKFZphfbr2_16c16.3
[LENGTH]
             586
              65992.06
[ MW ]
(pI)
              6.08
             PIR:A45773 kelch protein, long form - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster) 5e-85
{HOMOL]
(BLOCKS)
              BL00075D Dihydrofolate reductase proteins
             dlgog_3 2.46.1.1.1 (151-537) Galactose oxidase, central domai 6e-36 zinc finger 2e-11
(SCOP)
(PIRKW)
              DNA binding 9e-10
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
              transcription factor 1e-06
[SUPFAM]
              A55R protein middle region homology 1e-35
[SUPFAM]
              POZ domain homology 1e-35
(SUPFAM)
              vaccinia virus 59K HindIII-C protein 5e-15
[SUPFAM]
             A55R protein 1e-35
             myxoma virus M9-R protein 2e-11
(SUPFAM)
             A55R protein carboxyl-terminal homology 1e-35
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 2
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
             MYRISTYL
                           8
PROSITE
             CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                  10
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
              Alpha_Beta
[KW]
[KW]
              LOW COMPLEXITY
                               3.75 %
SEQ
       MAASGVEKSSKKKTEKKLAAREEAKLLAGFMGVMNNMRKOKTLCDVILMVOERKIPAHRV
       SEG
     PRD
SEO
       VLAAASHFFNLMFTTNMLESKSFEVELKDAEPDI I EOLVEFAYTAR I SVNSNNVOSLLDA
SEG
       PRD
SEO
       ANQYQIEPVKKMCVDFLKEQVDASNCLGISVLAECLDCPELKATADDFIHQHFTEVYKTD
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       EFLQLDVKRVTHLLNQDTLTVRAEDQVYDAAVRWLKYDEPNRQPFMVDILAKVRFPLISK
SEG
PRD
       իրիշիրիրի հերևան անագրան անագրան անագրան անագրան անագրան հերևան անագրան անագրան անագրան անագրան անագրան անագրա
       NFLSKTVOAEPLIODNPECLKMVISGMRYHLLSPEDREELVDGTRPRRKKHDYRIALFGG
SEO
SEG
      PRD
       SOPOSCRYFNPKDYSWTDIRCPFEKRRDAACVFWDNVVYILGGSQLFPIKRMDCYNVVKD
SEO
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       SWYSKLGPPTPRDSLAACAAEGKIYTSGGSEVGNSALYLFECYDTRTESWHTKPSMLTQR
SEG
```

SEQ SEG PRD	CSHGMVEANGLIYVCGGSLGNNVSGRVLNSCEVYDPATETWTELCPMIEARKNHGLVFVK CCCeeeeccceeeccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	DKIFAVGGQNGLGGLDNVEYYDIKLNEWKMVSPMPWKGVTVKCAAVGSIVYVLAGFQGVGceeeecccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	RLGHILEYNTETDKWVANSKVRAFPVTSCLICVVDTCGANEETLET

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_16c16.3

PS00001	442->446	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	11->15	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	188->192	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	9->12	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	10->13	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	14->17	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	104->107	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	200->203	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	305->308	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	370->373	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00005
		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	418->421		PD0C00005
PS00005	444->447	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00005	520->523	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	552->555	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	4->8	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	42->46	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	116->120	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	164->168	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	273->277	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	315->319	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	370->374	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	405->409	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	460->464	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	550->554	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	202->209	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	5->11	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	32->38	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	389->395	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	424->430	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	436->442	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	440->446	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	487->493	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	493->499	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_16c16.3)

DKFZphfbr2_16f21

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 16f21 encodes a novel 208 amino acid protein with strong similarity to human zinc finger protein 216.

The novel protein shows strong similarity to the human zinc finger protein 216, but has no Zn finger.

PROSITE: Contains no Zinc finger; No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

strong similarity to zinc finger protein 216

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits start matches Kozak consensus ANNatgG,

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1512 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1490, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1474

1 GGGAGCAAGC AGGGGTTCGG CGGCATTACC TGTACCCATT CACCGGCGGC 51 TACCGGCGGC GGCGCGTAGC GTGTCAGGCG GAGAGACCCG CCGCCAGGTG 101 TGCAACTGAG GAACATGGCT CAAGAAACTA ATCACAGCCA AGTGCCTATG 151 CTTTGTTCCA CTGGCTGTGG ATTTTATGGA AACCCTCGTA CAAATGGCAT 201 GTGTTCAGTA TGCTATAAAG AACATCTTCA AAGACAGAAT AGTAGTAATG 251 GTAGAATAAG CCCACCTGCA ACCTCTGTCA GTAGTCTGTC TGAATCTTTA 301 CCAGTTCAAT GCACAGATGG CAGTGTGCCA GAAGCCCAGT CAGCATTAGA 351 CTCTACATCT TCATCTATGC AGCCCAGCCC TGTATCAAAT CAGTCACTTT 401 TATCAGARTC TGTAGCATCT TCTCAATTGG ACAGTACATC TGTGGACAAA 451 GCAGTACCTG AAACAGAAGA TGTGCAGGCT TCAGTATCAG ACACAGCACA 501 GCAGCCATCT GAAGAGCAAA GCAAGCCTCT TGAAAAAACCG AAACAAAAAA 551 AGAATCGCTG TTTCATGTGC AGGAAGAAAG TGGGACTTAC TGGGTTTGAA 601 TGCCGGTGTG GAAATGTTTA CTGTGGTGTA CACCGTTACT CAGATGTACT 651 CAATTGCTCT TACAATTACA AAGCCGATGC TGCTGAGAAA ATCAGAAAAG
701 AAAATCCAGT AGTTGTTGGT GAAAAGATCC AAAAGATTTG AACTCCTGCT
751 GGAATACAAA ATTCTTGAGC ATCTGCAAAC TAAAAATTGA CTTGAGGTTT 801 TTTTTTCCT AGTCATTGGG AATGTAGAGC AGTGTATCTT GCATGTCATC 851 GGAAGAATAG ATTITTGTTT TGGTTTTGTT TTGAAAATGA CTCTGAACAT 901 TTATTTCCAT TGCAATTTCT GTGGCTGAGG AGACTTAAAC TTTACAAGTA 951 TTATCCTTT AAGATCATT TAATTTAGT TGAGTGCAGA GGGCTTTTAT
1001 AACAAACGTG CAGAAATTTT GGAGGGCTGT GATTTTCCA GTATTAAACA
1051 TGCATGCATT AATCTTGCAG TTTATTTTCT CATTATGTAT GTATATATCG
1101 CTTTTCTCTG CAGCACGATT TCTCTTTTGA TAATGCCCTT TAGGGCACAA
1151 CTAGTTATCA GTAACTGAAT GTATCTTAAT CATTATGGCT GCTTCTGTTT 1201 TTTCATTAAC AAAGGTTATT CATATGTTAG CATATAGTTT CTTTGCACCC 1251 ACTATTTATG TCTGAATCAT TTGTCACAAG AGAGTGTGTG CTGATGAGAT 1301 TGTAAGTTTG TGTGTTTAAA CTTTTTTTTG AGCGAGGGAA GAAAAACGTTG 1351 TATGCATTTC ATTGCTGTCT ACAGGTTTCT TTCAGATTAT GTTCATGGGT 1401 TTGTGTGTAT ACAATATGAA GAATGATCTG AAGTAATTGT GCTGTATTTA 1451 TGTTTATTCA CCAGTCTTTG ATTAAATAAA AAGGAAAACC AGAAAAAAA 1501 AAAAAAAAA AA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 115 bp to 738 bp; peptide length: 208 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MAQETNHSQV PMLCSTGCGF YGNPRTNGMC SVCYKEHLQR QNSSNGRISP
51 PATSVSSLSE SLPVQCTDGS VPEAQSALDS TSSSMQPSPV SNQSLLSESV
101 ASSQLDSTSV DKAVPETEDV QASVSDTAQQ PSEEQSKPLE KPKQKKNRCF
151 MCRKKVGLTG FECRCGNVYC GVHRYSDVLN CSYNYKADAA EKIRKENPVV
201 VGEKIQKI

BLASTP hits

Entry ATF7H19_1 from database TREMBLNEW:
gene: "F7H19.10"; product: "putative protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana DNA
chromosome 4, BAC clone F7H19 (ESSAII project) >TREMBL:ATT12H17_21
gene: "T12H17.210"; product: "predicted protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana
DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone T12H17 (ESSAII project)
Score = 206, P = 2.1e-24, identities = 51/146, positives = 77/146

Entry PVPVPR3A_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "PVPR3"; P.vulgaris PVPR3 protein mRNA, complete cds.
Score = 237, P = 4.9e-20, identities = 50/136, positives = 73/136

Entry AF062072_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "ZNF216"; product: "zinc finger protein 216"; Homo sapiens zinc
finger protein 216 (ZNF216) gene, complete cds.
Score = 591, P = 1.6e-57, identities = 124/215, positives = 147/215
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16f21, frame 1

TREMBL:AF062071_1 product: "zinc finger protein ZNF216"; Mus musculus zinc finger protein 2NF216 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 590, P = 2.1e-57

TREMBLNEW:AB001773_1 gene: "pem-6"; product: "PEM-6"; Ciona savignyi pem-6 (posterior end mark 6) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 421, P = 1.7e-39

HSPs:

Score = 590 (88.5 bits), Expect = 2.1e-57, P = 2.1e-57 Identities = 123/213 (57%), Positives = 146/213 (68%)

Query: 1 MAQETNHSQVPMLCSTGCGFYGNPRTNGMCSVCYKEHLQRQNSSNGRISPPAT---SVSS 57
MAQETN + PMLCSTGCGFYGNPRTNGMCSVCYKEHLQRQ +S GR+SP T S S
Sbjct: 1 MAQETNQTPGPMLCSTGCGFYGNPRTNGMCSVCYKEHLQRQQNS-GRMSPMGTASGSNSP 59

Query: 58 LSESLPVQCTDGSVPEAQSALDSTSSSMQPSPVSNQSLLSE--SVASSQLDSTSVDKAVP 115
S+S VQ D + + A STS + PV+ + + + S+ D + K
Sbjct: 60 TSDSASVQRADAGLNNCEGAAGSTSEKSRNVPVAALPVTQQMTEMSISREDKITTPKT-E 118

Query: 116 ETEDVQASVSDTAQQPSEEQS--KPLEKPKQKKNRCFMCRKKVGLTGFECRCGNVYCGVH 173
+E V S + QPS QS K E PK KKNRCFMCRKKVGLTGF+CRCGN++CG+H
Sbjct: 119 VSEPVVTQPSPSVSQPSSSQSEEKAPELPKPKKNRCFMCRKKVGLTGFDCRCGNLFCGLH 178

Query: 174 RYSDVLNCSYNYKADAAEKIRKENPVVVGEKIQKI 208
RYSD NC Y+YKA+AA KIRKENPVVV EKIQ+1
Sbjct: 179 RYSDKHNCPYDYKAEAAAKIRKENPVVVAEKIQRI 213

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_16f21, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_16f21.1

[LENGTH] 208
[MW] 22541.23
[pI] 6.80
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF062072_1 gene: "ZNF216"; product: "zinc finger protein 216"; Homo sapiens zinc finger protein 216 (ZNF216) gene, complete cds. 9e-57
[PIRKW] zinc 8e-13
[PIRKW] zinc finger 8e-13

```
fusion protein 8e-13
unassigned ubiquitin-related proteins 8e-13
ubiquitin homology 8e-13
MYRISTYL 2
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 7
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 4
[PIRKW]
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            Irregular
(KW)
(KW)
            LOW_COMPLEXITY
                           7.21 %
      {\tt MAQETHHSQVPMLCSTGCGFYGNPRTNGMCSVCYKEHLQRQNSSNGRISPPATSVSSLSE}
SEQ
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
      {\tt SLPVQCTDGSVPEAQSALDSTSSSMQPSPVSNQSLLSESVASSQLDSTSVDKAVPETEDV}
SEG
      PRD
      {\tt QASVSDTAQQPSEEQSKPLEKPKQKKNRCFMCRKKVGLTGFECRCGNVYCGVHRYSDVLN}
SEQ
SEG
      PRD
      CSYNYKADAAEKIRKENPVVVGEKIQKI
SEQ
SEG
PRD
      ccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccccccc
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_16f21.1

PS00001	6->10	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	42->46	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	92->96	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	180->184	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00006	57->61	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	70->74	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	76->80	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	103->107	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	108->112	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	123->127	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	159->163	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	22->28	MYRĪSTYL -	PD0C00008
PS00008	166->172	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_16f21.1)

DKFZphfbr2_16g18

group: cell cycle

DKF2phfbr2 16g18.3 encodes a novel 984 amino acid protein with similarity to centromeric proteins of yeasts.

The novel protein shows similarity to S. pombe SPAC17A5.07c and the S. cerevisiae Smt4p suppressor of MIF2 gene. MIF2 encodes a centromeric protein with homology to the mammalian centromeric protein CENP-C. Mutations in MIF2 stabilise dicentric minichromosomes and confer high instability to chromosomes that bear a cis-acting mutation in element I of the yeast centromeric DNA (CDEI). Therefore the new protein should be involved in centromer organisation, too.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the cell cycle and influencing the behavior of chromosomes, both natural and artificial in eukaryotic cells.

similarity to KIAA0797 and yeast Smt4p

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits the yeast ${\rm Smt4}$ protein seems to be involved in centromer function and microtuble organisation

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 4826 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4756, polyadenylation signal at pos. 4736

1 GGGTCGAGGT CGACGGTATC GATAAGTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT 51 TTTTCCTTTC CCCTCCCCT CCCTCTCCAA GCCGGAGGGG TCCTGAGGTG 101 ACAGCGCCTG CAACTGAAAT TTCAGCAGCG GGAGAAGATG GACAAGAGAA 151 AGCTCGGGCG ACGGCCATCT TCATCCGAAA TCATCACAGA AGGAAAAAGG 201 AAAAAGTCAT CTTCTGATTT ATCGGAGATA AGAAAGATGT TAAATGCAAA 251 ACCAGAGGAT GTCCATGTTC AATCACCACT GTCCAAATTC AGAAGCTCAG 301 AACGCTGGAC TCTCCCTTTG CAGTGGGAAA GAAGCCTAAG GAATAAAGTC 351 ATCTCTCTAG ACCATAAAAA TAAAAAACAT ATCCGAGGGT GTCCTGTTAC 401 TTCCAGGTCA TCACCAGAAA GGATACCCAG AGTTATATTG ACGAATGTCC 451 TGGGAACGGA GTTAGGAAGA AAATACATAA GGACCCCACC TGTAACTGAG
501 GGAAGTTTGA GTGATACAGA CAACTTGCAA TCAGAGCAAC TTTCTTCATC 551 ATCTGATGGC AGCCTAGAAT CTTATCAAAA TCTAAACCCT CACAAGAGCT 601 GTTATTTATC TGAAAGGGGC TCACAACGAA GTAAGACAGT AGATGACAAT 651 TCTGCAAAGC AGACTGCGCA CAATAAAGAA AAACGAAGAA AGGATGATGG 701 CATTTCTCTT TTAATATCTG ATACTCAGCC TGAAGACCTT AACAGTGGAA 751 GTAGAGGTTG TGATCATCTC GAACAGGAAA GCAGAAACAA GGATGTTAAA 801 TATTCTGATT CAAAAGTGGA ACTCACTCTG ATTTCCAGGA AGACAAAGAG 851 AAGGCTTAGA AATAATTTAC CTGATTCTCA ATATTGTACT TCTTTGGATA 901 AGTCAACAGA ACAGACAAAA AAACAAGAAG ATGACTCAAC AATATCCACT 951 GAGTTTGAAA GGCCAAGTGA AAACTATCAT CAGGATCCAA AACTGCCTGA 1001 AGAAATTACA ACTAAACCTA CAAAAAGTGA TTTTACTAAG CTATCCTCAC 1051 TTAACAGTCA GGAGTTGACT TTGAGTAATG CCACCAAAAG TGCCTCTGCC 1101 GGTTCAACCA CTGAAACCGT TGAGTACTCT AATTCCATTG ATATTCTGGG 1201 AGCCTATTCT AACAGGACAT AATGAAGGGA ACCAATCACT GATCTCAGCT
1251 GAACCAATTG TTGTTTCCAG TGATGAAGAA GGACCTGTTG AACATAAAAG 1301 TTCAGAAATT CTTAAGTTAC AATCTAAGCA AGACCGTGAG ACAACTAATG 1351 AAAATGAGAG TACTTCTGAA TCAGCATTGT TAGAACTACC ATTGATTACA 1401 TGTGAATCTG TACAGATGTC ATCTGAATTA TGCCCATATA ATCCTGTCAT 1451 GGAGAACATT TCCAGTATTA TGCCTAGTAA TGAGATGGAT CTACAACTGG 1501 ATTTTATATT TACTTCTGTT TATATTGGTA AAATAAAAGG AGCTTCTAAA 1551 GGTTGTGTTA CAATCACAAA AAAATATATT AAGATCCCAT TTCAAGTGTC 1601 CCTGAATGAG ATTTCATTGC TAGTGGATAC CACACATTTA AAGCGGTTTG 1651 GGTTATGGAA AAGTAAGGAT GATAATCACA GTAAAAGGAG TCATGCTATT 1701 CTTTTCTTCT GGGTCTCTTC AGATTATCTT CAAGAGATTC AGACCCAATT 1751 AGAACACTCT GTATTAAGCC AGCAATCAAA ATCTAGTGAA TTCATTTTCC 1801 TTGAACTACA CAATCCTGTT TCACAGAGAG AAGAATTGAA GCTGAAAGAT 1851 ATTATGACGG AAATAAGTAT AATCAGTGGA GAATTAGAGC TTTCTTACCC 1901 GTTGTCTTGG GTTCAGGCAT TTCCTTTGTT TCAGAACCTC TCTTCAAAAG 1951 AAAGTTCTTT TATTCATTAT TACTGTGTTT CAACTTGTTC TTTCCCTGCT
2001 GGTGTTGCTG TTGCTGAAGA AATGAAGCTG AAATCAGTAT CTCAGCCCTC 2051 AAACACAGAT GCGGCCAAGC CTACTTACAC CTTCCTGCAG AAGCAAAGTA 2101 GCGGTTGCTA CTCCCTTTCT ATTACATCTA ATCCAGATGA AGAATGGCGG 2151 GAAGTCAGGC ACACTGGACT TGTTCAGAAG TTGATTGTAT ATCCTCCACC 2201 ACCTACTAAG GGGGGATTGG GAGTAACTAA TGAAGATCTG GAGTGTTTAG 2251 AAGAAGGAGA GTTTCTTAAT GATGTAATCA TTGATTTTTA CCTTAAGTAT 2301 CTTATATTGG AGAAGGCATC AGATGAACTT GTTGAACGAA GTCACATTTT

2351 TAGTAGCTTT TTCTATAAAT GCTTGACAAG AAAGGAAAAT AATTTAACAG 2401 AAGATAATCC AAATCTTTCA ATGGCACAGA GAAGACATAA AAGAGTAAGA 2451 ACATGGACTC GTCACATAAA CATTTTTAAT AAAGATTACA TCTTTGTACC 2501 TGTAAATGAG TCGTCTCACT GGTATCTCGC AGTCATTTGT TTTCCATGGT 2551 TAGAAGAAGC TGTGTATGAA GATTTTCCAC AAACTGTATC CCAGCAGTCC 2601 CAGGCTCAGC AGTCCCAAAG TGACAACAAA ACAATAGATA ATGATCTACG 2651 TACTACTTCG ACACTGTCTT TGAGTGCAGA GGATTCCCAA AGTACCGAGT 2701 CGAATATGTC AGTACCAAAG AAAATGTGTA AAAGGCCATG TATTCTTATA 2751 CTAGACTCCT TGAAAGCTGC TTCTGTACGA AACACAGTTC AGAATTTACG 2801 AGAGTATTTA GAGGTAGAGT GGGAAGTTAA ACTAAAAACT CATCGTCAAT 2851 TCAGCAAAAC AAACATGGTG GATCTATGCC CTAAAGTTCC TAAACAGGAC 2901 AATAGCAGTG ATTGTGGAGT ATATTTATTG CAGTATGTGG AAAGCTTCTT 2951 CAAGGATCCT ATTGTTAACT TTGAACTTCC AATTCATTTG GAGAAGTGGT 3001 TTCCTCGTCA TGTAATAAAG ACCAAACGGG AAGATATTCG AGAGCTCATC
3051 TTGAAACTTC ATTTACAGCA ACACAAGGGC AGCACTAGCT AGTTAATCTG
3101 TACAAACATG ACACAGATGT TCTCTAAGAT TACTGGAAAG CCCCTTACCA
3151 GCATTTGTGT TAGCCAGCTC ACAGAGAAGA AAATAACTTG CAGTAGTTTT 3201 ATAGTAGGA TCTCATAGAT GGAATGGGAA TGGGGGTGAT ATAGATAAAC 3301 TTACTAGATA TAAATTAAAA TTTTATAAAT ATTTCATATT TTTCTGAGTA 3351 AATATGATTG GATTATGCAA CAGCATATGT AATATGGGAA TGTTTTGTAG 3401 ATAATAAAAC TTACATGATC TGTACTTCCA CGTGACTGGG TGCTGAGGGG 3451 AGTTAAAGCC TCCCTGGTGC CAGCCCCAGT GCTTGTCAAA TTTGCTGACA 3501 GGTCACATCA TATTGTAATT CTATTCTTTG CAGCTCAAGC ATGCAGTATG 3551 AATACTGTGT ATTTTTTAAA AAAATAATTT AGTATCAAGG CTTCAGAAAA 3601 TGCCATTTAC GGCATCCCTT CTGTATGTAA CAAAAAGACA TTCATAATGT 3651 TAGGAAGATG ATAAAAATTC GCTCTTTTAA AGTGCAGCTT ATTATTCCA 3701 ATTGCTAAAT ACGATTACTC TGCTTTTTTT TTTTCATTTC 3751 ATATGTGAGT ATCTTATAAT TTAGTTCATT TGTTCAGGGT AAAATTTGAA 3801 ACAAAAAATT TTACCTGTGC AAAATAGTTT TTTAAAAATT ATACATGTAG 3801 CTCAACATGA GGTACTGCTA TATAAATATT CACTCACATT ATCACGGAT
3901 TTATGTATAG TTTCCCTAAT ATCACGAATAGATT TATAACATAGAT
3951 TTAACAAAGA AAACCCTCAG TCCTATTAT TAATGGGTAG AATTAAATAT
4001 ATAATTTTAT AGCTCAGTTT ACCCAGTATT CATCTGCAAA GCCAGATTGC 4051 TCTCATTGCT TTTATATTTT TAAATTGTAG CTTTTAGAGA CCTATGATCC
4101 TCATGGAACT TAATTTTTA TTAAATATTC AGGTAACAGT TCTGAATTCA 4151 TGTGATAATG GTGGCATTAT ATATGATTAA ACACTTCAGA ACTTTCTAAT 4201 GTTATCAGGA GTATTTTGAG GGAGATATGA TTATATTGTA TTTTCTCAGA 4251 TAAGAAAAAT GTTTTTTAAC AATATTATTT TAATCTGTTT TAAGCATCTC 4301 TTAGATTTAC ATTATAACTA CATAAAGCAG TGAAGCAAAG GCAAATTAAG 4351 ATAAAGCTAG AAAGTCTGAA CATTTTATTT CAAAATCATA CGAATCGGGG 4351 ATAMAGCTAG AMAGTETGAA CATTTATTT CAMARICATA CGRATCGGGG
4401 TCAGTTAAGC CTCAGTATTC TTAGCTTTTG TTGATTTTGG CACTATCTT
4511 ATATTATTAA ATATATTTGT TGTTTGGATA TTTCATATAA AGATGGCTAT
4501 AATTACATAT TTCATTCCCA ATTTGTGTGT GTTGGGGGGT ACTTTTAAAG
4551 GTGACTATTG TTTTGTACAT CTAATTTTGG GAAACCAAGT CTATAAGACA
4601 TCTTGTGATT TCTTAATGTT TTTGTTTGTA TGTTTTTCAA AGATATCACT
4651 GTCCTTTATC ATGTTTTGAA GATTGTTTAA AATTCATTTT CCTAAATTAA 4701 TGTGCAAGTA ATGTTTTGAG GATATCGGTG TTTTATATTA AACATATTTC
4751 CAATTCAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAACTTAT CGATACCGTC GACCTCGATG 4801 ATGATGATGA TGATGATGAT GTCGAC

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 138 bp to 3089 bp; peptide length: 984 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MDKRKLGRRP SSSEIITEGK RKKSSDLSE IRKMLNAKPE DVHVQSPLSK
51 FRSSERWTLP LQWERSLRNK VISLDHKNKK HIRGCPVTSR SSPERIPRVI
101 LTNVLGTELG RKYIRTPPVT EGSLSDTDNL QSEQLSSSSD GSLESYQNLN
151 PHKSCYLSER GSQRSKTVDD NSAKQTAHNK EKRRKDDGIS LLISDTQPED
201 LNSGSRGCDH LEQESRNKDV KYSDSKVELT LISRKTKRL RNNLPDSQYC
251 TSLDKSTEQT KKQEDDSTIS TEFERPSENY HQDPKLPEEI TTKPTKSDFT
301 KLSSLNSQEL TLSNATKSAS AGSTTETVEY SNSIDIVGIS SLVEKDENEL
351 NTIEKPILRG HNEGNQSLIS AEPIVVSSDE EGPVEHKSE ILKLQKXQDR
401 ETTNENESTS ESALLELPLI TCESVQMSSE LCPYNPVMEN ISSIMPSNEM
451 DLQLDFIFTS VYIGKIKGAS KGCVTITKKY IKIPFQVSLN EISLLVDTTH

```
501 LKRFGLWKSK DDNHSKRSHA ILFFWVSSDY LQEIQTQLEH SVLSQQSKSS
   551 EFIFLELHNP VSQREELKLK DIMTEISIIS GELELSYPLS WVQAFPLFQN
  601 LSSKESSFIH YYCVSTCSFP AGVAVAEEMK LKSVSQPSNT DAAKFTYTFL
651 QKQSSGCYSL SITSNPDEEW REVRHTGLVQ KLIVYPPPPT KGGLGVTNED
   701 LECLEEGEFL NOVIIDFYLK YLILEKASDE LVERSHIFSS FFYKCLTRKE
   751 NNLTEDNPNL SMAQRRHKRV RTWTRHINIF NKDYIFVPVN ESSHWYLAVI
   801 CFPWLEEAVY EDFPQTVSQQ SQAQQSQSDN KTIDNDLRTT STLSLSAEDS
   851 QSTESNMSVP KKMCKRPCIL ILDSLKAASV RNTVQNLREY LEVEWEVKLK
   901 THRQFSKTNM VDLCPKVPKQ DNSSDCGVYL LQYVESFFKD PIVNFELPIH
   951 LEKWFPRHVI KTKREDIREL ILKLHLQQQK GSSS
                                      BLASTP hits
Entry SPAC17A5_7 from database TREMBL: "SPAC17A5.07c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome I cosmid c17A5. Schizosaccharomyces pombe (fission
veast)
Length = 652
Score = 275 (96.8 bits), Expect = 1.9e-29, Sum P(3) = 1.9e-29
Identities = 56/120 (46%), Positives = 78/120 (65%)
Entry S49947 from database PIR:
SMT4 protein - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
Length = 1034
Score = 163 (57.4 bits), Expect = 4.6e-16, Sum P(3) = 4.6e-16
Identities = 46/159 (28%), Positives = 76/159 (47%)
Entry YQG6_CAEEL from database SWISSPROT: HYPOTHETICAL 35.7 KD PROTEIN C41C4.6 IN CHROMOSOME II.
Length = 342
Score = 162 (57.0 bits), Expect = 6.1e-13, Sum P(3) = 6.1e-13
Identities = 37/119 (31%), Positives = 62/119 (52%)
Entry AB018340 1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "KIAA0797"; product: "KIAA0797 protein"; Homo sapiens mF
KIAA0797 protein, partial cds.
Score = 540, P = 1.9e-50, identities = 120/243, positives = 155/243
                                                                  Homo sapiens mRNA for
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16g18, frame 3
TREMBL:ATT16L1_11 gene: "T16L1.110"; product: "putative protein";
Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone T16L1 (ESSAII
project), N = 2, Score = 239, P = 2.1e-18
>TREMBL:ATT16L1_11 gene: "T16L1.110"; product: "putative protein";
Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone T16L1 (ESSAII project)
               Length = 710
  HSPs:
 Score = 239 (35.9 bits), Expect = 2.1e-18, Sum P(2) = 2.1e-18
 Identities = 51/135 (37%), Positives = 78/135 (57%)
           683 IVYPPPPTKGGLGVTNEDLECLEEGEFLNDVIIDFYLKYLILEKASDELVERSHIFSSFF 742
           +VYP + V +D+E L+ F+ND IIDFY+KYL + S + R H F+ FF
176 LVYPQGEPDAVV-VRKQDIELLKPRRFINDTIIDFYIKYL-KNRISPKERGRFHFFNCFF 233
Sbict:
           743 YKCLTRKENNLTEDNPNLSMAQRRHKRVRTWTRHINIFNKDYIFVPVNESSHWYLAVICF 802
Ouerv:
                     RK NL + P+ + ++RV+ WT++++F KDYIF+P+N S HW L +IC
Sbjct:
           234 F---RKLANLDKGTPSTCGGREAYQRVQKWTKNVDLFEKDYIFIPINCSFHWSLVIICH 289
Query:
           803 PWLEEAVYEDFPQTV 817
                        + + PQ V
Sbjct:
           290 PGELVPSHVENPQRV 304
 Score = 70 (10.5 bits), Expect = 2.1e-18, Sum P(2) = 2.1e-18
 Identities = 13/28 (46%), Positives = 15/28 (53%)
           948 PIHLEKWFPRHVIKTKREDIRELILKLH 975
Query:
           P HL WFP KR +I EL+ LH
403 PSHLRNWFPAKEASLKRRNILELLYNLH 430
Sbjct:
               Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 16q18, frame 3
```

Report for DKFZphfbr2 16q18.3

```
(LENGTH)
                      984
 [WM]
                      112265.80
[pI]
                      6.13
(HOMOL)
                      TREMBL:AB018340_1 gene: "KIAA0797"; product: "KIAA0797 protein"; Homo sapiens
mRNA for KIAA0797 protein, partial cds. 8e-53
 [FUNCAT]
                      03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YIL031w] 9e-17
 [FUNCAT]
                      99 unclassified proteins (S. cerevisiae, YPL020c) 4e-06
 [BLOCKS]
                      BL00494C Bacterial luciferase subunits proteins
 [PROSITE]
                      AMIDATION
 [PROSITE]
                      MYRISTYL
                      CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
 [PROSITE]
 [PROSITE]
                                                        30
[PROSITE]
                      TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                        1
[PROSITE]
                      PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                                        19
[PROSITE]
                      ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                                        12
[KW]
                      Alpha Beta
[KW]
                      LOW COMPLEXITY
                                                  4.47 %
SEQ
           MDKRKLGRRPSSSEIITEGKRKKSSSDLSEIRKMLNAKPEDVHVQSPLSKFRSSERWTLP
SEG
PRD
           SEQ
           LQWERSLRNKVISLDHKNKKHIRGCPVTSRSSPERIPRVILTNVLGTELGRKYIRTPPVT
SEG
PRD
           hhhhhhhhheeecccceeeccccccccceeeeeeeccceeeccc
SEQ
           EGSLSDTDNLQSEQLSSSSDGSLESYQNLNPHKSCYLSERGSQRSKTVDDNSAKQTAHNK
SEG
           .......xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx...........
PRD
           SEQ
           EKRRKDDGI SLLISDTOPEDLNSGSRGCDHLEOESRNKDVKYSDSKVELTLI SRKTKRRL
SEG
PRD
           SEQ
           {\tt RNNLPDSQYCTSLDKSTEQTKKQEDDSTISTEFERPSENYHQDPKLPEEITTKPTKSDFT}
SEG
PRD
           SEQ
           KLSSLNSQELTLSNATKSASAGSTTETVEYSNSIDIVGISSLVEKDENELNTIEKPILRG
SEG
PRD
           {\tt HNEGNQSLISAEPIVVSSDEEGPVEHKSSEILKLQSKQDRETTNENESTSESALLELPLI}
SEO
SEG
                                                                    ... XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX...
PRD
           SEQ
           TCESVQMSSELCPYNPVMENISSIMPSNEMDLQLDFIFTSVYIGKIKGASKGCVTITKKY
SEG
           PRD
SEO
           IKIPFQVSLNEISLLVDTTHLKRFGLWKSKDDNHSKRSHAILFFWVSSDYLQEIQTQLEH
SEG
PRD
           SEO
           SVLSOOSKSSEFIFLELHNPVSOREELKLKDIMTEISIISGELELSYPLSWVOAFPLFON
SEG
PRD
           hhhhcccceeeeeecccccchhhhhhhhhheeeeccceeeecceeec
SEQ
           LSSKESSFIHYYCVSTCSFPAGVAVAEEMKLKSVSQPSNTDAAKPTYTFLQKQSSGCYSL
SEG
PRD
           SEQ
           SITSNPDEEWREVRHTGLVQKLIVYPPPPTKGGLGVTNEDLECLEEGEFLNDVIIDFYLK
SEG
PRD
           SEQ
           YLILEKASDELVERSHIFSSFFYKCLTRKENNLTEDNPNLSMAQRRHKRVRTWTRHINIF
SEG
PRD
           րերերեն անական 
SEO
           NKDYIFVPVNESSHWYLAVICFPWLEEAVYEDFPQTVSQQSQAQQSQSDNKTIDNDLRTT
SEG
                                                ........xxxxxxxxxxx......
PRD
           SEQ
           STLSLSAEDSQSTESNMSVPKKMCKRPCILILDSLKAASVRNTVONLREYLEVEWEVKLK
SEG
PRD
           SEO
           THROFSKTNMVDLCPKVPKQDNSSDCGVYLLQYVESFFKDPIVNFELPIHLEKWFPRHVI
```

Prosite for DKF2phfbr2_16g18.3

PS00001	314->318	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
-		_	
PS00001	365->369	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	406->410	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	440->444	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	513->517	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	600->604	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	752->756	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
PS00001	759->763	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
	790->794	_ `	PDOC00001
PS00001		ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	
PS00001	830->834	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	856->860	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	922->926	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	8->12	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	21->25	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	54->57	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	66->69	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	88->91	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	158->161	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	162->165	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	172->175	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	233->236	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	236->239	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	260->263	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	291->294	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	477->480	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	515->518	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	562->565	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	602->605	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	747~>750	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	874->877	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	879->882	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
			PDOC00005
PS00005	901->904	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00005	962->965	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	11->15	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	24->28	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	91->95	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	123->127	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	125->129	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	137->141	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	167->171	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	196->200	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	225->229	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	251->255	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	271->275	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	295->299	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	323->327	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	341->345	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	377->381	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	396->400		
PS00006		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
1300000	402->406	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006
		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00006	408->412	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 664->668 747->701 747->751 826->830	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 7751 826->830 846->850	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 216->223	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->68 664->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 216->223	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->68 664->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL	PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006
PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00006 PS00008 PS00008	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90 106->112 141->147	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL	PDOC00006 PDOC00008 PDOC00008
PS00006 PS00007 PS00008 PS00008 PS00008	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90 106->112 112->147 161->167	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL	PDCC00006 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008
PS00006 PS00008 PS00008 PS00008 PS00008	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->68 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90 106->112 141->147 204->210	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL	PDCC00006 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008
PS00006 PS00007 PS00008 PS00008 PS00008	408->412 488->492 509->513 536->540 562->566 602->606 638->642 664->668 697->701 747->751 826->830 846->850 962->966 216->223 84->90 106->112 112->147 161->167	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL MYRISTYL	PDCC00006 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008 PDCC00008

142

PS00008	505->511	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	622->628	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	693->699	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00009	6->10	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00009	18->22	AMIDATION	PDOC0009
PS00009	109->113	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_16g18.3)

DKFZphfbr2_16i12

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2_16il2 encodes a novel 185 amino acid protein, with strong similarity to PUT2 protein of Fugu rubripes.

The novel protein contains 1 transmembrane region.

PUT 2 is a Fugu rupies protein similar to the neural cell adhesion molecule L1 (L1-CAM) a mitosis-specific chromosome segregation protein (SMC1) and the calcium channel alpha-1 subunit homolog (CCA1).

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

strong similarity to Fugu rubripes PUT2

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits, TRANSMEMBRANE 1

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="873.3/875.1 cR from top of Chrl linkage group"

Insert length: 1552 bo

Poly A stretch at pos. 1528, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1506

1 GGGGGGGGAC AACTGGGTCT TTTGCGGCTG CAGCGGGCTT GTAGGCGTCC 51 GGCTTTGCTG GCCCAGCAAG CCTGATAAGC ATGAAGCTCT TATCTTTGGT 101 GGCTGTGGTC GGGTGTTTGC TGGTGCCCCC AGCTGAAGCC AACAAGAGTT
151 CTGAAGATAT CCGGTGCAAA TGCATCTGTC CACCTTATAG AAACATCAGT 201 GGGCACATTT ACAACCAGAA TGTATCCCAG AAGGACTGTT GTAGCAACTG
251 CCTGCACGTG GTGGAGCCCA TGCCAGTGCC TGGCCATGAC GTGGAGGCCT 301 ACTGCCTGCT GTGCGAGTGC AGGTACGAGG AGCGCAGCAC CACCACCATC 351 AAGGTCATCA TTGTCATCTA CCTGTCCGTG GTGGGTGCCC TGTTGCTCTA 401 CATGGCCTTC CTGATGCTGG TGGACCCTCT GATCCGAAAG CCGGATGCAT 451 ACACTGAGCA ACTGCACAAT GAGGAGGAGA ATGAGGATGC TCGCTCTATG 501 GCAGCAGCTG CTGCATCCCT CGGGGGACCC CGAGCAAACA CAGTCCTGGA 551 GCGTGTGGAA GGTGCCCAGC AGCGGTGGAA GCTGCAGGTG CAGGAGCAGC 601 GGAAGACAGT CTTCGATCGG CACAAGATGC TCAGCTAGAT GGGCTGGTGT 651 GGTTGGGTCA AGGCCCCAAC ACCATGGCTG CCAGCTTCCA GGCTGGACAA 701 AGCAGGGGGC TACTTCTCCC TTCCCTCGGT TCCAGTCTTC CCTTTAAAAG
751 CCTGTGGCAT TTTTCCTCCT TCTCCCTAAC TTTAGAAATG TTGTACTTGG
801 CTATTTTGAT TAGGGAAGAG GGATGTGGTC TCTGATCTCT GTTGTCTTCT 851 TGGGTCTTTG GGGTTGAAGG GAGGGGGAAG GCAGGCCAGA AGGGAATGGA 901 GACATTCGAG GCGGCCTCAG GAGTGGATGC GATCTGTCTC TCCTGGCTCC 951 ACTCTTGCCG CCTTCCAGCT CTGAGTCTTG GGAATGTTGT TACCCTTGGA 1001 AGATAAAGCT GGGTCTTCAG GAACTCAGTG TTTGGGAGGA AAGCATGGCC 1051 CAGCATTCAG CATGTGTTCC TTTCTGCAGT GGTTCTTATC ACCACCTCCC 1101 TCCCAGCCCC AGCGCCTCAG CCCCAGCCCC AGCTCCAGCC CTGAGGACAG 1151 CTCTGATGGG AGAGCTGGGC CCCCTGAGCC CACTGGGTCT TCAGGGTGCA 1201 CTGGAAGCTG GTGTTCGCTG TCCCCTGTGC ACTTCTCGCA CTGGGGCATG
1251 GAGTGCCCAT GCATACTCTG CTGCCGGTCC CCTCACCTGC ACTTGAGGGG 1301 TCTGGGCAGT CCCTCTCTC CCCAGTGTCC ACAGTCACTG AGCCAGACGG 1551 TC

BLAST Results

Entry HS808349 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-11986.

Score = 1716, P = 5.7e-73, identities = 364/378

Entry HS487355 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-13088.

Score = 1358, P = 1.3e-56, identities = 274/277

Medline entries

144

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 81 bp to 635 bp; peptide length: 185 Category: similarity to unknown protein

- 1 MKLLSLVAVV GCLLVPPAEA NKSSEDIRCK CICPPYRNIS GHIYNQNVSQ
- 51 KDCCSNCLHV VEPMPVPGHD VEAYCLLCEC RYEERSTTTI KVIIVIYLSV
- 101 VGALLLYMAF LMLVDPLIRK PDAYTEQLHN EEENEDARSM AAAAASLGGP
- 151 RANTVLERVE GAQQRWKLQV QEQRKTVFDR HKMLS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16i12, frame 3

TREMBL:AF026198_5 gene: "PUT2"; product: "putative protein 2"; Fugu rubripes neural cell adhesion molecule L1 homolog (L1-CAM) gene, complete cds; putative protein 1 (PUT1) gene, partial cds; mitosis-specific chromosome segregation protein SMC1 homolog (SMC1) gene, complete cds; and calcium channel alpha-1 subunit homolog (CCA1) and putative protein 2 (PUT2) genes, partial cds, complete sequence., N = 1, Score = 655, P = 2.8e-64

TREMBL:CER12C12_5 gene: "R12C12.6"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R12C12., N = 1, Score = 225, P = 10^{-18}

>TREMBL:AF026198_5 gene: "PUT2"; product: "putative protein 2"; Fugu rubripes neural cell adhesion molecule L1 homolog (L1-CAM) gene, complete cds; putative protein 1 (PUT1) gene, partial cds; mitosis-specific chromosome segregation protein SMC1 homolog (SMC1) gene, complete cds; and calcium channel alpha-1 subunit homolog (CCA1) and putative protein 2 (PUT2) genes, partial cds, complete sequence.

Length = 187

HSPs:

[LENGTH]

[KW]

185

SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 21

Score = 655 (98.3 bits), Expect = 2.8e-64, P = 2.8e-64 Identities = 124/163 (76%), Positives = 140/163 (85%)

Query: 22 KSSEDIRCKCICPPYRNISGHIYNQNVSQKDCCSNCLHVVEPMPVPGHDVEAYCLLCECR 81
KS +D+RCKCICPPYRNISGHIYN+N +QKDC NCLHVV+PMPVPG+DVEAYCLLCEC+
Sbjct: 31 KSFDDVRCKCICPPYRNISGHIYNRNFTQKDC--NCLHVVDPMPVPGNDVEAYCLLCECK 88

Query: 82 YEERSTTIKVIIVIYLSVVGALLLYMAFLMLVDPLIRKPDAYTEQLHNEEENEDARSMA 141
YEERST TI+V I+I+LSVVGALLLYM FL+LVDPLIRKPD + LHNEE++ED +
Sbjct: 89 YEERSTNTIRVTIIIFLSVVGALLLYMLFLLLVDPLIRKPDPLAQTLHNEEDSEDIQPQM 148

Query: 142 AAAASLGGP-RANTVLERVEGAQQRWKLQVQEQRKTVFDRHKML 184 + G P R NTVLERVEGAQQRWK QVQEQRKTVFDRHKML 187 Sbjct: 149 S----GDPARGNTVLERVEGAQQRWKKQVQEQRKTVFDRHKML 187

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_16i12, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_16i12.3

[MW] 20764.29

[pI] 6.21

[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF026198_5 gene: "PUT2"; product: "putative protein 2"; Fugu rubripes neural cell adhesion molecule Il homolog (L1-CAM) gene, complete cds; putative protein 1

(PUT1) gene, partial cds; mitosis-specific chromosome segregation protein SMCl homolog (SMCl) gene, complete cds; and calcium channel alpha-1 subunit homolog (CCAl) and putative protein 2

(PUT2) genes, partial cds, complete sequence. 3e-68

[PROSITE] MYRISTYL 1

[PROSITE] MYRISTYL 1

[PROSITE] CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 4

[PROSITE] PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 2

[PROSITE] ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 3

(KW)	TRANSMEMBRANE 1 LOW_COMPLEXITY 2.70 %
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	MKLLSLVAVVGCLLVPPAEANKSSEDIRCKCICPPYRNISGHIYNQNVSQKDCCSNCLHV
SEQ SEG PRD . MEM	VEPMPVPGHDVEAYCLLCECRYEERSTTTIKVIIVIYLSVVGALLLYMAFLMLVDPLIRK eecccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	PDAYTEQLHNEEENEDARSMAAAASLGGPRANTVLERVEGAQQRWKLQVQEQRKTVFDRxxxxx.cccchhhhhhhhhhhcccchhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	HKMLS hhccc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_16i12.3

PS00001	21->25	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC0001
PS00001	38->42	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC0001
PS00001	47->51	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	49->52	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	89->92	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	23->27	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	49->53	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	154->158	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	176->180	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	148->154	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_16i12.3)

DKFZphfbr2_16k22

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_16k22 encodes a novel 108 amino acid protein with very weak similarity to thioredoxin of Bacillus subtilis.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

weak similarity to thioredoxin

complete cDNA, complete cds, genomic DNA? no EST hits

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2088 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2065, no polyadenylation signal found

1 AAAAGGAAGA AGGAAATAAG GATATTTCAA GGGTTACCAA AGTCGAGGAA 51 AACTATTTTA AGAAGAAATC TGAATTATTT GTGCACATAG GTTGTAATAA 101 TAGCATCTTG CATTAAATGG TGTTTTCTAG CTTACAAAGT GGATTCATAT 151 ACACTATTGT AACTGACTCT CTACAAACTT GCAAGGTTAG CAAGACAAAT 201 GGTATTTTAA GATAACAAAC TGAGACTCAA AAAAGGCAAG TAACTCGTTC 251 TACTTCCCAA AGCCAGAAAG TGGCAAAATA GAAAATGGAT CCTGAATCTC 301 CAACACCATG CAAACTAAGA GAGGGAATCC TCTGTAGAGG GAATGGAAGT 351 AAAAAGGCAC AAGTGGTGAT GTCACCTTCT GAACAGAGAT GGAACTTTTC 401 TTCCTCTGAG AAAAAAGAGA AAAGATAGTT TTAAGTGGCA AAAGAACATG 451 AAGCAATGTG AGGTGAAGAA ACAGAAAAGA CTATGGATGG AATTCCTAGA 501 TGTGAGATAC ACAAAGTTCC ATTTCAAAGA GAAATATCTA TAGATAGGCA 551 TAAAGTTACA CACCTGAACT ACCAACTCTG AACCAGTAAC TCAAGAGATA 601 TTTTGTGTGT CCCACAAGCC ATATGGCTCT GGGGACAAAT TATCTGAAAG 701 TAAAGGACAT CAGAAAGATA CATTGACTGT TCTCCTTCCC AGGAAACAAA 751 GTGGCTAAGT CAAAACAACG GGCAGCTGTG GGATAGCAAA GAAAAAAAA 801 CTTCCAGGCC CAGGTTCTAG TGAAAGCTAC TATGGAAGTT AGCCACTCAA 851 CTTTAGAACC AGAGGCTTCT TTTCCTCCTC CCTTCTTATC TTTTCTAGTT 901 TATAGCAAAT TTATATTGAG CCACTTATTC TTTCTGAATG CTAGTTCCCC 951 TTTAGCATTT CTTTTCTTC ATTCCCTTTG GACTGGCCCA ATGCTTTGGC 1001 CCCTTATCAA AGCATTTTCT AAGAAACAGT CTGACAGCTC TAATTTGCAT 1051 CTGGTTATGC AAGATGTGGT TAAGAACATG GACTCTGGAG GTAAATACAC
1101 CTTGATTCCA ATTCATTCTC TCATTTATTC ATTCAGCAAA TATTTAGTGA 1151 ACATCTAACA TGTGCTAGGC ACTGTTCTAG TTGCTGAGGA TACAGCTTCA 1201 AACAAATAA GGTCTCTGCA AGGATGCCTT CTCTTACCAC TCCTATTCAG 1251 CGTAGTATTG GAAGTCCTGG CCAGGGCAAT CAGGCAAGAA AAAGAAATCA 1301 AGGTCATCCA AATAGGAAGA GAGGAAGTCA AACTATCCCT GTTTACAGAC 1351 AACATGATCC TACATCTAGA AAAAAACCCA TTGTCTTAGC CCAAAAGCTT 1401 CTTAGGCTGA TAAACAACTT CAGCAAAGTC TTAGGATACA AAATCCATGT 1451 GCAAAAACA CTAGCATTCT TATACACCAA CAACAGTCAA GCCGAGATCC 1501 AAATCAGGAA CAAACTCCTA TTCACAATTG CCACAAAAAC AATAGAACAG 1551 GAAAACAGCT AACTAGGAAG GTGAAAGATC TCTACAAGGA GAACTACAAA 1601 CCACTGCTCA CAGAAATCAG AGATGACACA TATAAATGGA AAAACATTCC 1651 ATGATCATGG ATAGGAAGAA TGAATATTAC TGAAATGGCT ATACTGTCCA 1701 AAGCAATTTA TAGATTCAAT GCTATTCCTA GTAAACTACC ATTGAGATTT
1751 TTTACAGAAC TAGAAAAAAA AAAAACTATT TTAAGGCTGG GCGCAGTGGC 1801 TCTCACCTGT AATCCCAGCA CTTTGGGAGG CCGAGATGGG TGGATCACGA
1851 GGTCAGGAGA TGGAAAACAT CCTGGCTAAC ATGGTGAAAC CCCGTCTCTA 1901 CTAAAAATAC AAAAAATTAG CCAGGCGTGG TGGTGGGCGC CTGTAATCCC 1951 AGCTGCTCGG GAGGCTGAGG CAGGATAATG GTGTGAACCC GGGAGGCAGA 2001 GCTTGCAGTG AGCTGAGATT GCACCACTGC ACTCCAGCCT GAGGGACAGA 2051 GTGAGACTCC ATCTCAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

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Peptide information for frame 1
```

ORF from 832 bp to 1155 bp; peptide length: 108 Category: putative protein

- 1 MEVSHSTLEP EASFPPPFLS FLVYSKFILS HLFFLNASSP LAFLFLHSLW
- 51 TGPMLWPLIK AFSKKQSDSS NLHLVMQDVV KNMDSGGKYT LIPIHSLIYS
- 101 FSKYLVNI

BLASTP hits

Entry B37192 from database PIR: thioredoxin - Bacillus subtilis Score = 71 (25.0 bits), Expect = 0.040, P = 0.039
Identities = 16/49 (32%), Positives = 30/49 (61%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16k22, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_16k22, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_16k22.1

[LENGTH]	108	
[MW]	12281.47	
[pI]	8.06	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 1	
[PROSITE]	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	1
[PROSITE]	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	1
[PROSITE]	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	1
[PROSITE]	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	1
[KW]	Alpha_Beta	

SEQ	MEVSHSTLEPEASFPPPFLSFLVYSKFILSHLFFLNASSPLAFLFLHSLWTGPMLWPLIK
PRD	ccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccchhhhh

SEQ AFSKKQSDSSNLHLVMQDVVKNMDSGGKYTLIPIHSLIYSFSKYLVNI hhhccccccceeehhhhhhccccccceeeeecccccc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_16k22.1

PS00001	36~>40	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	64->68	CAMP PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	63->66	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	6->10	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00008	86->92	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_16k22.1)

DKFZphfbr2_16112

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2 16112 encodes a novel 267 amino acid protein with similarity to gallus gallus putative transmembrane protein E3-16

The novel protein contains one putative transmembrane domain. In chicken, E3-16 is expressed specifically in the inner ear.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neurons involved in perception of hearing.

similarity to gallus putative transmembrane protein E3-16

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potental start at Bp 73 matchs kozak consensus PyCCataG TRANSMEMBRANE 1

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2042 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2024, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2003

1 GGGGCGGCG GAGGCAGAGA CCGAGGCTGC ACCGGCAGAG GCTGCGGGGC 51 GGACGCGCG GCCGGCGCAG CCATGGTGAA GATTAGCTTC CAGCCCGCCG 101 TGGCTGGCAT CAAGGGCGAC AAGGCTGACA AGGCGTCGGC GTCGGCCCCT 151 GCGCCGGCCT CGGCCACCGA GATCCTGCTG ACGCCGGCTA GGGAGGAGCA 201 GCCCCACAA CATCGATCCA AGAGGGGGGG CTCAGTGGGC GGCGTGTGCT 251 ACCTGTCGAT GGGCATGGTC GTGCTGCTCA TGGGCCTCGT GTTCGCCTCT 301 GTCTACATCT ACAGATACTT CTTCCTTGCG CAGCTGGCCC GAGATAACTT 351 CTTCCGCTGT GGTGTGCTGT ATGAGGACTC CCTGTCCTCC CAGGTCCGGA 401 CTCAGATGGA GCTGGAAGAG GATGTGAAAA TCTACCTCGA CGAGAACTAC 451 GAGCGCATCA ACGTGCCTGT GCCCCAGTTT GGCGGCGGTG ACCCTGCAGA
501 CATCATCCAT GACTTCCAGC GGGGTCTGAC TGCGTACCAT GATATCTCCC 551 TGGACAAGTG CTATGTCATC GAACTCAACA CCACCATTGT GCTGCCCCCC 601 CGCAACTTCT GGGAGCTCCT CATGAACGTG AAGAGGGGGA CCTACCTGCC 651 GCAGACGTAC ATCATCCAGG AGGAGATGGT GGTCACGGAG CATGTCAGTG
701 ACAAGGAGGC CCTGGGGTCC TTCATCTACC ACCTGTGCAA CGGGAAAGAC
751 ACCTACCGGC TCCGGCGCCG GGCAACGCGG AGGCGGATCA ACAAGCGTGG 801 GGCCAAGAAC TGCAATGCCA TCCGCCACTT CGAGAACACC TTCGTGGTGG 851 AGACGCTCAT CTGCGGGGTG GTGTGAGGCC CTCCTCCCCC AGAACCCCCT 901 GCCGTGTTCC TCTTTTCTTC TTTCCGGCTG CTCTCTGGCC CTCCTCCTTC 951 CCCCTGCTTA GCTTGTACTT TGGACGCGTT TCTATAGAGG TGACATGTCT 1001 CTCCATTCCT CTCCAACCCT GCCCACCTCC CTGTACCAGA GCTGTGATCT
1051 CTCGGTGGGG GGCCCATCTC TGCTGACCTG GGTGTGGCGG AGGGAGAGGC
1101 GATGCTGCAA AGTGTTTTCT GTGTCCCACT GTCTTGAAGC TGGGCCTGCC
1151 AAAGCCTGGG CCCACAGCTG CACCGGCAGC CCAAGGGGAA GGACCGGTTG 1201 GGGGAGCCGG GCATGTGAGG CCCTGGGCAA GGGGATGGGG CTGTGGGGGC 1251 GGGGCGGCAT GGGCTTCAGA AGTATCTGCA CAATTAGAAA AGTCCTCAGA 1301 AGCTTTTCT TGGAGGGTAC ACTTTCTTCA CTGTCCCTAT TCCTAGACCT 1351 GGGGCTTGAG CTGAGGATGG GACGATGTGC CCAGGGAGGG ACCCACCAGA 1401 GCACAAGAGA AGGTGGCTAC CTGGGGGTGT CCCAGGGACT CTGTCAGTGC 1451 CTTCAGCCCA CCAGCAGGAG CTTGGAGTTT GGGGAGTGGG GATGAGTCCG 1501 TCAAGCACAA CTGTTCTCTG AGTGGAACCA AAGAAGCAAG GAGCTAGGAC 1551 CCCCAGTCCT GCCCCCCAGG AGCACAAGCA GGGTCCCCTC AGTCAAGGCA 1601 GTGGGATGGG CGGCTGAGGA ACGGGGCAGG CAAGGTCACT GCTCAGTCAC 1651 GTCCACGGGG GACGAGCCGT GGGTTCTGCT GAGTAGGTGG AGCTCATTGC 1701 TTTCTCCAAG CTTGGAACTG TTTTGAAAGA TAACACAGAG GGAAAGGGAG 1751 AGCCACCTGG TACTTGTCCA CCCTGCCTCC TCTGTTCTGA AATTCCATCC 1801 CCCTCAGCTT AGGGGAATGC ACCTTTTCC CTTTCCTTCT CACTTTTGCA 1851 TGTTTTTACT GATCATTCGA TATGCTAACC GTTCTCAGCC CTGAGCCTTG
1901 GAGAGGAGGC CTGTAACGCC TTCAGTCAGT CTCTGGGGAT GAAACTCTTA 1951 AATGCTTTGT ATATTTTCTC AATTAGATCT CTTTTCAGAA GTGTCTATAG

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

Medline entries

96325063:

Isolation of markers for chondro-osteogenic differentiation using cDNA library subtraction. Molecular cloning and characterization of a gene belonging to a novel multigene family of integral membrane proteins.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 73 bp to 873 bp; peptide length: 267 Category: similarity to known protein

- 1 MVKISFQPAV AGIKGDKADK ASASAPAPAS ATEILLTPAR EEQPPQHRSK 51 RGGSVGGVCY LSMGMVVLLM GLVFASVYIY RYFFLAQLAR DNFFRCGVLY 101 EDSLSSQVRT QMELEEDVKI YLDENYERIN VPVPQFGGGD PADIIHDFQR 151 GLTAYHDISL DKCYVIELNT TIVLPPRNFW ELLMNVKRGT YLPQTYIIQE

- 201 EMVVTEHVSD KEALGSFIYH LCNGKDTYRL RRRATRRRIN KRGAKNCNAI
- 251 RHFENTFVVE TLICGVV

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_16112, frame 1

SWISSNEW: ITMB CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16)., $N = \overline{1}$, Score = 573, P = 1.4e-55

SWISSNEW: ITMB MOUSE INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (E25B PROTEIN)., N = 1, Score = $55\overline{9}$, P = 4.2e-54

SWISSNEW: ITMA HUMAN INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2A (E25 PROTEIN)., N = 1, Score = 452, $\overline{P} = 9.1e-43$

>SWISSNEW:ITMB_CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16). Length = 262

HSPs:

Score = 573 (86.0 bits), Expect = 1.4e-55, P = 1.4e-55 Identities = 118/264 (44%), Positives = 175/264 (66%)

1 MVKISFQPAVAGIKGDKADKASASAPAPASATEILLTPAREEQPPQHRSKRGGSVGGVCY 60 MVK+SF A+A + A+K ++ ++L+ P + + P+ G C+
1 MVKVSFNSALA--HKEAANKEEENS-----QVLILPP-DAKEPEDVVVPAGHKRAWCW 50

Sbjct:

61 -LSMGMVVLLMGLVFASVYIYRYFFLAQLARDNFFRCGVLY-EDSLS----SQVRTQM- 112 + G+ +L G++ Y+Y+YF Q + CG+ Y ED LS +Q+++ 51 CMCFGLAFMLAGVILGGAYLYKYFAFQQ---GGVYFCGIKYIEDGLSLPESGAQLKSARY 107 Query:

Sbict:

113 -ELEEDVKIYLDENYERINVPVPQFGGGDPADIIHDFQRGLTAYHDISLDKCYVIELNTT 171 . Query: +E++++I +E+ E I+VPVP+F DPADI+HDF R LTAY D+SLDKCYVI LNT+

Sbjct: 108 HTIEQNIQILEEEDVEFISVPVPEFADSDPADIVHDFHRRLTAYLDLSLDKCYVIPLNTS 167

172 IVLPPRNFWELLMNVKRGTYLPQTYIIQEEMVVTEHVSDKEALGSFIYHLCNGKDTYRLR 231 Query:

+V+PP+NF ELL+N+K GTYLPQ+Y+I E+M+VT+ + + + LG FIY LC GK+TY+L+ Sbjct: 168 VVMPPKNFLELLINIKAGTYLPQSYLIHEQMIVTDRIENVDQLGFFIYRLCRGKETYKLQ 227

Query: 232 RRATRRINKRGAKNCNAIRHFENTFVVETLIC 264

R+ + I KR A NC IRHFEN F +ETLIC
228 RKEAMKGIQKREAVNCRKIRHFENRFAMETLIC 260 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_16112, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_16112.1

[LENGTH] 267 [WW] 30223.94

```
[pI]
             8.16
[HOMOL]
             SWISSNEW: ITMB CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16).
1e-49
[PROSITE]
             PRENYLATION
[PROSITE]
             MYRISTYL
(PROSITE)
             CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
             CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
             TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                1
[PROSITE]
             PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
             ASN GLYCOSYLATION
             TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
[KW]
                            15.36 %
SEO
      {\tt MVKISFQPAVAGIKGDKADKASASAPAPASATEILLTPAREEQPPQHRSKRGGSVGGVCY}
SEG
       ........xxxxxxxxxxxxxx..............
PRD
      MEM
      SEQ
      LSMGMVVLLMGLVFASVYIYRYFFLAQLARDNFFRCGVLYEDSLSSQVRTQMELEEDVKI
SEG
       ..xxxxxxxxxxx.......
      PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      YLDENYERINVPVPQFGGGDPADIIHDFQRGLTAYHDISLDKCYVIELNTTIVLPPRNFW
SEG
PRD
      hhcccceeeeccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccceeeecccchhh
MEM
SEQ
      ELLMNVKRGTYLPQTYIIQEEMVVTEHVSDKEALGSFIYHLCNGKDTYRLRRRATRRRIN
                                   .....xxxxxxxxxx
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      KRGAKNCNAIRHFENTFVVETLICGVV
SEG
      hhhhccceeeeccchhhhhheeeccc
PRD
MEM
      Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 16112.1
PS00001
         169->173
                   ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                       PD0C00001
PS00004
         187->191
                   CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00004
                   CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
         232->236
PS00004
                                       PDOC00004
PS00005
           49->52
                                       PDOC00005
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
          209->212
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          227->230
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
         235->238
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PD0C00005
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
           30->34
                                       PDOC00006
PS00006
         110->114
                                       PDOC00006
PS00006
         209->213
                                       PDOC00006
         119->127
PS00007
                   TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00007
PS00008
           52->58
                   MYRĪSTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
           53->59
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
           71->77
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PDOC00008
PS00008
         138->144
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
         243->249
                                       PD0C00008
                   MYRISTYL
PS00294
         264->268
                   PRENYLATION
                                       PD0C00266
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 16112.1)

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

weak similarity to C.elegans C18C4.5

EST HSAA6531/HSAA5273/ defines splice variant, or unspliced cDNA additional ~180 Bp at position 250

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="311.4 cR from top of Chrl4 linkage group"

Insert length: 1910 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1887, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1867

```
1 TGGGCCCTTA GCAACGGCCT GGCGACGGTT TCCTTGCTGC TGCAGCCCCC
  51 GTCGGCTCCT CTTTTCCAGT CCTCCACTGC CGGGGCTGGG CCCGGCCGCG
 101 GGAAGGACCG AAGGGGATAC AGCGTGTCCC TGCGGCGGCT GCAAGAGGAC
 151 TAAGCATGGA TGGCAGCCGG AGAGTCAGAG CAACCTCTGT CCTTCCCAGA
 201 TATGGTCCAC CGTGCCTATT TAAAGGACAC TTGAGCACCA AAAGTAATGC
 251 TGCAGTAGAC TGCTCGGTTC CAGTAAGCAT GAGTACCAGC ATAAAGTATG
 301 CAGACCAACA ACGAAGAGAG AAACTCAAAA AGGAATTAGC ACAATGTGAA
 351 AAAGAGTTCA AATTAACTAA AACTGCAATG CGAGCCAATT ATAAAAATAA
 401 TTCCAAGTCA CTTTTTAATA CCTTACAAGA GCCCTCAGGC GAACCGCAAA
451 TTGAGGATGA CATGTTAAAA GAAGAAATGA ATGGATTTC ATCCTTTGCA
 501 AGGTCACTAG TACCCTCTTC AGAGAGACTA CACCTAAGTC TACATAAATC
551 CAGTAAAGTC ATCACAAATG GTCCTGAGAA GAACTCCAGT TCCTCCCCGT
 601 CCAGTGTGGA TTATGCAGCC TCCGGGCCCC GGAAACTGAG CTCTGGAGCC
 651 CTGTATGGCA GAAGGCCCAG AAGCACATTC CCAAATTCCC ACCGGTTTCA
 701 GTTAGTCATT TCGAAAGCAC CCAGTGGGGA TCTTTTGGAT AAACATTCTG
 751 AACTCTTTTC TAACAAACAA TTGCCATTCA CTCCTCGCAC TTTAAAAACA
 801 GAAGCAAAAT CTTTCCTGTC ACAGTATCGC TATTATACAC CTGCCAAAAG
 851 AAAAAAGGAT TTTACAGATC AACGGATAGA AGCTGAAACC CAGACTGAAT
 901 TAAGCTTTAA ATCTGAGTTG GGGACAGCTG AGACTAAAAA CATGACAGAT
 951 TCAGAAATGA ACATAAAGCA GGCATCTAAT TGTGTGACAT ATGATGCCAA
1001 AGAAAAAATA GCTCCTTTAC CTTTAGAAGG GCATGACTCA ACATGGGATG
1051 AGATTAAGGA TGATGCTCTT CAGCATTCCT CACCAAGGGC AATGTGTCAG
1101 TATTCCCTGA AGCCCCCTTC AACTCGTAAA ATCTACTCTG ATGAAGAAGA
1151 ACTGTTGTAT CTGAGTTTCA TTGAAGATGT AACAGATGAA ATTTTGAAAC
1201 TTGGTTTATT TTCAAACAGG TTTTTAGAAC GACTGTTCGA GCGACATATA
1251 AAACAAAATA AACATTTGGA GGGGGAAAAA ATGCGCCACC TGCTGCATGT
1301 CCTGAAAGTA GACTTAGGCT GCACATCGGA GGAAAACTCG GTAAAGCAAA
1351 ATGATGTTGA TATGTTGAAT GTATTTGATT TTGAAAAGGC TGGGAATTCA
1401 GAACCAAATA AATTAAAAAA TGAAAGTGAA GTAACAATTC AGCAGGAACG
1451 TCAACAATAC CAAAAGGCTT TGGATATGTT ATTGTCGGCA CCAAAGGATG
1501 AGAACGAGAT ATTCCCTTCA CCAACTGAAT TTTTCATGCC TATTTATAAA
1551 TCAAAGCATT CAGAAGGGGT TATAATTCAA CAGGTGAATG ATGAAACAAA
1601 TCTTGAAACT TCAACTTTGG ATGAAAATCA TCCAAGTATT TCAGACAGTT
1651 TAACAGATCG GGAAACTTCT GTGAATGTCA TTGAAGGTGA TAGTGACCCT
1701 GAAAAGGTTG AGATTTCAAA TGGATTATGT GGTCTTAACA CATCACCCTC
1751 CCAATCTGTT CAGTTCTCCA GTGTCAAAGG CGACAATAAT CATGACATGG
1901 AAAAAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

Entry HS477360 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-14643.
Length = 418
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1850 (277.6 bits), Expect = 2.5e-77, P = 2.5e-77
Identities = 392/405 (96%), Positives = 392/405 (96%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 156 bp to 1856 bp; peptide length: 567 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MDGSRRVRAT SVLPRYGPPC LFKGHLSTKS NAAVDCSVPV SMSTSIKYAD
51 QQREEKLKKE LAQCEKEFKL TKTAMRANYK NNSKSLFNTL QEPSGEPQIE
101 DDMLKEEMNG FSSFARSLVP SSERLHLSLH KSSKVITNGP EKNSSSSPSS
151 VDYAASGPRK LSSGALYGRR PRSTFPNSHR FQLVISKAPS GDLLDKHSEL
201 FSNKQLPFTP RTLKTEAKSF LSQYRYYTPA KRKMDFTDQR IEAETQTELS
251 FKSELGTAET KNMTDSEMNI KQASNCVTYD AKEKIAPLPL EGHDSTWDEI
301 KDDALQHSSP RAMCQYSLKP PSTRKIYSDE EELLYLSFIE DVTDEILKLG
351 LFSNRFLERL FERHIKQNKH LEGEKMRHLL HVLKVDLGCT SEENSVKQND
401 VDMLNVFDFE KAGNSEPNKL KNESEVTIQQ ERQQYQKALD MLLSAPKDEN
451 EIFPSPTEFF MPIYKSKHSE GVIIQQVNDE TNLETSTLDE NHPSISDSLT
501 DRETSVNVIE GDSDPEKVEI SNGLCGLNTS PSQSVQFSSV KGDNNHDMEL
```

BLASTP hits

Entry CEC18C4_3 from database TREMBL: "C18C4.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C18C4. Length = 1091 Score = 98 (34.5 bits), Expect = 0.29, P = 0.25 Identities = 105/470 (22%), Positives = 192/470 (40%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_22f21, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_22f21, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_22f21.3

[LENGTH]	567	
[MW]	64120.02	
[pI]	5.68	
[PROSITE]	AMIDATION 1	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 3	
[PROSITE]	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	1
[PROSITE]	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	16
[PROSITE]	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	18
[PROSITE]	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	4
[KW]	All_Alpha	
[KW]	LOW COMPLEXITY	1.23 %

SEQ SEG PRD	MDGSRRVRATSVLPRYGPPCLFKGHLSTKSNAAVDCSVPVSMSTSIKYADQQRREKLKKE
SEQ SEG PRD	LAQCEKEFKLTKTAMRANYKNNSKSLFNTLQEPSGEPQIEDDMLKEEMNGFSSFARSLVP
SEQ SEG	SSERLHLSLHKSSKVITNGPEKNSSSSPSSVDYAASGPRKLSSGALYGRRPRSTFPNSHR
PRD SEQ SEG	ccchhhhhhhceeecccccccccccccccccccccccc
PRD	cceeeeeccccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEG PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhccccccccchhhhhhhccceeehhhhhh

SEQ SEG PRD	KDDALQHSSPRAMCQYSLKPPSTRKIYSDEEELLYLSFIEDVTDEILKLGLFSNRFLERLcccccccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD	FERHIKQNKHLEGEKMRHLLHVLKVDLGCTSEENSVKQNDVDMLNVFDFEKAGNSEPNKL hhhhhhhhhhcccchhhhhhhhhcccccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	KNESEVTIQQERQQYQKALDMLLSAPKDENEIFPSPTEFFMPIYKSKHSEGVIIQQVNDE
SEQ SEG PRD	TNLETSTLDENHPSISDSLTDRETSVNVIEGDSDPEKVEISNGLCGLNTSPSQSVQFSSV
SEQ SEG PRD	KGDNNHDMELSTLKIMEMSIEDCPLDV

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_22f21.3

PS00001	81->85	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	143->147	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	262->266	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	422->426	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	159->163	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00004
PS00005	4->7	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	27->30	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	45->48	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	122->125	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	132->135	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	178->181	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	202->205	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	209->212	PKC PHOSPHO SITE PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	212->215	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	250->253	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	309->312	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	317->320	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	322~>325	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	353->356	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	395->398	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	500->503	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	539->542	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	552->555	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	89->93	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	149->153	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	245->249	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	264->268	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	295->299	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	328->332	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	337->341	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	390->394	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	455->459	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	481->485	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	486->490	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	494->498	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	498->502	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	500->504	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	513->517	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	559->563	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00008	164->170	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	256->262	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	350->356	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	167->171	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22f21.3)

DKFZphfbr2_22h13

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2_22h13 encodes a novel 520 amino acid protein, with similarity to Drosophila melanogaster EG:39E1.3.

The protein contains an ATP/GTP A Prosite pattern (P-loop). This loop interacts with one of the phosphate groups of a A or G nucleotide. It is found in numerous ATP- or GTP-binding proteins, such as ATP synthase alpha and beta subunits, Myosin heavy chains, Kinesin heavy chains and kinesin-like proteins, Dynamins and dynamin-like proteins, several kinases, DNA and RNA helicases, GTP-binding elongation factors and the Ras family of GTP-binding proteins. Additionally, the novel protein contains one putative transmembran domain.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

AC004780 1, differences to predicted genmodel

membrane regions: 1

AC004780_1, differences to predicted genmodel

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits on genomic level encoded by AC004780, differences to predicted genmodel! TRANSMEMBRANE 1

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2292 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2272, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2255

1 GGGGGAGGGA ACTGATCTCA GCTCGGGCCC GCGTTACATC CTCCTCCTCT 51 TCTTCCTTCG GCCCAGCTTT CCTTAGGGGC TGCAACCCGG ACGCCGAGGC 101 CGGTTTCGGA GTGGGGAGTG CCCATTTTCT CTCCTTCCCA CGTTCCTGGC 151 CCCCAGACGC CATTTGCAGG CGGGTGGCTT GGGTCAGCCT CCCCGCCCCC
201 ACCCGACTCC CGTCACGGGA GAGCGCACAC CGCGCCCCGA GAACCAATCA 251 GCAGCCGCGT TAGGTAACCA TGTCTGAGTC TGGACACAGT CAGCCTGGAC
301 TCTATGGGAT AGAGCGGCGG CGACGGTGGA AGGAGCCTGG CTCTGGTGGC 351 CCCCAGAATC TCTCTGGGCC TGGTGGTCGG GAGAGGGACT ACATTGCACC 401 ATGGGAAAGA GAGAGAAGGG ATGCCAGCGA AGAGACAAGC ACTTCCGTCA 451 TGCAGAAAAC CCCCATCATC CTCTCAAAAC CTCCAGCAGA GCGGTCAAAA 501 CAGCCACCAC CTCCAACAGC CCCTGCTGCC CCGCCTGCTC CAGCCCCTCT 551 GGAGAAGCCC ATCGTTCTCA TGAAGCCACG GGAGGAGGGG AAGGGGCCTG 601 TGGCCGTGAC AGGTGCCTCT ACCCCTGAGG GCACCGCCCC ACCACCCCCT 651 GCAGCCCCTG CGCCACCCAA GGGGGAGAAG GAGGGGCAGA GACCCACACA 701 GCCTGTGTAC CAGATCCAGA ACCGGGGCAT GGGCACTGCC GCACCAGCAG 751 CCATGGACCC TGTCGTGGGT CAGGCCAAAC TACTGCCCCC AGAGCGCATG 801 AAGCACAGCA TCAAGTTGGT GGATGACCAG ATGAATTGGT GTGACAGTGC 851 CATCGAGTAC CTGTTGGATC AGACTGATGT GTTGGTGGTT GGTGTCCTGG 901 GCCTCCAGGG GACAGGCAAG TCCATGGTCA TGTCATTGTT GTCAGCCAAC 951 ACTCCAGAGG AGGACCAGAG GACTTATGTT TTCCGGGCCC AGAGCGCTGA 1001 AATGAAGGAA CGAGGGGGCA ACCAGACCAG TGGCATCGAC TTCTTTATTA 1051 CCCAAGAACG GATTGTTTTC CTGGACACAC AGCCCATCCT GAGCCCTTCT 1101 ATCCTAGACC ATCTCATCAA TAATGACCGC AAACTGCCTC CAGAGTACAA 1151 CCTTCCCCAC ACTTACGTTG AAATGCAGTC ACTCCAGATT GCTGCCTTCC 1201 TTTTCACGGT CTGCCATGTG GTGATTGTTG TCCAGGACTG GTTCACAGAC 1251 CTCAGTCTCT ACAGGTTCCT GCAGACAGCA GAGATGGTGA AGCCCTCCAC 1301 CCCATCCCCC AGCCACGAGT CCAGCAGCTC ATCGGGCTCC GATGAAGGCA 1351 CCGAGTACTA CCCCCACCTA GTCTTCTTGC AGAACAAAGC TCGCCGAGAG 1401 GACTTCTGTC CTCGGAAGCT GCGGCAGATG CACCTGATGA TTGACCAGCT 1451 CATGGCCCAC TCCCACCTGC GTTACAAGGG AACTCTGTCC ATGTTACAAT 1501 GCAATGTCTT CCCGGGGCTT CCACCTGACT TCCTGGACTC TGAGGTCAAC 1551 TTATTCCTGG TACCCTTCAT GGACAGTGAA GCAGAGAGTG AAAACCCACC 1601 AAGAGCAGGA CCTGGTTCCA GCCCACTCTT CTCCCTGCTG CCTGGGTATC 1651 GTGGCCACCC CAGTTTCCAG TCCTTGGTGA GCAAGCTCCG GAGCCAAGTG
1701 ATGTCCATGG CCCGGCCACA GCTGTCACAC ACGATCCTCA CCGAGAAGAA
1751 CTGGTTCCAC TACGCTGCCC GGATCTGGGA TGGGGTGAGA AAGTCCTCTG 1801 CTCTGGCAGA GTACAGCCGC CTGCTGGCCT GAGGCCAAGG AGAGGAATGT 1851 CATGCAGGGG ACCTCCTGGG TCCGCAGTGT ACTGCGAGGG AGCACAGATG 1901 TCCATCCCC GCTGGGGTGG AGAGCGGCAG CAGGCCTGAT GGATGAGGGA 1951 TCGTGGCTTC CCGGCCCAGA GACATGAGGT GTCCAGGGCC AGGCCCCCCA

BLAST Results

Entry AC004780 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens chromosome 19, cosmid F17127, complete sequence. Score = 2616, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 524/525 15 exons Bp 8031-31789

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 270 bp to 1829 bp; peptide length: 520 Category: similarity to unknown protein Prosite motifs: ATP_GTP_A (211-219)

```
1 MSESGHSQPG LYGIERRRW KEPGSGGPQN LSGPGGRERD YIAPWERERR
51 DASEETSTSV MQKTPIILSK PPAERSKQPP PPTAPAAPPA PAPLEKPIVL
101 MKPREEGKGP VAVTGASTPE GTAPPPPAAP APPKGEKEGQ RPTQPVYQIQ
151 NRGMGTAAPA AMDPVVGQAK LLPPERMKHS IKLVDDQMNW CDSAIEYLLD
201 QTDVLVVGVL GLQGTGKSMV MSLLSANTPE EDQRTYVFRA QSAEMKERGG
251 NQTSGIDFFI TQERIVFLDT QPILSPSILD HLINNDRKLP PEYNLPHTYV
301 EMQSLQIAAF LFTVCHVVIV VQDWFTDLSL YRFLQTAEMV KPSTPSPSHE
351 SSSSGSDEG TEYYPHLVFL QNKARREDFC PRKLRQMHLM IDQLMAHSHL
401 RYKGTLSMLQ CNVFPGLPPD FLDSEVNLFL VPFMDSEAES ENPPRAGPGS
451 SPLFSLLPGY RGHPSFQSLV SKLRSQVMSM ARPQLSHTIL TEKNWFHYAA
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_22h13, frame 3

TREMBL:AC004780_1 product: "F17127_1"; Homo sapiens chromosome 19, cosmid F17127, complete sequence., N = 2, Score = 1264, P = 1.3e-231

TREMBL:CEY54E2A_1 gene: "Y54E2A.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y54E2A, N = 2, Score = 219, P = 1.4e-15

>TREMBL:AC004780_1 product: "F17127_1"; Homo sapiens chromosome 19, cosmid F17127, complete sequence. Length = 528

HSPs:

Score = 1264 (189.6 bits), Expect = 1.3e-231, Sum P(2) = 1.3e-231 Identities = 254/302 (84%), Positives = 264/302 (87%)

Query: 46 ERERRDASEETSTSVMQKTPIILSKPPAERSKQPPPPTAPAAPPAPLEKPIVLMKPRE 105
E+ER D+ + S +Q+T + R + P + A APLEKPIVLMKPRE 205
Sbjct: 39 EKER-DSDSDFSP--LQQTEGCQRRDKHFRHAENPHHPLKTSSRA-APLEKPIVLMKPRE 24
Query: 106 EGKGPVAVTGASTPEGTAPPPPAAPAPPKGEKEGQRPTQPVYQIQNRGMGTAAPAAMDPV 165
EGKGPVAVTGASTPEGTAPPPPAAPAPPKGEKEGQRPTQPVYQIQNRGMGTAAPAAMDPV 25
Sbjct: 95 EGKGPVAVTGASTPEGTAPPPPAAPAPPKGEKEGQRPTQPVYQIQNRGMGTAAPAAMDPV 154
Query: 166 VGQAKLLPPERMKHSIKLVDDQMNWCDSAIEYLLDQTDVLVVGVLGLQGTGKSMVMSLLS 225
VGQAKLLPPERMKHSIKLVDDQMNWCDSAIEYLLDQTDVLVVGVLGLQGTGKSMVMSLLS 214

```
226 ANTPEEDQRTYVFRAQSAEMKERGGNQTSGIDFFITQERIVFLDTQPILSPSILDHLINN 285
Ouerv:
           ANTPEEDQRTYVFRAQSAEMKERGGNQTSGIDFFITQERIVFLDTQPILSPSILDHLINN
        215 ANTPEEDQRTYVFRAQSAEMKERGGNQTSGIDFFITQERIVFLDTQPILSPSILDHLINN 274
Sbict:
        286 DRKLPPEYNLPHTYVEMQSLQIAAFLFTVCHVVIVVQDWFTDLSLYRFLQTAEMVKPSTP 345
Query:
        DRKLPPEYNLPHTYVEMQSLQIAAFLFTVCHVVIVVQDWFTDLSLYR K ++
275 DRKLPPEYNLPHTYVEMQSLQIAAFLFTVCHVVIVVQDWFTDLSLYRLWDLGCKCKSNSH 334
Sbjct:
        346 SP 347
Query:
           SP
Sbict:
        335 SP 336
 Score = 993 (149.0 bits), Expect = 1.3e-231, Sum P(2) = 1.3e-231
Identities = 189/189 (100%), Positives = 189/189 (100%)
        332 RFLQTAEMVKPSTPSPSHESSSSSGSDEGTEYYPHLVFLQNKARREDFCPRKLRQMHLMI 391
           RFLQTAEMVKPSTPSPSHESSSSSGSDEGTEYYPHLVFLQNKARREDFCPRKLRQMHLMI
Sbjct:
        340 RFLQTAEMVKPSTPSPSHESSSSSGSDEGTEYYPHLVFLQNKARREDFCPRKLRQMHLMI 399
Query:
        392 DQLMAHSHLRYKGTLSMLQCNVFPGLPPDFLDSEVNLFLVPFMDSEAESENPPRAGPGSS 451
           DQLMAHSHLRYKGTLSMLQCNVFPGLPPDFLDSEVNLFLVPFMDSEAESENPPRAGPGSS
Sbjct:
        400 DQLMAHSHLRYKGTLSMLQCNVFPGLPPDFLDSEVNLFLVPFMDSEAESENPPRAGPGSS 459
        452 PLFSLLPGYRGHPSFOSLVSKLRSOVMSMARPOLSHTILTEKNWFHYAARIWDGVRKSSA 511
Query:
           PLFSLLPGYRGHPSFQSLVSKLRSQVMSMARPQLSHTILTEKNWFHYAARIWDGVRKSSA
        460 PLFSLLPGYRGHPSFQSLVSKLRSQVMSMARPQLSHTILTEKNWFHYAARIWDGVRKSSA 519
Sbjct:
        512 LAEYSRLLA 520
Query:
           LAEYSRLLA
Sbjct:
        520 LAEYSRLLA 528
          Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_22h13, frame 3
                   Report for DKFZphfbr2_22h13.3
[LENGTH]
             520
[MM]
             57650.81
[pI]
             6.52
[HOMOL]
             TREMBL:AC004780 1 product: "F17127 1"; Homo sapiens chromosome 19, cosmid
F17127, complete sequence. 0.0 [PROSITE] ATP GTP A
             MYRĪSTYL
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
             CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                  8
(PROSITE)
             GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
[PROSITE]
             PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
             ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
             TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
[KW]
                             11.73 %
SEQ
      MSESGHSQPGLYGIERRRWKEPGSGGPQNLSGPGGRERDYIAPWERERRDASEETSTSV
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEO
      MQKTPIILSKPPAERSKQPPPPTAPAAPPAPAPLEKPIVLMKPREEGKGPVAVTGASTPE
SEG
       PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      GTAPPPPAAPAPPKGEKEGQRPTQPVYQIQNRGMGTAAPAAMDPVVGQAKLLPPERMKHS
       ..xxxxxxxxxx...........
SEG
PRD
      ccccccccccccccccceeeeeeccccccccceeecceeccchhhhh
MEM
SEO
      IKLVDDQMNWCDSAIEYLLDQTDVLVVGVLGLQGTGKSMVMSLLSANTPEEDQRTYVFRA
         ........xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx........
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      QSAEMKERGGNQTSGIDFFITQERIVFLDTQPILSPSILDHLINNDRKLPPEYNLPHTYV
SEG
PRD
      hhhhhhccccceeeeeeeeccecccccccccccccchh
MEM
      EMQSLQIAAFLFTVCHVVIVVQDWFTDLSLYRFLQTAEMVKPSTPSPSHESSSSSSSDEG
SEG
```

PRD MEM	hhhhhhhhhhhhhhheeeeeecchhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccc
SEQ	TEYYPHLVFLQNKARREDFCPRKLRQMHLMIDQLMAHSHLRYKGTLSMLQCNVFPGLPPD
SEG	
PRD	ccccceeeehhhhhhcccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccc
MEM	***************************************
SEQ	FLDSEVNLFLVPFMDSEAESENPPRAGPGSSPLFSLLPGYRGHPSFQSLVSKLRSQVMSM
SEG	
PRD	chhhhheeeeccccccccccccccccccccchhhhhhhh
MEM	
SEQ	ARPQLSHTILTEKNWFHYAARIWDGVRKSSALAEYSRLLA
SEG	
PRD	hhhhhhheeecchhhhhhhhhhhhhcchhhhhhhhccc
MEM	

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_22h13.3

PS00001	30->34	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	251->255	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00002	32->36	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00004	507->511	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	180->183	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	215->218	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	491->494	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	117->121	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	193->197	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	228->232	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	254->258	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	277->281	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	298->302	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	355->359	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	436->440	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	26->32	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	139->145	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	153->159	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	211->217	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	214->220	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	249->255	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	356->362	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
P200008	505->511	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00017	211->219	ATP_GTP_A	PDOC00017

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22h13.3)

DKF2phfbr2_22i4

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 22i4.1 encodes a novel 228 amino acid protein with similarity to the N-terminus of human $p52r\overline{1}PK$.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to Human P52rIPK N-terminus

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits function of P52rIPK, repressor of p58IPK protein kinase inhibitor upstream regulator of interferon induced proteins

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 4748 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4726, polyadenylation signal at pos. 4709

1 TGGGTCCGGT CCTAGGGTCA CACCCACCGC AGGGTCTGGC TTGGTACAGT 51 TGGGTGCATG CAGAAGTAGG TGGAGCTGCT GTTGCAGCCT TGAGAGAGTT 101 TTATTGTAAA ACTCTTGTAA TTTATAGTAA TCGGAGGGGA AAACACCTCT 151 TCCTTTTAAT TGCTCTGAGG ACCGCTGCCA AAGAAACGCA GTAGATCCGC 201 TCCCTCTTGG GGGCGGGGG AAAGAACGGG TTGTGTCCGC CATGTTGGTG 251 AAGTCAAGCG AAGGCGACTA GAGCTCCAGG AGGGCCAGTT CTGTGGGCTC 301 TAGTCGGCCA TATTAATAA GAGAAAAGGGA AGGCTGACCG TCCTTCGCCT
351 CCGCCCCCAC ATACACACCC CTTCTTCCCA CTCCGCTCTC ACGACTAAGC
401 TCTCACGATT AAGGCACGCC TGCCTCGATT GTCCAGCCTC TGCCAGAAGA 451 AAGCTTAGCA GCCAGCGCCT CAGTAGAGAC CTAAGGGCGC TGAATGAGTG 501 GGAAAGGGAA ATGCCGACCA ATTGCGCTGC GGCGGGCTGT GCCACTACCT 551 ACAACAAGCA CATTAACATC AGCTTCCACA GGTTTCCTTT GGATCCTAAA 601 AGAAGAAAAG AATGGGTTCG CCTGGTTAGG CGCAAAAATT TTGTGCCAGG 651 AAAACACACT TTTCTTTGTT CAAAGCACTT TGAAGCCTCC TGTTTTGACC 701 TAACAGGACA AACTCGACGA CTTAAAATGG ATGCTGTTCC AACCATTTTT 751 GATTTTTGTA CCCATATAAA GTCTATGAAA CTCAAGTCAA GGAATCTTTT 801 GAAGAAAAAC AACAGTTGTT CTCCAGCTGG ACCATCTAAT TTAAAATCAA 851 ACATTAGTAG TCAGCAAGTA CTACTTGAAC ACAGCTATGC CTTTAGGAAT 901 CCTATGGAGG CAAAAAAGAG GATCATTAAA CTGGAAAAAG AAATAGCAAG 951 CTTANGANGA ANANTGANAN CTTGCCTACA ANAGGANCGC AGAGCANCTC 1001 GANGATGGAT CANAGCCACG TGTTTGGTAN AGARTTAGA AGCANATAGT 1051 GTATTACCTA ANAGGTACATC AGANCACATG TTACCANCTG CCTTANGCAG 1101 TCTTCCCTTG GAAGATTTTA AGATCCTTGA ACAAGATCAA CAAGATAAAA 1151 CACTGCTAAG TCTAAATCTA AAACAGACCA AGAGTACCTT CATTTAAATT 1201 TAGCTTGCAC AGAGCTTGAT GCCTATCCTT CATTCTTTTC AGAAGTAAAG 1251 ATAATTATGG CACTTATGCC AAAATTCATT ATTTAATAAA GTTTTACTTG 1301 AAGTAACATT ACTGAATTTG TGAAGACTTG ATTACAAAAG AATAAAAAAC 1351 TTCATATGGA AATTTTATTT GAAAATGAGT GGAAGTGCCT TACATTAGAA 1401 TTACGGACTT AAAAATTTTG CTAATAAATT GTGTGTTTGA AAGGTGTTTT 1451 TTGTTTTGT CTTTTTAAAC TACTGTTAAA AGAACAGCTT ATGATAAGTA 1501 ATATGTTTAA CTTAGAGAAG AATTTTTTCC TGTACCAAAG TTGGCATATT 1551 GCATTCTAAA TAAGATGCTA AATRAGAGGTT AACCAACATT CAACATGACC
1601 TTAAAACTGC TGGGTTTTGT ATTAATTAAA TTATAATTGG CACTGTGATT 1651 TGAAAAATTT ATAGAAAAAA AGGTACAGGG CAAGTTTTTA AATTAAAACT 1701 TTCTATATTT TGTTTTACCA GTAAAAGTGA GCTTATCATG GCCTCTCTCA 1751 TAAGAATGAT TTTAAAATAG GTTGTAAAAT ATTTTGAAAA TATTTGAATG 1801 TGAAGTACCA TTGAGTCATC CAAACTAGGT AAGGCCTCAA GTACTTTAAA 1851 CTAGTAAAAT CTAGTAGCTG ATAATATTCA CCTAAGTAAG TGTTGTAAAA 1901 TAATTCAGAG TTCAGGACCT AGCTTAGATA AATGTATACT ACTCTTTTC 1951 TCATAGTAAA AATCTTACAT TTCCAACTTC AAAATTGGTG CTTCCATATT 2001 TGTTGATAAC CAAAACTCCT AAGGTTTTTT GTTTTCTTTT TAACTACTTT 2051 CCAAATGCAT ACTATACCTC AGAAATAGTG TATCAATATA GTGGGCTTTT 2101 TTTTTCCTCT TCATAAACCC ACAGTAAAAT TTAATCACAG GAAACTACTT 2151 ATATCTTCAC ACTTTGTATT GATAACTTAA AATGGCATCA GTTTATCTTA 2201 GACATCAGCT TGCTTTTTAT CTCCTTTTTT AGTGAGTGAA ATAGAGCAAC 2251 TAGCATGCCT GTGTTCCCAG CTACTTGGGA GGCTAAGGTG GGAAGATCAA 2301 TTGAACCTAG GAGGTTGAGG CTATAGTGAG CTGTGATTGC ACGACTGCAC
2351 TCCAGCCTGG GCAATGGAGT GAGACTCCTG TCTCTAAAAC AGCAACAACA 2401 AAAATAAAGC AACCATAGTG CATAAGGGAA ATTAAATGTT CCCTATAGAA 2451 ATATGTGTAT GTCTGTGATA GTGGTATGCA AATGCTAATT ATTTTATAAA
2501 ATAAAAGTTC AGAACTATTC TTATCATTGC CACTTGAACA ATTAAAGGGT
2551 TTGCTTTATT TCACTAATGT TTAATAGGAA CCCTTTGCTT CAAACAGCTT

2601 TGTTGAAATC ATGTAAAAAT TTGTTAATAG AGAATCAAGT TATTTAACTC 2651 AACTTATTTA ATTCAAGCTT GTGATACTAA CATACAAAGG TAGCATAAAC 2701 CAAGTCATAA ATTGCTGTAA TCTTTCCTGT AGAGTAATAG CTACTTCATG 2751 ATTTTTTAA AAATTTCATT TTTTTGCTAT TTAGGATTGC ATTTGCTTGG 2801 CTCCTAGTAA CAATTCTTTT ACAGTATTAG CACTCTCTTT ACTAAGGAAT 2851 GCCTCCCAAG GAAATGCAAA GGTAGGAAAA GTCTCTTAGA ATGCCCATGA 2901 GGTATTTAAA ACAGATATTT ATGAAAATCT TTTTGTGAAT GTTATTAAATC
2951 TTGCTAGTTA TTTTATCTTT ATCTTAAGTA TTAGATGTAG TTCCTTGGAA
3001 TTGTCATTAC ATATTTATTT TTTTCTAGTG TGGTTTCAAA TAACTTTTTG
3051 CCAACATATA ATCATCATCA AACATTCACT GACCATATCT ATTTTATAAC 3101 TCAAAATAAG TTGGACAAAT AATCATTTTA ATAAAAACTA TTTTTTCCAA
3151 GTATAACCAC TGTCATGTGG TTCACCCTTC ACCCCAGATA CAAAACACTT 3201 ATTTGTGTAG CCCAGTTCCC ATCTACAGTA ATACCTTGAA ACCTTAATAA 3251 ATTTTAAAAA TCATAAAAAAT AAAATTATTGT AAAATACAAC AAATTTTGGA 3301 CAAGGTTACT TCATCTTCAT TCATTATTAC CTGACAGTAT TAAACTACTA 3351 CTCAATAATT TTAGAGTAAA CTTTTCTGTG TTTTCCCCGT GATTTTCATT 3401 GTGCTGTCCT GACAACATGC TCCAAACTCT TTGCATCAAA TTGTTTTATT 3451 AACATACATT TGTCTACCTT AAAACTAGCT TTATTCACAG AGAAAGACCT 3501 AAAAGGAGTC TATTAAAATG CTGCTTTCAG TTTGATAGTT TTTTTTTAA 3551 TCACTCTGAC CATAAACTAA CTGAAATTAT AATGGATTTT TTTTCCTCTC 3601 CCGGTCACAA CACAGATCTT CTGTTCATTT GTTCTCTGTC TACTGGGCAC 3651 CAACCTCTAC AAAGAACCAG CCAAAGGCTA GGTACTTGAT ATAAAAAGGA 3701 ATATTACATT ATTTTCTGCC CTCAAGTTGC TCTATCTCCT GAAAGAAACA 3751 AGTAATATTT ATAATACAAT ATGATAAATG CTACAAAAGA AATAGCTGTA 3801 AAGTCCTTTG GTAAATGCTG TTGAATTGGA ATTCAGTAAG AACTATAAAC 3851 TGTAGACCTT TTTATAATCA AATGCTTTTG TCTTGAACA AAACAGATTC
3901 CTCCTTATAT TGACTTAGCA AAGGAGGTAC AAGGACATTG GCATTTGACC 3951 TGAATTATGG TGTTTTATTG AATCAGCTAT AAGACAACAT TTTTACCCTT 4001 TAAAATGAAC ACTGAACAAA TGTGTTAATG GTATCTTTGT TAAAAGGAAA 4051 ACATAGCTAT AAATAAAATA CTACATCGAA ATCCAGCACT GGAGTTCATT 4101 TGAAATTTGA TATTTTGTGT AAAGTAACAA ACCTATTAAC ACAGATTTTT 4151 AAAATAACTC AGAATCGTAT AAAGCACTTT GGTACTTATT TGTTCTCTTT 4201 TCCCTTACAT TCTGTGTGGT AGGTGGTATT ATCTCTGATT TACACATGAA 4251 GACATCCTTG TTAATGCAAT TTATTTATTC ATTCGGGCAT TTACTGTGTG 4301 CCAACTTGCA AAAGGAATAG AAATGTCTGT GATCTAGATA GTTCTAGATT 4351 GAACATAGAT TITCTGCCAA CAAATCCTCT CTGCTGTTCA CATTATCCTT
4401 TGTTTAACCT ATGAACCAGG TTACTAAAAT AGGATAAATC ATGTGTCTTA
4451 GAATATGAAA ATAGTAAGGT CTTTGAGGTC ACTTGATCTT CTCTAAGTAG
4501 ACTTTATAAT ATTGTGTTTT ATCTCATTTC TCAATATTAG AATACGGGTA
4551 GATTTTAATT TTGCTATAAT ATAGGAAATG GTTCATCTT GTACCAAAAT 4601 ATTGCATTCT TCTGATATTT AGACAGTTGG AAACTTTCTA AAATTGAGGA 4651 TTTTGTAGTG TATACTAAAT AATTGCATAT TCAAAAAAAT GTATTCTGAG

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

98107671:

Regulation of interferon-induced protein kinase PKR: modulation of P58IPK inhibitory function by a novel protein, P52rIPK

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 511 bp to 1194 bp; peptide length: 228 Category: similarity to known protein

- 1 MPTNCAAAGC ATTYNKHINI SFHRFPLDPK RRKEWVRLVR RKNFVPGKHT
- 51 FLCSKHFEAS CFDLTGQTRR LKMDAVPTIF DFCTHIKSMK LKSRNLLKKN 101 NSCSPAGPSN LKSNISSQQV LLEHSYAFRN PMEAKKRIIK LEKEIASLRR
- 101 NSCSPAGPSN LKSNISSQQV LLEHSYAFRN PMEAKKRIIK LEKEIASLRR 151 KMKTCLQKER RATRRWIKAT CLVKNLEANS VLPKGTSEHM LPTALSSLPL
- 201 EDFKILEQDQ QDKTLLSLNL KQTKSTFI

BLASTP hits

Entry AF007393_1 from database TREMBL:
product: "P52rIPK"; Homo sapiens P52rIPK mRNA, complete cds.
Score = 166, P = 2.5e-11, identities = 40/106, positives = 56/106

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_22i4, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_22i4, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_22i4.1

[LENGTH [MW] [pI]		228 26259.94 10.17								
[HOMOL]		TREMBL:AF007393_1	product:	"P52r1PK";	Homo	sapiens	P52rIPK	mRNA,	complete	cas.
(PROSIT	E)	MYRISTYL 1								
[PROSIT	- •	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	1							
[PROSIT		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	2							
[PROSIT		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	4							
[PROSIT	'E]	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	3							
[KW]		All_Alpha								
[KW]		LOW_COMPLEXITY	7.02 %							
SEQ SEG PRD		AAGCATTYNKHINISFHRF								
SEQ		TRRLKMDAVPTIFDFCTH								
SEG										
PRD	cccccc	ccccccccceeeeccc	cchhhhhhhh	hhhhcccccc	cccc	cccccch	hh			
SEQ SEG	LLEHSYA	AFRNPMEAKKRIIKLEKEI	ASLRRKMKT	CLQKERRATRR	WIKAT	CLVKNLEA	NS			
PRD	hhhhcc	cccchhhhhhhhhhhhh	հիհերև	հիհիհիհիհի	hhhhh	eeeeccc	cc			
SEQ	VLPKGTS	SEHMLPTALSSLPLEDFKI	LEQDQQDKT	LLSLNLKQTKS	TFI					
SEG PRD		ccccccccccchhh								
PKD	CCCCCCC	:ccccccccccccnn	mmeecccc	.000000000000	CCC					

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_22i4.1

PS00001	19->23	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	100->104	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	114->118	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	160->164	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
P\$00005	68->71	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	88->91	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	147->150	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	163->166	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	60->64	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	78->82	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	9->15	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22i4.1)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfbr2_22k3

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 22k3 encodes a novel 538 amino acid protein with weak similarity to extensins.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

weak similarity to extensins

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits CpG Island in 5' UTR complete cDNA

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2775 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 2755, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2718

1 GGGGCTGCCC GCGCGCTCCA CGGTGCAGAG CTCTAAGCGC GCGGGCTGGC 51 AGGCTGCGGC GCGTCAAGGT CAGCCTGGAG CTGGGTGGCG GCCTGCCTGG 101 GGGCGGGGA CCCTACTGGA GGCCCGGGCT GGGGCCTCCC AGCGCCTCGG 151 CCATATTGAA TAGCTTCGAC TGGACCGTCT TTGTCTGCGA AGTCCTGTCC 201 CAAGTTCCAG CCGCGTCCCT GGGGCCTGGG GCAGGAAGAG TCGCTGGCAG 251 CCCGCGCGCC CCAACTTGGA GCTGGGACAC CACGTTTCCA GCTTGGAGTG 301 GGCCTTGAGC CTTGGGACTG ACCTCGCCCC CGGCTCACGT AGGCATCCTG 351 GAAATTGATT CCCCCAAGTC CTTGGTGGGG GAGCCGGACT TGGTCAAGAC 401 TGTACTTGTT GCAGGCGAAG AGATTGGAGG CGTTTGGCTC GTCCCTGGCT 451 AGGGAGGTGA GACTCTCCGG TCAGCGTTGC TGGAACTCCC CCCATCCAGT 501 CCCTCCCTCA AGACTAAGGG CTACAGTAGT TTGTTGGGGC TCATTGCCCC 551 CTCACCCAG ATATCACCCT GGAGATCTTA AAGACTCTCG AGAAAAGCCA 601 CGTGGGGGGC TGGTTCCCCT GGGGCTTCCT GCCGTCCCCC GACTGCCTCA 651 TTCTTTGGAG CGTCCCCGAT GTCTGCAAAG ATGTGGATTT GGACGTCCTC 701 GTGGAAGCCC TAAAGCCCGT GGGGACATTT AAGAAGATCG GCAAGGTGTT 751 CCGCAAGGAG GAGGACTCCA CGGTGGGGAT GCTGCAGATC GGGGAGGACG 801 TCGACTATTT GCTCATCCCC CGGGAGGTCA GGCTGGCTGG GGGCGTCTGG 851 AGAGTCATCT CTAAGCCCGC CACCAAGGAA GCAGAATTTC GGGAGCGGCT 901 GACCCAGTTC CTGGAAGAAG AGGGCCGCAC CCTGGAGGAC GTGGCCCGCA 951 TCATGGAGAA GAGCACCCCG CACCCGCCCC AGCCCCCCAA AAAGCCCAAG 1001 GAGCCCCGAG TGAGGAGGAG AGTGCAGCAG ATGGTGACTC CTCCGCCCCG 1051 GCTGGTCGTG GGCACGTACG ACAGCAGCAA CGCCAGCGAC AGCGAGTTCA 1101 GCGACTTCGA GACCTCCAGA GACAAGAGCC GCCAGGGCCC GCGGCGGGGC 1151 AAGAAGGTGC GCAAAATGCC CGTCAGCTAC CTGGGCAGCA AGTTCCTGGG 1201 AAGCGACCTG GAGAGTGAGG ATGATGAGGA ACTGGTCGAG GCCTTCCTCC 1251 GGCGACAGGA GAAGCAGCCC AGCGCGCCGC CTGCCCGCCG CCGCGTCAAC 1301 CTGCCAGTGC CCATGTTTGA GGACAACCTG GGGCCTCAGC TGTCCAAAGC 1351 GGACAGGTGG CGGGAGTATG TCAGCCAGGT GTCCTGGGGG AAGCTGAAGC 1401 GGAGGGTGAA GGGTTGGGCG CCGAGGGCGG GCCCCGGGGT GGGCGAGGCC 1451 CGGCTGGCCT CCACCGCAGT GGAGAGCGCA GGGGTATCAT CGGCGCCAGA 1501 GGGCACCAGC CCGGGGGATC GCTTGGGAAA CGCGGGAGAT GTTTGTGTGC 1551 CCCAGGCTTC CCCTAGGCGA TGGAGGCCCA AGATCAACTG GGCCTCCTTT 1601 CGGCGCCGCA GGAAGGAGCA GACAGCACCC ACAGGTCAGG GGGCAGACAT 1651 CGAGGCTGAT CAGGGGGGAG AGGCTGCAGA TAGTCAAAGG GAAGAGGCCA 1701 TAGCTGACCA GCGGGAAGGG GCTGCAGGTA ATCAGAGGGC TGGGGCCCCA 1751 GCTGACCAGG GGGCAGAGGC TGCAGATAAT CAGAGGGAAG AGGCTGCAGA 1801 TAATCAGAGG GCAGGGGCCC CAGCTGAGGA GGGGGCAGAG GCTGCAGATA 1851 ACCAGAGGGA AGAGGCTGCA GATAATCAGA GGGCAGAGGC CCCAGCTGAC 1901 CAGAGGTCAC AGGGCACAGA TAACCACAGG GAAGAGGCTG CAGATAATCA 1951 GAGGGCGGAG GCCCCAGCTG ACCAGGGGTC AGAGGTTACA GATAATCAAA 2001 GGGAAGAGGC CGTACATGAC CAGAGGGAAA GGGCCCCAGC TGTCCAGGGT 2051 GCAGATAATC AGAGGGCACA GGCCCGGGCT GGCCAGAGGG CAGAGGCTGC 2101 ACATAATCAG AGGGCAGGGG CCCCAGGTAT CCAGGAAGCT GAAGTCTCAG 2151 CTGCCCAAGG GACCACAGGA ACAGCTCCAG GAGCCAGGGC CCGGAAACAG 2201 GTCAAGACAG TGAGGTTCCA GACCCCTGGA CGCTTTTCGT GGTTTTGCAA 2251 GCGCCGGAGA GCCTTCTGGC ACACTCCCCG GTTGCCAACC CTGCCCAAGA 2301 GAGTCCCCAG GGCAGGAGAG GTCAGGAACC TCAGGGTGCT GAGGGCCGAG 2351 GCCAGAGCAG AAGCTGAGCA GGGAGAGCAA GAAGACCAGC TGTGAGGTGA 2401 GGGCTAGAGA CAGCCCACGG GCCCTCCCTC CAAGTGTGGG AGGGAGAGAT 2451 GCTCTGCCTC TGAACTTCAA AGTGGAGGTG GAGTGCTGGC CACGTCTCCA 2501 CCTAACAACC CTCTTTATTC TCTTGTTAAA GTTTTGTTCA TGCTTTGATT 2551 TTTTTTTAAA TTTTTTAGAG ACAGGGTCTC ACTCTGTTGC CCAGGCTGGA 2601 GTGCAGTGGC ATGATCATAA CTCACTGCAG CCTCAAACTT CTGGCCTCAA 2651 GTGATCCTCC TGCCTCGGCC TCCCAAAATG CTGGGATTAC AGATGTGAGC

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

2701 CACCACACA ACCATCTGAT TAAAAAAAA AAATACTGAT TCCCTGTAGC 2751 AACCCAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS164A7F from database EMBL: H. sapiens CpG island DNA genomic Msel fragment, clone 164a7, forward read cpg164a7.ftla. Score = 740, P = 3.0e-25, identities = 150/151

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 779 bp to 2392 bp; peptide length: 538 Category: similarity to known protein

- 1 MLQIGEDVDY LLIPREVRLA GGVWRVISKP ATKEAEFRER LTQFLEEEGR 51 TLEDVARIME KSTPHPPQPP KKPKEPRVRR RVQQMVTPPP RLVVGTYDSS 101 NASDSEFSDF ETSRDKSRQG PRRGKKVRKM PVSYLGSKFL GSDLESEDDE 101 NASDSEYSDE ETSKOKSKOG PRRGKKVRKM PVSYLGSKEL GSDLESEDDE
 151 ELVEAFLRRQ EKQPSAPPAR RRVNLPVPMF EDNLGPQLSK ADRWREYVSQ
 201 VSWGKLKRRV KGWAPRAGPG VGEARLASTA VESAGVSSAP EGTSPGDRLG
 251 NAGDVCVPQA SPRRWRPKIN WASFRRRKE QTAPTGQGAD IEADQGGEAA
 301 DSQREEAIAD QREGAAGNQR AGAPADQGAE AADNQREEAA DNQRAGAPAE
 351 EGAEAADNQR EEAADNQRAE APADQRSQGT DNHREEAADN QRAEAPADQG
 401 SEVTDNQREE AVHDQRERAP AVQGADNQRA QARAGQRAEA AHNQRAGAPG
 451 IQEAEVSAAQ GTTGTAPGAR ARKQVKTVRF QTPGRFSWFC KRRRAFWHTP
 501 RLPTLPKRVP RAGEVRNLRV LRAEARAEAE QGEQEDQL

BLASTP hits

Entry RNU67136 1 from database TREMBL: "A-kinase anchoring protein AKAP150"; Rattus norvegicus A-kinase anchoring protein AKAP150 mRNA, complete cds. Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat) Length = 714 Score = 182 (64.1 bits), Expect = 1.2e-10, P = 1.2e-10 Identities = 73/257 (28%), Positives = 104/257 (40%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 22k3, frame 2

TREMBL:PFSANTY_1 product: "S-antigen"; Plasmodium falciparum KF1916 S-antigen gene, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 178, P = 3.7e-11

>TREMBL:PFSANTY_1 product: "S-antigen"; Plasmodium falciparum KF1916 S-antigen gene, complete cds. Length = 285

HSPs:

Score = 178 (26.7 bits), Expect = 3.7e-11, P = 3.7e-11 Identities = 60/217 (27%), Positives = 97/217 (44%).

269 INWASFRRRKEQTAPTGQGA-DIEADQGGEAADSQRE-EAIADQ---REGAAGNQRAGA 323 +N + + + E G+G D E E +D+ E E I Q E A N+ AG+ Query:

47 LNGKNGKGNKYEDLQEEGEGENDDEEHSNSEESDNDEENEIIVGQDGSNEKAGSNEEAGS 106 Sbjct:

324 PADQGAEAADNQREEAADNQRAGAPAEEGA--EAADNQR----EEAADNQRAEAPADQRS 377 G+ E+A N++AG+ E G+ EA N+ EEA N++A + S Query:

Sbjct: 107 NEKAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGS 166

Query: 378 QGTDNHREEAADNQRAEAPADQGSEVTDNQREEAVHDQRERAPAVQGADNQRAQAR--AG 435

EEA N++A + + GS E+A +++ + G+ N++A + AG
167 NEKAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEEAGS-NEKAGSNEEAG 225 Sbjct:

436 QRAEAAHNQRAGA---PGIQEAEVSAAQGTTGTA-PGA 469 Ouerv:

```
EA N+ AG+ G E + +G GT PG+
226 SNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSEEAGTEGPKGTGGPGS 263
Sbict:
  Score = 173 (26.0 bits), Expect = 1.5e-10, P = 1.5e-10
  Identities = 51/190 (26%), Positives = 83/190 (43%)
                 279 KEQTAPTGQ-GADIEADQGGEAADSQREEAIADQREGAAGNQRAGAPADQGAEAADNQRE 337
Ouerv:
                   +E GQ G++ +A EA +++ A E A N++AG+ G+ E
83 EENEIIVGQDGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEK----AGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNE 138
Sbjct:
                  338 EAADNQRAGAPAEEGAEAADNQREEAADNQRAEAPADQRSQGTDNHREEAADNQRAEAPA 397
Query:
                                                                   E+A N++A + + S
Sbict:
                  139 EAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNE 198
                  398 DQGSEVTDNQREEAVHDQRERAPAVQGADNQRAQARAGQRAEAAHNQRAGAPGIQEAEVS 457
Ouerv:
                 GS EEA +++ + G++ + AG EA N+ AG+ EA
199 KAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEESEAGTE 253
Sbjct:
                  458 AAQGTTGTAPG 468
Query:
                             +GT G G
                 254 GPKGTGGPGSG 264
Shict:
 Score = 147 (22.1 bits), Expect = 1.6e-07, P = 1.6e-07 Identities = 40/168 (23%), Positives = 70/168 (41%)
                  288 GADIEADQGGEAADSQR--EEAIADQREGAAGNQRAGAPADQGAEAADNQREEAADNQRA 345
Query:
                 G++ EA +A +++ A E A N+ AG+ + G+ E+A N++A
111 GSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEKA 170
Sbjct:
Query:
                  346 GAPAEEGAEAADNQREEAADNQRAEAPADQRSQGTDNHREEAADNQRAEAPADQGSEVTD 405
                 G+ E G+ EEA N++A + S EEA N++A + + GS
171 GSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEKAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEA 230
Sbjct:
                 406 NQREEAVHDQR--ERAPAVQGADNQRAQARAGQRAEAAHNQRAGAPGI 451
EEA ++ + G + + G E +HN++ I
231 GSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEGSEAGTEGPKGTGGPGSGGEHSHNKKKSKKSI 278
Query:
Sbict:
  Score = 101 (15.2 bits), Expect = 2.5e-02, P = 2.4e-02
  Identities = 26/100 (26%), Positives = 47/100 (47%)
                  281 QTAPTGQGADIEADQGGEAADSQREEAIADQREGAAGNQRAGAPADQGAEAADNQREEAA 340
                 + A + + A + G EEA ++++ G+ N++AG+ G+ E+A
162 EKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAGSNEKAG
Sbjct:
Query:
                 341 DNQRAGAPAEEGAEAADNQREEAADNQRAEAPADQRSQGT 380
                 N+ AG+ E G+ EEA N+ +EA + +GT
220 SNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEEAGSNEGSEA-GTEGPKGT 258
Sbjct:
                       Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2 22k3, frame 2
                                           Report for DKFZphfbr2_22k3.2
[LENGTH]
                            538
                             59402.19
(WM)
(pIi
                             8.72
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF037364_1 gene: "MA1"; product: "paraneoplastic neuronal antigen MA1"; Homo sapiens paraneoplastic neuronal antigen MA1 (MA1) mRNA, complete cds. 4e-10
                            AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
                                                   1
12
                            MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                            CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                                                        11
(PROSITE)
                            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                            ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
                             All_Alpha
[KW]
                            LOW COMPLEXITY
                                                               18.03 %
SEO
              MLOIGEDVDYLLIPREVRLAGGVWRVISKPATKEAEFRERLTOFLEEEGRTLEDVARIME
SEG
              PRD
              KSTPHPPQPPKKPKEPRVRRRVQQMVTPPPRLVVGTYDSSNASDSEFSDFETSRDKSRQG
SEO
               SEG
              PRD
               PRRGKKVRKMPVSYLGSKFLGSDLESEDDEELVEAFLRRQEKQPSAPPARRRVNLPVPMF
SEQ
               .....xxxxxxxxxxxx.........
SEG
PRD
```

SEQ	${\tt EDNLGPQLSKADRWREYVSQVSWGKLKRRVKGWAPRAGPGVGEARLASTAVESAGVSSAP}$
SEG	
PRD	$\tt ccccccchhhhhhhhhheeeeccchhhhhhhhccccccc$
SEQ	${\tt EGTSPGDRLGNAGDVCVPQASPRRWRPKINWASFRRRKEQTAPTGQGADIEADQGGEAA}$
SEG	
PRD	$\verb cccccccccceeeeccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhcccccchhhhhccchhh $
SEQ	DSQREEAIADQREGAAGNQRAGAPADQGAEAADNQREEAADNQRAGAPAEEGAEAADNQR
SEG	
PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ	EEAADNQRAEAPADQRSQGTDNHREEAADNQRAEAPADQGSEVTDNQREEAVHDQRERAP
SEG	
PRD	րրերի արդան անդարան անդար հերերի հ
SEQ	AVQGADNQRAQARAGQRAEAAHNQRAGAPGIQEAEVSAAQGTTGTAPGARARKQVKTVRF
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	hheechhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ	QTPGRFSWFCKRRRAFWHTPRLPTLPKRVPRAGEVRNLRVLRAEARAEAEQGEQEDQL
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	ccccceeehhhhhhhcccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhh

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_22k3.2

PS00001	101->105	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	112->115	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	261->264	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	273~>276	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	302->305	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	477->480	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	499~>502	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	51->55	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	103->107	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	108->112	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	112->116	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	142->146	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	146->150	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	189->193	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	229->233	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	238->242	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	244->248	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	302->306	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	95->101	MYRÏSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	220->226	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
P\$00008	242->248	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	296->302	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	314->320	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	317->323	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	328->334	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	352->358	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	400->406	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	450->456	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	461->467	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	464->470	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	123->127	AMIDATION	PD0C00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22k3.2)

165

DKFZphfbr2_22k8

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_22k8 encodes a novel 172 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="7"

Insert length: 2789 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2769, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2756

1 GGGGGAGCCA TGAGGCGCCA GCCTGCGAAG GTGGCGGCGC TGCTGCTCGG 51 GCTGCTCTTG GAGTGCACAG AAGCCAAAAA GCATTGCTGG TATTTCGAAG 101 GACTCTATCC AACCTATTAT ATATGCCGCT CCTACGAGGA CTGCTGTGGC 151 TCCAGGTGCT GTGTGCGGGC CCTCTCCATA CAGAGGCTGT GGTACTTCTG 201 GTTCCTTCTG ATGATGGGCG TGCTTTTCTG CTGCGGAGCC GGCTTCTTCA
251 TCCGGAGGCG CATGTACCCC CCGCCGCTGA TCGAGGAGCC AGCCTTCAAT
301 GTGTCCTACA CCAGGCAGCC CCCAAATCCC GGCCCAGGAG CCCAGCAGCC 351 GGGGCCGCCC TATTACACTG ACCCAGGAGG ACCGGGGATG AACCCTGTCG 401 GGAATTCCAC GGCAATGGCT TTCCAGGTCC CACCCAACTC ACCCCAGGGG 451 AGTGTGGCCT GCCCGCCCCC TCCAGCCTAC TGCAACACGC CTCCGCCCCC 501 GTACGAACAG GTAGTGAAGG CCAAGTAGTG GGGTGCCCAC GTGCAAGAGG 551 AGAGACAGGA GAGGGCCTTT CCCTGGCCTT TCTGTCTTCG TTGATGTTCA 601 CTTCCAGGAA CGGTCTCGTG GGCTGCTAAG GGCAGTTCCT CTGATATCCT 651 CACAGCAAGC ACAGCTCTCT TTCAGGCTTT CCATGGAGTA CAATATATGA 701 ACTCACACTT TGTCTCCTCT GTTGCTTCTG TTTCTGACGC AGTCTGTGCT 751 CTCACATGGT AGTGTGGTGA CAGTCCCCGA GGGCTGACGT CCTTACGGTG 801 GCGTGACCAG ATCTACAGGA GAGAGACTGA GAGGAAGAAG GCAGTGCTGG 851 AGGTGCAGGT GGCATGTAGA GGGGCCAGGC CGAGCATCCC AGGCAAGCAT 901 CCTTCTGCCC GGGTATTAAT AGGAAGCCCC ATGCCGGGCG GCTCAGCCGA 951 TGAAGCAGCA GCCGACTGAG CTGAGCCCAG CAGGTCATCT GCTCCAGCCT 1001 GTCCTCCGT CAGCCTTCCT CTTCCAGAAG CTGTTGGAGA GACATTCAGG 1051 AGAGAGCAAG CCCCTTGTCA TGTTTCTGTC TCTGTTCATA TCCTAAAGAT 1101 AGACTTCTCC TGCACCGCCA GGGAAGGATA GCACGTGCAG CTCTCACCGC 1151 AGGATGGGGC CTAGAATCAG GCTTGCCTTG GAGGCCTGAC AGTGATCTGA 1201 CATCCACTAA GCAAATTTAT TTAAATTCAT GGGAAATCAC TTCCTGCCCC 1251 AAACTGAGAC ATTGCATTTT GTGAGCTCTT GGTCTGATTT GGAGAAAGGA 1301 CTGTTACCCA TTTTTTTGGT GTGTTTATGG AAGTGCATGT AGAGCGTCCT 1351 GCCCTTTGAA ATCAGACTGG GTGTGTGTCT TCCCTGGACA TCACTGCCTC 1401 TCCAGGGCAT TCTCAGGCCC GGGGGTCTCC TTCCCTCAGG CAGCTCCAGT 1451 GGTGGGTTCT GAAGGGTGCT TTCAAAACGG GGCACATCTG GCCGGGAAGT 1501 CACATGGACT CTTCCAGGGA GAGAGACCAG CTGAGGCGTC TCTCTCTGAG 1551 GTTGTGTTGG GTCTAAGCGG GTGTGTGCTG GGCTCCAAGG AGGAGGAGCT 1601 TGCTGGGAAA AGACAGGAGA AGTACTGACT CAACTGCACT GACCATGTTG 1651 TCATAATTAG AATAAAGAAG AAGTGGTCGG AAATGCACAT TCCTGGATAG 1701 GAATCACAGC TCACCCCAGG ATCTCACAGG TAGTCTCCTG AGTAGTTGAC 1751 GGCTAGCGGG GAGCTAGTTC CGCCGCATAG TTATAGTGTT GATGTGTGAA 1801 CGCTGACCTG TCCTGTGTGC TAAGAGCTAT GCAGCTTAGC TGAGGCGCCT 1851 AGATTACTAG ATGTGCTGTA TCACGGGGAA TGAGGTGGGG GTGCTTATTT 1901 TTTAATGAAC TAATCAGAGC CTCTTGAGAA ATTGTTACTC ATTGAACTGG 1951 AGCATCAAGA CATCTCATGG AAGTGGATAC GGAGTGATTT GGTGTCCATG 2001 CTTTTCACTC TGAGGACATT TAATCGGAGA ACCTCCTGGG GAATTTTGTG 2051 GGAGACACTT GGGAACAAAA CAGACACCCT GGGAATGCAG TTGCAAGCAC 2101 AGATGCTGCC ACCAGTGTCT CTGACCACCC TGGTGTGACT GCTGACTGCC 2151 AGCGTGGTAC CTCCCATGCT GCAGGCCTCC ATCTAAATGA GACAACAAAG 2201 CACAATGTTC ACTGTTTACA ACCAAGACAA CTGCGTGGGT CCAAACACTC 2251 CTCTTCCTCC AGGTCATTTG TTTTGCATTT TTAATGTCTT TATTTTTTGT 2301 AATGAAAAAG CACACTAAGC TGCCCCTGGA ATCGGGTGCA GCTGAATAGG 2351 CACCCAAAAG TCCGTGACTA AATTCCGTTT GTCTTTTTGA TAGCAAATTA 2401 TGTTAAGAGA CAGTGATGGC TAGGGCTCAA CAATTTTGTA TTCCCATGTT 2451 TGTGAAGAC AGAGTTTGTT TTCCCTTGAA CTTGGTTAGA ATTGTGCTAC
2501 TGTGAACGCT GATCCTGCAT ATGGAAGTCC CACTTTGGTG ACATTTCCTG 2551 GCCATTCTTG TTTCCATTGT GTGGATGGTG GGTTGTGCCC ACTTCCTGGA 2601 GTGAGACAGC TCCTGGTGTG TAGAATTCCC GGAGCGTCCG TGGTTCAGAG 2651 TAAACTTGAA GCAGATCTGT GCATGCTTTT CCTCTGCAGC AATTGGCTCG 2701 TTTCTCTTTT TTGTTCTCTT TTGATAGGAT CCTGTTTCCT ATGTGTGCAA

166

2751 AATAAAATA AATTTGGGCA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS671255 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-11828. Length = 400 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1822 (273.4 bits), Expect = 4.8e-76, P = 4.8e-76 Identities = 382/397 (96%), Positives = 382/397 (96%),

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 10 bp to 525 bp; peptide length: 172 Category: putative protein Classification: unset

- 1 MRRQPAKVAA LLLGLLLECT EAKKHCWYFE GLYPTYYICR SYEDCCGSRC
- 51 CVRALSIQRL WYFWFLLMMG VLFCCGAGFF IRRRMYPPPL IEEPAFNVSY 101 TRQPPNPGPG AQQPGPPYYT DPGGPGMNPV GNSTAMAFQV PPNSPQGSVA 151 CPPPPAYCNT PPPPYEQVVK AK

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 22k8, frame 1

PIR:S14970 extensin class I (clone w17-1) - tomato, N = 1, Score = 118, P = 2.3e-07

>PIR:S14970 extensin class I (clone w17-1) - tomato Length = 132

HSPs:

Score = 118 (17.7 bits), Expect = 2.3e-07, P = 2.3e-07 Identities = 30/82 (36%), Positives = 35/82 (42%)

87 PPPLIEEPAFNVSYTRQPPNPGPGAQQPGPPYYTDPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPNSPQ 146 Query: PPP P Y + PP P P P P P Y P P + P SP
32 PPPSPSPPP--PYYYKSPPPPSPSP--PPPYYYKSPPPPDPSPPPYYYKSPPPPSPSPS 87

Sbjct:

147 GSVACPPPPAYCNTPPPP--YEQV 168
PPPP Y + PPPP YE +
88 PPSPSPPPPTYSSPPPPPPFYENI 111 Query: Sbjct:

Score = 104 (15.6 bits), Expect = 6.9e-06, P = 6.9e-06 Identities = 28/78 (35%), Positives = 34/78 (43%)

87 PPPLIEEPAFNVSYTRQPPNPGPGAQQPGPPYYTDPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPNSPQ 146 Ouerv: PP P+ Y+PPPPPPYYYKSPPPPSPSP---PPPYYYKSPPPPSSS---PPPYYYKSPP-PPS 51 Sbjct:

147 GSVACPPPPAYCNTPPPP 164 Query: S PPPP Y +PPPP 52 PS---PPPPYYYKSPPPP 66 Sbjct:

Score = 102 (15.3 bits), Expect = 1.1e-05, P = 1.1e-05 Identities = 30/78 (38%), Positives = 33/78 (42%)

87 PPPLIEEPAFNVSYTRQPPNPGPGAQQPGPPYYTDPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPNSPQ 146 Query: PPP P Y + PP P P P PYY P P +P S + PP P

48 PPPSPSPPP--PYYYKSPPPDPSP--PPPYYYKSPPPPSPSPPPSPS----PP-PPT 97 Sbict:

```
Query:
            147 GSVACPPPPAYCNTPPPP 164
              S PPPP Y N P PP
98 YSSPPPPPPFYENIPLPP 115
Sbjct:
 Score = 95 (14.3 bits), Expect = 2.4e-04, P = 2.4e-04 Identities = 24/61 (39%), Positives = 29/61 (47%)
            104 PPNPGPGAQQPGPPYYTDPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPNSPQGSVACPPPPAYCNTPPP 163
                PP+P P P PYY P P +P ++ PP P S PPPP Y +PPP 1 PPSPSP---PPPYYYKSPPPPSPS---PPPYYYKSPPP 49
Sbjct:
Query:
            164 P 164
              50 P 50
Sbjct:
 Score = 68 (10.2 bits), Expect = 4.2e+00, P = 9.8e-01 Identities = 24/69 (34%), Positives = 29/69 (42%)
              87 PPPLIEEPAFNVSYTRQPP---NPGPGAQQPGPPYYTDPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPN 143
PPP P Y PP +P PP Y PP ++ PP
63 PPPPDPSPPPPYYKSPPPPSPSPPPPPSPSPPPPTYSSPPPPP--PFYENIPL----PPV 116
Sbjct:
            144 SPQGSVACPPPP 155
Ouerv:
                       S A PPPP
          117 IGV-SYASPPPP 127
Sbjct:
                             Peptide information for frame 3
```

ORF from 0 bp to 368 bp; peptide length: 123 Category: questionable ORF Classification: unset

- 1 GSHEAPACEG GGAAARAALG VHRSQKALLV FRRTLSNLLY MPLLRGLLWL 51 QVLCAGPLHT EAVVLLVPSD DGRAFLLRSR LLHPEAHVPP AADRGASLQC
- 101 VLHQAAPKSR PRSPAAGAAL LH

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_22k8, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 22k8, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.1

[LENGTH [MW] [pI] [KW] [KW] [KW]	172 19194.47 8.77 SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 23 TRANSMEMBRANE 1 LOW_COMPLEXITY 27.33 %
SEQ	MRRQPAKVAALLLGLLLECTEAKKHCWYFEGLYPTYYICRSYEDCCGSRCCVRALSIQRL
SEG	xxxxxx
PRD	ccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
MEM	***************************************
SEQ SEG PRD	WYFWFLLMMGVLFCCGAGFFIRRRMYPPPLIEEPAFNVSYTRQPPNPGPGAQQPGPPYYT
MEM	MMMMMMMMMMMM
SEQ	DPGGPGMNPVGNSTAMAFQVPPNSPQGSVACPPPPAYCNTPPPPYEQVVKAK
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
MEM	

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.1)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.1)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.3)

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_22k8, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.3

122 12854.08 [LENGTH] [WW] 10.27 All_Alpha LOW_COMPLEXITY (pI) (KW) [KW] 25.41 % SEQ GSHEAPACEGGGAAARAALGVHRSQKALLVFRRTLSNLLYMPLLRGLLWLQVLCAGPLHT SEG PRD SEQ ${\tt EAVVLLVPSDDGRAFLLRSRLLHPEAHVPPAADRGASLQCVLHQAAPKSRPRSPAAGAAL}$ SEGxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx. PRD SEQ LH SEG PRD CC (No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_22k8.3)

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DKFZphfbr2_23b10

group: nucleic acid managment

DKFZphfbr2 2b10 encodes a novel 580 amino acid protein with strong similarity to rat RNA helicase HEL117.

HEL117 is a DEAD/H box helicase, which co-localises with a splicing factor and thus seems to be involved in splicing.

The new protein can find application in modulation of splicing.

strong similarity to rat RNA helicase HEL117

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2905 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2885, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGGGCTCCG CTCCGCACCA CCAACCCCGG GCCGCAGTCC TGACGAGCGG 51 GTCAGGGCTT GTCGGGCGGA AGCCTGGCCT GGAGCCTGGA AGGGGGAGAC 101 GGCCCGAGCG GGAGCGGGAG CGGACGCGGC CTCAGTCCTG CGCGGAATAT 151 TGAAGGATGT TTGTTCCAAG ATCTCTAAAA ATCAAGAGGA ATGCTAATGA 201 TGATGGCAAA AGTTGTGTGG CTAAGATAAT TAAACCAGAC CCAGAAGACC 251 TTCAGTTGGA CAAAAGCAGA GATGTTCCCG TTGATGCTGT AGCTACAGAA 301 GCAGCCACAA TAGACAGGCA CATCAGCGAA TCATGCCCTT TCCCCAGCCC 351 AGGTGGCCAG TTGGCAGAGG TTCATTCAGT AAGTCCCGAG CAGGGTGCGA 401 AGGACAGCCA TCCTTCTGAA GAGCCCGTTA AGTCATTTTC CAAAACACAG 451 CGCTGGGCAG AACCAGGGGA ACCCATCTGT GTTGTCTGTG GTCGTTATGG
501 AGAGTATATC TGTGATAAGA CAGATGAAGA TGTGTGTAGT TTGGAGTGTA 551 AAGCGAAACA TCTTCTACAA GTTAAGGAAA AGGAAGAGAA ATCAAAACTC 601 AGCAATCCAC AGAAGGCTGA TTCTGAGCCA GAGTCTCCAC TGAATGCTTC 651 CTATGTCTAC AAAGAGCACC CCTTTATTTT GAACCTTCAG GAAGACCAGA 701 TTGAAAATCT TAAACAGCAG CTGGGAATTT TAGTTCAAGG GCAAGAAGTC 751 ACCAGGCCCA TTATTGACTT TGAACATTGT AGTCTCCCTG AGGTCTTAAA 801 TCACAACTTG AAGAAATCAG GCTATGAGGT GCCAACTCCC ATTCAAATGC 851 AGATGATTCC TGTGGGACTT CTGGGAAGAG ACATTCTGGC CAGTGCAGAT 901 ACTGGCTCAG GAAAAACAGC TGCTTTTCTT CTTCCTGTTA TCATGCGAGC 951 TTTATTCGAG AGCAAAACTC CATCTGCGCT CATTCTTACA CCAACCAGAG 1001 AGTTAGCCAT TCAGATAGAG AGACAAGCTA AAGAATTGAT GAGTGGCCTG 1051 CCACGCATGA AAACTGTGCT TCTTGTAGGG GGCTTACCCT TACCCCCACA 1101 GCTTTATCGT CTGCAACAAC ATGTTAAGGT TATCATAGCA ACCCCTGGGC 1151 GACTTCTGGA TATAATAAAG CAGAGCTCTG TAGAACTCTG TGGTGTAAAG 1201 ATTGTGGTAG TAGATGAAGC TGATACCATG TTAAAGATGG GTTTTCAACA 1251 ACAAGTGCTT GACATTTTGG AAAACATTCC TAATGATTGT CAGACCATTT 1301 TGGTTTCAGC CACAATTCCA ACTAGCATAG AACAGCTAGC AAGCCAGCTT 1351 CTGCATAATC CTGTGAGAAT TATCACTGGA GAAAAGAACC TACCTTGTGC 1401 CAATGTACGT CAGATTATTT TGTGGGTAGA AGACCCAGCC AAAAAGAAAA 1451 AATTATTTGA AATTTTAAAT GATAAGAAAC TCTTTAAGCC TCCAGTGTTA 1501 GTATTTGTGG ACTGCAAACT AGGAGCAGAT CTTTTGAGTG AAGCCGTTCA 1551 GAAAATCACA GGGCTGAAAA GCATATCTAT ACATTCGGAG AAGTCGCAAA 1601 TAGAAAGGAA AAACATATTG AAGGGATTAC TTGAAGGAGA CTATGAAGTT 1651 GTAGTGAGCA CAGGAGTCTT GGGACGAGGC CTAGACTTGA TCAGTGTCAG 1701 GCTGGTTGTC AATTTTGATA TGCCTTCAAG TATGGATGAG TATGTCCATC 1751 AGGAAAATAC CTACAAGTCT ACTTGGAGGA ATCCCCAGCA TTTTCAACAG 1801 GATGTCAGAA TGACCTTGGG CTATGTTGGC AAAGCACAAT GGGAAGAAGA 1851 CAACCAATTG AAGGTCAAAC TAGGCCTTAA AAAAAATTGT TCTTCCTAAA 1901 TGAAACTTTA TGTAAGACCC AAGCTTCCTT TATGTAAAAA TAGGATACTC 1951 ACTAGGCTTT GGGGCTGACA ATGGTTTTTA AATCTTGCTA ATCTTCCCTG 2001 GAATGAAACC AGCATGACTC AAAGAGAAAA AGAGAGTCTA TAATATTTTC 2051 TAATCCCTGA GTTCTTTTCT TTATATATTA AAAAGGATTA TTAGGCTGGG 2101 TGTGGTGGCT CACGCCTGTA ATCCCAGCAC TTTGGGAGGC CGAGGGGAGT 2151 GGATCACCTG AGTTCGAGAC CAGCCTAACC AACATGGAGA AACCCTGTCT 2201 CTACTAAAAA TACAAAATTA GCCAGGCGTG GTGGCGCATG CCTGTAATCC 2251 CAGCTACTCA GGAGGCTACA GCAGGAGAAT TGCTTGAACT CGGGAGGCAG 2301 AGCCAAGATC GCACCACTGC ACTCCAGCCT GGGCAACAAG AGTGAAACTC 2351 TGTCTCAAAA TAATATTAAT GATAATAATA ATAATAATAA TAGGGATTAC 2401 TTGCATAATT GTTCTTTTAA AATTATTGGC AGTATTGCTG AATGTATTTA 2451 GATTTTTCA CCAAGTGACA ACAACTGAAT TCATAAAGAT TCATCAACAA 2501 GACCTGATAA AAAAAAATGT AAGCATATTA TAGTGGATAC TTCCAAGACT 2551 CTTGGTCTAA CATGTATTAG AAAGCAGAAG GAGCCCAGGC ACAGGGGCTC 2601 CCGCCGGTAA TCCCAAAGCT TTGGGAAGCC AAGGCAGGTG GATCGCTTGA
2651 GCTCAGGAGT TAGAGACCAG CCTGGGCAAC ATGGTGAAAT CCCGTCACCA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

Medline:

A putative mammalian RNA helicase with an arginine-serine-rich domain

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 157 bp to 1896 bp; peptide length: 580 Category: strong similarity to known protein Prosite motifs: ATP_GTP_A (247-255) LEUCINE_ZIPPER (298-320)

```
1 MFVPRSLKIK RNANDDGKSC VAKIIKPDPE DLQLDKSRDV PVDAVATEAA
51 TIDRHISESC PFPSPGGQLA EVHSVSPEGG AKDSHPSEEP VKSFSKTQRW
101 AEPGEPICVV CGRYGEYICD KTDEDVCSLE CKAKHLLQVK EKEEKSKLSN
151 PQKADSEPES PLNASYVYKE HPFILNLQED QIENLKQQLG ILVQCQEVTR
201 PIIDFEHCSL PEVLNHNLKK SGYEVPTPIQ MQMIPVGLLG RDILASADTG
251 SGKTAAFLLP VIMRALFESK TPSALILTPT RELAIQIERQ AKELMSGLPR
301 MKTVLLVGGL PLPPQLYRLQ QHVKVIIATP GRLLDIIKQS SVELCGVKIV
351 VVDEADTMLK MGFQQQVLDI LENIPNDCQT ILVSATIPTS IEQLASQLLH
401 NPVRIITGEK NLPCANVRQI ILWVEDPAKK KKLFEILNDK KLFKPPVLVF
451 VDCKLGADLL SEAVQKITGL KSISIHSEKS QIERKNILKG LLEGDYEVVV
451 STGVLGRGLD LISVRLVVNF DMPSSMDEYV HQENTYKSTW RNPQHFQQDV
551 RMTLGYVGKA QWEEDNQLKV KLGLKKNCSS
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 23b10, frame 1

PIR:A57514 RNA helicase HEL117 - rat, N = 2, Score = 615, P = 1.6e-60

TREMBL:AB018344_1 gene: "KIAA0801"; product: "KIAA0801 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0801 protein, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 615, P = 2.8e-59

TREMBL:CEF01F1_1 gene: "F01F1.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F01F1., N = 2, Score = 365, P = 1.9e-58

TREMBL:AF083255 $_1$ product: "RNA helicase-related protein"; Homo sapiens RNA helicase-related protein mRNA, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 556, P = 1.5e-57

PIR:S14048 RNA helicase dbp2 - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe), N = 1, Score = 591, P = 1.6e-57

>PIR:A57514 RNA helicase HEL117 - rat Length = 1,032

HSPs:

Score = 615 (92.3 bits), Expect = 1.6e-60, Sum P(2) = 1.6e-60 Identities = 140/394 (35%), Positives = 236/394 (59%)

Query: 144 EKSKLSNPQKADSEPESPLNASYVYKEHPFILNLQEDQIENLKQQL-GILVQGQEVTRPI 202 ++ KL P P ++ Y E P + + ++++ + ++ GI V+G+ +PI Sbjct: 313 KQRKLLEPVDHGKIEYEPFRKNF-YVEVPELAKMSQEEVNVFRLEMEGITVKGKGCPKPI 371

Query: 203 IDFEHCSLPEVLNHNLKKSGYEVPTPIQMQMIPVGLLGRDILASADTGSGKTAAFLLPV- 261

```
+ C + + ++LKK GYE PTPIQ Q IP + GRD++ A TGSGKT AFLLP+
               372 KSWVOCGISMKILNSLKKHGYEKPTPIQTQAIPAIMSGRDLIGIAKTGSGKTIAFLLPMF 431
Sbict:
              262 --IM--RALFESKTPSALILTPTRELAIQIERQAKELMSGLPRMKTVLLVGGLPLPPQLY 317
IM R+L E + P A+I+TPTRELA+QI ++ K+ L ++ V + GG + Q+
432 RHIMDQRSLEEGEGPIAVIMTPTRELALQITKECKKFSKTLG-LRVVCVYGGTGISEQIA 490
Ouerv:
Sbict:
              318 RLQQHVKVIIATPGRLLDIIKQSS---VELCGVKIVVVDEADTMLKMGFQQQVLDILENI 374
L++ ++I+ TPGR++D++ +S L V VV+DEAD M MGF+ QV+ I++N+
491 ELKRGAEIIVCTPGRMIDMLAANSGRVTNLRRVTYVVLDEADRMFDMGFEPQVMRIVDNV 550
Querv:
Sbjct:
Query:
               375 PNDCQTILVSATIPTSIEQLASQLLHNPVRIITGEKNLPCANVRQIILWVEDPAKKKKLF 434
              D QT++ SAT P ++E LA ++L P+ + G +++ C++V Q ++ +E+ K KL
551 RPDRQTVMFSATFPRAMEALARRILSKPIEVQVGGRSVVCSDVEQQVIVIEEEKKFLKLL 610
Sbjct:
               435 EILNDKKLFKPPVLVFVDCKLGADLLSEAVQKITGLKSISIHSEKSQIERKNILKGLLEG 494
Query:
              E+L + V++FVD + AD L + + + + + + + + + Q +R +I+ G
611 ELLGHYQE-SGSVIIFVDKQEHADGLLKDLMRAS-YPCMSLHGGIDQYDRDSIINDFKNG 668
Sbict:
              495 DYEVVVSTGVLGRGLDLISVRLVVNFDMPSSMDEYVHQ 532
Query:
              +++V+T V RGLD+ + LVVN+ P+ ++YVH+
669 TCKLLVATSVAARGLDVKHLILVVNYSCPNHYEDYVHR 706
Sbict:
 Score = 37 (5.6 bits), Expect = 1.6e-60, Sum P(2) = 1.6e-60
 Identities = 13/36 (36%), Positives = 17/36 (47%)
              132 KAKHLLQVKEKEE---KSKLSNPQKADSEPESPLNA 164
KA++ + KEK E SK K D E E +A
113 KAENRSRSKEKAEGGDSSKEKKKDKDDKEDEKEKDA 148
Sbjct:
                    Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23b10, frame 1
                                  Report for DKFZphfbr2 23b10.1
[LENGTH]
                         580
[WW]
                         64572.24
[pI]
                         6.13
[HOMOL]
                        TREMBL:CEF01F1_1 gene: "F01F1.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F01F1. 8e-61
                        30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YNL112w] 2e-53
04.01.04 rrna processing [S. cerevisiae, YNL112w] 2e-53
04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) [S. cerevisiae, YPL119c] 5e-53
30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YOR204w] 2e-49
05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae,
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
YOR204w] 2e-49
[FUNCAT]
                        j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [H. influenzae, HI0231 RNA] 2e-46
                        06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] 3e-43
04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YDL160c] 4e-39
[FUNCAT]
(FUNCAT)
                         1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair
[FUNCAT]
influenzae, HI0892] 3e-35
                        04.05.01.07 chromatin modification [S. cerevisiae, YMR290c] 6e-34 98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YOR046c] 3e-32 09.01 biogenesis of cell wall [S. cerevisiae, YJL033w] 8e-30 30.16 mitochondrial organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR194c] 5e-23
                        04.05.01.07 chromatin modification
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                        99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YGL064c] 1e-16
r general function prediction [M. jannaschii, MJ1401] 5e-11
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 1e-06
03.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 1e-06
BL00115B Eukaryotic RNA polymerase II heptapeptide repeat proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
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(PIRKW)
                        DNA binding 5e-48
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                        ATP 4e-57
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                        purine nucleotide binding 2e-43
[PIRKW]
                         P-loop 4e-57
PIRKWI
                        hydrolase 6e-42
                        protein biosynthesis 2e-43
(PIRKW)
                        ATP binding 2e-50
WW repeat homology 1e-49
(PIRKW)
(SUPFAM)
                        translation initiation factor eIF-4A 2e-43
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[SUPFAM]
                        DEAD/H box helicase homology 4e-57 recQ helicase homology 8e-06
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[SUPFAM]

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unassigned DEAD/H box helicases 4e-57
ATP-dependent RNA helicase DBP1 2e-53
ATP-dependent RNA helicase DHH1 6e-40
tobacco ATP-dependent RNA helicase DB10 1e-49
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
            Bloom's syndrome helicase 8e-06
ATP GTP A 1
LEUCINE ZIPPER 1
MYRISTYL 6
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            CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                              8
            TYR PHOSPHO SITE PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
[PFAM]
            Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
[PFAM]
            DEAD and DEAH box helicases
[KW]
            Alpha_Beta
            LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                           3.10 %
SEQ
      MFVPRSLKIKRNANDDGKSCVAKIIKPDPEDLQLDKSRDVPVDAVATEAATIDRHISESC
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
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SEG
      PRD
SEQ
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SEG
PRD
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SEO
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SEG
      PRD
      rdilasadtgsgktaafllpvimralfesktpsali<u>l</u>tptrelaiqierqakelmsglpr
SEO
SEG
      PRD
SEQ
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SEG
      ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx..........
PRD
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SEG
PRD
      ILWVEDPAKKKKLFEILNDKKLFKPPVLVFVDCKLGADLLSEAVQKITGLKSISIHSEKS
SEQ
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
      QIERKNILKGLLEGDYEVVVSTGVLGRGLDLISVRLVVNFDMPSSMDEYVHQENTYKSTW
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
      RNPQHFQQDVRMTLGYVGKAQWEEDNQLKVKLGLKKNCSS
SEG
PRD
      ccccchhhhhhhccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccc
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_23b10.1

PS00001	163->167	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	6->9	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	97->100	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	251->254	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	477->480	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	513->516	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	535->538	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	539->542	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	122->126	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	156->160	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	209->213	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	221->225	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	340->344	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	389->393	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	480->484	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	524->528	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	489->497	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	66->72	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	80->86	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

PS00008	195~>201	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	250->256	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	490->496	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	573->579	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00017	247->255	ATP GTP A	PDOC00017
PS00029	298->320	LEUCINE ZIPPER	PDOC00029

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_23b10.1

HMM_NAME	DEAD and DEAH box helicases
нмм	*glpPWilRniyeMGFEkPTPiQQqAIPilLeGRDVMACAQTGSGKTAAF +LP+ + N+++ G+E PTPIO+O IP+ L GRD++A A TGSGKTAAF
Query	209 SLPEVLNHNLKKSGYEVPTPIQMQMIPVGLLGRDILASADTGSGKTAAF 257
нмм	<pre>1IPMLQHIDwdPWpqpPQdPrALILAPTRELAMQIQEECRkFgkHMngIR L+P++ + + + ++P ALIL+PTRELA+0I++++++ + ++ ++</pre>
Query	258 LLPVIMRALFESKTPSALILTPTRELAIQIERQAKELMSGLPRMK 302
нмм	<pre>ImclYGGtnMRdQMRmLeRGpPHIVIATPGRLIDHIERgtldLDrIeMLV ++++GG+++ +O+ +L++ + ++IATPGRL+D+I++ ++ L ++++V</pre>
Query	303 TVLLVGGLPLPPQLYRLQQHV-KVIIATPGRLLDIIKQSSVELCGVKIVV 351
нмм	MDEADRMLDMGFIDQIRrIMrqIPMpwNRQTMMFSATMPdeIqELARrFM DEAD ML MGF++O+ +I+ IP + OT++ SAT+P +I++LA ++
Query	352 VDEADTMLKMGFQQQVLDILENIPNDCQTILVSATIPTSIEQLASQLL 399
нмм	RNPIRInIdMdElTtnEnIkQwYiyVerEMWKfdcLcrLie* +NP+RI+ ++++L
Query	400 HNPVRIITGEKNLPCA-NVRQIILWVE-DPAKKKKLFEILN 438
HMM_NAME	Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
нмм	*EileeWLknl.GIrvmYIHGdMpQeERdeIMddFNnGEynVLIcTDVgg ++L+E ++ G++ ++IH+ ++O ER +I++ +G+Y V ++T V+G
Query	458 DLLSEAVQKITGLKSISIHSEKSQIERKNILKGLLEGDYEVVVSTGVLG 506
нмм	RGIDIPdvnHVINYDMPWnPEqYIQRIGRTgRIG*
Query	RG+D+++V++V+N+DMP +++ Y++ + T + 507 RGLDLISVRLVVNFDMPSSMDEYVH-QENTYKST 539

DKFZphfbr2_23b21

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2_23b21.1 encodes a novel 193 amino acid protein which is nearly identical to bovine neurocalcin.

Neurocalcin is a Ca(2+)-binding protein with three putative Ca(2+)-binding domains (EF-hands). In cattle, 6 isoforms are differentially expressed in the central nervous system, retina and adrenal gland. Homology with recoverin indicates involvement in Ca2+ dependent activation of quanylate cyclase.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the guanylate cyclase-pathway.

nearly identical to bovine neurocalcin

complete cds complete cDNA EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="574.6 cR from top of Chr8 linkage group"

Insert length: 3300 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3279, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3249

1 GGGGAGAATC TGGTGGATGC TGGACCTTGC TGCTGCTGCT ACTGCTGTTT 51 CCAGGGGCTG CAGAGCATGG ACTGTTAAAT CTTGCACTTC TTCTGAGTGA 101 GCTGAATTCT TGCCGCCAGG ATGGGGAAAC AGAACAGCAA GCTGCGCCCG 151 GAGGTCATGC AGGACTTGCT GGAAAGCACA GACTTTACAG AGCATGAGAT 201 CCAGGAATGG TATAAAGGCT TCTTGAGAGA CTGCCCCAGT GGACATTTGT 251 CAATGGAAGA GTTTAAGAAA ATATATGGGA ACTTTTTCCC TTATGGGGAT 301 GCTTCCAAAT TTGCAGAGCA TGTCTTCCGC ACCTTCGATG CAAATGGAGA 351 TGGGACAATA GACTTTAGAG AATTCATCAT CGCCTTGAGT GTAACTTCGA 401 GGGGGAAGCT GGAGCAGAAG CTGAAATGGG CCTTCAGCAT GTACGACCTG
451 GACGGAAATG GCTATATCAG CAAGGCAGAG ATGCTAGTGA TCGTGCAGGC 501 AATCTATAAG ATGGTTTCCT CTGTAATGAA AATGCCTGAA GATGAGTCAA 551 CCCCAGAGAA AAGAACAGAA AAGATCTTCC GCCAGATGGA CACCAATAGA 601 GACGGAAAAC TCTCCCTGGA AGAGTTCATC CGAGGAGCCA AAAGCGACCC 651 GTCCATTGTG CGCCTCCTGC AGTGCGACCC GAGCAGTGCC GGCCAGTTCT 701 GAGCCCTGCG CCCACCAATC GAATTGTAGA GCTGCTTGTG TTCCCTTTTG 751 ATTCTTCTTT TTAACAATTT TTTTTTTTTT TTGCCAAACA ATATCAATGG 801 TGATGCCGTC CCCTGTGCGG TCTGATGCGC CTTCCTCCGT GACGCCTTCA 851 GCCTCTTTTG TCGTGGATGC TTCGTGGGAA TGCCCAGAGC CCCAGTGTGC 901 TTGTGGAGAG CATGGACAGA CTTCGTGGTG TTCATTGTTT GATGATTTTT 951 AATCGTTACT ATTATTCTT TTTATTCTAA TGTCTCTGTT CTAAAACGTA 1001 AGACTCGGGG GTTGGGGCAA AAGAAGGGAA ACCCATCCAG TCCTGTGATT 1051 CTATTGCAAG CTTCAAGGGG CTTTTGTTTG AAAGACAAAA CTCCCCACCT 1101 GGGTCTGTTG TCACACGTGC CGTAGGGGTG ATGGATGGCA CCGGATGCTG 1151 GATTCCCCAA GAACAAGTTA CCCTCTGGGG TGAGGCTATT CCAGCGAGCT 1201 GGGACATTTC CCCATGGGGG CCCACTCCCC TCTCTTCCCC AGCAGGCTGT 1251 AGTTTCTAAG CTGTGAACAT TTCAAGATAA ATTAACAGAG GAGAGGAAAA 1301 AGATGGCTCA GCTATTTTT CACAGGTTTA CACTAGTTGA GCTAATATGC 1351 GTGTCTTTGG AAATTAAACA CAAATGGTAA CATATTCCAA AACCAGACCC 1401 ATCTTGTTGC CTATTGTGAT AAAATAAAAA GACGGCTGTA TATAACATAT 1451 TGGGTAATGC AGACCAAATT AAGTGTTTTG CCTTGTTTAA ATGAAATGCA 1501 TGTTTAGTGA GCACTAATAC AATCTTATTC CAGAAGACTG TTTTTAGTAG 1551 CTTATTGTGA AGTAAGACAA CTATAATGAA TGTCTGTCTT GTTTGGAAGT 1601 CATATCTGTC TTTGCACAAA TGTACCAATC GACAAGTATA TTTTATATAT 1651 TCCATAAAAA TACAAAGTAA CCCTGACTAG GGCCCAACTT TAATTTTGAA 1701 TGCATTTCCA GAGTGGCCAT GCCTAGAGGG CAGATGCAGA GCAGGTGGTA 1751 GTGGGACAGG ACAATTGGAG CACAGGAATG TTAACATGTA TGACAGGGGA 1801 CCAGTAGGGT GGTTTCCCTC TCAGGCCCAG CAGCCCATTG ACAGCATTAG 1851 ACTGGCGGCA TGGTGCTTTT CTGAGCAGAT CAATACTCTG CAGACTCGAA 1901 AAAACATCAC ATACATTCTT GGAACTTCCC AGTGGTTTAA TCTATGTGCA 1951 TGGTTAGGGA GCCAGGCCTG GAATATTCAG TTTCCCTGCC CCTGTTAAAG
2001 AATCAGAGGT TGGGCAGTCA TCAAATTCAT CATAAAGACA TGGGCAAGTG
2051 TGTCTGTGGT TTCCAAGGCC CCCCTATGGA GAATCCAAAA GTATTTTCCA 2101 TTGCCGTGCT CTTTGAATGC AGACTTCTAT TTCCAGAAGT GACAGCACAA 2151 GTCTGAGTTG CTGTTTGGTC TGGTGACCTC AGACACACTA ATTTGAATTG 2201 AAAGCTAAGA GTAAAAATTT GCTGGTTACA GGCGAGTCAT ACTCTTGCAA 2251 GTAGTTAGCA AAGGGAGGCC CAAATTCTCA AGGTTGTTGA TGGGGAACTT 2301 GCCACTAAGA GAAGGCAGAG AGGTCCCTAG TGGGTATATT TGCTGCCAAG 2351 CCACTTGCCA AAGAAGAGGA ACCACAGAAA GAGAGACATC ATGACCAGGA 2401 GAAAAATGTG ACTAGACATG CTAACCTCCA GGTTTTTATA TATGACTTGA 2451 GTCTGCTGTA ATTGGCAGCA GAAATCCAAA TTTGTATGGT AGACCAAAAA 2501 GAACCAAATC CATAGGGTGA AATTTTGAGA CCTAGACTCT GTAAAAATAA

2551 TCCTAGTCTT CCTCCAGGGG TCAGTTCCTC ACAGTGGTTC TGTACCAAAA 2601 CTTGCCAAAT TCCTCCATGG CCAAGTGTTA AAATCTGTGT TTGGAAAATA
2651 GCGAATTAAC CTAAGACACA GAAGGCAGAC TGGGTGAGGA GACCTAGCAT 2701 GCCCTATTGG CAGTGCTCAG GAGCTGCATC CCACTTTTCC CTGCTCTGAA 2751 TCGAAGTCCT AGTTCCTTCC TTTGATTCTC CTTTGGTAGG TGGAATCAGT 2801 TAATGTTTTG AGAAACCTGC CTGGGCTCTG CCCTTAGTCA TGACATCTCG 2851 CTGAGCCAGA CCCACTCTGT TCCTTGGAAC CTAGAGCTGG AGTGAGGAGT 2901 AGAGGTCTCC GGCTATTCCA GAAAGAAAAG TGAGCCACAT GCAGGCTGAT 2951 GAATGCCGAC ACTTCCAGAA TGTATAGAAA TAGTCCCTGT CCTGGCCTGC 3001 CACTGACCCT GTCTGTATTT TCTCGGAGGT TGTTTTTCTC CTTCTCCTTC 3051 CCAGGAAGGT CTTTGTATGT CGAATCCAGT GCACTCAAGT TTGGCCAAGG 3101 GACTCCACAG CACCCAGAGG ACTGCATGCC TCAAGGTTTA TGTCACTCCT 3151 CTGCTGGGCT GTTCATTGTC ATTGCTGTGT TCAGGGACCT TTGGAAATAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS431350 from database EMBL: human STS WI-15914.

Score = 1308, P = 3.1e-53, identities = 276/285

Entry HSG19929 from database EMBL: human STS A002C26.

Score = 926, P = 1.5e-35, identities = 186/187

Entry AF052142 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens clone 24665 mRNA sequence. Score = 7378, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 1482/14873' UTR

Medline entries

Neurocalcin family: a novel calcium-binding protein abundant in bovine central nervous system.

94045365:

Distinct regional localization of neurocalcin, a Ca(2+)-binding protein, in the bovine adrenal gland.

Crystallization and preliminary X-ray crystallographic studies of recombinant bovine neurocalcin delta.

96066284:

Distribution pattern of three neural calcium-binding proteins (NCS-1, VILIP and recoverin) in chicken, bovine and rat retina.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 121 bp to 699 bp; peptide length: 193 Category: strong similarity to known protein Prosite motifs: EF_HAND (73-86)

EF_HAND (109-122) EF_HAND (157-170)

- 1 MGKQNSKLRP EVMQDLLEST DFTEHEIQEW YKGFLRDCPS GHLSMEEFKK
- 51 IYONFFPYGD ASKFACHVFR TFDANGGGTI DFREFIIALS VTSRGKLEQK 101 LKWAFSMYDL DGNGYISKAE MLVIVQAIYK MVSSVMKMPE DESTPEKRTE
- 151 KIFROMDTNR DGKLSLEEFI RGAKSDPSIV RLLQCDPSSA GQF

BLASTP hits

Entry JH0616 from database PIR: neurocalcin (clone pCalN) - bovine

```
Score = 1001, P = 5.2e-101, identities = 192/193, positives = 192/193

Entry GGU91630_1 from database TREMBL:
product: "neurocalcin"; Gallus gallus neurocalcin mRNA, complete cds.
Score = 998, P = 1.1e-100, identities = 191/193, positives = 192/193

Entry NECD_BOVIN from database SWISSPROT:
NEUROCALCIN DELTA.
Score = 996, P = 1.8e-100, identities = 191/192, positives = 191/192

Entry S47565 from database PIR:
BDR-1 protein - human
Score = 934, P = 6.6e-94, identities = 174/193, positives = 187/193

Entry I50676 from database PIR:
gene Rem-1 protein - chicken >TREMBL:GGREM1_1 gene: "Rem-1"; G.gallus rem-1 mRNA
Score = 933, P = 8.4e-94, identities = 174/193, positives = 186/193
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_23b21, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23b21, frame 1

Report for DKF2phfbr2_23b21.1

```
[LENGTH]
                   193
                   22215.30
( MM )
[pI]
                   5.35
[HOMOL]
                   PIR: JH0616 neurocalcin (clone pCalN) - bovine 1e-109
                   98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YDR373w] 3e-54
30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YKL190w] 2e-18
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
         [S. cerevisiae, YKL190w] 2e-18
03.01 cell growth {
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                                                 [S. cerevisiae, YKL190w] 2e-18
                   13.04 homeostasis of other ions [S. cerevisiae, YKL190w] 2e-18
04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YKL190w] 2e-18
30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c] 0.001
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                   08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c] 0.001
03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c] 0.001
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                   03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c]
[FUNCAT]
0.001
                                                                     es [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c] 0.001 [S. cerevisiae, YBR109c] 0.001
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                   10.02.99 other morphogenetic activities 30.05 organization of centrosome [S.
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(SCOP)
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[EC]
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                   duplication 4e-17
                   tandem repeat 7e-06
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                   heart 6e-09
zinc 2e-08
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(PIRKW)
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alternative splicing 2e-13
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                myristylation le-100
(PIRKW)
                EF hand 1e-101
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                retina 2e-51
[SUPFAM]
                calcium-dependent protein kinase 2e-08
(SUPFAM)
                unassigned calmodulin-related proteins 8e-41
SUPFAMI
                spec-related protein LpS1 7e-06
                calmodulin repeat homology 1e-101
human diacylglycerol kinase 2e-08
(SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
                protein kinase C zinc-binding repeat homology 2e-08
(SUPFAM)
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                calmodulin le-101
[PROSITE]
                EF HAND 3
                CKZ PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                        3
(PFAM)
                EF hand
                All_Alpha
(KW)
                3D
SEO
        MGKQNSKLRPEVMQDLLESTDFTEHEIQEWYKGFLRDCPSGHLSMEEFKKIYGNFFPYGD
1rec-
        SEO
        ASKFAEHVFRTFDANGDGTIDFREFIIALSVTSRGKLEOKLKWAFSMYDLDGNGYISKAE
        ИНИНИНИНИН----СЕЕНИНИНИНИНИНИССССССИНИНИНИНИНТТТТСССЕЕНИИ
1rec-
SEQ
        MLVIVQAIYKMVSSVMKMPEDESTPEKRTEKIFROMDTNRDGKLSLEEFIRGAKSDPSIV
1rec-
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SEQ
        RLLQCDPSSAGQF
1rec-
        нинссси.....
                      Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_23b21.1
                        PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
              92->95
PS00005
                                                PDOC00005
PS00005
            149->152
                                                PDOC0005
            158->161
                                                PDOC00005
PS00005
                        CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
              23->27
                                                PDOC00006
PS00006
              44->48
                                                PDOC00006
PS00006
            106->110
                        CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                                PDOC00006
                        CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
            117->121
                                                PDOC00006
PS00006
            143->147
                                                PDOC00006
PS00006
            158->162
                        CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                PDOC00006
PS00006
            165->169
                        CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                PDOC00006
PS00018
                        EF_HAND
EF_HAND
              73->86
                                                PDOC00018
            109->122
PS00018
                                                PDOC00018
PS00018
            157->170
                        EF HAND
                                                PDOC00018
                       Pfam for DKFZphfbr2 23b21.1
HMM_NAME
               EF hand
нмм
                    *MFrmMDkDGDGyIDFEEFmeMMkem*
                     +FR +D +GDG+IDF EF+ +++
Query
                 68
                     VFRTFDANGDGTIDFREFIIALSVT
                                                     92
30.75
          100
                128
                         1
                              29 dkfzphfbr2_23b21.1 nearly identical to bovine neurocalcin
  Alignment to HMM consensus:
                    *EIqEMFrmMDkDGDGyIDFEEFmeMMkem*
Query
  ++++F+M+D DG+GYI++ E++++++++
dkfzphfbr2 100 KLKWAFSMYDLDGNGYISKAEMLVIVQAI
                 176
Ouerv
                         1
                              29 dkfzphfbr2_23b21.1 nearly identical to bovine neurocalcin
 Alignment to HMM consensus:
                    *EIqEMFrmMDkDGDGyIDFEEFmeMMkem*
                        +++FR MD+++DG+++ EEF++ K+
Ouerv
               148 RTEKIFROMDTNRDGKLSLEEFIRGAKSD
                                                        176
```

DKFZphfbr2_23f2

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_23f2 encodes a novel 182 amino acid protein with weak similarity to S. pombe Vps29p.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to Vps29p

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits S.cerevisiae and S.pombe Vps29p are involved in vacuolar protein sorting part of the cDNA is encoded by HSAC2350, splice pattern 4 exons

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="12q24"

Insert length: 1016 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 996, polyadenylation signal at pos. 974

BLAST Results

Entry HSAC2350 from database EMBLNEW: Homo sapiens 12q24 PAC P424M6 Length = 167,217

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 68 bp to 613 bp; peptide length: 182 Category: similarity to known protein Prosite motifs: RGD (60-63)

- 1 MLVLVLGDLH IPHRCNSLPA KFKKLLVPGK IQHILCTGNL CTKESYDYLK
- 51 TLAGDVHIVR GDFDENLNYP EQKVVTVGQF KIGLIHGHQV IPWGDMASLA
- 101 LLQRQFDVDI LISGHTHKSE AFEHENKFYI NPGSATGAYN ALETNIIPSF

151 VLMDIQASTV VTYVYQLIGD DVKVERIEYK KP

BLASTP hits

Entry CEZK1128_6 from database TREMBL:
"ZK1128.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK1128

Length = 523

Score = 400 (140.8 bits), Expect = 2.3e-37, P = 2.3e-37

Identities = 81/150 (54%), Positives = 106/150 (70%)

Entry S46793 from database PIR:
hypothetical protein YHR012c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)

Length = 282

Score = 180 (63.4 bits), Expect = 3.7e-37, Sum P(3) = 3.7e-37

Identities = 35/71 (49%), Positives = 44/71 (61%)

Entry AB011824_1 from database TREMBL:
"Vps29"; Schizosaccharomyces pombe mRNA for Vps29,
partial cds. Schizosaccharomyces pombe (fission yeast)

Length = 176

Score = 189 (66.5 bits), Expect = 2.7e-27, Sum P(2) = 2.7e-27

Identities = 33/72 (45%), Positives = 50/72 (69%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_23f2, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

PRD

cc

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23f2, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_23f2.2

[LENGTH] [MW] [PI] [HOMOL]	182 20445.84 6.29 TREMBL:CEZK1128_6 gene: "ZK1128.8"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK1128 2e-51
[FUNCAT] 1e-27 [FUNCAT] 1e-27 [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] [BLOCKS] [BLOCKS] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [KW]	06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YHR012w] 08.13 vacuolar transport [S. cerevisiae, YHR012w] 1e-27 08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.) [S. cerevisiae, YHR012w] 30.08 organization of golgi [S. cerevisiae, YHR012w] 1e-27 09.25 vacuolar and lysosomal biogenesis [S. cerevisiae, YHR012w] 1e-27 r general function prediction [M. jannaschii, MJ0623] 1e-16 BL01269D BL01269A RGD 1 MYRISTYL 4 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1 Alpha_Beta
PRD ccceeec	DLHIPHRCNSLPAKFKKLLVPGKIQHILCTGNLCTKESYDYLKTLAGDVHIVR CCCCCCCCCChhhhhhhhhhceeeeeeccccchhhhhhhh
SEQ AFEHENK	FYINPGSATGAYNALETNIIPSFVLMDIQASTVVTYVYQLIGDDVKVERIEYK CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCeeeeeccCcceeeeeeccccceeeeecc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_23f2.2

PS00005	116->119	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00008	38->44	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	83->89	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	133->139	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	137->143	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00016	60->63	RGD	PDOC00016

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_23f2.2)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfbr2 23124

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfbr2_23124.2 encodes a novel 348 amino acid protein with similarity to human glycoprotein gp36b and canine VIP36 glycoprotein.

The vesicular protein VIP36 (36 kDa vesicular integral membrane protein) shows homology to leguminous plant lectins. The protein is localized to the Golgi apparatus, endosomal and vesicular structures and the plasma membrane. VIP36 binds to sugar residues of glycosphingolipids and/or glycosylphosphatidyl-inositol anchors and might provide a link between the extracellular/luminal face of glycolipid rafts and the cytoplasmic protein segregation machinery. Gp36 is located within the endoplasmatic reticulum. For the novel protein, a lectin character is predicted. Due to the intracellular localisation of the homolog proteins, it should be involved in intracellular transport and trafficking.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking intracellular transport and trafficking.

strong similarity to human GP36b glycoprotein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at Bp 29 matches kozak consensua ANNatgG similarity to lectins,

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="2"

Insert length: 2416 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 2394, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGGGATGAA GGGTCGTTGG TGGGAAAGAT GGCGGCGACT CTGGGACCCC 51 TTGGGTCGTG GCAGCAGTGG CGGCGATGTT TGTCGGCTCG GGATGGGTCC 101 AGGATGTTAC TCCTTCTTCT TTTGTTGGGG TCTGGGCAGG GGCCACAGCA 151 AGTCGGGGCG GGTCAAACGT TCGAGTACTT GAAACGGGAG CACTCGCTGT 201 CGAAGCCCTA CCAGGGTGTG GGCACAGGCA GTTCCTCACT GTGGAATCTG 251 ATGGGCAATG CCATGGTGAT GACCCAGTAT ATCCGCCTTA CCCCAGATAT
301 GCAAAGTAAA CAGGGTGCCT TGTGGAACCG GGTGCCATGT TTCCTGAGAG
351 ACTGGGAGTT GCAGGTGCAC TTCAAAATCC ATGGACAAGG AAAGAAGAAT
401 CTGCATGGGG ATGGCTTGGC AATCTGGTAC ACAAAGGATC GGATGCAGCC 451 AGGGCCTGTG TTTGGAAACA TGGACAAATT TGTGGGGCTG GGAGTATTTG
501 TAGACACCTA CCCCAATGAG GAGAAGCAGC AAGAGCGGGT ATTCCCCTAC 551 ATCTCAGCCA TGGTGAACAA CGGCTCCCTC AGCTATGATC ATGAGCGGGA 601 TGGGCGGCCT ACAGAGCTGG GAGGCTGCAC AGCCATTGTC CGCAATCTTC 651 ATTACGACAC CTTCCTGGTG ATTCGCTACG TCAAGAGGCA TTTGACGATA 701 ATGATGGATA TTGATGGCAA GCATGAGTGG AGGGACTGCA TTGAAGTGCC 751 CGGAGTCCGC CTGCCCCGCG GCTACTACTT CGGCACCTCC TCCATCACTG 801 GGGATCTCTC AGATAATCAT GATGTCATTT CCTTGAAGTT GTTTGAACTG 851 ACAGTGGAGA GAACCCCAGA AGAGGAAAAG CTCCATCGAG ATGTGTTCTT 901 GCCCTCAGTG GACAATATGA AGCTGCCTGA GATGACAGCT CCACTGCCGC 951 CCCTGAGTGG CCTGGCCCTC TTCCTCATCG TCTTTTTCTC CCTGGTGTTT 1001 TCTGTATTG CCATAGTCAT TGGTATCATA CTCTACAACA AATGGCAGGA
1051 ACAGAGCCGA AAGCGCTTCT ACTGAGCCCT CCTGCTGCCA CCACTTTTGT 1101 GACTGTCACC CATGAGGTAT GGAAGGAGCG GGCACTGGCC TGAGCATGCA 1151 GCCTGGAGAG TGTTCTTGTC TCTAGCAGCT GGTTGGGGAC TATATTCTGT 1201 CACTGGAGTT TTGAATGCAG GGACCCCGCA TTCCCATGGT TGTGCATGGG 1251 GACATCTAAC TCTGGTCTGG GAAGCCACCC ACCCCAGGGC AATGCTGCTG 1301 TGATGTGCCT TTCCCTGCAG TCCTTCCATG TGGGAGCAGA GGTGTGAAGA 1351 GAATTTACGT GGTTGTGATG CCAAAATCAC GGAACAGAAT TTCATAGCCC 1401 AGGCTGCCGT GTTGTTTGAC TCAGAAGGCC CTTCTACTTC AGTTTTGAAT 1451 CCACAAAGAA TTAAAAACTG GTAACACCAC AGGCTTTCTG ACCATCCATT 1501 CGTTGGGTTT TGCATTTGAC CCAACCCTCT GCCTACCTGA GGAGCTTTCT 1551 TTGGAAACCA GGATGGAAAC TTCTTCCCTG CCTTACCTTC CTTTCACTCC 1601 ATTCATTGTC CTCTCTGTGT GCAACCTGAG CTGGGAAAGG CATTTGGATG 1651 CCTCTCTGTT GGGGCCTGGG GCTGCAGAAC ACACCTGCGT TTCGCTGGCC 1701 TTCATTAGGT GGCCCTAGGG AGATGGCTTT CTGCTTTGGA TCACTGTTCC 1751 CTAGCATGG TCTTGGGTCT ATTGGCATGT CCATGGCCTT CCCAATCAAG
1801 TCTCTTCAGG CCCTCAGTGA AGTTTGGCTA AAGGTTGGTG TAAAAATCAA 1851 GAGAAGCCTG GAAGACACCA TGGATGCCAT GGATTAGCTG TGCAACTGAC 1901 CAGCTCCAGG TTTGATCAAA CCAAAAGCAA CATTTGTCAT GTGGTCTGAC 1951 CATGTGGAGA TGTTTCTGGA CTTGCTAGAG CCTGCTTAGC TGCATGTTTT 2001 GTAGTTACGA TTTTTGGAAT CCCTCTTTGA GTGCTGAAAG TGTAAGGAAG 2051 CTTTCTTCTT ACACCTTGGG CTTGGATATT GCCCAGAGAA GAAATTTGGC 2101 TTTTTTTCT TAATGGACAA GGGACAGTTG CTGTTCTCAT GTTCCAAGTC 2151 TGAGAGCAAC AGACCCTCAT CATCTGTGCC TGGAAGAGTT CACTGTCATT 2201 GAGCAGCACA GCCTGAGTGC TGGCCTCTGT CAACCCTTAT TCCACTGCCT

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

2251 TATTTGACAA GGGGTTACAT GCTGCTCACC TTACTGCCCT GGGATTAAAT 2301 CAGTTACAGG CCAGAGTCTC CTTGGAGGGC CTGGAACTCT GAGTCCTCCT

2351 ATGAACCTCT GTAGCCTAAA TGAAATTCTT AAAATCACCG ATGGAACCAA

2401 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

Entry HS622145 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-6746.

Score = 1079, P = 5.1e-43, identities = 219/223

Entry G42541 from database EMBLNEW: SHGC-58649 Human Homo sapiens STS genomic, sequence tagged site. Score = 1091, P = 1.7e-43, identities = 219/220

Medline entries

A putative novel class of animal lectins in the secretory pathway homologous to leguminous lectins.

VIP36, a novel component of glycolipid rafts and exocytic carrier vesicles in epithelial cells.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 29 bp to 1072 bp; peptide length: 348 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MAATLGPLGS WQQWRRCLSA RDGSRMLLLL LLLGSGQGPQ QVGAGQTFEY

- 1 MAATLGPLGS WQWRRCLSA RDGSRMILL LLLGSGQGPQ QVGAGQTFEY
 51 LKREHSLSKP YQGVGTGSSS LWNLMGNAMV MTQYIRLTPD MQSKQGALWN
 101 RVPCFLRDWE LQVHFKIHGQ GKKNLHGDGL AIWYTKDRMQ PGPVFGNMDK
 151 FVGLGVFVDT YPNEEKQQER VFPYISAMVN NGSLSYDHER DGRPTELGGC
 201 TAIVRNLHYD TFLVIRYVKR HLTIMMDIDG KHEWRDCIEV PGVRLPRGYY
 251 FGTSSITGDL SDNHDVISLK LFELTVERTP EEEKLHRDVF LPSVDNMKLP
 301 EMTAPLPPLS GLALFLIVFF SLVFSVFAIV IGIILYNKWQ EQSRKRFY

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 23124, frame 2

PIR:G01447 GP36b glycoprotein - human, N = 1, Score = 1001, P = 5.9e-101

SWISSPROT: VP36_CANFA VESICULAR INTEGRAL-MEMBRANE PROTEIN VIP36 PRECURSOR (VIP36)., N = 1, Score = 990, P = 8.6e-100

TREMBL:CET04G9_2 gene: "T04G9.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T04G9., N = 1, Score = 614, P = 6e-60

PIR:S42626 ER-golgi intermediate compartment protein - human, N = 2, Score = 397, P = 1e-42

>PIR:G01447 GP36b glycoprotein - human Length = 356

HSPs:

Score = 1001 (150.2 bits), Expect = 5.9e-101, P = 5.9e-101 Identities = 197/356 (55%), Positives = 256/356 (71%)

1 MAATLGPLGSWQQWRRCLSARDG-----SRMLLLLLLLGSGQGPQQVGAGQTFEYLK 52 Query: MAA G + W RRCL R G + L LLLLLGS + G + E+LK

1 MAAE-GWIWRWGWGRRCLG-RPGLLGPGPGPTTPLFLLLLLGSVTA--DITDGNS-EHLK 55 Sbjct:

```
53 REHSLSKPYQGVGTGSSSLWNLMGNAMVMTQYIRLTPDMQSKQGALWNRVPCFLRDWELQ 112
REHSL KPYQGVG+ S LW+ G+ M+ +QY+RLTPD +SK+G++WN PCFL+DWE+
56 REHSLIKPYQGVGSSSMPLWDFQGSTMLTSQYVRLTPDERSKEGSIWNHQPCFLKDWEMH 115
Query:
Sbjct:
                        VHFKIHGQGKKNLHGDGLAIWYTKDRMQPGPVFGNMDKFVGLGVFVDTYPNEEKQQERVF 172
Query:
                         VHFK+HG GKKNLHGDG+A+WYT+DR+ PGPVFG+ D F GL +F+DTYPN+E ERVF
                 116 VHFKVHGTGKKNLHGDGIALWYTRDRLVPGPVFGSKDNFHGLAIFLDTYPNDETT-ERVF 174
Sbjct:
                 173 PYISAMVNNGSLSYDHERDGRPTELGGCTAIVRNLHYDTFLVIRYVKRHLTIMMDIDGKH 232
Query:
                 PYIS MVNNGSLSYDH +DGR TEL GCTA RN +DTFL +RY + LT+M D++ K+
175 PYISVMVNNGSLSYDHSKDGRWTELAGCTADFRNRDHDTFLAVRYSRGRLTVMTDLEDKN 234
Sbjct:
Query:
                233 EWRDCIEVPGVRLPRGYYFGTSSITGDLSDNHDVISLKLFELTVERTPEEEKLHRDVFLP 292
                         EW++CI++ GVRLP GYYFG S+ TGDLSDNHD+IS+KLF+L VE TP+EE +
                235 EWKNCIDITGVRLPTGYYFGASAGTGDLSDNHDIISMKLFQLMVEHTPDEESIDWTKIEP 294
Sbjct:
                 293 SVDNMKLPEMTAPLP-----PLSGLALFLIVFFSLVFSVFAIVIGIILYNKWQEQSRK 345
Query:
                SV+ +K P+ P PL+G +FL++ +L+ V V+G +++ K QE++ K
295 SVNFLKSPKDNVDDPTGNFRSGPLTGWRVFLLLCALLGIVVCAVVGAVVFQKRQERN-K 353
Sbict:
                 346 RFY 348
Ouerv:
                        RFY
                 354 RFY 356
Sbjct:
                      Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23124, frame 2
                                       Report for DKFZphfbr2_23124.2
[LENGTH]
                            348
                            39711.10
[ WW ]
[pI]
                            8.55
                            PIR:G01447 GP36b glycoprotein - human 1e-101
[HOMOL]
                            lectin 2e-37
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                            transmembrane protein 2e-37
[PIRKW]
                            endoplasmic reticulum 2e-37
[PIRKW]
                            Golgi apparatus 2e-37
[PROSITE]
                            AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
                            MYRISTYL
                            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                                                       2
[PROSITE]
                            GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
                                                                       1
                            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                                                       3
[PROSITE]
                            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                           Alpha_Beta
SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 39
[KW]
[KW]
                            LOW COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                                                                7.76 %
             MAATLGPLGSWQQWRRCLSARDGSRMLLLLLLLGSGQGPQQVGAGQTFEYLKREHSLSKP
SEO
SEG
                           ....xxxxxx......
PRD
             SEO
             YQGVGTGSSSLWNLMGNAMVMTQYIRLTPDMQSKQGALWNRVPCFLRDWELQVHFKIHGQ
SEG
PRD
             cccccccceeecccchhhhhcccccccchhhhhhhheeeecc
SEO
             GKKNLHGDGLAIWYTKDRMQPGPVFGNMDKFVGLGVFVDTYPNEEKQQERVFPYISAMVN
SEG
PRD
             SEQ
             NGSLSYDHERDGRPTELGGCTAIVRNLHYDTFLVIRYVKRHLTIMMDIDGKHEWRDCIEV
SEG
PRD
             SEQ
              PGVRLPRGYYFGTSSITGDLSDNHDVISLKLFELTVERTPEEEKLHRDVFLPSVDNMKLP
SEG
             PRD
SEQ
              EMTAPLPPLSGLALFLIVFFSLVFSVFAIVIGIILYNKWQEQSRKRFY
SEG
              PRD
             сссссссьный принципальный прин
                                       Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 23124.2
PS00001
                     181->185
                                          ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
```

183

PS00002

PS00005

35->39

19->22

GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN

PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE

PDOC00001

PDOC00002

PDOC00005

PS00005	268->271	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	343->346	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	19->23	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	279->283	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	43->49	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	63->69	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	65->71	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	96->102	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	198->204	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	120->124	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_23124.2)

DKFZphfbr2_23n16

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2 23n16.1 encodes a novel 292 amino acid protein with weak similarity to putative phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase of Arabidopsis thaliana.

The novel proteins contains a WW domain which has been originally described as a short conserved region in a number of unrelated proteins, among them dystrophin, the gene responsible for Duchenne muscular dystrophy. The domain, which spans about 35 residues, is repeated up to 4 times in some proteins. It has been shown to bind proteins with particular proline-motifs, [AP]-P-P-[AP]-Y, and thus resembles somewhat SH3 domains. This domain is frequently associated with other domains typical for proteins in signal transduction processes. Examples of proteins containing the WW domain are Dystrophin, Utrophin, vertebrate YAP protein (binds the SH3 domain of the Yes oncoprotein), murine NEDD-4 (embryonic development and differentiation of the central nervous system), IQGAP (human GTPase activating protein acting on ras). Therefore the new protein should be involved in intracellular signal transduction.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking intracellular signal transduction pathways.

similarity to putative phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2936 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2916, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2873

1 GGGGGCGCTC CCGAGAAAGA GTGAGGGCGC GACGCGCACC AACGGTGGAG 51 GGATGTTTCA GCAGCCCCTG AGAAGGAAGA GGAGGAAGCT GAGGGCCCGC 101 TGAGGGCGCA GGACCTGAGG GAGTCCTACA TCCAGCTCGT CCAGGGTGTG 151 CAGGAGTGGC AGGATGGTTG CATGTACCAG GGGGAGTTTG GGTTGAACAT 201 GAAGCTTGGA TATGGCAAAT TCTCTTGGCC CACAGGCGAG TCATACCATG 251 GGCAGTTTTA CCGGGACCAC TGCCATGGCC TGGGTACCTA CATGTGGCCA 301 GATGGCTCCA GTTTCACGGG CACATTTTAC CTCAGCCACC GAGAAGGCTA 351 CGGCACCATG TACATGAAGA CACGGCTTTT CCAGACTCAC TGCCACAACG 401 ACATTGTCAA CCTTCTCCTG GACTGTGGGG CCGACGTGAA CAAGTGCTCA 451 GATGAGGGTC TCACGGCACT CAGCATGTGT TTCCTCCTCC ACTACCCCGC 501 CCAGTCCTTC AAGCCCAATG TTGCTGAACG GACCATACCT GAGCCCCAGG
551 AACCTCCAAA ATTCCCAGTT GTTCCAATCC TTTCATCATC ATTTATGGAC 601 ACAAACCTGG AGTCTCTGTA CTATGAGGTG AACGTGCCTT CCCAGGGTAG 651 CTATGAGCTG AGGCCACCGC CAGCACCACT GCTCCTGCCA CGCGTCTCAG 701 GCAGCCACGA GGGCGGCCAC TTCCAGGACA CCGGGCAGTG TGGGGGGTCC 751 ATAGACCACA GGAGCAGCTC TCTGAAGGGG GACTCCCCGT TGGTGAAGGG 801 CAGCCTTGGC CATGTGGAAA GCGGGCTTGA GGACGTGTTG GGAGACACAG 851 ACCGGGGCAG TCTGTGCAGT GCTGAGACGA AATTTGAGTC CAACTTGTGT 901 GTGTGCGACT TCTCCATCGA GCTCTCGCAG GCCATGCTGG AGAGAAGCGC 951 CCAGTCCCAC AGCTTGCTGA AGATGGCCTC GCCCTCACCG TGCACCAGCA 1001 GCTTCGACAA AGGGACCATG CGGAGGATGG CGCTGTCCAT GATCGAGTAG 1051 GTCCTGGCAC CAGCTGGTGG GGGTGGAGGG CCACCATCAG GGCTGAATCC 1101 TATGCTCAGC AGACCCACGT CTCTTCCCTG TGCCAGTGGG AGGCGTTGTG 1151 TCTGGACATG TGTGTCTCAA TGTGTGAGCA TCCCTGTGTC GGTGGCTCCA
1201 TGCCATGGCC AGCCCTGTGG GGGTGCCACG GTGACGGGCT GTTTTCAGTG 1251 CCACCCCAGC CCTGTGGGGG TGCCACGGTG ACGGGCTGTT TTCAGTACCA
1301 CGCCAGCCCT GCTTTGGCCT TTGGCACTGG CCTGAAGTGT CTCTGTGGGA 1351 GCCTCAGCAG GGGCCACTGT CAGGGGTCCT ATCCTAGCCA TAGTGCACGT 1401 GAGTGACACC TGCCTGGGCA GCTCTCACAC CCCTGCTGTC CACCCTGTCT 1451 ATACCAGTGT GTCTCAAAAT GTGGTCTATG CACCCCGGG GGTCCAAGAC 1501 CCTTTCAGGG AGTCTGTGGG GTCAAAATGA TTCTCTTGAT AACCCTGAGA 1551 CTCTGTTAGC CTTCTCCTTG TGTTGATGTT GGTGGATGGT ATGAAGACAG 1601 GGCCGTGCAG ACCACCAGCC CCCAGCGTGC AGGGCAGCAG TGCCCGGCCT 1651 GCTTGGGGGC ATGGTATTCC TTCACCACGG TGTGCACTTG CGGGGATGCC 1701 TGTCTCACTG AAGAATGCCT TTGACTAAGC AGAAAAGCAA TGACAAATTG 1751 CATTAAATCT TGCTCCTTGC GTACACACCC CTCGAATATT CTGGGTCGGA 1801 AAACATGGGA AGGACACTGA TGTGTGTCTG CCACAGACCA AGGCACACCG 1851 CTTCCCCGCA AGAAGCGCTT CCCCCAGGGC CAGAGTAGCA ACAGAATGCG 1901 GCATCTTCCC AACCTCCTGC CCCATTTTTG ATTGGAAGAA TGACCACTGG
1951 TATGTGGCTG TTCATTCTCC TGAACACAGC CTGCCACTTT AAGGAAAACA 2001 TATGACACTA TTTGTTGCTG GCGAAATTTA CATTTTCAAG TGAATAGCAG 2051 AATTCTGGAC ACTTGCCACC ACCACCAAAA CCTTCATAGC TTCCCTTAAC 2101 TTTGAGACAT GGGTGTTCAG AGGTTTTTCA CGTGAGATGG CGTTAGCAGC 2151 GCAGTTTTGT GATACTGCCT GAAGACATGC CGACAGTGCC CAGATCTCTT

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2201 CTATTGGTGA GCCAGCTTTT CCCACACGGC CAAGTTCTGA TGTTGAACCA
2251 TTGCCAGGTG GGTGAAGATC CATTGACAGT GAGAGGTGGG CCCGTGGGCT
2301 TCAGTGCAGC CAGGCGCAGA AGGCTGGTTC ATGAGTGTCC AGCTCCGCCA
2351 GGTAGCTAGC TCACCACCCC CAGCCTGGGT TCATGTAGTT CAAATAGGAA
2401 GACCACGATG ATCAGAAAGG CTGCTCAAAT ACTCCTTCGT CCAGCCGCGT
2451 ACCTGGGGGA GGCTGAATCT CCACTCACTT CCACCAAGGC TGTGCAGAGC
2501 AGATAGGGGA ATCCAGCAAA GGTGGAAAAC AGTGCCATCC TTCTCCCCAA
2551 CTGGTTTTGT TTTGTAAAAT AACTTTTTGT GACAGTGTTA CTTATTAGTA
2601 ACATGCAGTG GGTTTGTTAT GGTTAACAAG TTGGTGAGCA TTATTGAGAG
2651 GTGAAGCCAG CTGAGCTTCT GGGTTGGGTG GGGACTTGGA GAACTTTTGT
2701 GTCTAGCTAA AGGATTGTAA ATGCACCAAT CAATGCTCAG TGTCTAGCTA
2751 AAGGATTGTA AATGCACCAA TCAGCACTCT GTAAAATTGA CCAATCAGCG
2801 TTCTGTAAAA TGGACCAATC AGTGGTCTGT AAAATGGACC AGTCAGCAGG
2851 ATGTGGGCGG GGCCAAAAAA GGGAATAAAA GCTGGCCACC GCCAGGCTCC
2901 CCACCAGCCT GCAGCGAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 172 bp to 1047 bp; peptide length: 292 Category: similarity to unknown protein Prosite motifs: WW_DOMAIN_1 (19-24)

- 1 MYQGEFGLNM KLGYGKFSWP TGESYHGQFY RDHCHGLGTY MWPDGSSFTG 51 TFYLSHREGY GTMYMKTRLF QTHCHNDIVN LLLDCGADVN KCSDEGLTAL
- 101 SMCFLLHYPA QSFKPNVAER TIPEPQEPPK FPVVPILSSS FMDTNLESLY
- 151 YEVNVPSQGS YELRPPPAPL LLPRVSGSHE GGHFQDTGQC GGSIDHRSSS 201 LKGDSPLVKG SLGHVESGLE DVLGDTDRGS LCSAETKFES NLCVCDFSIE
- 251 LSQAMLERSA QSHSLLKMAS PSPCTSSFDK GTMRRMALSM IE

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2 23n16, frame 1

TREMBL:AB005902_1 product: "AtPIP5K1"; Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for AtPIP5K1, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 138, P = 1.1e-06

TREMBL:AF019380_1 product: "putative phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase"; Arabidopsis thaliana putative phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase mRNA, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 138, P = 1.4e-06

PIR:T02098 probable phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase - Arabidopsis thaliana, N = 2, Score = 135, P = 6.7e-06

>TREMBL:AB005902_1 product: "AtPIP5K1"; Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for AtPIP5K1, complete cds. Length = 683

HSPs:

Score = 138 (20.7 bits), Expect = 1.1e-06, Sum P(2) = 1.1e-06Identities = 23/61 (37%), Positives = 35/61 (57%)

Ouerv: 1 MYQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGY 60 MY+G++ G GKFSWP+G +Y G+F G GT+ DG ++ GT+ + G+ 34 MYEGDWKRGKASGKGKFSWPSGATYEGEFKSGRMEGFGTFTGADGDTYRGTWVADRKHGH 93 G GKFSWP+G +Y G+F Sbict:

61 G 61 Query: Sbjct: 94 G 94

```
Score = 112 (16.8 bits), Expect = 9.7e-04, Sum P(2) = 9.7e-04
 Identities = 19/51 (37%), Positives = 27/51 (52%)
           12 LGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGYGT 62
           +G GK+ W G Y G + R G G + WP G+++ G F EG+GT
22 IGSGKYLWKDGCMYEGDWKRGKASGKGKFSWPSGATYEGEFKSGRMEGFGT 72
Sbjct:
 Score = 97 (14.6 bits), Expect = 4.4e-02, Sum P(2) = 4.3e-02 Identities = 19/60 (31%), Positives = 32/60 (53%)
            2 YQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGYG 61
           Y+GEF G+G F+ G++Y G + D HG G + +G + GT+ + ++G G

58 YEGEFKSGRMEGFGTFTGADGDTYRGTWVADRKHGHGQKRYANGDFYEGTWRRNLQDGRG 117
Sbjct:
 Score = 93 (14.0 bits), Expect = 1.2e-01, Sum P(2) = 1.1e-01 Identities = 18/62 (29%), Positives = 34/62 (54%)
            2 YQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGYG 61
Ouerv:
           Y+G + + K G+G+ + G+ Y G + R+ G G Y+W +G+ +TG + + G G
81 YRGTWVADRKHGHGQKRYANGDFYEGTWRRNLQDGRGRYVWRNGNQYTGEWRIGVISGKG 140
Shict:
           62 TM 63
Ouerv:
Sbjct:
          141 LL 142
 Score = 91 (13.7 bits), Expect = 2.0e-01, Sum P(2) = 1.8e-01
 Identities = 18/51 (35%), Positives = 24/51 (47%)
            2 YQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTF 52
          Y GE+ + + G G WP G Y G + G G + W DGSS G + 127 YTGEWRIGVISGKGLLVWPNGNRYEGLWENGIPKGNGVFTWSDGSSCVGAW 177
Sbjct:
Score = 90 (13.5 bits), Expect = 2.6e-01, Sum P(2) = 2.3e-01 Identities = 17/60 (28%), Positives = 31/60 (51%)
            2 YQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGYG 61
Ouerv:
              Y+G + N++ G G++ W G Y G++
                                                  G G +WP+G+ + G +
          104 YEGTWRRNLQDGRGRYVWRNGNQYTGEWRIGVISGKGLLVWPNGNRYEGLWENGIPKGNG 163
Sbjct:
 Score = 45 (6.8 bits), Expect = 1.1e-06, Sum P(2) = 1.1e-06
 Identities = 14/62 (22%), Positives = 26/62 (41%)
          215 VESGLEDVLGDTDRGSLCSAETKFESNLCVCDF--SIELSQAMLERSAQSHSLLKMASPS 272
          V+SG + G+ +C E+ E+ CD ++E S +R + + + + 205 VDSGAGSLGGEKVFPRICIWESDGEAGDITCDIIDNVEASMIYRDRISVDRDGFRQFKKN 264
Sbict:
          273 PC 274
Ouerv:
              PC
          265 PC 266
Sbict:
             Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 23n16, frame 1
                        Report for DKFZphfbr2_23n16.1
[LENGTH]
                292
[WW]
                 32214.44
[pI]
                 5.51
                TREMBL: AB005902 1 product: "AtPIP5K1"; Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for AtPIP5K1,
[HOMOL]
complete cds. 7e-08
                BL01137A Hypothetical YBL055c/yjjV family proteins
[BLOCKS]
                 WW_DOMAIN_1
[PROSITE]
                MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
                CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
                 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[KW]
                Alpha Beta
                 LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                                      4.11 %
SEQ
        MYQGEFGLNMKLGYGKFSWPTGESYHGQFYRDHCHGLGTYMWPDGSSFTGTFYLSHREGY
SEG
PRD
        SEO
        GTMYMKTRLFQTHCHNDIVNLLLDCGADVNKCSDEGLTALSMCFLLHYPAQSFKPNVAER
SEG
        PRD
SEQ
        TIPEPQEPPKFPVVPILSSSFMDTNLESLYYEVNVPSQGSYELRPPPAPLLLPRVSGSHE
```

SEG	xxxxxxxxx
PRD	eccccccccceeeeeeecccccccceeeeeecccccccc
SEQ SEG	GGHFQDTGQCGGSIDHRSSSLKGDSPLVKGSLGHVESGLEDVLGDTDRGSLCSAETKFES
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ	NLCVCDFSIELSQAMLERSAQSHSLLKMASPSPCTSSFDKGTMRRMALSMIE
SEG	
PRD	ccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccccccccchhhhhh

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_23n16.1

PS00005	55->58	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	112->115	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	200->203	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	226->229	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	282->285	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	55->59	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	121->125	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	140->144	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	144->148	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	217->221	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	236->240	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	276->280	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	45->51	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	86->92	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	177->183	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	188->194	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	229->235	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS01159	19->44	WW_DOMAIN_1	PDOC50020

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_23n16.1)

DKFZphfbr2_23o24

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 23o24 encodes a novel 139 amino acid protein with similarity to CAAX-box proteins.

The CAAX box is a prenyl group binding site found in a number of eukaryotic proteins, such as which is found in Ras- and ras-like proteins such as Rho, Rab, Rac, Ral, and Rap, as well as in nuclear lamins A and B, some G protein alpha and gamma subunits and some dnaJ-like proteins. These proteins are posttranslationally modified at this site by the attachment of either a farnesyl or a geranyl-geranyl group to a cysteine residue.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to lectins

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3564 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3541, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GAATGGCTCC GCAGATGGCC GGCACTGAGA GCCAGCAAGA AGCGGAGGAG 51 ATGGGCCTTC AGCAGGGGGT TGCGGGGGGA GCTTTAAACT GAGCCCTGTA
101 AACATGGCAG AACTGCTCAG TGGGAGACTC TCAGCACAGA CGGTCATGGG
151 GAAGTGAGTG CAGTTCATTT GTAATCTTGT TGTCGAGTTC TGGGTTTTTT 201 TTGTTTGTTT CGTAACTTTA AAGGTATGCA CTTTATATAG ATTTATTTAT 251 TTGCTGGGAC CGTTACTCAG AGTTCCTAGA AATGTACACA GCTTTTTTAC 301 CAGGGTTACT CCTCAGAATC ACTTGTCACT TCTTTAAATG AATGAATGAA 351 TGTGCCAGGC CCTATGCCTG GAGGTTGGGA GCTTCATCTA CATCACATTC 401 TAACAGGTGA CCACTGGGGT AAGCACTGTG TGACTGCAAA GCCAGGGTGT 451 GTTTCCATCA ACACCCAGAT GACCGTGCCT ATGTGCCCCT GTTGTCCTCC 501 CTCCAGGACT GCCTCCTCAC CCCACCCCTT TCTGCAGCTC CTCATCTAAA 551 CATCTCGCCT GGTGAGGTCA CGGCTTAGCC TGTTGGCCAG TGGCCCCACC 601 ACCATCCTTC CCCCTGTGCA GATTGGAGGA GGCCAGGTCT CTCCCCTTAG 651 CTCCTATGTC CCCTTCACCC CCCATGGCAC AGATGAGACA TTCACAGAGT 701 TTGCAGATGA TGGAAGAGA GACTCCAGGT TGCCAGGTGT GTCCACTCTC 751 AGGAACCCC AGCCCAAGCC TCACTGCTCG TGTTCCCAGC CAACCCCAGC 801 ACGGGGGATA CGCCGGTGCT GTTTCCCTGC TCAGATACAA CCAGTTACCA 851 GAAACGACCT CACCCCTCCA ACCACTTTCC AAGGTGCCAG GACAGAGAAG 901 CCCTTCACTG GCCCACCCAG GGCAGTTGAC AGAGGGATGC CCTCCTTGGA 951 GGGGAGCCTC ACCTCTACCC ACAGGGCCGC GGCCTTGTCC TGGATTCTCA 1001 CCGGGGCAGT CACGTCAGGA TGGAGAGGTC CCATGTCAGC CAGTTCTTTG 1051 GTGGGGGTCA TGTAGTCTGA AATGACCTGC CGATGGTCCA GGCTGAGCCA 1101 GGGAAGCTGA GCCTGGGTGC CTTTTTGGTG CCTACTCTGA CTTGAGTTGG 1151 ATTCATGCCA CAGACCCACC TTCTTGAGCA ACAACACATA TAGCCACCAA 1201 CACAAGAGCC AGGCACACAC TGAGCAGAGA AAGTCCCTGT CGCCTCACCA 1251 CCCAAAAACT CCAGCTTTGC AGAGACCAAG GTTCTTCTCT ACCTTTGCAG 1301 AAGCCTCTGT GACCAAACCC GGAGCTTGCC CTTCTGAGGC CTCTAGCATT 1351 TCTCCAGGTG TTTTTCAGAG GACTTGGTTT AAATTTGTTC ACCCCAAATG 1401 TGGTCTTTCC CGGATCATGA AAGGATCTGC CGCAAAGGTG AATCTGAGTC 1451 TCCTCAGAGT CATATGAGAC TGAAACTGCT TATAACATTT CCGTGACCTA 1501 ATAAGTCTTC CAAAAATGTA GGGTATTAAG AGTTTAGTGA CATTAAAAAG 1551 TTTAGTCGAA AATATCGTGA TTCAGGTATA TTTAGACATT TGATTCATGC 1601 CAAATTGCCA CTGTTAACAG AAAACACACC CCAAGCACAT TAATGCCTAG 1651 ATATTTCAAA CCCTTTTCTG CCCACACATT CTTAAAAATA ATATACTGAG 1701 AAATCTATAT ACAGGTTTTT TTTTAATTAG CTTGGAAAAG AGCAGTTGTA 1751 TTCTGTTTGA ACAGCTGCTA ATGTCAATTC CTGTGGGAAG AAAGACCAAA 1801 GAACATGGAG TTACACCAAG AATTTTAAAA CAAAGACGCT GTCCCTTTCC 1851 TGAGCACCGT GCAGCCAAGA CTGAGAGATC AGTCTGAGAC CTGTGATTAA 1901 GGAGTGTTTT CTACATAGCG TATAATTATG GAGCCACACA AGTGGGCCAT 1951 TACTCTGTTG AGTGCTTCAT GTTTGAGGTA TTTTCGTGTT CCAACTTACA 2001 TTAAAGTGTT TATAAAACAG GAAAAATCCA CGAGCAGGTA TTGACACTAT 2051 CCATATTAGA TCATCACAAA ATTATATATA TAGCAGAGTC ATAAACAATG 2101 AGAAACGGTC TTCCCACACT TGCTTTAAAT GGCCATGACC TAGTGTTTAG 2151 GGAAAGCAGT AAAATCAGCG AGGAGCTCGT GGGAAAAATG AGACGGGCCC 2201 TGAGGGGGTG ACTCATGGGC CAAGCAGGGC CACACAGGTA CCAGGCCGCC 2251 ACGTCCTCTC CTGCCTCTCA CTCTCTGGAG ACTGGACTTC CTTTACTGCC 2301 TCCTTTCTGA CATTTCCTAG ACATCAGACT TTGCTACTTA GTACACAAAC 2351 GGGGTTCCCT TTTAAATTTG TTCACTCTAG TTAGCATTTG CAGAAGCTGT 2401 GAAAAATTAC AGAGAGATGA TGTGTTGGGT AAGAGATGGT TTAAAAGTCC

2451 AGCTTGCTGT TTTTCATTAA GTGTCTTGAA AATGAGTAAG TGGCGTTCCT 2501 GGAGGGGAC AATCATATAA TTCCGCAGGG TGGGTCTAAA CTTGTTTTCT 2551 GATAGTGTTT AGCAGCTCAT GGCTCTGAGG GCACCTGATA ACACAGCAGC 2701 TGATTATATT GCACTCCTTG GGCTGACTTT CCCATGCACA GAATGTTTTA 2751 CACATCCTGA TAGCTGAGCT GAAAATGCAA AGAGAAGGGA AAATGCCTTA 2801 AATTGTTCTG GCTAATTTAG AAGCAGCAGG CCTTGGAAGT CTTTGTCCTG 2851 TGTCCCTGAA CAAATCTTAT GGGAGCTCTG GTACCTATGC CAGAAAATGC 2901 ACATAGGCAC AACACTTTTA CATACACGTT CACACACCCC ACCCTTATGG 2951 AGAACTTTTT TCTAAATAAG AGAAAGAAAA ATTTTAAGAC TTACAAGTTA 3001 TGTTTAGGTA TTTTACATGG TTCAGAAAAC AAGACATGAA GCGGTATAAA 3051 CTGAGAAGTC TTGTTCCCAC AACCCCACGT GCCAGGTACA CATAACCATT 3101 TTTATTCACC TCTAGCTTGT GCTTCCAATG TTTGTTAGGC ATATGTAAAT 3151 AAGTGAATAG ATAAGCATTT CTCCCTCCTT TTGCTGACAT GAGTGGTGGC 3201 ATGTTTTGCC CCTGGCTTTT ATCCCTTGAC CCCATTCCAG TACCTAGAGA
3251 CCTGCTTCAT TTTTTTAGAT GTGTAATACT TCATGTGTGC GTGTGCCTTA
3301 GTGATTAACT CGTGCACTGT GCAGGGACAT CGGGCTGGGA TCAGTTTGTT
3351 CACTGATATA TACAGCGCTG CGGGAGATAC CCTCACATGT GTATCATTTG 3401 GTCCATGTGC AGGTGTGTCT GGAAGATAGA ATTCTAGGCG TAGAATTGAT 3451 AGGTTAAATG TATTTATAGG GAAAAAATCA ATATAAAACT TTGCGTGTAA 3501 TGATATTTGC GTGCTTTTT TTTTAATTTT TTTACCCAAA TAGTAAAAAA 3551 AAAAAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 656 bp to 1072 bp; peptide length: 139 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MSPSPPMAOM RHSOSLOMME EKTPGCOVCP LSGTPSPSLT ARVPSOPOHG

51 GYAGAVSLIR YNQLPETTSP LQPLSKVPGQ RSPSLAHPGQ LTEGCPPWRG 101 ASPLPTGPRP CPGFSPGQSR QDGEVPCQPV LWWGSCSLK

BLASTP hits

Entry CEEGAP7_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "EGAP7.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid EGAP7.
Score = 123, P = 2.3e-07, identities = 35/103, positives = 44/103

Entry MMBPC35 1 from database TREMBL:

Mouse carbohydrate binding protein 35 mRNA, 3' end.

Score = 113, P = 2.2e-06, identities = 40/103, positives = 44/103

Entry A28651 from database PIR:

galactose-specific lectin - mouse >TREMBL:MMMAC2A 1 Mouse mRNA for Mac-2 antigen

Score = 113, P = 2.2e-06, identities = 40/103, positives = 44/103

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_23o24, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23o24, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_23o24.2

[LENGTH] 139 14748.91 [WM] 8.90 IIql

PRENYLATION [PROSITE]

(PROSIT (PROSIT (PROSIT (PROSIT (KW)	E) E)	MYRISTYL CK2_PHOSPHO PROKAR_LIPO PKC_PHOSPHO All_Alpha	PROTEIN	1 1 1		
SEQ PRD		MAQMRHSQSLQMM Nhhhhhhhhhhhh				
SEQ PRD	_	TSPLQPLSKVPC	-	-		
SEQ PRD		CQPVLWWGSCSLE				
		Prosi	te for DKF	Zphfbr2_2	3024.2	

PS00005	40->43	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	119->123	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	50->56	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00013	126->137	PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00013
PS00294	136->140	PRENYLÄTION	PDOC00266

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_23o24.2)

DKFZphfbr2_23o5

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_23o5 encodes a novel 360 amino acid protein with no known similarity

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

potential start at Bp 24 matchs Kozak consensus ANNatgG

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="7q21-q22"

Insert length: 1736 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1714, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1680

1 GGGGGAGGAT CAAAGTAGGC AAGATGGCGT CGAGCGGCGG GGAGCCAGGG 51 AGTTTATTTG ATCACCACGT CCAGAGGGCG GTATGCGACA CACGGGCCAA 101 ATATCGAGAG GGACGACGGC CTCGTGCTGT GAAGGTATAT ACAATCAATT 151 TGGAATCTCA GTACTTATTA ATACAAGGAG TTCCTGCTGT GGGAGTCATG 201 AAGGAATTAG TTGAGCGATT CGCTTTATAT GGTGCAATTG AACAGTACAA 251 TGCTCTAGAT GAATACCCAG CAGAAGACTT TACTGAAGTT TATCTTATTA 301 AATTTATGAA CTTACAAAGT GCAAGGACAG CCAAGAGAAA AATGGATGAA 351 CAGAGTTTCT TCGGTGGATT GCTTCATGTG TGCTATGCTC CAGAATTTGA 401 AACAGTTGAA GAAACTAGAA AAAAACTACA AATGCGGAAG GCATATGTAG 451 TAAAAACTAC TGAAAATAAA GACCATTACG TGACAAAGAA GAAATTGGTT 501 ACAGAGCATA AAGACACAGA GGATTTTAGA CAAGACTTCC ACTCAGAGAT 551 GTCTGGATTT TGTAAAGCTG CTTTGAACAC TTCTGCAGGG AACTCAAATC 601 CTTATCTTCC GTATTCCTGT GAATTGCCTT TATGTTATTT CTCCTCAAAA 651 TGTATGTGTT CATCCGGGGG ACCTGTAGAC AGAGCACCAG ACTCCTCTAA 701 GGATGGTAGA AACCATCATA AAACAATGGG GCATTATAAC CACAATGACT 751 CTTTGCGGAA AACACAGATA AACTCTTTGA AAAACTCAGT GGCCTGCCCT 801 GGTGCACAAA AGGCTATTAC GTCTTCAGAG GCAGTTGACA GATTTATGCC 851 TAGGACAACA CAACTGCAGG AGCGCAAAAG AAGAAGAGAA GATGATCGTA 901 AACTTGGAAC TTTTCTTCAA ACAAACCCAA CTGGTAATGA GATTATGATT 951 GGACCTCTGT TACCAGACAT CTCTAAAGTG GATATGCACG ATGACTCATT 1001 GAATACAACG GCGAATTTAA TTCGGCATAA ACTTAAAGAG GTATTTCATC 1051 TGTGCCAAAG CCTCCAGAGG ACAAGCCAGA AGATGTACAT ACAAGTCATC 1101 CATTAAAACA AAGAAGAAGA ATATAGAGTG CCAGCAGCAA CTTAGTATTT 1151 TCTAAAAAGA ACATTTATTA TTTATTTTTA GCCTGTCATT TTAATTCTTC 1201 AAGAGATTTT ACTGCTGGTA TTTTTTGATG CACTCCTCTT TGTAATTTCA 1251 TTCAAGCCAT TTGTCTAAAG TCATTTCTTT GTTTTTTGGG AGATGGAGTC 1301 TTGCTCTGTT GCCCAGGCTG GAATGCAGTG GCGTGATCTC GGCTCACTGC 1351 AACCTCCACC TCCCGGGTTC AAGCGATTCT CCTGCCTCAG CCTCCTGAGT 1401 ATCTGGGATT ACAGGCGTGC ACCACCATGC CTGGCTAAGT TTTGTGTTTT 1451 TTTTAGTAGA GATGGGTTTT CACCATATTG GTCAGGCTGG TCTCGAACTC 1501 CTGACCTTGT GATACACCTG CCTCAGCCTC CCAAAGGGAT GAGCCACCGC 1551 GCCTGGCCCA TTTCTTCTTT TTTTGACCCA TACTTAATGT TGCAGAAACT 1601 ATTCTTGTCA TAACATTATC TCTCATGTAC AGTAATTATA TGTAAATTAA 1651 TTGAAGCAAA TATGGAAACT TTACAATAGA AATAAAGATA GGCAGCCAGC 1701 GTCTGTTTCC AATTATAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry AC005156 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens PAC clone DJ1099C19 from 7q21-q22, complete sequence. Score = 2897, P = 2.4e-154, identities = 583/5862 exons covering Bp 465-1723

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 24 bp to 1103 bp; peptide length: 360 Category: similarity to unknown protein 1 MASSGGEPGS LFDHHVQRAV CDTRAKYREG RRPRAVKVYT INLESQYLLI 51 QGVPAVGVMK ELVERFALYG AIEQYNALDE YPAEDFTEVY LIKFMNLQSA 101 RTAKRKMDEQ SFFGGLLHVC YAPEFETVEE TRKKLQMRKA YVVKTTENKD 151 HYVTKKKLVT EHKDTEDFRQ DFHSEMSGFC KAALNTSAGN SNPYLPYSCE 201 LPLCYFSSKC MCSSGGPVDR APDSSKDGRN HHKTMGHYNH NDSLRKTQIN 251 SLKNSVACPG AQKAITSSEA VDRFMPRTTQ LQERKRRRED DRKLGTFLQT 301 NPTGNEIMIG PLLPDISKVD MHDDSLNTTA NLIRHKLKEV FHLCQSLQRT 351 SQKMYIQVIH BLASTP hits No BLASTP hits available Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 23o5, frame 3 TREMBL:AC005824 10 gene: "F15K20.11"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC F15K20 genomic sequence, complete sequence., N = 2, Score = 114, >TREMBL:AC005824_10 gene: "F15K20.11"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC F15K20 genomic sequence, complete sequence. Length = 227 HSPs: Score = 114 (17.1 bits), Expect = 3.6e-11, Sum P(2) = 3.6e-11 Identities = 21/41 (51%), Positives = 29/41 (70%) 103 AKRKMDEQSFFGGLLHVCYAPEFETVEETRKKLQMRKAYVV 143 Query: AKRK+DE SF G L + YAPE+E V +T+ KL+ R+ V+ 51 AKRKLDESSFLGNRLQISYAPEYENVNDTKDKLESRRKEVL 91 Sbjct: Score = 107 (16.1 bits), Expect = 2.6e-10, Sum P(2) = 2.6e-10 Identities = 50/191 (26%), Positives = 83/191 (43%) Query: 103 AKRKMDEQSFFGGLLHVCYAPEFETVEETRKKLQMRKAYVVKTTENKDHYVTKKKLVTEH 162 AKRK+DE SF G L + YAPE+E V +T+ KL+ R+ V+ 51 AKRKLDESSFLGNRLOISYAPEYENVNDTKDKLESRRKEVLARLNPOKEKSTSO--VTKL 108 Sbict: 163 KDTEDFRQDFHSEMSGFCKAALNTSAGNSNPYLPYSCELPLCYFSSKCMCSSGGPVDRAP 222 Ouerv: + D S + + GN+ P S + YF+S M + V

109 AGPALTQTDNVSSQRREMEYQFHR--GNA-PVTRVSSDQE--YFASSSMNQTVKTV--- 159 Sbjct: 223 DSSKDGRNHHKTMGHYNHNDSLRKTQINSLKNSVACPGAQKAITSSEAVDRFMPRTTQLQ 282 Query: K + + + + + + + + + + + + P + Q S R P ++Q+Q

160 -REKLNKTREENISSLSHCKQIEESG-NQKRLQ---PSSQTQPEESGNQKRLQP-SSQIQ 213 Sbjct: Query: 283 -ERKRRREDDRK 293 + KR R D+R+ 214 PDLKRTRVDNRR 225 Sbjct: Score = 102 (15.3 bits), Expect = 3.6e-11, Sum P(2) = 3.6e-11Identities = 22/55 (40%), Positives = 38/55 (69%) Ouerv: 26 KYREGRRPRAVKVYTINLESQYLLIQGVPAVGVMKELVERFALYGAIEQY--NALDE 80 +Y++ P AV+VYT+ ES+Y++++ VPA+G +L+ F YG +E++ LDE 3 RYKD-ETP-AVRVYTVCDESRYMIVRNVPALGCGDDLMRLFMTYGEVEEFAKRKLDE 57 Sbjct: Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_23o5, frame 3 Report for DKFZphfbr2_23o5.3 [LENGTH] 360 41105.85 (MW) [pI] 8.89 TREMBL:AC005824_10 gene: "F15K20.11"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC [HOMOL] [PROSITE] AMIDATION 1 [PROSITE] MYRISTYL

[PROSITE]

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

[PROSIT	'E} PKC PHOSPHO SITE 9
[PROSIT	
(KW)	Alpha Beta
(KW)	LOW COMPLEXITY 4.17 %
[twa]	DOW_COMPLEXITY 4.17 %
SEQ	MASSGGEPGSLFDHHVQRAVCDTRAKYREGRRPRAVKVYTINLESQYLLIQGVPAVGVMK
SEG	
PRD	ccccccceeecceeeehhhhhhhhhccccceeeeeeccccehhhh
SEQ	ELVERFALYGAIEQYNALDEYPAEDFTEVYLIKFMNLQSARTAKRKMDEQSFFGGLLHVC
SEG	D. D. C.
PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccceeeeeehhhhhhhhhh
PKU	nnntnntnntnntnntntncccccceeeeeee
SEQ	YAPEFETVEETRKKLQMRKAYVVKTTENKDHYVTKKKLVTEHKDTEDFRQDFHSEMSGFC
SEG	
PRD	eccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhheccce
SEQ	KAALNTSAGNSNPYLPYSCELPLCYFSSKCMCSSGGPVDRAPDSSKDGRNHHKTMGHYNH
SEG	
PRD	eeeecccccccccccccccceeeccccccccccccccc
SEO	NDSLRKTQINSLKNSVACPGAQKAITSSEAVDRFMPRTTQLQERKRRREDDRKLGTFLQT
SEG	XXXXXXXXXXXXX
	cccceeeeccccccccceeeeecceeeecccchhhhhhhh
PRD	CCCceeecccccccccccceeeecccccnnnnnnnnnnn
SEQ	NPTGNEIMIGPLLPDISKVDMHDDSLNTTANLIRHKLKEVFHLCQSLQRTSQKMYIQVIH
SEG	
PRD	ccccceeeecccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_23o5.3

PS00001	185->189	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
PS00001	241->245	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
P\$00001	327->331	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
PS00005	99->102	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	102->105	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	131->134	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	154->157	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	207->210	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	224->227	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	243->246	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C0005
PS00005	251->254	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	351->354	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	4->8	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	10->14	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	127->131	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	224->228	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	266->270	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	303->307	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	317->321	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	5->11	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	260->266	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	29->33	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_23o5.3)

DKFZphfbr2_2a2

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_2a2.3 encodes a novel 167 amino acid protein with weak similarity to human 52K autoantigen Ro/SS-A

The novel protein contains a C3HC4 Zinc finger "RING finger" motive. This domain is probably involved in mediating protein-protein interactions. Proteins containing a RING-finger are: mammalian V(D)J recombination activating protein (RAG1), mouse rpt-1, human rfp, human 52 Kd Ro/SS-A protein and others.

No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to 52K autoantigen Ro/SS-A - human

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1376 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1355, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1340

1 GGGGACTCCA AATTAGAAAG GGGACGTCTA GTGGGTTGCC CGGGAGGGGT 51 GGCGGAGCG GTCCTGGAAA TAATCTGTCC TCTGTCGCCG GGAACTGGCG 101 AGGTAGTTCC TTCGCGGTGG AGAGACCTGG AATGGCCAAA TATCAAGGTG 151 AAGTTCAAAG TTTGAAACTG GATGATGATT CAGTTATAGA AGGAGTAAGC 201 GACCAAGTAC TTGTGGCAGT TGTGGTCAGT TTCGCTTTGA TTGCTACCCT 251 GGTATATGCA CTTTTCAGAA ATGTACATCA AAACATTCAC CCAGAAAACC 301 AGGAGCTAGT AAGGGTACTT CGAGAACAGC TTCAAACAGA ACAGGATGCA 351 CCTGCTGCCA CTCGACAGCA GTTCTACACT GACATGTACT GTCCCATCTG 401 CCTGCACCAA GCCTCCTTCC CGGTGGAGAC CAACTGTGGA CATCTTTTT 451 GTGGTGCCTG CATTATTGCT TACTGGCGAT ATGGTTCATG GCTTGGGGCA 501 ATCAGTTGTC CAATCTGTAG ACAAACGGTA ACCTTACTCC TAACAGTATT 551 TGGTGAGAT GATCAGTCTC AGGATGTCT GAGATTGCAT CAGGATATTA
601 ATGATTATAA CCGGACATTC TCAGGGCAAC CCTGATCTAT TATGGAGAGA
651 ATTATGGATC TACCCACTTT ACTGAGGCAT GCATTCAGGG AAATGTTTTC
701 AGTCGGGGGC CTTTTCTGGA TGTTTCGCAT CAGGATAATA CTTTGTTTAA 751 TGGGAGCTTT TTTCTATCTT ATATCACCTC TACATTTTGT ACCTGAAGCC 801 TTGTTTGGAA TTCTAGGCTT TCTAGATGAT TTCTTTGTCA TCTTTTATT 851 GCTTATCTAC ATCTCTATTA TGTATCGAGA AGTGATAACC CAAAGGCTAA 901 CTAGATGAAA AAGGAAACAA AACTGAGTTT ACTAGGATAT CTGAGCTAAT 951 GTAGAACATC AAACAGAAGG ACCCATGGCA GTATAAAGCA ATGAAGCAAT 1001 GGAGTATTAT CTCACAAATA TAAAACCACT ATAAGACAAA CATTTGATTA 1051 TCATTTGACA AATACCTAGG TATAACTGGA ATTTTCATGT TTGAAGTTCT 1101 AATATTAAGT TTAGAATTAT AATGATCTAC AGTTGTATCT TGATTCTATG 1151 TTGTCTGGAA AAAATATGGA ATTATATAAA AAGGGATGCT TTTATATATT 1201 TTTCTTTCC CCAGAATTAC TTAGATTAAT TAGATGTATA GTAAAATATT 1251 GTTAAATGTC AGTTTATCCA TCTTATCCTT CTCAGCAGGT ACCTATATGA 1301 TAATATATAG CTGTGAAACT CATCTAAATA TTTTTGTTCC AATAAAATAT 1351 ТАТАТАСТАА АААААААААА АААААА

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 132 bp to 632 bp; peptide length: 167 Category: similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: ZINC_FINGER C3HC4 (102-112)

```
1 MAKYQGEVQS LKLDDDSVIE GVSDQVLVAV VVSFALIATL VYALFRNVHQ
   51 NIHPENGELV RVLREQLQTE QDAPAATRQQ FYTDMYCPIC LHQASFPVET
   101 NCGHLFCGAC IIAYWRYGSW LGAISCPICR QTVTLLLTVF GEDDQSQDVL
   151 RLHQDINDYN RRFSGQP
                                    BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 2a2, frame 3
TREMBL:CEY38F1A_8 gene: "Y38F1A.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y38F1A, N = 1, Score = 194, P = 2e-15
PIR:T05222 hypothetical protein F1715.130 - Arabidopsis thaliana, N =
1, Score = 159, P = 1.4e-10
TREMBLNEW:AB025011_1 gene: "TRIF"; product: "Trif-d"; Mus musculus mRNA for Trif-d, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 108, P = 2.6e-06
PIR:A37241 52K autoantigen Ro/SS-A - human, N = 1, Score = 115, P =
>TREMBL:CEY38F1A_8 gene: "Y38F1A.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y38F1A
              Length = 283
  HSPs:
 Score = 194 (29.1 bits), Expect = 2.0e-15, P = 2.0e-15
 Identities = 52/149 (34%), Positives = 78/149 (52%)
           16 DSVIEGVSDQVLVAVVVSFALIATLVYALFRNVHQNIHPENQELVRVLREQLQTEQDAPA 75 D +E ++ Q+ +A+ V F ++ + A Q E R Q+ T++ 41 DPDVE-LATQITMAIAVIF-IVKAIFDAWQSRRRQRAASRMDENAE--RNQIITQRRISE 96
Sbjct:
           76 ATRQQFYTDMYCPICLHQASFPVETNCGHLFCGACIIAYWRYGSWLGA-ISCPICRQTVT 134
A Q + CPICL ASFPV T+CGH+FC CII YW+ + C +CR T
97 ALHQSSHE---CPICLANASFPVLTDCGHIFCCECIIQYWQQSKAIVTPCDCAMCRSTFY 153
Query:
Sbict:
Query:
          135 LLLTV----FGEDDQSQDVLRLHQ-DINDYNRRFS 164
                          G +++ D ++ + I+DYNRRFS
Sbjct:
          154 MLLPVHWPTMGTSEETDDHIQENNIRIDDYNRRFS 188
               Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2a2, frame 3
                          Report for DKFZphfbr2_2a2.3
[LENGTH]
                 167
                 18941.65
[WW]
                  4.91
[Iq]
[HOMOL]
                 TREMBL:CEY38FlA 8 gene: "Y38FlA.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y38FlA 1e-13
                 06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YDR265w] 1e-04 30.19 peroxisomal organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR265w] 1e-04 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YLR323c] 2e-04
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
                 BL00518 Zinc finger, C3HC4 type, proteins
                 ZINC_FINGER_C3HC4 1
Zinc_finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)
[PROSITE]
[PFAM]
[KW]
                 Irregular
[KW]
                 30
                 LOW COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                                         6.59 %
         MAKYQGEVQSLKLDDDSVIEGVSDQVLVAVVVSFALIATLVYALFRNVHQNIHPENQELV
SEO
         SEG
1rmd-
         RVLREQLQTEQDAPAATRQQFYTDMYCPICLHQASFPVETNCGHLFCGACIIAYWRYGSW
1rmd-
         SEO
         LGAISCPICRQTVTLLLTVFGEDDQSQDVLRLHQDINDYNRRFSGQP
```

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2a2.3

PS00518 102->112 ZINC_FINGER_C3HC4

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_2a2.3

HMM_NAME Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)

*CPICFcTFQlDyPWPFdePmMlPCgHsFCypCIrrW......CP CPIC L+ P++++CGH+FC +CI+ + CP 87 CPIC----LHQ---ASFPVETNCGHLFCGACIIAYWRYGSWLGAISCP 127 нмм

Query

HMM +C 128 IC Query 129

197

DKF2phfbr2_2b17

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2_2b17 encodes a novel 285 amino acid protein with similarity to D. melanogaster 30K protein.

The protein contains 3 transmembrane regions.
No informative BLAST results; no predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

similarity to Drosophila hypothetical 30K protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits TRANSMEMBRANE 3

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1426 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1345, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1330

1 GGGGGTATTT CCAAGGACTC CAAAGCGAGG CCGGGGACTG AAGGTGTGGG 51 TGTCGAGCCC TCTGGCAGAG GGTTAACCTG GGTCAAATGC ACGGATTCTC 101 ACCTCGTACA GTTACGCTCT CCCGCGGCAC GTCCGCGAGG ACTTGAAGTC 151 CTGAGCGCTC AAGTTTGTCC GTAGGTCGAG AGAAGGCCAT GGAGGTGCCG 201 CCACCGGCAC CGCGGAGCTT TCTCTGTAGA GCATTGTGCC TATTTCCCCG 251 AGTCTTTGCT GCCGAAGCTG TGACTGCCGA TTCGGAAGTC CTTGAGGAGC 301 GTCAGAAGCG GCTTCCCTAC GTCCCAGAGC CCTATTACCC GGAATCTGGA 351 TGGGACCGCC TCCGGGAGCT GTTTGGCAAA GATGAACAGC AGAGAATTTC 401 AAAGGACCTT GCTAATATCT GTAAGACGGC GGCTACAGCA GGCATCATTG 451 GCTGGGTGTA TGGGGGAATA CCAGCTTTTA TTCATGCTAA ACAACAATAC 501 ATTGAGCAGA GCCAGGCAGA AATTTATCAT AACCGGTTTG ATGCTGTGCA 551 ATCTGCACAT CGTGCTGCCA CACGAGGCTT CATTCGTTAT GGCTGGCGCT 601 GGGGTTGGAG AACTGCAGTG TTTGTGACTA TATTCAACAC AGTGAACACT 651 AGTCTGAATG TATACCGAAA TAAAGATGCC TTAAGCCATT TTGTAATTGC 701 AGGAGCTGTC ACGGCAAGTC TTTTTAGGAT AAACGTAGGC CTGCGTGGCC 751 TGGTGGCTGG TGGCATAATT GGAGCCTTGC TGGGCACTCC TGTAGGAGGC 801 CTGCTGATGG CATTTCAGAA GTACTCTGGT GAGACTGTTC AGGAAAGAAA 851 ACAGAAGGAT CGAAAGGCAC TCCATGAGCT AAAACTGGAA GAGTGGAAAG 901 GCAGACTACA AGTTACTGAG CACCTCCCTG AGAAAATTGA AAGTAGTTTA 1101 TGAATGCCAA CAGACAGGCC ACTCTTTGGT CAGCCTGCTG ACAAATTTAA 1201 TTTAACTAAG AATGGGGCTG TTGTACTCTC ACTTTACTTA TCCTTAAATT 1251 TAAATACATA CTTATGTTTG TATTAATCTA TCAATATATG CATACATGAA 1301 TATATCCACC CACCTAGATT TTAAGCAGTA AATAAAACAT TTCGCAAAAG 1401 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

Entry HSG19630 from database EMBL:
human STS A001T27.
Score = 961, P = 1.2e-36, identities = 193/194

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 189 bp to 1043 bp; peptide length: 285 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MEVPPPAPRS FLCRALCLFP RVFAAEAVTA DSEVLEERQK RLPYVPEPYY 51 PESGWDRLRE LFGKDEQQRI SKDLANICKT AATAGIIGWV YGGIPAFIHA
   101 KQQYIEQSQA EIYHNRFDAV QSAHRAATRG FIRYGWRWGW RTAVFVTIFN
   151 TVNTSLNVYR NKDALSHFVI AGAVTGSLFR INVGLRGLVA GGIIGALLGT
   201 PVGGLLMAFQ KYSGETVQER KQKDRKALHE LKLEEWKGRL QVTEHLPEKI
  251 ESSLQEDEPE NDAKKIEALL NLPRNPSVID KQDKD
                                 BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
              Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2b17, frame 3
PIR:JQ1024 hypothetical 30K protein (DmRP140 5' region) - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster), N = 1, Score = 312, P = 6.1e-28
>PIR:JQ1024 hypothetical 30K protein (DmRP140 5' region) - fruit fly
      (Drosophila melanogaster)
             Length = 261
  HSPs:
 Score = 312 (46.8 bits), Expect = 6.1e-28, P = 6.1e-28 Identities = 68/231 (29%), Positives = 125/231 (54%)
           30 ADSEVLEERQKRLPYVPEPYYPESGWDRLRELFGKDEQQRISKDLANICKTAATAGIIGW 89
AD V +E + ++ E+G +RL+++F DE I +L ++ + +IG
23 ADEIVDKENKTYKAFLASKPPEETGLERLKQMFTIDEFGSIFSELNSVYQAGFLGFLIGA 82
Ouerv:
Sbict:
           90 VYGGIPAFIHAKQQYIEQSQAEIYHNRFDAVQSAHRAATRGFIRYGWRWGWRTAVFVTIF 149
+YGG+ A ++E +QA + + FDA + T F + G++WGWR +F T +
83 IYGGVTQSRVAYMNFMENNQATAFKSHFDAKKKLQDQFTVNFAKGGFKWGWRVGLFTTSY 142
Query:
Sbjct:
Query:
          150 NTVNTSLNVYRNKDALSHFVIAGAVTGSLFRINVGLRGLVAGGIIGALLGTPVGGLLMAF 209
          + T ++VYR K ++ ++ AG++TGSL+++++GLRG+ AGGIIG LG G +
143 FGIITCMSVYRGKSSIYEYLAAGSITGSLYKVSLGLRGMAAGGIIGGFLGGVAGVTSLLL 202
Sbjct:
          210 QKYSGETVQERKQKDRKALHELKLEEWKGRLQVTEHLPEKIESSLQEDEPE 260
Query:
          K SG +++E ++ ++K RL E++ + + +++ PE
203 MKASGTSMEE------VRYWQYKWRLDRDENIQQAFKKLTEDENPE 242
Sbjct:
             Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_2b17, frame 3
                        Report for DKFZphfbr2_2b17.3
(LENGTH)
                285
                32177.88
(WM)
[pI]
                8.65
[HOMOL]
                PIR: JQ1024 hypothetical 30K protein (DmRP140 5' region) - fruit fly (Drosophila
melanogaster) 7e-20
(PROSITE)
                MYRISTYL
                CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 25
[KW]
[KW]
                TRANSMEMBRANE 3
[KW]
                LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                     5.96 %
SEQ
        MEVPPPAPRSFLCRALCLFPRVFAAEAVTADSEVLEERQKRLPYVPEPYYPESGWDRLRE
SEG
        PRD
MEM
        LFGKDEQQRISKDLANICKTAATAGIIGWVYGGIPAFIHAKQQYIEQSQAEIYHNRFDAV
SEO
SEG
PRD
        MEM
        QSAHRAATRGFIRYGWRWGWRTAVFVTIFNTVNTSLNVYRNKDALSHFVIAGAVTGSLFR
SEO
SEG
                  PRD
        hhhhhhhhhccccccceeeeeeecccccceeeccccceee
MEM
           SEO
        INVGLRGLVAGGIIGALLGTPVGGLLMAFQKYSGETVQERKQKDRKALHELKLEEWKGRL
```

SEG PRD MEM	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx. eecccccccceeeeecccccchhhhhhhhccchhhhhhhh				
SEQ SEG	QVTEHLPEKIESSLQEDEPENDAKKIEALLNLPRNPSVIDKQDKD				
PRD	ccccccchhhhl	ոշշշշնիհիհիհիհինշշ	ccceeecccc		
MEM	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •		
		Prosite for DKFZphfb:	r2_2b17.3		
PS00001	153->157	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC0001		
PS00006	53->57	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	108->112	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006	,	
PS00006	216->220	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	253->257	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	277->281	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00008			PDOC00008		
PS00008	3 204->210	MYRISTYL	PDOC0008		

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2b17.3)

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DKFZphfbr2_2b5
```

group: cell structure and motility

DKFZphfbr2_2b5 encodes a novel 957 amino acid protein with strong similarity to collagens.

The novel protein contains the typical (xxG)n repeat of collagen proteins and a Pfam von Willebrand factor type A domain. Therefore, the protein seems to be a new collagen alpha chain.

The new protein can find application in modulation of connective tissue, bone and cartilage development and maintainance.

similarity to collagen proteins

shows typical (xxG)n repeat of collagen proteins [PFAM] von Willebrand factor type A domain

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="6"

Insert length: 4160 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4141, polyadenylation signal at pos. 4119

1 GGGGGCCCGC TGCAGGGAGA ACGGACTCCG GGCGGAGGGC AGCCAATCCG 51 TTTCAGCGCA GGTCTTGCTC GGGTTGGGCT TGCCACTGCC TGGAACATAC 101 CTGTCCCCCT GGCGCAACAC TCAGCTGGCT GCGACCGCAA CCCCGAGCCT 151 GGACACTGCG CCAGGAATCC TAAAACCAAA ATATTAGAAC GAAAACAGAA 201 ACATGGCTCA CTATATTACA TTTCTCTGCA TGGTTTTGGT GCTGCTTCTT 251 CAGAATTCTG TGTTAGCTGA AGATGGGGAA GTAAGATCAA GTTGTCGTAC 301 TGCTCCGACA GATTTAGTTT TCATCTTAGA TGGCTCTTAT AGTGTTGGCC 351 CAGAAAACTT TGAAATAGTG AAAAAGTGGC TTGTCAATAT CACAAAAAAC 401 TTTGACATAG GGCCGAAGTT TATTCAAGTT GGAGTGGTTC AATATAGTGA 451 CTACCCTGTG CTGGAGATTC CTCTCGGAAG CTATGATTCA GGAGAACATT 501 TGACGGCAGC AGTGGAATCC ATACTCTACT TAGGAGGAAA CACAAAGACA 551 GGGAAGGCCA TCCAGTTTGC GCTCGATTAC CTTTTTGACA AGTCCTCACG
601 ATTTCTGACT AAGATAGCAG TGGTACTTAC GGATGGCAAG TCCCAAGATG 651 ACGTCAAGGA TGCAGCTCAA GCAGCAAGAG ATAGTAAGAT AACATTATTT
701 GCTATTGGTG TTGGTTCAGA AACAGAAGAT GCCGAACTTA GAGCTATTGC 751 CAACAAGCCT TCGTCTACTT ATGTGTTTTA TGTGGAAGAC TATATTGCAA 801 TATCCAAAAT AAGGGAAGTG ATGAAGCAGA AACTTTGTGA AGAATCTGTC 851 TGTCCAACAC GAATTCCAGT GGCAGCTCGT GATGAAAGGG GATTTGATAT 901 TCTTTTGGGT TTAGATGTAA ATAAAAAGGT TAAGAAAAGA ATACAGCTTT 951 CACCAAAAA GATAAAAGGA TATGAAGTAA CATCAAAAGT TGATTTATCA 1001 GAACTCACAA GCAATGTTTT CCCAGAAGGT CTTCCTCCAT CATATGTATT 1051 TGTGTCTACT CAAAGATTTA AAGTCAAGAA AATTTGGGAT TTATGGAGAA 1101 TATTAACTAT TGATGGAAGG CCACAAATAG CAGTTACCTT AAATGGTGTG
1151 GACAAAATCT TATTATTAC AACAACCAGC GTAATTAATG GCTCACAAGT 1201 GGTTACCTTT GCTAACCCTC AAGTTAAGAC GTTGTTTGAT GAAGGCTGGC 1251 ACCAAATTCG TCTCTTAGTA ACAGAACAAG ATGTGACTTT GTATATTGAT 1301 GACCAACAAA TTGAAAACAA GCCCTTACAT CCAGTTTTAG GGATCTTGAT 1351 CAATGGGCAA ACCCAAATTG GAAAATATTC TGGAAAAGAA GAAACTGTTC 1401 AGTTTGATGT CCAAAAGTTG CGAATCTACT GTGACCCAGA ACAGAACAAC 1451 CGGGAGACAG CATGTGAGAT TCCTGGATTT AATGGAGAGT GCCTTAATGG 1501 TCCCAGTGAT GTAGGTTCAA CTCCAGCTCC CTGTATTTGT CCTCCGGGAA 1551 AACCAGGACT TCAAGGCCCC AAAGGTGACC CTGGACTGCC TGGGAACCCT 1601 GGCTACCCTG GACAACCTGG TCAAGATGGT AAGCCTGGAT ATCAGGGAAT 1651 TGCAGGGACA CCAGGTGTTC CAGGATCTCC AGGAATACAA GGAGCTCGAG 1701 GACTACCAGG TTACAAAGGA GAACCAGGGC GAGATGGTGA CAAGGGTGAT 1751 CGTGGACTTC CTGGTTTTCC TGGGCTTCAT GGCATGCCAG GATCAAAGGG 1801 TGAAATGGGT GCCAAAGGAG ACAAAGGATC ACCTGGATTT TATGGCAAAA 1851 AGGGTGCAAA AGGTGAAAAG GGGAATGCTG GCTTCCCTGG CCTCCCTGGA 1901 CCTGCTGGAG AACCAGGAAG ACATGGAAAG GATGGATTAA TGGGTAGTCC 1951 CGGTTTCAAG GGAGAAGCAG GATCCCCTGG TGCTCCGGGG CAGGATGGAA 2001 CACGGGGAGA GCCTGGAATC CCAGGATTC CTGGAAACCG AGGATTAATG 2051 GGCCAAAAGG GAGAAATTGG GCCTCCAGGA CAGCAAGGAA AAAAAGGAGC 2101 CCCAGGGATG CCTGGTTTAA TGGGAAGCAA TGGCTCACCA GGCCAGCCTG 2151 GAACACCGGG ATCTAAGGGA AGCAAAGGTG AACCTGGAAT TCAAGGGATG 2201 CCTGGGGCTT CAGGGCTCAA GGGAGAACCA GGAGCAACGG GTTCCCCAGG 2251 AGAACCAGGA TACATGGGTT TACCCGGGAT TCAAGGAAAA AAGGGGGACA 2301 AAGGAAATCA AGGTGAAAAA GGTATTCAGG GTCAAAAGGG AGAAAATGGA 2351 AGACAGGGAA TTCCAGGGCA ACAGGGAATT CAAGGCCATC ATGGTGCAAA 2401 AGGAGAGAGA GGTGAAAAGG GAGAACCTGG TGTCCGAGGT GCCATTGGAT 2451 CAAAAGGAGA ATCTGGGGTG GATGGCTTGA TGGGGCCCGC AGGTCCTAAG 2501 GGGCAACCTG GGGATCCAGG TCCTCAGGGA CCCCCAGGTT TGGATGGGAA 2551 GCCCGGAAGA GAGTTTTCAG AACAATTTAT TCGACAAGTT TGCACAGATG

2601 TAATAAGAGC CCAGCTACCA GTCTTACTTC AGAGTGGAAG AATTAGAAAT 2651 TGTGATCATT GCCTGTCCCA ACATGGCTCC CCGGGTATTC CTGGGCCACC 2701 TGGTCCGATA GGCCCAGAGG GTCCCAGAGG ATTACCTGGT TTGCCAGGAA 2751 GAGATGGTGT TCCTGGATTA GTGGGTGTCC CTGGACGTCC AGGTGTCAGA 2801 GGATTAAAAG GCCTACCAGG AAGAAATGGG GAAAAAGGGA GCCAAGGGTT 2851 TGGGTATCCT GGAGAACAAG GTCCTCCTGG TCCCCCAGGT CCAGAGGGCC 2901 CTCCTGGAAT AAGCAAAGAA GGTCCTCCAG GAGACCCAGG TCTCCCTGGC 2951 AAAGATGGAG ACCATGGAAA ACCTGGAATC CAAGGGCAAC CAGGCCCCCC 3001 AGGCATCTGC GACCCATCAC TATGTTTTAG TGTAATTGCC AGAAGAGATC
3051 CGTTCAGAAA AGGACCAAAC TATTAGTGTC TGATGCCTCA TTCAGCAGCC
3101 TAGGCATGGT GCTTTTCTG TGGTCTTTTG CATCTCAGGA AGATAACCAA 3151 CAGTATCCCT TGAAAAGAAA CTTAAGTACC TCGGTGTTTT TATTTTTTT 3201 TTCTTATGGA AAAAAATATA AAAGATCACA TATACTGATT TTAAAGGCTC 3201 TTCTTATGGA AAAAAATATA AAAGATCACA TATACTGATT TTAAAGGCTC
3251 CTCAGTCATT TGGAGCCCTT GGATTAGCAG CATTAATTAA ATCTCAAAGG
3301 TTTCTTGTAA AGTCCATTTA TGTTAATCAA AGTTGAATAT AAAAATCCAC
3351 CATTGCCTGT TAGCCAGTCA GTTTTAGTCA CTGTGAAATA TTTCACATTC
3401 AGCCTCCATG CAGTAGAGAT TTGAGTTTAA TTTCATGTCC ATGTGACTTT
3451 CATGTTTCCT ATCTCATAGC TCATGCTACT ACATAAGCCA AAACATGTAT
3501 CTCATCATTG GAAGTAAGAT CAGGGCTGAT ATTCACCTGG GATAGACAGT 3551 ATTGGTGAAC TACTCATTTA CTACAGTGTC TCAGCCTTGA TAAAGGGCAG
3601 TGGATTGCCT GTTGTTCGGT GTTGTGAATA GCACCTCTGA ATAAGATTAG 3651 AGTGTTTCTT AATTCATTTC AAACTCTAAA ATTAGATTAA TGGTGGTGCT 3701 AAGAAAGAGT ATTAATTACT TTGGGAATGG TCAAAATTAA CATTAAAAAC 3751 ATTTTAGACA AAAAGTTTCA TTGTACATTC AAAGAAAATG TAAGTTTGGA 3801 AGTACTAAAA GACTATTTTA TACTTGTTGA TTAATCGGAA TGTTTGTTGT 3851 ATGCCTTCAT TTTCCATTTC ACTTATATGT GCATGTCCAT ATATGTTAAT 3901 TTTCATTGTA GCAAAGCTAA TGGAAATAAA GCTAATGCTC TAGTTGAAAG 3951 AAAAGGAAAA CTCCTGAAAT CCTAGAATGT CTTGTTATTT TTAGCTGACT 4001 GTAAAATATT ATGAACAGTC TTTGTGTATT GTGCTTAATG CTTTTGTAAG 4051 AAACAGAATT TGAAATATTT CATCCTTGTC ATGCTCAAAA TTTTGTTACA 4101 TGCTTGTTAT TCAGAGTATA ATAAAGTTTT GTACAGGCCT GAAAAAAAA 4151 AAAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS682J15 from database EMBLNEW: Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 682J15 Score = 6240, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 1256/1263 13 exons matching Bp 2015-4118

Entry HS708F5 from database EMBLNEW: Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 708F5 Score = 2775, P = 1.0e-221, identities = 739/912 10 exons matching Bp 5-1745

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 203 bp to 3073 bp; peptide length: 957 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MAHYITFLCM VLVLLLQNSV LAEDGEVRSS CRTAPTDLVF ILDGSYSVGP
51 ENFEIVKKWL VNITKNFDIG PKFIQVGVVQ YSDYPVLEIP LGSYDSGEHL
101 TAAVESILYL GGNTKTGKAI QFALDYLFDK SSRFLTKIAV VLTDGKSQDD
151 VKDAAQAARD SKITLFAIGV GSETEDAELR AIANKPSSTY VFYVEDYIAI
201 SKIREVMKQK LCEESVCPTR IPVAARDERG FDILLGLDVN KKVKKRIQLS
251 PKKIKGYEVT SKVOLSELTS NVFPEGLPPS YVFVSTQRFK VKKIMDLWRI
301 LTIDGRPQIA VTLNGVDKIL LFTTTSVING SQVVTFANPQ VKTLFDEGWH
301 QIRLLVTEQD VTLYIDDQQI ENKPLHPVLG ILINGQTQIG KYSGKEETVQ
401 FDVQKLRIYC DPEQNNRETA CEIPGFNGEC LNGPSDVGST PAPCICPPGK
451 PGLQGPKGDP GLPGNPGYPG QPGQDGKPGY QGIAGTPGVP GSPGIQGARG
501 LPGYKGEFGR DGDKGDRGLP GFPGLHGMPG SKGEMGAKD KGSPGFYGKK
501 RGEPGIPGFP GNRCLMGQKG EIGPPGQCK KGAPGMPGLM GSNGSPGQPG
601 RGEPGIPGFP GNRCLMGQKG EIGPPGQCK KGAPGMPGLM GSNGSPGQPG
601 RGEPGIPGFP GNRCLMGQKG EIGPPGQCK KGAPGMPGLM GSNGSPGQPG
601 RGEPGIPGF GNRCLMGQKG EIGPPGQCK KGAPGMPGLM GSNGSPGQPG
601 RGEPGIPGF GNRCLMGQKG EIGPPGQCK KGAPGMPGLM GSNGSPGQPG
601 RGEPGIPGF GNRCLMGQKG DGCQGHH GAKGERGEKG EPGVRGAIGS
601 RGEPGIPGG GRAFGRGPG DGCQGIQGHH GAKGERGEKG EPGVRGAIGS
602 RGEPGGLMG GPAGPKGQPG DPGQGPPGL DGKPGREFSE QFIRQVCTDV
801 IRAQLPVLLQ SGRIRNCDHC LSQHGSPGIP GPPGIPGEP PRGLPGLPGR

```
851 DGVPGLVGVP GRPGVRGLKG LPGRNGEKGS QGFGYPGEQG PPGPPGPEGP
901 PGISKEGPPG DPGLPGKDGD HGKPGIQGQP GPPGICDPSL CFSVIARRDP
951 PRKCPNV
```

BLASTP hits

Entry HSCOL7AIX_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "COL7AI"; product: "collagen type VII"; Homo sapiens (clones:
CW52-2, CW27-6, CW15-2, CW26-5, 11-67) collagen type VII intergenic
region and (COL7A1) gene, complete cds.
Score = 949, P = 3.4e-122, identities = 237/553, positives = 281/553

Entry CA17_HUMAN from database SWISSPROT:
COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(VII) CHAIN PRECURSOR (LONG-CHAIN COLLAGEN) (LC
COLLAGEN). >TREMBL:HSCOL7A1_1 gene: "COL7A1"; product: "alpha-1 type
VII collagen"; Human alpha-1 type VII collagen (COL7A1) mRNA, complete
cds.
Score = 949, P = 3.6e-122, identities = 237/553, positives = 281/553

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2b5, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2b5, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2 2b5.2

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                 99413.38
[pI]
                 8.49
                 PIR:A40020 collagen alpha 1(XII) chain precursor - chicken 9e-90
[HOMOL]
[BLOCKS]
                 BL01119B Copper-fist domain proteins
[BLOCKS]
                 BL00313B
[BLOCKS]
                 BL01113A Clq domain proteins
[BLOCKS]
                 BL00420A Speract receptor repeat proteins domain proteins
                 dlzoob 3.45.1.1.1 Integrin CDlla/CDl8 (LFA-1) [Human (Hom 2e-58 dlido 3.45.1.1.2 Integrin CR3 (CDllb/CDl8), alpha subunit [Huma 8e-62 3.1.1.7 Acetylcholinesterase 7e-24 blocked amino end le-43
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[EC]
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
                 duplication 7e-46
                 cornea 1e-35
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
                 lung 2e-40
                 leukocyte 1e-42
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
                 skin le-40
[PIRKW]
                 transmembrane protein 1e-37
[PIRKW]
                 cartilage 3e-59
[PIRKW]
                 hydroxylysine 4e-62
                 connective tissue 3e-43
triple helix 5e-82
homotrimer 2e-37
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
                 bone 6e-40
                 Alport syndrome 1e-42
laminin binding 2e-40
[PTRKW]
[PIRKW]
                 liver 2e-40
[PIRKW]
                 glycoprotein 5e-82
[PIRKW]
                 carboxylic ester hydrolase 7e-24
[PIRKW]
                 disulfide bond 7e-46
[PIRKW]
                 cell binding 7e-46
heterotrimer 4e-62
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                 calcium binding 8e-28
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
                 alternative splicing 5e-82
[PIRKW]
                 coiled coil 5e-82
                 basement membrane 7e-46
[PIRKW]
                 trimer 5e-82
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                 pyroglutamic acid 3e-43
[PIRKW]
                 hydroxyproline 4e-62
                 extracellular matrix 5e-82
[PIRKW]
                 chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan 6e-41 sulfoprotein 7e-39
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                 kidney le-42 angiogenesis inhibitor 6e-36
[PIRKW]
                  Ehlers-Danlos syndrome 2e-40
(PIRKW)
                  fibronectin type III repeat homology 5e-82
[SUPFAM]
                  scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain homology 1e-37
(SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
                 C-type lectin homology 6e-30
[SUPFAM]
                 collagen alpha 2(I) chain 5e-40
[SUPFAM]
                 collagen alpha 1(I) chain 6e-44
```

```
[SUPFAM]
            fibrillar collagen carboxyl-terminal homology 6e-44
            animal Kunitz-type proteinase inhibitor homology 2e-38 fibronectin type II repeat homology 6e-21
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
            complement Clq carboxyl-terminal homology 1e-38 collagen alpha 3(VI) chain 2e-31
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
            collagen alpha 1(IV) chain 7e-46
(SUPFAM)
            collagen alpha 1(VI) chain 2e-37
[SUPFAM]
            von Willebrand factor type C repeat homology 6e-44
(SUPFAM)
            unassigned collagens 4e-62
[SUPFAM]
            von Willebrand factor type A repeat homology 5e-82
            collagen alpha 1(XIV) chain 5e-82
(SUPFAM)
            pulmonary surfactant protein D 6e-30 collagen alpha 1(V) chain 7e-39
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
            collagen alpha 1(VIII) chain 1e-38
(SUPFAM)
            EGF homology le-35
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
            AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
            MYRISTYL
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                               13
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
            von Willebrand factor type A domain
[PFAM]
(KW)
            Irregular
(KW)
            3D
[KW]
            SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 23
                           24.24 %
[KW]
            LOW COMPLEXITY
SEO
      MAHYITFLCMVLVLLLQNSVLAEDGEVRSSCRTAPTDLVFILDGSYSVGPENFEIVKKWL
SEG
      .....CCCEEEEEECCCCCCHHHHHHHHHHH
1atzB
SEO
      VNITKNFDIGPKFIQVGVVQYSDYPVLEIPLGSYDSGEHLTAAVESILYLGGNTKTGKAI
SEG
latzB
      НИНИННССВТТТЕЕЕЕЕЕЕТТТЕЕЕЕЕТТТТТТНИНИНИНИНССССССССИНИНИ
SEQ
      QFALDYLFDKSSRFLTK1AVVLTDGKSQDDVKDAAQAARDSKITLFAIGVGSETEDAELR
SEG
      нинининиссттттеееееееессстттинининининини
latzB
      AIANKPSSTYVFYVEDYIAISKIREVMKOKLCEESVCPTRIPVAARDERGFDILLGLDVN
SEO
SEG
      1atzB
SEQ
      KKVKKRIQLSPKKIKGYEVTSKVDLSELTSNVFPEGLPPSYVFVSTQRFKVKKIWDLWRI
SEG
      latzB
SEQ
      LTIDGRPOIAVTLNGVDKILLFTTTSVINGSOVVTFANPOVKTLFDEGWHOIRLLVTEOD
SEG
1atzB
SEQ
      VTLYIDDQQIENKPLHPVLGILINGQTQIGKYSGKEETVQFDVQKLRIYCDPEQNNRETA
SEG
latzB
SEQ
      CEIPGFNGECLNGPSDVGSTPAPCICPPGKPGLQGPKGDPGLPGNPGYPGQPGQDGKPGY
SEG
      1atzB
      SEQ
      QGIAGTPGVPGSPGIQGARGLPGYKGEPGRDGDKGDRGLPGFPGLHGMPGSKGEMGAKGD
SEG
latzB
SEQ
      KGSPGFYGKKGAKGEKGNAGFPGLPGPAGEPGRHGKDGLMGSPGFKGEAGSPGAPGQDGT
SEG
      1atzB
      RGEPGI PGFPGNRGLMGOKGEIGPPGOOGKKGAPGMPGLMGSNGSPGOPGTPGSKGSKGE
SEO
      SEG
1atz8
      PGIQGMPGASGLKGEPGATGSPGEPGYMGLPGIQGKKGDKGNQGEKGIQGQKGENGRQGI
SEO
      .....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEG
latzB
      SEQ
      {\tt PGQQGIQGHHGAKGERGEKGEPGVRGAIGSKGESGVDGLMGPAGPKGQPGDPGPQGPPGL}
      SEG
1atzB
      SEQ
      DGKPGREFSEQFIRQVCTDVIRAQLPVLLQSGRIRNCDHCLSQHGSPGIPGPPGPIGPEG
SEG
```

latzB	
SEQ SEG latzB	PRGLPGLPGRDGVPGLVGVPGRPGVRGLKGLPGRNGEKGSQGFGYPGEQGPPGPPGPEGP xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG 1atzB	PGISKEGPPGDPGLPGKDGDHGKPGIQGQPGPPGICDPSLCFSVIARRDPFRKGPNY xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2b5.2

5600001	CO > CC	TON OF VOCCUTAMENT	PD0C00001
PS00001	62->66	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	
PS00001	329->333	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
PS00005	30->33	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	116->119	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	131->134	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	250->253	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	260->263	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	286->289	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	393->396		PDOC00005
PS00005	811->814	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	147->151	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	172->176	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	261->265	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	5D0C00006
PS00006	343->347	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	357->361	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	393->397	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	419->423	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	531->535	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	600->604	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	657->661	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	681->685	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	750->754	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	754->758	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	92->98	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	112->118	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	236->242	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	276->282	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	380->386	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	494->500	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	527->533	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	596->602	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	638->644	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	650->656	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	653->659	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	665->671	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	743->749	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	746->752	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	547->551	AMIDATION	PD0C00009
PS00009	628->632	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00009	694->698	AMIDATION	PD0C00009
	03 030		

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_2b5.2

HMM_NAME	von Willebrand factor type A domain
нмм	*DIVFLIDGSdSIGpqNFNrMKDFIeRMMERMDIgPDwIRVGVVQYSdNP
	D+VF++DGS S+GP NF+++K+ ++++ ++DIGP+ I+VGVVQYSD P
Query	37 DLVFILDGSYSVGPENFEIVKKWLVNITKNFDIGPKFIQVGVVQYSDYP 85
нмм	RqEmrFmFNDYQNKeEILQaIqqMMyWMgggTNTGeAIQYVvrNMFweer
	E +++ Y + E++++A+ ++ ++GG T+TG AIQ++++++F +++
Query	86 VLEIPLGSYDSGEHLTAAVESIL-YLGGNTKTGKAIQFALDYLFDKSS 132
нмм	GmRWenvPQVMIIITDGRSQDDIRDpIneMrrmaGIqvFaIGIGNhDNnn
	+ ++++++TDG+SQDD++D++++R+ I+ FAIG+G
Query	133 RFLTKIAVVLTDGKSQDDVKDAAQAARD-SKITLFAIGVGSETE 175
нмм	WeELReIASePdEdHVFyVdDFeeLdnMqeqL*
	+ELR IA++P++ +VFYV+D+ +++ ++E +
Query	176 DAELRAIANKPSSTYVFYVEDYIAISKIREVM 207

```
DKF2phfbr2_2c1
```

group: brain derived

DKF2phfbr2 2cl encodes a novel 697 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3973 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3914, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3900

1 GGGGGGATTT CGGCGGCGGA AACATGGCGG TCGCGGCCGG GCCGGTAACG
51 GAGAAAGTTT ACGCCGACAC TGGCCTCTAT TAGCGCGTAT GGCCTCGGGC
101 CCTCGTTCCC CAAGGCGTGC CGCCTCCCTG TTCTCAGTCG CAGGCTGAAG
151 CCTTGTCTGC TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGTTTGG TTTTTGGAACT GACTCCGAGG 201 GTTGGGAGAG CGCGTTGGTG GCGACGGCCG AGTCAGATCA CTATAAACAA 251 AATTTCCACA AGAGAAAATG TTGAAATAGG AGTTGCGGAT ACATTGGATA 301 TACTGGATGA AATACAAGCG GTTAATTTTT GTAACGTGAG GGAAAAGCCC 351 ACATTGCTGG TTACATGTGT AAATCACTGC GTTATTGCTT TAGTCATTGT 401 CTCTATTTAG CAATGACAAG ACTGGAAGAA GTAAATAGAG AAGTGAACAT 451 GCATTCTTCA GTGCGGTATC TTGGCTATTT AGCCAGAATC AATTTATTGG 501 TTGCTATATG CTTAGGTCTA TACGTAAGAT GGGAAAAAAC AGCAAATTCC 551 TTAATTTTGG TAATTTTTAT TCTTGGTCTT TTTGTTCTTG GAATCGCCAG 601 CATACTCTAT TACTATTTTT CAATGGAAGC AGCAAGTTTA AGTCTCTCCA 651 ATCTTTGGTT TGGATTCTTG CTTGGCCTCC TATGTTTTCT TGATAATTCA 701 TCCTTTAAAA ATGATGTAAA AGAAGAATCA ACCAAATATT TGCTTCTAAC 751 ATCCATAGTG TTAAGGATAT TGTGCTCTCT GGTGGAGAGA ATTTCTGGCT 801 ATGTCCGTCA TCGGCCCACT TTACTAACCA CAGTTGAATT TCTGGAGCTT 851 GTTGGATTTG CCATTGCCAG CACAACTATG TTGGTGGAGA AGTCTCTGAG 901 TGTCATTTTG CTTGTTGTAG CTCTGGCTAT GCTGATTATT GATCTGAGAA 951 TGAAATCTTT CTTAGCTATT CCAAACTTAG TTATTTTTGC AGTTTTGTTA 1001 TTTTTTCCT CATTGGAAAC TCCCAAAAAT CCGATTGCTT TTGCGTGTTT 1051 TTTTATTTGC CTGATAACTG ATCCTTTCCT TGACATTTAT TTTAGTGGAC 1101 TTTCAGTAAC TGAAAGATGG AAACCCTTTT TGTACCGTGG AAGAATTTGC 1151 AGAAGACTTT CAGTCGTTTT TGCTGGAATG ATTGAGCTTA CATTTTTAT 1201 TCTTTCCGCA TTCAAACTTA GAGACACTCA CCTCTGGTAT TTTGTAATAC 1251 CTGGCTTTTC CATTTTTGGA ATTTTCAGGA TGATTTGTCA TATTATTTTT 1301 CTTTTAACTC TTTGGGGATT CCATACCAAA TTAAATGACT GCCATAAAGT 1351 ATATTTACT CACAGGACAG ATTACAATAG CCTTGATAGA ATCATGGCAT 1401 CCAAAGGGAT GCGCCATTTT TGCTTGATTT CAGAGCAGTT GGTGTTCTTT 1451 AGTCTTCTTG CAACAGCGAT TTTGGGAGCA GTTTCCTGGC AGCCAACAAA 1501 TGGAATTTTC TTGAGCATGT TCCTAATCGT TTTGCCATTG GAATCCATGG 1551 CTCATGGGCT CTTCCATGAA TTGGGTAACT GTTTAGGAGG AACATCTGTT 1601 GGATATGCTA TTGTGATTCC CACCAACTTC TGCAGTCCTG ATGGTCAGCC 1651 AACACTGCTT CCCCCAGAAC ATGTACAGGA GTTAAATTTG AGGTCTACTG 1751 TATGGATGTG ACTATTCCAC AAGTGGACTG TCATTTGATA CTCTGCATTC 1801 CAAACTAAAA GCTTTCCTCG AACTTCGGAC AGTGGATGGA CCCAGACATG 1851 ATACGTATAT TTTGTATTAC AGTGGGCACA CCCATGGTAC AGGAGAGTGG 1901 GCTCTAGCAG GTGGAGATAC ACTACGCCTT GACACACTTA TAGAATGGTG 1951 GAGAGAAAAG AATGGTTCCT TTTGTTCCCG GCTTATTATC GTATTAGACA 2001 GCGAAAATTC AACCCCTTGG GTGAAAGAAG TGAGGAAAAT TAATGACCAG 2051 TATATTGCAG TGCAAGGAGC AGAGTTGATA AAAACAGTAG ATATTGAAGA 2101 AGCTGACCCG CCACAGCTAG GTGACTTTAC AAAAGACTGG GTAGAATATA 2151 ACTGCAACTC CTGTAATAAC ATCTGCTGGA CTGAAAAGGG ACGCACAGTG 2201 AAAGCAGTAT ATGGTGTGTC AAAACGGTGG AGTGACTACA CTCTGCATTT 2251 GCCAACGGGA AGCGATGTGG CCAAGCACTG GATGTTACAC TTTCCTCGTA 2301 TTACATATCC CCTAGTGCAT TTGGCAAATT GGTTATGCGG TCTGAACCTT 2351 TTTTGGATCT GCAAAACTTG TTTTAGGTGC TTGAAAAGAT TAAAAATGAG 2401 TTGGTTTCTT CCTACTGTGC TGGACACAGG ACAAGGCTTC AAACTTGTCA 2451 AATCTTAATT TGGACCCCAA AGCGGGATAT TAATAAGCAC TCATACTACC 2501 AATTATCACT AACTTGCCAT TTTTTGTATG CTGTATTTTT ATTTGTGGAA 2551 AATACCTTGC TACTTCTGTA GCTGCTCTCA CTTTGTCTTT TCTTAAGTAA 2601 TTATGGTATA TATAAGGCGT TGGGAAAAAA CATTTTATAA TGAAAGTATG 2651 TAGGGAGTCA AATGCTTACT GTAAATGCAT AAGAGACGTT AAAAATAACA 2701 CTGCACTTC AGGAATGTTT GCTTATGGTC CTGATTAGAA AGAAACAGTT

206

2751 GTCTATGCTC TGCAATGGTC AATGATGAAT TACTAATGCC TTATTTTCTA 2801 GGCATATAAT AATAGTTTAG AGAATGTAGA CCAGATAAAT TTGTTTACTG 2851 TTTTAAGAAA ACTACCAGTT TACTTACAGA AGATTCTTTT TTCCAAACAG 2901 TAGGTTTCAT CCAAGACCAT TTGAAGAACT GCAAACTCTT TCTCTTAGAA 2951 AAGAAAGAGG GCAGCCTAAA ATAAACGCAA AATTTGCTTA TACTCCATCA 3001 CATTCAGATG TCTTGGTTGT GACTTATTAC CAGTGTGGCA GAGAACCCAA 3051 GTTACATTTT AGATCAAAAT ATTCTTTATG TAGGTATTGT TAAAAAGGCTA 3101 GAGCCTACAA GTTGCTCTTC CATGCGTTGG TCAGGGGGCC CTGAAAACAC 3151 TGGTAATATT AAGAGTCTTT CTCAGGGTAA CTTAATGTTT TCTTAATGAA 3201 CAGTGTTTCC AGCTACAAAT TCTTCCAATA AATTGTCTTC CTTTTTGAAA 3251 AGTACTCTCA TAGAAGAAAT TTAGCAATTT CTCGTTGACT GACTCAGTCT 3301 ATTTTAAGTA TTCAGAAAAG ATTTTGATCC CCATTGAGTT AATGCTCTGC
3351 CTTGAAAATT ATTTTTCTGA TCCTTGTTAG TGATAACATT TTTTTTCTAC 3401 TGAAGGTCAG AGGATAGGAA ACAAGTATTT CTCTTCTGGT ATACATGTAA
3451 TGTATTCTGT AAAAAAGTAT TCATATTGGC AATTTTAGTT AGGCATAATA
3501 TTGTGGTTGT AATTTTAAA ACTTAGTGTT TTGTCTGATT AAAGCAGGCA 3551 CTGATCAGGG TATCTCCTAA GAGGTAATTC ACTTCTTATT CCTTTCCAAT 3601 AATTATTACA TTCTAAATTT TCATCTATGA GAAATAACAA ACAAGAAGGG 3651 AATAGAATTA AATTGGGGTA TAATCTAATC TTCATTGTTT AAATGGTTTG 3701 CCTTCTCACC ATTGAAGCCA TTTTTTTATA GCCTCAGAAA GAGGAAATAA 3751 TGCCTCCACC ATTTTCTACC TGGTGACTTG AAAATTGAAC TTTTAAGTTA 3801 GGAAGAAGTT AGAGTCAGGG AACTTGTATA CCACTATCTA TGCAGCATTG 3851 TTATAGTCTG ATTATTTCTG TGTTTTGAAT ATGATTTTCC TAATGCTCTA 3901 AATAAAATTT TGTTAAAAAT CAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA CTTATCGATA 3951 CCGTCGACCT CGATGATGTC GAC

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 365 bp to 2455 bp; peptide length: 697 Category: putative protein Classification: unset

1 MCKSLRYCFS HCLYLAMTRL EEVNREVNMH SSVRYLGYLA RINLLVAICL 51 GLYVRWEKTA NSLILVIFIL GLFVLGIASI LYYYFSMEAA SLSLSNLWFG 101 FLLGLLCFLD NSSFKNDVKE ESTKYLLITS IVLRILCSLV ERISGYVRHR 151 PTLLTTVEFL ELVGFAIAST TMLVEKSLSV ILLVVALAML IIDLRMKSFL 201 AIPNLVIFAV LLFFSSLETP KNPIAFACFF ICLITDFFLD IYFSGLSVTE 251 RWKPFLYRGR ICRRLSVVFA GMIELTFFIL SAFKLRDTHL WYFVIFGFSI 301 FGIFRMICHI IFLLTLWGFH TKLNDCHKVY FTHRTDYNSL DRIMASKGMR 351 HFCLISEQLV FFSLLATAIL GAVSWQPTNG IFLSMFLIVL PLESMAHGLF 401 HELGNCLGGT SVGYAIVIPT NFCSPDGQPT LLPPEHVQEL NLRSTGMLNA

451 IQRFFAYHMI ETYGCDYSTS GLSFDTLHSK LKAFLELRTV DGPRHDTYIL 501 YYSGHTHGTG EWALAGGDTL RLDTLIEWWR EKNGSFCSRL IIVLDSENST 551 PWVKEVRKIN DQYIAVQGAE LIKTVDIEEA DPPQLGDFTK DWVEYNCNSC

601 NNICWTEKGR TVKAVYGVSK RWSDYTLHLP TGSDVAKHWM LHFPRITYPL 651 VHLANWLCGL NLFWICKTCF RCLKRLKMSW FLPTVLDTGQ GFKLVKS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2c1, frame 2

PIR:A71148 hypothetical protein PH0395 - Pyrococcus horikoshii, N = 1, Score = 96, P = 0.12

HSPs:

Score = 96 (14.4 bits), Expect = 1.3e-01, P = 1.2e-01 Identities = 59/234 (25%), Positives = 116/234 (49%)

```
77 IASILYYYFSMEAASLSLSNLWFGFLL--GL--LCFLDNSSFKNDVKEESTKYLLLTSIV 132
++ +LYY F+ A ++ L G+LL + L +L N + V+ + K + ++
57 LSLVLYYLFAFSALK-TIIFLALGYLLMNSIYELGYLMNDTISRRVEGKVHKVRVKLTVF 115
Query:
Sbjct:
            133 LRILCSLVERISGYVRHRPTLLTTVEFLELVGFAIASTTMLVEKSLSVILLVVALAMLII 192
Query:
            +L +L I YV ++ T+ FL+LVG ++ +L E +L ++ L+ L +

116 DSLLIALSRAI--YV----VIFTLVFLKLVGLQYSTQVILAEVTLFLVFLLYDLTPKHV 168
Sbjct:
            193 DLRMKSFLAIPNLVIFAVLLFFSSLET-PKNPIAFACFFICLITDPFLDIYFSGLSVTER 251
Query:
            M SF + + F +LL F T +N I + FI I F ++ + + 169 RTVMLSF-PLKFMKAFVLLLPFIITGTLVENVITLS--FILPIAVRFSQAHYLKTACKDN 225
Sbjct:
            252 WKPFLYRGRICRRLSVVFAGMIEL-TFFILSAFK-LRDTHLW-YFVIPGFSIFGIFRMIC 308
Query:
            P ++ R+ R S+++ + L TF +L +F L +T L ++IP F++ + ++
226 -PPRDFKRRV-ERFSMMYLQVTSLSTFTVLVSFVYLGNTDLLRQYLIP-FAVNVVLILLS 282
Sbjct:
            309 HI 310
Query:
            283 YL 284
Sbjct:
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2c1, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_2c1.2

(LENGTH [MW] [PI] [KW] [KW]	1] 697 79741.46 8.41 TRANSMEMBRANE 11 LOW_COMPLEXITY 9.76 %
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	MCKSLRYCFSHCLYLAMTRLEEVNREVNMHSSVRYLGYLARINLLVAICLGLYVRWEKTA CCCeeehhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	NSLILVIFILGLFVLGIASILYYYFSMEAASLSLSNLWFGFLLGLLCFLDNSSFKNDVKExxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	ESTKYLLLTSIVLRILCSLVERISGYVRHRPTLLTTVEFLELVGFAIASTTMLVEKSLSV
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	ILLVVALAMLIIDLRMKSFLAIPNLVIFAVLLFFSSLETPKNPIAFACFFICLITDPFLD XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	IYFSGLSVTERWKPFLYRGRICRRLSVVFAGMIELTFFILSAFKLRDTHLWYFVIPGFSI eeecccccccccceeecccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FGIFRMICHIIFLLTLWGFHTKLNDCHKVYFTHRTDYNSLDRIMASKGMRHFCLISEQLV hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccccceeeeeeecccccchhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FFSLLATAILGAVSWQPTNGIFLSMFLIVLPLESMAHGLFHELGNCLGGTSVGYAIVIPT hhhhhhhhhhhcccccccchhhhhhhhhheeehhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	NFCSPDGQPTLLPPEHVQELNLRSTGMLNAIQRFFAYHMIETYGCDYSTSGLSFDTLHSK
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	LKAFLELRTVDGPRHDTYILYYSGHTHGTGEWALAGGDTLRLDTLIEWWREKNGSFCSRL hhhhhhhhhhccccceeeeeccccchhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ	IIVLDSENSTPWVKEVRKINDQYIAVQGAELIKTVDIEEADPPQLGDFTKDWVEYNCNSC

208

SEG PRD MEM	eeeecccccchhhhhhccceeeccceeeeeccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	NNICWTEKGRTVKAVYGVSKRWSDYTLHLPTGSDVAKHWMLHFPRITYPLVHLANWLCGL
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	NLFWICKTCFRCLKRLKMSWFLPTVLDTGQGFKLVKSeeeeeehhhhhhhhhhhhhhcceeeecccccccc
	Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_2c1.2) Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 2c1.2)

209

DKFZphfbr2_2c17

group: signal transduction

DKF2phfbr2_2c17.3 encodes a novel 446 amino acid protein with similarity to yeast YMR131c and mammalian retinoblastoma-binding protein RbAp46

The protein contains 1 WD-40 repeat, which is typical for the beta-transducin subunit of G-proteins. The beta subunits seem to be required for the replacement of GDP by GTP as well as for membrane anchoring and receptor recognition.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking G-protein-dependent pathways.

similarity to YMR131c and retinoblastoma-binding protein RbAp46

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Oiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2248 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2230, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2200

1 TGGGGAAGAT GGCGGCGCC AAGGGTCGGC GTCGCACGTG TGAAACCGGG 51 GAACCCATGG AAGCCGAGTC CGGCGACACA AGTTCCGAGG GCCCGGCCCA 101 GGTCTACCTG CCCGGCCGGG GGCCGCCGCT ACGCGAAGGG GAGGAGCTGG
151 TCATGGACGA GGAGGCCTAT GTGCTCTACC ACCGAGCGCA GACTGGCGCC 201 CCCTGTCTCA GCTTTGACAT AGTCCGGGAT CACCTGGGAG ACAACCGGAC
251 AGAGCTTCCT CTTACACTTT ACTTGTGC TGGGACCCAG GCTGAGAGCG 301 CCCAGAGCAA CAGACTGATG ATGCTTCGGA TGCACAATCT GCATGGGACA 351 AAGCCCCCAC CCTCAGAGGG CAGTGATGAA GAAGAAGAGG AGGAAGATGA 401 AGAGGATGAA GAAGAGCGGA AACCTCAGCT GGAGCTGGCC ATGGTGCCCC 451 ACTATGGTGG CATCAACCGA GTTCGGGTGT CATGGCTGGG TGAAGAGCCT 501 GTGGCTGGGG TGTGGTCAGA GAAGGGCCAG GTGGAGGTGT TTGCGCTGCG 551 GCGGCTTCTG CAGGTGGTGG AGGAGCCCCA GGCCCTGGCA GCCTTCCTCC 601 GGGATGAGCA GGCCCAAATG AAGCCCATCT TCTCCTTCGC TGGACACATG 651 GGCGAGGGCT TTGCCCTTGA CTGGTCCCCC CGGGTGACCG GTCGCCTGCT 701 GACCGGTGAC TGTCAAAAGA ACATCCACCT CTGGACACCT ACGGACGGCG 751 GCTCCTGGCA CGTGGCCACC CGGCCATTCG TGGGCCACAC ACGCTCTGTG 801 GAGGACCTGC AGTGGTCACC GACTGAGAAC ACGGTGTTTG CCTCCTGCTC 851 AGCTGACGCC TCCATCCGCA TCTGGGACAT CCGGGCAGCC CCCAGCAAGG 901 CCTGCATGCT CACCACAGTC ACCGCCCATG ATGGGGACGT CAATGTCATC 951 AGCTGGAGCC GCCGGGAGCC CTTCCTGCTC AGTGGCGGGG ATGATGGGGC 1001 CCTCAAGATC TGGGACCTTC GGCAGTTCAA GTCTGGTTCC CCAGTGGCCA 1051 CCTTCAAGCA GCACGTGGCC CCCGTGACCT CCGTCGAGTG GCACCCCCAG 1101 GACAGCGGGG TCTTTGCAGC CTCGGGTGCA GACCACCAGA TCACACAGTG 1151 GGACCTGGCA GTGGAGCGGG ACCCTGAGGC GGGCGACGTG GAGGCCGACC 1201 CCGGACTGGC CGACCTCCCG CAGCAGCTGC TGTTCGTGCA CCAGGGCGAG 1251 ACCGAGCTGA AGGAGCTGCA CTGGCACCCG CAGTGCCCAG GGCTCCTGGT 1301 CAGCACGGCG CTGTCAGGCT TCACCATCTT CCGCACCATC AGCGTCTGAG
1351 GCGTCCCACT GGCTCTGATC TTGCTTCCTG CTTGGAAACT GAAGTCGAAT 1401 TGGGCTCCCC TGGAAGGGGT TCATTCAGGT CTGTTGACTG AGACTGGCCG
1451 GCCTGTGGGC TGCCGTGATG GATTCTGTTT GACGTATTGT TCTCTAGAAG 1501 GCCTGGCTCT GATCCAGTGA CCCCTCTCAC CAAAGAACTC GGTTTAACCA 1551 GGGCTCTGTA AGACCACTCC CACCCAGAGA CTTGTGTGGC CTGGTGTGGC 1601 CTGTGTGTCG GATTCCTTCC TGTCAGCTGT GACCCATTTG ACCTGTGTCC 1651 CCAGAACCCA GTTTTTTGTT TGTTTGTTTG AGACGGAGTC TTGGTCTGTC 1701 GCCCAGGCTG GAGTGCAGTA GCACGATCTT GGCTCACTGC AACCTCCGCC 1751 TCCTGGGTTA AAGTGATTCT CTCAGCTCAG TCTCCCAGGT AGCTGGGATT 1801 ACAGGCATGT GCCACCACAC CCCGTTAATT TTTGTATTTT TAGTAGAGAC 1851 GGGGTTTCAC CATGTTGGCC AGGCTGGTCT CAAATTCTTG ATCTCAAGTG 1901 ATCTGTCCGC CCCGGCCTCC CAGAGTGCTG GGTTGGGATT ACAGGCGTGA 1951 GCCACCGCGT CCGGCTCAGG ACCCAGTTTT GGCTGCTGGT TCCCAGCAGG 2001 GGACTCGGGG GATATACAGT GGCTGCACCA AATTGGAGGT GTGGGTTCCT 2051 CCAACACAAT TTGCTTCTGC CCGTTGTCTT CCTGCCAGCT GGGTTTGGCC 2101 AGGATTTCTC CGTGTGGGGG CTACATGCGA CCCTCTCCCC TCCTCCCTGA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 9 bp to 1346 bp; peptide length: 446 Category: similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: WD_REPEATS (323-338)

```
1 MAARKGRRRT CETGEPMEAE SGDTSSEGPA QVYLPGRGPP LREGEELVMD
51 EEAYVLYHRA QTGAPCLSFD IVRDHLGDNR TELPLTLYLC AGTQAESAQS
101 NRLMMLRMHN LHGTKPPPSE GSDEEEEED EEDEEERKPQ LELARVYPHYG
151 GINRVRVSWL GEEPVAGVWS EKGQVEVFAL RRLLQVVEEP QALAAFLRDE
201 QAQMKPIFSF AGHMGEGFAL DWSPRVTGRL LTGDCQKNIH LWTPTDGGSW
251 HVDQRPFVGH TRSVEDLQWS PTENTVFASC SADASIRIWD IRAAPSKACM
301 LTTVTAHOGD VNVISWSRRE PFLLSGGDDG ALKIWDLRQF KSGSPVAFFK
351 QHVAPVTSVE WHPQDSGVFA ASGADHQITQ WDLAVERDPE AGDVEADPGL
401 ADLPQQLLFV HQGETELKEL HWHPQCFGLL VSTALSGFTI FRTISV
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2c17, frame 3

TREMBL:AC005917_14 gene: "F3P11.14"; product: "putative WD-40 repeat protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC F3P11 genomic sequence, complete sequence., N=1, Score = 910, P=2.7e-91

PIR:S53061 hypothetical protein YMR131c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 691, P = 4.3e-68

PIR:I49367 retinoblastoma-binding protein mRbAp46 - mouse, N = 1, Score = 338, P = 1.1e-30

PIR:I39181 retinoblastoma-binding protein RbAp46 - human, N = 1, Score = 338, P = 1.1e-30

>TREMBL:AC005917_14 gene: "F3P11.14"; product: "putative WD-40 repeat
 protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC F3P11 genomic sequence,
 complete sequence.
 Length = 469

HSPs:

Score = 910 (136.5 bits), Expect = 2.7e-91, P = 2.7e-91 Identities = 195/442 (44%), Positives = 259/442 (58%)

18 EAESGDTSSEGPAQVYLPGRGPPLREGEELVMDEEAYVLYHRAQTGAPCLSFDIVRDHLG 77 Query: EAS+ S P +V+ PG L +GEEL D AY H G PCLSFDI+ D LG 18 EASSSEIPSI-PTRVWQPGVDT-LEDGEELQCDPSAYNSLHGFHVGWPCLSFDILGDKLG 75 Sbjct: 78 DNRTELPLTLYLCAGTQAESAQSNRLMMLRMHNLHGTKP---PPSEGSDEEEEEEDEED- 133 NRTE P TLY+ AGTQAE A N + + ++ N+ G + P + G+ E+E+E+DE+D 76 LNRTEFPHTLYMVAGTQAEKAAHNSIGLFKITNVSGKRRDVVPKTFGNGEDEDEDDDDDDDDDD 135 Query: Sbict: 134 -----EEERKPQLELAMVPHYGGINRVRVSWLGEEPVAGVWSEKGQVEVFALRRLLQ 185 Query: E + P,+++ V H+G +NR+R + W++ G V+V+ + L

136 DSDDDDGDEASKTPNIQVRRVAHHGCVNRIRAMPQNSH-ICVSWADSGHVQVWDMSSHLN 194 Sbjct: 186 VVEEPQALAAFLRDEQAQMKPIFSFAGHMGEGFALDWSPRVTGRLLTGDCQKNIHLWTPT 245 Query: + E + P+ +F+GH EG+A+DWSP GRLL+GDC+ IHLW P

195 ALAESETEGKDGTSPVLNQAPLVNFSGHKDEGYAIDWSPATAGRLLSGDCKSMIHLWEPA 254 Sbict: 246 DGGSWHVDQRPFVGHTRSVEDLQWSPTENTVFASCSADASIRIWDIRAAPSKACMLTTVT 305 G SW VD PF GHT SVEDLQWSP E VFASCS D S+ +WDIR S A + 255 SG-SWAVDPIPFAGHTASVEDLQWSPAEENVFASCSVDGSVAVWDIRLGKSPAL---SFK 310 Ouerv: Sbjct: 306 AHDGDVNVISWSRREPFLL-SGGDDGALKIWDLRQFKSGSPV-ATFKQHVAPVTSVEWHP 363 AH+ DVNVISW+R +L SG DDG I DLR K G V A F+ H P+TS+EW 311 AHNADVNVISWNRLASCMLASGSDDGTFSIRDLRLIKGGDAVVAHFEYHKHPITSIEWSA 370 Query: Sbict:

```
Query: 364 QDSGVFAASGADHQITQWDLAVERDPE-----AGDVEADPGLADLPQQLLFVHQGETEL 417
++ A + D+Q+T WDL++E+D E A E DLP QLLFVHQG+ +L
Sbjct: 371 HEASTLAVTSGDNQLTIWDLSLEKDEEEEAEFNAQTKELVNTPQDLPPQLLFVHQGQKDL 430

Query: 418 KELHWHPQCPGLLVSTALSGFTIFRTISV 446
KELHWH Q PG+++STA GF I ++
Sbjct: 431 KELHWHNQIPGMIISTAGDGFNILMPYNI 459
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2c17, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_2c17.3

```
[LENGTH]
                         446
[MW]
                         49447.38
[pI]
                         4.82
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AC005917_14 gene: "F3P11.14"; product: "putative WD-40 repeat protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC F3P11 genomic sequence, complete sequence. 1e-90
                                                                         [S. cerevisiae, YMR131c] 4e-65
[FUNCAT]
                         99 unclassified proteins
                         30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YEL056w] 4e-15
04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YEL056w] 4e-15
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                         06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YEL056w] 4e-15 04.05.01.07 chromatin modification [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13
[FUNCAT]
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing)
[FUNCAT]
                         10.04.09 regulation of g-protein activity [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13 06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13 03.16 dna synthesis and replication [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13
(FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT]
                         03.16 dna synthesis and replication [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13
09.13 biogenesis of chromosome structure [S. cerevisiae, YBR195c] 2e-13
30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YPR178w] 1e-11
04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) [S. cerevisiae, YPR178w] 1e-11
06.13 proteolysis [S. cerevisiae, YGL003c] 4e-09
03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YGL003c] 4e-09
30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles [S. cerevisiae,
(FUNCATI
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
YDL145c) 5e-09
[FUNCAT]
                         08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
                                                                                                                   (S. cerevisiae, YDL145c)
5e-09
[FUNCAT]
                         04.05.01.01 general transcription activities
                                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YBR198c
TAF90 - TFIID subunit] 6e-09
[FUNCAT] 05.04 translat
                         05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae,
YMR116c] 5e-08
                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YMR116c] 5e-08
[FUNCAT]
                         02.16 fermentation
                         30.04 organization (S. cerevisiae, MRIIcC) 5e-06
30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YLR429w] 3e-07
30.19 peroxisomal organization (S. cerevisiae, YDR142c) 3e-06
06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation (S. cerevisiae, YDR142c)
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
3e-06
                         08.10 peroxisomal transport [S. cerevisiae, YDR142c] 3e-06
03.13 meiosis [S. cerevisiae, YLR129w] 4e-06
08.01 nuclear transport [S. cerevisiae, YER107c] 4e-06
03.01 cell growth [S. cerevisiae, YKL021c] 4e-06
04.07 rna transport [S. cerevisiae, YER107c] 4e-06
03.25 cytokinesis [S. cerevisiae, YCR057c] 2e-05
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                         03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YCR057c]
(FUNCAT)
2e-05
[FUNCAT]
                         01.01.04 regulation of amino-acid metabolism
                                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YIL046w]
26-05
                         06.13.01 cytoplasmic degradation [S. cerevisiae, YIL046w] 2e-05
04.01.04 rrna processing [S. cerevisiae, YLL011w] 3e-05
30.02 organization of plasma membrane [S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 5e-05
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
            [S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 5e-05
] 10.05.07 g-proteins [
[FUNCAT]
                                                              [S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 5e-05
[BLOCKS]
                         BL00678
                         d2trcb 2.51.3.1.1 Transducin (heterotrimeric G protein), gamm 5e-29 plasma 6e-07
(SCOP)
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
                         duplication 4e-12
[PIRKW]
                         hormone 6e-07
[PIRKW]
                         transmembrane protein 1e-07
[PIRKW]
                         stomach 6e-07
[PIRKW]
                         actin binding le-07
                         leucine zipper 1e-07
[PTRKW]
                         signal transduction 2e-06
(PIRKW)
[PTRKW]
                         heterotrimer 2e-06
                         peripheral membrane protein 6e-07 GTP binding 2e-06
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
[SUPFAM]
                         WD repeat homology le-63
[SUPFAM]
                         yeast coatomer complex alpha chain 1e-07
(SUPFAM)
                         GTP-binding regulatory protein beta chain 4e-07
                         PRL1 protein 8e-09
[SUPFAM]
```

[SUPFAI [SUPFAI [PROSI [PFAM] [KW] [KW]	n] coatomer complex beta' chain 1e-09			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	MAARKGRRRTCETGEPMEAESGDTSSEGPAQVYLPGRGPPLREGEELVMDEEAYVLYHRA			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	QTGAPCLSFDIVRDHLGDNRTELPLTLYLCAGTQAESAQSNRLMMLRMHNLHGTKPPPSE			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	GSDEEEEEDEEDEERKPQLELAMVPHYGGINRVRVSWLGEEPVAGVWSEKGQVEVFALxxxxxxxxxxxxxx			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	RRLLQVVEEPQALAAFLRDEQAQMKPIFSFAGHMGEGFALDWSPRVTGRLLTGDCQKNIH			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	LWTPTDGGSWHVDQRPFVGHTRSVEDLQWSPTENTVFASCSADASIRIWDIRAAPSKACM EBETTTTCEEEEEECCCCCEEEEEEETTTCE-EEEEETTTEEEEEEETTT-TEEEE			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	LTTVTAHDGDVNVISWSRREPFLLSGGDDGALKIWDLRQFKSGSPVATFKQHVAPVTSVE EECBTTBTCCEEEEEEETTTTEEEEEEEEEEEEEE			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	WHPQDSGVFAASGADHQITQWDLAVERDPEAGDVEADPGLADLPQQLLFVHQGETELKEL			
SEQ SEG 1gotB	HWHPQCPGLLVSTALSGFTIFRTISV			
Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2c17.3				
PS0067	B 323->338 WD_REPEATS PDOC00574			
Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_2c17.3				
LAN_MMH	ME WD domain, G-beta repeats			
HMM Query	*MrGHnnWvWcVaFSPDGrWFIvSGSWDgTCRLWD* ++GH+ V ++ +SP + +++S S D ++R+WD 257 FVGHTRSVEDLQWSPTENTVFASCSADASIRIWD 290			
24.88 304 336 1 34 dkfzphfbr2_2c17.3 similarity to YMR131c and retinoblastoma- binding protein RbAp46 Alignment to HMM consensus: Query *MrGHnnWVWCVaFSPDGrWFIvSGSWDgTCRLWD*				
+ H+++V+ +++S + ++SG++DG +++WD dkfzphfbr2 304 VTAHDGDVNVISWSRREPF-LLSGGDDGALKIWD 336				

DKFZphfbr2_2c18

group: brain associated

DKFZphfbr2 2c18 encodes a novel 302 amino acid protein with weak similarity to cyclin-dependent \overline{k} inase pl30-PITSLRE.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

weak similarity to cyclin-dependent kinase pl30-PITSLRE

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2835 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2817, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2796

1 TGGGGCGGAC GGCGAGGGAG TCCAGAGCCT TGAGCCCGGT GCTCCTCCCT 51 CGCGCAGCGG TGGCTCTGCG GCCGCTGGAG TAAACACTGC CTTTGTTCCC 101 TAGCGCCTCG TCTTTCGTCG CCCCGTGCCC TCACGCCGCC GGGCTCTGGC 151 CGGCCCGCCC TCGGTCCTTG AACCCCATTT CGGCTCGTGC CGTGCGGATG 201 CAGCTGCCGG GCCTGGGTTT GGGCATTGAG CGGGAGGAGG AGGAGGAGCG 251 GCGGCGCCTG GGCGGCATGC GATGGGGAAC TGCTGCTGGA CGCAGTGCTT 301 CGGACTGCTT CGCAAGGAAG CGGGGCGGCT GCAGCGAGTA GGCGGCGGCG 351 GAGGATCCAA GTATTTTAGA ACATGCTCAA GAGGTGAGCA CTTGACAATA 401 GAGTTTGAGA ATCTAGTAGA AAGTGATGAA GGGGAGAGCC CAGGAAGCAG 451 TCATAGGCCT CTTACTGAGG AAGAAATTGT TGACCTAAGA GAAAGGCATT 501 ATGATTCCAT TGCCGAAAAA CAAAAAGATC TTGATGAGAA AATTCAAAAA 551 GAGTTAGCCT TACAAGAAGA GAAGTTAAGA CTAGAAGAAG AAGCTTTATA 601 CGCTGCACAG CGTGAAGCAG CCAGGGCAGC AAAGCAGCGA AAGCTCTTGG 651 AGCAAGAAG GCAGAGAATT GTGCAGCAAT ATCATCCTTC CAACAATGGA 701 GAATATCAAA GTTCAGGACC AGAAGATGAC TTCGAATCTT GTTTGAGAAA
751 TATGAAGTCA CAGTATGAAG TTTTTCGAAG TAGTAGACTC TCATCAGATG 801 CTACAGTTTT GACACCAAAT ACAGAAAGCA GTTGTGATTT AATGACCAAA 851 ACTAAATCAA CTAGTGGAAA TGACGACAGC ACATCCTTAG ATCTAGAGTG 901 GGAAGATGAA GAAGGAATGA ATAGAATGCT TCCAATGAGA GAACGTTCCA 951 AAACAGAGGA AGACATTCTA CGGGCAGCAC TTAAGTATAG CAACAAGAAG 1001 ACTGGAAGTA ATCCTACATC AGCCTCTGAT GATTCCAATG GGCTGGAGTG 1051 GGAAAATGAT TTTGTTAGTG CCGAAATGGA TGATAATGGA AATTCCGAGT 1101 ATTCTGGATT TGTAAATCCT GTATTAGAAC TGTCTGATTC TGGCATAAGG 1151 CATTCTGACA CAGATCAACA GACTCGATAG GGTAAAATTG TGTGACCTTG 1201 TTTATCAGTT ATGACCAAAT GTTAAAAACC AACTAGAATG TATAAGTGAT 1251 TGTGCTTAGC CTTTTTGTAA GGGAGATGTG TAAGAAACCA TGCTGTAAAT 1301 GCTTATTTA TTACAAAGGA GTAGGGATGA TAGGATCTGA ATTGATACAG 1351 AATTAAGTGC AATTTCATCA TCTGCCTTCT GCTTTTCAAG ACCAATTTAA 1401 TGGTCCTGTC ATGTTACTGA TTAAATTTAC TTTGTCTTGT CTTTATAGCA 1451 TTTCTGTTTA CTATGGTAGA TTTCCACTTT CAATTTTTAA AATTAATTTT 1501 ACTTTGAATG ATTTATGAAG CCTATTTCAT TGTCTAACTA TGAAAATATT 1551 AAGACTTTTT TGTTAATTCT CAGCCGATGT GAAGGAAGCA TGAGGAGGGA 1601 TCGTCAGACT CAGATTTAGA ATAGTGTTCC CGTTTCCAGC ATTATTTATT 1651 TCTATGACTT CTTTGGATTT TATTATCTAA TAGTAAGTAC AGTTGATGTG
1701 GGTAGATGAC TCTAAGAAAT GCTGAAGTAT CGGCATTACA TGTGTTTATT 1751 TACATGTCCT AGTTTGATAA TGTTGATTCA ATCTGAACAA AAGATAATAT 1801 AAAAATAACC CTTCAGAGTT TGGACATTTC AAGTTGGTAA TAATAAAAAA 1851 TAATATTTAA GAAGATATAT ATATATATA ATTTAGTTTT TTCCACTTCA 1901 TTTTACATGC CACTATATTG ACTTTAATTG ATATACAGTA TTAAGTTTTT 1951 AGGTGCCATT ATTTTTAAAA AATTCTATAT TTCCAATGAA CGATGTTAGA 2001 TTTTACACAG AACATATTCT CTGCATGATT TCAGAAAAGA AAATCTAAAA 2051 AGGTAATACG GGTATTTCAA ATAAAATCCT TTCTGGTATG AAAGGCTCCA 2101 TTGATTTTAT TAAGCCTTCC TTTACCTTGT AGTACAAGGT GCTTTAATGG 2151 GATAGAACTA AGCATATCAA TATCTATAAC TGCATTTTGT GCTAGACAAT 2201 TACTGTTCTT TTCTCTAAAA TGTATATGTC AATTTACAAG GCCAGGGATA
2251 GAAAACACTC CATAATTGCT TTCCTTGATT TTGCTGAGGA TTTGGTATGA
2301 TTTTAGTAAG CAAACTGTTT TTTGGTTTTT CCTTAATGTT TTTAATTTTT 2351 TTTCCTCTTG CAACAATGAC GGTGCATGTT CTTATAAATA TAGGAAGGTC 2401 CAGATATAAA TAGTAACCTA AAGTTCTTGC TGTGCTTAAA AAAAAAAATC 2451 ATGTGGCTCT TTCAATATTT GAACTGCTAA GCAATGACAT CTGTAGTTTT 2501 ATCTCCTTTT TTATGTCATA GAAATTAATA TGATACTTTA AATATGTAAA 2551 TATAATACAT TGGTAATGCT ATTATTTATA TCTGTCTTAA CATAATTTAA 2601 GTTGTAGCTG TGTCTTGGAA ATATTTTTAA GGTAATCTAT ATTCACATTG 2651 CCTGTGTTAA TGCTTTTTAA GGTTTGTATA CATCAGATGT ATATTTTTGG

```
2701 TTTGGCATAA GCTACGATTG TAATTTTCT TGGCTTTTTG TTCATAAAGA 2751 ATTTTTGAA GGAATGGTAA CAAATGGTAA TTTACAAATG GTTGTGAATA 2801 AACACATTTT TACACTTAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 272 bp to 1177 bp; peptide length: 302 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MGNCCWTQCF GLLRKEAGRL QRVGGGGGSK YFRTCSRGEH LTIEFENLVE 51 SDEGESPGSS HRPLTEEEIV DLRERHYDSI AEKQKDLDEK IQKELALQEE 101 KLRLEEEALY AAQREARAA KQRKLLEQER QRIVQQYHES NNGEYQSSGP 151 EDDFESCLRN MKSQVEVFRS SRLSSDATVL TENTESSCDL MTKTKSTSGN 201 DDSTSLDLEW EDEEGMNRML PMRERSKTEE DILRAALKYS NKKTGSNPTS 251 ASDDSNGLEW ENDFVSAEMD DNGNSEYSGF VNPVLELSDS GIRHSDTDQQ 301 TR

BLASTP hits

Entry A55817 from database PIR: cyclin-dependent kinase pl30-PITSLRE - mouse Length = 783 Score = 123 (43.3 bits), Expect = 0.00013, P = 0.00013 Identities = 53/197 (26%), Positives = 96/197 (48%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2c18, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2c18, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_2c18.2

[LENGTH]	302	
[MW]	34281.39	
[pI]	4.73	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 5	
[PROSITE]	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	12
[PROSITE]	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	2
[PROSITE]	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	3
[KW]	All_Alpha	
(KW)	LOW COMPLEXITY	13.58 %
[KW]	COILED_COIL .	13.58 %
SEO M	CNCCWTOCECLI.RKEACRLORVGO	CCCCKALD

SEQ SEG PRD COILS	MGNCCWTQCFGLLRKEAGRLQRVGGGGGSKYFRTCSRGEHLTIEFENLVESDEGESPGSSxxxxxcccccccchhhhhhhhhhheeccccccccceeeeccccchhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	HRPLTEEEIVDLRERHYDSIAEKQKDLDEKIQKELALQEEKLRLEEEALYAAQREAARAA
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	KQRKLLEQERQRIVQQYHPSNNGEYQSSGPEDDFESCLRNMKSQYEVFRSSRLSSDATVL xxxxxxx. hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccccccccc

SEQ SEG PRD COILS	TPNTESSCDLMTKTKSTSGNDDSTSLDLEWEDEEGMNRMLPMRERSKTEEDILRAALKYS CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCChhhhhhhhhccccccchhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	NKKTGSNPTSASDDSNGLEWENDFVSAEMDDNGNSEYSGFVNPVLELSDSGIRHSDTDQQ CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	TR cc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2c18.2

PS00005	60->63	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	170->173	PKCTPHOSPHOTSITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	240->243	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	36->40	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	65->69	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	79->83	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	148->152	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	163->167	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	186->190	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	198->202	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	204->208	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	226->230	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	228->232	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	250->254	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	295->299	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	103->111	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	103->111	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	24->30	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	25->31	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	199->205	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	245->251	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	291->297	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2c18.2)

216

DKFZphfbr2_2d15

group: differentiation/development

DKFZphfbr2_2dl5 encodes a novel 438 amino acid protein similarity to Mus musculus testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein (Tspyll).

The TSPY genes are arranged in clusters on the Y chromosome of many mammalian species. TSPY is believed to function in early spermatogenesis and is a candidate for GBY, the putative gonadoblastoma-inducing gene on the Y. The novel protein is a new member of the TSPY-SET-NAPILI family, which represents proteins closely related to TSPY. Therefore, the new protein seems to be involved in early spermatogenesis.

The new protein can find application in modulating early spermatogenesis.

strong similarity to testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits
localisation: primer B does not match perfect

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="729.2 cR from top of Chr6 linkage group"

Insert length: 3229 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3206, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3184

1 GGAGACTGTA GGGTGGGCGG TGCGAGCGGC GGTTAGCTCC CAGTTCGGCC 51 TCTGAGGAAA ACGGGCGTTC GCCTGCGGTT GGTCCGACTG TTAGCAACAT 101 GAGCGGCCTG GATGGGGTCA AGAGGACCAC TCCCCTCCAA ACCCACAGCA 151 TCATTATTTC TGACCAAGTC CCGAGCGACC AGGACGCACA CCAGTACCTG 201 AGGCTCCGCG ACCAAAGCGA GGCGACACAG GTGATGGCGG AGCCGGGTGA
251 GGGAGGCTCG GAGACCGTCG CGCTCCCGCC TTCACCGCCT TCAGAGGAGG 301 GGGGCGTACC CCAGGATCCC GCGGGCCGTG GCGGTACTCC CCAGATCCGA 351 GTTGTTGGGG GTCGCGGTCA TGTGGCGATC AAAGCCGGGC AGGAAGAGGG 401 CCAGCCTCCC GCCGAAGGCC TGGCAGCCGC TTCTGTGGTG ATGGCAGCCG 451 ACCGCAGCCT GAAAAAGGGC GTTCAGGGTG GAGAGAAGGC CCTAGAAATC 501 TGTGGCGCCC AGAGATCCGC GTCTGAGGTG ACGCCGGGGG CGGAGGCTGA 551 GGCGGAGGAG GTGAAGACAG GAAAGTGCGC CACCGTCTCA GCAGCCGTGG 601 CTGAGAGGGA GAGCGCTGAG GTGGTGGTGA AGGAAGGCCT GGCGGAGAAG 651 GAGGTAATGG AGGAGCAGAT GGAGGTAGAG GAGCAGCCGC CAGAAGGTGA 701 AGAAATAGAA GTGGCGGAGG AGGATAGATT GGAGGAGGAG GCGAGGGAGG 751 AAGAAGGGCC CTGGCCTTTG CATGAGGCTC TCCGCATGGA CCCTCTGGAG 801 GCCATCCAGC TGGAACTGGA CACTGTGAAT GCTCAGGCCG ACAGGGCCTT 851 CCAACAGCTG GAGCACAAGT TTGGGCGGAT GCGTCGACAC TACCTGGAGC 901 GGAGGAACTA CATCATTCAG AATATCCCGG GCTTCTGGAT GACTGCTTTT 951 CGAAACCACC CCCAGTTGTC CGCCATGATT AGGGGCCAAG ATGCAGAGAT
1001 GTTAAGGTAC ATAACCAATT TAGAGGTGAA GGAACTCAGA CACCCTAGAA
1051 CCGGTTGCAA GTTCAAGTTC TTCTTTAGAA GAAACCCCTA CTTCAGAAAC
1101 AAGCTGATTG TCAAGGAATA TGAGGTAAGA TCCTCCGGCC GAGTGGTGTC 1151 TCTTTCTACT CCAATTATAT GGGGCAGGGG GCATGAACCC CAGTCCTTCA
1201 TTCGCAGAAA CCAAGACCTC ATCTGCAGCT TCTTCACTTG GTTTTCAGAC 1251 CACAGCCTTC CAGAGTCCGA CAAAATTGCT GAGATTATTA AAGAGGATCT 1301 GTGGCCAAAT CCACTGCAAT ACTACCTGTT GCGTGAAGGA GTCCGTAGAG 1351 CCCGACGTCG CCCGCTAAGG GAGCCTGTAG AGATCCCCAG GCCCTTTGGG 1401 TTCCAGTCTG GTTAACATTT GCCCTTGGGA ATACTCCTGC ACAAGGTCTC 1451 CTACCACCTT CTGCTGGACC TGTGCTTGGG CATCAGCAAT GAGTATGCCT 1501 TCTATTGTGC TTTGTTTTTG CTGACTTTTC TGCACCCTGT TTCCTTTGGA 1551 TATTCAGTTC TCTCAACCTC AAGATTGAGA CGGTGGTGGG TATGCTTCTC 1601 CACTTCCATA TGACCTTCAT GCTGTTCTGG AATATCACAT GCTACGAGGT 1651 CATCCTTCAC ACTACTTGTA AGCCAAGCAA ATGATACTGT AGATTGTACT 1701 GCCTTTATCT GCACTGCTTG GACCCTGTTT ATTCCCAGGG CCTCTGAACT
1751 GGTTGCTGTC ACTTGGATTT CTAGCTTTGG GAGCCTGTTC CACCTACTCA 1801 GCTCTGCATT GAGCAGTATG GGCACATGCC CTGTGGACAG TTACTGGACG 1851 TTAATGAACT CAGAGGAGAA AAGCAGTGAG CCACTTGTTC TGTGTGATTT 1901 ATGGTACTTC ATTGCTCTTC CTTCACCTCT AGTCACTTC TATTGCTACC
1951 TGCCCTACAT TGGCTCCTGC CAAGGTCCCT CTCTCTCCCT GTTTTCCTTT 2001 TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTGAGACG GAGGACGGAG TCTTGCTCTG
2051 TCGCCCAGGT TGGAGTGCAG TGGCGCGATC TCGGCTCACT GCAACCTCCA 2101 CCTCCCGGGT TCAAGCGATT CTCCTGCCTC AGCCTCCCGA GTAGCTGGGA 2151 CTACAGGCGC GCGCCGCCAC GCCCGGCTAA TTTTTATATT TTTAGTAGAG 2201 ACGGGGTTTC ACCATGCTGG CCAGGCTGGT CTCGAACCCC GACCTCGTGA 2251 TCCGCCCTCC TTAGCCTCCC AATCCTCTCT TAAAAAAGTG ATAGCTCAGA 2301 AATATTTGTA AAAGCAAGGT TTTTATTTCA TTTTGGCTCT GTCATTTTCA 2351 GAGGCAAAGA AGTTGGCCTG TAAAATAGAG TGCTAGAGCT CTTACGCCCC 2401 TCCCCTTCTT CCCAACTTCC TACTTCCTAG CCCTTTTATC AACTCCTAGA 2451 ATAGTTAAAG AGAGACACAT CTAGATGGGA TGAAAGGTGC CCTAAGCAGG

```
2501 AGAAACTGAA CAAAAGGCTA GAGGCATGGG CCAGGTAAAA ATTGGGCCTA
2551 GAGTGAAGAC TGTGCTGCCG TTAAGAGCTT TCGAGGAAGG AGTACTTACT
2601 CCCCAATGAT GATGAATGGA GAAATACTTT TCAGGGAGAA TTGAAGGGT
2651 TAAAGTGTTA AATATGTTGC CTAGACAAGG GTCTTTAAA GAAAGACAGC
2701 GCAACTTGA ATGCTTCTT ACTTGTTTTT TGAGCCTAATT TATGTGGAAG
2751 ATTGTTATTT CATTAGGATT TAGTAAAATT TTTTTTCTG ATTCTAAACT
2801 TATTGGAAGA ACAACAGTCT TACTTGCCTG TACAATATAG AGACATATGA
2901 ATAGTCATAA CAGTTTCAA CTTGTTCTTG TTTCTGTTAA ACTATATTCC
2951 TAGAAACATA GTTTGAACAA CTTGGTCTTT GTTAGGCTTG TCAAATTGCC
3001 TTCATGGAAA AATAATCTAC AAAAGTATGG TTTAATTGAT TGTCTTACAT
3051 GATAATTTC CCTGGCAACA ACTTAGTAAG TGATATACT TTTTTCCTAA
3101 ATTGCTTAAA TACTGTGAAA TTGCCTGAC AAATTGAAG TGTACCATTG
3201 TCTGCTTAAGA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

Entry AF042181 from database EMBLNEW:
Homo sapiens testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein (TSPYL) mRNA,
partial cds.
Score = 3411, P = 6.9e-148, identities = 685/687

Entry HS938343 from database EMBL: human STS WI-11947. Score = 1195, P = 2.1e-46, identities = 273/299

Medline entries

98399864:

Murine and human TSPYL genes: novel members of the TSPY-SET-NAP1L1 family

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 99 bp to 1412 bp; peptide length: 438 Category: strong similarity to known protein Classification: Differentiation/Development

- 1 MSGLDGVKRT TPLQTHSIII SDQVPSDQDA HQYLRLRDQS EATQVMAEPG
 51 EGGSETVALP PSPPSEEGGV PQDPAGRGGT PQIRVVGGRG HVAIKAGQEE
 101 GQPPAEGLAA ASVVMAADRS LKKGVQGGEK ALEICGAQRS ASELTAGAEA
 151 EAEEVKTGKC ATVSAAVAER ESAEVVVKEG LÆKEVMEEQ MEVEEQPPEG
 201 EEIEVAEEDR LEEEAREEEG PWPLHEALRM DPLEAIQLEL DTVNAQADRA
 251 FQQLEHKFGR MRRHYLERRN YIIQNIPGFW MTAFRNHPQL SAMIRGQDAE
 301 MLRYITNLEV KELRHPRTGC KFKFFFRNNP YFRNKLIVKE YEVRSSGRVV
 351 SLSTPIIWRR GHEPQSFIRR NQDLICSFFT WFSDHSLPES DKIAEIIKED
- 401 LWPNPLQYYL LREGVRRARR RPLREPVEIP RPFGFQSG

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2d15, frame 3

TREMBL:AF042180_1 gene: "Tspyll"; product: "testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein"; Mus musculus testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein (Tspyll) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 1202, P = 3.1e-122

TREMBL:AB018264_1 gene: "KIAA0721"; product: "KIAA0721 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0721 protein, partial cds., N=1, Score = 798, P=2e-79

TREMBL:AB015345_1 gene: "HRIHFB2216"; Homo sapiens HRIHFB2216 mRNA, partial cds., N=1, Score = 570, P=2.9e-55

HSPs:

```
Score = 1202 (180.3 bits), Expect = 3.1e-122, P = 3.1e-122
 Identities = 258/377 (68%), Positives = 283/377 (75%)
          62 SPPSEEGGVPQDPAGR-----GGTPQIRVVGGRGHVAIKAGQEE--GQP-P--AEGLAA 110
                                   GTP R + G
                                                        G+
                                                              G P P EGL
           3 SPERDEGTPVPDSRGHCDADTVSGTPDRRPLLGEEKAVTGEGRAGIVGSPAPRDVEGLVP 62
Sbjct:
         111 ASVVMAADRSLKK-GVQGGEKALEICGAQRSASELTAGAEAEAEEVKTGKCATVSAAVAE 169
Query:
          V AA + V+G A+ + ++ T GAE++A +VKT + TV+AA
63 QIRVAAARQGESPPSVRGPAAAVFVTPKYVEKAQETRGAESQARDVKT-EPGTVAAAA-- 119
Sbjct:
         170 RESAEVVVKEGLAEKEVMEEQMEVEEQPPEGEEIEVAEEDRLEEEAREEEGPWPLHEALR 229
Query:
         E +EV EE MEVE Q P GEE+E+ E EA EE GPW L LR
120 -EKSEVATPGS-----EEVMEVE-QKPAGEEMEMLEASGGVREAPEEAGPWHLGIDLR 170
Sbjct:
         230 MDPLEAIQLELDTVNAQADRAFQQLEHKFGRMRRHYLERRNYIIQNIPGFWMTAFRNHPQ 289
Query:
               +PLEAIOLELDTVNAOADRAFO LE KFGRMRRHYLERRNYIIONIPGFWMTAFRNHPO
         171 RNPLEAIQLELDTVNAQADRAFQHLEQKFGRMRRHYLERRNYIIQNIPGFWMTAFRNHPQ 230
Sbict:
         290 LSAMIRGQDAEMLRYITNLEVKELRHPRTGCKFKFFFRRNPYFRNKLIVKEYEVRSSGRV 349
Ouerv:
              LSAMIRG+DAEMLRY+T+LEVKELRHP+TGCKFKFFFRRNPYFRNKLIVKEYEVRSSGRV
         231 LSAMIRGRDAEMLRYVTSLEVKELRHPKTGCKFKFFFRRNPYFRNKLIVKEYEVRSSGRV 290
Sbjct:
         350 VSLSTPIIWRRGHEPQSFIRRNQDLICSFFTWFSDHSLPESDKIAEIIKEDLWPNPLQYY 409
Query:
             VSLSTPIIWRRGHEPQSFIRRNQDLICSFFTWFSDHSLPESD+IAEIIKEDLWPNPLQYY
Sbjct:
         291 VSLSTPIIWRRGHEPQSFIRRNQDLICSFFTWFSDHSLPESDRIAEIIKEDLWPNPLQYY 350
         410 LLREGVRRARRRPLREPVEIPRPFGFQSG 438
Query:
             L REG+RR RRRP+REPVEIPRPFGFOSG
         351 LCREGIRRPRRRPIREPVEIPRPFGFOSG 379
Sbjct:
            Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 2d15, frame 3
                       Report for DKFZphfbr2_2d15.3
[LENGTH]
                438
                49307.65
(WM)
[pI]
               5.36
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF042180_1 gene: "Tspyl1"; product: "testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein"; Mus musculus testis-specific Y-encoded-like protein (Tspyl1) mRNA, complete cds. le-
107
               06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YKR048c] 1e-07 03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YKR048c] 1e-07 03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YKR048c]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
le-07
(FUNCAT)
                09.13 biogenesis of chromosome structure
                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YKR048c] le-07
[FUNCAT]
                30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKR048c] 1e-07
(BLOCKS)
                BL00376F
                nucleus 6e-39
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                DNA binding 3e-06
                phosphoprotein 6e-39
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                alternative splicing 6e-39
               Alpha_Beta
LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                                   22.83 %
[KW]
SEQ
        MSGLDGVKRTTPLQTHSIIISDQVPSDQDAHQYLRLRDQSEATQVMAEPGEGGSETVALP
SEG
PRD
        SEQ
        PSPPSEEGGVPQDPAGRGGTPQIRVVGGRGHVAIKAGQEEGQPPAEGLAAASVVMAADRS
SEG
PRD
        LKKGVQGGEKALEICGAQRSASELTAGAEAEAEEVKTGKCATVSAAVAERESAEVVVKEG
SEQ
SEG
        PRD
        LAEKEVMEEOMEVEEOPPEGEEIEVAEEDRLEEEAREEEGPWPLHEALRMDPLEAIOLEL
SEO
        SEG
        հերհերերերերեր այդ անագրագրեր անձան ան
PRD
```

DTVNAQADRAFQQLEHKFGRMRRHYLERRNYIIQNIPGFWMTAFRNHPQLSAMIRGQDAE

MLRYITNLEVKELRHPRTGCKFKFFFRRNPYFRNKLIVKEYEVRSSGRVVSLSTPIIWRR

SEO

SEG

PRD

SEQ

SEG PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhcccccceeeeeccccchhhhhhcccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	GHEPQSFIRRNQDLICSFFTWFSDHSLPESDKIAEIIKEDLWPNPLQYYLLREGVRRARR
SEQ SEG PRD	RPLREPVEIPRPFGFQSG xxxxxxxx
(No	Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_2d15.3)
(No	Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2d15.3)

DKFZphfbr2_2d17 group: transmembrane proteins DKFZphfbr2 2d17 encodes a novel 292 amino acid protein with similarity to a C.elegans hypothetical protein. One transmembrane region is predicted for the protein. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife. The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells. similarity to C.elegans hypothetical protein TRANSMEMBRANE 1 Sequenced by Qiagen Locus: unknown Insert length: 1009 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 990, polyadenylation signal at pos. 969 1 TGGGCCTGTG GCTGGGGGCA GAGCTCAGAC TGTCTTCTGA AGATTGATGT 51 CTATTTCCTT GAGCTCTTTA ATTTTGTTGC CAATTTGGAT AAACATGGCA 101 CAAATCCAGC AGGGAGGTCC AGATGAAAAA GAAAAGACTA CCGCACTGAA 151 AGATTTATTA TCTAGGATAG ATTTGGATGA ACTAATGAAA AAAGATGAAC 201 CGCCTCTTGA TTTTCCTGAT ACCCTGGAAG GATTTGAATA TGCTTTTAAT
251 GAAAAGGGAC AGTTAAGACA CATAAAAACT GGGGAACCAT TTGTTTTTAA 301 CTACCGGGAA GATTTACACA GATGGAACCA GAAAAGATAC GAGGCTCTAG
351 GAGAGATCAT CACGAAGTAT GTATATGAGC TCCTGGAAAA GGATTGTAAT 401 TTGAAAAAG TATCTATTCC AGTAGATGCC ACTGAGAGTG AACCAAAGAG
451 TTTTATCTTT ATGAGTGAGG ATGCTTTGAC AAATCCACAG AAACTGATGG 501 TTTTAATTCA TGGTAGTGGT GTTGTCAGGG CAGGGCAGTG GGCTAGAAGA 551 CTTATTATAA ATGAAGATCT GGACAGTGGC ACACAGATAC CGTTTATTAA 601 AAGAGCTGTG GCTGAAGGAT ATGGAGTAAT AGTACTAAAT CCCAATGAAA 651 ACTATATTGA AGTAGAAAAG CCGAAGATAC ACGTACAGTC ATCATCTGAT 701 AGTTCAGATG AACCAGCAGA AAAACGGGAA AGAAAAGATA AAGTTTCTAA 751 AGTAACAAG AAGCGACGTG ATTTCTATGA GAAGTATCGT AACCCCCAAA 801 GAGAAAAGA AATGATGCAA TTGTATATCA GAGTGAGTGA GATCACTACT 851 TTCCTTTACT ATTTTCTTTA CCTTGTATAT ATTTTATTAT ATGTAGATTG 901 TTTTGTTTTT CTTCAAGAAT ATTAATTTCT TTATTTGTCA TCATTTATTT 1001 AAAAAAAAA **BLAST Results**

Entry 189937 from database EMBL: Sequence 11 from patent US 5723315. Score = 1083, P = 2.2e-42, identities = 223/231

Entry 189938 from database EMBL: Sequence 12 from patent US 5723315. Score = 875, P = 7.4e-33, identities = 175/175

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 47 bp to 922 bp; peptide length: 292 Category: similarity to unknown protein Classification: unset

1 MSISLSSLIL LPIWINMAQI QQGGPDEKEK TTALKDLLSR IDLDELMKKD

```
51 EPPLDFPDTL EGFEYAFNEK GQLRHIKTGE PFVFNYREDL HRWNQKRYEA
 101 LGEIITKYVY ELLEKDCNLK KVSIPVDATE SEPKSFIFMS EDALTNPQKL
 151 MVLIHGSGVV RAGQWARRLI INEDLDSGTQ IPFIKRAVAE GYGVIVLNPN
201 ENYIEVEKPK IHVQSSSDSS DEPAEKRERK DKVSKVTKKR RDFYEKYRNP
 251 QREKEMMQLY IRVSEITTFL YYFLYLVYIL LYVDCFVFLQ EY
                         BLASTP hits
Entry S67436 from database PIR:
hypothetical protein - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)
Length = 266
Score = 112 (39.4 bits), Expect = 0.00037, P = 0.00037
Identities = 33/147 (22%), Positives = 69/147 (46%)
Entry CEY75B8A_12 from database TREMBLNEW:
gene: "Y75B8A.31"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y75B8A
Score = 327, P = 1.5e-29, identities = 72/140, positives = 93/140
          Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2d17, frame 2
No Alert BLASTP hits found
          Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 2d17, frame 2
                  Report for DKFZphfbr2_2d17.2
[LENGTH]
            292
            34260.50
[MW]
[pI]
            5.50
            TREMBLNEW: AF064782_1 product: "unknown"; Mus musculus clone pEN87 unknown mRNA,
[HOMOL]
partial cds. 1e-119
            SIGNAL PEPTIDE 19
[KW]
            TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                           10.96 %
(KW)
      MSISLSSLILLPIWINMAQIQQGGPDEKEKTTALKDLLSRIDLDELMKKDEPPLDFPDTL
SEQ
SEG
      .xxxxxxxxxxx....
PRD
      MEM
      EGFEYAFNEKGOLRHIKTGEPFVFNYREDLHRWNQKRYEALGEIITKYVYELLEKDCNLK
SEO
SEG
      PRD
MEM
      SEQ
      KVSIPVDATESEPKSFIFMSEDALTNPQKLMVLIHGSGVVRAGQWARRLIINEDLDSGTQ
SEG
      PRD
MEM
SEQ
      IPFIKRAVAEGYGVIVLNPNENYIEVEKPKIHVQSSSDSSDEPAEKRERKDKVSKVTKKR
SEG
PRD
      MEM
      RDFYEKYRNPQREKEMMQLYIRVSEITTFLYYFLYLVYILLYVDCFVFLQEY
SEO
SEG
                  .......xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.....
      PRD
      MEM
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2 2d17.2)
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 2d17.2)
```

222

DKFZphfbr2_2d20

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 2d20 encodes a novel 197 amino acid protein with similarity to Synechocystis sp. P74594 hypothetical32.8 kD protein.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to Synechocystis sp. (PCC 6803)

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at bp 67 matches kozak consensus ${\tt ANCatgG}$

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1787 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1768, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1743

```
1 TGGGGCGGCC GCGGCGGAA CATGGAGGAG CTGCTGAGGC GCGAGCTGGG
  51 CTGCAGCTCT GTCAGGGCCA CGGGCCACTC GGGGGGCGGG TGCATCAGCC
 101 AGGGCCGGAG CTACGACACG GATCAAGGAC GAGTGTTCGT GAAAGTGAAC
 151 CCCAAGGCGG AGGCCAGAAG AATGTTTGAA GGTGAGATGG CAAGTTTAAC
 201 TGCCATCCTG AAAACAAACA CGGTGAAAGT GCCCAAGCCC ATCAAGGTTC
 251 TGGATGCCCC AGGCGGCGGG AGCGTGCTGG TGATGGAGCA CATGGACATG
 301 AGGCATCTGA GCAGTCATGC TGCAAAGCTT GGAGCCCAGC TGGCCGATTT
 351 ACACCTTGAT AACAAGAAGC TTGGAGAGAT GCGCCTGAAG GAGGCGGGCA
  401 CAGTGTGGAG AGGAGGTGGG CAGGAGGAAC GGCCCTTTGT GGCCCGGTTT
 451 GGATTTGACG TGGTGACGTG CTGTGGATAC CTCCCCCAGG TGAATGACTG
 501 GCAGGAGGAC TGGGTCGTGT TCTATGCCCG GCAGCGCATT CAGCCCCAGA
 551 TGGACATGGT GGAGAAGGAG TCTGGGGACA GGGAGGCCCT CCAGCTTTGG
 601 TCTGCTCTGC AGTAAAAGAT CCCTGACCTG TTCCGTGACC TGGAGATCAT
 651 CCCAGCCTTA CTCCACGGGG ACCTCTGGGG TGGAAACGTA GCAGAGGATT
 701 CCTCTGGGCC GGTGATTTTT GACCCAGCTT CTTTCTACGG CCACTCGGAA
 751 TATGAGCTGG CAATAGCTGG CATGTTTGGG GGCTTTAGCA GCTCCTTTTA
801 CTCCGCCTAC CACGGCAAAA TCCCCAAGGC CCCAGGATTC GAGAAGCGCC
851 TTCAGTTGTA TCAGCTCTTT CACTACTTGA ACCACTGGAA TCATTTTGGA
 901 TCGGGGTACA GAGGATCCTC CCTGAACATC ATGAGGAATC TGGTCAAGTG
 951 AGCGGGCCTT ACTCTGGAAG GAGGTCTCAG AGGTTTCTCC ACAGTCCTCT
1001 TCTGGGCAAA TTCTTGTTTC TTCACATGCC GGACTAGCTT AAGACCAATG
1051 CAGTAGCTTA TTTCCAAGCC TTGCAAAGTA TATAATATCT AAGAGGAAAG
1101 GTTTTGTCAT CCCAGCGTTG TCCACTTTGT GGGGCTTTGT AGGTAGACGG
1151 AGCCACACTA CAGGCAGGGT ATGAGCAGAG GGATGTATGG AGTGTGGGCG
1201 ACTCTGAGCC TCACTGCTGC TGCAAGGTGG GGAAACTGTA AGTGAACCCC
1251 TGTGGGTGCG GGGGAGGGTA TCCGGTGCGC AGGGAGGTGG CCAGCGCCCC
1251 TGTGGGTGCG GGGGAGGGTA TCCGGTGCGC AGGGAGGTGG CCAGCGCCCC
1301 CGGGCACTGC TGCTCATAGG TACCTTTCCG CTGCCTCCTC CCTGCTCCTC
1351 TGTGCAGGAA TGTCTCTGAG CTGTTCACGT TGATGCTTCT TGGTTGGCAA
1401 GACTTGGGTG TAGACATGAA ACCACCTTAC TAAAAGCGTC TTAAAATGAC
1451 CAATTCCAGA ATCAAGCGTA TTCCGTTTTC CTCCTGCATG ATCCCTGGGC
1501 CCTCCCGCAG GCTGAGCAAG TCTGTAAACT GATTCTGGAA GAAACCAAGC
1551 TGCTGGCCGT AGGATGTCCT TGGGTACATC CAGGAGTCTT CATTGCTTCT
1601 GTTATTACCC CGTCTCCTCT GCCATTTTCT ACAGCTTGCT GAGTTGTCAT
1651 TCCTTTGCAA CATTAAAATA CATGCTGAAC TCATATTTTT CCTTCCTTCA
1701 CTGTTGTAGT AAAGAGACAT ATTTCATGAA TGGCATTGAT GCTAATAAAC
1751 CCTTTGCCCA AAAATTTGAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 22 bp to 612 bp; peptide length: 197 Category: similarity to unknown protein Prosite motifs: LEUCINE_ZIPPER (117-139)

```
1 MEELLRRELG CSSVRATGHS GGGCISQGRS YDTDQGRVFV KVNPKAEARR
```

- 51 MFEGEMASLT AILKTNTVKV PKPIKVLDAP GGGSVLVMEH MDMRHLSSHA 101 AKLGAQLADL HLDNKKLGEM RLKEAGTVWR GGGQEERPFV ARFGFDVVTC
- 151 CGYLPQVNDW QEDWVVFYAR QRIQPQMDMV EKESGDREAL QLWSALQ

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2d20, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_2d20, frame 1

Report for DKF2phfbr2_2d20.1

(LENGTH)	197
(MW)	21963.25
{pI)	6.96
(HOMOL)	PIR:S76790 hypothetical protein – Synechocystis sp. (strain PCC 6803) 9e-12
(SUPFAM) [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [KW]	hypothetical protein b1725 le-06 LEUCINE_ZIPPER 1 MYRISTYL 2 GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN 1 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 2 Alpha_Beta

SEQ PRD	MEELLRRELGCSSVRATGHSGGGCISQGRSYDTDQGRVFVKVNPKAEARRMFEGEMASLT ccchhhhhccccceeeecccccceeecccccceeeeeccchhhhhh	
SEQ PRD	AILKTNTVKVPKPIKVLDAPGGGSVLVMEHMDMRHLSSHAAKLGAQLADLHLDNKKLGEM hhhhhhheeeccceeeecccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhcccccc	
SEQ PRD	RLKEAGTVWRGGGQEERPFVARFGFDVVTCCGYLPQVNDWQEDWVVFYARQRIQPQMDMV hhhhhcccccccccceeeccccceeeccccccchhhhhhh	
SEQ	EKESGDREALQLWSALQ	

PRD hhhccchhhhhhhccc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2d20.1

PS00002	20->24	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	13->16	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	67->70	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00008	22->28	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	104->110	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00029	96->118	LEUCINE_ZIPPER	PDOC00029

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 2d20.1)

DKFZphfbr2_2g18

group: brain derived

DKF2phfbr2_2g18 encodes a novel 229 amino acid protein with partial similarity to the humane dJ30M3.2 gene product.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

J30M3.2 extension of genmodel

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits
(mouse ESTs with >90% Identities)

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="6p22.1-22"

Insert length: 2444 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2425, no polyadenylation signal found

1 TGGTCGAGGG TCGACGGTAT CGATAAGTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT 51 TGGAAAGCAA GGATCACACT TCCCCCTCCC TGTTCCTTAA TCCCTTTTCT 101 AAAAAGGGGG GAAAATCCGG ATGGATTTTA GGGATTGGTC TGGTGTCAGC 151 TGTGTCTTAT TGCACACCTA AATCCTGATT ATAGGCTTTT CATTTCTCCG 201 CAAAGCCTTT ATTTTGGCAG TTAAGCCAAA TGTGTTTTCC AGAAAGTTAG 251 TTATTTTCTC CTCTTTCTTT CCTTTCTTTC CTCCCTTTTT CCCGTCTGAC 301 CCCAAACGTT ATTGTCCAAA CATGACTGGA CAGCAGCTTT TGTTTCTTGA 351 CCCTGTAATA TGACAGTCTG CTAATATTGA CAGAAGGTGC AGTTTTTGGG 401 TTATAGTCGT GATTTTCGCT AATCAATCAT ATTAGCAGGA AAAAAAATGA 451 CTTGTTTCTG TTGTACTTGA GTCTTAAGAA AAAGTGCCCA TAGTTTAGTG 501 ACAATTTCCA AAGGCTTTAG TACCACCTGT ATTTCAAAAT GGGGGACCCA 551 AACTCCCGGA AGAAACAAGC TCTGAACAGA CTACGTGCTC AGCTTAGAAA 601 GAAAAAAGAA TCTCTAGCTG ACCAGTTTGA CTTCAAGATG TATATTGCCT 651 TTGTATTCAA GGAGAAGAAG AAAAAGTCAG CACTTTTTGA AGTGTCTGAG
701 GTTATACCAG TCATGACAAA TAATTATGAA GAAAATATCC TGAAAGGTGT
751 GCGAGATTCC AGCTATTCCT TGGAAAGTTC CCTAGAGCTT TTACAGAAGG 801 ATGTGGTACA GCTCCATGCT CCTCGATATC AGTCTATGAG AAGGGATGTA 851 ATTGGCTGTA CTCAGGAGAT GGATTTCATT CTTTGGCCTC GGAATGATAT 901 TGAAAAAATC GTCTGTCTCC TGTTTTCTAG GTGGAAAGAA TCTGATGAGC 951 CTTTTAGGCC TGTTCAGGCC AAATTTGAGT TTCATCATGG TGACTATGAA 1001 AAACAGTTTC TGCATGTACT GAGCCGCAAG GACAAGACTG GAATCGTTGT 1051 CAACAATCCT AACCAGTCAG TGTTTCTCTT CATTGACAGA CAGCACTTGC 1101 AGACTCCAAA AAACAAAGCT ACAATCTTCA AGTTATGCAG CATCTGCCTC 1151 TACCTGCCAC AGGAACAGCT CACCCACTGG GCAGTTGGCA CCATAGAGGA 1201 TCACCTCCGT CCTTATATGC CAGAGTAGAG TACTGACCAG CAAAATGGAG 1251 AAGATCAGAG AATGCAGCAG CAGTTTTTT TCTTGTTTC TTACCACTTT 1301 ATTCTTTCAG AGTTTAAAGA AAATGGACTC ATGCACAGAA CACTATGCAT 1351 TTTGAAACTT GTTCATCCTG GATTTTTTTA AATCATTTTT ATCTCAGAAC 1401 TTAAACAAAA ATTAGATGTC GTGCACGGAC TGTGTGAAAG AAGATGCTTT 1451 GCATATTTGC TGCACTGCAT CAGTATCTTA CTAAAAATGT GAAATGAAAG 1501 GACTATTGTA CACTGAAATG CTTAAATGTA TCTGAAAGCA CAAGGTGATA 1551 CTCATTTTA TGGTCTTCCC ATTTGTGCTG GTTTTTGCCT CTTTGACATC 1601 TGTCATCAGT ATTTAGAGGG TGAGAAGTGA ATGTAACAGG TATAAATAAC 1651 ATTTTTAAAA ACAATAACTT TGCTATAATC ACAGTTGTTC CAGAGCACTG 1701 TCAGATACAT TCTAATGACC AGAACTGGTT TAAAAAAAGA AAATACAACC 1751 ATGGGAAAGA AATCTTAAAT GAAAAACGCA TCTCATTGTA GGCATTTTTG 1801 CCTCATATTT TACTGGGCCA TGTTTGTTTC CTGGTACTCA TGTATTTTTT 1851 TTTTTTCCAG ATCTCTTTCC CCAAGTTGCT ATTGTAAGAG TATTCTGCTG 1901 CGTGTGGATG CAGTTATACA CATTAAAGCA GATCTGGAGT CTGAAGTAGC 2051 TTTGGTTTTA CAGAGAAGAG ATTTTTATTA CAAAGAAAAA AATTCCAGTG 2101 AATTGTGCAG AAATGCTGGT TTTTACACCA TCCTAAAGAA AAACTTTACA 2151 AGGGTGTTTT GGAGTAGAAA AAAGGTTATA AAGTTGGAAT CTTAAATTGT 2201 AAAATTAACC ATTGAGTGTC AAAGTTCTAA AAGCAGAACT CATTTCGTGC 2301 AATGAAGAAA AGCTTTGCTT AAGGGTTGCA TACTTTTATT GGAGTAAATC 2351 TGAATGATCC TACTCCTTTG GAGTAAGACT AGTGCTTACC AGTTTCCAAT

BLAST Results

Entry HS338352 from database EMBL: human STS EST171398.

Score = 1747, P = 3.0e-74, identities = 359/365

Entry HS447255 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-10143. Score = 1717, P = 6.5e-73, identities = 365/383

Entry HS30M3 from database EMBLNEW: Human DNA sequence from clone 30M3 on chromosome 6p22.1-22.3. Contains three novel genes, one similar to C. elegans Y63D3A.4 and one similar to (predicted) plant, worm, yeast and archaea bacterial genes, and the first exon of the KIAAO319 gene. Contains ESTs, GSSs and putative CpG islands.

Score = 6646, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 1344/1355

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 539 bp to 1225 bp; peptide length: 229 Category: putative protein

- 1 MGDPNSRKKQ ALNRLRAQLR KKKESLADQF DFKMYIAFVF KEKKKKSALF
- 51 EVSEVIPVMT NNYEENILKG VRDSSYSLES SLELLQKDVV QLHAPRYQSM
- 101 RRDVIGCTQE MDFILWPRND IEKIVCLLFS RWKESDEPFR PVQAKFEFHH
- 151 GDYEKQFLHV LSRKDKTGIV VNNPNQSVFL FIDRQHLQTP KNKATIFKLC
- 201 SICLYLPQEQ LTHWAVGTIE DHLRPYMPE

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_2g18, frame 2

TREMBLNEW:HS30M3_2 gene: "dJ30M3.2"; product: "dJ30M3.2 (novel protein)"; Human DNA sequence from clone 30M3 on chromosome 6p22.1-22.3. Contains three novel genes, one similar to C. elegans Y63D3A.4 and one similar to (predicted) plant, worm, yeast and archaea bacterial genes, and the first exon of the KIAAO319 gene. Contains ESTs, GSSs and putative CpG islands., N = 1, Score = 470, P = 1.1e-44

>TREMBLNEW:HS30M3_2 gene: "dJ30M3.2"; product: "dJ30M3.2 (novel protein)";
Human DNA sequence from clone 30M3 on chromosome 6p22.1-22.3. Contains
three novel genes, one similar to C. elegans Y63D3A.4 and one similar to
(predicted) plant, worm, yeast and archaea bacterial genes, and the first
exon of the KIAAO319 gene. Contains ESTs, GSSs and putative CpG islands.
Length = 86

HSPs:

Score = 470 (70.5 bits), Expect = 1.1e-44, P = 1.1e-44 Identities = 86/86 (100%), Positives = 86/86 (100%)

Query: 144 AKFEFHHGDYEKQFLHVLSRKDKTGIVVNNPNQSVFLFIDRQHLQTPKNKATIFKLCSIC 203
AKFEFHHGDYEKQFLHVLSRKDKTGIVVNNPNQSVFLFIDRQHLQTPKNKATIFKLCSIC
Sbjct: 1 AKFEFHHGDYEKQFLHVLSRKDKTGIVVNNPNQSVFLFIDRQHLQTPKNKATIFKLCSIC 60

Query: 204 LYLPQEQLTHWAVGTIEDHLRPYMPE 229 LYLPQEQLTHWAVGTIEDHLRPYMPE Sbjct: 61 LYLPQEQLTHWAVGTIEDHLRPYMPE 86

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2g18, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_2g18.2

```
[LENGTH]
             229
             27083.42
[MW]
[pI]
             9.04
[HOMOL] TREMBL: HS30M3 2 gene: "dJ30M3.2"; product: "dJ30M3.2 (novel protein)"; Human DNA sequence from clone 30M3 on chromosome 6p22.1-22.3. Contains three novel genes, one
similar to C. elegans Y63D3A.4 and one similar to (predicted) plant, worm, yeast and archaea
bacterial genes, and the first exon of the KIAA0319 gene. Contains ESTs, GSSs and putative CpG
islands. 6e-47
[PROSITE]
             MYRISTYL
             CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                 2
             CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                                 1
[PROSITE]
             PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
             ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                 1
[KW]
             Alpha_Beta
[KW]
             LOW_COMPLEXITY
                              5.24 %
SEO
      MGDPNSRKKQALNRLRAQLRKKKËSLADQFDFKMYIAFVFKEKKKKSALFEVSEVIPVMT
SEG
PRD
      NNYEENILKGVRDSSYSLESSLELLQKDVVQLHAPRYQSMRRDVIGCTQEMDFILWPRND
SEQ
SEG
      .....
PRD
      IEKIVCLLFSRWKESDEPFRPVQAKFEFHHGDYEKQFLHVLSRKDKTGIVVNNPNQSVFL
SEQ
SEG
PRD
      hhhhhhhhhcccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhcccceeeecccceeee
      FIDRQHLQTPKNKATIFKLCSICLYLPQEQLTHWAVGTIEDHLRPYMPE
SEQ
SEG
      PRD
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2g18.2

PS00001	175->179	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	22->26	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	44->48	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	6->9	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	99->102	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	162->165	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	189->192	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
P\$00006	25->29	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	80->84	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	162->166	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	218->222	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	69->77	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	70->76	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	168->174	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2g18.2)

DKF2phfbr2_2h1

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_2hl encodes a novel 180 amino acid protein with weak similarity to C.elegans D2007.4 protein

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to C.elegans D2007.4 protein

CpG island in 5' region, complete cDNA

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 957 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 939, polyadenylation signal at pos. 916

1 GGGGGTCCCT GACTTTATAT GGCTGCTCCT GGCGAGCGAC TGAGTCGTCC
51 GTGAGGAAAA AGAGGCGAGG CTTTTCCGAG ATCGTCTCAG CGATTGCGCGT
101 TCGGTCGCGG TTTTGGGGGT TGTTCTCGGT TTCCAGGAAC CCTGGGTGCA
51 GGTTCGCAGC CCTGTCAACC AGCTCCGAGC CGGCAGCGAA ACCTGAAGTG
201 GACCCTGTGG AAAATCAAGC TGTCGCCCCA GAATTCACCA ACCGGAACCC
251 CCGGAACCTG GAGCTTTTGT CTGTAGACCAG GAAAGAGGCG GGCTGGCGGA
301 CGGTGTTTCC CTCCCCTGAG TTCTGGCACA GGTTGCGAGT TATAAGGACT
401 TTCGGCCTCC ACTCGTGAGT GGGCTATTAA AAAGCACCTT TATAAGGACT
401 TTCGGCCTCC ACTCGTGAG AGTATAGGAC GACTGCTGGC ACAGAGAGGC
501 TTAGAGGCGG GAATCAACTT CATGGTCTAG CAACCAACCC CGTGGGAGGC
501 TGGTTCTACG GGAACCTACAAAG TGCCATGACA AGAGGTGGTG
601 TGGTTCTACG GGAACCTCAG AGAATCTATG AATAAATGGA AGCATTAATT
601 GAGCATCTGG AAGACAGCC AGCTTGGAAG TTTTACAGCA ATAATTGTTGC
51 AGTGGAATAT TATTTTTAGT TAAGGTCATC CTCCTCCCCT TTCTGTTTTT
801 TTAAATCAAG AACTACGTTC TGGCCCTCT TTGGGCTTCA GAAGCATCTA

951 AAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 93 bp to 632 bp; peptide length: 180 Category: similarity to known protein Classification: unset

- 1 MALRSRFWGL FSVCRNPGCR FAALSTSSEP AAKPEVDPVE NEAVAPEFTN
- 51 RNPRNLELLS VARKERGWRT VFPSREFWHR LRVIRTOHHV EALVEHONGK
- 101 VVVSASTREW AIKKHLYSTR NVVACESIGR VLAQRCLEAG INFMVYQPTP
- 151 WEAASDSMKR LQSAMTEGGV VLREPQRIYE

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2h1, frame 3

```
PIR:S44789 D2007.4 protein ~ Caenorhabditis elegans, N = 1, Score =
PIR:JC5753 ribosomal protein L18 - Vibrio proteolyticus, N = 1, Score =
121, P = 1.1e-07
>PIR:S44789 D2007.4 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans
           Length = 170
 HSPs:
Score = 194 (29.1 bits), Expect = 2.0e-15, P = 2.0e-15 Identities = 51/134 (38%), Positives = 78/134 (58%)
         48 FTNRNPRNLELLSVARKERGWRTVFP--SREFWHRLRVIRTQHHVEA-LVEHQNGKVVVS 104
Ouerv:
            F NRNPRN EL+
                                      +R + +++ ++ + H E LV +Q+G VV+S
                              G++
Sbjct:
          9 FVNRNPRNNELMGRQAPNTGYQFEKDRAARSYIYKVELVEGKSHREGRLVHYQDG-VVIS 67
        105 ASTREWAIKKHLYSTRNVVACESIGRVLAQRCLEAGINFMVYQPTPWEAASDSMKRLQ-- 162
Ouerv:
                      LYS + A +IGRVLA RCL++GI+F +
         68 ASTKEPSIASQLYSKTDTSAALNIGRVLALRCLQSGIHFAMPGATK-EAIEKSQHQTHFF 126
Sbjct:
Query:
        163 SAMTEGGVVLREPQRI 178
             A+ E G+ L+EP
        127 KALEEEGLTLKEPAHV 142
Sbjct:
            Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 2h1, frame 3
                    Report for DKF2phfbr2_2h1.3
[LENGTH]
              180
[WM]
              20576.57
(pI)
              9.63
              PIR:S44789 D2007.4 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans 2e-13
[HOMOL]
              j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [H. influenzae, HI0794] 2e-04 Escherichia coli ribosomal protein L18 8e-06
[FUNCAT]
[SUPFAM]
              Alpha_Beta
[KW]
       MALRSRFWGLFSVCRNPGCRFAALSTSSEPAAKPEVDPVENEAVAPEFTNRNPRNLELLS
SEO
PRD
       SEQ
       VARKERGWRTVFPSREFWHRLRVIRTQHHVEALVEHQNGKVVVSASTREWAIKKHLYSTR
PRD
       SEQ
       {\tt NVVACESIGRVLAQRCLEAGINFMVYQPTPWEAASDSMKRLQSAMTEGGVVLREPQRIYE}
       PRD
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_2h1.3)
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2h1.3)
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```
DKFZphfbr2_2h10
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group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_2h10 encodes a novel 220 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2176 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2161, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2143

1 TGGGGAGTAT TCTAATTATA TTTTATATTT AATAAATTAT TTTTCTATTT 51 CTTTGTTATA TTAAGTTGCA CACTTGTTTC TTTTATCCAG AAAGTTTAGT 101 ATAATAAAAA TAGTTTTAAG ATTAACTGTG AATGTAAAGG AAAAGTATTA 151 TTAATTATTT CAGGAAATTG CAAGACCTAA CATGGCTGAA AGAGAAACAG 201 AAACATCAAA TTCTGAAAGT AAACAAGATA AAGCTGCTTC TTCAAAAGAA 251 AAAAATGGAT GTAATGCAAA TTCATTTGAA GGCTCATCAA CAACAAAAAG 301 TGAAGAAAGC ATAACAGTTT CAGATAAGGA AAATGAAACC TGTCTTGCAG 351 ACCAGGAAAC TGGCTCAAAA AACATCGTCA GTTGTGATTC AAATATTGGT 401 GCAGATAAAG TGGAAAAGAA AAAACAAATA CAACACGTTT GTCAGGAAAT 451 GGAGTTGAAG ATGTGCCAGA GTTCAGAAAA CATAATCTTA TCTGATCAGA 501 TTAAAGATCA CAACTCCAGT GAAGCCAGAT TTTCTTCAAA GAATATTAAG 551 GATTTGCGAT TAGCATCAGA TAATGTAAGC ATTGATCAGT TTTTGAGAAA
601 AACGACATGAA CCTCGAATCTG TTAGTTCTGA TGATGCGAG CAAGGCAGTA
651 TTCATTTGGA ACCTCTGACT CCATCCGAGG TACTTGAGTA TGAAGCCACA
701 GAGATTCTTC AGAAAGGTAG TGGTGATCCT TCAGCCAAGA CTGATGAAGT 751 AGTGTCTGAT CAAACAGATG ACATTCCTGG AGGAAATAAC CCTAGCACAA 801 CAGAGGCAAC AGTAGACCTG GAAGATGAAA AAGAAAGAAG TTGAAATTAG 851 TCATTTTAAG TTTCAGTGTA CCAACGATAA GGGCATTTGG AACAGTGCTA 901 TCAGGTGAGC TCAGTGGTGC TGTTGTAGGT TCAGAAATGG AAATATGTAA 951 GGGAGGTCAC ACATACACTT TACCTGTATG TTCAACCTAT GTTATCAAAC 1001 AAACCAATTC ACCAATAATA GCATGATTAG TAGGGATTCC CAAAAAGTTT 1051 TTAAAAACAC GAACAGGATT TTAATGATAA TTAAATTTGC AGTGGAAAGG 1101 TCTCATTTAA TGGTTTTCAA GGAAATGGGA TTTGGTTGCT GACATGAATT 1151 GATGATATTA GTAATATTTA TAAAGCCTTT CAAACTTCCA TCAATCCTAA 1201 GCTAAAATC TTATTACCT GTATATCCTT TTCAGTTAAC TGAGAGGAAG
1251 GGATTTGGAA ACCATGTACT TTTGGGGAGT AATTGATTAA AAACAATGGC
1301 TGATTGGCAT TGTTAATGAA GGCTTTATTT GTGAGGATGA TGCTGGTAAA
1351 TGGAGCATGC TTAGAGTACT AAATTGATCT AATGAGAATT TGGATGAACA 1401 TAAACTTAAT TTTGGATTTA ATATAACATT CCAGTCAGAC GCATGTAAAC 1451 AGAATATTTG AATCTTTGTA CCTCCATACA AGTGTTAGCC TGCCAGGCTG 1501 TAAGCTTACC TTAATTAAAC TTTCAGTGAA AGTGGAATTA TTAAGATATA 1551 AATTTATATT TGTGCTTTTT GTCAGTGTGT AAGCTGTGTA GAAATTCTTT 1601 GATGTATTAG TTGTATTAAT GTAAAGTAGA AACCCATTGT TGAAACTCCT 1651 GTAGCTATTA TGCTTTTAAT ATTGTTTTAA TGTTCTTCCT TAGAAATAGG 1701 CCCATAAAAA TGGTCTGGAA GCCAAACCAA AGTATGGTAT AATGTAGATA 1751 TTGTAAAGCA GTAAACTGAA AACATGTCCT GGCATGTATT CAGCCATGTT
1801 TAAGTGACTT TTCTGTAATT GTAAAATAAA AACTTCAAAT GGGACCTAAA 1851 ACAGTGATGT AAAAGAACTG GTTTTGGAAA TTTAGCCTAA TTTATCTATA
1901 AGATGGCTGC TAAATTGATT TTTCAGTTCT TTTTATCATC TAAAATATAA 1951 TAGATATAGA AATGAATAAT ATGAAGAACA GTAGTTTGCT TTGAAATACT 2001 AATAAACTTT TATTTAAGAT GCTTCATTTT TACTTCTTAA AACGTGCTTT 2051 GGATTCTTAA ATTTTGTTTC ACTGAATGTT CAATGTTTTA AATGGCGATT 2101 AAAATACTCT GCTGTATATA GTAGTTTTTG AGTAAATATT TGCAATAAAA 2151 ATCTGCCCCC GAAAAAAAA AAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry G35287 from database EMBL:

human STS SHGC-37375.

Score = 2163, P = 2.8e-91, identities = 437/441

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 182 bp to 841 bp; peptide length: 220 Category: putative protein $\,$

```
1 MAERETETSN SESKQDKAAS SKEKNGCNAN SFEGSSTTKS EESITVSDKE
51 NETCLADQET GSKNIVSCDS NIGADKVEKK KQIQHVCQEM ELKMCQSSEN
101 IILSDQIKDH NSSEARFSSK NIKDLRLASD NVSIDQFLRK RHEPESVSSD
151 VSEQGSIHLE PLTPSEVLEY EATEILQKGS GDPSAKTDEV VSDQTDDIPG
201 GNNPSTTEAT VDLEDEKERS
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2h10, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2h10, frame 2

Report for DKF2phfbr2_2h10.2

[LENGTH] [MW] [PI] [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PFAM] [KW]	30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKR092c] 4e-05 MYRISTYL 3 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 8 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 5
	ERETETSNSESKQDKAASSKEKNGCNANSFEGSSTTKSEESITVSDKENETCLADQET
	KNIVSCDSNIGADKVEKKKQIQHVCQEMELKMCQSSENIILSDQIKDHNSSEARFSSK
	KDLRLASDNVSIDQFLRKRHEPESVSSDVSEQGSIHLEPLTPSEVLEYEATEILQKGS hhhhhhcccchhhhhhhcccccccccccccccccchhhhh
	PSAKTDEVVSDQTDDI PGGNNPSTTEATVDLEDEKERS

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2h10.2

PS00001	51->55	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	111->115	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	131->135	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	20->23	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	37->40	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	47->50	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	118->121	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	184->187	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	9->13	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	13->17	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	20->24	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	38->42	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	45->49	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	47->51	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	163->167	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	205->209	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	26->32	MYRISTYL _	PD0C00008

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

3

PS00008 PS00008 34->40 MYRISTYL 201->207 MYRISTYL PDOC00008 PDOC00008

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_2h10.2

HMM_NAME TNFR/NGFR cysteine-rich region

CpeG.tYtD.WNHvpqClpCtrCePEMGQYMvqPCTwTQNTVC +E+ T +D +N ++C E G+ ++C+++ + 40 SEESITVSDKEN--ETC--LADQET--GSKNIVSCDSNIGADK HMM

76 Query

DKFZphfbr2_2i17

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKF2phfbr2_2i17.3 encodes a novel 201 amino acid putative GTP-binding protein related to RablB.

Rab proteins are members of the Ras superfamily of GTPases. Rab proteins are localised to the cytoplasmic side of organelles and vesicles involved in the secretory(biosynthetic) and endocytotic pathways in eukaryotic cells. Rab proteins direct the targeting and fusion of transport vesicles to their acceptor membranes. RablB is essential for the intracellular transport of nascent low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor. It is discussed as a universal mediator of endoplasmatic reticulum to Golgi transport of membrane glycoproteins in mammalian cells.

The new protein can find clinical application in modulating the transport of glycoproteins inside cells, especially of the LDL receptor.

Medline

96245776: Intracellular transport and maturation of nascent low density lipoprotein receptor is blocked by mutation in the Ras-related GTP-binding protein, RABlB

strong similarity to rabl

complete cDNA, complete cds, start at 47, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1985 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1901, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1859

1 GGGAGCAGAG TCGACTGGGA GCGACCGAGC GGGCCGCCGC CGCCGCCATG 51 AACCCCGAAT ATGACTACCT GTTTAAGCTG CTTTTGATTG GCGACTCAGG 101 CGTGGGCAAG TCATGCCTGC TCCTGCGGTT TGCTGATGAC ACGTACACAG 151 AGAGCTACAT CAGCACCATC GGGGTGGACT TCAAGATCCG AACCATCGAG 201 CTGGATGGCA AAACTATCAA ACTTCAGATC TGGGACACAG CGGGCCAGGA 251 ACGGTTCCGG ACCATCACTT CCAGCTACTA CCGGGGGGCT CATGGCATCA 301 TGGTGGTGTA TGACGTCACT GACCAGGAAT CCTACGCCAA CGTGAAGCAG
351 TGGCTGCAGG AGATTGACCG CTATGCCAGC GAGAACGTCA ATAAGCTCCT 401 GGTGGGCAAC AAGAGCGACC TCACCACCAA GAAGGTGGTG GACAACACCA 451 CAGCCAAGGA GTTTGCAGAC TCTCTGGGCA TCCCCTTCTT GGAGACGAGC 501 GCCAAGAATG CCACCAATGT CGAGCAGGCG TTCATGACCA TGGCTGCTGA 551 AATCAAAAAG CGGATGGGGC CTGGAGCAGC CTCTGGGGGC GAGCGGCCCA 601 ATCTCAAGAT CGACAGCACC CCTGTAAAGC CGGCTGGCGG TGGCTGTTGC 651 TAGGAGGGC ACATGGAGTG GGACAGGAGG GGGCACCTTC TCCAGATGAT 701 GTCCCTGGAG GGGGGAGGAG GTACCTCCCT CTCCCTCTCC TGGGGCATTT 751 GAGTCTGTGG CTTTGGGGTG TCCTGGGCTC CCCATCTCCT TCTGGCCCAT 801 CTGCCTGCTG CCCTGAGCCC CGGTTCTGTC AGGGTCCCTA AGGGAGGACA 851 CTCAGGGCCT GTGGCCAGGC AGGGCGGAGG CCTGCTGTGC AGTTGCCTCT 901 AGGTGACTTT CCAAGATGCC CCCCTACACA CCTTTCTTTG GAACGAGGGC 951 TCTTCTGTGG GTGTCCCTCC CACCCCCATG TATGCTGCAC TGGGTTCTCT
1001 CCTTCTTCTT CCTGCTGTCC TGCCCAAGAA CTGAGGGTCT CCCCGGCCTC 1051 TACTGCCCTG GCTGCAGTCA GTGCCCAGGG CGAGGAATGT GGCCAGGGGA 1101 TCCAGGACCT GGGATCCAGG GCCCTGGGCT GGACCTCAGG ACAGGCATGG 1151 AGGCCACAGG GGCCCAGCAG CCCACCCTTT CCTCTCCCCA CTGCCTCCTC 1201 TCCCTTCCTA CACTCCCAGC TCGAGCCGTC CAGCTGCGGT GGGATCTGAG 1251 TATATCTAGG GCGGGTGGGC GGGTAGCAGT GCTGGGCCTG TGTCTTGAGC 1301 CTGGAGGGAG ACTGCTCCTG CCGCCCTCTG CCCTGCCGGA GACAGACCCA 1351 TGCGCTGCCT GCCCACCGTG CCCCTTTGTC CCCATGTCAG GCGGAGGCGG 1401 AAGGCCCACC GTGCCAGAGG CTGGGCACCA GCCTTAACCC TCACTCTGCT 1451 AGCACCTCCT CCCTTTCCCC AAGGTAGCAC ATCTGGCTCA CTCCCCACTC 1501 CGTCTCTGGA GCCCACCAGG GAAGGCCCTC ATCCCCTGCC GCTACTTCTC 1551 TGGGGAATGT GGGTTCCATC CAGGATTGGG GGCCTCTCTG CTCACCCACT 1601 CTGCACCCAG GATCCTAGTC CCCTGCCCTC TGGCACAGCT GCTTCCTGCA
1651 AGAAAGCAAG TCTTTGGTCT CCCTGAGAAG CCATGTCCCT CGTGCTGTCT
1701 CTTGCCTGTC CCACCTGTGC CCTGCCCTCC AGCTTGTATT TAAGTCCCTG
1751 GGCTGCCCCC TTGGGGTGCC CCCCGCTCCC AGGTTCCCCT CTGGTGTCAT 1801 GTCAGGCATT TTGCAAGGAA AAGCCACTTG GGGAAAGATG GAAAAGGACA 1851 AAAAAATTA ATAAATTTCC ATTGGCCCTC GGGTGAGCTG AGGGTTTTTG 1951 ААААААААА ААААGААААА ААААААААА

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

91115900:

A family of ras-like GTP-binding proteins expressed in electromotor neurons.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 48 bp to 650 bp; peptide length: 201 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MNPEYDYLFK LLLIGDSGVG KSCLLLRFAD DTYTESYIST IGVDFKIRTI
- 51 ELDGKTIKLQ IWDTAGQERF RTITSSYYRG AHGIIVVYDV TDQESYANVK 101 QWLQEIDRYA SENVNKLLVG NKSDLTTKKV VDNTTAKEFA DSLGIPFLET
- 151 SAKNATNVEQ AFMTMAAEIK KRMGPGAASG GERPNLKIDS TPVKPAGGGC

201 C

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 2i17, frame 3

SWISSPROT: RB1B_RAT RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-1B., N = 1, Score = 1023, P

PIR:S06147 GTP-binding protein rablB - rat, N = 1, Score = 1013, P = 3.2e-102

SWISSPROT: RAB1_DISOM RAS-RELATED PROTEIN ORAB-1., N = 1, Score = 967, P = 2.4e-97

PIR:TVHUYP GTP-binding protein Rabl - human, N = 1, Score = 966, P = 3e-97

>SWISSPROT: RB1B_RAT_RAS-RELATED_PROTEIN_RAB-1B. Length = 201

HSPs:

Score = 1023 (153.5 bits), Expect = 2.7e-103, P = 2.7e-103 Identities = 197/201 (98%), Positives = 199/201 (99%)

1 MNPEYDYLFKLLLIGDSGVGKSCLLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIKLQ 60 Query: MNPEYDYLFKLLLIGDSGVGKSCLLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIKLQ

Sbjct: 1 MNPEYDYLFKLLLIGDSGVGKSCLLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIKLQ 60

61 IWDTAGQERFRTITSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTDQESYANVKQWLQEIDRYASENVNKLLVG 120 Query: IWDTAGQERFRT+TSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTDQESYANVKQWLQEIDRYASENVNKLLVG

Sbjct: 61 IWDTAGQERFRTVTSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTDQESYANVKQWLQEIDRYASENVNKLLVG 120

Query: 121 NKSDLTTKKVVDNTTAKEFADSLGIPFLETSAKNATNVEQAFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGAASG 180 NKSDLTTKKVVDNTTAKEFADSLG+PFLETSAKNATNVEQAFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGAASG

121 NKSDLTTKKVVDNTTAKEFADSLGVPFLETSAKNATNVEQAFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGAASG 180 Sbjct:

Query: 181 GERPNLKIDSTPVKPAGGGCC 201 GERPNLKIDSTPVK A GGCC 181 GERPNLKIDSTPVKSASGGCC 201 Sbict:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 2i17, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_2i17.3

[LENGTH] 201

```
(MW)
                     22171.25
[pI]
[HOMOL]
                     5.56
                     SWISSPROT: RB1B_RAT RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-1B. 1e-112
                                                                                                  (S. cerevisiae, YFL038c)
[FUNCAT]
                     08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
2e-77
[FUNCAT]
                     30.08 organization of golgi [S. cerevisiae, YFL038c] 2e-77 30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
[FUNCAT]
YFL005w] 4e-57
                                                                                       (S. cerevisiae, YFL005w) 4e-57
[FUNCAT]
                     30.02 organization of plasma membrane
                     03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YFL005w]
[FUNCAT]
4e-57
[FUNCAT]
                     08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YER031c] 8e-46
                     08.13 vacuolar transport [S. cerevisiae, YER031c] 8e-46
09.09 biogenesis of intracellular transport vesicles
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                               (S. cerevisiae,
YGL210w] 1e-44
[FUNCAT]
                     06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YOR089c]
1e-30
[FUNCAT]
                     03.10 sporulation and germination [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 3e-25 11.01 stress response [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 3e-25 03.99 other cell growth, cell division and dna synthesis activities
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
cerevisiae, YNL098cl 3e-25
                     01.03.13 regulation of nucleotide metabolism
                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c]
[FUNCAT]
3e-25
[FUNCAT]
                     01.05.04 regulation of carbohydrate utilization
                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c]
3e-25
[FUNCAT]
                                                      [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 3e-25
                     10.04.07 g-proteins
                     33.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 3e-25
30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 9e-24
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 9e-24
04.07 rna transport [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 4e-23
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                     30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 4e-23 08.01 nuclear transport [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 4e-23
(FUNCAT)
                     08.01 nuclear transport (S. cerevisiae, YOR185c) 4e-23
30.04 organization of cytoskeleton (S. cerevisiae, YPR165w) 7e-17
10.02.07 g-proteins (S. cerevisiae, YPR165w) 7e-17
10.99 other signal-transduction activities (S. cerevisiae, YCR027c) le-16
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
          [S. cerevisiae, YLR229c] le-l1

10.05.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YLR229c] le-l1

06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YDL192w] 4e-l0

03.01 cell growth [S. cerevisiae, YNL180c] 9e-09

06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation,
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YPL051w] 3e-08 [FUNCAT] 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YAL048c] 5e-05
                     99 unclassified proteins {S. cerevisiae, YAL BL01019A ADP-ribosylation factors family proteins
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
                     BL01115A GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins
                     dlplk 3.25.1.3.1 cH-p21 Ras protein (human (Homo sapiens) 2e-41 dlguaa 3.25.1.3.10 RaplA (Human (Homo sapiens) 5e-60
[SCOP]
                     dlrrga 3.25.1.3.10 Kapim [Human (Homo sapiens) 5e-60 dlrrga 3.25.1.3.5 ADP-ribosylation factor 1 (ARF1) [rat (Rattu 2e-30 dlhura 3.25.1.3.4 ADP-ribosylation factor 1 (ARF1) [human (Hom 2e-33 nucleus 1e-21
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[PTRKW]
                     membrane trafficking le-110
[PIRKW]
                     oncogene le-25
[PIRKW]
                     endoplasmic reticulum 1e-105
[PIRKW]
                     phosphoprotein 1e-105
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
                     glycoprotein 3e-25
(PIRKW)
                     prenylated cysteine 1e-110
[PIRKW]
                      signal transduction 4e-23
[PIRKW]
                     transforming protein le-105
[PIRKW]
                     purine nucleotide binding 2e-24
[PIRKW]
                     alternative splicing 5e-26
                     P-loop le-110
lipoprotein le-110
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                     proto-oncogene 3e-27
[PIRKW]
                     methylated carboxyl end 3e-27
(PIRKW)
                     hydrolase 7e-25
[PIRKW]
                     membrane protein 1e-105
[PIRKW]
                     GTP binding 1e-110
[PIRKW]
                     thiolester bond 5e-76
[PIRKW]
                     Golgi apparatus 1e-105
[PIRKW]
                     ras transforming protein le-110
(SUPFAM)
[PROSITE]
                     ATP_GTP_A
                     MYRĪSTYL
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                     CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE
                     SIGMA54_INTERACT_1
(PROSITE)
                                                       1
(PROSITE)
                     TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                       1
                     GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
(PROSITE)
                                                       1
                     PKC_PHOSPHO SITE
(PROSITE)
                     ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
                     Ras family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
[PFAM]
                     Alpha_Beta
[KW]
(KW)
```

SEQ 221p-	MNPEYDYLFKLLLIGDSGVGKSCLLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIKLQ EEEEEEETTTCHHHHHHHHHHCCCCCCCCCCTTTEEEE-EEEEETTEEEEEE
SEQ	IWDTAGQERFRTITSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTDQESYANVKQWLQEIDRYASENVNKLLVG
221p-	EEECTTTTTCGGGHHHHHHCCEEEEEEETTBHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHTTTCEEEEE
SEQ	NKSDLTTKKVVDNTTAKEFADSLGIPFLETSAKNATNVEQAFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGAASG
221p-	ETTTTCCC-CCCHHHHHHHHHHCCCCEEEETTTTTTHHHHHHHHHH
SEQ 221p-	GERPNLKIDSTPVKPAGGGCC

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2i17.3

PS00001	121->125	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	133->137	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	154->158	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00002	17->21	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	56->59	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	126->129	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	135->138	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	151->154	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	32->36	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	91->95	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	135->139	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	156->160	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	179->183	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	27->34	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	18->24	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	176->182	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00017	15->23	ATP_GTP_A	PDOC00017
PS00675	11->25	SIGMA54_INTERACT_1	PDOC00579

Pfam for DKF2phfbr2_2i17.3

HMM_NAME	Ras family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
нмм	*KLVLIGDSGVGKSCLLIRFTQNeFnEeYIPTIGvDFYtKTIEIDGKtIK
	KL+LIGDSGVGKSCLL+RF +++++E+YI+TIGVDF+++TIE+DGKTIK
Query	10 KLLLIGDSGVGKSCLLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIK 58
HMM	LQIWDTAGQERYRsMRPMYYRGAMGFMLVYDITNRGSFENIrNWweEIrR
	LQIWDTAGQER+R++++++YYRGA+G+++VYD+T+++S+ N+++W++EI+R
Query	59 LQIWDTAGQERFRTITSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTDQESYANVKQWLQEIDR 108
нмм	HCDrdenvpimlvgnkcdledQRQvsteegQefaRewGaipfmetsaktn
	+++ ENV ++LVGNK+DL +++V+ +++EFA+++G IPF+ETSAK++
Query	109 YASENVNKLLVGNKSDLTTKKVVDNTTAKEFADSLG-IPFLETSAKNA 155
нмм	inveEAFMEIvReIlgrMge.g.NgteNinidQpsrnrkrCCCIM*
	+NVE+AFM+++ EI++RM+
Query	156 TNVEQAFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGAASGGERPNLKIDSTPVKPAGGGCC 201

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfbr2 2k19

group: brain derived

DKF2phfbr2 2k19 encodes a novel 303 amino acid protein with similarity to human KIAA0378

The protein contains a leucine zipper, which can mediate protein-protein-interaction. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to KIAA0378

encoded by the genomic clones HS147M19/HS608E8

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1931 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1866, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGGGGGCG CGCGGTGACA GCGCGGGGTT GGCGGCGTGG GACCCAGGGG 101 GCGGCAATGC TGGAGACCCT TCGCGAGCGG CTGCTGAGCG TGCAGCAGGA 151 TTTCACCTCC GGGCTGAAGA CTTTAAGTGA CAAGTCAAGA GAAGCAAAAG 201 TGAAAAGCAA ACCCAGGACT GTTCCATTTT TGCCAAAGTA CTCTGCTGGA 251 TTAGAATTAC TTAGCAGGTA TGAGGATACA TGGGCTGCAC TTCACAGAAG 301 AGCCAAAGAC TGTGCAAGTG CTGGAGAGCT GGTGGATAGC GAGGTGGTCA 351 TGCTTTCTGC GCACTGGGAG AAGAAAAAGA CAAGCCTCGT GGAGCTGCAA 401 GAGCAGCTCC AGCAGCTCCC AGCTTTAATC GCAGACTTAG AATCCATGAC 451 AGCAAATCTG ACTCATTTAG AGGCGAGTTT TGAGGAGGTA GAGAACAACC 501 TGCTGCATCT GGAAGACTTA TGTGGGCAGT GTGAATTAGA AAGATGCAAA 551 CATATGCAGT CCCAGCAGT GGAGAATTAC AAGAAAAATA AGAGGAAGGA
601 ACTTGAAACC TTCAAAGCTG AACTAGATGC AGAGCACGCC CAGAAGGTCC 651 TGGAAATGGA GCACACCCAG CAAATGAAGC TGAAGGAGCG GCAGAAGTTT 701 TTTGAGGAAG CCTTCCAGCA GGACATGGAG CAGTACCTGT CCACTGGCTA 751 CCTGCAGATT GCAGAGCGGC GAGAGCCCAT AGGCAGCATG TCATCCATGG 801 AAGTGAACGT GGACATGCTG GAGCAGATGG TCCTGATGGA CATATCGGAC 851 CAGGAGGCCC TGGACGTCTT CCTGAACTCT GGAGGAGAAG AGAACACTGT 901 GCTGTCCCCC GCCTTAGGTA GGGTTGACAA ACTTGCATTA GCTGAACCAG 951 GGCAGTATCG ATGCCACTCC CCTCCAAAGG TGAGACGTGA GAACCATCTG 1001 CCAGTCACTT ACGCATAAAC CCCCAAGCTC ACAGCCAGCT CCTGGCTCCC 1301 AGGCATTTAG GGGCGTGCCT GCCATGGGCA AAGCCATGGT GTGTGTTCAG 1351 CTCTTGGCCT GTGTTGTAAA CTTAGTTGCA CTTCAGTTCC TTTCATCCCT 1401 TCACAAAATT TTGTTTCACA TTCATGCAGC AAATATGGGC TGAGGTGCCA
1451 GACCTGTACC TGGGCTTGGT GCGTTTCAAA TTTCAGACCA GTTCTTTGGG 1501 CTGGGTCAAG GCAAAGCTCA GTCGTCCCAG CAGCACCTCA GCCATCTGTA 1551 GAAGGTTCTA CCATTACCAC GGTTTCAGCT TCCTCTAAAC TTCTCACCCG 1601 CTTCTCCTGG CAATCTGTCA GAACGGTGTC ATCCTGGGGA AGAGAAGGAG 1651 CTTGGGTGCA TTTGCCCTCA TCCTGAGAAG GCCAGAATAC TGGAGACCAG 1701 CGTGAACCCT CACCCAGAGT CAGGGGAAGA TTTAGAAACA GTGACACCTG 1751 CATATAGAAT TTTGATTCCT TGAAGAGCCT ATTTAGTTCC ATAAAATTGG 1801 AGAACTGCTG AAGGTCAGTA ATTCCGACTT TCTCAGCAGT GGTGTCTCTG 1851 AATTACTGCA AAGGGTAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAACTTA TCGATACCGT 1901 CGACCTCGAT GATGATGATG ATGATGTCGA C

BLAST Results

Entry HS147M19 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens DNA sequence from PAC 147M19 on chromosome 6p22.1-22.3. Contains an unknown gene, ESTs and GSSs. Score = 5540, P = 4.1e-275, identities = 1114/1120 3 exons 592-1884

Entry HS608E8 from database EMBL:
Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 608E8 Score = 797, P = 1.2e-78, identities = 161/163

6 exons 1-592

Medline entries

90294724:

The involucrin gene of the gibbon: The middle region shared by the hominoids

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 107 bp to 1015 bp; peptide length: 303

Category: similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: LEUCINE_ZIPPER (97-119)

1 MLETLRERLL SVQQDFTSGL KTLSDKSREA KVKSKPRTVP FLPKYSAGLE
51 LLSRYEDTWA ALHRRAKDCA SAGELVDSEV VMLSAHWEKK KTSLVELQEQ
101 LQQLPALIAD LESMTANLTH LEASFEEVEN NLLHLEDLCG QCELERCKHM
151 QSQQLENYKK NKRKELETFK AELDAEHAQK VLEMEHTQQM KLKERQKFFE
201 EAFQQDMEQY LSTGYLQIAE RREPIGSMSS MEVNVDMLEQ MVLMDISDQE
251 ALDVFLNSGG EENTVLSPAL GRVDKLALAE PGQYRCHSPP KVRRENHLPV
301 TYA

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_2k19, frame 2

TREMBL:HSAB2376_1 gene: "KIAA0378"; Human mRNA for KIAA0378 gene, partial cds., N=1, Score = 137, P=4.8e-06

PIR: I37037 involucrin - common gibbon, N = 1, Score = 124, P = 7.4e-05

PIR:A57013 early endosome antigen 1 - human, N = 1, Score = 128, P = 9.5e-05

>TREMBL:HSAB2376_1 gene: "KIAA0378"; Human mRNA for KIAA0378 gene, partial cds.

Length = 808

HSPs:

Score = 137 (20.6 bits), Expect = 4.8e-06, P = 4.8e-06 Identities = 59/222 (26%), Positives = 103/222 (46%)

Query: 2 LETLRERLLSVQQDFTSGLKTL---SDKSREAKVKS-KPRTVPFLPKYSAGLELLSRYED 57
L TL E L S ++ LK D+ R +++S + K +A L+ E
Sbjct: 434 LATLEEAL-SEKERIIERLKEQRERDDRERLEEIESFRKENKDLKEKVNALQAELTEKES 492

Query: 58 TWAALHRRAKDCASAGELVDSEVVMLSAHWEKKKTSLVELQEQLQQLPALIADLESMTAN 117

+ L A ASAG DS++ L E+KK +L+ QL++ I D M
Sbjct: 493 SLIDLKEHASSLASAGLKRDSKLKSLEIAIEQKKEECSKLEAQLKKAHN-IEDDSRMNPE 551

Query: 118 LTHLEASFEEVENNLLHLEDLCG--QCELERCKHMQSQQLENYKKNKRK---ELETFKAE 172 ++++ + D CG Q E++R + +++EN K +K ELE+ Sbjct: 552 FAD---QIKQLDKEASYYRDECGKAQAEVDRLLEIL-KEVENEKNDKDKKIAELESLTLR 607

Sbjct: 552 FAD---QIKQLDKEASYYRDECGKAQAEVDRLLEIL-KEVENEKNDKDKKIAELE
Query: 173 LDAEHAQKVLEMEHTQQMKLKERQKFFEEAFQQDMEQYLSTGYLQIAE 220

Sbjct: 608 HMKDQNKKVANLKHNQQLEKKKNAQLLEEVRRREDSMADNSQHLQIEE 655

Score = 100 (15.0 bits), Expect = 6.2e-02, P = 6.0e-02 Identities = 44/156 (28%), Positives = 76/156 (48%)

Query: 57 DTWAALHRRAKDCASAGELVDSEVVMLSAHWEKKKTSLVELQEQLQQLPAL-IADLESMT 115 D A+ +R +C A VD + +L E +K + +L+ L + D Sbjct: 560 DKEASYYR--DECGKAQAEVDRLLEILK-EVENEKNDKDKKIAELESLTLRHMKDQNKKV 616

Query: 116 ANLTHLEASFEEVENNLLHLEDLCGQCE--LERCKHMQSQQLENYKKNKRKELETFKAEL 173

```
ANL H + E+ +N L LE++ + + + +H+Q ++L N + R+EL+ KA L 617 ANLKHNQ-QLEKKKNAQL-LEEVRRREDSMADNSQHLQIEELMNALEKTRQELDATKARL 674
Sbjct:
                                         174 DAEHAQKVLEME-HTQQMKLKERQKFFEEAFQQDMEQYLS 212 A Q + E E H +++ ER+K EE + E L+ 675 -ASTQQSLAEKEAHLANLRI-ERRKQLEEILEMKQEALLA 712
Query:
Sbjct:
                                                       Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2k19, frame 2
                                                                                                      Report for DKF2phfbr2_2k19.2
 [LENGTH]
                                                                     303
                                                                     34814.78
 (WM)
 [pI]
                                                                     5.23
 [PROSITE]
                                                                     LEUCINE ZIPPER 1
                                                                    All_Alpha
LOW_COMPLEXITY
COILED_COIL
 [KW]
 [KW]
                                                                                                                                                            3.63 %
 [KW]
                                                                                                                                                        14.52 %
SEQ
                                   MLETLRERLLSVQQDFTSGLKTLSDKSREAKVKSKPRTVPFLPKYSAGLELLSRYEDTWA
PRD
                                   сссининининальный постое состоем политической политическо
COILS
                                   ALHRRAKDCASAGELVDSEVVMLSAHWEKKKTSLVELQEQLQQLPALIADLESMTANLTH
SEQ
                                  SEG
PRD
```

SEQ TYA SEG ... PRD CCC COILS ...

COILS

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_2k19.2

PS00029 97->119 LEUCINE_ZIPPER PD0C00029

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 2k19.2)

DKFZphfbr2_2k14

group: cell cycle

DKFZphfbr2 2k14 encodes a novel 335 amino acid protein with strong similarity to rattus rattus IAG2 "implantation-associated protein" and the human N33 tumour-suppressor gene.

Tumour-suppressor genes are known to be involved in the control of cell growth and division, interacting with proteins which control the cell cycle. The N33 gene is significantly methylated in tumour cells, a mechanism by which tumor-suppressor genes are inactivated in cancer. In addition, the novel protein contains a RGD cell attachment site. Therefore the novel protein is a new putative tumour-suppressor gene.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the cell cycle and in the therapy of tumours.

strong similarity to human N33 tumor suppressor gene

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits, potential start at Bp 30 matches kozak consensus ANCatgG potential transmembran protein (4 TM) similarity to yeast OST3p (oligosaccharyltransferase gamma chain)

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2241 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2221, no polyadenylation signal found

1 TGGGACTTAT AGAAGGGAGA GGAGCGAACA TGGCAGCGCG TTGGCGGTTT 51 TGGTGTGTCT CTGTGACCAT GGTGGTGGCG CTGCTCATCG TTTGCGACGT 101 TCCCTCAGCC TCTGCCCAAA GAAAGAAGGA GATGGTGTTA TCAGAAAAGG 151 TTAGTCAGCT GATGGAATGG ACTAACAAAA GACCTGTAAT AAGAATGAAT
201 GGAGACAAGT TCCGTCGCCT TGTGAAAGCC CCACCGAGAA ATTACTCCGT
251 TATCGTCATG TTCACTGCTC TCCAACTGCA TAGACAGTGT GTCGTTTGCA
301 AGCAAGCTGA TGAAGAATTC CAGATCCTGG CAAACTCCTG GCGATACTCC 351 AGTGCATTCA CCAACAGGAT ATTITTTGCC ATGGTGGATT TTGATGAAGG
401 CTCTGATGTA TTTCAGATGC TAAACATGAA TTCAGCTCCA ACTTTCATCA 451 ACTITCCTGC AAAAGGGAAA CCCAAACGGG GTGATACATA TGAGTTACAG 501 GTGCGGGGTT TTTCAGCTGA GCAGATTGCC CGGTGGATCG CCGACAGAAC 551 TGATGTCAAT ATTAGAGTGA TTAGACCCCC AAATTATGCT GGTCCCCTTA 601 TGTTGGGATT GCTTTTGGCT GTTATTGGTG GACTTGTGTA TCTTCGAAGA 651 AGTAATATGG AATTTCTCTT TAATAAAACT GGATGGGCTT TTGCAGCTTT 701 GTGTTTTGTG CTTGCTATGA CATCTGGTCA AATGTGGAAC CATATAAGAG
751 GACCACCATA TGCCCATAAG AATCCCCACA CGGGACATGT GAATTATATC
801 CATGGAAGCA GTCAAGCCCA GTTTGTAGCT GAAACACACA TTGTTCTTCT
851 GTTTAATGGT GGAGTTACCT TAGGAATGGT GCTTTTGTGT GAAGCTGCTA 901 CCTCTGACAT GGATATTGGA AAGCGAAAGA TAATGTGTGT GGCTGGTATT 951 GGACTTGTTG TATTATTCTT CAGTTGGATG CTCTCTATTT TTAGATCTAA 1001 ATATCATGGC TACCCATACA GCTTTCTGAT GAGTTAAAAA GGTCCCAGAG 1051 ATATATAGAC ACTGGAGTAC TGGAAATTGA AAAACGAAAA TCGTGTGTGT 1101 TTGAAAAGAA GAATGCAACT TGTATATTCT GTATTACCTC TTTTTTTCAA 1151 GTGATTTAAA TAGTTAATCA TTTAACCAAA GAAGATGTGT AGTGCCTTAA 1201 CAAGCAATCC TCTGTCAAAA TCTGAGGTAT TTGAAAATAA TTATCCTCTT 1251 AACCTTCTCT TCCCAGTGAA CTTTATGGAA CATTTAATTT AGTACAATTA 1301 AGTATATTAT AAAAATTGTA AAACTACTAC TTTGTTTTAG TTAGAACAAA 1351 GCTCAAAACT ACTTTAGTTA ACTTGGTCAT CTGATCTTAT ATTGCCTTAT 1401 CCAAAGATGG GGAAAGTAAG TCCTGACCAG GTGTTCCCAC ATATGCCTGT 1451 TACAGATAAC TACATTAGGA ATTCATTCTT AGCTTCTTCA TCTTTGTGTG
1501 GATGTGTATA CTTTACGCAT CTTTCCTTTT GAGTAGAGAA ATTATGTGTG 1551 TCATGTGGTC TTCTGAAAAT GGAACACCAT TCTTCAGAGC ACACGTCTAG
1601 CCCTCAGCAA GACAGTTGTT TCTCCTCCTC CTTGCATATT TCCTACTGCG 1651 CTCCAGCCTG AGTGATAGAG TGAGACTCTG TCTCAAAAAA AAAGTATCTC 1701 TAAATACAGG ATTATAATTT CTGCTTGAGT ATGGTGTTAA CTACCTTGTA 1751 TTTAGAAAGA TTTCAGATTC ATTCCATCTC CTTAGTTTTC TTTTAAGGTG 1801 ACCCATCTGT GATAAAAATA TAGCTTAGTG CTAAAATCAG TGTAACTTAT 1851 ACATGGCCTA AAATGTTTCT ACAAATTAGA GTTTGTCACT TATTCCATTT 1901 GTACCTAAGA GAAAAATAGG CTCAGTTAGA AAAGGACTCC CTGGCCAGGC 1951 GCAGTGACTT ACGCCTGTAA TCTCAGCACT TTGGGAGGCC AAGGCAGGCA 2001 GATCACGAGG TCAGGAGTTC GAGACCATCC TGGCCAACAT GGTGAAACCC 2051 CGTCTCTACT AAAAATATAA AAATTAGCTG GGTGTGGTGG CAGGAGCCTG 2101 TAATCCCAGC TGCACAGGAG GCTGAGGCAC GAGAATCACT TGAACTCAGG 2151 AGATGGAGGT TTCAGTGAGC CGAGATCACG CCACTGCACT CCAGCCTGGC

240

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

96299740:

Structure and methylation-associated silencing of a gene within a homozygously deleted region of human chromosome band 8p22.

Tumour-suppressor genes in prostatic oncogenesis: a positional approach.

Concordant methylation of the ER and N33 genes in glioblastoma multiforme.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 30 bp to 1034 bp; peptide length: 335 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MAARWRFWCV SVTMVVALLI VCDVPSASAQ RKKEMVLSEK VSQLMEWTNK
- 51 RPVIRMNGDK FRRLVKAPPR NYSVIVMFTA LQLHRQCVVC KQADEEFQIL
- 101 ANSWRYSSAF TNRIFFAMVD FDEGSDVFQM LNMNSAPTFI NFPAKGKPKR 151 GDTYELQVRG FSAEQIARWI ADRTDVNIRV IRPPNYAGPL MLGLLLAVIG
- 201 GLVYLRRSNM EFLFNKTGWA FAALCFVLAM TSGQMWNHIR GPPYAHKNPH 251 TGHVNYIHGS SQAQFVAETH IVLLFNGGVT LGMVLLCEAA TSDMDIGKRK 301 IMCVAGIGLV VLFFSWMLSI FRSKYHGYPY SFLMS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2 2k14, frame 3

TREMBL:RNAF8554 1 gene: "IAG2"; product: "implantation-associated protein"; Rattus norvegicus implantation-associated protein (IAG2) mRNA, partial cds., N=1, Score = 1560, P=3.4e-160

PIR:G02297 gene N33 protein - human, N = 1, Score = 1256, P = 5.6e-128

TREMBL:HSN33S11_1 gene: "N33"; product: "N33 protein form 2"; Human N33 protein form 2 (N33) gene, exon 11 and complete cds., N=1, Score = 1252, P=1.5e-127

>TREMBL:RNAF8554_1 gene: "IAG2"; product: "implantation-associated protein"; Rattus norvegicus implantation-associated protein (IAG2) mRNA, partial cds. Length = 308

HSPs:

Score = 1560 (234.1 bits), Expect = 3.4e-160, P = 3.4e-160 Identities = 295/307 (96%), Positives = 299/307 (97%)

29 AORKKEMVLSEKVSOLMEWTNKRPVIRMNGDKFRRLVKAPPRNYSVIVMFTALQLHRQCV 88 Query: AQRKKE VL EKV QLMEWTN+RPVIRMNGDKFR LVKAPPRNYSVIVMFTALQLHRQCV

2 AORKKEKVLVEKVIQLMEWTNORPVIRMNGDKFRPLVKAPPRNYSVIVMFTALQLHRQCV 61 Sbjct:

89 VCKQADEEFQILANSWRYSSAFTNRIFFAMVDFDEGSDVFQMLNMNSAPTFINFPAKGKP 148 Query: VCKQADEEFQILAN WRYSSAFTNRIFFAMVDFDEGSDVFQMLNMNSAPTFINFP KGKP

62 VCKQADEEFQILANFWRYSSAFTNRIFFAMVDFDEGSDVFQMLNMNSAPTFINFPPKGKP 121 Sbjct:

149 KRGDTYELQVRGFSAEQIARWIADRTDVNIRVIRPPNYAGPLMLGLLLAVIGGLVYLRRS 208 Query:

KR DTYELQVRGFSAEQIARWIADRTDVNIRVIRPPNYAGPLMLGLLLAVIGGLVYLRRS Sbjct: 122 KRADTYELOVRGFSAEOIARWIADRTDVNIRVIRPPNYAGPLMLGLLLAVIGGLVYLRRS 181

Query: 209 NMEFLFNKTGWAFAALCFVLAMTSGQMWNHIRGPPYAHKNPHTGHVNYIHGSSQAQFVAE 268 NMEFLFNKTGWAFAALCFVLAMTSGQMWNHIRGPPYAHKNPHTGHVNYIHGSSQAQFVAE

```
182 NMEFLFNKTGWAFAALCFVLAMTSGOMWNHIRGPPYAHKNPHTGHVNYIHGSSQAQFVAE 241
Sbjct:
Query:
        269 THIVLLFNGGVTLGMVLLCEAATSDMDIGKRKIMCVAGIGLVVLFFSWMLSIFRSKYHGY 328
            THIVLLFNGGVTLGMVLLCEAA SDMDIGKR++MC+AGIGLVVLFFSWMLSIFRSKYHGY
Sbjct:
        242 THIVLLFNGGVTLGMVLLCEAAASDMDIGKRRMMCIAGIGLVVLFFSWMLSIFRSKYHGY 301
Query:
        329 PYSFLMS 335
            PYSFLMS
        302 PYSFLMS 308
Sbjct:
           Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_2k14, frame 3
                    Report for DKFZphfbr2_2k14.3
[LENGTH]
              335
[WM]
              38036.83
[pI]
              9.68
[HOMOL] TREMBL:RNAF8554_1 gene: "IAG2"; product: "implantation-associated protein"; Rattus norvegicus implantation-associated protein (IAG2) mRNA, partial cds. le-161
                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YOR085w]
[FUNCAT]
              30.07 organization of endoplasmatic reticulum
4e-14
[FUNCAT] 06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YOR085w] 4e-14 [FUNCAT] 01.05.01 carbohydrate utilization [S. cerevisiae, YOR085w] 4e-14 [EC] 2.4.1.119 Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase 1e-12
[PIRKW]
              glycosyltransferase 1e-12
[PIRKW]
              transmembrane protein 6e-69
              hexosyltransferase le-12
[PIRKW]
[PROSITE]
              RGD
                    1
              MYRISTYL
(PROSITE)
(PROSITE)
              AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   2
[PROSITE]
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   4
[PROSITE]
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                   2
(KW)
              SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 30
              TRANSMEMBRANE 4
LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                                5.97 %
(KW)
SEQ
       MAARWRFWCVSVTMVVALLIVCDVPSASAQRKKEMVLSEKVSQLMEWTNKRPVIRMNGDK
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       FRRLVKAPPRNYSVIVMFTALQLHRQCVVCKQADEEFQILANSWRYSSAFTNRIFFAMVD
SEG
DRD
       MEM
       FDEGSDVFOMLNMNSAPTFINFPAKGKPKRGDTYELOVRGFSAEQIARWIADRTDVNIRV
SEO
SEG
       PRD
MEM
SEQ
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SEG
       PRD
       MEM
SEQ
       GPPYAHKNPHTGHVNYIHGSSQAQFVAETHIVLLFNGGVTLGMVLLCEAATSDMDIGKRK
SEG
PRD
       MEM
       IMCVAGIGLVVLFFSWMLSIFRSKYHGYPYSFLMS
SEO
SEG
       eeeccceeeeeehhhhhhhhhhhccccccccc
PRD
       ..... МИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМ
MEM
                   Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 2k14.3
                     ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
            71->75
                                          PDOC00001
PS00001
          215->219
                     ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                          PDOC00001
PS00005
            38->41
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                          PD0C00005
PS00005
             48->51
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                          PD0C00005
```

103->106	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
111->114	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
208->212	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
292->296	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
193->199	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
233->239	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
259->265	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
278->284	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
296->300	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
150->153	RGD	PDOC00016
	111->114 208->212 292->296 193->199 233->239 259->265 278->284 296->300	111->114 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 208->212 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 292->296 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 193->199 MYRISTYL 233->239 MYRISTYL 259->265 MYRISTYL 278->284 MYRISTYL 296->300 AMIDATION

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_2k14.3)

DKFZphfbr2_3c18

group: nucleic acid management

DKFZphfbr2 3c18 encodes a novel 448 amino acid protein with strong similarity to mus musculus RNA helicase and several RNA-dependent ATPases from the DEAD box family.

RNA helicases comprise a large family of proteins that are involved in basic biological systems such as nuclear and mitochondrial splicing processes, RNA editing, rRNA processing, translation initiation, nuclear mRNA export, and mRNA degradation. RNA helicases are essential factors in cell development and differentiation, and some of them play a role in transcription and replication of viral single-stranded RNA genomes. The members of the largest subgroup, the DEAD and DEAH box proteins, exhibit a strong dependence of the unwinding activity on ATP hydrolysis. The novel protein contains a DEAD-box and is a new member of this subgroup.

The new protein can find application in modulating RNA metabolism and gene expression.

strong similarity to RNA helicase and RNA-dependent ATPase from the DEAD box family group helicases
Summary DKFZphfbr2_3c18 encodes a novel 448 amino acid protein with similarity to DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent RNA helicases.
Deletion of the yeast homolouge DBP5 is lethal.

strong similarity to RNA helicase and RNA-dependent ATPase from the DEAD box family

complete cDNA, EST hits complete cds ATG at Bp 109

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="87.50 cR from top of Chr16 linkage group"

Insert length: 1713 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1696, no polyadenylation signal found

1 TGGGGTAGTG GGGCTGGAGC AGAGCCTGCC GCGAACCCCC GGAGCCCACG 51 ATCCCTCGTG CCATCCCTCG AATCCACCAG CACGAGCGTC CCACCCGCGC 101 CTGGGACCAT GGCCACTGAC TCATGGGCCC TGGCGGTGGA CGAGCAGGAA 151 GCTGCGGCTG AGTCGTTGAG CAACTTGCAT CTTAAGGAAG AGAAAATCAA
201 ACCAGATACC AATGGTGCTG TTGTCAAGAC CAATGCCAAT GCAGAGAAGA 251 CAGATGAAGA AGAGAAAGAG GACAGAGCTG CCCAGTCCTT ACTCAACAAG
301 CTGATCAGAA GCAACCTTGT TGATAACACA AACCAAGTGG AAGTCCTGCA 351 GCGGGATCCA AACTCCCCTC TGTACTCGGT GAAGTCTTTT GAAGAGCTTC 401 GGCTCCCACA GAACTTAATT GCCCAATCTC AGTCTGGTAC TGGTAAAACA 451 GCTGCCTTCG TGCTGGCCAT GCTTAGCCAA GTAGAACCTG CAAACAAATA 501 CCCCCAGTGT CTATGTCTCT CCCCAACGTA TGAGCTCGCC CTCCAAACAG 551 GAAAAGTGAT TGAACAAATG GGCAAATTTT ACCCTGAACT GAAGCTAGCT 601 TATGCTGTTC GAGGCAATAA ATTGGAAAGA GGCCAGAAGA TCAGTGAGCA 651 GATTGTCATT GGCACCCCTG GGACTGTGCT GGACTGGTGC TCCAAGCTCA 701 AGTTCATTGA TCCCAAGAAA ATCAAGGTGT TTGTTCTGGA TGAGGCTGAT 751 GTCATGATAG CCACTCAGGG CCACCAAGAT CAGAGCATCC GCATCCAGAG 801 GATGCTGCCC AGGAACTGCC AGATGCTGCT TTTCTCCGCC ACCTTTGAAG 851 ACTCTGTGTG GAAGTTTGCC CAGAAAGTGG TCCCAGACCC AAACGTTATC 901 AAACTGAAGC GTGAGGAAGA GACCCTGGAC ACCATCAAGC AGTACTATGT 951 CCTGTGCAGC AGCAGAGACG AGAAGTTCCA GGCCTTGTGT AACCTCTACG 1001 GGGCCATCAC CATTGCTCAA GCCATGATCT TCTGCCATAC TCGCAAAACA 1051 GCTAGTTGGC TGGCAGCAGA GCTCTCAAAA GAAGGCCACC AGGTGGCTCT 1101 GCTGAGTGGG GAGATGATGG TGGAACAGAG GGCTGCAGTG ATTGAGCGCT 1151 TCCGAGAGGG CAAAGAGAAG GTTTTGGTGA CCACCAACGT GTGTGCCCGC 1201 GGCATTGATG TTGAACAAGT GTCTGTCGTC ATCAACTTTG ATCTTCCCGT 1251 GGACAAGGAC GGGAATCCTG ACAATGAGAC CTACCTGCAC CGGATCGGGC 1301 GCACGGGCCG CTTTGGCAAG AGGGGCCTGG CAGTGAACAT GGTGGACAGC 1351 AAGCACAGCA TGAACATCCT GAACAGAATC CAGGAGCATT TTAATAAGAA 1401 GATAGAAAGA TTGGACACAG ATGATTTGGA CGAGATTGAG AAAATAGCCA 1451 ACTGAGAAGC TCCACCAGCC ACTGATGCCA GCCCTGGCAC TGCCCCTGCA 1501 CAGGAGACAA GTGCGTTCAG GGCACAGGCC CCGACATCAC CCCAAGGACA 1551 ACGGCACAAG TAGAGAGAAA CTACCTACCT CACTTCAAAT TATGTTTGGA 1601 CTTGACAAAA ATGTATGCAA ATGATGGGGG ATGGTAGAAA AAAATTATTT 1651 ACACAACCTT GGAAGATTAG GCATGAATAC ACAGAGATTT ACCTTTAAAA 1701 AAAAAAAAAA AAA

BLAST Results

```
Entry G36496 from database EMBL:
SHGC-53094 Human Homo sapiens STS cDNA.
Length = 459
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1693 (254.0 bits), Expect = 2.8e-70, P = 2.8e-70
Identities = 369/387 (95%), Positives = 369/387 (95%)
Entry G44014 from database EMBLNEW:
WIAF-3643-STS Human THudson SANGER Homo sapiens STS genomic, sequence tagged site.
Score = 901, P = 2.3e-35, identities = 183/185
```

Medline entries

94192995:
Gene 1994 Mar 25;140(2):171-177
Mouse erythroid cells express multiple putative RNA helicase genes exhibiting high sequence conservation from yeast to mammals.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 109 bp to 1452 bp; peptide length: 448 Category: strong similarity to known protein $\,$

- 1 MATDSWALAV DEQEAAAESL SNLHLKEEKI KPDTNGAVVK TNANAEKTDE
 51 EEKEDRAAQS LLNKLIRSNL VONTNQVEVL QRDPNSPLYS VKSFEELRLP
 101 QNLIAQSQSG TGKTAAFVLA MLSQVEPANK YPQCLCLSPT YELALQTGKV
 151 IEQMGKFYPE LKLAYAVRGN KLERGQKISE QIVIGTPGTV LDWGSKLKFI
 201 DPKKIKVFVL DEADVMIATQ GHQDQSIRIQ RMLPRNCQML LFSATFEDSV
 251 WKFAQKVVPD PNVIKLKREE ETLDTIKQYY VLCSSRDEKF QALCNLYGAI
 301 TIAQAMIFCH TRKTASWLAA ELSKEGHQVA LLSGEMMVEQ RAAVLYGRI
 351 GKEKVLVTTN VCARGIDVEQ VSVVINFDLP VDKOGNPDNE TYLHRIGRTG
 401 RFGKRGLAVN MVDSKHSMNI LNRIQEHFNK KIERLDTDDL DEIEKIAN
 - BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_3c18, frame 1

PIR:I49731 RNA helicase - mouse, N = 2, Score = 1758, P = 3.8e-223

TREMBL:AF005239_1 gene: "Dbp80"; product: "DEAD-box helicase"; Drosophila melanogaster DEAD-box helicase (Dbp80) mRNA, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 1142, P = 1.8e-125

SWISSPROT:YB66_SCHPO PUTATIVE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE C12C2.06., N = 2, Score = 911, P = 5.5e-103

PIR:S66920 probable RNA helicase CA5/6 - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 2, Score = 887, P = 1.9e-98

>PIR:I49731 RNA helicase - mouse Length = 478

HSPs:

Score = 1758 (263.8 bits), Expect = 3.8e-223, Sum P(2) = 3.8e-223 Identities = 338/349 (96%), Positives = 349/349 (100%)

Query: 100 PQNLIAQSQSGTGKTAAFVLAMLSQVEPANKYPQCLCLSPTYELALQTGKVIEQMGKFYP 159
PQNLIAQSQSGTGKTAAFVLAMLS+VEPA++YPQCLCLSPTYELALQTGKVIEQMGKF+P
Sbjct: 130 PQNLIAQSQSGTGKTAAFVLAMLSRVEPADRYPQCLCLSPTYELALQTGKVIEQMGKFHP 189

Query: 160 ELKLAYAVRGNKLERGQKISEQIVIGTPGTVLDWCSKLKFIDPKKIKVFVLDEADVMIAT 219
ELKLAYAVRGNKLERGQK+SEQIVIGTPGTVLDWCSKLKFIDPKKIKVFVLDEADVMIAT 249

Sbjct: 190 ELKLAYAVRGNKLERGQKVSEQIVIGTPGTVLDWCSKLKFIDPKKIKVFVLDEADVMIAT 249

Query: 220 QGHQDQSIRIQRMLPRNCQMLLFSATFEDSVWKFAQKVVPDPNVIKLKREEETLDTIKQY 279

```
QGHQDQSIRIQR++PRNCQMLLFSATFEDSVWKFAQKVVPDPN+IKLKREEETLDTIKQY
           250 QGHQDQSIRIQRIVPRNCQMLLFSATFEDSVWKFAQKVVPDPNIIKLKREEETLDTIKQY 309
Sbict:
Ouerv:
           280 YVLCSSRDEKFQALCNLYGAITIAQAMIFCHTRKTASWLAAELSKEGHQVALLSGEMMVE 339
                YVLC++R+EKFQALCNLYGAITIAQAMIFCHTRKTASWLAAELSKEGHQVALLSGEMMVE
Sbjct:
           310 YVLCNNREEKFQALCNLYGAITIAQAMIFCHTRKTASWLAAELSKEGHQVALLSGEMMVE 369
               QRAAVIERFREGKEKVLVTTNVCARGIDVEQVSVVINFDLPVDKDGNPDNETYLHRIGRT 399
Query:
           QRAAVIERFREGKEKVLVTTNVCARGIDVEQVSVVINFDLPVDKOGNPDNETYLHRIGRT
370 QRAAVIERFREGKEKVLVTTNVCARGIDVEQVSVVINFDLPVDKDGNPDNETYLHRIGRT
429
Sbict:
           400 GRFGKRGLAVNMVDSKHSMNILNRIOEHFNKKIERLDTDDLDEIEKIAN 448
Query:
                GRFGKRGLAVNMVDSKHSMNILNRIQEHFNKKIERLDTDDLDEIEKIAN
Sbict:
           430 GRFGKRGLAVNMVDSKHSMNILNRIQEHFNKKIERLDTDDLDEIEKIAN 478
 Score = 419 (62.9 bits), Expect = 3.8e-223, Sum P(2) = 3.8e-223 Identities = 94/136 (69%), Positives = 104/136 (76%)
             1 MATDSWALAVDEQEAAAESLSNLHLKEEKIKPDTNGAVVKTNANAEKTDEEEKEDRAAQS 60
               MATDSWALAVDEQEAA +S+S+L +KEEK K DTNG V+KT+ AEKT+EEEKEDRAAQS
Sbjct:
             1 MATDSWALAVDEQEAAVKSMSSLQIKEEKAKSDTNG-VIKTSTTAEKTEEEEKEDRAAQS 59
            61 LLNKLIRSNLVDNTNQVEVLQRDPNSPLYSVKSFEELRL-PQNL---IAQSQSGTGKTAA 116 LLNKLIRSNLVDNTNQVEVLQRDP+SPLYSVKSFEELRL PQ L A + K 60 LLNKLIRSNLVDNTNQVEVLQRDPSSPLYSVKSFEELRLKPQLLQGVYAMGFNRPSKIQE 119
Query:
Sbjct:
           117 FVLAMLSQVEPANKYPQ 133
Query:
                  L M+
                          PN
Sbjct:
           120 NALPMMLAEPPONLIAO 136
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_3c18, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2 3c18.1

```
[LENGTH]
                       448
                       50490.07
(WW)
[pI]
                       5.83
LTOMOT'I
                       PIR:I49731 RNA helicase - mouse 0.0
                       98 Classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YORO46c] 1e-102 04.01.04 rrna processing [S. cerevisiae, YDR021w] 2e-65 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR021w] 2e-65
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                        30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YJL138c] 1e-63
                       05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae,
[FUNCAT]
YJL138c] 1e-63
[FUNCAT]
                       04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YDL160c] 2e-49
                       j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [H. influenzae, HI0231 RNA] 9e-48
04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) [S. cerevisiae, YDL084w] le-43
l genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair [H.
[FUNCAT]
[ FUNCAT ]
[FUNCAT]
influenzae, HI0892] 3e-39
                       06.10 assembly of protein complexes 09.01 biogenesis of cell wall
                                                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] le-35
[S. cerevisiae, YJL033w] 9e-27
[S. cerevisiae, YMR290c] 8e-26
[S. cerevisiae, YDR194c] le-23
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                       04.05.01.07 chromatin modification
[FUNCAT]
                       30.16 mitochondrial organization
                       r general function prediction [M. jannaschii, MJ1401] 9e-08
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 1e-05
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                       03.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 1e-05
99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YIR002c] 7e-04
BL00039D DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
BL00039C DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
BL00039B DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
BL00039B DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
(BLOCKS)
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
BLOCKS
                       nucleus 4e-64
[PIRKW]
                       RNA binding 1e-64
DEAD box 4e-64
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
                       transmembrane protein 3e-22
DNA binding 2e-32
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                       ATP 1e-101
[PIRKW]
                       purine nucleotide binding 4e-64
                        P-loop 1e-101
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                       hydrolase 4e-43
[PIRKW]
                       protein biosynthesis 1e-64
[PIRKW]
                       ATP binding 2e-35
[SUPFAM]
                       WW repeat homology 3e-29
[SUPFAM]
                       translation initiation factor eIF-4A le-64
[SUPFAM]
                       DEAD/H box helicase homology le-101
                       DNA helicase recG 2e-06
unassigned DEAD/H box helicases 1e-101
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
                       ATP-dependent RNA helicase DBP1 9e-33
(SUPFAM)
```

```
[SUPFAM]
          ATP-dependent RNA helicase DHH1 4e-48
[SUPFAM]
          tobacco ATP-dependent RNA helicase DB10 3e-29
(PROSITE)
(PROSITE)
          AMIDATION
(PROSITE)
          CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                         6
          GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
(PROSITE)
                         1
[PROSITE]
          PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                         8
[PROSITE]
          ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                         1
[PFAM]
          Helīcases conserved C-terminal domain
          DEAD and DEAH box helicases
(PFAM)
(KW)
          Alpha_Beta
SEO
     MATDSWALAVDEQEAAAESLSNLHLKEEKIKPDTNGAVVKTNANAEKTDEEEKEDRAAQS
     PRD
     LLNKLIRSNLVDNTNQVEVLQRDPNSPLYSVKSFEELRLPQNLIAQSQSGTGKTAAFVLA
SEQ
PRD
     MLSQVEPANKYPQCLCLSPTYELALQTGKVIEQMGKFYPELKLAYAVRGNKLERGQKISE
SEQ
PRD
     SEQ
     QIVIGTPGTVLDWCSKLKFIDPKKIKVFVLDEADVMIATQGHQDQSIRIQRMLPRNCQML
     LFSATFEDSVWKFAQKVVPDPNVIKLKREEETLDTIKQYYVLCSSRDEKFQALCNLYGAI
SEQ
PRD
     TIAQAMIFCHTRKTASWLAAELSKEGHQVALLSGEMMVEQRAAVIERFREGKEKVLVTTN
SEQ
     PRD
SEO
     VCARGIDVEQVSVVINFDLPVDKDGNPDNETYLHRIGRTGRFGKRGLAVNMVDSKHSMNI
PRD
     LNRIQEHFNKKIERLDTDDLDEIEKIAN
SEQ
PRD
     hhhhhhhhhccccccchhhhhccc
```

Prosite for DKF2phfbr2_3c18.1

PS00001	389->393	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00002	109->113	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	90->93	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	111->114	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	147->150	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	226->229	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	275->278	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	284->287	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	311->314	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	399->402	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	48->52	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	93->97	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	123->127	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	189->193	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	245->249	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	284->288	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	110->116	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	175->181	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	185->191	MYRISTYL .	PDOC00008
PS00008	385->391	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	406->412	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	402->406	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_3c18.1

HMM_NAME	DEAD and DEAH DOX nellcases
нмм	*glpPWILRnIyeMGFEkPTPIQQqAIPiILeGRDVMACAQTGSGK
Query	++ ++ +N ++ P E+ +++A++Q+G+GK 65 LIRSNLVDNTNOVEVLORDPNSPLYSVKSFEELRLPONLIAOSOSGTGK 113
•	
ним	TAAF11PMLQHIDwdPWpqpPQdPrALILAPTRELAMQIQEEcRkFgkHM TAAF++ ML+++ + + + PQ +L L+PT ELA+Q+ ++++++GK++
Query	114 TAAFVLAMLSQVEPANKYPQCLCLSPTYELALQTGKVIEQMGKFY 158
нмм	${\tt ngIRImcIYGGtnMRdQMRmLeRGpPHIVIATPGRLIDHIER.gtldLDr}$
	+ ++ + ++ ++ +++ +IVI+TPG ++D + +D ++

Query	159 PELKLAYAVRGNKLERGQKISEQIVIGTPGTVLDWCSKLKFIDPKK 204
нмм	IeMLVMDEADRMLD.MGFIDQIRrIMrqIPMpwNRQTMMFSATMPdeIqE I+++V+DEAD M+ +G +DQ RI R++P +N Q ++FSAT+ D++ +
Query	205 IKVFVLDEADVMIATQGHQDQSIRIQRMLPRNCQMLLFSATFEDSVWK 252
нмм	LARrFMRNPIRInidMdElTtnEnikQwYiyVerEMWKfdcLcrLie* +A ++ +P I ++++E T++ +IKO+Y+ + + ++KF +LC+L++
Query	253 FAQKVVPDPNVIKLKREEETLD-TIKQYYVLCSSRDEKFQALCNLYG 298
HMM_NAME	Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
ММ Н	*EileeWLknlGIrvmYIHGdMpQeERdeIMddFNnGEynVLIcTDVggR +L+ +L+++G +V+ + G M+ E+R ++++F++G+ +VL++T+V +R
Query	316 SWLAAELSKEGHQVALLSGEMMVEQRAAVIERFREGKEKVLVTTNVCAR 364
нмм	GIDIPdVNHVINYDMPWNPEqYIQRIGRTgRIG* GID+++V++VIN+D+ + NP++ Y++RIGRTGR+G
Query	365 GIDVEQVSVVINFDLPVDKDGNPDNETYLHRIGRTGRFG 403
Medline PMID: 10322435 "Unwinding RNA P	in : DEAD-box proteins and related families." de la Cruz J, Kressler D, Linder

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DKFZphfbr2_3f16

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 3f16 encodes a novel 127 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1514 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1454, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1434

1 GGGGGGACTG GAGAAGGGAG GCGGCGGGGG AAGCGCACGT CGAGCGGGGG 51 AGCGGCGCTG CCTGTGGAGA TCCGCGGAGG CCGACAGGAT TCGTTGGCTG 101 CCGTCCCCGC TGCTGTGCAT TGGGTTAAAA ACGACAACCA ACATCAGCCA 151 TGAAAGATCC AAGTCGCAGC AGTACTAGCC CAAGCATCAT CAATGAAGAT 201 GTGATTATTA ACGGTCATTC TCATGAAGAT GACAATCCAT TTGCAGAGTA
251 CATGTGGATG GAAAATGAAG AAGAATTCAA CAGACAAATA GAAGAGGAGT 301 TATGGGAAGA AGAATTTATT GAACGCTGTT TCCAAGAAAT GCTGGAAGAG
351 GAAGAAGAGC ATGAATGGTT TATTCCAGCT CGAGATCTCC CACAAACTAT 401 GGACCAAATC CAAGACCAGT TTAATGACCT TGTTATCAGT GAAGGCTCTT 451 CTCTGGAAGA TCTTGTGGTC AAGAGCAATC TGAATCCAAA TGCAAAGGAG 501 TTTGTTCCTG GGGTGAAGTA CGGAAATATT TGAGTAGACG GGGCCCTCTT 551 TTGGTGGATG TAGCACAATT TCCACACTGT GAAGGCAGTA TTAGAAGACT 601 TAATTGTAAA AGCACTCTTG TCACTGTGTT ACACTTATGC ATTGCCAAAG 651 TTTTTGTTAG TCTTGCATGC TTAATAAAAG TGCTGAGACT GTTACTAAGT 701 AAAAAGCTGT CAAACATTTA CTGAAAATAG AATTGGCCCC ATGGCTTGAT 751 GTGAAGACAG CAAGGAAAGA AGCACCAGTC AAGTTGTGAA CAAGCACCAA 801 ATTAAAAGAC CTAAACCTTA CCAAATTGTC TTTTTTTGAG GCTAATCTAT 851 CACTTGTTAA TGTCTAAACT TTAAAATCAG TACATTTAAT TGGGTTCCA
901 ACTGTTAAGC ATATTTCTCA GACTTAAATT TGATTATGTC CCCATCAAAA
951 AGAATCTCCA TTTTCTGAAG GTCTGTTAGT TAATTTGAGA TAATTTGTTA
1001 AAGGCAAGTA TGTCATATTA CTGAGGCTAC AAGTTAGTCA GCAGATGAGT 1051 GCCAGTCCAG CCTTTTCCGG TATGTTATTG TTAGAAATAT TGAGTTCTAA 1101 TGTTACATCT GAGGAAGTAT GTAATTTGAG AATTGTAACT TCTAAGGGAT 1151 TCACTGCATC ATAGCTATGC CTGTATGGAG TCTAACATAT GACCAATACC 1201 AACCCATAAT CCAGCTGAAC AAAGATACTG TAACATTATG ATTTGAGTGG 1251 TGCTTTCCT TGCTTTGTTA ACCATCACGA GAGTCTGCAG CACAACTTTT 1301 AACAAAGCTA GAACAGTTTT GGCTTCTTAA ACTTCATATT TGGGTAGGTT 1351 AAGCTGCCAT ACGTGTTCAG TGTGAATAGT GTTTAAGTTG AAAATATTGT 1401 AAAAAATTA TATTTTTCA AAAATATTTA AAAAAATAAA TAATAGTAGA 1501 AAAAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 150 bp to 530 bp; peptide length: 127

Category: putative protein

1 MKDPSRSSTS PSIINEDVII NGHSHEDDNP FAEYMWMENE EEFNRQIEEE

```
51 LWEEEFIERC FQEMLEEEEE HEWFIPARDL PQTMDQIQDQ FNDLVISEGS
101 SLEDLVVKSN LNPNAKEFVP GVKYGNI
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_3f16, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_3f16, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_3f16.3

[LENGTH]	127	
[MW]	14998.41	
[pI]	4.04	
[BLOCKS]	BL01269D	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 1	
[PROSITE]	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	2
(KW)	Alpha Beta	
(KW)	LOW_COMPLEXITY	27.56 %

SEQ SEG PRD	MKDPSRSSTSPSIINEDVIINGHSHEDDNPFAEYMWMENEEEFNRQIEEELWEEEFIERCxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD'	FQEMLEEEEEHEWFIPARDLPQTMDQIQDQFNDLVISEGSSLEDLVVKSNLNPNAKEFVP XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEQ SEG PRD	GVKYGNI

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_3f16.3

PS00006	24->28	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	100->104	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00008	121->127	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_3f16.3)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfbr2_3g8

group: metabolism

DKFZphfbr2_3g8.1 encodes a novel 178 amino acid protein with similarity to yeast ARD1 protein.

In yeast, ARD1 and NAT1, are required for the expression of an N-terminal protein acetyltransferase 1. NAT1 controls full repression of the silent mating type locus HML, sporulation and entry into GO. ARD1 is involved in the assembly of the NAT 1-complex. The new protein could be part of this or an other NAT complex.

The new protein can find application modulating NAT assembly and action and therefore be important in metabolism of drugs and environmental mutagens.

strong similarity to N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE COMPLEX ARD1 homolog

complete cDNA, complete cds? start at Bp 40, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="20"

Insert length: 1030 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1013, no polyadenylation signal found

1 TGGGCTTGGC GAACGGTCTT CGGAAGCGGC GGCGGCGCGA TGACCACGCT 51 ACGGGCCTTT ACCTGCGACG ACCTGTTCCG CTTCAACAAC ATTAACTTGG 101 ATCCACTTAC AGAAACTTAT GGGATTCCTT TCTACCTACA ATACCTCGCC 151 CACTGGCCAG AGTATTTCAT TGTTGCAGTG GCACCTGGTG GAGAATTAAT 201 GGGTTATATT ATGGGTAAAG CAGAAGGCTC AGTAGCTAGG GAAGAATGGC 251 ACGGGCACGT CACAGCTCTG TCTGTTGCCC CAGAATTTCG ACGCCTTGGT 301 TTGGCTGCTA AACTTATGGA GTTACTAGAG GAGATTTCAG AAAGAAAGGG 301 TTGGCTGCTA AACTTATGGA GTTACTAGAG GACATTTCAG AAAGAAAGGG
351 TGGGTTTTTT GTGGATCTCT TTGTAAGAGT ATCTAACCAA GTTGCAGTTA
401 ACATGTACAA GCACTTGGGC TACAGTGTAT ATAGGACGGT CATAGAGATAC
451 TATTCGGCCA GCAACGGGGA GCCTGATGAG GACGCTTATG ATATGAGGAA
501 AGCACTTTCC AGGGATACTG AGAAGAAATC CATCATACCA TTACCTCATC
551 CTGTGAGGCC TGAAGACATT GAATAACCCT GGGCAGTGGT TCTTAGGCAG
601 ATACTCTAGA TGCTTTATGG ACAATATTAT TTTCATTGGA TGATTCTGGA
651 GCTCTATTAG GAGAAAAGTA ATCATTTTAG GTCTTAAACA CTTCAAGAAA
701 ATACAGGTTA TCAATTTATT TTAAATCTCA TTGTTTCCAG TTAGCAATAT
751 CATACCTATTA AGACGTGTTC ATTGTAACAA AAATTCAATCA AAAAGGCAGC 801 TAGGTCAGAA GGAAACATAC CACTCTCATG GTTCATAGTA TTCACTGTAT 851 GTATGCTAGG GAAAAGACTT GCTCCAGTCT CCTCCTCAGT TCTGTGCCTG 901 AGAACCACTG CTGCATATAT TTGTTTTTAA ATTTTGTATT GAACTGTTAA 951 TTGAAGCTTT AAAAGCATAT ATGAAATGTA TAAATCTAAG ATGTATAATA 1001 CATTATTGAC TCCAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HSG0101 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-35956. Length = 401 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1417 (212.6 bits), Expect = 9.3e-58, P = 9.3e-58Identities = 301/311 (96%)

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 40 bp to 573 bp; peptide length: 178 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MTTLRAFTCD DLFRFNNINL DPLTETYGIP FYLQYLAHWP EYFIVAVAPG

51 GELMGYIMGK AEGSVAREEW HGHVTALSVA PEFRRLGLAA KLMELLEEIS

```
101 ERKGGFFVDL FVRVSNQVAV NMYKQLGYSV YRTVIEYYSA SNGEPDEDAY
  151 DMRKALSRDT EKKSIIPLPH PVRPEDIE
                                   BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_3g8, frame 1
TREMBL:SPCC16C4 12 gene: "SPCC16C4.12"; product: "putative n-terminal
acetyltransferase complex subunit"; S.pombe chromosome III cosmid c16C4., N = 1, Score = 475, P = 3.2e-45
SWISSPROT: ARDH LEIDO N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE COMPLEX ARD1 SUBUNIT
HOMOLOG., N = \overline{1}, Score = 451, P = 1.1e-42
PIR:S69021 hypothetical protein YPR131c - yeast (Saccharomyces
cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 382, P = 2.3e-35
>TREMBL:SPCC16C4_12 gene: "SPCC16C4.12"; product: "putative n-terminal acetyltransferase complex subunit"; S.pombe chromosome III cosmid c16C4.
              Length = 180
  HSPs:
 Score = 475 (71.3 bits), Expect = 3.2e-45, P = 3.2e-45
 Identities = 96/165 (58%), Positives = 118/165 (71%)
             1 MTTLRAFTCDDLFRFNNINLDPLTETYGIPFYLQYLAHWPEYFIVAVAPGGE--LMGYIM 58
Ouery:
             MT R F DLF FNNINLDPLTET+ I FYL YL WP +V + + LMGYIM
1 MTDTRKFKATDLFSFNNINLDPLTETFNISFYLSYLNKWPSLCVVQESDLSDPTLMGYIM 60
Sbjct:
           59 GKAEGSVAREEWHGHVTALSVAPEFRRLGLAAKLMELLEEISERKGGFFVDLFVRVSNQV 118
GK+EG+ +EWH HVTA++VAP RRLGLA +M+ LE + + FFVDLFVR SN +
61 GKSEGT--GKEWHTHVTAITVAPNSRRLGLARTMMDYLETVGNSENAFFVDLFVRASNAL 118
Query:
Sbjct:
          119 AVNMYKQLGYSVYRTVIEYYSASNGEPDEDAYDMRKALSRDTEKKSI 165
A++ YK LGYSVYR VI YYS +G+ DED++DMRK LSRD ++SI
Ouerv:
          119 AIDFYKGLGYSVYRRVIGYYSNPHGK-DEDSFDMRKPLSRDVNRESI 164
Sbict:
               Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_3g8, frame 1
                          Report for DKFZphfbr2_3g8.1
[LENGTH]
                 178
                 20338.24
[ WM ]
[pI]
                  5.06
                 TREMBL: SPCC16C4 12 gene: "SPCC16C4.12"; product: "putative n-terminal
[HOMOL]
acetyltransferase complex subunit"; S.pombe chromosome III cosmid c16C4. 7e-47
                 06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YPR131c] 6e-37 01.06.07 lipid, fatty-acid and sterol utilization [S. cerevisiae, YHR013c]
[FUNCAT]
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing)
[FUNCAT]
4e-14
[FUNCAT]
                  30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YHR013c] 4e-14
                 O3.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YHRO13c] 4e-14 r general function prediction [M. jannaschii, MJ1530] 6e-09
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[PIRKW]
                 acyltransferase 1e-12
(SUPFAM)
                 arrest-defective protein 1 le-12
                 Escherichia coli peptide N-acetyltransferase rimI 1e-07 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 3
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
                 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
Alpha_Beta
[PROSITE]
[KW]
         MTTLRAFTCDDLFRFNNINLDPLTETYGIPFYLQYLAHWPEYFIVAVAPGGELMGYIMGK
SEQ
         cccccccchhhhhcccccccccchhhhhhcccccceeeeehhhh
PRD
SEQ
         AEGSVAREEWHGHVTALSVAPEFRRLGLAAKLMELLEEISERKGGFFVDLFVRVSNQVAV
PRD
         SEQ
         NMYKQLGYSVYRTVIEYYSASNGEPDEDAYDMRKALSRDTEKKSIIPLPHPVRPEDIE
         PRD
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 3g8.1

PS00005	3->6	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	100->103	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	160~>163	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	8->12	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	133->137	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	141->145	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_3g8.1)

DKFZphfbr2_312

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 312 encodes a novel 589 amino acid protein with weak similarity to S. cerevisiae ubiquitin-like protein DSK2.

Pfam predicts for this protein similarity to the ubiquitin family; No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite or SCOP motive

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to ubiquitin-like protein DSK2 yeast

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits
Dsk2p is involved in spindel pole body SPB duplication, SPB = centomer
strong similarity to HRIHFB2157 human mRNA

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2978 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2958, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2924

1 GGGGGAGGA AGCGGTGGCT GCTGCGGATG TCGGTGTGAG CGAGCGGCGC 51 CTGAACACAC GGCGGCTGCC GAGCGCCTGA CCCGGGCCTG CGCCAGAGCC 101 TGCACCGAGC TCCGGGGCCC CACACCCGCT ACGGTGGCCC TGCGCCCGTT
151 GCTACTGAGG CGGCGTGCTC TGCATTCTTC GCTGTCCAGG CCTGCCGGCT 301 GCGGTCCTCC GGGCTCCCAG GATAGCGCCG CCGGAGCCGA AGGTGCTGGC 351 GCCCCGCGG CCGCTGCCTC CGCGGAGCCC AAAATCATGA AAGTCACCGT 401 GAAGACCCCG AAGGAAAAGG AGGAATTCGC CGTGCCCGAG AATAGCTCCG 451 TCCAGCAGTT TAAGGAAGAA ATCTCTAAAC GTTTTAAATC ACATACTGAC 501 CAACTTGTGT TGATATTTGC TGGAAAAATT TTGAAAGATC AAGATACCTT 551 GAGTCAGCAT GGAATTCATG ATGGACTTAC TGTTCACCTT GTCATTAAAA 601 CACAAAACAG GCCTCAGGAT CATTCAGCTC AGCAAACAAA TACAGCTGGA 651 GGCAATGTTA CTACATCATC AACTCCTAAT AGTAACTCTA CATCTGGTTC 701 TGCTACTAGC AACCCTTTTG GTTTAGGTGG CCTTGGGGGA CTTGCAGGTC 751 TGAGTAGCTT GGGTTTGAAT ACTACCAACT TCTCTGAACT ACAGAGTCAG 801 ATGCAGCGAC AACTTTTGTC TAACCCTGAA ATGATGGTCC AGATCATGGA 851 AAATCCCTTT GTTCAGAGCA TGCTCTCAAA TCCTGACCTG ATGAGACAGT 901 TAATTATGGC CAATCCACAA ATGCAGCAGT TGATACAGAG AAATCCAGAA 951 ATTAGTCATA TGTTGAATAA TCCAGATATA ATGAGACAAA CGTTGGAACT 1001 TGCCAGGAAT CCAGCAATGA TGCAGGAGAT GATGAGGAAC CAGGACCGAG 1051 CTTTGAGCAA CCTAGAAAGC ATCCCAGGGG GATATAATGC TTTAAGGCGC 1101 ATGTACACAG ATATTCAGGA ACCAATGCTG AGTGCTGCAC AAGAGCAGTT 1151 TGGTGGTAAT CCATTTGCTT CCTTGGTGAG CAATACATCC TCTGGTGAAG 1201 GTAGTCAACC TTCCCGTACA GAAAATAGAG ATCCACTACC CAATCCATGG 1251 GCTCCACAGA CTTCCCAGAG TTCATCAGCT TCCAGCGGCA CTGCCAGCAC 1301 TGTGGGTGGC ACTACTGGTA GTACTGCCAG TGGCACTTCT GGGCAGAGTA 1351 CTACTGCGCC AAATTTGGTG CCTGGAGTAG GAGCTAGTAT GTTCAACACA 1401 CCAGGAATGC AGAGCTTGTT GCAACAAATA ACTGAAAACC CACAACTGAT 1451 GCAAAACATG TTGTCTGCCC CCTACATGAG AAGCATGATG CAGTCACTAA 1501 GCCAGAATCC TGACCTTGCT GCACAGATGA TGCTGAATAA TCCCCTATTT
1551 GCTGGAAATC CTCAGCTTCA AGAACAAATG AGACAACAGC TCCCAACTTT 1601 CCTCCAACAA ATGCAGAATC CTGATACACT ATCAGCAATG TCAAACCCTA 1651 GAGCAATGCA GGCCTTGTTA CAGATTCAGC AGGGTTTACA GACATTAGCA 1701 ACGGAAGCCC CGGGCCTCAT CCCAGGGTTT ACTCCTGGCT TGGGGGCATT 1751 AGGAAGCACT GGAGGCTCTT CGGGAACTAA TGGATCTAAC GCCACACCTA 1801 GTGAAAACAC AAGTCCCACA GCAGGAACCA CTGAACCTGG ACATCAGCAG 1851 TTTATTCAGC AGATGCTGCA GGCTCTTGCT GGAGTAAATC CTCAGCTACA 1901 GAATCCAGAA GTCAGATTTC AGCAACAACT GGAACAACTC AGTGCAATGG 1951 GATTTTTGAA CCGTGAAGCA AACTTGCAAG CTCTAATAGC AACAGGAGGT 2001 GATATCAATG CAGCTATTGA AAGGTTACTG GGCTCCCAGC CATCATAGCA 2051 GCATTTCTGT ATCTTGAAAA AATGTAATTT ATTTTTGATA ACGGCTCTTA 2101 AACTTTAAAA TACCTGCTTT ATTTCATTTT GACTCTTGGA ATTCTGTGCT 2151 GTTATAAACA AACCCAATAT GATGCATTTT AAGGTGGAGT ACAGTAAGAT 2201 GTGTGGGTTT TTCTGTATTT TTCTTTTCTG GAACAGTGGG AATTAAGGCT 2251 ACTGCATGCA TCACTTCTGC ATTTATTGTA ATTTTTTAAA AACATCACCT 2301 TTTATAGTTG GGTGACCAGA TTTTGTCCTG CATCTGTCCA GTTTATTTGC 2351 TTTTTAAACA TTAGCCTATG GTAGTAATTT ATGTAGAATA AAAGCATTAA
2401 AAAGAAGCAA ATCATTTGCA CTCTATAATT TGTGGTACAG TATTGCTTAT 2451 TGTGACTTTG GCATGCATTT TTGCAAACAA TGCTGTAAGA TTTATACTAC 2501 TGATAATTTT GTTTTATTTG TATACAATAT AGAGTATGCA CATTTGGGAC

```
2551 TGCATTTCTG GAAACATACT GCAATAGGCT CTCTGAGCAA AACACCTGTA
 2601 ACTAAAAAAG TGAAGATAAG AAAATACTCT TAAAGCTGAG TATTTCCTAA
 2651 TTGTATAGAA TCTTACAGCA TCTTTGACAA ACATCTCCCA GCAAAAGTGC
 2701 CGGTTAGTCA GGTTTGTTGA AAATACAGTA GAAAAGCTGA TTCTGGTTAT
 2751 CTCTTTAAGG ACAATTAATT GTACAGACAC ATAATGTAAC ATTGTCTCAA
 2801 CATTCATTCA CAGATTGACT GTAAATTACC TTAATCTTTG TGCAGACTGA
 2851 AGGAACACTG TAGTATACCC CAAAGTGCAT TTGCCTAGGA CTTCTCAGCT
 2901 TCTCCCATAG GTAGTTTAAC AGGCATTAAA ATTTGTAATT GAAATGTTGC
 2951 ТТТСАСТСАА ААААААААА ААААААА
                                 BLAST Results
No BLAST result
                               Medline entries
No Medline entry
                      Peptide information for frame 3
                          _____
ORF from 279 bp to 2045 bp; peptide length: 589
Category: similarity to known protein
    1 MAESGESGGP PGSQDSAAGA EGAGAPAAAA SAEPKIMKVT VKTPKEKEEF
   51 AVPENSSVQQ FKEEISKRFK SHTDQLVLIF AGKILKDQDT LSQHGIHDGL
  101 TVHLVIKTON RPODHSAQQT NTAGGNVTTS STPNSNSTSG SATSNPFGLG
  151 GLGGLAGLSS LGLNTTNFSE LQSQMQRQLL SNPEMMVQIM ENPFVQSMLS
  201 NPDLMRQLIM ANPOMOQLIQ RNPEISHMLN NPDIMRQTLE LARNPAMMQE
  251 MMRNQDRALS NLESIPGGYN ALRRMYTDIQ EPMLSAAQEQ FGGNPFASLV
  301 SNTSSGEGSQ PSRTENRDPL PNPWAPQTSQ SSSASSGTAS TVGGTTGSTA
  351 SGTSGQSTTA PNLVPGVGAS MFNTPGMQSL LQQITENPQL MQNMLSAPYM
  401 RSMMQSLSQN PDLAAQMMLN NPLFAGNPQL QEQMRQQLPT FLQQMQNPDT
  451 LSAMSNPRAM QALLQIQQGL QTLATEAPGL IPGFTPGLGA LGSTGGSSGT
501 NGSNATPSEN TSPTAGTTEP GHQQFIQQML QALAGVNPQL QNPEVRFQQQ
551 LEQLSAMGFL NREANLQALI ATGGDINAAI ERLLGSQPS
                                  BLASTP hits
Entry CEl 1 from database TREMBL:
"F15C11.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid VF15C11L
Length = 293
Score = 454 (159.8 bits), Expect = 4.4e-43, P = 4.4e-43
Identities = 81/162 (50%), Positives = 113/162 (69%)
Entry S54583 from database PIR:
ubiquitin-like protein DSK2 - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
Length = 373
Score = 278 (97.9 bits), Expect = 1.2e-23, P = 1.2e-23 Identities = 100/307 (32%), Positives = 155/307 (50%)
Entry AB015344 1 from database TREMBLNEW: gene: "HRIHFB2157"; Homo sapiens HRIHFB2157 mRNA, partial cds.
Score = 1135, P = 3.6e-115, identities = 227/301, positives = 253/301
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_312, frame 3
No Alert BLASTP hits found
               Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_312, frame 3
                        Report for DKFZphfbr2_312.3
[LENGTH]
                 589
[ WM ]
                 62489.22
```

[PI] 5.02
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AB015344_1 gene: "HRIHFB2157"; Homo sapiens HRIHFB2157 mRNA, partial cds. 1e-121
[FUNCAT] 03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YMR276w] 2e-17

```
[FUNCAT]
            30.10 nuclear organization
                                      [S. cerevisiae, YMR276w] 2e-17
[BLOCKS]
            BL00299 Ubiquitin family proteins
[SUPFAM]
            unassigned ubiquitin-related proteins 5e-16
[SUPFAM]
            ubiquitin homology 5e-16
            MYRISTYL 24
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                        24
[PROSITE]
PROSITE
            GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
                               1
            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PROSITE
                               3
            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
PROSITE
PFAMI
            Ubiquitin family
(KW)
            Irregular
(KW)
            3D
            LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                            23.43 %
SEQ
      MAESGESGGPPGSQDSAAGAEGAGAPAAAASAEPKIMKVTVKTPKEKEEFAVPENSSVQQ
SEG
      laarA
      .....CEEEEETTTCEEEECTTTTBHHH
      FKEEISKRFKSHTDQLVLIFAGKILKDQDTLSQHGIHDGLTVHLVIKTQNRPQDHSAQQT
SEQ
SEG
laarA
      HHHHHHHHHCCCGGGEEEEETTEECTTTTBGGGGCCTTTTEEEEEBC......
SEO
      NTAGGNVTTSSTPNSNSTSGSATSNPFGLGGLGGLAGLSSLGLNTTNFSELOSOMOROLL
SEG
      ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.............
laarA
SEO
      SNPEMMVQIMENPFVQSMLSNPDLMRQLIMANPQMQQLIQRNPEISHMLNNPDIMRQTLE
SEG
laarA
      SEQ
      LARNPAMMQEMMRNQDRALSNLESIPGGYNALRRMYTDIQEPMLSAAQEQFGGNPFASLV
SEG
      1aarA
      SEQ
      SNTSSGEGSQPSRTENRDPLPNPWAPQTSQSSSASSGTASTVGGTTGSTASGTSGQSTTA
      .....
SEG
1aarA
      PNLVPGVGASMFNTPGMQSLLQQITENPQLMQNMLSAPYMRSMMQSLSQNPDLAAQMMLN
SEO
SEG
      1aarA
      SEQ
      {\tt NPLFAGNPQLQEQMRQQLPTFLQQMQNPDTLSAMSNPRAMQALLQIQQGLQTLATEAPGL}
SEG
      laarA
SEQ
      I PGFTPGLGALGSTGGSSGTNGSNATPSENTSPTAGTTEPGHQQFIQQMLQALAGVNPQL
SEG
      laarA
SEO
      ONPEVRFOOOLEOLSAMGFLNREANLOALIATGGDINAAIERLLGSOPS
SEG
laarA
                  Prosite for DKF2phfbr2 312.3
PS00001
           55->59
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                      PDOC00001
PS00001
         126->130
                  ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                      PDOC00001
PS00001
         136->140
                  ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                      PDOC0001
PS00001
         164->168
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                      PDOC0001
PS00001
         167->171
                  ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                      PDOC00001
PS00001
         302->306
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                     PDOC00001
                  ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
         501->505
                                      PDOC00001
                  GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
PS00002
         305->309
                                     PD0C00002
                  PKC PHOSPHO SITE
PKC PHOSPHO SITE
PKC PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
PS00005
           40->43
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
           43->46
                                     PDOC0005
PS00005
           66->69
                                      PDOC0005
PS00006
           43->47
                                      PDOC00006
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
           71->75
PS00006
                                      PDOC0006
PS00006
         181->185
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
         200->204
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC0006
PS00006
         260->264
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
         304->308
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC0006
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
         312->316
                                      PDOC0006
PS00006
         506->510
                                      PDOC0006
PS00006
         572->576
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC0006
PS00008
           8->14
                  MYRISTYL
                                     PD0C00008
           12->18
PS00008
                  MYRTSTYL
                                      PDOC00008
```

PS00008	19->25	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	24->30	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	95->101	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	124->130	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	140->146	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	150->156	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	153->159	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	162->168	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	267->273	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	293->299	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	308->314	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	337->343	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	343->349	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	347->353	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	355->361	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	366->372	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	479->485	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	489->495	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	492->498	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	495->501	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	499->505	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	573->579	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

Pfam for DKF2phfbr2_312.3

HMM	NAME	Ubiquitin f	amilv
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*MQIFVKTLtGRTCTFEVEPQEtVeqIKQHIeekEGIPPeQQRLIFaGRQ M ++VKT + +F V+++ V Q+K+ I+ +Q +LIFAG+ 37 MKVTVKTPK-EKEEFAVPENSSVQQFKEEISKRFKSHTDQLVLIFAGKI нмм Query

107

257

LEDEKTLSDYNIggeSTLHLV1R* L D TLS+++I + T+HLV++ 85 LKDQDTLSQHGIHDGLTVHLVIK HMM Query

DKFZphfbr2_62b11

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2_62b11.encodes a novel 655 amino acid putative GTPase-activating protein, related to human chimaerins.

The rac small GTPase is associated with type-I phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase and regulating the production of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate. The new protein is expected to activate p2lrac-related small GTPases.

The new protein can find clinical application in modulating/blocking the response to a cellular receptor.

similarity to CHIMAERIN

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="4"

Insert length: 4593 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4571, polyadenylation signal at pos. 4553

1 GGGGGAGTTT GAAGACAGAA AGGAAAGGGG AGAAACCTGC AGAGAGCATC
51 AAAGGATGGG GGGTGCTATA AAAGAAGCAG GGGGGTCCTT TGAAAGAAAT
101 CTATCATGCA CTGAAATGCT TTCTGGAGAA GGTGCCGTTA TTTTCCTCCC 151 CTCTTGCTCA GATGAAAGGA GCCAGCAAGG ACAGTCCTGA AATATTCCTC
201 AGGGGACTTT TTGTCATTGT TCCTCTTTCC TCTTGCACAG AGCTATTTGC 251 TGACCTTTCC AGAGGAATCT CAGTCCAGCT GAGAAGACAG TTCTTAATAA 301 AAACAAAAA ATGCAAAAAC CAATTCCTGC TGTTTGAATG GGAATGGTAG 351 CTTGCTTGCT GCAGTTCTTT TCCTGTGACA TTTTGGAATG TCTGCAGAAA 401 CTTAAAAAA AGAAAAAAA AACCTTAAAA ACTCCCTGGA TTAGGCAAGA 451 GAAAAGGAAG TTTTTTTTTG CTAAACAGGA GTAAATGAGA GGTGGTAACT 501 TATCCCTAAG CCAGGACCTG GATGATCAAA ACCTTCAAAT TCTAGGGATC 551 AGCACTTCAA AAATAACAAG TAAACAAGCA TGAGGAGTGG CTGTTGGGTT 601 TCGCTCAGAG GCAGGTTTTA AAGGAAGCCA AAACCGGGTT CAGAACTTCA 651 GGCCTGTACG ATGCCTGAAG ACCGGAATTC TGGGGGGTGC CCGGCTGGTG 701 CCTTAGCCTC AACTCCTTTC ATCCCTAAAA CTACATACAG AAGAATCAAA 751 CGGTGTTTTA GTTTTCGGAA AGGCATTTTT GGACAGAAAC TGGAGGATAC 801 TGTTCGTTAT GAGAAGAGAT ATGGGAACCG TCTGGCTCCG ATGTTGGTGG 851 AGCAGTGCGT GGACTTTATC CGACAAAGGG GGCTGAAAGA AGAGGGTCTC 901 TTTCGACTGC CAGGCCAGGC TAATCTTGTT AAGGAGCTCC AAGATGCCTT 951 TGACTGTGGG GAGAAGCCAT CATTTGACAG CAACACAGAT GTACACACGG 1001 TGGCATCACT TCTTAAGCTG TACCTCCGAG AACTTCCAGA ACCAGTTATT 1051 CCTTATGCGA AGTATGAAGA TTTTTTGTCA TGTGCCAAAC TGCTCAGCAA 1101 GGAAGAGGAA GCAGGTGTTA AGGAATTAGC AAAGCAGGTG AAGAGTTTGC 1151 CAGTGGTAAA TTACAACCTC CTCAAGTATA TTTGCAGATT CTTGGATGAA 1201 GTACAGTCCT ACTCGGGAGT TAACAAAATG AGTGTGCAGA ACTTGGCAAC
1251 GGTCTTTGGT CCTAATATCC TGCGCCCCAA AGTGGAAGAT CCTTTGACTA
1301 TCATGGAGGG CACTGTGGTG GTCCAGCAGT TGATGTCAGT GATGATTAGC 1351 AAACATGATT GCCTCTTTCC CAAAGATGCA GAACTACAAA GCAAGCCCCA 1401 AGATGGAGTG AGCAACAACA ATGAAATTCA GAAGAAAGCC ACCATGGGGC 1451 TGTTACAGAA CAAGGAGAAC AATAACACCA AGGACAGCCC TAGTAGGCAG 1501 TGCTCCTGGG ACAAGTCTGA GTCACCCCAG AGAAGCAGCA TGAACAATGG 1551 ATCCCCCACA GCTCTATCAG GCAGCAAAAC CAACAGCCCA AAGAACAGTG 1601 TTCACAAGCT AGATGTGTCT AGAAGCCCCC CTCTCATGGT CAAAAAGAAC 1651 CCAGCCTTTA ATAAGGGTAG TGGGATAGTT ACCAATGGGT CCTTCAGCAG 1701 CAGTAATGCA GAAGGTCTTG AGAAAACCCA AACCACCCCC AATGGGAGCC 1751 TACAGGCCAG AAGGAGCTCT TCACTGAAGG TATCTGGTAC CAAAATGGGC 1801 ACGCACAGTG TACAGAATGG AACGGTGCGC ATGGGCATTT TGAACAGCGA 1851 CACACTCGGG AACCCCACAA ATGTTCGAAA CATGAGCTGG CTGCCAAATG 1901 GCTATGTGAC CCTGAGGGAT AACAAGCAGA AAGAACAAGC TGGAGAGTTA 1951 GGCCAGCACA ACAGACTGTC CACCTATGAT AATGTCCATC AACAGTTCTC 2001 CATGATGAAC CTTGATGACA AGCAGAGCAT TGACAGTGCT ACCTGGTCCA 2051 CTTCCTCCTG TGAAATCTCC CTCCCTGAGA ACTCCAACTC CTGTCGCTCT 2101 TCTACCACCA CCTGCCCAGA GCAAGACTTT TTTGGGGGGA ACTTTGAGGA
2151 CCCTGTTTTG GATGGGCCCC CGCAGGACGA CCTTTCCCAC CCCAGGGACT 2151 CCCTGTTTTG GATGGGCCCC CGCAGGACTA CCTTTCCCAC CCCAGGGACT 2201 ATGAAAGCAA AAGTGACCAC AGGAGTGTGG GAGGTCGAAG TAGTCGTGCC 2251 ACCAGTAGCA GTGACAACAG TGAGACATTT GTGGGCAACA GCAGCAGCAA 2301 CCACAGTGCA CTGCACAGTT TAGTTTCCAG CCTGAAACAG GAAATGACCA 2351 AACAGAAGAT AGAGTATGAG TCCAGGATAA AGAGCTTAGA ACAGCGAAAC 2401 TTGACTTTGG AAACAGAAAT GATGAGCCTC CATGATGAAC TGGATCAGGA 2451 GAGGAAAAG TTCACAATGA TAGAAATAAA AATGCGAAAT GCCGAGCGAG 2501 CAAAAGAAGA TGCCGAGAAA AGAAATGACA TGCTACAGAA AGAAATGGAG 2551 CAGTTTTTT CCACGTTTGG AGAACTGACA GTGGAACCCA GGAGAACCGA

2601 GAGAGGAAAC ACAATATGGA TTCAGTGAGC CTGCTTTCGC CTGCTGTCTC 2651 TGATGGCTCT GGCAAGGACT CCAGGGATTC TGGTGGGATA TGACTTAGAA 2701 CCAGGTGGCT GGTCACCTGG ATGTACAGAA GTCTAACTGG TGAAGGAATA 2751 TCATTTACAG ACATTAAACA TCCATATCTG CAATGTGTAC CAAAGTTATA 2801 TCATGCCCCA TAATGCTACT GTCAAGTGTT ACAACTGGAT ATGTGTATAT 2851 AGAGTAGTTT TTCAAAAGTA AACTAAAAAT GAGAAGCATA TTTCAAGAAT 2901 TATTTTATTG CAAGTCTTGT ATTTAAATGT TAAATCAATA TGTTGTTGCA 2951 ATTTAGCTTG CTTTCAAGCT TCACCCCTTG CACTTAACAT AAGCTATTTT 3001 TGGCATTGTG TTATCATCGG CTTATTTTAT AGATCAATAT TTTTATTTCC 3051 CTTTTTTGCT GAGGAAATGA AGATAAGCAA AAATATAAAT ATATATATAA 3101 ATATATGAGT TATTAAAACC AGAAGAATAC TTTGTGGCTG TGCTGTTTGT 3151 GCCAATAGAC TTTGTCATGA CCAAAAAGAG AAATGTAAAT AGTTTTATAA 3201 AATACAGTCG AATCACCAGG AACCTTTGAG CTGCTTTTAA AATTCTTCCC 3251 CTGGCACCAC TCAGTTTTGC TTTTGCGAGG CGATTTGACA TAGGAACTTT
3301 GAGACTCCAT GAGAAAGTCC CTTTCTGAGG CCCACTGTCT ACCTTGCCAG 3351 ATCCTCAGTG CGTATCGCCA ATGCAGGATG CTCCTTAGAA AAGAAAAAAT
3401 GGTAAAGGAT GGCATTTAAC GATTCAGGCT TTGAATTACT CTGTCCCTCT
3451 GGACCGAATC TCTTTAACTG CTGGATAGTT TTAGAGGAAT TCTCCTGCTA
3501 CTTAGGTACT GGGAAACAAT GCTTGCTAAA CCATGCCCAC GTGAGCACCT 3551 GTCTCCCACT CAAACCTCTC CCATCTCCCA ACAACTGCAC TTTAGAATAC
3601 CAGCAGTGAA ATGGTATTAC TGTTTCCCTC TGAGTGAAAC TGCTAGAGTA 3651 TATGTCACGT AGTGACATTT TTTTCTCACT CAGGCTATTG CCATCTGGGA 3701 TTCTCTCCCT ACTACAGCTG GCAAAGTTGG TTTGCAGCAA GAAGATAGTG 3751 GGAGGGGGCC AGGCTGCAGG AGAAGGAGAA AAGTTTAGAA GAAACAAACC 3801 ATTTTGCTTC TAATTTTGAC AGTATCACTT TCCTGTTAAA ACATACAATA 3851 ATTTTAAAAG GTGAATGCCT AAAGTTCCAA TTTTAGCAAA TATGGGAACC 3901 TCAGCAATGC TAATTTTCTA GAAAAACCCA GGGCTCTTTG GAGCTAGAGT 3951 TTTGGGAGAA CAGTTCTTCA CAATAAGGCA ATGGTTTTGA GAGGCCAGGC 4001 AAATAATCTT TCTCACCGTA GAACAAAAAG TTACAAAAGG CATAATCGGA 4051 AATAGAGACT ACATACTTGA GTTTATGGGG TTTGTGTTGT TTGAAGGTTC 4101 AATGCTTGCA TGTGTTTATT TATTTTCAAG AGGGAAAGTG GTCTGTACTG
4151 CTTTCATCCT TGCCACTGTC TTGCTTTATT TTTTTACTCT CCCACTGAGC
4201 AAGCGTCTGT GGTCCTATGG TATCAACCAG TATCTTTATA GCAATAATTT
4251 CTTTAATTCC CTTTTCTCT TCTTTCCAAT TATTTAACCA GTTACTTCCA 4301 CCTGGACATA CGATAGGAAA TTCAAACTCA AAATATGAAA ATTGATCTTA
4351 ATAACTCTCC CTTCATATCT TTTCACCTAT TTCCAGTCCT TATCATAGTT 4401 GATAAAAACC TCAGACTCAT CCAGAAAGCT ATATGATGCA CTAGTAAAAA 4451 AAACAAAGAT ATTTAAACTG CTTGGGTTCA AATGGTATAC AATTTGCCAG 4501 CTGTTACTGA ACCTTCTATG CATAACTTTT TTTTTCCTCT GTGCAATTGG

BLAST Results

Entry G38474 from database EMBLNEW:
SHGC-58303 Human Homo sapiens STS genomic, sequence tagged site.
Score = 2175, P = 1.2e-92, identities = 439/441

Medline entries

97476250:

Beta2-chimaerin is a high affinity receptor for the phorbol ester tumor promoters.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 661 bp to 2625 bp; peptide length: 655 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MPEDRNSGCC PAGALASTPF IPKTTYRRIK RCFSFRKGIF GQKLEDTVRY
51 EKRYGNRLAP MLVEQCVDFI RQRGLKEGGL FRLPGQANLV KELQDAFDCG
101 EKPSFDSNTD VHTVASLLKL YLRELPEPVI PYAKYEDFLS CAKLLSKEEE
151 AGVKELAKQV KSLPVVNYNL LKYICRFLDE VQSYSGVNKM SVQNLATVFG
201 PNILRPKVED PLTIMEGTVV VQQLMSVMIS KHOCLFPKDA ELQSKPQDGV
251 SNNNEIQKKA TMGLLQNKEN NNTKDSPSRQ CSWDKSESPQ RSSMNNGSPT
301 ALSGSKTNSP KNSVHKLDVS RSPPLMVKN PAFNKGSGIV TNGSFSSSNA
351 EGLEKTQTTP NGSLQARRSS SLKVSGTKMG THSVQNGTVR MGILNSDTLG
401 NPTNVRNMSW LPNGYVTLRD NKQKEQAGEL GCHNRLSTYD NVHQQFSMMN
451 LDDKQSIDSA TWSTSSCEIS LPENSNSCRS STTTCPEQDF FGGNFEDPVL
501 DGPPQDDLSH PRDYESKSDH RSVGGRSSRA TSSSDNSETF VGNSSSNHSA
551 LHSLVSSLKQ EMTKQKIEYE SRIKSLEQRN LTLETEMMSL HDELDQERKK

601 FTMIEIKMRN AERAKEDAEK RNDMLOKEME OFFSTFGELT VEPRRTERGN 651 TIWIO BLASTP hits No BLASTP hits available Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_62b11, frame 1 SWISSPROT: Y053_HUMAN HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0053., N = 3, Score = 661. $P = 2.4e - \overline{8}9$ TREMBL: HSU90908_1 product: "unknown"; Human clones 23549 and 23762 mRNA, complete \overline{cds} ., N = 1, Score = 348, P = 1.1e-29 PIR:S29128 N-chimerin - rat, N = 1, Score = 286, P = 2.8e-24 PIR: 529956 beta-chimerin - rat, N = 1, Score = 279, P = 1.6e-23 TREMBL:AB014572_1 gene: "KIAA0672"; product: "KIAA0672 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0672 protein, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 314, P >SWISSPROT: Y053 HUMAN HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0053. Length = 638HSPs: Score = 661 (99.2 bits), Expect = 2.4e-89, Sum P(3) = 2.4e-89 Identities = 122/209 (58%), Positives = 160/209 (76%) 38 GIFGQKLEDTVRYEKRYGNRLAPMLVEQCVDFIRQRGLKEEGLFRLPGQANLVKELQDAF 97 Ouerv: G+FGQ+L++TV YE+++G L P+LVE+C +FI + G EEG+FRLPGQ NLVK+L+DAF 148 GVFGQRLDETVAYEQKFGPHLVPILVEKCAEFILEHGRNEEGIFRLPGQDNLVKQLRDAF 207 Sbjct: 98 DCGEKPSFDSNTDVHTVASLLKLYLRELPEPVIPYAKYEDFLSCAKLLSKEEEAGVKELA 157 Query: D GE+PSFD +TDVHTVASLLKLYLR+LPEPV+P+++YE FL C +L + +E Sbjct: 208 DAGERPSFDRDTDVHTVASLLKLYLRDLPEPVVPWSQYEGFLLCGQLTNADEAKAQQELM 267 158 KQVKSLPVVNYNLLKYICRFLDEVQSYSGVNKMSVQNLATVFGPNILRPKVEDPLTIMEG 217 Query: KQ+ LP NY+LL YICRFLEHQ VNKMSV NLATV G N+HR KVEDP IM G 268 KQLSILPRDNYSLLSYICRFLHEIQLNCAVNKMSVDNLATVIGVNLIRSKVEDPAVIMRG 327 Sbjct: 218 TVVVQQLMSVMISKHDCLFPKDAELQSKP 246 T +Q++M++MI H+ LFPK ++ P 328 TPQIQRVMTMMIRDHEVLFPKSKDIPLSP 356 Query: Sbjct: Score = 210 (31.5 bits), Expect = 2.4e-89, Sum P(3) = 2.4e-89Identities = 45/115 (39%), Positives = 73/115 (63%) 531 TSSSDNSETFVGNSSSNHSALHSL---VSSLKQEMTKQKIEYESRIKSLEQRNLTLETEM 587 T +S NSET G +S + SL V L++E+ QK YE +IK+LE+ N + ++ 523 TLASPNSETGPGKKNSGEEEIDSLQRMVQELRKEIETQKQMYEEQIKNLEKENYDVWAKV 582 Query: Sbjct: 588 MSLHDELDQERKKFTMIEIKMRNAERAKEDAEKRNDMLQKEMEQFFSTFGELTVE 642 + L++EL++E+KK +EI +RN ER++ED EKRN L++E++FF + E E 583 VRLNEELEKEKKKSAALEISLRNMERSREDVEKRNKALEEEVKEFVKSMKEPKTE 637 Ouerv: Score = 70 (10.5 bits), Expect = 1.2e-74, Sum P(3) = 1.2e-74Identities = 28/121 (23%), Positives = 54/121 (44%) 528 SRATSSSDNSETFVGNSSSNHSALHSLVSSLKQE-MTKQKIEYESRIKSLEQRNL-TLET 585 S+ TS+ DN + G+ SAL S K + + E K+ + + +L+
489 SQRTSTYDNVPSLPGSPGEEASALSSQACDSKGDTLASPNSETGPGKKNSGEEEIDSLQR 548 Sbjct: 586 EMMSLHDELDQERKKFTMIEIKMRNAERAKEDAEKRNDMLQKEMEQFFSTFGELTVEPRR 645 Query: + L E++ +++ M E +++N E+ D + L +E+E+ L + R
549 MVQELRKEIETQKQ---MYEEQIKNLEKENYDVWAKVVRLNEELEKEKKKSAALEISLRN 605

Sbjct:

Query:

Sbict:

646 TER 648

ER 606 MER 608

Score = 53 (8.0 bits), Expect = 2.4e-89, Sum P(3) = 2.4e-89 Identities = 31/111 (27%), Positives = 46/111 (41%)

344 SFSSSNAEGLEKTQTTPNGSLQARRSSSLKVSGTKMGTHSVQNG----TV--RMGILNSD 397 Query: SFSS ++ + T T A S KV K G +Q+ T+ R L S
388 SFSSMTSDS-DTTSPTGQQPSDAFPEDSSKVPREKPGDWKMQSRKRTQTLPNRKCFLTSA 446

Sbjct:

```
398 TLG-NPTNV---RNMSWLPNGYVTLRDNKQKEQAGELGQ---HNRLSTYDNV 442
G N + + +N W P+ + ++ +L Q R STYDNV
447 FQGANSSKMEIFKNEFWSPSSEAKAGEGHRRTMSQDLRQLSDSQRTSTYDNV 498
Ouerv:
Sbjct:
 Score = 53 (8.0 bits), Expect = 3.5e-14, Sum P(3) = 3.5e-14 Identities = 32/125 (25%), Positives = 56/125 (44%)
           242 LQSKPQDG---VSNNNEIQKKATMGLLQNKEN--NNTKD---SPSRQCSWDKSESPQRSS 293
++SK +D + +IQ+ TM ++++ E +KD SP Q + K RSS
314 IRSKVEDPAVIMRGTPQIQRVMTM-MIRDHEVLFPKSKDIPLSPPAQKNDPKKAPVARSS 372
Sbjct:
            294 MNNGSPTALSGSKTNSPKNSVHKLDVSRSPPLMVKKNPAFNKGSGIVTNGSFSSSNAEGL 353
Query:
           + + L S+T+S + D + P + + AF + S V + 373 VGWDATEDLRISRTDSFSSMTSDSDTTS--PTGQQPSDAFPEDSSKVPREKPGDWKMQSR 430
Sbjct:
Query:
           354 EKTQTTPN 361
                 ++TQT PN
           431 KRTOTLPN 438
Sbjct:
                Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 62b11, frame 1
                           Report for DKFZphfbr2_62b11.1
[LENGTH]
[WW]
                   73394.60
[pI]
                   8.13
                   SWISSPROT: Y053_HUMAN HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0053. 3e-71
[HOMOL]
                   03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[S. cerevisiae, YPL115c] le-16
[FUNCAT] 09.04 biogenesis of cyto
                   evisiae, IPLIIDC; 18-16
09.04 biogenesis of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YPL115c] le-16
03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YPL115c]
[FUNCAT]
ie-16
[FUNCAT]
                   10.02.09 regulation of g-protein activity
                                                                              [S. cerevisiae, YPL115c] le-16
                   03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YER155c] 2e-16
30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YER155c] 2e-16
[FUNCAT]
(FUNCAT)
                   10.99 other signal-transduction activities [S. cerevisiae, YDR379w] 4e-16
03.10 sporulation and germination [S. cerevisiae, YDL240w] 3e-15
06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YOR134w] 2e-13
30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YOR134w] 2e-13
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                   dlrgp 1.83.1.1.1 p50 RhoGAP domain [human (Homo sapiens) 2e-46 dlpbwa 1.83.1.1.2 p85 alpha subunit RhoGAP domain [human (Hom 6e-37 phosphotransferase 3e-13
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[PIRKW]
                   breakpoint cluster region 2e-20 transmembrane protein 7e-14
[PTRKW]
(PIRKW)
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[PIRKW]
                   alternative splicing 2e-20
                   P-loop 9e-19
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[PIRKW]
                   cytoskeleton 1e-08
                   CDC24 homology 7e-21
bcr protein 7e-21
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                   pleckstrin repeat homology 2e-15
                   LIM metal-binding repeat homology 9e-15
[SUPFAM]
                   protein kinase C zinc-binding repeat homology 5e-24 MYRISTYL 16
(SUPFAM)
(PROSTTE)
                   CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
TYR PHOSPHO SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
                                                 15
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                   ASN GLYCOSYLATION
(KW)
                   Irregular
(KW)
                   LOW COMPLEXITY
                                             6.87 %
[KW]
[KW]
                   COILED_COIL
                                           12.06 %
          MPEDRNSGGCPAGALASTPFIPKTTYRRIKRCFSFRKGIFGQKLEDTVRYEKRYGNRLAP
SEQ
SEG
          COILS
          ......
1rgp-
          {\tt MLVEQCVDFIRQRGLKEEGLFRLPGQANLVKELQDAFDCGEKPSFDSNTDVHTVASLLKL}
SEQ
SEG
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          1rgp-
          YLRELPEPVIPYAKYEDFLSCAKLLSKEEEAGVKELAKQVKSLPVVNYNLLKYICRFLDE
SEO
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SEG

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COILS
   1rgp-
   VQSYSGVNKMSVQNLATVFGPNILRPKVEDPLTIMEGTVVVQQLMSVMISKHDCLFPKDA
SEQ
SEG
   COILS
   ННИНИНННСССИНИННИННЕGGCC.....
1rgp-
   ELQSKPQDGVSNNNEIQKKATMGLLQNKENNNTKDSPSRQCSWDKSESPQRSSMNNGSPT
SEQ
SEG
   COILS
   1rgp-
SEQ
   ALSGSKTNSPKNSVHKLDVSRSPPLMVKKNPAFNKGSGIVTNGSFSSSNAEGLEKTQTTP
SEG
   ......
COILS
1rgp-
   NGSLQARRSSSLKVSGTKMGTHSVQNGTVRMGILNSDTLGNPTNVRNMSWLPNGYVTLRD
SEQ
SEG
COILS
   ......
1rgp-
   SEQ
   NKQKEQAGELGQHNRLSTYDNVHQQFSMMNLDDKQSIDSATWSTSSCEISLPENSNSCRS
SEG
   .....xxxxxxx
COILS
   lrqp-
   SEQ
   STTTCPEQDFFGGNFEDPVLDGPPQDDLSHPRDYESKSDHRSVGGRSSRATSSSDNSETF
   xxxxx.....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx...
SEG
COILS
1rgp-
   VGNSSSNHSALHSLVSSLKQEMTKQKIEYESRIKSLEQRNLTLETEMMSLHDELDQERKK
SEQ
SEG
    ..xxxxxxxxxxxx..
   ......
COILS
1rgp-
   ...,..........
   FTMIEIKMRNAERAKEDAEKRNDMLQKEMEQFFSTFGELTVEPRRTERGNTIWIQ
SEQ
SEG
   COILS
1rqp-
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_62b11.1

PS00001	271->275	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC0001
PS00001	342->346	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	361->365	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	386->390	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	407->411	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	543->547	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	547->551	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	580->584	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	258->262	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	367->371	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	599->603	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	25->28	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	34->37	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	47->50	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	309->312	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
P\$00005	371->374	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	388->391	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	417->420	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	477->480	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	527->530	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	557->560	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	646->649	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	107->111	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	146->150	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	213->217	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
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PS00006	348->352	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	417->421	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	437->441	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	465->469	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	470->474	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	484->488	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	516->520	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	532->536	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006

PS00006	589->593	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	602->606	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	635->639	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00007	43->51	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	176->185	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00007
PS00008	8->14	MYRĪSTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	9->15	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	13->19	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	249->255	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	263->269	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	297->303	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	304->310	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	338->344	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	343->349	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	352->358	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	362->368	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	376->382	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	392->398	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
	400->406		
PS00008	524->530	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	542->548	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_62b11.1)

DKFZphfbr2_62f10

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfbr2_62fl0 encodes a novel 320 amino acid protein with strong similarity to mammalian zinc transporter proteins.

The novel proteins is a membrane protein, which should be involved in the transport of Zinc across the cell membrane.

The Zn-T-transporters are membrane proteins that facilitates sequestration of zinc in endosomal vesicles. In the brain, ZnT-3 mRNA seems to be involved in the accumulation of zinc in synaptic vesicles. Zinc (Zn) is an essential element in normal development and metabolism. Recent studies show that in Alzheimer's disease, Zn functions as a double-edged sword, affording protection against Alzheimer's amyloid beta peptide (the major component of senile plaques) at low concentrations and enhancing toxicity at high concentrations by accelerated aggregation of the amyloid beta peptide.

The new protein can find application in modulation of Zinc transport in neuronal cells, thus providing means for a modulation of Alzheimer's amyloid beta peptide plaque formation.

strong similarity to zinc transporter proteins; membrane regions: 5
Summary DKFZphfbr2_62f10 encodes a novel 320 amino acid protein with similarity to zinc transporter protein.
The new protein can find clinical application in modulating Zn2+ uptake.

strong similarity to zinc transporter proteins

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 5422 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 5397, polyadenylation signal at pos. 5381

1 GTCTAACTTT GGAAATATCA CCCTCATGCT GTCTTCCCAG GATGTCTCTC 51 TCCCTAAGTA AGGGATGTTA CTTCCTGGAG GGAATGCAGT GTTGGGAATC 101 TGAAGACCCA GCTTTGAGCT GAATTTGCTT TGTGATACCT GGAGAGAAGA 151 CGTGTTTTCT TGACAACAGC ACAGTACCTA GTGAGTTCAA CAACAACGAC 201 AACAACAGCC GCAGCTCATC CTGGCCGTCA TGGAGTTTCT TGAAAGAGCG 251 TATCTTGTGA ATGATAAAGC TGCCAAGATG TATGCTTTCA CACTAGAAAG 301 AAGGAGCTGC AAATGAACAC TTCATAGCAA TGTGGAACTC CAACAGAAAC 351 CGGTGAATAA AGATCAGTGT CCCAGAGAGA GACCAGAGGA GCTGGAGTCA 401 GGAGGCATGT ACCACTGCCA CAGTGGCTCC AAGCCCACAG AAAAGGGGGC 451 GAATGAGTAC GCCTATGCCA AGTGGAAACT CTGTTCTGCT TCAGCAATAT 501 GCTTCATTTT CATGATTGCA GAGGTCGTGG GTGGCACAT TGCTGGGAGT 551 CTTGCTGTTG TCACAGATGC TGCCCACCTC TTAATTGACC TGACCAGTTT 601 CCTGCTCAGT CTCTTCTCCC TGTGGTTGTC ATCGAAGCCT CCCTCTAAGC 651 GGCTGACATT TGGATGGCAC CGAGCAGAGA TCCTTGGTGC CCTGCTCTCC 701 ATCCTGTGCA TCTGGGTGGT GACTGGCGTG CTAGTGTACC TGGCATGTGA
751 GCGCCTGCTG TATCCTGATT ACCAGATCCA GGCGACTGTG ATGATCATCG 801 TTTCCAGCTG CGCAGTGGCG GCCAACATTG TACTAACTGT GGTTTTGCAC 851 CAGAGATGCC TTGGCCACAA TCACAAGGAA GTACAAGCCA ATGCCAGCGT 901 CAGAGCTGCT TTTGTGCATG CCCCTGGAGA TCTATTTCAG AGTATCAGTG 951 TGCTAATTAG TGCACTTATT ATCTACTTTA AGCCAGAGTA TAAAATAGCC 1001 GACCCAATCT GCACATTCAT CTTTTCCATC CTGGTCTTGG CCAGCACCAT 1051 CACTATCTTA AAGGACTTCT CCATCTTACT CATGGAAGGT GTGCCAAAGA 1101 GCCTGAATTA CAGTGGTGTG AAAGAGCTTA TTTTAGCAGT CGACGGGGTG 1151 CTGTCTGTGC ACTGCCTGCA CATCTGGTCT CTAACAATGA ATCAAGTAAT 1201 TCTCTCAGCT CATGTTGCTA CAGCAGCCAG CCGGGACAGC CAAGTGGTTC 1251 GGAGAGAAAT TGCTAAAGCC CTTAGCAAAA GCTTTACGAT GCACTCACTC
1301 ACCATTCAGA TGGAATCTCC AGTTGACCAG GACCCCGACT GCCTTTTCTG
1351 TGAAGACCCC TGTGACTAGC TCAGTCACAC CGTCAGTTTC CCAAAATTTGA
1401 CAGGCCACCT TCAAACATGC TGCTATGCAA TTTCTGCATC ATAGAAAATA 1451 AGGAACCAAA GGAAGAAATT CATGTCATGG TGCAATGCAT ATTTTATCTA
1501 TTTATTTAGT TCCATTCACC ATGAAGGAAG AGGCACTGAG ATCCATCAAT 1551 CAATTGGATT ATATACTGAT CAGTAGCTGT GTTCAATTGC AGGAATGTGT 1601 ATATAGATTA TTCCTGAGTG GAGCCGAAGT AACAGCTGTT TGTAACTATC 1651 GGCAATACCA AATTCATCTC CCTTCCAATA ATGCATCTTG AGAACACATA 1701 GGTAAATTTG AACTCAGGAA AGTCTTACTA GAAATCAGTG GAAGGGACAA 1751 ATAGTCACAA AATTTTACCA AAACATTAGA AACAAAAAAT AAGGAGAGCC 1801 AAGTCAGGAA TAAAAGTGAC TCTGTATGCT AACGCCACAT TAGAACTTGG

1851 TTCTCTCACC AAGCTGTAAT GTGATTTTTT TTTCTACTCT GAATTGGAAA 1901 TATGTATGAA TATACAGAGA AGTGCTTACA ACTAATTTTT ATTTACTTGT 1951 CACATTTTGG CAATAAATCC CTCTTATTTC TAAATTCTAA CTTGTTTATT 2001 TCAAAACTTT ATATAATCAC TGTTCAAAAG GAAATATTTT CACCTACCAG 2051 AGTGCTTAAA CACTGGCACC AGCCAAAGAA TGTGGTTGTA GAGACCCAGA 2101 AGTCTTCAAG AACAGCCGAC AAAAACATTC GAGTTGACCC CACCAAGTTG 2151 TTGCCACAGA TAATTTAGAT ATTTACCTGC AAGAAGGAAT AAAGCAGATG 2201 CAACCAATTC ATTCAGTCCA CGAGCATGAT GTGAGCACTG CTTTGTGCTA 2251 GACATTGGGC TTAGCACTGA AACTATAAAG AGGAATCAGA CGCAGCAAGT 2301 GCTTCTGTGT TCTGGTAGCA ACTCAACACT ATCTGTGGAG AGTAAACTGA 2401 GAACCTGGAC TTCTGCATTT TTAAAAGTTA CCCAGAGATG CTTCTAAAGA
2451 TGAGCCATAG TCTAGAAGAT TGTCAACCAC AGGAGTTCAT TGAGTGGGAC 2501 AGCTAGACAC ATACATTGGC AGTTACAATA GTATCATGAA TTGCAATGAT 2551 GTAGTGGGGT ATAAAAGGAA AGCGATGGAT ATTGCCGGAT GGGCATGGCC 2601 AGTGATGTTT CACGTCATTG AGGTGACAGC TCTGCTGGAC TTTGAATTAC 2651 ATATGGAGGC TCTCCAGGAA GACGAAGAAG AGAAGGACAT TCTAGGCAAA 2701 AAGAAGACTA GGCACAAGGC ACACTTATGT TTGTCTGTTA GCTTTTAGTT 2751 GAAAAAGCAA AATACATGAT GCAAAGAAAC CTCTCCACGC TGTGATTTTT 2801 AAAACTACAT ACTTTTTGCA ACTTTATGGT TATGAGTATT GTAGAGAACA 2851 GGAGATAGGT CTTAGATGAT TTTTATGTTG TTGTCAGACT CTAGCAAGGT 2901 ACTAGAAACC TAGCAGGCAT TAATAATTGT TGAGGCAATG ACTCTGAGGC 2951 TATATCTGGG CCTTGTCATT ATTTATCATT TATATTTGTA TTTTTTTCTG 3001 AAATTTGAGG GCCAAGAAAA CATTGACTTT GACTGAGGAG GTCACATCTG 3051 TGCCATCTCT GCAAATCAAT CAGCACCACT GAAATAACTA CTTAGCATTC 3101 TGCTGAGCTT TCCCTGCTCA GTAGAGACAA ATATACTCAT CCCCCACCTC 3151 AGTGAGCTTG TTTAGGCAAC CAGGATTAGA GCTGCTCAGG TTCCCAACGT 3201 CTCCTGCCAC ATCGGGTTCT CAAAATGGAA AGAATGGTTT ATGCCAAATC 3251 ACTITICCTG TCTGAAGGAC CACTGAATGG TTTTGTTTTT CCATATTTTG
3301 CATAGGACGC CCTAAAGACT AGGTGACTTG GCAAACACAC AAGTGTTAGT 3401 TAAGTCAGAA ATTCACTGAA TGTCAGGTAA TCATTATGGA GGGAGATTTG 3451 TGTGTCAACC AAAGTAATTG TCCCATGGCC CCAGGGTATT TCTGTTGTTT 3501 CCCTGAAATT CTGCTTTTTT AGTCAGCTAG ATTGAAAACT CTGAACAGTA 3551 GATGTTTATA TGGCAAAATG CAAGACAATC TATAAGGGAG ATTTTAAGGA 3601 TTTTGAGATG AAAAAACAGA TGCTACTCAG GGGCTTTATG GACCATCCAT 3651 CAATTCTGAA GTTCTGACTC TCCCATTACC CTTTCCCTGG TGTGGTCAGA 3701 ACTCCAGGTC ACTGGAAGTT AGTGGAATCA TGTAGTTGAA TTCTTTACTT 3751 CAAGACATTG TATTCTCTCC AGCTATCAAA ACATTAATGA TCTTTTATGT 3801 CTTTTTTTG TTATTGTTAT ACTTTAAGTT CTGGGGTACA TGTGCGGAAC 3851 ATGTAGGTTT GTTACATAGG TATACATGTG CCATGGTGGT TTGCTGCACT 3901 CATCAACCTG TCATCTACAT TCTTTTATGT CTGTCTTTCA AAGCAACACT 3951 CTGTTCTTCT GAGTAGTGAA ATCAGGTCAA CTTTACCACC AGCCTCCATT 4001 TTTAATATGC TTCACCATCA TCCAGCACCT ACTTAAGATT TATCTAGGGC 4051 TCTGTGGTGA TGTTAGGACC CATAAAAGAA ATTTATGCCT TCCATATGTT 4101 TGGTTACAGA TGGGAAATGG GAATGTTGAA GGACATGAAA GAAAGGATGT 4151 TTACACATTA AGCATCAGTT CTGAAGCTAG ATTGTCTGAG TTTGAATCTT 4201 AGCTCTTCCC TTTATTAGCT CTGTGACCTC GAGCTAGTTA CTTAAATGCT 4251 CTGATCCTCT ATTTCCTGAT CAGTGAAACC TCCCTATTCA AATGTGTGAG
4301 AGTTTAATAA ATTAGGACAC TTAAAAATGT TGGAGCAGTG CATAGCATGT 4351 AGTGTTCAGT ACATGTTAAA TGTTGTTTTT TATTATGTAC AAACATGTGT 4401 GGGCACAGAA TTTTAAATCA TCTCAACTTT TGAGAAATTT TGAGTTATCA 4451 ACACCGTTCC CACAAGACAG TGGCAAAATT ATTGGTGAGA ATTAAACAGC 4501 TGTTTCTCAG AGGAAGCAAT GGAGGCTTGC TGGGATAAAG GCATTTACTG 4551 AGAGGCTGTT ACCTAGTGAG AGTCATGAAT TAATTAAAAT AGTCGAATCC
4601 CTTTCTGACT GTCTCTGAAA GCTTCCGCTT TTATCTTTGA AGAGCAGAAT 4651 TGTCACCCCA AGGACATTTA TTAATAAAAA GAACAACTGT CCAGTGCAAT 4701 GAAGGCAAAG TCATAGGTCT CCCAAGTCTT ACCCCATTCC TGTGAAATAT 4751 CAAGTTCTTG GCTTTTCTCT GTCATGTAGC CTCAACTTTC TCCGACCGGG 4801 TGCATTTCTT TCTCTGGTTT CTAAATTGCC AGTGGCAAAT TTGGATCACT 4851 TACTTAATAT CTGTTAAATT TTGTGACCCA ACAAAGTCTT TTAGCACTGT 4901 GGTGTCAAAA AGAAAAACAC CTCCCAGGCA TATACATTTT ATAGATTCCT 4951 GGAGAATGTT GCTCTCCAGC TCCATCCCCA CCCAATGAAA TATGATCCAG 5001 AGAGTCTTGC AAAGAGACAA GCCTCATTTT CCACAATTAG CTCTAAAGTG 5051 CCTCCAGGAA ATGATTTTCT CAGCTCATCT CTCTGTATTC CCTGTTTTGG 5101 ATCACAGGGC AATCTGTTTA AATGACTAAT TACAGAAATC ATTAAAGGCA 5151 CCAAGCAAAT GTCATCTCTG AATACACACA TCCCAAGCTT TACAAATCCT 5201 GCCTGGCTTG ACAGTGATGA GGCCACTTAA CAGTCCAGCG CAGGCGGATG 5251 TTAAAAAAA TAAAAAGGTG ACCATCTGCG GTTTAGTTTT TTAACTTTCT 5301 GATTTCACAC TTAACGTCTG TCATTCTGTT ACTGGGCACC TGTTTAAATT 5351 CTATTTTAAA ATGTTAATGA GTGTTGTTTA AAATAAAATC AGGAAAGAGA 5401 GAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AC

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

97121493:

ZnT-3, a putative transporter of zinc into synaptic vesicles.

ZnT-2, a mammalian protein that confers resistance to zinc by facilitating vesicular sequestration.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 407 bp to 1366 bp; peptide length: 320 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MYHCHSGSKP TEKGANEYAY AKWKLCSASA ICFIFMIAEV VGGHIAGSLA
- 51 VVTDAHLLI DLTSFLLSLF SLWLSSKPPS KRLTFGWHRA EILGALLSIL
 101 CIWVVTGVLV YLACERLLYP DYQIQATVMI IVSSCAVAAN IVLTVVLHQR
 151 CLGHNHKEVQ ANASVRAAFV HAPGDLFQSI SVLISALIIY FKPEYKIADP
 201 ICTFIFSILV LASTITILKD FSILLMEGVP KSLNYSGVKE LILAVDGVLS
- 251 VHCLHIWSLT MNQVILSAHV ATAASRDSQV VRREIAKALS KSFTMHSLTI
- 301 QMESPVDQDP DCLFCEDPCD

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_62f10, frame 2

PIR:S70632 zinc transporter ZnT-2 - rat, N = 1, Score = 884, P = 1.5e-88

TREMBL:MMU76007_1 gene: "ZnT-3"; product: "ZnT-3"; Mus musculus zinc transporter ZnT-3 (ZnT-3) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 772, P = 11.1e-76

TREMBL:HSU76010_1 gene: "ZnT-3"; product: "ZnT-3"; Human putative zinc transporter ZnT-3 (ZnT-3) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 742, P = 1.6e-73

TREMBL:MMUZNT02_1 gene: "ZnT-3"; product: "zinc transporter"; Mus musculus zinc transporter (ZnT-3) gene, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 715, P = 1.2e-70

TREMBL:CET18D3_3 gene: "T18D3.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T18D3, N=1, Score = 699, P=5.9e-69

>PIR:S70632 zinc transporter ZnT-2 - rat Length = 359

Score = 884 (132.6 bits), Expect = 1.5e-88, P = 1.5e-88 Identities = 171/326 (52%), Positives = 230/326 (70%)

- 2 YHCHSGSKPTEKGANEYAYAKWKLCSASAICFIFMIAEVVGGHIAGSLAVVTDAAHLLID 61 Query: ++CH+ +E A+ KL ASAIC +FMI E++GG++A SLA++TDAAHLL D
 34 HYCHAQKDSGSHPNSEKQRARRKLYVASAICLVFMIGEIIGGYLAQSLAIMTDAAHLLTD 93
- Sbjct:
- Query:
- 62 LTSFLLSLFSLWLSSKPPSKRLTFGWHRAEILGALLSILCIWVVTGVLVYLACERLLYPD 121 S L+SLFSLW+SS+P +K + FGW RAEILGALLS+L IWVVTGVLVYLA +RL+ D 94 FASMLISLFSLWVSSRPATKTMNFGWQRAEILGALLSVLSIWVVTGVLVYLAVQRLISGD 153 Sbjct:
- 122 YOIQATVMIIVSSCAVAANIVLTVVLHQRCLGHNH------KEVQANASVRAAFVHAPG 174
 Y+I+ M+I S CAVA NI++ + LHQ GH+H + Q N SVRAAF+H G
 154 YEIKGDTMLITSGCAVAVNIIMGLALHQSGHGHSHGHSHEDSSQQQQNPSVRAAFIHVVG 213 Ouerv:
- Sbict:
- 175 DLFQSISVLISALIIYFKPEYKIADPICTFIFSILVLASTITILKDFSILLMEGVPKSLN 234 DL QS+ VL++A IIYFKPEYK DPICTF+FSILVL +T+TIL+D ++LMEG PK ++ 214 DLLQSVGVLVAAYIIYFKPEYKYVDPICTFLFSILVLGTTLTILRDVILVLMEGTPKGVD 273 Query:
- Sbjct:
- Query: 235 YSGVKELILAVDGVLSVHCLHIWSLTMNQVILSAHVATAASRDSQVVRREIAKALSKSFT 294
- ++ VK L+L+VDGV ++H LHIW+LT+ Q +LS H+A A + D+Q V + L F
 274 FTTVKNLLLSVDGVEALHSLHIWALTVAQFVLSVHIAIAQNVDAQAVLKVARDRLQGKFN 333
- Sbjct:

```
Query: 295 MHSLTIQMESPVDQDPDCLFCEDPCD 320
H++TIQ+ES + C C+ P +
Sbjct: 334 FHTMTIQIESYSEDMKSCQECQGPSE 359
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_62f10, frame 2

Report for DKF2phfbr2_62f10.2

```
[LENGTH]
              320
(WM)
              35053.51
(pI)
              6.48
              6.48
PIR:S70632 zinc transporter ZnT-2 - rat 3e-84
30.02 organization of plasma membrane [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c] 2e-16
13.01 homeostasis of metal ions [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c] 2e-16
08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c] 2e-16,
11.07 detoxificaton [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c] 2e-16
07.04.01 metal ion transporters (cu, fe, etc.) [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c]
[HOMOL]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                 [S. cerevisiae, YMR243c]
2e-16
              08.04 mitochondrial transport [S. cerevisiae, YOR316c] 3e-13 30.16 mitochondrial organization [S. cerevisiae, YOR316c] 3e-13 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YDR205w] 4e-07
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
              transmembrane protein 2e-30
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
              mitochondrial inner membrane 6e-12
[PIRKW]
              mitochondrion 6e-12
[PIRKW]
              membrane protein le-11
              zinc transporter ZnT-2 2e-30
[SUPFAM]
              membrane protein czcD 1e-11
[SUPFAM]
              MYRISTYL 4
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
[PROSITE]
              PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
              PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
              TRANSMEMBRANE 5
[KW]
[KW]
              LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                8.12 %
       MYHCHSGSKPTEKGANEYAYAKWKLCSASAICFIFMIAEVVGGHIAGSLAVVTDAAHLLI
SEQ
SEG
       PRD
       МИТИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМИМ
MEM
SEO
       DLTSFLLSLFSLWLSSKPPSKRLTFGWHRAEILGALLSILCIWVVTGVLVYLACERLLYP
SEG
       PRD
       MEM
SEQ
       DYQIQATVMIIVSSCAVAANIVLTVVLHQRCLGHNHKEVQANASVRAAFVHAPGDLFQSI
SEG
PRD
       MEM
       SVLISALITYFKPEYKIADPICTFIFSILVLASTITILKDFSILLMEGVPKSLNYSGVKE
SEO
SEG
       PRD
       MEM
SEQ
       LILAVDGVLSVHCLHIWSLTMNQVILSAHVATAASRDSQVVRREIAKALSKSFTMHSLTI
SEG
       PRD
MEM
SEQ
       QMESPVDQDPDCLFCEDPCD
SEG
PRD
       eeeccccccccccccc
MEM
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_62f10.2

PS00001	162->166	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	234->238	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	81->85	CAMP PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	11->14	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	75->78	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005

PS00005	80->83	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	164->167	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	304->308	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	13->21	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	7->13	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	42->48	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	94->100	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	228->234	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00013	125->136	PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00013

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_62f10.2)

DKFZphfbr2_62n10

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_62nl0 encodes a novel 541 amino acid protein with similarity to Plasmodium vivax reticulocyte-binding protein 1.

The novel protein contains one Leucine Zipper, involved in protein-protein-interaction. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to reticulocyte-binding protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="13"

Insert length: 3522 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3503, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3479

1 GGGGCGTGTT GGCGGGATTC TGAACGCTGC CATGGCTCAG ACCGTGTAGA 51 ATGTTACATT GTCGCTCACT CTGCCCATCA CGTGCCACAT TTGCTTGGGG 101 AAGGTACGTC AGCCTGTCAT ATGCATCAAC AACCATGTAT TTTGTTCGAT
151 TTGTTATTGAT TTGTGGTTGA AGAATAATAG CCAGTGTCCA GCTTGCAGAG
201 TCCCCATCAC TCCTGAAAAT CCTTGCAAAG AAATTATAGG AGGAACAAGT
251 GAAAGTGAAC CTATGCTAAG CCATACGGTC AGGAAGCATC TTCGGAAAAC 301 TAGACTTGAA TTACTACACA AAGAATATGA GGACGAAATA GATTGTTTAC 351 AGAAAGAAGT AGAAGAGCTT AAGAGTAAAA ATCTCAGCTT GGAGTCACAG 401 ATCAAAGCTA TTCTGGATCC TTTAACCTTG GTGCAGGGCA ACCAAAATGA 451 AGACAAACAT CTAGTCACAG ATAATCCAAG TATAATTAAC CCAGAAACTG 501 TAGCAGAGTG GAAGAAAAA CTCAGAACAG CTAATGAAAT CTATGAAAAA 551 GTGAAAGATG ATGTGGATAA GCTAAAGGAG GCAAATAAAA AATTGAAATT 601 GGAAAATGGT GGTCTGGTGA GGGAGAATTT ACGACTGAAG GCTGAAGTTG 651 ATAACAGATC ACCTCAAAAG TTTGGAAGGT TTGCAGTTGC TGCTCTTCAG
701 TCCAAAGTAG AACAGTATGA GCGTGAAACC AATCGCCTCA AGAAAGCCCT 751 GGAACGAAGT GATAAGTATA TAGAGGAACT AGAATCTCAA GTTGCACAGC 801 TAAAAAATTC AAGTGAAGAG AAAGAGGCTA TGAATTCCAT TTGCCAGACA 851 GCACTTTCTG CAGATGGCAA AGGGAGCAAA GGCAGTGAGG AGGATGTGGT 901 GTCAAAGAAT CAAGGCGATA GTGCCAGAAA GCAGCCTGGC TCATCCACCT 951 CCAGTTCTTC TCACCTAGCG AAGCCTTCCA GCAGCAGACT GTGTGACACC 1001 AGTTCTGCAA GGCAGGAAAG TACCAGCAAA GCAGACCTTA ACTGTTCTAA 1051 GAACAAAGAC CTATATCAAG AACAGGTAGA AGTAATGTTA GATGTGACAG 1101 ATACAAGTAT GGATACTTAT TTGGAAAGAG AATGGGGGAA TAAACCAAGT 1151 GACTGTGTAC CCTACAAAGA TGAAGAACTT TATGATTTTC CAGCTCCTTG 1201 TACTCCTTTG TCCCTTAGTT GCCTTCAGCT CAGTACTCCA GAAAATAGAG 1251 AGAGCTCTGT GGTCCAAGCA GGAGGTTCCA AAAAGCACTC AAACCATCTC 1301 AGAAAATTGG TGTTTGATGA TTTTTGTGAT TCTTCAAATG TTTCTAATAA
1351 AGATTCTTCA GAAGATGATA TAAGTAGAAG TGAAAATGAG AAGAAATCAG 1401 AATGTTTTTC TTCCACAAAG ACAGGATTTT GGGACTGTTG TTCCACAAGC
1451 TATGCCCAAA ACTTAGATTT TGAAAGTTCA GAGGGGAACA CGATAGCAAA 1501 TTCTGTTGGA GAAATATCTT CAAAATTGAG TGAGAAATCA GGCTTATGTT 1551 TATCCAAAAG GTTGAATTCT ATTCGCTCTT TTGAAATGAA CCGGACAAGA 1601 ACATCCAGTG AAGCATCGAT GGATGCTGCT TACCTTGACA AAATCTCTGA 1651 GTTGGATTCA ATGATGTCAG AGTCAGACAA CAGCAAGAGC CCTTGTAATA 1701 ACGGTTTTAA GTCACTGGAT TTGGATGGGT TATCAAAGTC ATCTCAAGGC 1751 AGTGAATTTC TTGAGGAACC TGATAAGTTG GAAGAAAAA CTGAGCTAAA 1801 CCTTTCCAAA GGTTCTCTAA CTAATGATCA GTTAGAAAAT GGAAGTGAAT 1851 GGAAACCCAC TTCTTTTTT TCTCCTCTCT CCATCTGACC AAGAAATGAA 1901 TGAAGATTTT TCACTCCATT CCAGTTCTTG TCCAGTAACT AATGAAATCA 1951 AACCCCCAAG CTGCTTGTTT CAGACAGAGT TTTCCCAGGG CATTTTGTTA 2001 AGCAGTTCAC ATCGACTATT GGAAGATCAA AGATTTGGGT CATCTTTGTT 2051 TAAGATGTCC TCAGAGATGC ACAGTCTTCA TAACCACCTT CAGTCTCCTT 2101 GGTCTACTTC CTTTGTGCCT GAAAAGAGGA ATAAAAATGT GAATCAATCA 2151 ACAAAAAGAA AAATCCAGAG CAGCCTTTCC AGTGCCAGCC CATCAAAAGC 2201 AACTAAAAGT TGACTCATTA GAAAGGTGTC ATTTGTGGTT TTGTCCTGAG 2251 AGAAATAGAA AAGTTGTTAA AGTTACCTTT TTTCCTCATA AAAGTTCTAT
2301 ACAAATTGGA ATTGATAATC TTTAGTCAAG TATCAAGTCA GGATGGTGGA 2351 TTAACCTGTA CCCAGAATAC TTATTGTTCA TTTTGAAAAG ACTTTGTTCT 2401 TTTCATTTTT ATTTGGGAGT CTTTGTGACC AGAGAAGTTA GGGAGGAGGT 2451 TATTTTTGTG TTTTGGGGTT GGTTGGTTTGG TTGGTTTTGT TTTTGGTTTT 2501 GTTTTTTAC TGAATTTGAT ATGTATCTCG GTTGGATATA CATTGTTTTT 2551 TTAAAAATG TTATTTAACT GTTAGATACA GTGGCCTGTT GATAAGCCCC 2601 ACTTGTCTTC AGAACTTGGA TTTCTTAAAT AAAACTTTTA GTGTTGTCTA

269

BLAST Results

Entry HS658254 from database EMBL:
human STS SHGC-11774.
Score = 1643, P = 8.0e-67, identities = 345/355

Entry HS513217 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-14656. Score = 1193, P = 5.8e-46, identities = 241/244

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 263 bp to 1885 bp; peptide length: 541 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MLSHTVRKHL RKTRLELLHK EYEDEIDCLQ KEVEELKSKN LSLESQIKAI
51 LDPLTLVQGN QNEDKHLVTD NPSIINPETV AEWKKKLRTA NEIVEKVKDD
101 VDKLKEANKK LKLENGGLVR ENLRLKAEVD NRSPQKFGRF AVAALQSKVE
151 QYERETNRLK KALERSDKYI EELESQVAQL KNSSEEKEAM NSICQTALSA
201 DCKGSKGSEE DVVSKNQGDS ARKQPGSSTS SSSHLAKPSS SRLCDTSSAR
251 QESTSKADLN CSKNKDLYQE QVEVMLDVTD TSMDTYLERE WGNKPSDCVP
301 YKDEELYDFP APCTPLSLSC LQLSTPENRE SSVVQAGGSK KHSNHLRKLV
351 FDDFCDSSNV SNKDSSEDDI SRSENEKKSE CFSSTKTGFW DCCSTSYAQN
401 LDFESSEGNT IANSVGEISS KLSEKSGLCL SKRLNSIRSF EMNRTRTSSE
451 ASMDAAYLDK ISELDSMMSE SDNSKSPCNN GFKSLDLDGL SKSSQGSEFL
501 EEPDKLEEKT ELNISKGSLT NDQLENGSEW KPTSFFSPLS I

BLASTP hits

Entry A42771 from database PIR:
reticulocyte-binding protein 1 - Plasmodium vivax
Score = 127, P = 3.7e-08, identities = 68/300, positives = 145/300

Entry RBP1 PLAVB from database SWISSPROT:
RETICULOCYTE BINDING PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR.
Score = 127, P = 3.9e-08, identities = 68/300, positives = 145/300

Entry MMDSPPG_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "DSPP"; product: "dentin sialophosphoprotein"; Mus musculus DSPP
gene
Score = 160, P = 5.2e-08, identities = 87/373, positives = 146/373

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_62n10, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_62n10, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_62n10.2

```
541
60533.06
[LENGTH]
(WM)
[pI]
         5.10
         04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YKR092c] 3e-05 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKR092c] 3e-05
[FUNCAT]
         30.10 nuclear organization
[FUNCAT]
(PROSITE)
         LEUCINE ZIPPER 1
         MYRISTYL
(PROSITE)
         CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                       18
[PROSITE]
         PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN
[PROSITE]
         TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
         PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                       14
[PROSITE]
         ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[KW]
         All_Alpha
         LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                     9.24 %
                    22.55 %
[KW]
         COILED_COIL
    MLSHTVRKHLRKTRLELLHKEYEDEIDCLQKEVEELKSKNLSLESQIKAILDPLTLVQGN
SEO
SEG
    PRD
    COILS
    QNEDKHLVTDNPSIINPETVAEWKKKLRTANEIYEKVKDDVDKLKEANKKLKLENGGLVR
SEQ
                     .....
SEG
PRD
    COILS
      ENLRLKAEVDNRSPQKFGRFAVAALQSKVEQYERETNRLKKALERSDKYIEELESQVAQL
SEO
SEG
    PRD
    COILS
SEQ
    KNSSEEKEAMNSICQTALSADGKGSKGSEEDVVSKNQGDSARKQPGSSTSSSSHLAKPSS
SEG
              ......xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD
    ccccc.....
COILS
SEQ
    SRLCDTSSARQESTSKADLNCSKNKDLYQEQVEVMLDVTDTSMDTYLEREWGNKPSDCVP
SEG
    PRD
COILS
    YKDEELYDFPAPCTPLSLSCLQLSTPENRESSVVQAGGSKKHSNHLRKLVFDDFCDSSNV
SEO
SEG
PRD
    COILS
    SEQ
    SNKDSSEDDISRSENEKKSECFSSTKTGFWDCCSTSYAQNLDFESSEGNTIANSVGEISS
SEG
PRD
    COILS
SEQ
    KLSEKSGLCLSKRLNSIRSFEMNRTRTSSEASMDAAYLDKISELDSMMSESDNSKSPCNN
SEG
PRD
    COILS
SEO
    GFKSLDLDGLSKSSOGSEFLEEPDKLEEKTELNLSKGSLTNDOLENGSEWKPTSFFSPLS
SEG
    ..xxxxxxxxxxxx.........
    PRD
COILS
SEQ
    I
SEG
PRD
    ¢
COILS
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_62n10.2

PS00001	40->44	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	182->186	asn_glycosylation	PDOC00001
PS00001	260->264	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001

PS00001	359->363	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
			PDOC00001
PS00001	443->447	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	
PS00001	513->517	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
		ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	526->530		
PS00004	340->344	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	5->8	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
			PDOC00005
PS00005	156->159	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00005	166->169	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	220->223	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
		·	
PS00005	240->243	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	248->251	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	254->257	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
P\$00005	339->342	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	361->364	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	384->387	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	419->422	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	423->426	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	431->434	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	436->439	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	13->17	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	79->83	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	89->93	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	147->151	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	183->187	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	208->212	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	255->259	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	281->285	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
			PDOC00006
PS00006	285->289	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00006	324->328	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	361->365	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	365->369	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
P\$00006	371->375	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	373->377	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	414->418	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	447->451	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	462->466	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	469->473	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
			PDOC00007
PS00007	294->302	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00008	204->210	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	226->232	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	292->298	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	408->414	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	427->433	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	489->495	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
		**	
PS00008	517->523	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00013	310->321	PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00013
PS00029	104->126	LEUCINE ZIPPER	PDOC00029
1000025	101 - 120		

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_62n10.2)

DKFZphfbr2_62o17

group: metabolism

DKFZphfbr2 62017.2 encodes a novel 282 amino acid protein with weak similarity to the apolipoprotein E receptor.

The new protein contains a leucine zipper for protein-protein interaction, and three LDL-receptor class A domain (LDLRA_1) patterns. In LDL-receptors the class A domains form the binding site for LDL and calcium. The acidic residues between the fourth and sixth cysteines are important for high-affinity binding of positively charged sequences in LDLR's ligands.

The new protein can find application in modulation of cholesterol binding and transport by LDL-receptors and LDL-binding proteins

similarity to apolipoprotein E receptor

complete cDNA, complete cds, start at Bp $56\ \mathrm{matches}\ \mathrm{kozak}\ \mathrm{consensus}\ \mathrm{ANCatg}\ \mathrm{EST}\ \mathrm{hits}$

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1260 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1240, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1218

```
1 GGGGGATAAG AGAGCGGTCT GGACAGCGCG TGGCCGGCGC CGCTGTGGGG
 51 ACAGCATCAG CGGCGGTTGG ATGGCGCAGG TTGGAGCGTG GCGAACAGGG
101 GCTCTGGGCC TGGCGCTGCT GCTGCTGCTC GGCCTCGGAC TAGGCCTGGA
 151 GGCCGCCGCG AGCCCGCTTT CCACCCCGAC CTCTGCCCAG GCCGCAGGCC
 201 CCAGCTCAGG CTCGTGCCCA CCCACCAAGT TCCAGTGCCG CACCAGTGGC
 251 TTATGCGTGC CCCTCACCTG GCGCTGCGAC AGGGACTTGG ACTGCAGCGA
 301 TGGCAGCGAT GAGGAGGAGT GCAGGATTGA GCCATGTACC CAGAAAGGGC
 351 AATGCCCACC GCCCCTGGC CTCCCCTGCC CCTGCACCGG CGTCAGTGAC
401 TGCTCTGGGG GAACTGACAA GAAACTGCGC AACTGCACCG CGTCAGTGAC
401 TGCTCTGGGG GAACTGACAA GAAACTGCGC AACTGCACCG CGTGGCCTG
451 CCTAGCAGGC GAGCTCCGTT GCACGGTCAG CGATGACTGC ATTCCACTCA
501 CGTGGCGCTG CGACGGCCAC CCAGACTGTC CCGACTCCAG CGACGAGCTC
551 GGCTGTGGAA CCAATGAGAT CCTCCCGGAA GGGGATGCCA CAACCATGGG
601 GCCCCCTGTG ACCCTGGAGA GCGTCACCTC TCTCAGGAAT GCCACAACCA
651 TGGGGCCCCC TGTGACCCTG GAGAGTGTCC CCTCTGTCGG GAATGCCACA
 701 TCCTCCTCTG CCGGAGACCA GTCTGGAAGC CCAACTGCCT ATGGGGTTAT
 751 TGCAGCTGCT GCGGTGCTCA GTGCAAGCCT GGTCACCGCC ACCCTCCTCC
 801 TTTTGTCCTG GCTCCGAGCC CAGGAGCGCC TCCGCCCACT GGGGTTACTG
 851 GTGGCCATGA AGGAGTCCCT GCTGCTGTCA GAACAGAAGA CCTCGCTGCC
 901 CTGAGGACAA GCACTTGCCA CCACCGTCAC TCAGCCCTGG GCGTAGCCGG
 951 ACAGGAGGAG AGCAGTGATG CGGATGGGTA CCCGGGCACA CCAGCCCTCA
1001 GAGACCTGAG CTCTTCTGGC CACGTGGAAC CTCGAACCCG AGCTCCTGCA
1051 GAAGTGGCCC TGGAGATTGA GGGTCCCTGG ACACTCCCTA TGGAGATCCG
1251 AAAAAAAAAC
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 56 bp to 901 bp; peptide length: 282 Category: similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: LDLRA_1 (67-90)

LDLRA_1 (67-90) LDLRA_1 (145-168)

LEUCINE_ZIPPER (17-39)

```
1 MSGGWMAQVG AWRTGALGLA LLLLLGLGLG LEAAASPLST PTSAQAAGPS
  51 SGSCPPTKFQ CRTSGLCVPL TWRCDRDLDC SDGSDEECR IEPCTQKGQC
101 PPPPGLPCPC TGVSDCSGGT DKKLRNCSRL ACLAGELRCT LSDDCIPLTW
  151 RCDGHPDCPD SSDELGCGTN EILPEGDATT MGPPVTLESV TSLRNATTMG
  201 PPVTLESVPS VGNATSSSAG DQSGSPTAYG VIAAAAVLSA SLVTATLLLL
  251 SWLRAQERLR PLGLLVAMKE SLLLSEQKTS LP
                                    BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
              Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_62o17, frame 2
TREMBL:AF110520_6 product: "NG29"; Mus musculus major histocompatibility complex region NG27, NG28, RPS28, NADH oxidoreductase, NG29, KIFC1, Fas-binding protein, BING1, tapasin,
RalGDS-like, KE2, BING4, beta 1,3-galactosyl transferase, and RPS18
genes, complete cds; Sacm21 gene, partial cds; and unknown gene., N =
1, Score = 733, P = 1.5e-72
PIR: JE0237 apolipoprotein E receptor 2 precursor - mouse, N = 2, Score
= 290, P = 1.1e-26
TREMBL:HSZ75190_1 product: "apolipoprotein E receptor 2 906"; H.sapiens mRNA for apolipoprotein E receptor 2, N = 1, Score = 279, P =
1.8e-23
>TREMBL:AF110520 6 product: "NG29"; Mus musculus major histocompatibility
      complex region NG27, NG28, RPS28, NADH oxidoreductase, NG29, KIFC1, Fas-binding protein, BING1, tapasin, RalGDS-like, KE2, BING4, beta 1,3-galactosyl transferase, and RPS18 genes, complete cds; Sacm21 gene,
      partial cds; and unknown gene.
              Length = 260
 Score = 733 (110.0 bits), Expect = 1.5e-72, P = 1.5e-72
 Identities = 157/276 (56%), Positives = 178/276 (64%)
             6 MAQVGAWRTGALGLALLLLLGLGLGLEAAASPLSTPTSAQAAGPSSGSCPPTKFQCRTSG 65
Query:
             MA+ GA R ALGL L LL GL GLEAA +P T Q +G + SCP FQC TSG
1 MARGGAGRAVALGLVLRLLFGLRTGLEAAPAPAHT--RVQVSGSRADSCPTDTFQCLTSG 58
Sbict:
            66 LCVPLTWRCDRDLDCSDGSDEEECRIEPCTQKGQCPPPPGLPCPCTGVSDCSGGTDKKLR 125
Ouerv:
                 CVPL+WRCD D DCSDGSDEE+CRIE C Q GQC P LPC C +S CS +DK L
            59 YCVPLSWRCDGDQDCSDGSDEEDCRIESCAQNGQCQPQSALPCSCDNISGCSDVSDKNL- 117
Sbict:
           126 NCSRLACLAGELRCTLSDDCIPLTWRCDGHPDCPDSSDELGCGTNEILPEGDATTMGPPV 185
Query:
           Sbjct:
           186 TLESVTSLRNATTMGPPVTLESVPSVGNATSSSAGDQSGSPTAYGVIAAAAVLSASLVTA 245
Query:
                                     T+E+ S N T +SAGD S +P+AYGVIAAA VLSA LV+A
                          NATT
           164 EIDKIFQEENATTTRISTTMENETSFRNVTFTSAGDSSRNPSAYGVIAAAGVLSAILVSA 223
 Sbict:
           246 TLLLLSWLRAQERLRPLGLLVAMKESLLLSEQKTSL 281
Query:
```

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_62o17, frame 2

TLL+L LR Q L P GLLVA+KESLLLSE+KTSL
224 TLLILLRLRGQGYLPPPGLLVAVKESLLLSERKTSL 259

Sbict:

Report for DKFZphfbr2_62o17.2

[LENGTH] 282
[MW] 28991.19
[pI] 4.61
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF110520_6 product: "NG29"; Mus musculus major histocompatibility complex region NG27, NG28, RPSZ8, NADH oxidoreductase, NG29, KIFC1, Fas-binding protein, BING1, tapasin, RalGDS-like, KEZ, BING4, beta 1,3-galactosyl transferase, and RPS18 genes, complete cds; Sacm21 gene, partial cds; and unknown gene. 5e-55
[BLOCKS] BL01209 LDL-receptor class A (LDLRA) domain proteins
[SCOP] dlajj_ 7.11.1.1.1 Ligand-binding domain of low-density lipoprotei 2e-10

```
[PIRKW]
             duplication le-19
             tandem repeat le-15
[PIRKW]
             heterodimer 6e-18
[PIRKW]
             endocytosis 4e-18
[PIRKW]
             heparan sulfate 2e-12
(PIRKW)
             VLDL le-19
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
             transmembrane protein le-19
             coated pits 4e-18
[PIRKW]
             fatty acid metabolism 1e-19
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
             G protein-coupled receptor 1e-10
[PIRKW]
             receptor le-19
[PIRKW]
             glycoprotein 1e-19
(PIRKW)
             lipid transport 4e-18
[PIRKW]
             LDL 5e-14
[PIRKW]
             calcium binding 6e-18
             extracellular protein 6e-13
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
             alternative splicing 1e-19
[PIRKW]
             extracellular matrix 3e-10
[PIRKW]
             chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan 2e-12
[PIRKW]
             cholesterol 4e-18
             Leucine-rich alpha-2-glycoprotein repeat homology le-10
LDL receptor YWTD-containing repeat homology le-19
trypsin homology 6e-13
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
             alpha-2-macroglobulin receptor 6e-18
LDL receptor 1e-19
LDL receptor ligand-binding repeat homology 1e-19
EGF homology 1e-19
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
(PROSITE)
             LDLRA 13
[PROSITE]
             LEUCINE_ZIPPER 1
[PFAM]
             Low-density lipoprotein receptor domain class A
[PFAM]
             TNFR/NGFR cysteine-rich region
[KW]
             SIGNAL PEPTIDE 31
             TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                             22.34 %
[KW]
      MSGGWMAQVGAWRTGALGLALLLLLGLGLGLEAAASPLSTPTSAQAAGPSSGSCPPTKFQ
SEO
       ......
SEG
      PRD
MEM
SEQ
      CRTSGLCVPLTWRCDRDLDCSDGSDEEECRIEPCTQKGQCPPPPGLPCPCTGVSDCSGGT
SEG
                    .....xxxxxxxxxx....
PRD
      MEM
SEO
      DKKLRNCSRLACLAGELRCTLSDDCIPLTWRCDGHPDCPDSSDELGCGTNEILPEGDATT
SEG
      PRD
MEM
      SEQ
      MGPPVTLESVTSLRNATTMGPPVTLESVPSVGNATSSSAGDQSGSPTAYGVIAAAAVLSA
SEG
      .....xxxxxxx
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      SLVTATLLLLSWLRAQERLRPLGLLVAMKESLLLSEQKTSLP
SEG
      xxxxxxxxxxx....
PRD
      MEM
      MMMMMMMM.....
                  Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_62o17.2
                                       PDOC00929
PS01209
            67->90
                    LDLRA_1
            67->90
                                       PDOC00929
PS01209
                    LDLRA 1
          145->168
                    LDLRA_1
                                       PDOC00929
PS01209
            17->39
                    LEUCINE ZIPPER
                                       PDOC00029
PS00029
                   Pfam for DKF2phfbr2_62o17.2
             TNFR/NGFR cysteine-rich region
HMM NAME
                 *CpeGtYtD.WNHvpqClpC.trCePEMGQYMvqPCTwTQNT.VC*
HMM
                            + C+P RC+ ++
                                              +C + ++
              54 CPPTKFQCRTS--GLCVPLTWRCDR--DL----DCSDGSDEEEC
Query
```

DKFZphfbr2_64a15

group: nucleic acid management

DKFZphfbr2 64a15 encodes a novel 255 amino acid protein with strong similarity to inorganic pyrophosphatases

Inorganic pyrophosphatase (EC 3.6.1.1) (PPase) is the enzyme responsible for the hydrolysis of pyrophosphate (PPi) which is formed as the product of the many biosynthetic reactions that utilize ATP. All known PPases require the presence of divalent metal cations, with magnesium conferring the highest activity.

The new protein can find application as a new enzyme for biotechnologic processes.

strong similarity to inorganic pyrophosphatases

unspliced Intron 212-256 see EST HS1190948

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1188 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1170, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1151

1 GGGGGTTGGG GACCAGTGCA GGGACCGGGT CGCGCCGTGC TATGGCCCTG 51 TACCACACTG AGGAGCGCG CCAGCCCTGC TCGCAGAATT ACCGCCTCTT
101 CTTTAAGAAT GTAACTGGTC ACTACATTTC CCCCTTTCAT GATATTCCTC
151 TGAAGGTGAA CTCTAAAGAG GACACTGAGG CTCAAGGCAT TTTTATAGAC
201 TTGTCTAAGA TCTGGAAAAT GGCATTCCTA TGAAGAAAGC ACGAAATGAT
251 GAATATGAGA ATCTGTTTAA TATGATTGTA GAAATACCTC GGTGGACAAA 301 GGCTAAAATG GAGATTGCCA CCAAGGAGCC AATGAATCCC ATTAAACAAT 351 ATGTAAAGGA TGGAAAGCTA CGCTATGTGG CGAATATCTT CCCTTACAAG
401 GGTTATATAT GGAATTATGG TACCCTCCCT CAGACTTGGG AAGATCCCCA 451 TGAAAAAGAT AAGAGCACGA ACTGCTTTGG AGATAATGAT CCTATTGATG 501 TTTGCGAAAT AGGCTCAAAG ATTCTTTCTT GTGGAGAAGT TATTCATGTG 551 AAGATCCTTG GAATTTTGGC TCTTATTGAT GAAGGTGAAA CAGATTGGAA 601 ATTAATTGCT ATCAATGCGA ATGATCCTGA AGCCTCAAAG TTTCATGATA 651 TTGATGATGT TAAGAAGTTC AAACCGGGTT ACCTGGAAGC TACTCTTAAT 701 TGGTTTAGAT TATGTAAGGT ACCAGATGGA AAACCAGAAA ACCAGTTTGC 751 TITTAATGA GAATTCAAAA ACAAGGCTTT TGCTCTTGAA GTTATTAAAT 801 CCACTCATCA ATGTTGGAAA GCATTGCTTA TGAAGAACTG TAATGGAGGA 851 GCTACAAATT GCACAAACGT GCAGATATCT GATAGCCCTT TCCGTTGCAC 901 TCAAGAGGAA GCAAGATCAT TAGTTGAATC GGTATCATCT TCACCAAATA 951 AAGAAAGTAA TGAAGAAGAG CAAGTGTGGC ACTTCCTTGG CAAGTGATTG 1001 AAACATCTGA AATTCTGCTG TCAAGATTCC CATCTCTAAG GACTCCAAGA 1051 CTCTTTTTCC CCAAGTGCTA GAGACAAGGG GGTCTATGAG CATTTACTGA 1101 CTTCCTGTTA AAACTTCATT TTTTCAAACT TTTTGAGCTA TGCAATATAT 1151 AAATAAACAG TAAGAATTTT AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HSPPASEMR from database EMBL: H.sapiens partial mRNA for pyrophosphatase. Score = 1706, P = 1.6e-70, identities = 342/343

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 230 bp to 994 bp; peptide length: 255 Category: strong similarity to known protein

Classification: unset Prosite motifs: PPASE (85-92)

```
1 MKKARNDEYE NLFNMIVEIP RWTKAKMEIA TKEPMNPIKQ YVKDGKLRYV
     51 ANIFPYKGYI WNYGTLPQTW EDPHEKDKST NCFGDNDPID VCEIGSKILS
    101 CGEVIHVKIL GILALIDEGE TDWKLIAINA NDPEASKFHD IDDVKKFKPG
    151 YLEATLNWFR LCKVPDGKPE NQFAFNGEFK NKAFALEVIK STHQCWKALL
    201 MKNCNGGATN CTNVQISDSP FRCTQEEARS LVESVSSSPN KESNEEEQVW
    251 HFLGK
                                BLASTP hits
Entry IPYR KLULA from database SWISSPROT:
INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1) (PYROPHOSPHATE PHOSPHO-
HYDROLASE) (PPASE).
Score = 689, P = 6.0e-68, identities = 128/248, positives = 170/248
Entry A45153 from database PIR:
inorganic pyrophosphatase (EC 3.6.1.1) - bovine
Score = 862, P = 2.8e-86, identities = 146/226, positives = 190/226
Entry AF085600_1 from database TREMBLNEW:
gene: "Nurf-38"; product: "inorganic pyrophosphatase NURF-38";
Drosophila melanogaster inorganic pyrophosphatase NURF-38 (Nurf-38)
gene, complete cds.
Score = 731, P = 2.1e-72, identities = 134/248, positives = 177/248
Entry PWBY from database PIR:
inorganic pyrophosphatase (EC 3.6.1.1) - yeast (Saccharomyces
cerevisiae)
Score = 688, P = 7.7e-68, identities = 133/251, positives = 174/251
            Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64a15, frame 2
SWISSPROT: IPYR_DROME INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1)
(PYROPHOSPHATE PHOSPHO- HYDROLASE) (PPASE)., N = 1, Score = 731, P =
2.4e-72
>SWISSPROT: IPYR DROME INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1) (PYROPHOSPHATE
     PHOSPHO- HYDROLASE) (PPASE).
            Length = 290
  HSPs:
 Score = 731 (109.7 bits), Expect = 2.4e-72, P = 2.4e-72
 Identities = 134/248 (54%), Positives = 177/248 (71%)
           7 DEYENLENMIVEIPRWTKAKMEIATKEPMNPIKOYVKDGKLRYVANIFPYKGYIWNYGTL 66
Query:
              +E + ++NM+VE+PRWT AKMEI+ K PMNPIKQ +K GKLR+VAN FP+KGYIWNYG L
          40 NEEKTIYNMVVEVPRWTNAKMEISLKTPMNPIKQDIKKGKLRFVANCFPHKGYIWNYGAL 99
Sbict:
          67 PQTWEDPHEKDKSTNCFGDNDPIDVCEIGSKILSCGEVIHVKILGILALIDEGETDWKLI 126
Ouerv:
              PQTWE+P + ST C GDNDPIDV EIG ++ G+V+ VK+LG ALIDEGETDWK+I
         100 PQTWENPDHIEPSTGCKGDNDPIDVIEIGYRVAKRGDVLKVKVLGQFALIDEGETDWKII 159
Sbjct:
         127 AINANDPEASKFHDIDDVKKFKPGYLEATLNWFRLCKVPDGKPENQFAFNGEFKNKAFAL 186
Query:
              AI+ NDP ASK +DI DV ++ PG L AT+ WF++ K+PDGKPENQFAFNG+ KN FA
         160 AIDVNDPLASKVNDIADVDQYFPGLLRATVEWFKIYKIPDGKPENQFAFNGDAKNADFAN 219
Sbict:
         187 EVIKSTHQCWKALLMKNCNGGATNCTNVQISDSPFRCTQEEARS-LVESVSSSPNKESNE 245
Query:
         +I TH+ W+ L+ ++ G+ + TN+ +S +EEA L E+ +E ++
220 TIIAETHKFWQNLVHQSPASGSISTTNITNRNSEHVIPKEEAEKILAEAPDGGQVEEVSD 279
Sbict:
         246 EEQVWHFL 253
Query:
                 WHF+
         280 TVDTWHFI 287
Sbict:
                     Peptide information for frame 3
```

1 MALYHTEERG QPCSQNYRLF FKNVTGHYIS PFHDIPLKVN SKEDTEAQGI 51 FIDLSKIWKM AFL

ORF from 42 bp to 230 bp; peptide length: 63 Category: strong similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

BLASTP hits

```
No BLASTP hits available
             Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64a15, frame 3
SWISSPROT: IPYR DROME INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1)
(PYROPHOSPHATE PHOSPHO- HYDROLASE) (PPASE)., N = 1, Score = 118, P =
8.8e-07
PIR:A45153 inorganic pyrophosphatase (EC 3.6.1.1) - bovine, N = 1,
Score = 113, P = 3.1e-06
TREMBLNEW: AF108211_1 product: "cytosolic inorganic pyrophosphatase";
Homo sapiens cytosolic inorganic pyrophosphatase mRNA, partial cds., N = 1, Score = 106, P = 1.8e-05
>SWISSPROT:IPYR_DROME INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1) (PYROPHOSPHATE PHOSPHO- HYDROLASE) (PPASE).
             Length = 290
  HSPs:
 Score = 118 (17.7 bits), Expect = 8.8e-07, P = 8.8e-07
 Identities = 23/43 (53%), Positives = 29/43 (67%)
             1 MALYHTEERGQPCSQNYRLFFKNVTGHYISPFHDIPLKVNSKE 43
Ouerv:
               MALY T E+G S +Y L+FKN G+ ISP HDIPL N ++
Sbjct:
            1 MALYETVEKGAKNSPSYSLYFKNKCGNVISPMHDIPLYANEEK 43
              Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64a15, frame 2
                         Report for DKFZphfbr2_64a15.2
[LENGTH]
                 255
                 29177.34
[WW]
[pI]
                  5.67
                 TREMBLNEW: AF108211_1 product: "cytosolic inorganic pyrophosphatase"; Homo
[HOMOL]
sapiens cytosolic inorganic pyrophosphatase mRNA, partial cds. 2e-93
[FUNCAT] 01.04.01 phosphate utilization [S. cerevisiae, YBR011c] 9e-73
[FUNCAT] 30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YBR011c] 9e-73
[FUNCAT] 02.99 other energy generation activities [S. cerevisiae, YMR267w] 1e-58 [FUNCAT] 30.16 mitochondrial organization [S. cerevisiae, YMR267w] 1e-58 [FUNCAT] 1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair [M. genitalium, MG351] 1e-06
                 g carbohydrate metabolism and transport
BL00387D
                                                                       [H. influenzae, HI0124] 2e-06
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
                  BL00387C
                 BL00387B
[BLOCKS]
                  BL00387A
[BLOCKS]
                 dlwgja 2.29.5.1.1 Inorganic pyrophosphatase {baker's yeas le-113 3.6.1.1 Inorganic pyrophosphatase 7e-92
[SCOP]
{EC}
[PIRKW]
                 mitochondrion 3e-57
[PIRKW]
                  hydrolase 7e-92
[PIRKW]
                  homodimer 2e-71
[SUPFAM]
                  inorganic pyrophosphatase 7e-92
[PROSITE]
                  PPASE 1
[KW]
                 Alpha_Beta
                  30
(KW)
                  LOW COMPLEXITY
                                        6.27 %
[KW]
         MKKARNDEYENLFNMIVEIPRWTKAKMEIATKEPMNPIKQYVKDGKLRYVANIFPYKGYI
SEO
SEG
         .....EGGGCEEEEEEETTTbCBCEEETTTTTTTCEEECEETTEECBCCBBTTBTTbT
1hukB
         WNYGTLPQTWEDPHEKDKSTNCFGDNDPIDVCEIGSKILSCGEVIHVKILGILALIDEGE
SEQ
SEG
         1hukB
SEQ
         TDWKLIAINANDPEASKFHDIDDVKKFKPGYLEATLNWFRLCKVPDGKPENQFAFNGEFK
SEG
         СЕЕБЕБЕБЕТТТТТGGGCCCHHHHHHHHTTTHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHGGGGCCCCCBCGGGCCB
1hukB
         NKAFALEVIKSTHOCWKALLMKNCNGGATNCTNVQISDSPFRCTQEEARSLVESVSSSPN
```

СИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИТТТТТТСССВТТТТТТТ.......

SEO

SEG

1hukB

KESNEEEQVWHFLGK SEQ SEG xxxxxx..... 1hukB

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_64a15.2

PS00387 85->92 PPASE PDOC00325

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64a15.2)

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64a15, frame 3

Report for DKF2phfbr2_64a15.3

[LENGTH] 7405.54 [MW] [pI] 6.81

[HOMOL] SWISSPROT:IPYR DROME INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE (EC 3.6.1.1) (PYROPHOSPHATE PHOSPHO- HYDROLASE) (PPASE). Te-06
[EC] 3.6.1.1 Inorganic pyrophosphatase 5e-06

[PIRKW] hydrolase 5e-06

[SUPFAM] inorganic pyrophosphatase 5e-06

[KW] All_Beta

SEQ MALYHTEERGQPCSQNYRLFFKNVTGHYISPFHDIPLKVNSKEDTEAQGIFIDLSKIWKM PRD

SEQ AFL PRD ccc

(No Prosite data available for DKF2phfbr2_64a15.3)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64a15.3)

DKFZphfbr2 64c16

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 64a16.2 encodes a novel 101 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="745_A_2; 756_F_2; 842_C_2"

Insert length: 1866 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 1848, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1829

```
1 GGGCGCGCG CCGGAGGAGG AAGTGGTGAG GTTGTTGCTC CTTCAGCGCC
  51 TATCGCTGGC TCTTGGGGCG CAGAGAGGGG CCGCAGTCTC CGCGGCTGCG
 101 TCGAGCTCCC TTGCAGTCCC CTCCATGTTC CCCGGCGCCA CTACTCCCCT
 151 TCCTAAGGCC GCCGCTTACC CCGGGGTCTA TGGAAGTAAT GGAAGGACCC
 201 CTCAACCTGG CTCATCAACA GAGCAGACGA GCAGACCGTT TATTAGCTGC
 251 AGGCAAATAC GAAGAGGCTA TTTCTTGTCA CAAAAAGGCT GCAGCATATC 301 TTTCTGAAGC CATGAAGCTG ACACAGTCAG AGCAGGCTCA TCTTTCACTG
 351 GAATTGCAAA GGGATAGCCA TATGAAACAG CTCCTCCTCA TCCAAGAGAG
 401 ATGGAAAAGG GCCCAGCGTG AAGAAAGATT GAAAGCCCAG CAGAACACAG
 451 ACAAGGATGC AGCTGCCCAT CTTCAGACAT CTCACAAACC CTCTGCAGAG
 501 GATGCAGAGG GCCAGAGTCC CCTTTCTCAG AAGTACAGCC CTTCCACAGA
 551 GAAATGCCTG CCTGAGATTC AGGGGATCTT TGACAGGGAT CCAGACACAC
 601 TACTTTATTT ACTTCAGCAA AAGAGTGAGC CAGCAGAGCC ATGTATTGGA
 651 AGCAAAGCCC CAAAAGATGA TAAAACAATT ATAGAGGAGC AGGCAACCAA
 701 AATTGCAGAT TTGAAGAGGC ATGTGGAATT CCTTGTGGCT GAGAATGAAA
 751 GATTAAGGAA AGAAAATAAA CAACTAAAGG CTGAAAAGGC CAGACTTCTA
 801 AAAGGTCCAA TAGAAAAGGA GCTGGATGTA GATGCTGATT TTGTAGAAAC
 851 GTCAGAGTTA TGGAGCTTGC CACCACATGC AGAAACTGCT ACAGCCTCCT
 901 CAACCTGGCA GAAGTTCGCA GCAAATACTG GGAAAGCCAA GGACATTCCA
951 ATCCCCAATC TTCCTCCTT GGATTTTCCA TCTCCAGAAC TTCCTCTTAT
1001 GGAGCTTCT GAGGATATTC TGAAAGGACT TATGAATAAT TAAAATGGAA
1051 GGCCACAGAA AAGGGGAAAA GAGGAAATAA TACAGTAATC GTTAATCCAG
1101 CAAAAACAAA TGAAAAGGGA AAACCACATA GAAGGGTAAT CCCGGAAATG
1151 CTTCATCTGG TGGACTGTGG GAGCAGAGGC ATTGCCAGGA CTTGGGAAAC
1201 AGTCACTGTG AAATGCGCTG CGTATCTCAT TCACTCACTT CAGCTAATGA
1251 CTCCGACTTG GCAGACGCTA AACTCATGGA GGTTCGGTTT CTCCTGATAC
1301 AAACCAAATG GCTACCTGGA AGAATTTCTT TCAAGCAACA GTTATTTTTC
1351 TTATCTTCAG GGTTAAAATG TATAAAAGTT ATGTGTAATT AATCTATAAT
1401 GCCATAAATG ATAATGCAAA ACCTAAATAA TATGGTGGCC GGAGGGGCTG
1451 CCTTATATTT GAAACATGCT TTCTATCATG CATTGACTGT ATGCATTTTG
1501 TTAATGCACA TTCTGTTTGT TTAAGGTGTG TGAGATACAC ACCTTTCTAG
1551 ATGAAACTAT ATGTGCCACA CTTTGCACTA CTCATAATGA TAACCTCAAG
1601 ACTATCAGAA GAAATATTTA AATTTCCATT TTATGAAGAA AGGAACCAAA
1651 TTATTATGCT TTTTAAAACA AATTACCAGT TTACATAATT AATCAGGGTG 1701 CATTTTAAGT TCTAACTTCG TTTATTGTAT AATGCATCAT TTGAAAATAC
1751 CAAGGAGGAA ATACCCTTTG TTTTTAATGA TGCAAGAGTG GACGTAATGC
1801 TAGTTGGCAG TATTTTATTG TAAGAAATCA ATAAAGTAAT TGTGTTTTAA
1851 ΑΛΑΑΛΑΛΑΑ ΑΛΑΑΛΑ
```

BLAST Results

Entry HS286143 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-6844.

Score = 1460, P = 3.4e-61, identities = 292/292

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from the beginning to 304 bp; peptide length: 102 Category: questionable ORF Classification: unset

1 GAAPEEEVVR LLLLQRLSLA LGAQRGAAVS AAASSSLAVP SMFPGATTPL 51 PKAAAYPGVY GSNGRTPQPG SSTEQTSRPF ISCRQIRRGY FLSQKGCSIS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64c16, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 180 bp to 1040 bp; peptide length: 287 Category: putative protein Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: LEUCINE_ZIPPER (178-200) LEUCINE_ZIPPER (185-207)

- 1 MEVMEGPLNL AHQQSRRADR LLAAGKYEEA ISCHKKAAAY LSEAMKLTQS 51 EQAHLSLELQ RDSHMKQLLL IQERWKRAQR EERLKAQQNT DKDAAAHLQT 101 SHKPSAEDAE GQSPLSQKYS PSTEKCLPEI QGIFDRDPDT LLYLLQQKSE
- 151 PAEPCIGSKA PKDDKTIIEE QATKIADLKR HVEFLVAENE RLRKENKQLK
- 201 AEKARLLKGP IEKELDVDAD FVETSELWSL PPHAETATAS STWQKFAANT
- 251 GKAKDIPIPN LPPLDFPSPE LPLMELSEDI LKGLMNN

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_64cl6, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64c16, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.2

[LENGTH] 101 [WW] 10469.94 10.18 [pI] All_Alpha LOW_COMPLEXITY [KW]

29.70 % [KW]

GAAPEEEVVRLLLLQRLSLALGAQRGAAVSAAASSSLAVPSMFPGATTPLPKAAAYPGVY SEO SEG PRD GSNGRTPQPGSSTEQTSRPFISCRQIRRGYFLSQKGCSISF SEQ

SEG PRD ccccccccccccchhhhhcccccccccccc

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.2)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.2)

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64c16, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.3

(LENGTI (MW) (pI) (PROSIT (KW) (KW)		287 32343.79 5.61 LEUCINE_ZIPPER All Alpha COILED_COIL	2 14.98 %	
SEQ PRD COILS			AGKYEEAISCHKKAAAYLSEAMK hCChhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh	
SEQ PRD COILS			LKAQQNTDKDAAAHLQTSHKPSA hhhhhhccccchhhhhhhcccccc	
SEQ PRD COILS	cccccc	cchhhhhcccccchhhl	LLQQKSEPAEPCIGSKAPKDDK1	հերերի
SEQ PRD COILS	hhhhhhh		ARLLKGPIEKELDVDADFVETSE hhhhhhccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.3

178->200 LEUCINE_ZIPPER 185->207 LEUCINE_ZIPPER PS00029 PS00029 PDOC00029 PDOC00029

STWQKFAANTGKAKDIPIPNLPPLDFPSPELPLMELSEDILKGLMNN hhhhhhhhccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhccc COILS

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64c16.3)

SEQ PRD

DKFZphfbr2 64c4

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 64c4 encodes a novel 467 amino acid protein with similarity to A. thaliana T08I13.5

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to A. thaliana T08I13.5

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits on genomic level encoded by AC005043 11 exons

Sequenced by Oiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1559 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1540, no polyadenylation signal found

1 TGGGACCGCC GGAAGTTTCT GCCGCGGCTT TGCGGGGACG GGGGAGTGGT 51 AGTGGGGGCT GCAGCTGCCG GACCCAGGCG CGATGGCTAC GGGCGCGGAT 101 GTACGGGACA TTCTAGAACT CGGGGGTCCA GAAGGGGATG CAGCCTCTGG 151 GACCATCAGC AAGAAGGACA TTATCAACCC GGACAAGAA AAATCCAAGA 201 AGTCCTCTGA GACACTGACT TTCAAGAGGC CCGAGGGCAT GCACCGGGAA 251 GTCTATGCCT TGCTCTACTC TGACAAGAAG GATGCACCCC CACTGCTACC 301 CAGTGACACT GGCCAGGGAT ACCGTACAGT GAAGGCCAAG TTGGGCTCCA 351 AGAAGGTGCG GCCTTGGAAG TGGATGCCAT TCACCAACCC GGCCCGCAAG
401 GACGGAGCAA TGTTCTTCCA CTGGCGACGT GCAGCGGAGG AGGGCAAGGA 451 CTACCCCTTT GCCAGGTTCA ATAAGACTGT GCAGGAGCCT GTGTACTCGG
501 AGCAGGAGTA CCAGCTTTAT CTCCACGATA ATGCTTGGAC TAAGGCAGAA 551 ACTGACCACC TCTTTGACCT CAGCCGCCGC TTTGACCTGC GTTTTGTTGT
601 TATCCATGAC CGGTATGACC ACCAGCAGTT CAAGAAGCGT TCTGTGGAAG 651 ACCTGAAGGA GCGGTACTAC CACATCTGTG CTAAGCTTGC CAACGTGCGG
701 GCTGTGCCAG GCACAGACCT TAAGATACCA GTATTTGATG CTGGGCACGA 751 ACGACGGCGG AAGGAACAGC TTGAGCGTCT CTACAACCGG ACCCCAGAGC 801 AGGTGGCAGA GGAGGAGTAC CTGCTACAGG AGCTGCGCAA GATTGAGGCC 851 CGGAAGAAGG AGCGGGAGAA ACGCAGCCAG GACCTGCAGA AGCTGATCAC 901 AGCGGCAGAC ACCACTGCAG AGCAGCGGCG CACGGAACGC AAGGCCCCCA 951 AAAAGAAGCT ACCCCAGAAA AAGGAGGCTG AGAAGCCGGC TGTTCCTGAG 1001 ACTGCAGGCA TCAAGTTTCC AGACTTCAAG TCTGCAGGTG TCACGCTGCG 1051 GAGCCAACGG ATGAAGCTGC CAAGCTCTGT GGGACAGAAG AAGATCAAGG 1101 CCCTGGAACA GATGCTGCTG GAGCTTGGTG TGGAGCTGAG CCCGACACCT
1151 ACGGAGGAGC TGGTGCACAT GTTCAATGAG CTGCGAAGCG ACCTGGTGCT 1201 GCTCTACGAG CTCAAGCAGG CCTGTGCCAA CTGCGAGTAT GAGCTGCAGA 1251 TGCTGCGGCA CCGTCATGAG GCACTGGCCC GGGCTGGTGT GCTAGGGGGC 1301 CCTGCCACAC CAGCATCAGG CCCAGGCCCG GCCTCTGCTG AGCCGGCAGT 1351 GTCTGAACCC GGACTTGGTC CTGACCCCAA GGACACCATC ATTGATGTGG 1401 TGGGCGCACC CCTCACGCCC AATTCGAGAA AGCGACGGGA GTCGGCCTCC 1451 AGCTCATCTT CCGTGAAGAA AGCCAAGAAG CCGTGAGAGG CCCCACGGGG 1501 TGTGGGCGAC GCTGTTATGT AAATAGAGCT GCTGAGTTGG AAAAAAAAA **1551 AAAAAAAA**

BLAST Results

Entry AC005043 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens clone NH0576N21; HTGS phase 1, 5 unordered pieces. Score = 1506, P = 4.6e-244, identities = 316/330

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

284

ORF from 83 bp to 1483 bp; peptide length: 467

Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MATGADVRDI LELGGPEGDA ASGTISKKDI INPDKKKSKK SSETLTFKRP
51 EGMHREVYAL LYSDKKDAPP LLPSDTGQGY RTVKAKLGSK KVRPWKWMPF
101 TMPARKDGAM FFHWRRAAEE GKDYPFARFN KTVQEPVYSE QEYQLYLHDN
151 AWTKAETDHL FDLSRRFDLR FVVIHDRYDH QQFKKRSVED LKERYYHICA
201 KLANVRAVPG TDLKIPVFDA GHERRREQL ERLYNRTFEQ VAEEEYLLQE
251 LRKIEARKKE REKRSQDLQK LITAADTTAE QRRTERKAPK KKLPQKKEAE
301 KPAVPETAGI KFPDFKSAGV TLRSQRMKLP SSVGQKKIKA LEQMLLELGV
351 ELSPTPTEEL VHMFNELRSD LVLLYELKQA CANCEYELQM LRHRHEALAR
401 AGVLGGPATP ASGPGPASAE PAVSEPGLGP DPKDTIIDVV GAPLTPNSRK
451 RRESASSSSS VKKAKKP
```

BLASTP hits

```
Entry ATAC2337_5 from database TREMBLNEW:
gene: "T08113.5"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC T08113
genomic sequence, complete sequence.
Score = 340, P = 2.6e-30, identities = 115/374, positives = 176/374

Entry YE8D_SCHPO from database SWISSPROT:
HYPOTHETICAL 47.1 KD PROTEIN C9G1.13C IN CHROMOSOME I.
Score = 221, P = 1.9e-20, identities = 67/192, positives = 97/192

Entry S64291 from database PIR:
hypothetical protein YGR002c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
Score = 202, P = 2.8e-13, identities = 71/260, positives = 124/260
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64c4, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64c4, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64c4.2

```
[LENGTH]
            467
            53007.60
[WW]
            9.51
fpIl
            TREMBL:ATAC2337_5 gene: "T08I13.5"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC
[HOMOL]
T08I13 genomic sequence, complete sequence. 4e-29
            99 unclassified proteins MYRISTYL 1
                                      [S. cerevisiae, YGR002c] le-19
[FUNCAT]
[PROSITE]
            CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
                               10
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
                               3
            GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
(PROSITE)
            PKC PHOSPHO SITE
(PROSITE)
                               12
[PROSITE]
            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
            All_Alpha
[KW]
[KW]
            LOW COMPLEXITY
                            20.13 %
SEO
      MATGADVRDILELGGPEGDAASGTISKKDIINPDKKKSKKSSETLTFKRPEGMHREVYAL
SEG
          PRD
      LYSDKKDAPPLLPSDTGQGYRTVKAKLGSKKVRPWKWMPFTNPARKDGAMFFHWRRAAEE
SEO
SEG
      PRD
SEQ
      GKDYPFARFNKTVQEPVYSEQEYQLYLHDNAWTKAETDHLFDLSRRFDLRFVVIHDRYDH
SEG
      PRD
SEQ
      QQFKKRSVEDLKERYYHICAKLANVRAVPGTDLKIPVFDAGHERRRKEQLERLYNRTPEQ
SEG
      PRD
SEO
      VAEEEYLLQELRKIEARKKEREKRSQDLQKLITAADTTAEQRRTERKAPKKKLPQKKEAE
                                     SEG
            ...xxxxxxxxxxxxx....
PRD
      <u>հերհրերի հերհրերի հ</u>
      KPAVPETAGIKFPDFKSAGVTLRSQRMKLPSSVGQKKIKALEQMLLELGVELSPTPTEEL
SEO
SEG
```

PRD	${\tt hcccccccccccceee} hhhhhhhhcccccchhhhhhhhhh$
SEQ SEG PRD	VHMFNELRSDLVLLYELKQACANCEYELQMLRHRHEALARAGVLGGPATPASGPGPASAE
SEQ SEG PRD	PAVSEPGLGPDPKDTIIDVVGAPLTPNSRKRRESASSSSSVKKAKKP xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_64c4.2

PS00001	130->134	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00002	412->416	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00004	35 - >39	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	39->43	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0004
PS00004	184->188	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	451->455	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0004
PS00005	26->29	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	38->41	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	46->49	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	63->66	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	82->85	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	89->92	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	164->167	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	284->287	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	321->324	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	324->327	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	448->451	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	460->463	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	3->7	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	26->30	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	132->136	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	139->143	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	153->157	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	187->191	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	273->277	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	277->281	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	355->359	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	435->439	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	131->139	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	227->235	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	116->125	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	14->20	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64c4.2)

DKFZphfbr2 64h6

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_64h6 encodes a novel 176 amino acid protein with similarity to predicted yeast proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific

similarity to S.pombe SPBC337.09 and S.cerevisiae YER044c

complete cDNA, complete cds accoring to YER044c/SPBC337.09, start at Bp 111, EST hits $\,$

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="14"

Insert length: 1212 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1192, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1168

1 GGGCTGGAGC TGTCCTGGGG GAGCTTGTTT GCGGCAGCGG CTGCTGCTGC 51 CACTGCTGTG CTGGGGGCCC GGTCGCCAGG CAAAAAGCCC TCCCACGTTT 101 GAGGGGAGTC ATGAGCCGTT TCCTGAATGT GTTAAGAAGT TGGCTGGTTA 151 TGGTGTCCAT CATAGCCATG GGGAACACGC TGCAGAGCTT CCGAGACCAC
201 ACTTTTCTCT ATGAAAAGCT CTACACTGGC AAGCCAAACC TTGTGAATGG
251 CCTCCAAGCT CGGACCTTTG GGATCTGGAC GCTGCTCTCA TCAGTGATCC 401 CTATGGAACT GCAGCTCCCA CGATTGGCGT CCTGGCACCC CTGATGGTGG 451 CAAGTTTCTC CATCCTGGGT ATGCTGGTCG GGCTCCGGTA TCTAGAAGTA 501 GAACCAGTAT CCAGACAGAA GAAGAGAAAC TGAGGCCAGC ATTATCACCT 551 CCAGGACTTT CTCGTTTTCC ACCTTGGCCA TCTTCTTCCT TCGTCGTCTC 601 TCCCCTTTAA TTTCTTTTCT ATTCCATCAT CTGCCCTTTT ACTCACTTTT 651 AGCCTCTTTT TTTAATTTTT AAAATTTAAA GATATGCATA CTGAAAAGTA 701 TATAACATGT ACGTACAATT TAAAGAATAA TTTTAAAGTG AATACTACGT 751 AACTCCATCC AAGTCAAGAA ATTGCCAGCT TCTCGGAAGC CCACTGTGTC 801 TCCTTCCCCT ACCTGCAACC TCTTCCAGGC TCCCTTTTCC AGCCTTCCCC 851 TTTTTCCCTT TTATTTTCAT GCCTTGATTT GACTTGTGT GTGGGAACAT 901 GTGAACTATG AAACTTAAAC CTGCTGCCCA CCCAGAGCAG CTGTGACCAA 951 GGGCTGCCTC AAGGGGTTGT CCACGGCAGGT TGGGCTCCTC TCTGCTGCTG 1001 GACCCAAGAC TCTGAACCTT CCAAGGGACA GGCAGTTCTT CTGAGAAGGG 1051 CTCCCCTGTG TGTGAGCAAG ACCACAGCTC TCCTTCTATC TACAGATGCA 1101 TGAGGGTTGG AAGAGTCTGG GCTGTTTTTA GACCTTCTGG TCAGCTGTAT 1151 TTGTGTAACA ACTTTTGTAA TAAATAGAAA AACCCTCTGC TCAAAAAAAA 1201 AAAAAAAAA AA

BLAST Results

Entry G38566 from database EMBL: SHGC-64295 Human Homo sapiens STS genomic, sequence tagged site. Score = 1398, P = 1.4e-56, identities = 284/288

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 0 bp to 530 bp; peptide length: 177 Category: similarity to unknown protein Classification: unclassified

- 1 AGAVLGELVC GSGCCCHCCA GGPVARQKAL PRLRGVMSRF LNVLRSWLVM
- 51 VSIIAMGNTL QSFRDHTFLY EKLYTGKPNL VNGLQARTFG IWTLLSSVIR
- 101 CLCAIDIHNK TLYHITLWTF LLALGHFLSE LFVYGTAAPT IGVLAPLMVA

151 SFSILGMLVG LRYLEVEPVS ROKKRN

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64h6, frame 3

TREMBL:SPBC337_9 gene: "SPBC337.09"; product: "conserved hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c337., N = 1, Score = 224, P = 1.4e-18

PIR:S50547 hypothetical protein YER044c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 192, P = 3.4e-15

HSPs:

[LENGTH]

176

Score = 224 (33.6 bits), Expect = 1.4e-18, P = 1.4e-18 Identities = 49/113 (43%), Positives = 74/113 (65%)

Query: 42 NVLRSWLVMVSIIAMGNTLQSFRDHTFLYEKLYTGKPNLVNGLQARTFGIWTLLSSVIRC 101 +++ W V+VS+ A+ NT+QSF L +++Y+ N VNGLQ RTFGIWTLLS+++R Sbjct: 11 SLVAKWNVVVSVAALFNTVQSFLTPK-LTKRVYSNT-NEVNGLQGRTFGIWTLLSAIVRF 68

Query: 102 LCAIDIHNKTLYHITLWTFLLALGHFLSELFVYGTAAPTIGVLAPLMVASFSI 154
CA I N +Y + T+ LA HFLSE ++ T G+L+P++V++ SI
Sbjct: 69 YCAYHITNPDVYFLCQCTYYLACFHFLSEWLLFRTTNLGPGLLSPIVVSTVSI 121

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64h6, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64h6.3

19359.31 (WM) (pI) 9.53 [HOMOL] TREMBL:SPBC337 9 gene: "SPBC337.09"; product: "conserved hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c337. 2e-17 [FUNCAT] 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YER044c] 7e-16 TRANSMEMBRANE 2 [KW] LOW_COMPLEXITY 7.39 % SEO AGAVLGELVCGSGCCCHCCAGGPVAROKALPRLRGVMSRFLNVLRSWLVMVSIIAMGNTL SEGxxxxxxxxxxxx...... PRD MEM SEQ QSFRDHTFLYEKLYTGKPNLVNGLQARTFGIWTLLSSVIRCLCAIDIHNKTLYHITLWTF SEG PRD MEM SEQ LLALGHFLSELFVYGTAAPTIGVLAPLMVASFSILGMLVGLRYLEVEPVSRQKKRN SEG PRD MEM

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_64h6.3)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64h6.3)

DKFZphfbr2_64j18

group: Intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfbr2 624j18.1 encodes a novel 180 amino acid protein nearly identical to the microsomal signal peptidase 23 kd subunit of canis familiaris, gallus gallus and C. elegans.

The new protein is identical to canine and chicken microsomal signal peptidase 23 kd subunit. The canine microsomal signal peptidase is a protein complex comprised of five subunits (25, 22/23, 21, 18, and 12 kDa). The 23kDa subunit is tightly associated with the 18- and 21-kDa subunits, that are integral membrane proteins.

The new protein can find application in modulation of protein transport into microsomal compartments and as a tool for proteomic analysis.

strong similarity to dog signal peptidase (EC 3.4.99.-)

complete cDNA, complete cds, potential start at Bp 109, EST hits,

Sequenced by Oiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 690 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 666, polyadenylation signal at pos. 646

- 1 GCCGGAACGC GCGCACCGCA GACGGCGCGG ATCGCAGGGA GCCGGTCCGC
- 51 CGCCGGAACG GGAGCCTGGG TGTGCGTGTG GAGTCCGGAC TCGTGGGAGA
- 101 CGATCGCGAT GAACACGGTG CTGTCGCGGG CGAACTCACT GTTCGCCTTC
 151 TCGCTGAGCG TGATGGCGGC GCTCACCTTC GGCTGCTTCA TCACCACCGC
 201 CTTCAAAGAC AGGAGCGTCC CGGTGCGGCT GCACGTCTCG CGGATCATGC
 251 TAAAAAATGT AGAAGATTTC ACTGGACCTA GAGAAAGAAG TGATCTGGGA
 301 TTTATCACAT CTGATATAAC TGCTGATCTA GAGAATATAT TTGATTGGAA
 351 TGTTAAGCAG TTGTTTCTTT ATTTATCAGC AGAATATTCA ACAAAAAATA

- 401 ATGCTCTGAA CCAAGTTGTC CTATGGGACA AGATTGTTT GAGAGGTGAT 451 AATCCGAAGC TGCTGCTGAA AGATATGAAA ACAAAATATT TTTTCTTTGA
- 501 CGATGGAAAT GGTCTCAAGG GAAACAGGAA TGTCACTTTG ACCCTGTCTT
- 551 GGAACGTCGT ACCAAATGCT GGAATTCTAC CTCTTGTGAC AGGATCAGGA
- 601 CACGTATCTG TCCCATTTCC AGATACATAT GAAATAACGA AGAGTTATTA
- 651 AATTATTCTG AATTTGAAAC AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

89034208:

cDNA-derived primary structure of the glycoprotein component of canine microsomal

signal peptidase complex.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 109 bp to 648 bp; peptide length: 180 Category: strong similarity to known protein Prosite motifs: TONB_DEPENDENT_REC_1 (1-58)

RGD (148-151)

- 1 MNTVLSRANS LFAFSLSVMA ALTFGCFITT AFKDRSVPVR LHVSRIMLKN
- 51 VEDFTGPRER SDLGFITSDI TADLENIFDW NVKQLFLYLS AEYSTKNNAL 101 NQVVLWDKIV LRGDNPKLLL KDMKTKYFFF DDGNGLKGNR NVTLTLSWNV 151 VPNAGILPLV TGSGHVSVPF PDTYEITKSY

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_64j18, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64j18, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64j18.1

```
[LENGTH]
              180
              20253.39
[MW]
[pI]
              8.66
[HOMOL]
              PIR:A31788 signal peptidase (EC 3.4.99.-) (SPC 22/23) - dog le-100
[FUNCAT]
              30.07 organization of endoplasmatic reticulum
                                                                [S. cerevisiae, YLR066w]
6e-15
              06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YLR066w] 6e-15
[FUNCAT]
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing)
              transmembrane protein 2e-92 glycoprotein 2e-92
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
              hydrolase 2e-92
[PROSITE]
              RGD
                     1
              MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
              PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN
TONB_DEPENDENT_REC_1
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
(PROSITE)
(PROSITE)
              Alpha_Beta
SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 32
(KW)
(KW)
       {\tt MNTVLSRANSLFAFSLSVMAALTFGCFITTAFKDRSVPVRLHVSRIMLKNVEDFTGPRER}
SEQ.
PRD
       SDLGFITSDITADLENIFDWNVKQLFLYLSAEYSTKNNALNQVVLWDKIVLRGDNPKLLL
SEO
       PRD
SEO
       KDMKTKYFFFDDGNGLKGNRNVTLTLSWNVVPNAGILPLVTGSGHVSVPFPDTYEITKSY
PRD
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_64j18.1

PS00001	141->145	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	94->97	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00008	25->31	MYRĪSTYL —	PD0C00008
PS00008	135->141	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00013	16->27	PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN	PD0C00013
PS00016	112->115	RGD	PD0C00016
PS00430	1->22	TONB DEPENDENT REC 1	PD0C00354

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64j18.1)

DKF2phfbr2_64k24

group: transmembrane proteins

DKFZphfbr2_64k24 encodes a novel 412 amino acid protein with weak similarity to several known proteins.

The novel protein contains 5 transmembrane regions. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

similarity to AMAC1 "testicular condensing enzyme"; membrane regions: 5
Summary DKF2phfbr2_64k24 encodes a novel 412 amino acid protein, with similarity to AMAC1"; product: "testicular condensing enzyme

similarity to AMAC1 "testicular condensing enzyme"

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1958 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1939, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1918

1 GGGCCCGCCT CGATTTTCCC AGGCGAGGGC ACGCCCGCGT CAGTCGCCTC 51 CGGGGCACCT TCCTCGCCAC GACACGCAGG TAACCGGGCC CCGGGAGCCG
101 GTCGGCGGCG GCGGACTGGG ACCTTGATCC TGCCTGCCCG GCCGCCCGAC 151 AAGGGAATGA GAGCGGACCC CGAACTCCAC ACACCCGCGT TTAGCCGCCA 201 CACCTAAGGG GCAGAACAGT CTTTTTGGGT AAGGGCCGGG CTGGGGGCGA 251 CGCGCCCGC CCGCTTTGCA GACTTCGGGG TGCTCTGCAC GACGCCTGAA
301 AGGCCGCGGG GCCCGCATTT CTCTGTGCTG CCCTCCTGGA GAACCGGGAC 351 ACGGGGACGG GAGGGCCAGC ATCGGCTACG GCCCGGTTTC CCGTTTCTTT
401 CCTCTGTCGC GTCTGGGCCC TCCTGCAGCG TCCATGATGA AGGCCAGGGG 451 CTGTTGCTTT CCTCTCGCCC AGTAGCCAAC CCAAGCAAGG GAATTAATTA 501 TCTGAAGAAA TGGATACTTC TCCCTCCAGA AAATATCCAG TTAAAAAACG 551 GGTGAAAATA CATCCCAACA CAGTGATGGT GAAATATACT TCTCATTATC 601 CCCAGCCTGG CGATGATGGA TATGAAGAAA TCAATGAAGG CTATGGGAAT 651 TTTATGGAGG AAAATCCAAA GAAAGGTCTG CTGAGTGAAA TGAAAAAAAA 701 AGGGAGAGCT TTCTTTGGAA CCATGGATAC CCTACCTCCA CCAACAGAAG 751 ACCCAATGAT CAATGAGATT GGACAATTCC AGAGCTTTGC AGAAAAAAAC 801 ATTTTCAAT CCCGAAAAAT GTGGATAGTG CTGTTTGGAT CTGCTTTGGC 851 TCATGGATGT GTAGCTCTTA TCACTAGGCT TGTTTCTGAT CGGTCTAAAG 901 TTCCATCTCT AGAACTGATT TTTATCCGTT CTGTTTTCA GGTCTTATCT 951 GTGTTAGTTG TGTGTTACTA TCAGGAGGCC CCCTTTGGAC CCAGTGGATA 1001 CAGATTACGA CTCTTCTTTT ATGGTGTATG CAATGTCATT TCTATCACTT
1051 GTGCTTATAC ATCATTTTCA ATAGTTCCTC CCAGCAATGG GACCACTATG 1101 TGGAGAGCCA CAACTACAGT CTTCAGTGCC ATTTTGGCTT TTTTACTCGT
1151 AGATGAGAAA ATGGCTTATG TTGACATGGC TACAGTTGTT TGCAGCATCT
1201 TAGGTGTTTG TCTTGTCATG ATCCCAAACA TTGTTGATGA AGACAATTCT 1251 TTGTTAAATG CCTGGAAAGA AGCCTTTGGG TACACCATGA CTGTGATGGC 1301 TGGACTGACC ACTGCTCTCT CAATGATAGT ATACAGATCC ATCAAGGAGA 1351 AGATCAGCAT GTGGACTGCG CTGTTTACTT TTGGTTGGAC TGGGACAATT 1401 TGGGGAATAT CTACTATGTT TATTCTTCAA GAACCCATCA TCCCATTAGA 1451 TGGAGAAACC TGGAGTTATC TCATTGCTAT ATGTGTCTGT TCTACTGCAG 1501 CATTCTTAGG AGTTTATTAT GCCTTGGACA AATTCCATCC AGCTTTGGTT 1551 AGCACAGTAC AACATTTGGA GATTGTGGTA GCTATGGTCT TGCAGCTTCT 1601 CGTGCTGCAC ATATTTCCTA GCATCTATGA TGTTTTTGGA GGGGTAATCA 1651 TTATGATTAG TGTTTTTGTC CTTGCTGGCT ATAAACTTTA CTGGAGGAAT 1701 TTAAGAAGGC AGGACTACCA GGAAATACTA GACTCTCCCA TTAAATGAAT 1751 ACCTGATTAT TATTGTCTCA TTAATGTTCA GTTATTAATA TGTATACTGC 1801 CATTTTAATG TTTACCTATG AATGTCTTTT GTGTTATATA ACTGACAGAG 1851 TGCTATAAAA TATATAATAT ATACAAATGC AGAAAATTTA TTCTAGTCTA 1901 ATATATTCAA ATACAAATAT TAAATATATG AAATACGTTA AAAAAAAAA 1951 AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 510 bp to 1745 bp; peptide length: 412 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MDTSPSRKYP VKKRVKIHPN TVMVKYTSHY PQPGDDGYEE INEGYGNFME
51 ENPKKGLLSE MKKKGRAFFG TMDTLPPPTE DPMINEIGGF QSFAEKNIFQ
101 SRKMWIVLFG SALAHGCVAL ITRLVSDRSK VPSLELIFIR SVFQVLSVLV
151 VCYYQEAPFG PSGYRLRFF YGVCNVISIT CAYTSFSIVP PSNGTTMWRA
201 TTTVFSAILA FLLVDEKMAY VDMATVVCSI LGVCLVMIPN IVDEDNSLLN
251 AWKEAFGYTM TVMAGLTTAL SMIVYRSIKE KISMWTALFT FGWTGTIWGT
301 STMFILQEPI IPLOGETWSY LIAICVCSTA AFLGVYYALD KFHPALVSTV
351 QHLEIVVAMV LQLLVLHIFP SIYDVFGGVI IMISVFVLAG YKLYWRNLRR
401 QDYQEILDSP IK
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_64k24, frame 3

TREMBLNEW:AF016712_1 gene: "AMAC1"; product: "testicular condensing enzyme"; Mus musculus testicular condensing enzyme (AMAC1) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 191, P = 1.9e-12

TREMBL:BMAJ733_6 product: "hypothetical protein"; Bacillus megaterium bgaM gene, N = 1, Score = 137, P = 1.6e-06

PIR:G71841 hypothetical protein jhp1155 - Helicobacter pylori (strain J99), N = 1, Score = 129, P = 1.3e-05

>TREMBLNEW:AF016712_1 gene: "AMAC1"; product: "testicular condensing enzyme"; Mus musculus testicular condensing enzyme (AMAC1) mRNA, complete cds.

Length = 362

HSPs:

Score = 191 (28.7 bits), Expect = 1.9e-12, P = 1.9e-12Identities = 39/105 (37%), Positives = 66/105 (62%)

Query: 289 FTFGWTGTIWGISTMFILQEPIIPLDGETWSYLIAICVCSTAAFLGVYYALDKFHPALVS 348 F FG G + + +F+LQ P++P D +WS ++A+ + + +F+ V YA+ K HPALV Sbjct: 248 FLFGLVGLMVSVPGLFVLQTPVLPQDTLSWSCVVAVGLLALVSFVCVSYAVTKAHPALVC 307

Query: 349 TVQHLEIVVAMVLQLLVLH--IFPSIYDVFGGVIIMISVFVLAGYKL 393
V H E+VVA++LQ VL+ + PS D+ G +++ S+ ++ L
Sbjct: 308 AVLHSEVVVALMLQYYVLYETVAPS--DIMGAGVVLGSIAIITAQNL 352

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_64k24, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_64k24.3

```
[LENGTH]
                 412
(MW)
                 46449.87
                 6.99
[Iq]
                TREMBL:AF016712_1 gene: "AMAC1"; product: "testicular condensing enzyme"; Mus
[HOMOL]
musculus testicular condensing enzyme (AMAC1) mRNA, complete cds. 8e-14
[PROSITE]
                MYRISTYL
                CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSTTE]
                                          3
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                                          1
[KW]
                 TRANSMEMBRANE 5
```

SEQ MDTSPSRKYPVKKRVKIHPNTVMVKYTSHYPQPGDDGYEEINEGYGNFMEENPKKGLLSE

PRD	cccccccccceeeeecccccccccccceeeeeccccccc
MEM	
SEQ	MKKKGRAFFGTMDTLPPPTEDPMINEIGQFQSFAEKNIFQSRKMWIVLFGSALAHGCVAL
PRD	hhhhcceeeccccccccceeeeccchhhhhhhhcceeeeee
MEM	
SEQ	ITRLVSDRSKVPSLELIFIRSVFQVLSVLVVCYYQEAPFGPSGYRLRLFFYGVCNVISIT
PRD	chhhhccccccchhhhhhhhhhheeeeeecccccccceeeeee
MEM	MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
SEQ	CAYTSFSIVPPSNGTTMWRATTTVFSAILAFLLVDEKMAYVDMATVVCSILGVCLVMIPN
PRD	eccceeecccccceeeeehhhhhhhhhhhhhhhheeeeee
MEM	
SEQ	IVDEDNSLLNAWKEAFGYTMTVMAGLTTALSMIVYRSIKEKISMWTALFTFGWTGTIWGI
PRD	ccccchhhhhhhhhhheeeeeehhhhhhhcchhhhhhhh
MEM	MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
SEQ	STMFILQEPIIPLDGETWSYLIAICVCSTAAFLGVYYALDKFHPALVSTVQHLEIVVAMV
PRD	ceeeeeccccccceeeeeccchhhhhhhhccccccccchhhhhh
MEM	MMMMMMMMMMM MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
SEO	LQLLVLHIFPSIYDVFGGVIIMISVFVLAGYKLYWRNLRRQDYQEILDSPIK
PRD	hhhhhhhhcccccceeeeeeeeeccccchhhhhhhhhhh
MEM	MYMMMM MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_64k24.3

PS00001	193->197	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	6->9	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	101->104	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	126->129	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	277->280	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00006	92->96	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	277->281	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	371->375	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	70->76	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	88->94	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	110->116	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	265->271	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	295->301	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	334->340	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_64k24.3)

DKFZphfbr2 6a17

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_6al7 encodes a novel 100 amino acid protein with very weak similarity to human finger protein zfOC1.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1424 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 1405, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1389

1 GGGACTGAGG GGGTGGGCTT ACTCCCTGGG CAGTCTTGGG GGCCAGAGCT 51 GAGGCCAGTC CATATTACAG TGGCTGGGCT GTTTTTTTCA GTAGCCCCTA 101 GCATTGGCTG GGATTCCTGT TCCTGGGTGC GCCTCCACCT CCCTTCTGAT 151 GCTTCCTGGC TATGGTGGGG TGGGAACCTC AGTTTCCCCC AAAGTCTTCC 201 CTGGATGCTG GCTTCAGGTT GAAGACCCTG GTTCTTCCAG TTCCTCACGG 251 GTTAGGTAGG GGCTCCTGCA TCACCTTCAG AATCAGTTCC AACCCCCACT 301 CTCCTTAGGC TTTGTGCTCT GCTCTGCCCT GCCAGGCTGC CCTTGTCCAT 351 GTGAGTAGCA TGGGCGGGTG GTGGGGACGG CAGTGGTGAT GAAGGGGGTG 401 CACCACAGGC CTCATGAAGC AGTTCCCACA TGGGCGTGTG GCTGGGGCGT 451 GGCCACCACA GAGCACATGG CTGTGTCTAG GCGCAAGCAC TTTAGCAGTA
501 TCTGTTTACA TGCGCAAGGA TCAAGCCGAC TACCTGTGCT GTCTACTGGG
551 ACAGCAGTCT CCGAGCTACT CCGTACCTCC CTCTGCCAGG TCGTGGAGTT 601 AGGCCCCAGT CCCTACTTGT CACTGGTTCC CACTGTGCTC CTAACTGTGC 651 AGCACCTGGG AGCTCTGGCC TGGGGCTGGA GGCCCTGGTA GGAGCTGCAG 701 TTGGAGGCCG TTCTGTGCCC AGCAGCGGTG AGCGGCTCCC ATGGGCCCTG 751 TGTCTGCAGG GAGCCAGGGC TGCGGCACAT GTGCTGTGAA ACTGGCACCC 801 ACCTGGCGTG CTGCTGCCGC CACTTGCTTC CTGCAGCACC TCCTACCCTG 851 CTCCGTGTCC TCCCTCTCCC CGCGCCTGGC TCAGGAGTGC TGGAAAAGCT 901 CACGCCTCGG CCTGGGAGCC TGGCCTCTTG ATATACCTCG AGCTTCCCCT 951 GTGCTCCCCA GCCCCAGGAC CACTGGCCCC TTGGCCTGAG GGGCTGGGGG 1001 CCCCACGACC TGCAGCGTCG AGTCCGGGAG AGAGCCCGGA GCGGCGTGCC 1051 ATCTCGGCTC GGCCTTGCTG AGAGCCTCCG CCCTGGCTTT CTCCCTGTCT 1101 GGTTTCAGTG GCTCACGTTG GTGCTACACA GCTAGAATAG ATATATTTAG
1151 AGAGAGAGAT ATTTTTAAGA CAAAGCCCAC AATTAGCTGT CCTTTAACAC 1201 CGCAGAACCC CCTCCCAGAA GAACAGCGAT CCCTCGGACG GTCCGGGCGG
1251 GCACCCTCAG CCGGGCTCTT TGCAGAAGCA GCACCGCTGA CTGTGGGCCC 1301 GGCCCTCAGA TOTGTACATA TACGGCTATT TCCTATTTTA CTGTTCTTCA 1351 GATTTAGTAC TTGTACATAA ACACACACAT TAAGGAGAGA TTAAACATTT 1401 TTGCCAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 389 bp to 688 bp; peptide length: 100 Category: putative protein

1 MKGVHHRPHE AVPTWACGWG VATTEHMAVS RRKHFSSICL HAQGSSRLPV 51 LSTGTAVSEL LRTSLCQVVE LGPSPYLSLV PTVLLTVQHL GALAWGWRPW

BLASTP hits

```
Entry S70007 from database PIR:
finger protein zfOC1 - human (fragment)
Length = 183
Score = 62 (21.8 bits), Expect = 0.24, Sum P(2) = 0.22
Identities = 18/47 (38%), Positives = 24/47 (51%)
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_6a17, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_6a17, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_6a17.2

[LENGTH]	100	
[MW]	10944.82	
[pI]	9.49	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 2	
[PROSITE]	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	2
[KW]	Alpha Beta	

SEQ	MKGVHHRPHEAVPTWACGWGVATTEHMAVSRRKHFSSICLHAQGSSRLPVLSTGTAVSEL
PRD	cccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhccccceeeccccceeccchhhhh

SEQ	LRTSLCQVVELGPSPYLSLVPTVLLTVQHLGALAWGWRPW
PRD	hhhhheeeeccccceeecchhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccc

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_6a17.2

PS00005	30->33	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	45->48	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00008	20->26	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	54->60	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKF2phfbr2_6a17.2)

DKFZphfbr2_6b24

group: metabolism

DKF2phfkd2 6b24 encodes a novel 334 amino acid protein with similarity to several bacterial dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductases (EC 1.1.1.133).

The novel protein seems to be a human enzyme similar to dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductases. EC 1.1.1.133 catalises the reaction: dTDP-6-deoxy-L-mannose + NADP(+) <=> dTDP-4-dehydro-6-deoxy-L-mannose + NADPH.

The new protein can find application in modulation of rhamnose metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

similar to dTDP-6-deoxy-L-mannose-dehydrogenases

complete cDNA, EST hits, complete cds Nucleotide sugars metabolism seems to be a dehydrogenase localisation: region of primer A missing

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="5"

Insert length: 2054 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2028, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2015

1 GGGGGAGGCC CGCGTCGATC CTGGGTTGGA GGAGGTGGCG GCCGCTGAGG 51 CTGCGGCCTG AAGACGGCGG GCATGGTGGG GCGGGAGAA GAGCTCTCTA
101 TACACTTTGT TCCCGGGAGC TGTCGGCTGG TGGAGGAGGA AGTTAACATC 151 CCTAATAGGA GGGTTCTGGT TACTGGTGCC ACTGGGCTTC TTGGCAGAGC 201 TGTACACAAA GAATTTCAGC AGAATAATTG GCATGCAGTT GGCTGTGGTT 251 TCAGAAGAGC AAGACCAAAA TTTGAACAGG TTAATCTGTT GGATTCTAAT 301 GCAGTTCATC ACATCATTCA TGATTTTCAG CCCCATGTTA TAGTACATTG 351 TGCAGCAGAG AGAAGACCAG ATGTTGTAGA AAATCAGCCA GATGCTGCCT 401 CTCAACTTAA TGTGGATGCT TCTGGGAATT TAGCAAAGGA AGCAGCTGCT 451 GTTGGAGCAT TTCTCATCTA CATTAGCTCA GATTATGTAT TTGATGGAAC 501 AAATCCACCT TACAGAGAG AAGACATACC AGCTCCCCTA AATTTGTATG 551 GCAAAACAAA ATTAGATGGA GAAAAGGCTG TCCTGGAGAA CAATCTAGGA 601 GCTGCTGTTT TGAGGATTCC TATTCTGTAT GGGGAAGTTG AAAAGCTCGA 651 AGAAAGTGCA GTGACTGTTA TGTTTGATAA AGTGCAGTTC AGCAACAAGT 701 CAGCAAACAT GGATCACTGG CAGCAGAGGT TCCCCACACA TGTCAAAGAT 751 GTGGCCACTG TGTGCCGGCA GCTAGCAGAG AAGAGAATGC TGGATCCATC 801 AATTAAGGGA ACCTTTCACT GGTCTGGCAA TGAACAGATG ACTAAGTATG 851 AAATGGCATG TGCAATTGCA GATGCCTTCA ACCTCCCCAG CAGTCACTTA 901 AGACCTATTA CTGACAGCCC TGTCCTAGGA GCACAACGTC CGAGAAATGC 951 TCAGCTTGAC TGCTCCAAAT TGGAGACCTT GGGCATTGGC CAACGAACAC 1001 CATTTCGAAT TGGAATCAAA GAATCACTTT GGCCTTTCCT CATTGACAAG 1051 AGATGGAGAC AAACGGTCTT TCATTAGTTT ATTTGTGTTG GGTTCTTTTT 1101 TTTTTTAAAT GAAAAGTATA GTATGTGGCC CTTTTTAAAG AACAAAGGAA 1151 ATAGTTTTGT ATGAGTACTT TAATTGTGAC TCTTAGGATC TTTCAGGTAA 1201 ATGATGCTCT TGCACTAGTG AAATTGTCTA AAGAAACTAA AGGGCAGTCA 1251 TGCCCTGTTT GCAGTAATTT TTCTTTTTAT CATTATGTTT GCTCCTGGCTA
1301 AACTTGGAGT TTGAGTATAG TAAATTATGA TCCTTAAATA TTTGAGGGTC
1351 AGGATGAAGC AGATCTGCTG TAGACTTTC AGATGAAATT GTTCATTCTC
1401 GTAACCTCCA TATTTTCAGG ATTTTTGAAG CTGTTGACCA TTTCATGTTG 1451 ATTATTTTAA ATTGTGTGGA ATAGTATAAA AATCATTGGT GTTCATTATT 1501 TGCTTTGCCT GAGCTCAGAT CAAAATGTTT GAAGAAAGGA ACTTTATTTT 1551 TGCAAGTTAC GTACAGTTTT TATGCTTGAG ATATTTCAAC ATGTTATGTA 1601 TATTGGAACT TCTACAGCTT GATGCCTCCT GCTTTTATAG CAGTTTATGG 1701 TGAATGCAAA CGTGTATTTT TTTAATATAA ATATATAACT GTCCTTTTCA 1751 TCCCATGTTG CCGCTAAGTG ATATTTCATA TGTGTGGTTA TACTCATAAT 1801 AATGGGCCTT GTAAGTCTTT TCACCATTCA TGAATAATAA TAAATATGTA 1851 CTGCTGGCAT GTAATGCTTA GTTTTCTTGT ATTTACTTCT TTTTTTTAAA 1901 TGTAAGGACC AAACTTCTAA ACTAATTGTT CTTTTGTTGC TTTAATTTTT 1951 AAAAATTACA TTCTTCTGAT GTAACATGTG ATACATACAA AAGAATATAG 2051 AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry G37115 from database EMBL: SHGC-56899 Human Homo sapiens STS genomic. Score = 446, P = 4.6e-14, identities = 90/91

Medline entries

The metabolism of 6-deoxynexoses in bacterial and animal

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 73 bp to 1074 bp; peptide length: 334 Category: similarity to known protein

- 1 MVGREKELSI HFVPGSCRLV EEEVNIPNRR VLVTGATGLL GRAVHKEFQQ
- 51 NNWHAVGCGF RRARPKFEQV NLLDSNAVHH IIHDFQPHVI VHCAAERRPD
- 101 VVENQPDAAS QLNVDASGNL AKEAAAVGAF LIYISSDYVF DGTNPPYREE
- 151 DIPAPLNLYG KTKLDGEKAV LENNLGAAVL RIPILYGEVE KLEESAVTVM
- 201 FDKVQFSNKS ANMDHWQQRF PTHVKDVATV CRQLAEKRML DPSIKGTFHW
- 251 SGNEQMTKYE MACAIADAFN LPSSHLRPIT DSPVLGAQRP RNAQLDCSKL
- 301 ETLGIGQRTP FRIGIKESLW PFLIDKRWRQ TVFH

BLASTP bits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_6b24, frame 1

PIR:T00104 probable dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase (EC 1.1.1.133) -Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans, N = 1, Score = 293, P = 6.4e-26

TREMBL: SSU51197 21 gene: "rhsD"; product: "dTDP-6-deoxy-L-mannose-dehydrogenase"; Sphingomonas S88 sphingan polysaccharide synthesis (spsG), (spsS), (spsR), glycosyl transferase (spsQ), (spsI), glycosyl transferase (spsK), glycosyl transferase (spsL), (spsJ), (spsF), (spsD), (spsC), (spsE), Urf 32, Urf 26, ATP-binding cassette trans>., N = 1, Score = 291, P = 1e-25

SWISSPROT: RFBD RHISN PROBABLE DTDP-4-DEHYDRORHAMNOSE REDUCTASE (EC 1.1.1.133) (DTDP-4-KETO- L-RHAMNOSE REDUCTASE) (DTDP-6-DEOXY-L-MANNOSE DEHYDROGENASE) (DTDP-L- RHAMNOSE SYNTHETASE)., N = 1, Score = 283, P = 7.4e-25

>PIR:T00104 probable dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase (EC 1.1.1.133) -Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans Length = 294

HSPs:

Score = 293 (44.0 bits), Expect = 6.4e-26, P = 6.4e-26 Identities = 89/276 (32%), Positives = 151/276 (54%)

- 30 RVLVTGATGLLGRAVHKEFQQNNWHAVGCGFRRARPKFEQVNLLDSNAVHHIIHDFQPHV 89 Ouerv:
- R+L+TGA G LGR++ K N + V F ++++ + V II F+P+V
 RLLITGAGGQLGRSLAKLLVDNGRYEV-----LALDFSELDITNKDMVFSIIDSFKPNV 56 Sbjct:
- 90 IVHCAAERRPDVVENQPDAASQLNVDASGNLAKEAAAVGAFLIYISSDYVFDG-TNPPYR 148 Query:
- D E + +A +NV LA+ A + ++++S+DYVFDG + Y+ 57 IINAAAYTSVDQAELEVSSAYSVNVRGVQYLAEAAIRHNSAILHVSTDYVFDGYKSGKYK 116 Sbjct:
- Query: 149 EEDIPAPLNLYGKTKLDGEKAVLENNLGAAVLRIPILYGEVEKLEESAVTVMFDKVQFSN 208
- + V M ++ E DI PL +YGK+K +GE+ +L + + +LR +GE + V M ++ +
 117 ETDIIHPLCVYGKSKAEGERLLLTLSPKSIILRTSWTFGEYGN---NFVKTML-RLAKNR 172 Sbjct:
- 209 KSANMDHWQQRFPTHVKDVATVCRQLAEKRMLDPSIK-GTFHWSGNEQMTKYEMACAIAD 267 Ouerv:
- + Q PT+ D+A+V Q+AEK ++ ++K G +H++G ++ Y+ A AI D
 173 DILGVVADQIGGPTYSGDIASVLIQIAEKIIVGETVKYGIYHFTGEPCVSWYDFAIAIFD 232 Sbjct:
- Query: 268 AF-----NLPSSHLRPITDSPVLGAQRPRNAQLDCSKLE-TLGI 305 N+P + D P L A+RP N+ LD +K++
- 233 EAVAQKVLENVPLVNAITTADYPTL-AKRPANSCLDLTKIQQAFGI 277 Sbict:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_6b24, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_6b24.1

```
334
37551.98
[LENGTH]
[WM]
            6.90
[pI]
[HOMOL] PIR:T00104 probable dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase (EC 1.1.1.133) - Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans 6e-25
[FUNCAT]
            01.06.01 lipid, fatty-acid and sterol biosynthesis [S. cerevisiae, YGL001c]
6e-04
(EC)
            1.1.1.133 dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase 2e-16
[PIRKW]
            lipopolysaccharide biosynthesis 2e-16
[PIRKW]
            NADP 2e-16
(PIRKW)
            oxidoreductase 2e-16
(PIRKW)
            streptomycin biosynthesis 1e-19
(SUPFAM)
            dTDP-dihydrostreptose synthase 1e-20
[PROSITE]
            MYRISTYL
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                              3
[PROSITE]
            ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                              1
[KW]
            Alpha_Beta
SEO
     MVGREKELSIHFVPGSCRLVEEEVNIPNRRVLVTGATGLLGRAVHKEFQQNNWHAVGCGF
      PRD
SEQ
      RRARPKFEQVNLLDSNAVHHIIHDFQPHVIVHCAAERRPDVVENQPDAASQLNVDASGNL
      PRD
SEQ
      AKEAAAVGAFLIYISSDYVFDGTNPPYREEDIPAPLNLYGKTKLDGEKAVLENNLGAAVL
      PRD
      {\tt RIPILYGEVEKLEESAVTVMFDKVQFSNKSANMDHWQQRFPTHVKDVATVCRQLAEKRML}
SEO
      PRD
      DPSIKGTFHWSGNEQMTKYEMACAIADAFNLPSSHLRPITDSPVLGAQRPRNAQLDCSKL
SEQ
PRD
      SEQ
      ETLGIGORTPFRIGIKESLWPFLIDKRWRQTVFH
      hhhhcccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccc
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_6b24.1

PS00001	208->212	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	16->19	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	207->210	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	243->246	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	162->166	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	251->255	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	257->261	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	298->302	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	314->320	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_6b24.1)

DKFZphfbr2_6i20

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_6i20 encodes a novel 296 amino acid protein with similarity to ribosomal protein L15 precursor of S. cerevisiae mitochondria.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to ribosomal protein L15 precursor, mitochondrial

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential miochondrial L15 ribosomal protein

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="377.5 cR from top of Chr8 linkage group"

Insert length: 1122 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1099, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1071

1 GGGGGCCCTT GAAAGTTCTT GGATCTGCGG GTTATGGCCG GTCCCTTGCA 51 GGGCGGTGGG GCCCGGGCCC TGGACCTACT CCGGGGCCTG CCGCGTGTGA 101 GCCTGGCCAA CTTAAAGCCG AATCCCGGCT CCAAGAAACC GGAGAGAAGA 151 CCAAGAGGTC GGAGAAGAGG TAGAAAATGT GGCAGAGGCC ATAAAGGAGA 201 AAGGCAAAGA GGAACCCGGC CCCGCTTGGG CTTTGAGGGA GGCCAGACTC 251 CATTTTACAT CCGAATCCCA AAATACGGGT TTAACGAAGG ACATAGTTTC 301 AGACGCCAGT ATAAGCCTAT GAGTCTCAAT AGACTGCAGT ATCTTATTGA 351 TTTGGGTCGT GTTGATCCTA GTCAACCTAT TGACTTAACC CAGCTTGTCA 401 ATGGGAGAGG TGTGACCATC CAGCCACTTA AAAGGGATTA TGATGTCCAG
451 CTGGTTGAGG AGGGTGCTGA CACCTTTACG GCAAAAGTTA ATATTGAAGT
501 ACAGTTGGCT TCAGAACTAG CTATTGCTGC CATTGAAAAA AATGGTGGTG
551 TTGTTACTAC AGCCTTCTAT GATCCAAGAA GTCTGGACAT TGTATGCAAA 601 CCTGTTCCAT TCTTTCTTCG TGGACAACCC ATTCCAAAAA GAATGCTTCC
651 ACCAGAAGAA CTGGTACCAT ATTACACTGA TGCAAAGAAC CGTGGGTACC 701 TGGCGGATCC TGCCAAATTT CCTGAAGCAC GACTTGAACT CGCCAGGAAG 751 TATGGTTATA TCTTACCTGA TATCACTAAA GATGAACTCT TCAAAATGCT 801 CTGTACTAGG AAGGATCCAA GGCAGATTTT CTTTGGTCTT GCTCCAGGAT 851 GGGTGGTGAA TATGGCCGAT AAGAAAATCC TAAAACCTAC AGATGAAAAT 901 CTCCTTAAGT ATTATACCTC ATGAATTCCC GTCCAAGGAA GCAGAGTTGT 951 TAAAGAGTAC TGGAATAGGG GCTGAAGGAT CTATATTCCC TTATTGCATT 1001 TTCCTTATGT ATAATTTTCC AGATGGTGAT GTTACTTTTC AGTGTACTCA 1051 TATGTCTCAT TTTCATCTAA AATTAAATGG CAGGAAACAA GGACTGCATA 1101 GAGAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AA

BLAST Results

Entry HS500354 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-12392.
Length = 426
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1791 (268.7 bits), Expect = 1.1e-74, P = 1.1e-74
Identities = 375/384 (97%)

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 34 bp to 921 bp; peptide length: 296 Category: strong similarity to known protein

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1 MAGPLQGGGA RALDLLRGLP RVSLANLKPN PGSKKPERRP RGRRRGRKCG

```
51 RGHKGERQRG TRPRLGFEGG QTPFYIRIPK YGFNEGHSFR RQYKPMSLNR
  101 LQYLIDLGRV DPSQPIDLTQ LVNGRGVTIQ PLKRDYDVQL VEEGADTFTA
151 KVNIEVQLAS ELAIAAIEKN GGVVTTAFYD PRSLDIVCKP VPFFLRGQPI
201 PKRMLPPEEL VPYYTDAKNR GYLADPAKFP EARLELARKY GYILPDITKD
  251 ELFKMLCTRK DPRQIFFGLA PGWVVNMADK KILKPTDENL LKYYTS
                             BLASTP hits
Entry S63258 from database PIR:
ribosomal protein L15 precursor, mitochondrial - yeast (Saccharomyces
cerevisiae)
Length = 322
Score = 259 (91.2 bits), Expect = 2.0e-22, P = 2.0e-22
Identities = 71/200 (35%), Positives = 106/200 (53%)
Entry H70161 from database PIR:
ribosomal protein L15 (rplO) - Lyme disease spirochete
Length = 145
Score = 173 (60.9 bits), Expect = 4.8e-13, P = 4.8e-13
Identities = 45/140 (32%), Positives = 73/140 (52%)
            Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_6i20, frame 1
No Alert BLASTP hits found
           Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_6i20, frame 1
                     Report for DKFZphfbr2_6i20.1
[LENGTH]
              296
              33495.98
[MW]
              9.98
[pI]
              TREMBL: AF067212 1 gene: "F37F2.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F37F2. 1e-38
[HOMOL]
[FUNCAT]
              05.01 ribosomal proteins
                                           [S. cerevisiae, YNL284c] 7e-15
              30.16 mitochondrial organization
                                                 [S. cerevisiae, YNL284c] 7e-15
[FUNCAT]
              j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis
                                                         [M. genitalium, MG169] 1e-06
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
              BL00475D
[BLOCKS]
              BL00475B Ribosomal protein L15 proteins
[PIRKW]
              ribosome 2e-13
[PIRKW]
              mitochondrion 2e-13
[PIRKW]
              protein biosynthesis 2e-13
[SUPFAM]
              Escherichia coli ribosomal protein L15 4e-06
[PROSITE]
              MYRISTYL
              AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[ PROSITE!
[PROSITE]
              Alpha Beta
[KW]
              LOW COMPLEXITY
[KW]
SEQ
       MAGPLQGGGARALDLLRGLPRVSLANLKPNPGSKKPERRPRGRRRGRKCGRGHKGERQRG
SEG
       PRD
       SEO
       TRPRLGFEGGOTPFYIRIPKYGFNEGHSFRROYKPMSLNRLOYLIDLGRVDPSOPIDLTO
SEG
PRD
       LVNGRGVTIQPLKRDYDVQLVEEGADTFTAKVNIEVQLASELAIAAIEKNGGVVTTAFYD
SEO
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       PRSLDIVCKPVPFFLRGQPIPKRMLPPEELVPYYTDAKNRGYLADPAKFPEARLELARKY
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       GYILPDITKDELFKMLCTRKDPRQIFFGLAPGWVVNMADKKILKPTDENLLKYYTS
SEG
       cccccchhhhhhhhccccceeeeecccceeeccchhhhhcccc
PRD
                    Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_6i20.1
                    PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                           PDOC00005
PS00005
             33->36
                                           PDOC00005
             88->91
```

PS00005

PS00005	149->152	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	258->261	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	248->252	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	258~>262	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00008	8->14	MYRĪSTYL —	PD0C00008
PS00008	171->177	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	268->274	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00009	41->45	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00009	45->49	AMIDATION	PD0C00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_6i20.1)

DKFZphfbr2_6o17

group: nucleic acid management

DKFZphfbr2_6o17 encodes a novel 455 amino acid protein with strong similarity to DEAD-box ATP-dependent $\overline{\text{RNA}}$ helicases YHR065c and T26G10.1.

The S. cerevisiae protein YHR065c is required for maturation of the 35S RNA primary transcript.

The new protein can find application in modulating rRNA maturation.

strong similar to RNA helicases

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits probable start at Bp 27 matchs kozak consensus ANNatgG involved in maturation of r-RNA ?? YHR065c/Rrp3p is involved in maturation of the 35S primary transcript Drslp cold-sensitive mutation has slow 27S to 25S pre-rRNA conversion and is deficient in 60S ribosomal subunits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1840 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1815, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1793

1 GGGGACTTCC GGAGACCTCA CACAAGATGG CGGCACCCGA GGAACACGAT 51 TCTCCGACCG AAGCGTCCCA GCCGATTGTG GAAGAGGAGG AAACTAAAAC 101 ATTTAAAGAC CTGGGTGTGA CAGATGTGTT GTGTGAAGCT TGTGACCAGT 151 TGGGATGGAC AAAACCCACC AAGATTCAGA TTGAAGCTAT TCCTTTGGCC 201 TTACAAGGTC GTGATATCAT TGGGCTTGCA GAAACTGGCT CTGGAAAGAC 251 AGGCGCCTTT GCTTTGCCCA TTCTAAACGC ACTGCTGGAG ACCCCGCAGC 301 GTTTGTTTGC CCTAGTTCTT ACCCCGACTC GGGAGCTGGC CTTTCAGATC 351 TCAGAGCAGT TTGAAGCCCT GGGGTCCTCT ATTGGAGTGC AGAGTGCTGT 401 GATTGTAGGT GGAATTGATT CAATGTCTCA ATCTTTGGCC CTTGCAAAAA 451 AACCACATAT AATAATAGCA ACTCCTGGTC GACTGATTGA CCACTTGGAA 501 AATACGAAAG GTTTCAACTT GAGAGCTCTC AAATACTTGG TCATGGATGA 551 AGCCGACCGA ATACTGAATA TGGATTTTGA GACAGAGGTT GACAAGATCC 601 TCAAAGTGAT TCCTCGAGAT CGGAAAACAT TCCTCTTCTC TGCCACCATG 651 ACCAAGAAGG TTCAAAAACT TCAGCCAGCA GCTCTGAAGA ATCCTGTGAA
701 ATGTGCCGTT TCCTCTAAAT ACCAGACAGT TGAAAAAATTA CAGCAATATT 751 ATATTTTAT TCCCTCTAAA TTCAAGGATA CCTACCTGGT TTATATTCTA 801 AATGAATTGG CTGGAAACTC CTTTATGATA TTCTGCAGCA CCTGTAATAA 851 TACCCAGAGA ACAGCTTTGC TACTGCGAAA TCTTGGCTTC ACTGCCATCC 901 CCCTCCATGG ACAAATGAGT CAGAGTAAGC GCCTAGGATC CCTTAATAAG 951 TTTAAGGCCA AGGCCCGTTC CATTCTTCTA GCAACTGACG TTGCCAGCCG 1001 AGGTTTGGAC ATACCTCATG TAGATGTGGT TGTCAACTTT GACATTCCTA
1051 CCCATTCCAA GGATTACATC CATCGAGTAG GTCGAACAGC TAGAGCTGGG 1101 CGCTCCGGAA AGGCTATTAC TTTTGTCACA CAGTATGATG TGGAACTCTT 1151 CCAGCGCATA GAACACTTAA TTGGGAAGAA ACTACCAGGT TTTCCAACAC 1201 AGGATGATGA GGTTATGATG CTGACAGAAC GCGTCGCTGA AGCCCAAAGG 1251 TTTGCCCGAA TGGAGTTAAG GGAGCATGGA GAAAAGAAGA AACGCTCGCG 1301 AGAGGATGCT GGAGATAATG ATGACACAGA GGGTGCTATT GGTGTCAGGA 1351 ACAAGGTGGC TGGAGGAAAA ATGAAGAAGC GGAAAGGCCG TTAATCACTT 1401 TTATGAAGGC TCGAGTTCTG CTGTTCTGTA AAAGAAAATT GGAGAATGAA 1451 ACCTGCTCCA ACAGAGATCA TGAGACTGAA ATTGGTCAGA ATTGTGTCCA 1501 GAATGTGCTC AGCTAATTCA GTATTCTTCC CCATTCTGGG TTGGAGTTTA 1551 CTGCAGAGTA ATTCTTACAG TGCTGATGTC AAGACTGTTA CTGTTCTTCG 1601 ACTTTGATTC CTTGCTCATG ACATGAGTAG GGTGTGCTCT TCTGTCACTT 1651 CACACAGACC TTTTGCCTTT TTTAGCTGCA AGTCAAGGAC TAGGTTGATG 1701 ATGCCCATGA CCTGTAATTG TAAAGAAGCT TGGACATCTG CAAATGATAT 1751 TTAAACCATC TTGGCTTGTG CTTTATTCAA ACTAATGTGA AACAATAAAT

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 27 bp to 1391 bp; peptide length: 455 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MAAPEEHDSP TEASQPIVEE EETKTFKDLG VTDVLCEACD QLGWTKPTKI 51 QIEAIPLALQ GRDIIGLAET GSGKTGAFAL PILNALLETP QRLFALVLTP 101 TRELAFQISE QFEALGSSIG VQSAVIVGGI DSMSQSLALA KKPHIIIATP 151 GRLIDHLENT KGFNLRALKY LVMDEADRIL NMDFETEVDK ILKVIPRDRK 201 TFLFSATMK KVQKLQRAAL KNPVKCAVSS KYQTVEKLQQ YYTFIPSKFK 251 DTYLVYILME LAGNSFMIFC STCNNTQRTA LLLRNLGFTA IPLHGQMSQS 301 KRLGSLNKFK AKARSILLAT DVASRGLDIP HVDVVVNFDI PTHSKDYIHR 351 VGRTARAGRS GKAITFVTQY DVELFQRIEH LIGKKLPGFP TQDDEVMMLT 401 ERVAEAQRFA RMELREHGEK KKRSREDAGD NDDTEGAIGV RNKVAGGKMK 451 KRKGR

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 6o17, frame 3

PIR:S40731 ATP-dependent RNA helicase homolog T26G10.1 - Caenorhabditis elegans, N = 1, Score = 1497, P = 1.6e-153

PIR:S46713 hypothetical protein YHR065c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 1154, P = 3.6e-117

TREMBL:ATH010462 1 gene: "RH10"; product: "RNA helicase"; Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for DEAD box RNA helicase, RH10, N = 1, Score = 1122, P = 8.9e-114

TREMBL:AC002985_2 product: "R27090_2"; Human DNA from chromosome 19-specific cosmid R27090, genomic sequence, complete sequence., N = 1, Score = 950, P = 1.5e-95

>PIR:S40731 ATP-dependent RNA helicase homolog T26G10.1 - Caenorhabditis elegans Length = 489

HSPs:

Score = 1497 (224.6 bits), Expect = 1.6e-153, P = 1.6e-153Identities = 283/442 (64%), Positives = 364/442 (82%)

- 19 EEEETKTFKDLGVTDVLCEACDQLGWTKPTKIQIEAIPLALQGRDIIGLAETGSGKTGAF 78 E+ + K+F +LGV+ LC+AC +LGW KP+KIQ A+P ALQG+D+IGLAETGSGKTGAF
 39 EDVKEKSFAELGVSQPLCDACQRLGWMKPSKIQQAALPHALQGKDVIGLAETGSGKTGAF 98 Sbjct: 79 ALPILNALLETPORLFALVLTPTRELAFOISEOFEALGSSIGVOSAVIVGGIDSMSOSLA 138 Query: A+P+L +LL+ PQ F LVLTPTRELAFQI +QFEALGS IG+ +AVIVGG+D +Q++A
 99 AIPVLQSLLDHPQAFFCLVLTPTRELAFQIGQQFEALGSGIGLIAAVIVGGVDMAAQAMA 158 Sbjct:
- 139 LAKKPHIIIATPGRLIDHLENTKGFNLRALKYLVMDEADRILNMDFETEVDKILKVIPRD 198 Query: LA++PHII+ATPGRL+DHLENTKGFNL+ALK+L+MDEADRILNMDFE E+DKILKVIPR+ Sbict: LARRPHIIVATPGRLVDHLENTKGFNLKALKFLIMDEADRILNMDFEVELDKILKVIPRE 218
- 199 RKTFLFSATMTKKVQKLQRAALKNPVKCAVSSKYQTVEKLQQYYIFIPSKFKDTYLVYIL 258 Ouerv:
- R+T+LFSATMTKKV KL+RA+L++P + +VSS+Y+TV+ L+Q+YIF+P+K+K+TYLVY+L 219 RRTYLFSATMTKKVSKLERASLRDPARVSVSSRYKTVDNLKQHYIFVPNKYKETYLVYLL 278 Sbjct:
- 259 NELAGNSFMIFCSTCNNTQRTALLRNLGFTAIPLHGQMSQSKRLGSLNKFKAKARSILL 318 Query: NE AGNS ++FC+TC T + A++LR LG A+PLHGQMSQ KRLGSLNKFK+KAR IL+
- 279 NEHAGNSAIVFCATCATTMQIAVMLRQLGMQAVPLHGQMSQEKRLGSLNKFKSKAREILV 338 Sbjct:
- 319 ATDVASRGLDIPHVDVVVNFDIPTHSKDYIHRVGRTARAGRSGKAITFVTQYDVELFQRI 378 Query: TDVA+RGLDIPHVD+V+N+D+P+ SKDY+HRVGRTARAGRSG AIT VTQYDVE +Q+I
 339 CTDVAARGLDIPHVDMVINYDMPSQSKDYVHRVGRTARAGRSGIAITVVTQYDVEAYQKI 398
- Sbjct:
- 379 EHLIGKKLPGFPTQDDEVMMLTERVAEAQRFARMELREHGEKKK-----RSREDAGDNDD 433 Query:
- E +GKKL + ++EVM+L ER EA AR+E++E EKKK R +D GD ++
 399 EANLGKKLDEYKCVENEVMVLVERTQEATENARIEMKEMDEKKKSGKKRRQNDDFGDTEE 458 Sbjct:
- 434 TEGAIGVRNKVAGGKMKKRKGR 455 Query:

+ G + K GG+ GR 459 SGGRFKMGIKSMGGRGGSGGGR 480 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_6o17, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2 6017.3

```
[LENGTH]
                                 455
                                 50646.80
 [MW]
 [pI]
                                 9.18
 [HOMOL]
                                 PIR:S40731 ATP-dependent RNA helicase homolog T26G10.1 - Caenorhabditis elegans
le-167
                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YHR065c] le-127
[S. cerevisiae, YHR065c] le-127
 [FUNCAT]
                                 04.01.04 rrna processing
 [FUNCAT]
                                 30.10 nuclear organization
                                04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YHR169w] 2e-79
06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] 1e-71
04.05.01.07 chromatin modification [S. cerevisiae, YMR290c] 4e-66
j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [H. influenzae, HI0231 RNA] 1e-63
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
                                 09.01 biogenesis of cell wall [S. cerevisiae, YJL033w] le-58
04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) (S. cerevisiae, YDL084w] le-55
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
                                 05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae,
YOR204wl 5e-55
                                 30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YOR204w] 5e-55
 [FUNCAT]
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                                 1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair
 influenzae, HI0892] 9e-48
                                98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YLR276c] 2e-45 30.16 mitochondrial organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR194c] 4e-42
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                                 30.16 mitochondrial organization
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                                13.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 7e-12
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 7e-12
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 7e-12
11.10 repair [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 7e-12
11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YMR190c] 7e-12
11.10 cell death
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                                 BL00039A DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
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                                 RNA binding 7e-69
DEAD box 7e-69
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                                 transmembrane protein 9e-41
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                                 DNA binding 3e-55
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                                 recF recombination pathway 3e-11
[PIRKWI
                                 ATP 1e-126
                                 purine nucleotide binding 7e-69
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                                P-loop 1e-126
hydrolase 1e-55
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ATP binding 3e-61
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                                 ATP-dependent RNA helicase eIF-4A 8e-06
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                                 WW repeat homology 4e-58
 SUPFAMI
 [SUPFAM]
                                 translation initiation factor eIF-4A 7e-69
 [SUPFAM]
                                 DEAD/H box helicase homology 1e-126
 (SUPFAM)
                                 recQ helicase homology 5e-12
                                ATP-dependent RNA helicase homology 8e-06
unassigned DEAD/H box helicases 1e-126
ATP-dependent RNA helicase DBP1 4e-60
ATP-dependent RNA helicase DHH1 1e-58
 [SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
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(SUPFAM)
                                 recQ protein 3e-11
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                                 tobacco ATP-dependent RNA helicase DB10 4e-58
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                                 Bloom's syndrome helicase 5e-12
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                                 DEAD ATP HELICASE
                                 ATP GTP A
 [PROSITE]
                                 MYRĪSTYL
[PROSITE]
                                 AMIDATION
 [PROSITE]
                                 CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
 [PROSITE]
                                 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
 (PROSITE)
                                 PKC PHOSPHO SITE
 [PROSITE]
                                 ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
(PFAM)
                                 Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
(PFAM)
                                 DEAD and DEAH box helicases
[KW]
                                 Alpha_Beta
SEO
                MAAPEEHDSPTEASOPIVEEEETKTFKDLGVTDVLCEACDOLGWTKPTKIOIEAIPLALO
```

PRD

GRDIIGLAETGSGKTGAFALPILNALLETPQRLFALVLTPTRELAFQISEQFEALGSSIG SEO PRD

SEQ PRD	VQSAVIVGGIDSMSQSLALAKKPHIIIATPGRLIDHLENTKGFNLRALKYLVMDEADRIL eeeeeeeccchhhhhhhhhhccceeeeecccccccccc
SEQ PRD	NMDFETEVDKILKVIPRDRKTFLFSATMTKKVQKLQRAALKNPVKCAVSSKYQTVEKLQQ hhcchhhhhhhhhcccchhhhhhhccchhhhhhhccceeeeecccchhhhh
SEQ PRD	YYIFIPSKFKDTYLVYILNELAGNSFMIFCSTCNNTQRTALLLRNLGFTAIPLHGQMSQS hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccceeeecccchhh
SEQ	KRLGSLNKFKAKARSILLATDVASRGLDIPHVDVVVNFDIPTHSKDYIHRVGRTARAGRS
PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhhhcchhhhhhhccccceeeeeecccccc
SEQ	GKAITFVTQYDVELFQRIEHLIGKKLPGFPTQDDEVMMLTERVAEAQRFARMELREHGEK
PRD	cceeeeecchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ	KKRSREDAGDNDDTEGAIGVRNKVAGGKMKKRKGR
PRD	hhhhacaacaacaacaacaacaacaacaa

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_6o17.3

PS00001	274->278	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	421->425	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	25->28	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	72->75	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	209->212	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	229->232	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	276->279	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	300->303	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	354->357	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005	360->363	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDQC00005
PS00005	400->403	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	9~>13	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	25->29	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	186->190	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	368->372	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	391->395	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	424->428	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	66->72	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	71-> 77	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	116->122	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	120->126	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	128->134	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	382->386	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00017	68->76	ATP_GTP_A	PDOC00017
PS00039	172->181	DEAD_ATP_HELICASE	PDOC00039

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_6017.3

HMM_NAME	DEAD and DEAH box helicases
нмм	*glpPWILRnIyeMGFEkPTPIQQqAIPiILeGRDVMACAQTGSGKTAAF
	G ++ +++++++G++KPT+IQ +AIP++L+GRD+++ A TGSGKT+AF
Query	30 GVTDVLCEACDQLGWTKPTKIQIEAIPLALQGRDIIGLAETGSGKTGAF 78
нмм	lipmLQHIDwdPWpqpPQdPrALILAPTRELAMQIQEEcRkFgkHMngIR
	++P+L ++++P + ++AL+L+PTRELA QI+E+++++G++++ ++
Query	79 ALPILNALLETPQR-LFALVLTPTRELAFQISEQFEALGSSIG-VQ 122
нмм	ImclYGGtnMRdQMRmLeRGpPHIVIATPGRLIDHIER.gtldLDrleML
	+++I+GG + + Q L+++P HI+IATPGRLIDH+E+ ++L++++L
Query	123 SAVIVGGIDSMSQSLALAKKP-HIIIATPGRLIDHLENTKGFNLRALKYL 171
HMM	VMDEADRMLDMGFIDQIRrIMrqIPMpwNRQTMMFSATMPdeIqELARrF
	VMDEADR+L+M+F+ ++++I++ IP ++R T +FSATM++++Q+L+R+
Query	172 VMDEADRILNMDFETEVDKILKVIPRDRKTFLFSATMTKKVQKLQRAA 219
нмм	MRNPIRInIdMdElTtnEnIkQwYiyVerEMWKfdcLcrLIe*
	++NP+ ++ ++++T++ ++Q+YI+++ + K +L+++++
Query	220 LKNPVKCAVSSKYQTVE-KLQQYYIFIP-SKFKDTYLVYILN 259
HMM_NAME	Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
ним	*EileeWLkn1GIrvmYIHGdMpQeERdeIMddFNnGEynVLIcTDVggR

++ + L+NLG++++ +HG+M+Q +R+ +++F++ +L++TDV++R
277 QRTALLLRNLGFTAIPLHGQMSQSKRLGSLNKFKAKARSILLATDVASR Query

GIDIPdVNHVINYDMPWNPEQYIQRIGRTGRIG* G+DIP V++V+N+D+P ++ +YI+R+GRT+R+G 326 GLDIPHVDVVVNFDIPTHSKDYIHRVGRTARAG HMM

358 Query

DKFZphfbr2_71o20

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 71o20 encodes a novel 232 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results: No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits on genomic level encoded by AC006186 (3 exons)

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: /map="10q22.1"

Insert length: 1768 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1742, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1726

```
1 GGGGGCAGCA GGCCAAGGGG GAGGTGCGAG CGTGGACCTG GGACGGGTCT
  51 GGGCGGCTCT CGGTGGTTGG CACGGGTTCG CACACCCATT CAAGCGGCAG
 101 GACGCACTTG TCTTAGCAGT TCTCGCTGAC CGCGCTAGCT GCGGCTTCTA
 151 CGCTCCGGCA CTCTGAGTTC ATCAGCAAAC GCCCTGGCGT CTGTCCTCAC
 201 CATGCCTAGC CTTTGGGACC GCTTCTCGTC GTCGTCCACC TCCTCTTCGC
 251 CCTCGTCCTT GCCCCGAACT CCCACCCCAG ATCGGCCGCC GCGCTCAGCC
 301 TGGGGGTCGG CGACCCGGGA GGAGGGGTTT GACCGCTCCA CGAGCCTGGA
351 GAGCTCGGAC TGCGAGTCCC TGGACAGCAG CAACAGTGGC TTCGGGCCGG
401 AGGAAGACAC GGCTTACCTG GATGGGGTGT CGTTGCCCGA CTTCGAGCTG
 451 CTCAGTGACC CTGAGGATGA ACACTTGTGT GCCAACCTGA TGCAGCTGCT
 501 GCAGGAGAGC CTGGCCCAGG CGCGGCTGGG CTCTCGACGC CCTGCGCGCC
 551 TGCTGATGCC TAGCCAGTTG GTAAGCCAGG TGGGCAAAGA ACTACTGCGC
 601 CTGGCCTACA GCGAGCCGTG CGGCCTGCGG GGGGCGCTGC TGGACGTCTG
 651 CGTGGAGCAG GGCAAGAGCT GCCACAGCGT GGGCCAGCTG GCACTCGACC
 701 CCAGCCTGGT GCCCACCTTC CAGCTGACCC TCGTGCTGCG CCTGGACTCA
 751 CGACTCTGGC CCAAGATCCA GGGGCTGTTT AGCTCCGCCA ACTCTCCCTT
 801 CCTCCCTGGC TTCAGCCAGT CCCTGACGCT GAGCACTGGC TTCCGAGTCA
851 TCAAGAAGAA GCTGTACAGC TCGGAACAGC TGCCCATTGA GGAGTGTTGA
 901 ACTTCAACCT GAGGGGCCCG ACAGTGCCCT CCAAGACAGA GACGACTGAA
951 CTTTTGGGGT GGAGACTAGA GGCAGGAGCT GAGGGACTGA TTCCAGTGGT
1001 TGGAAAACTG AGGCAGCCAC CTAAAGTGGA GGTGGGGGAA TAGTGTTTCC
1051 CAGGAAGCTC ATTGAGTTGT GTGCGGGTGG CTGTGCATTG GGGACACATA
1101 CCCCTCAGTA CTGTAGCATG AAACAAAGGC TTAGGGGCCA ACAAGGCTTC
1151 CAGCTGGATG TGTGTGTAGC ATGTACCTTA TTATTTTTGT TACTGACAGT
1201 TAACAGTGGT GTGACATCCA GAGAGCAGCT GGGCTGCTCC CGCCCCAGCC
1251 TGGCCCAGGG TGAAGGAAGA GGCACGTGCT CCTCAGAGCA GCCGGAGGGA
1301 AGGGGGAGGT CGGAGGTCGT GGAGGTGGTT TGTGTATCTT ACTGGTCTGA
1351 AGGGACCAAG TGTGTTTGTT GTTTGTTTTG TATCTTGTTT TTCTGATCGG
1401 AGCATCACTA CTGACCTGTT GTAGGCAGCT ATCTTACAGA CGCATGAATG
1451 TAAGAGTAGG AAGGGGTGGG TGTCAGGGAT CACTTGGGAT CTTTGACACT
1501 TGAAAAATTA CACCTGGCAG CTGCGTTTAA GCCTTCCCCC ATCGTGTACT
1551 GCAGAGTTGA GCTGGCAGGG GAGGGGCTGA GAGGGTGGGG GCTGGAACCC
1601 CTTCCCGGGA GGAGTGCCAT CTGGGTCTTC CATCTAGAAC TGTTTACATG
1651 AAGATAAGAT ACTCACTGTT CATGAATACA CTTGATGTTC AAGATATAAG
1701 ACCTATGCAA TATTTTTTAC TTTTCTAATA AACATGTTTG TTAAAACAAA
1751 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ
```

BLAST Results

Entry AC006186 from database EMBLNEW: *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens chromosome 10 clone CRI-JC2048 map 10q22.1; HTGS phase 1, 4 unordered pieces. Score = 6512, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 1326/1345

3 exons

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 202 bp to 897 bp; peptide length: 232 Category: putative protein

```
1 MPSLWDRFSS SSTSSSPSSL PRTPTPDRPP RSAWGSATRE EGFDRSTSLE
51 SSDCESLDSS NSGFGPEEDT AYLDGVSLPD FELLSDPEDE HLCANLMQLL
101 QESLAQARLG SRRPARLLMP SQLVSQVGKE LLRLAYSEPC GLRGALLDVC
151 VEQGKSCHSV GQLALDPSLV PTFQLTLVLR LDSRLWPKIQ GLFSSANSPF
201 LPGFSQSLTL STGFRVIKKK LYSSEQLPIE EC
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_71o20, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_71o20, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_71o20.1

[LENGTH]	232	
(MW)	25354.60	
[pI]	4.87	
[PROSITE]	MYRISTYL 2	
[PROSITE]	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	6
[PROSITE]	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	1
[PROSITE]	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	1
[KW]	All_Alpha	
[KW]	LOW_COMPLEXITY	17.67 %
	_	

SEQ	MPSLWDRFSSSTSSSPSSLPRTPTPDRPPRSAWGSATREEGFDRSTSLESSDCESLDSS
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ	NSGFGPEEDTAYLDGVSLPDFELLSDPEDEHLCANLMQLLQESLAQARLGSRRPARLLMP
SEG	xx
PRD	cccccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccc
SEQ	SQLVSQVGKELLRLAYSEPCGLRGALLDVCVEQGKSCHSVGQLALDPSLVPTFQLTLVLR
SEG	
PRD	ccccchhhhhhhhhcccccchhhhhhhcccccccccccc
SEQ	LDSRLWPKIQGLFSSANSPFLPGFSQSLTLSTGFRVIKKKLYSSEQLPIEEC
SEG	
PRD	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_71o20.1

PS00002	62->66	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	111->114	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	3->7	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	38->42	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	47->51	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	52->56	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	77->81	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	85->89	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	141->147	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	191->197	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_71o20.1)

DKFZphfbr2_72b18

group: nucleic acid management

DKF2phfbr2_72b18 encodes a novel 715 amino acid protein with similarity to E. coli DNA-damage-inducibile protein dinP and other proteins induced by DNA-damage.

The novel protein is similar to dinP of E. coli, yqjH of B. subtilis, dinP of M. tuberculosis and T19K24.15 of A. thaliana. The dinB/P pathway is a second SOS-pathway in E. coli. Therefore the new gene seems to be involved in DNA repair.

The new protein can find application in modulating DNA repair and mutagenesis.

similarity to DNA damage induced genes

complete cDNA, complete cds, potential start at Bp 49, EST hits localisation primer site B is missing!

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="416.0 cR from top of Chr18 linkage group"??

Insert length: 2475 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2452, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2431

```
1 GGGGGAGGAA GGCGGCGGCG ACGACGAGGA AGACGCCGAG GCCTGGGCCA
  51 TGGAACTGGC GGACGTGGGG GCGGCAGCCA GCTCGCAGGG AGTTCATGAT
 101 CAAGTGTTGC CCACACCAAA TGCTTCATCC AGAGTCATAG TACATGTGGA
151 TCTGGATTGC TTTTATGCAC AAGTAGAAAT GATCTCAAAT CCAGAGCTAA
 201 AAGACAAACC TTTAGGGGTT CAACAGAAAT ATTTGGTGGT TACCTGCAAC
251 TATCAAGCTA GGAAACTTGG AGTTAAGAAA CTTATGAATG TCAGAGATGC
301 AAAAGAAAAG TGTCCACAGT TGGTATTAGT TAATGGAGAA GACCTGACCC
351 GCTACAGAGA AATGTCTTAT AAGGTTACAG AATTACTGGA AGAATTTAGT
 401 CCAGTTGTTG AGAGACTTGG ATTTGATGAA AATTTTGTGG ATCTAACAGA
 451 AATGGTTGAG AAGAGACTAC AGCAGCTGCA AAGTGATGAA CTTTCTGCGG
 501 TGACTGTGTC GGGTCATGTA TACAATAATC AGTCTATAAA CCTGCTTGAC
 551 GTCTTGCACA TCAGACTACT TGTTGGATCT CAGATTGCAG CAGAGATGCG
 601 GGAAGCCATG TATAATCAGT TGGGGCTCAC TGGCTGTGCT GGAGTGGCTT
 651 CTAATAAACT GTTGGCAAAA TTAGTTTCTG GTGTCTTTAA ACCAAATCAA
 701 CAAACAGTCT TATTACCTGA AAGTTGTCAA CATCTTATTC ATAGTTTGAA
 751 TCACATAAAG GAAATACCTG GTATTGGCTA TAAAACTGCC AAATGTCTTG
801 AAGCACTGGG TATCAATAGT GTGCGTGATC TCCAAAACCTT TTCACCCAAA
 851 ATTTTAGAAA AAGAATTAGG AATTTCAGTT GCTCAGCGTA TCCAAAAGCT
901 CAGTTTTGGA GAGGATAACT CCCCTGTGAT ACTCTCAGGA CCACCTCAGT
951 CCTTTAGTGA AGAAGATTCA TTTAAAAAAT GTACATCTGA AGTTGAAGCT
1001 AAAAATAAGA TTGAAGAACT ACTTGCTAGT CTTTTAAACA GAGTATGCCA
1051 AGATGGAAGG AAGCCTCATA CAGTGAGATT AATAATCCGT CGGTATTCCT
1101 CTGAGAAGCA CTATGGTCGT GAGAGTCGTC AGTGCCCTAT TCCTTCACAT
1151 GTAATTCAGA AATTAGGGAC AGGAAATTAT GATGTGATGA CCCCAATGGT
1201 TGATATACTT ATGAAACTTT TTCGAAATAT GGTGAATGTG AAGATGCCAT
1251 TTCACCTTAC CCTTCTAAGT GTGTGCTTCT GCAACCTTAA AGCACTAAAT
1301 ACTGCTAAGA AAGGGCTTAT TGATTATTAT TTAATGCCAT CATTATCAAC
1351 TACTTCACGC TCTGGCAAGC ACAGTTTTAA AATGAAAGAC ACTCATATGG
1401 AAGATTTTCC CAAAGACAAA GAAACAAACC GGGATTTCCT ACCAAGTGGA
1451 AGAATTGAAA GTACAAGAAC TAGGGAGTCT CCACTAGATA CCACAAATTT
1501 TTCTAAAGAA AAAGACATTA ATGAATTCCC ACTCTGTTCA CTTCCTGAAG
1551 GTGTTGACCA AGAAGTCTCC AAGCAGCTTC CAGTAGATAT TCAAGAAGAA
1601 ATCCTTTCTG GAAAATCTAG GGAAAAATTT CAAGGGAAAG GAAGTGTGAG
1651 TTGTCCATTA CATGCCTCTA GAGGAGTATT ATCTTTCTTT TCTAAAAAAC
1701 AAATGCAAGA TATTCCCATA AATCCTAGAG ATCATTTATC CAGTAGCAAA
1751 CAGGTATCCT CTGTATCTCC TTGTGAACCG GGAACATCAG GCTTTAATAG
1801 CAGTAGTTCT TCTTACATGT CTAGCCAAAA GGATTATTCA TATTATTTAG
1851 ATAATAGATT AAAAGATGAA CGAATAAGTC AAGGACCTAA AGAACCTCAA
1901 GGATTCCACT TTACAAATTC AAACCCTGCT GTGTCTGCTT TTCATTCATT
1951 TCCAAACTTG CAGAGTGAGC AACTTTTCTC CAGAAACCAC ACTACAGATA
2001 GCCATAAGCA AACAGTAGCA ACAGACTCTC ATGAAGGACT TACAGAAAAT
2051 AGAGAGCCAG ATTCTGTTGA TGAGAAAATT ACTTTCCCTT CTGACATTGA
2101 TCCTCAAGTT TTCTATGAAC TACCAGAAGC AGTACAAAAG GAACTGCTGG
2151 CAGAGTGGAA GAGAACAGGA TCAGATTTCC ACATTGGACA TAAATAAGCA
2201 TATTCAGCAA AAAGGTCTGA AAAGCAAGGG AATACCATTA TTTTCGGATT
2251 AGCGGTTTAT TAAGCTCTTC TATATTAAAC ACTAATAGAT ATTCAATAAC
2301 GGAGTAAACT GTTCCAGATA AAGCAAGAAT AGTTGCAAGA AGTAAATTCT
2351 GGCACAAAGC GTAAAAATAT AACAGAAGAA ATAATGTAAA ATACTATCTT
2401 TTATGTCTAA AGCCATTTTA TATTACTTTT CAATAAAAG AATATCATGG
2451 TCAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAC
```

BLAST Results

Entry HS086339 from database EMBL: human STS WI-11064. Score = 1523, P = 3.0e-64, identities = 327/343

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 50 bp to 2194 bp; peptide length: 715 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MELADVGAAA SSQGVHDQVL PTPNASSRVI VHVDLDCFYA QVEMISNPEL 51 KOKPLGVQQK YLVVTCNYEA RKLGVKKLMN VRDAKEKCPQ LVLVNGEDLT 101 RYREMSYKVT ELLEEFSPVV ERLGFDENFV DLTEMVEKRL QQLQSDELSA 151 VTVSGHVYNN QSINLLDVLH IRLLVGSQIA AEMREAMYNQ LGLTGCAGVA 201 SNKLLAKLVS GVFKPNQQTV LLPESCQHLI HSLNHIKEIP GIGYKTAKCL 251 EALGINSVRD LQTFSPKILE KELGISVAQR IQKLSFGEDN SPVILSGPPQ 301 SFSEEDSFKK CTSEVEAKNK IEELLASLLN RVCQDGRKPH TVRLIIRRYS 351 SEKHYGRESR QCPIPSHVIQ KLGTGNYDVM TPMVDILMKL FRNMVNVKMP 401 FHLTLLSVCF CNLKALNTAK KGLIDYYLMP SLSTTSRSGK HSFKMKDTHM 451 EDFPKDKETN RDFLPSGRIE STRTRESPLD TTNFSKEKDI NEFPLCSLPE 501 GVDQEVSKQL PVDIQEEILS GKSREKFQGK GSVSCPLHAS RGVLSFFSKK 551 QMQDIPINPR DHLSSSKQVS SVSPCEPGTS GFNSSSSSYM SSQKDYSYYL 601 DNRLKDERIS QGPKEPQGFH FTNSNPAVSA FHSFPNLQSE QLFSRNHTTD 651 SHKQTVATDS HEGLTENREP DSVDEKITFP SDIDPQVFYE LPEAVQKELL 701 AEWKRTGSDF HIGHK

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_72b18, frame 2

PIR:H64747 DNA-damage-inducibile protein dinP - Escherichia coli, N = 2, Score = 212, P = 4.2e-27

PIR:H69963 DNA-damage repair protein homolog yqjH - Bacillus subtilis, N = 2, Score = 230, P = 5.2e-26

>PIR:H69963 DNA-damage repair protein homolog yqjH - Bacillus subtilis

HSPs:

Score = 230 (34.5 bits), Expect = 5.2e-26, Sum P(2) = 5.2e-26Identities = 47/112 (41%), Positives = 73/112 (65%)

27 SRVIVHVDLDCFYAQVEMISNPELKDKPLGV----QOKYLVVTCNYEARKLGVKKLMNV 81 SR+I H+D++ FYA VEM +P L+ KP+ V ++K +VVTC+YEAR GVK M V 5 SRIIFHIDMNSFYASVEMAYDPALRGKPVAVAGNVKERKGIVVTCSYEARARGVKTTMPV 64 Query: Sbjct:

82 RDAKEKCPQLVLVNGEDLTRYREMSYKVTELLEEFSPVVERLGFDENFVDLTE 134 Ouerv: AK CP+L+++ + RYR S + +L E++ +VE + DE ++D+T+
65 WQAKRHCPELIVLP-PNFDRYRNSSRAMFTILREYTDLVEPVSIDEGYMDMTD 116 Sbict:

Score = 137 (20.6 bits), Expect = 5.2e-26, Sum P(2) = 5.2e-26 Identities = 43/148 (29%), Positives = 75/148 (50%)

Query: 178 QIAAEMREAMYNQLGLTGCAGVASNKLLAKLVSGVFKPNQQTVLLPESCQHLIHSLNHIK 237 + A E++ + + L G+A NK LAK+ S + KP T+L ++ L +
125 ETAKEIQSRLQKELLLPSSIGIAPNKFLAKMASDMKKPLGITILRKRQVPDILWPLP-VG 183

Sbjct:

238 EIPGIGYKTAKCLEALGINSVRDLQTFSPKILEKELGISVAQRIQKLSFGEDNSPVILSG 297 Query:

E+ G+G KTA+ L+ LGI+++ +L L++ LGI+ R++ + G ++PV
184 EMHGVGKKTAEKLKGLGIHTIGELAAADEHSLKRLLGIN-GPRLKNKANGIHHAPV---- 238 Sbjct:

298 PPQSFSEEDSFKKCTSEVEAKNKIEELL 325 Query: E S ++ + EELL

Sbjct: 239 DPERIYEFKSVGNSSTLSHDSSDEEELL 266

Pedant information for DKF2phfbr2_72b18, frame 2

Report for DKF2phfbr2_72b18.2

```
[LENGTH]
           715
80300.63
[WM]
[pI]
[HOMOL]
           6.37
           TREMBL:SPBC16A3_11 gene: "SPBC16A3.11"; product: "hypothetical protein";
S.pombe chromosome II cosmid cl6A3. 5e-30
[FUNCAT] 11.04 dna repair (direct repair, base excision repair and nucleotide excision
           [S. cerevisiae, YDR419w] 2e-15
repair)
           1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair
[FUNCAT]
genitalium, MG360] 3e-13
[PIRKW] SOS mutagenesis 2e-11
[PIRKW]
           DNA repair 2e-11
[PIRKW]
           induced mutagenesis 2e-11
[SUPFAM]
           umuC protein 3e-29
[PROSITE]
           MYRISTYL
                       6
           AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
                       1
           CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                             15
           PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN
TYR PHOSPHO SITE
PKC PHOSPHO SITE
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                             21
[PROSITE]
[KW]
           Alpha Beta
           LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                          4.20 %
SEQ
     MELADVGAAASSQGVHDQVLPTPNASSRVIVHVDLDCFYAQVEMISNPELKDKPLGVQQK
SEG
PRD
     ccceeeeeecccccceeeccchhhhhhhhhcccccccceeeecc
SEQ
     YLVVTCNYEARKLGVKKLMNVRDAKEKCPQLVLVNGEDLTRYREMSYKVTELLEEFSPVV
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     ERLGFDENFVDLTEMVEKRLQQLQSDELSAVTVSGHVYNNQSINLLDVLHIRLLVGSQIA
SEG
PRD
     AEMREAMYNQLGLTGCAGVASNKLLAKLVSGVFKPNQQTVLLPESCQHLIHSLNHIKEIP
SEO
SEG
PRD
     SEO
     GIGYKTAKCLEALGINSVRDLOTFSPKILEKELGISVAORIOKLSFGEDNSPVILSGPPO
SEG
PRD
     SFSEEDSFKKCTSEVEAKNKIEELLASLLNRVCODGRKPHTVRLIIRRYSSEKHYGRESR
SEO
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     QCPIPSHVIQKLGTGNYDVMTPMVDILMKLFRNMVNVKMPFHLTLLSVCFCNLKALNTAK
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     KGLIDYYLMPSLSTTSRSGKHSFKMKDTHMEDFPKDKETNRDFLPSGRIESTRTRESPLD
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     TTNFSKEKDINEFPLCSLPEGVDQEVSKQLPVDIQEEILSGKSREKFQGKGSVSCPLHAS
SEG
     ccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccceeeeeccccchhhh
PRD
     RGVLSFFSKKQMQDIPINPRDHLSSSKQVSSVSPCEPGTSGFNSSSSSYMSSQKDYSYYL
SEO
SEG
              PRD
     SEQ
     DNRLKDERISQGPKEPQGFHFTNSNPAVSAFHSFPNLQSEQLFSRNHTTDSHKQTVATDS
SEG
PRD
     HEGLTENREPDSVDEKITFPSDIDPQVFYELPEAVQKELLAEWKRTGSDFHIGHK
SEO
SEG
PRD
```

311

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_72b18.2

PS00001	24->28	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	160->164	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PD0C00001
PS00001	483->487	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	583->587	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	646~>650	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	309->313	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00004	347->351	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	26->29		PDOC00005
PS00005	106->109	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00005	201->204	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	246->249	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	257->260	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	265->268	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	307->310	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	341->344	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	351->354	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	418->421	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	435->438	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	438->441	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	442->445	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	459->462	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	466->469	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	471->474	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	520->523	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	548->551	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	565->568	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	592->595	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	651->654	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	46->50	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	257->261	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	285->289	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	301->305	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
	303->307	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006			
PS00006	313->317	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	448->452	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	459->463	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	477->481	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	497->501	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	573->577	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	592->596	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	672->676	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	681->685	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	706->710	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	101->108	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	348->356	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	7->13	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	176->182	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	192->198	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	198->204	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	274->280	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	663->669	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00009	335->339	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00013	186->197	PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00013
		_	

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_72b18.2)

DKFZphfbr2_72d13

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_72d13 encodes a novel 165 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

seems to be testis specific 9 of 10 EST hits are from testis librarys

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 723 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 704, no polyadenylation signal found

BLAST Results

Entry HS860F19 from database EMBLNEW: Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 860F19 Score = 2059, P = 1.1e-85, identities = 423/434 2 exons

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 153 bp to 647 bp; peptide length: 165 Category: putative protein Classification: no clue

- 1 MTRLCLPRPE AREDPIPVPP RGLGAGEGSG SPVRPPVSTW GPSWAQLLDS
- 51 VLWLGALGLT IQAVFSTTGP ALLLLLVSFL TFDLLHRPAG HTLPQRKLLT
- 101 RGQSQGAGEG PGQQEALLLQ MGTVSGQLSL QDALLLLLMG LGPLLRACGM
- 151 PLTLLGLAFC LHPWA

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_72d13, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_72d13, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_72d13.3

[LENGTH	
(MW)	17393.73
[pI]	7.80
[BLOCKS	BL00068A Malate dehydrogenase proteins
[KW]	TRANSMEMBRANE 2
(KW)	LOW COMPLEXITY 29.70 %
•	
SEQ	MTRLCLPRPEAREDPIPVPPRGLGAGEGSGSPVRPPVSTWGPSWAQLLDSVLWLGALGLT
SEG	
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
MEM	
SEQ	IQAVFSTTGPALLLLLVSFLTFDLLHRPAGHTLPQRKLLTRGQSQGAGEGPGQQEALLLQ
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	eeeeccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhccccccccccccccccc
MEM	
SEQ	MGTVSGQLSLQDALLLLLMGLGPLLRACGMPLTLLGLAFCLHPWA
SEG	
PRD	heceechhhhhhhhhhhecehhhhhheceec
MEM	

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_72d13.3)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_72d13.3)

DKFZphfbr2 72112 ------

group: nucleic acid management

Summary DKF2phfbr2 72112 encodes a novel 344 amino acid protein with similarity to YDR126w and other S. cerevisiae proteins.

The novel protein contains a myc-type, helix-loop-helix dimerization domain signature. This helix-loop-helix domain mediates protein dimerization and has been found in proteins such as the myc family of cellular oncogenes, proteins involved in myogenesis and vertebrate proteins that bind specific DNA sequences in various immunoglobulin chains enhancers. Therefore, the protein could be a novel DNA-binding protein.

The new protein can application in modulating gene expression:

similarity to YDR126w; membrane regions: 2

similarity to YDR126w

complete cDNA complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1270 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1251, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGGGCGCCC GGGAGGCGCC GGAGCCCAGC GGCTGGCGCC AGATCCAGGC 51 TCCTGGAAGA ACCATGTCCG GCAGCTACTG GTCATGCCAG GCACACCACTG
101 CTGCCCAAGA GGAGCTGCTG TTTGAATTAT CTGTGAATGT TGGGAAGAGG 151 ATGCCAGAG CTGCCGGCTG AAAATTACCC AACCAAGAGA AATCTGCAGG
201 ATGGACTTTC TGGTCCTCTT CTTGTTCTAC CTGGCTTCGG TGCTGATGGG 251 TCTTGTTCTT ATCTGCGTCT GCTCGAAAAC CCATAGCTTG AAAGGCCTGG 301 CCAGGGGAGG AGCACAGATA TTTTCCTGTA TAATTCCAGA ATGTCTTCAG 351 AGAGCCGTGC ATGGATTGCT TCATTACCTT TTCCATACGA GAAACCACAC
401 CTTCATTGCT CTGCACCTGG TCTTGCAAGG GATGGTTTAT ACTGAGTACA
451 CCTGGGAAGT ATTTGGCTAC TGTCAGGAGC TGGAGTTGTC CTTGCATTAC
501 CTTCTTCTGC CCTATCTGCT GGTAGGTGTA AACCTGTTTT TTTTCACCCT 551 GACTTGTGGA ACCAATCCTG GCATTATAAC AAAAGCAAAT GAATTATTAT 551 GACTTGTGGA ACCAATCCTG GCATTATAAC AAAAGCAAAT GAATTATTAT 601 TTCTTCATGT TTATGAATTT GATGAAGTGA TGTTTCCAAA GAACGTGAGG 651 TGCTCTACTT GTGATTTAAG GAAACCAGCT CGATCCAAGC ACTGCAGTGT 701 GTGTAACTGG TGTGTGCACC GTTTCGACCA TCACTGTGTT TGGGTGAACA 751 ACTGCATCGG GGCCTGGAAC ATCAGGTACT TCCTCATCTA CGTCTTGACC 801 TTGACGGCCT CGGCTGCCAC CGTCGCCATT GTGAGCACCA CTTTTCTGGT 851 CCACTTGGTG GTGATGTCAG ATTTATACCA GGAGACTTAC ATCGATGACC 901 TTGGACACCT CCATGTTATG GACACGGTCA TTCTTATTCA GTACCTGTTC 951 CTGACTTTTC CACGGATTGT CTTCATGCTG GGCTTTGTCG TGGTCCTGAG 1001 CTTCCTCCTG GGTGGCTACC TGTTGTCTGT CCTGTATCTG GCGGCCACCA 1051 ACCACACTAC TAACGAGTGG TACAGAGGTG TCTGGGCCTG GTGCCAGCGT 1101 TGTCCCCTTG TGGCCTGGCC TCCGTCAGCA GAGCCCCAAG TCCACCGGAA 1151 CATTCACTCC CATGGGCTTC GGAGCAACCT TCAAGAGATC TTTCTACCTG 1201 CCTTTCCATG TCATGAGAGG AAGAAACAAG AATGACAAGT GTATGACTGC 1251 САААААААА АААААААА

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 201 bp to 1232 bp; peptide length: 344 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MDFLVLFLFY LASVLMGLVL ICVCSKTHSL KGLARGGAQI FSCIIPECLQ
51 RAVHGLLHYL FHTRNHTFIV LHLVLQGMVY TEYTWEVFGY CQELELSLHY
  101 LLLPYLLLGV NLFFFTLTCG TNPGIITKAN ELLFLHVYEF DEVMFPKNVR
  151 CSTCDLRKPA RSKHCSVCNW CVHRFDHHCV WVNNCIGAWN IRYFLIYVLT
  201 LTASAATVAI VSTTFLVHLV VMSDLYQETY IDDLGHLHVM DTVILIQYLF
  251 LTFPRIVFML GFVVVLSFLL GGYLLSVLYL AATNOTTNEW YRGVWAWCQR
  301 CPLVAWPPSA EPQVHRNIHS HGLRSNLQEI FLPAFPCHER KKQE
                                        BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_72112, frame 3
TREMBL:SPBC13G1_7 gene: "SPBC13G1.07"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c13G1., N = 2, Score = 247, P = 1.4e-22
TREMBL:CED2021_3 gene: "D2021.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D2021., N = 1, Score = 209, P = 9e-17
TREMBL: CEC43H6_2 gene: "C43H6.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C43H6., N = 1, Score = 206, P = 5.2e-15
PIR:S52691 probable membrane protein YDR126w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 207, P = 8.4e-15
PIR:E71607 metal binding protein (DHHC domain) PFB0725c - malaria
parasite (Plasmodium falciparum), N = 1, Score = 182, P = 1.1e-13
>TREMBL:SPBC13G1_7 gene: "SPBC13G1.07"; product: "hypothetical protein";
      S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c13G1.
               Length = 356
 Score = 247 (37.1 bits), Expect = 1.4e-22, Sum P(2) = 1.4e-22
 Identities = 55/148 (37%), Positives = 85/148 (57%)
             52 AVHGLLHYLFHTRNH--TFIVLHLVLQGM----VYTEYTWEVFGYCQELELSLHYLLLPY 105
A+ L +Y+ + N F+ L L+ G+ +Y + F + + L +LLPY
64 AMRSLSNYVLYKNNPLVVFLYLALITIGIASFFIYGSSLTQKFSIIDWISV-LTSVLLPY 122
Ouerv:
Sbict:
           106 LLLGVNLFFFTLTCGTNPGIITKANELLFLHVYEFD-EVMFPKNVRCSTCDLRKPARSKH 164
++L+ + +NPG I N + +D ++ FP +CSTC KPARSKH
123 ----ISLY---IAAKSNPGKIDLKNWNEASRRFPYDYKIFFPN--KCSTCKFEKPARSKH 173
Query:
Sbict:
            165 CSVCNWCVHRFDHHCVWVNNCIGAWNIRYFLIYVL 199
Query:
           C +CN CV +FDHHC+W+NNC+G N RYF +++L
174 CRLCNICVEKFDHHCIWINNCVGLNNARYFFLFLL 208
Sbjct:
 Score = 43 (6.5 bits), Expect = 1.4e-22, Sum P(2) = 1.4e-22 Identities = 10/35 (28%), Positives = 17/35 (48%)
           257 VFMLGFVV-VLSFLLGGYLLSVLYLAATNQTTNEW 290
Query:
           VF++ + VL L GY ++Y T ++W
254 VFLISLICSVLVLCLLGYEFFLVYAGYTTNESEKW 288
Sbict:
               Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_72112, frame 3
                            Report for DKFZphfbr2_72112.3
[LENGTH]
                    344
                    39677.23
[ WW ]
[pI]
                    7.26
[HOMOL]
                   TREMBL:SPBC13G1_7 gene: "SPBC13G1.07"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe
chromosome II cosmid c13G1. 3e-17
                   99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YDR126w] le-16
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
         [S. cerevisiae, YDR264c] 8e-05
10.05.99 other pheromone response activities
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YDR264c]
8e-05
[PIRKW]
                    transmembrane protein 4e-15
[SUPFAM]
                    ankyrin repeat homology 1e-10
[SUPFAM]
                    unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins 1e-10
[PROSITE]
                    MYRISTYL
                   CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
```

```
[PROSITE]
         PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
         ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
         SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 30
         TRANSMEMBRANE 2
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                    16.57 %
[KW]
    MDFLVLFLFYLASVLMGLVLICVCSKTHSLKGLARGGAQIFSCIIPECLQRAVHGLLHYL
SEQ
SEG
    PRD
MEM
SEQ
    FHTRNHTFIVLHLVLOGMVYTEYTWEVFGYCQELELSLHYLLLPYLLLGVNLFFFTLTCG
     SEG
    PRD
    MEM
    TNPGIITKANELLFLHVYEFDEVMFPKNVRCSTCDLRKPARSKHCSVCNWCVHRFDHHCV
SEQ
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    WVNNCIGAWNIRYFLIYVLTLTASAATVAIVSTTFLVHLVVMSDLYQETYIDDLGHLHVM
SEG
         PRD
    MEM
SEQ
    DTVILIQYLFLTFPRIVFMLGFVVVLSFLLGGYLLSVLYLAATNQTTNEWYRGVWAWCQR
SEG
             PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    CPLVAWPPSAEPQVHRNIHSHGLRSNLQEIFLPAFPCHERKKQE
SEG
PRD
    cccccccccceeeccccccceeeeeccccccccc
MEM
             Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_72112.3
PS00001
        65->69
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                            PDOC00001
PS00001
       284->288
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                            PDOC00001
PS00005
        29->32
              PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                             PDOC00005
PS00006
       152->156
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                            PDOC00006
PS00006
       229->233
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                            PDOC0006
P$00006
       286->290
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                            PDOC00006
       32->38
77->83
              MYRĪSTYL
PS00008
                            PDOC00008
PS00008
              MYRISTYL
                            PDOC00008
PS00008
       120->126
              MYRISTYL
                            PDOC00008
PS00008
       322->328
              MYRISTYL
                            PDOC00008
```

(No Pfam data available for DKF2phfbr2_72112.3)

DKFZphfbr2_72m16

group: unknown

DKFZphfbr2 72m16 encodes a novel 287 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="26.2 cR from top of Chr16 linkage group"

Insert length: 1462 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1441, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1421

1 GGGGAGGACC GGAGGACCGA GGACAGAAG ATTGGTGGAC AGGAGCAGCG 51 GCCGGTGGGG AGGGCGCTCG GCGGCGGCCT GCGGCCATGG CCACCGTGAT 101 GGCAGCGACG GCGGCGGAGC GGGCGGTGCT GGAGGAGGAG TTCCGCTGGC 151 TGCTGCACGA CGAGGTGCAC GCTGTGTTGA AGCAGCTGCA GGACATCCTC 191 TGCTGCACGA CGAGGTGCAC GCTGTGTTGA ACCAGCTGCA GGACATCTC
201 AAGGAGGCCT CTCTGCGCTT CACTCTGCCG GGCTCCGGCA CTGAGGGGCC
251 CGCCAAGCAA GAGAACTTCA TCCTAGGCAG CTGTGGCACA GACCAGGTGA
301 AGGGTGTGCT GACTCTGCAG GGGGATGCCC TCAGCCAGCC GGATGTGAAC
351 CTGAAGATGC CCCGGAACAA CCAGCTGCTG CACTTCGCCT TCCGGGAGGA
401 CAAGCAGTGG AAGCTGCAGC AGATCCAGGA TGCCAGAAAC CATGTGAGCC
451 AAGCCATTTA CCTGCTTACC AGCCGGGACC AGAGCTACCA GTTCAAGACG 501 GGCGCTGAGG TCCTCAAGCT GATGGACGCA GTGATGCTGC AGCTGACCAG
551 AGCCCGAAAC CGGCTCACCA CCCCGCCAC CCTCACCCTC CCCGAGATCG 651 CTGGTCAACG TCTACATCAA CCTCAACAAG CTCTGCCTCA CGGTGTACCA 701 GCTGCATGCC CTGCAGCCCA ACTCCACCAA GAACTTCCGC CCAGCTGGGG 751 GCGCGGTGCT GCATAGCCCT GGGGCCATGT TCGAGTGGGG CTCTCAGCGC 801 CTGGAGGTGA GCCACGTGCA CAAAGTGGAG TGCGTGATCC CCTGGCTCAA
851 CGACGCCCTG GTCTACTTCA CCGTCTCCT GCACCTCTGC CAGCAGCTTA
901 AGGACAAGAT CTCCGTGTTC TCCAGCTACT GGAGCTACAG ACCCTTCTGA
951 TCACAGCACC CAGGAGCTTG TCTCCAGGAA GGCGGCCCCG TCCCCTACTC
1001 ATACCCACCA CAGGAGCACCA GCCAGTGCCA ACGCCAGGCT GCTATTTATC 1051 TCCCTATCCC ACCCCTACC CCACCTAACA CATTTGCACT GCCGGGAATG 1101 GACACTGGAA GTGCCAGGAG GAAGGAAGGC TGGTTTGGTG GGGTAGTGGG 1151 GAGGTCAGGG AGGCGGGGCC AAGGGTGTCC CACATTCCCA ACACCGCCCT 1201 CTGATCACCA TGGGAATCTT TGGACTCAGG ACAGGGCCAG GCGCAGGGCT 1251 CTCCCTCCTC TCCCCTTCGC TGTCCCCTCC CCCTGGAGGG CATGGTGTCG 1301 GGGGGTGGCA CTGAGCTATG AGTCCCGGGG ATGGTGAGGA ACGCCACAGA 1351 CAGAGCCACC CTAGGAGTGA GTATAGTGCT GGTGACTGTG TTTCATAGCC 1401 CCAGTCCAGG GCTGTCTAAG AAATAAAGAT CATCAGACTC CAAAAAAAA 1451 AAAAAAAAA AC

BLAST Results

Entry HS604351 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-18474.

Score = 1178, P = 1.5e-48, identities = 250/268

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Pentide information for frame 3

ORF from 87 bp to 947 bp; peptide length: 287 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MATVMAATAA ERAVLEEEFR WLLHDEVHAV LKQLQDILKE ASLRFTLPGS
  51 GTEGPAKQEN FILGSCGTDQ VKGVLTLQGD ALSQADVNLK MPRNNQLLHF
  101 AFREDKOWKL QQIQDARNHV SQAIYLLTSR DQSYQFKTGA EVLKLMDAVM
  151 LQLTRARNRL TTPATLTLPE IAASGLTRMF APALPSDLLV NVYINLNKLC
  201 LTVYQLHALQ PNSTKNFRPA GGAVLHSPGA MFEWGSQRLE VSHVHKVECV
 251 IPWLNDALVY FTVSLQLCQQ LKDKISVFSS YWSYRPF
                            BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
           Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_72ml6, frame 3
No Alert BLASTP hits found
           Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_72ml6, frame 3
                   Report for DKFZphfbr2_72m16.3
[LENGTH]
              287
(MW)
              32254.40
[pI]
              8.30
              TREMBL:AF025459_2 gene: "H14A12.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid H14A12. 3e-14
[HOMOL]
[PROSITE]
              MYRISTYL
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                   6
[PROSITE]
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
(KW)
              Alpha Beta
(KW)
              LOW COMPLEXITY
                                6.27 %
SEQ
       MATVMAATAAERAVLEEEFRWLLHDEVHAVLKQLQDILKEASLRFTLPGSGTEGPAKQEN
       SEG
PRD
       FILGSCGTDOVKGVLTLOGDALSOADVNLKMPRNNQLLHFAFREDKQWKLQQIQDARNHV
SEO
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       SQAIYLLTSRDQSYQFKTGAEVLKLMDAVMLQLTRARNRLTTPATLTLPEIAASGLTRMF
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       APALPSDLLVNVYINLNKLCLTVYQLHALQPNSTKNFRPAGGAVLHSPGAMFEWGSQRLE
SEG
PRD
       SEO
       VSHVHKVECVIPWLNDALVYFTVSLQLCQQLKDKISVFSSYWSYRPF
SEG
PRD
       eeeeeeeeeccceeeeeehhhhhhhhhhhhhhheeeeeeccc
                   Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 72m16.3
                    ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
          212->216
                                          PDOC00001
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
            42->45
                                          PDOC00005
PS00005
          128->131
                                          PDOC00005
PS00005
          213->216
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                          PDOC00005
                                          PDOC00005
PS00005
          236->239
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                          PDOC00005
PS00005
          283->286
                     PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                    CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                          PDOC00006
PS00006
             8->12
            50->54
PS00006
                                          PDOC00006
PS00006
            83->87
                                          PDOC00006
PS00006
          128->132
                                          PDOC00006
          138->142
                                          PDOC00006
PS00006
PS00006
          167->171
                                          PDOC00006
                                          PDOC00008
PS00008
            64->70
                     MYRĪSTYL
```

(No Pfam data available for DKF2phfbr2 72m16.3)

DKFZphfbr2_72n12

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_72n12 encodes a novel 117 amino acid protein with similarity to a protein with conserved sequence in bacteria and eukariota.

The novel protein is very similar to human MM46, human and rat gangliosiode expression factor-2 (GEF2), C. elegans 14.8 kD protein C32D5.9 and Laccaria bicolor symbiosis-related protein LBU93506_1. The function of this highly conserved proteins is not known.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

strong similarity to rat GANGLIOSIDE EXPRESSION FACTOR 2 (GEF-2)

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: /map="12"

Insert length: 1880 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1859, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1830

1 GGGGGCCGGT ATTTCTCCAT CTGGCTCTCC TCTACCTCCA GGCAGGCTCA 51 CCCGAGATCC CCGCCCGGAA CCCCCCCTGC ACACTCGGCC CAGCGCTGTT 101 GCCCCGGAG CGGACGTTTC TGCAGCTATT CTGAGCACAC CTTGACGTCG 151 GCTGAGGGAG CGGGACAGGG TCAGCGGCGA AGGAGGCAGG CCCCGCGGG 201 GGATCTCGGA AGCCCTGCGG TGCATCATGA AGTTCCAGTA CAAGGAGGAC 201 CATCCCTTTG AGTATCGGAA AAAGGAAGGA GAAAAAGATCC GGAAGAAATA
301 TCCGGACAGG GTCCCCGTGA TTGTAGACGA GGCTCCAAAA GCCAGGGTGC
351 CTGATCTGGA CAAGAGGAAG TACCTAGTGC CCTCTGACCT TACTGTTGGC
401 CAGTTCTACT TCTTAATCCG GAAGAGAATC CACCTGAGAC CTGAGGACGC 451 CTTATTCTTC TTTGTCAACA ACACCATCCC TCCCACCAGT GCTACCATGG 501 GCCAACTGTA TGAGGACAAT CATGAGGAAG ACTATTTTCT GTATGTGGCC 551 TACAGTGATG AGAGTGTCTA TGGGAAATGA GTGGTTGGAA GCCCAGCAGA 601 TGGGAGCACC TGGACTTGGG GGTAGGGGAG GGGTGTGTGT GCGCGACATG 651 GGGAAAGAGG GTGGCTCCCA CCGCAAGGAG ACAGAAGGTG AAGACATCTA 701 GAAACATTAC ACCACACAC CCGTCATCAC ATTTTCACAT GCTCAATTGA 751 TATTTTTGC TGCTTCCTCG GCCCAGGGAG AAAGCATGTC AGGACAGAGC 801 TGTTGGATTG GCTTTGATAG AGGAATGGGG ATGATGTAAG TTTACAGTAT 851 TCCTGGGGTT TAATTGTTGT GCAGTTTCAT AGATGGGTCA GGAGGTGGAC 901 AAGTTGGGGC CAGAGATCAT GGCAGTCCAG CAGCAACTCC CTGTGGTCCC
951 TTCTCTTTGG GCAGAGATTC TATTTTTGAC ATTTGCACAA GACAGGTAGG
1001 GAAAGGGGAC TTGTGGTAGT GGACCATACC TGGGGACCAA AAGAGACCCA
1051 CTGTAATTGA TGCATTGTGG CCCCTGATCT TCCCTGTCTC ACACTTCTTT 1101 TCTCCCATCC CGGTTGCAAT CTCACTCAGA CATCACAGTA CCACCCCAGG
1151 GGTGGCAGTA GACAACAACC CAGAAATTTA GACAGGGATC TCTTACCTTT 1201 GGAAAATAGG GGTTAGGCAT GAAGGTGGTT GTGATTAAGA AGATGGTTTT 1251 GTTATTAAAT AGCATTAAAC TGGAATTGAC AAGAGTGTTG AGCATCCCTG 1301 TCTAACCTGC TCTTTCTCTT TGGTGCCCCT TATCTCACCC CTTCCTTGGA 1351 ATTTAATAAG TCTCAGGCAT TTCCAATTGT AGACTAAAAC CACTCTTAGC 1401 ATCTCCTCTA GTATTTTCCA TGTATCAGGA AAGAGGTGTC TTATGTAGGG 1451 AGGGGGCAAG TATGAAGTAA GGTAATTATA TACTACTCTC ATTCAGGATT
1501 CTTGCTCCCA TGCTGCTGTC CCTTCAGGCT CACATGCACA GGAATGCTAC
1551 ATGATGGCCA GCTGCTTCCC TCCTTGGTTA TCATCCACTG CAGCTGCTAG
1601 TTAGAAAGGT TTGGAGGGAT GACTTTTAGT AAATCATGGG GATTTTATTG 1651 ATTTATTTTC ACTTTTGGGA TTTTTGTGGGG TGGGAGTGGG GAGCAGGAAT 1701 TGCACTCAGA CATGACATTT CAATTCATCT CTGCTAATGA AAAGGGTTCT 1751 TTCTCTTGGG GGAAATGTGT GTGTCAGTTC TGTCAGCTGC AAGTTCTTGT 1851 ТАЛАЛАТССА АЛАЛАЛАЛА ЛАЛАЛАЛАС

BLAST Results

Entry HS418210 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-10496.

Score = 1916, P = 4.0e-80, identities = 394/400

Entry AC006514 from database EMBLNEW:
*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 68 unordered pieces.
Score = 610, P = 2.7e-16, identities = 128/134

4 exons

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 227 bp to 577 bp; peptide length: 117 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MKFQYKEDHP FEYRKKEGEK IRKKYPDRVP VIVEKAPKAR VPDLDKRKYL 51 VPSDLTVGQF YFLIRKRIHL RPEDALFFFV NNTIPPTSAT MGQLYEDNHE 101 EDYFLYVAYS DESVYGK

BLASTP hits

Entry YQD9 CAEEL from database SWISSPROT: HYPOTHETICAL 14.8 KD PROTEIN C32D5.9 IN CHROMOSOME II. Score = 496, P = 1.8e-47, identities = 91/116, positives = 105/116

Entry SYRP_LACBI from database SWISSPROT: SYMBIOSIS-RELATED PROTEIN. Score = 390, P = 3.1e-36, identities = 68/117, positives = 94/117

Entry LBU93506 1 from database TREMBL:
product: "symblosis-related protein"; Laccaria bicolor symbiosis-related protein mRNA, partial cds.

Score = 390, P = 3.1e-36, identities = 68/117, positives = 94/117

Entry GEF2 RAT from database SWISSPROT: GANGLIOSIDE EXPRESSION FACTOR 2 (GEF-2). Score = 373, P = 2.0e-34, identities = 71/116, positives = 88/116

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_72n12, frame 2

TREMBLNEW:AF044671_1 product: "MM46"; Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 549, P = 4.7e-53

SWISSPROT:GEF2 HUMAN GANGLIOSIDE EXPRESSION FACTOR 2 (GEF-2)., N = 1, Score = 373, P = 2.1e-34

>TREMBLNEW: AF044671_1 product: "MM46"; Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA, complete

Length = 117

HSPs:

Score = 549 (82.4 bits), Expect = 4.7e-53, P = 4.7e-53 Identities = 101/116 (87%), Positives = 110/116 (94%)

1 MKFQYKEDHPFEYRKKEGEKIRKKYPDRVPVIVEKAPKARVPDLDKRKYLVPSDLTVGQF 60 Ouerv: MKF YKE+HPFE R+ EGEKIRKKYPDRVPVIVEKAPKAR+ DLDK+KYLVPSDLTVGQF Sbjct: 1 MKFVYKEEHPFEKRRSEGEKIRKKYPDRVPVIVEKAPKARIGDLDKKKYLVPSDLTVGQF 60

61 YFLIRKRIHLRPEDALFFFVNNTIPPTSATMGQLYEDNHEEDYFLYVAYSDESVYG 116 Query: YFLIRKRIHLR EDALFFFVNN IPPTSATMGQLY+++HEED+FLY+AYSDESVYG 61 YFLIRKRIHLRAEDALFFFVNNVIPPTSATMGQLYQEHHEEDFFLYIAYSDESVYG 116 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_72n12, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2_72n12.2

[LENGTH] 117 (WM) 14044.07 8.67 [pI]

[HOMOL] TREMBL: AF044671 1 product: "MM46"; Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA, complete cds. 1e-56

[FUNCAT]	30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YBL078c] 4e-36	
[FUNCAT]	08.22 cytoskeleton-dependent transport [S. cerevisiae, YBL078c] 4e-36	
[FUNCAT] [SUPFAM] [PROSITE] [KW]	06.13.04 lysosomal and vacuolar degradation [S. cerevisiae, YBL078c] 4e-36 hypothetical protein YBL078c 8e-35 ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1 Alpha_Beta	
	DYKEDHPFEYRKKEGEKIRKKYPDRVPVIVEKAPKARVPDLDKRKYLVPSDLTVGQF cccccchhhhhhhhhhhhccccceeeeecccccccccc	
	YFLIRKRIHLRPEDALFFFVNNTIPPTSATMGQLYEDNHEEDYFLYVAYSDESVYGK hhhhhhhhdccccceeeecccccchhhhhhhhhcccccceeecccccc	

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_72n12.2

PS00001 81->85 ASN_GLYCOSYLATION PDOC00001

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_72n12.2)

322

DKFZphfbr2_78c24

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2_78c24 encodes a novel 563 amino acid protein with strong similarity to guanylate-binding proteins (GBPs).

GBPs were originally described as proteins that are strongly induced by interferons and are capable of binding to agarose-immobilized guanine nucleotides. hGBP1, the first of two members of this protein family in humans, represents a novel type of GTPase. The novel protein contains an ATP/GTP-binding site motif A (P-loop) and a RGD cell attachment site. It seems to be a new member of the GBP-family and shows a splicing pattern not described previously.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the response of cells to interferons.

strong similarity to guanine nucleotide-binding protein 1/2 but different "splice variant" as 211-245 of GBP1/2 missing

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2952 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2927, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2914

1 CAGTTCATT AGGCTCTGAA GCCATTACAA AGGTTGCTTA ACTTCTAATT 51 ATTTGATCAC TGAGGAAAAT CCAGAAAGCT ACACAACACT GAAGGGGTGA 101 AATAAAAGTC CAGCGATCCA GCGAAAGAAA AGAGAAGTGA CAGAAACAAC 151 TTTACCTGGA CTGAAGATAA AAGCACAGAC AAGAGAACAA TGCCCTGGAC 201 ATGGCTCCAG AGATCCACAT GACAGGCCCA ATGTGCCTCA TTGAGAACAC 251 TAATGGGGAA CTGGTGGCGA ATCCAGAAGC TCTGAAAATC CTGTCTGCCA 301 TTACACAGCC TGTGGTGGTG GTGGCAATTG TGGGCCTCTA CCGCACAGGA 351 AAATCCTACC TGATGAACAA GCTAGCTGGG AAGAATAAGG GCTTCTCTCT 401 GGGCTCCACA GTGAAATCTC ACACCAAAGG AATCTGGATG TGGTGTGTGC 451 CTCÁCCCCAA AAAGCCAGAA CACACCTTAG TCCTGCTTGA CACTGAGGGC 501 CTGGGAGATG TAAAGAAGGG TGACAACCAG AATGACTCCT GGATCTTCAC 551 CCTGGCCGTC CTCCTGAGCA GCACTCTCGT GTACAATAGC ATGGGAACCA 601 TCAACCAGCA GGCTATGGAC CAACTGTACT ATGTGACAGA GCTGACACAT 651 CGAATCCGAT CAAAATCCTC ACCTGATGAG AATGAGAATG AGGATTCAGC
701 TGACTTTGTG AGCTTCTTCC CAGATTTTGT GTGGACACTG AGAGATTTCT 751 CCCTGGACTT GGAAGCAGAT GGACAACCCC TCACACCAGA TGAGTACCTG 801 GAGTATTCCC TGAAGCTAAC GCAAGGTAAC AGGAAGCTTG CCCAGCTTGA 851 GAAACTACAA GATGAAGAGC TGGACCCTGA ATTGTGCAA CAAGTAGCAG 901 ACTTCTGTTC CTACATCTTT AGCAATTCCA AAACTAAAAC TCTTTCAGGA 951 GGCATCAAGG TCAATGGGCC TTGTCTAGAG AGCCTAGTGC TGACCTATAT 1001 CAATGCTATC AGCAGAGGGG ATCTGCCCTG CATGGAGAAC GCAGTCCTGG 1051 CCTTGGCCCA GATAGAGAAC TCAGCCGCAG TGCAAAAGGC TATTGCCCAC 1101 TATGACCAGC AGATGGGCCA GAAGGTGCAG CTGCCCGCAG AAACCCTCCA 1151 GGAGCTGCTG GACCTGCACA GGGTTAGTGA GAGGGAGGCC ACTGAAGTCT 1201 ATATGAAGAA CTCTTTCAAG GATGTGGACC ATCTGTTTCA AAACAAATTA
1251 GCGGCCCAGC TAGACAAAAA GCGGGATGAC TTTTGTAAAC AGAATCAAGA
1301 AGCATCATCA GATCGTTGCT CAGCTTTACT TCAGGTCATT TTCAGTCCTC 1351 TAGAAGAAGA AGTGAAGGCG GGAATTTATT CGAAACCAGG GGGCTATTGT 1401 CTCTTTATTC AGAAGCTACA AGACCTGGAG AAAAAGTACT ATGAGGAACC
1451 AAGGAAGGGG ATACAGGCTG AAGAGATTCT GCAGACATAC TTGAAATCCA 1501 AGGAGTCTGT GACCGATGCA ATTCTACAGA CAGACCAGAT TCTCACAGAA 1551 AAGGAAAAGG AGATTGAAGT GGAATGTGTA AAAGCTGAAT CTGCACAGGC 1601 TTCAGCAAAA ATGGTGGAGG AAATGCAAAT AAAGTATCAG CAGATGATGG 1651 AAGAGAAAGA GAAGAGTTAT CAAGAACATG TGAAACAATT GACTGAGAAG 1701 ATGGAGAGGG AGAGGGCCCA GTTGCTGGAA GAGCAAGAGA AGACCCTCAC 1751 TAGTAAACTT CAGGAACAGG CCCGAGTACT AAAGGAGAGA TGCCAAGGTG 1801 AAAGTACCCA ACTTCAAAAT GAGATACAAA AGCTACAGAA GACCCTGAAA 1851 AAAAAAACCA AGAGATATAT GTCGCATAAG CTAAAGATCT AAACAACAGA 1901 GCTTTTCTGT CATCCTAACC CAAGGCATAA CTGAAACAAT TTTAGAATTT 1951 GGAACAAGTG TCACTATATT TGATAATAAT TAGATCTTGC ATCATAACAC 2001 TAAAAGTTTA CAAGAACATG CAGTTCAATG ATCAAAATCA TGTTTTTTCC 2051 TTAAAAAGAT TGTAAATTGT GCAACAAAGA TGCATTTACC TCTGTACCAA
2101 CAGAGGAGGG ATCATGAGTT GCCACCACTC AGAAGTTTAT TCTTCCAGAC 2151 GACCAGTGGA TACTGAGGAA AGTCTTAGGT AAAAATCTTG GGACATATTT
2201 GGGCACTGGT TTGGCCAAGT GTACAATAGG TCCCAATATC AGAAACAACC 2251 ATCCTAGCTT CCTAGGGAAG ACAGTGTACA GTTCTCCATT ATATCAAGGC
2301 TACAAGGTCT ATGAGCAATA ATGTGATTTC TGGACATTGC CCATGGATAA 2351 TTCTCACTGA TGGATCTCAA GCTAAAGCAA ACCATCTTAT ACAGAGATCT 2401 AGAATCTTAT ATTTTCCATA GGAAGGTAAA GAAATCATTA GCAAGAGTAG 2451 GAATTGAATC ATAAACAAAT TGGCTAATGA AGAAATCTTT TCTTTCTTGT 2501 TCAATTCATC TAGATTATAA CCTTAATGTG ACACCTGAGA CCTTTAGACA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 201 bp to 1889 bp; peptide length: 563 Category: strong similarity to known protein Classification: Cell signaling/communication Prosite motifs: RGD (272-275) ATP GTP A (45-53)

- 1 MAPEIHMTGP MCLIENTNGE LVANPEALKI LSAITQPVVV VAIVGLYRTG
 51 KSYLMNKLAG KNKGFSLGST VKSHTKGIWM WCVPHPKKPE HTLVLLDTEG
 101 LGDVKKGDNQ NDSWIFTLAV LLSSTLVYNS MGTINQQAMD QLYYVTELTH
 151 RIRSKSSPDE NENEDSADFV SFFPDFWWTL ROFSLDLEAD GQPLTPDEYL
 201 EYSLKLTQGN RKLAQLEKLQ DEELDPEFVQ QVADFCSYIF SNSKTKTLSG
 251 GIKVNGPCLE SLVLTYINAI SRGDLPCMEN AVLALAQIEN SAAVQKAIAH
 301 YOQQMGQKVQ LPAETLQELL DLHRVSEREA TEVYMKNSFK DVOHLFQKKL
 351 AAQLDKKRDD FCKQNQEASS DRCSALLQVI FSPLEEEVKA GIYSKPGGYC
 401 LFTQKLQDLE KKYYEEPRKG IQAEEILQTY LKSKESVTDA ILQTDQILTE
 451 KEKEIEVECV KAESAQASAK MVEEMQIKYQ QMMEEKEKSY QEHVKQLTEK
 551 KKTKRYMSHK LKI
 - BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_78c24, frame 3

PIR:A41268 guanine nucleotide-binding protein 1 - human, N = 2, Score = 1306, P = 4.9e-238

PIR:A46459 macrophage-activation gene-1 protein mag-1 - mouse, N = 2, Score = 942, P = 8.9e-184

PIR:S70524 guanine nucleotide-binding protein 2 - human, N = 2, Score = 1131, P = 4.1e-210

TREMBL:AF077007_1 gene: "Gbp2"; product: "interferon-induced guanylate binding protein GBP-2"; Mus musculus interferon-induced guanylate binding protein GBP-2 (Gbp2) mRNA, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 904, P = 1.2e-179

HSPs:

Score = 1306 (195.9 bits), Expect = 4.9e-238, Sum P(2) = 4.9e-238 Identities = 264/332 (79%), Positives = 288/332 (86%)

Query: 211 RKLAQLEKLQDEELDPEFVQQVADFCSYIFSNSKTKTLSGGIKVNGPCLESLVLTYINAI 270 RKLAQLEKLQDEELDPEFVQQVADFCSYIFSNSKTKTLSGGI+VNGP LESLVLTY+NAI Sbjct: 245 RKLAQLEKLQDEELDPEFVQQVADFCSYIFSNSKTKTLSGGIQVNGPRLESLVLTYVNAI 304

```
271 SRGDLPCMENAVLALAQIENSAAVQKAIAHYDQQMGQKVQLPAETLQELLDLHRVSEREA 330
Query:
            S GDLPCMENAVLALAQIENSAAVQKAIAHY+QQMGQKVQLP E+LQELLDLHR SEREA
        305 SSGDLPCMENAVLALAQIENSAAVQKAIAHYEQQMGQKVQLPTESLQELLDLHRDSEREA 364
Sbjct:
        331 TEVYMKNSFKDVDHLFQKKLAAQLDKKRDDFCKQNQEASSDRCSALLQVIFSPLEEEVKA 390
Query:
            EV++++SFKDVDHLFQK+LAAQL+KKRDDFCKQNQEASSDRCS LLQVIFSPLEEEVKA
        365 IEVFIRSSFKDVDHLFQKELAAQLEKKRDDFCKQNQEASSDRCSGLLQVIFSPLEEEVKA 424
Sbict:
        391 GIYSKPGGYCLFIQKLQDLEKKYYEEPRKGIQAEEILQTYLKSKESVTDAILQTDQILTX 450
Ouerv:
            GIYSKPGGY LF+QKLQDL+KKYYEEPRKGIQAEEILQTYLKSKES+TDAILQTDQ LT
        425 GIYSKPGGYRLFVQKLQDLKKKYYEEPRKGIQAEEILQTYLKSKESMTDAILQTDQTLTE 484
Sbict:
        451 XXXXXXXXXXXXAQASAKMVEEMQIKYQQMMEEKEKSYQEHVKQLTEKMXXXXXXXX 510
Query:
                       SAQASAKM++EMQ K +QMME+KE+SYQEH+KQLTEKM
        485 KEKEIEVERVKAESAQASAKMLQEMQRKNEQMMEQKERSYQEHLKQLTEKMENDRVQLLK 544
Sbict:
        511 XXXKTLTSKLQEQARVLKERCQGESTQLQNEI 542
Query:
        +TL KLQEQ ++LKE Q ES ++NEI
545 EQERTLALKLQEQEQLLKEGFQKESRIMKNEI 576
Sbjct:
 Score = 1012 (151.8 bits), Expect = 4.9e-238, Sum P(2) = 4.9e-238
 Identities = 194/211 (91%), Positives = 200/211 (94%)
          1 MAPEIHMTGPMCLIENTNGELVANPEALKILSAITQPVVVVAIVGLYRTGKSYLMNKLAG 60
Query:
           MA EIHMTGPMCLIENTNG L+ANPEALKILSAITQP+VVVAIVGLYRTGKSYLMNKLAG
          1 MASEIHMTGPMCLIENTNGRLMANPEALKILSAITQPMVVVAIVGLYRTGKSYLMNKLAG 60
Sbict:
         61 KNKGFSLGSTVKSHTKGIWMWCVPHPKKPEHTLVLLDTEGLGDVKKGDNQNDSWIFTLAV 120
Query:
            K KGFSLGSTV+SHTKGIWMWCVPHPKKP H LVLLDTEGLGDV+KGDNQNDSWIF LAV
         61 KKKGFSLGSTVQSHTKGIWMWCVPHPKKPGHILVLLDTEGLGDVEKGDNQNDSWIFALAV 120
Sbjct:
        121 LLSSTLVYNSMGTINQQAMDQLYYVTELTHRIRSKSSPDENENE--DSADFVSFFPDFVW 178
LLSST VYNS+GTINQQAMDQLYYVTELTHRIRSKSSPDENENE DSADFVSFFPDFVW
Query:
        121 LLSSTFVYNSIGTINQQAMDQLYYVTELTHRIRSKSSPDENENEVEDSADFVSFFPDFVW 180
Sbjct:
Query:
        179 TLRDFSLDLEADGOPLTPDEYLEYSLKLTOG 209
           TLRDFSLDLEADGOPLTPDEYL YSLKL +G
Sbjct:
        181 TLRDFSLDLEADGQPLTPDEYLTYSLKLKKG 211
          Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_78c24, frame 3
                  Report for DKFZphfbr2_78c24.3
[LENGTH]
             563
             64127.72
[MW]
[PI]
[HOMOL]
             5.45
             PIR:A41268 guanine nucleotide-binding protein 1 - human 0.0
             guanine nucleotide-binding protein 1 0.0 ATP_GTP_A 1 RGD 1
(SUPFAM)
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             TRANSMEMBRANE 1
(KW)
(KW)
             LOW COMPLEXITY
                              6.75 %
(KW)
             COILED COIL
                             10.48 %
SEQ
      MAPEIHMTGPMCLIENTNGELVANPEALKILSAITQPVVVVAIVGLYRTGKSYLMNKLAG
SEG
PRD
      COILS
MEM
      SEO
      KNKGFSLGSTVKSHTKGIWMWCVPHPKKPEHTLVLLDTEGLGDVKKGDNQNDSWIFTLAV
SEG
PRD
      COILS
      MEM
SEQ
      LLSSTLVYNSMGTINQQAMDQLYYVTELTHRIRSKSSPDENENEDSADFVSFFPDFVWTL
SEG
PRD
      COILS
          MEM
      RDFSLDLEADGQPLTPDEYLEYSLKLTQGNRKLAQLEKLQDEELDPEFVQQVADFCSYIF
SEQ
SEG
PRD
```

COILS

MEM	•••••
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	SNSKTKTLSGGIKVNGPCLESLVLTYINAISRGDLPCMENAVLÄLAQIENSAAVQKAIAH CCCCeeeccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhccccccccchhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	YDQQMGQKVQLPAETLQELLDLHRVSEREATEVYMKNSFKDVDHLFQKKLAAQLDKKRDD hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	FCKQNQEASSDRCSALLQVIFSPLEEEVKAGIYSKPGGYCLFIQKLQDLEKKYYEEPRKG hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	IQAEEILQTYLKSKESVTDAILQTDQILTEKEKEIEVECVKAESAQASAKMVEEMQIKYQ
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	QMMEEKEKSYQEHVKQLTEKMERERAQLLEEQEKTLTSKLQEQARVLKERCQGESTQLQN
SEQ SEG PRD COILS MEM	EIQKLQKTLKKKTKRYMSHKLKIxxxxxxxxxxxx hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccc CCCCCCC

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_78c24.3

PS00016 272->275 RGD PD0C00016 PS00017 45->53 ATP_GTP_A PD0C00017

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_78c24.3)

DKFZphfbr2 78d13

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 78d13 encodes a novel 259 amino acid protein with similarity to C. elegans putative protein from cosmid K08B12.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific

similarity to C.elegans K08B12.3

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /map="338.4 cR from top of Chr18 linkage group"

Insert length: 2195 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2175, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2156

```
1 CGTCCGTCGG GCAGCAGCGG GGCTGTCTAT CCCGGCTGAG GACCCGCGGC
  51 CAGTGCGGGT GGCTGGCTTT GCCATTAGCG GGGGCCTTTC CTGAGGACGG
 101 CGTACGGAGT GTGGGGAATG AAGGATGGCA GCATGCCGTG CATTAAAAGC
 151 TGTTTTGGTA GATCTCAGTG GCACACTTCA CATTGAAGAT GCAGCTGTGC
 201 CAGGCGCACA GGAAGCTCTT AAAAGGTTAC GTGGTGCTTC TGTAATCATT
 251 AGGTTTGTGA CCAATACAAC CAAAGAGAGC AAGCAAGACC TGTTAGAAAG
 301 GTTGAGAAAA TTGGAATTTG ATATCTCTGA AGATGAAATA TTCACATCTC
 351 TGACTGCAGC CAGAAGTTTA CTAGAGCGGA AACAAGTCAG ACCCATGCTG
 401 CTAGTTGATG ATCGGGCACT ACCTGATTTC AAAGGAATAC AAACAAGTGA
 451 TCCTAATGCT GTGGTCATGG GATTGGCACC AGAACATTTT CATTATCAAA
501 TTCTGAATCA AGCATTCCGG TTACTCCTGG ATGGAGCACC TCTGATAGCA
 551 ATCCACAAAG CCAGGTATTA CAAGAGGAAA GATGGCTTAG CCCTGGGGCC
 601 TGGACCATTT GTGACTGCTT TAGAGTATGC CACAGATACC AAAGCCACAG
 651 TCGTGGGGAA ACCAGAGAAG ACGTTCTTTT TGGAAGCATT GCGGGGCACT
 701 GGCTGTGAAC CTGAGGAGGC TGTCATGATA GGAGATGATT GCAGGGATGA
 751 TGTTGGTGGG GCTCAAGATG TCGGCATGCT GGGCATCTTA GTAAAGACTG
 801 GGAAATATCG AGCATCAGAT GAAGAAAAA TTAATCCACC TCCTTACTTA
 851 ACTTGTGAGA GTTTCCCTCA TGCTGTGGAC CACATTCTGC AGCACCTATT
 901 GTGAAGCAAT GTGTGCATCT GAAGCAACTT GAAATGCAGC TTCTTATTGT
951 CTGGAATGAA TCCCTTACCA ACTCAGTGCC AGCATCGGTA GACACCAGTC
1001 AGTGCTGATC GCTTTTTAAC CCTCTTTTGT TGTGCATTAA TTAGAAAGAA
1051 AGGTATTGAA TTGCGGCTAG CCAGTAAGCC TTGCTAATCT CTTTTATTTT
1101 GTAACTGAAG ATGAGACCCA AAGAAAGGGA AAGCTGAGAT TTTGTGCCAT
1151 TCCTTTTAAA ATATTCATCA GGTTAGGTGG GGCTGTGGGG GAAAAGCTAC
1201 TACAGGGAAG AGTGTTCTCT GCTGTCTCTT CACTGGAAAA CAGGGAGGGG
1251 GGATTTCAGA CTGTGAAGAA AGTTGAATGG TGGTTTTTAA ATTATAAAGT
1301 AATGTATTAA AAGGTGCATT AGGCTGTAGT TCTAATATTG AGTTCAACTG
1351 TGAAATCCAT CAGATGTGCC AAATGGAGAA GACAGAAAGC AACAAAGTGA
1401 ATTGTTCTTT AGCCCAAGTG GTACAGTGAA TTTGCTTTAA CAGATGTTGA
1451 AAACTAAATT TTCTACTGTA TTCCCAGCAC GGGTGACTTC TTTTTCTCTT
1501 CATTAGCCAG AGATGACTAA TTTAAATTTA GAACCAGATT TTAATTTAAA
1551 TTAATATTC CATTAATAAC CTACTCATTG CAGATACCTA TTATACTGTG 1601 TAACAGTTGT TTTGGAAATT TTATGTAAAA TTAAAACTAT CAGTATTTA
1651 CAGATGTTTT AATTAGACAT TGTTATTAAC AGGAACAGTG CAGAAACTAG
1701 AATCAAGCCT TATAATATCT TATAGACCAT GCATTTTTGA AGTTAGTGTC
1751 CACTAGGGTC CTATTAACTG TACATTTGCA AGATTTCATT ATTTTTGCCT
1801 CTGACACTAT GGGAAAAATT TTTTAGAAGC TATTGGGACA GATTCAAGCT
1851 TTTATCCACT TGGTTACTAC AGCTGTAAAA TGAAATCTCG TCTTCTAGCA
1901 TGGATTATTC TTCTCATGTT AAACCCACCA AAATAAAGGG GACTAAATAG
1951 GTAATGATTT TCCTAGTGCA TTTGCATACT GTGATAATCC TGGGCCTTGC
2001 AATAGTTCTA CAGGGCTCTT GGGCATTGAA TTATTAGGAT GTAATTGTAC
2051 ATCATTGTAG TGTTCACCTT ATTGAAGCTC ACTCTGATGT TAATGAGCTT
2101 CGGGTTTTGA TGCTTGTTTA GAGATCAGCA GTCTTGGATG GGAGGGAACA
```

BLAST Results

Entry HS599355 from database EMBL: human STS WI-13484.

Score = 1262, P = 3.6e-52, identities = 274/289

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 125 bp to 901 bp; peptide length: 259 Category: similarity to unknown protein

Classification: no clue

- 1 MAACRALKAV LVDLSGTLHI EDAAVPGAQE ALKRLRGASV IIRFVTNTTK
- 51 ESKQDLLERL RKLEFDISED EIFTSLTAAR SLLERKQVRP MLLVDDRALP
- 101 DFKGIQTSDP NAVVMGLAPE HFHYQILNQA FRLLLDGAPL IAIHKARYYK
- 151 RKDGLALGPG PFVTALEYAT DTKATVVGKP EKTFFLEALR GTGCEPEEAV
- 201 MIGDDCRDDV GGAQDVGMLG ILVKTGKYRA SDEEKINPPP YLTCESFPHA
- 251 VDHILQHLL

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2 78d13, frame 2

TREMBL:CEUK08B12_1 gene: "K08B12.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid KO8B12., N = 1, Score = 609, P = 2.2e-59

TREMBL:CEC13C4_5 gene: "C13C4.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C13C4, N = 1, Score = 408, P = 4.4e-38

>TREMBL:CEUKO8B12_1 gene: "KO8B12.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid

Length = 257

HSPs:

Score = 609 (91.4 bits), Expect = 2.2e-59, P = 2.2e-59Identities = 132/251 (52%), Positives = 172/251 (68%)

7 LKAVLVDLSGTLHIEDAAVPGAQEALKRLRGASVIIRFVTNTTKESKQDLLERLRKLEFD 66

+ +VL+DLSGT+HIE+ A+PGAQ AL+ LR + + +FVTNTTKESK+ L +RL F
4 ISSVLIDLSGTIHIEEFAIPGAQTALELLRQHAKV-KFVTNTTKESKRLLHQRLINCGFK 62 Sbjct:

Query:

67 ISEDEIFTSLTAARSLLERKQVRPMLLVDDRALPDFKGIQTSDPNAVVMGLAPEHFHYQI 126 + ++EIFTSLTAAR L+ + Q RP +VDDRA+ DF+GI T DPNAVV+GLAPE F+ 63 VEKEEIFTSLTAARDLIVKNQYRPFFIVDDRAMEDFEGISTDDPNAVVIGLAPEKFNDTT 122 Sbjct:

127 LNQAFRLLLDG-APLIAIHKARYYKRKDGLALGPGPFVTALEYATDTKATVVGKPEKTFF 185 L AFRL+ + A LIAI+K RY++ GL LGPG +V LEY+ +AT+VGKP K FF 123 LTHAFRLIKEKKASLIAINKGRYHQTNAGLCLGPGTYVAGLEYSAGVEATIVGKPNKLFF 182 Ouerv:

Sbjct:

Ouerv: 186 LEALRGTG--CEPEEAVMIGDDCRDDVGGAQDVGMLGILVKTGKYRASDEEKINPPPYLT 243

AL+ + AVMIGDD DD GA +GM ILVKTGK+R DE K+
183 ESALQSLNENVDFSSAVMIGDDVNDDALGAIKIGMRAILVKTGKFRDGDELKVKN----V 238 Sbjct:

244 CESFPHAVDHILQH 257 Query: SF AV+ I+++

239 ANSFVDAVNMIIEN 252 Sbict:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_78d13, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfbr2 78d13.2

[LENGTH] 259 [WM] 28536.04 [pI] 5.84

[HOMOL] TREMBL:CEUK08B12_1 gene: "K08B12.3"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K08B12. 3e-

[M. jannaschii, MJ1437] 3e-05

62 [FUNCAT]

r general function prediction (SUPFAM) nagD protein 4e-18

[KW] Alpha_Beta

SEQ PRD	MAACRALKAVLVDLSGTLHIEDAAVPGAQEALKRLRGASVIIRFVTNTTKESKQDLLERL CCCCCCeeeeeecccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ PRD	RKLEFDISEDEIFTSLTAARSLLERKQVRPMLLVDDRALPDFKGIQTSDPNAVVMGLAPE hhhccccccceeeeehhhhhhhhhhhhhccceeeeeechhhhhh
SEQ PRD	HFHYQILNQAFRLLLDGAPLIAIHKARYYKRKDGLALGPGPFVTALEYATDTKATVVGKP chhhhhhhhhhhhhhccceeeeecccccccccccccchhhhhh
SEQ PRD	EKTFFLEALRGTGCEPEEAVMIGDDCRDDVGGAQDVGMLGILVKTGKYRASDEEKINPPP cchhhhhhhhhcccceeeeeeccchhhhhhhhhccccccc
SEQ PRD	YLTCESFPHAVDHILQHLL cccccchhhhhhhhhccc

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_78d13.2)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_78d13.2)

DKF2phfbr2_78k24

group: metabolism

DKFZphfbr2_78k24 encodes a novel 372 amino acid protein with similarity to Mus musculus ubiquitin specific protease UBP43.

The novel protein contains a Prosite ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2 signature 2. Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases (EC 3.1.2.15) (UCH) (deubiquitinating enzymes) are thiol proteases that recognize and hydrolyze the peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. These enzymes are involved in the processing of poly-ubiquitin precursors as well as that of ubiquinated proteins.

The new protein can find application in modulation of protein stability/degradation in cells.

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2 signature 2.

strong similarity to mouse ubiquitin specific protease UBP43

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1874 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1852, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1836

1 AGTCCCGACG TGGAACTCAG CAGCGGAGGC TGGACGCTTG CATGGCGCTT 101 CGTGCTGTCC TGAACGCGGG CCAGGCAGCT GCGGCCTGGG GGTTTTGGAG 151 TGATCACGAA TGAGCAAGGC GTTTGGGCTC CTGAGGCAAA TCTGTCAGTC
201 CATCCTGGCT GAGTCCTCGC AGTCCCCGGC AGATCTTGAA GAAAAGAAGG 251 AAGAAGACAG CAACATGAAG AGGAGCAGC CCAGAGAGCG TCCCAGGGCC
301 TGGGACTACC CTCATGGCCT GGTTGGTTTA CACAACATTG GACAGACCTG 351 CTGCCTTAAC TCCTTGATTC AGGTGTTCGT AATGAATGTG GACTTCACCA 401 GGATATTGAA GAGGATCACG GTGCCCAGGG GAGCTGACGA GCAGAGGAGA 451 ACCGTCCCTT TCCACATGCT TCTGCTGCTG GAGAAGATGC AGGACAGCCG
501 GCAGAAAGCA GTGCGGCCCC TGGAGCTGGC CTACTGCCTG CAGAAGTGCA 551 ACGTGCCCTT GTTTGTCCAA CATGATGCTG CCCAACTGTA CCTCAAACTC 601 TGGAACCTGA TTAAGGACCA GATCACTGAT GTGCACTTGG TGGAGAGACT 651 GCAGGCCCTG TATACGATCC GGGTGAAGGA CTCCTTGATT TGCGTTGACT 701 GTGCCATGGA GAGTAGCAGA AACAGCAGCA TGCTCACCCT CCCACTTTCT 751 CTTTTTGATG TGGACTCAAA GCCCCTGAAG ACACTGGAGG ACGCCCTGCA 801 CTGCTTCTTC CAGCCCAGGG AGTTATCAAG CAAAAGCAAG TGCTTCTGTG 851 AGAACTGTGG GAAGAAGACC CGTGGGAAAC AGGTCTTGAA GCTGACCCAT 901 TTGCCCCAGA CCCTGACAAT CCACCTCATG CGATTCTCCA TCAGGAATTC
951 ACAGACGAGA AAGATCTGCC ACTCCCTGTA CTTCCCCCAG AGCTTGGATT 1001 TCAGCCAGAT CCTTCCAATG AAGCCAGAGT CTTGTCATGC TGAGGAGCAG
1051 TCTGGAGGGC AGTATGAGCT TTTTGCTGTG ATTGCGCACG TGGGAATGGC 1101 AGACTCCGGT CATTACTGTG TCTACATCCG GAATGCTGTG GATGGAAAAT 1151 GGTTCTGCTT CAATGACTCC AATATTTGCT TGGTGTCCTG GGAAGACATC 1201 CAGTGTACCT ACGGAAATCC TAACTACCAC TGGCAGGAAA CTGCATATCT 1251 TCTGGTTTAC ATGAAGATGG AGTGCTAATG GAAATGCCCA AAACCTTCAG 1301 AGATTGACAC GCTGTCATTT TCCATTTCCG TTCCTGGATC TACGGAGTCT 1351 TCTAAGAGAT TTTGCAATGA GGAGAAGCAT TGTTTTCAAA CTATATAACT 1401 GAGCCTTATT TATAATTAGG GATATTATCA AAATATGTAA CCATGAGGCC 1451 CCTCAGGTCC TGATCAGTCA GAATGGATGC TTTCACCAGC AGACCCGGCC 1501 ATGTGGCTGC TCGGTCCTGG GTGCTCGCTG CTGTGCAAGA CATTAGCCCT 1551 TTAGTTATGA GCCTGTGGGA ACTTCAGGGG TTCCCAGTGG GGAGAGCAGT 1601 GGCAGTGGGA GGCATCTGGG GGCCAAAGGT CAGTGGCAGG GGGTATTTCA 1651 GTATTATACA ACTGCTGTGA CCAGACTTGT ATACTGGCTG AATATCAGTG 1701 CTGTTTGTAA TTTTTCACTT TGAGAACCAA CATTAATTCC ATATGAATCA 1751 AGTGTTTTGT AACTGCTATT CATTTATTCA GCAAATATTT ATTGATCATC 1801 TCTTCTCCAT AAGATAGTGT GATAAACACA GTCATGAATA AAGTTATTTT 1851 ССАСААААА АААААААААА АААА

BLAST Results

Entry AC005500 from database EMBL:

, complete sequence. Score = 859, P = 5.7e-143, identities = 175/179

8 exons matching Bp 317-1230

Medline entries

A novel ubiquitin-specific protease, UBP43, cloned from leukemia fusion protein AML1-ETO-expressing mice, functions in hematopoietic cell differentiation.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 160 bp to 1275 bp; peptide length: 372 Category: strong similarity to known protein

Classification: Protein management Prosite motifs: UCH_2_2 (302-320)

- 1 MSKAFGLLRQ ICQSILAESS QSPADLEEKK EEDSNMKREQ PRERPRAWDY 51 PHGLVGLHNI GQTCCLNSLI QVFVMNVDFT RILKRITVPR GADEQRRSVP 101 FQMLLLLEKM QDSRQKAVRP LELAYCLQKC NVPLFVQHDA AQLYLKLWNL
- 151 IKDQITDVHL VERLQALYTI RVKDSLICVD CAMESSRNSS MLTLPLSLFD 201 VDSKPLKTLE DALHCFFQPR ELSSKSKCFC ENCGKKTRGK QVLKLTHLPQ
- 251 TLTIHLMRFS IRNSQTRKIC HSLYFPQSLD FSQILPMKRE SCDAEEQSGG
- 301 QYELFAVIAH VGMADSGHYC VYIRNAVDGK WFCFNDSNIC LVSWEDIQCT
- 351 YGNPNYHWQE TAYLLVYMKM EC

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 78k24, frame 1

TREMBLNEW:AF069502_1 product: "ubiquitin specific protease UBP43"; Mus musculus ubiquitin specific protease UBP43 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 1367, P = 1e-139

SWISSPROT: UBPE DROME UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 64E (EC 3.1.2.15) (UBIQUITIN THIOLESTERASE 64E) (UBIQUITIN-SPECIFIC PROCESSING PROTEASE 64E) (DEUBIQUITINATING ENZYME 64E)., N = 2, Score = 248, P = 5.3e-33

>TREMBLNEW: AF069502_1 product: "ubiquitin specific protease UBP43"; Mus musculus ubiquitin specific protease UBP43 mRNA, complete cds. Length = 368

Score = 1367 (205.1 bits), Expect = 1.0e-139, P = 1.0e-139Identities = 262/369 (71%), Positives = 295/369 (79%)

- 1 MSKAFGLLRQICQSILAESSQSPADLEEKKEEDSNMKREQPRERPRAWDYPHGLVGLHNI 60 M K FGLLR+ CQS++AE Q A LEE E KR R+ AWD PHGLVGLHNI
 1 MGKGFGLLRKPCQSVVAEPQQYSA-LEE--ERTMKRKRVLSRDLCSAWDSPHGLVGLHNI 57
- Sbjct:
- 61 GOTCCLNSLIQVFVMNVDFTRILKRITVPRGADEQRRSVPFQMLLLLEKMQDSRQKAVRP 120 Query: GOTCCLNSL+QVF+MN+DF ILKRITVPR A+E++RSVPFQ+LLLLEKMQDSRQKA+ P
- 58 GQTCCLNSLLQVFMMNMDFRMILKRITVPRSAEERKRSVPFQLLLLLEKMQDSRQKALLP 117 Sbict:
- 121 LELAYCLQKCNVPLFVQHDAAQLYLKLWNLIKDQITDVHLVERLQALYTIRVKDSLICVD 180 Ouerv: EL CLQK NVPLFVQHDAAQLYL +WNL KDQITD L ERLQ L+TI ++SLICV
- 118 TELVQCLQKYNVPLFVQHDAAQLYLTIWNLTKDQITDTDLTERLQGLFTIWTQESLICVG 177 Sbjct:
- 181 CAMESSRNSSMLTLPLSLFDVDSKPLKTLEDALHCFFQPRELSSKSKCFCENCGKKTRGK 240 Query:
- C ESSR S +LTL L LFD D+KPLKTLEDAL CF QP+EL+S C CE CG+KT K 178 CTAESSRRSKLLTLSLPLFDKDAKPLKTLEDALRCFVQPKELASSDMC-CETCGEKTPWK 236 Sbjct:
- Query: 241 QVLKLTHLPQTLTIHLMRFSIRNSQTRKICHSLYFPQSLDFSQILPMKRESCDAEEQSGG 300
- QVLKLTHLPQTLTIHLMRFS RNS+T KICHS+ FPQSLDFSQ+LP + + D +EQS Sbjct: 237 QVLKLTHLPQTLTIHLMRFSARNSRTEKICHSVNFPQSLDFSQVLPTEEDLGDTKEQSEI 296
- 301 QYELFAVIAHVGMADSGHYCVYIRNAVDGKWFCFNDSNICLVSWEDIQCTYGNPNYHWQE 360
- Query:
- YELFAVIAHVGMAD GHYC YIRN VDGKWFCFNDS++C V+W+D+QCTYGN Y W+E
 297 HYELFAVIAHVGMADFGHYCAYIRNPVDGKWFCFNDSHVCWVTWKDVQCTYGNHRYRWRE 356 Sbict:
- 361 TAYLLVYMK 369 Query:

TAYLLVY K
Sbjct: 357 TAYLLVYTK 365

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_78k24, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2 78k24.1

```
[LENGTH]
                                 372
 ( WW )
                                 43011.12
 [pI]
                                 8.05
                                 TREMBLNEW: AF069502_1 product: "ubiquitin specific protease UBP43"; Mus musculus
[HOMOL]
ubiquitin specific protease UBP43 mRNA, complete cds. 1e-151
[FUNCAT] 06.13 proteolysis [S. cerevisiae, YMR304w] 3e-19
[FUNCAT] 06.13.01 cytoplasmic degradation [S. cerevisiae, YJL197w] 3e-16
[FUNCAT] UD.13.UI CYCOPIASMIC DEGRADATION [S. CEREVISIAE, YJL197w] 3e-16 [FUNCAT] 06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. CEREVISIAE, YMR223w] 1e-15 [FUNCAT] 04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. CEREVISIAE, YNL186w] 6e-12 [FUNCAT] 03.10 sporulation and germination [S. CEREVISIAE, YDR069c] 9e-11 [FUNCAT] 10.03.99 other osmosensing activities [S. CEREVISIAE, YDR069c] [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] 10.03.99 other osmosensing activities [S. CEREVISIAE, YDR069c] [FUNCAT] [FU
                                 10.03.99 other osmosensing activities [S. cerevisiae, YDR069c] 9e-11 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR069c] 9e-11 30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YDR069c] 9e-11
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
                                 09.25 vacuolar and lysosomal biogenesis
                                                                                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YDR069c] 9e-11
 [FUNCAT]
                                 BL00582A Ribosomal protein L33 proteins
 BLOCKS
 [BLOCKS]
                                 BL00972E
 [BLOCKS]
                                 BL00972D
 [BLOCKS]
                                 BL00972A
 (EC)
                                 2.4.2.29 Queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase 1e-06
 [PIRKW]
                                 pentosyltransferase 1e-06
                                glycosyltransferase le-06
tRNA modification le-06
alternative splicing 7e-11
hydrolase 7e-06
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKWI
 PIRKWI
 [PIRKW]
                                 deubiquinating enzyme SSV7 2e-09
 [SUPFAM]
                                 UCH 2 2 1
Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2
 [PROSITE]
 [PFAM]
                                 Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2
 [PFAM]
[KW]
                                 Alpha_Beta
                MSKAFGLLRQICQSILAESSQSPADLEEKKEEDSNMKREQPRERPRAWDYPHGLVGLHNI
SEQ
PRD
                 GOTCCLNSI.TOVFVMNVDFTRILKRITVPRGADEORRSVPFOMLLILEKMODSROKAVRP
SEO
                 PRD
                 LELAYCLQKCNVPLFVQHDAAQLYLKLWNLIKDQITDVHLVERLQALYTIRVKDSLICVD
SEO
                 PRD
                 CAMESSRNSSMLTLPLSLFDVDSKPLKTLEDALHCFFQPRELSSKSKCFCENCGKKTRGK
SEO
                 cccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccccceeeccccc
SEQ
                 QVLKLTHLPQTLTIHLMRFSIRNSQTRKICHSLYFPQSLDFSQILPMKRESCDAEEQSGG
                 PRD
                 OYELFAVIAHVGMADSGHYCVYIRNAVDGKWFCFNDSNICLVSWEDIOCTYGNPNYHWQE
SEO
PRD
                 TAYLLVYMKMEC
SEQ
                 hhhhhhhhhccc
PRD
```

Prosite for DKF2phfbr2_78k24.1

PS00973 302->320 UCH_2_2 PD0C00750

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_78k24.1

HMM_NAME Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2

HMM *GIQNIGNTCYMNSIIQCL*
G+ N+G TC +NS+IQ+
Query 56 GLHNIGQTCCLNSLIQVF 73

DKFZphfbr2_78n23

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 78n23 encodes a novel 329 amino acid protein with similarity to A.thaliana F26P21.80 protein.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific

similarity to A.thaliana F26P21.80

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /map="89.1 cR from top of Chr19 linkage group"

Insert length: 1447 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1374, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1353

1 TACAACTTCC GGCTGTAAAG ATGGCGGCTT CCTAGTGAGT CGGCGGCTGA 51 CTTAGAAGGA GGTTCAGGCT ACGGTGAGCC GAAGCCACAC AGGAGCCATG 101 GAAGTGGCAG AGCCCAGCAG CCCCACTGAA GAGGAGGAGG AGGAAGAGGA 151 GCACTCGGCA GAGCCTCGGC CCCGCACTCG CTCCAATCCT GAAGGGGCTG 201 AGGACCGGGC AGTAGGGGCA CAGGCCAGCG TGGGCAGCCG CAGCGAGGGT 251 GAGGGTGAGG CCGCCAGTGC TGATGATGGG AGCCTCAACA CTTCAGGAGC 301 CGGCCCTAAG TCCTGGCAGG TGCCCCCGCC AGCCCCTGAG GTCCAAATTC 351 GGACACCAAG GGTCAACTGT CCAGAGAAAG TGATTATCTG CCTGGACCTG 401 TCAGAGGAAA TGTCACTGCC AAAGCTGGAG TCGTTCAACG GCTCCAAAAC 451 CAACGCCCTC AATGTCTCTC AGAAGATGAT TGAGATGTTC GTGCGGACAA 501 AACACAGAT CGACAAAAGC CACGAGTTTG CACTGGTGGT GGTGAACGAT 551 GACACGGCCT GGCTGTCTGG CCTGACCTCC GACCCCCGCG AGCTCTGTAG 601 CTGCCTCTAT GATCTGGAGA CGGCCTCCTG TTCCACCTTC AATCTGGAAG 651 GACTTTTCAG CCTCATCCAG CAGAAAACTG AGCTTCCGGT CACAGAGAAC 701 GTGCAGACGA TTCCCCCGCC ATATGTGGTC CGCACCATCC TTGTCTACAG 751 CCGTCCACCT TGCCAGCCCC AGTTCTCCTT GACGGAGCCC ATGAAGAAAA 801 TGTTCCAGTG CCCATATTTC TTCTTTGACG TTGTTTACAT CCACAATGGC 851 ACTGAGGAGA AGGAGGAGGA GATGAGTTGG AAGGATATGT TTGCCTTCAT 901 GGGCAGCCTG GATACCAAGG GTACCAGCTA CAAGTATGAG GTGGCACTGG 951 CTGGGCCAGC CCTGGAGTTG CACAACTGCA TGGGGAAACT GTTGGCCCAC
1001 CCCCTGCAGC GGCCTTGCCA GAGCCATGCT TCCTACAGCC TGCTGGAGGA
1051 GGAGGATGAA GCCATTGAGG TTGAGGCCAC TGTCTGAACC ATCCCTGTAC
1101 ATCTGCACCT TCTTGTGCAA GGAAGTCCTT GGCCTAAAGC CTTGGTTCTC 1151 AAACTGGGTT CCTTGGGACC TCCGGGGTGG GGGGGTTCCA GGAGGCACGT 1201 AGGGTACCTT GCAGGGTCCT AGGAGGGAAA CCCAGGATTC CAGGAGGGAT 1251 CCCAGGAACT GTGGGCACCC ATTTTCTGTG TCTCCCAGCC CATTTCCACT 1301 CCTAGTTTGT CATGGATAAT TTTTGTTCTT CCCTGTGTGA TTTTTGCCAT

BLAST Results

Entry HS806352 from database EMBL:

human STS EST192543.

Score = 1285, P = 2.5e-51, identities = 263/266

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2 -----

ORF from 98 bp to 1084 bp; peptide length: 329 Category: similarity to unknown protein Classification: no clue

1 MEVAEPSSPT EEEEEEEEHS AEPRPRTRSN PEGAEDRAVG AQASVGSRSE

```
51 GEGEAASADD GSLNTSGAGP KSWQVPPPAP EVQIRTPRVN CPEKVIICLD
  101 LSEEMSLPKL ESFNGSKTNA LNVSQKMIEM FVRTKHKIDK SHEFALVVVN
 151 DDTAWLSGLT SDPRELCSCL YDLETASCST FNLEGLFSLI QQKTELPVTE
201 NVQTIPPPYV VRTILVYSRP PCQPQFSLTE PMKKMFQCPY FFFDVVYIHN
251 GTEEKEEEMS WKDMFAFMGS LDTKGTSYKY EVALAGPALE LHNCMAKLLA
301 HPLQRPCQSH ASYSLLEEED EAIEVEATV
                               BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
            Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_78n23, frame 2
PIR:T05304 hypothetical protein F26P21.80 - Arabidopsis thaliana, N =
1, Score = 142, P = 1.5e-07
>PIR:T05304 hypothetical protein F26P21.80 - Arabidopsis thaliana
            Length = 264
 HSPs:
Score = 142 (21.3 bits), Expect = 1.5e-07, P = 1.5e-07 Identities = 56/216 (25%), Positives = 97/216 (44%)
          93 EKVIICLDL-SEEMSLPKLESFNGSKTNALNVSQKMIEMFVRTKHKIDKSHEFALVVVND 151
Query:
                                         + ++ 1 +F+ K I+ H FA
             E ++IC+D+ +E M K NG
Sbjct:
          26 EDILICIDVDAESMVEMKTTGTNGRPLIRMECVKQAIILFIHNKLSINPDHRFAFATLAK 85
Query:
         152 DTAWLSG-LTSDPRELCSCLYDLE-TASCSTFNLEGLFSLIQQKTELPVTENVQTIPPPY 209
          AWL TSD + L L S S +L LF Q+ ++ +N
86 SAAWLKKEFTSDAESAVASLRGLSGNKSSSRADLTLLFRAAAQEAKVSRAQN-----R 138
Sbjct:
         210 VVRTILVYSRPPCQPQFSLTEPMKKMFQCPYFFFDVVYIHNGTEEKEEEMSWKDMF-AFM 268
Query:
         + R IL+Y R +P P+ + F DV+Y+H ++ + +D++ ++
139 IFRVILIYCRSSMRPTHEW--PLNQKL----FTLDVMYLH---DKPSPDNCPQDVYDSLV 189
Sbjct:
Ouerv:
         269 GSLD--TKGTSYKYEVALAGPALELHNCMAKLLAHPLQRPCQ 308
                        Y +E G A + M+ LL HP QR
Sbjct:
         190 DAVEHVSEYEGYIFESG-QGLARSVFKPMSMLLTHPQQRCAQ 230
            Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_78n23, frame 2
                      Report for DKFZphfbr2_78n23.2
[LENGTH]
               329
                36560.10
(WM)
(pI)
                4.60
               PIR:T05304 hypothetical protein F26P21.80 - Arabidopsis thaliana 7e-07
[HOMOL]
[KW]
               Alpha_Beta
(KW)
               LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                   9.73 %
SEQ
       MEVAEPSSPTEEEEEEEHSAEPRPRTRSNPEGAEDRAVGAQASVGSRSEGEGEAASADD
SEG
        .xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx......
PRD
       GSLNTSGAGPKSWOVPPPAPEVOIRTPRVNCPEKVIICLDLSEEMSLPKLESFNGSKTNA
SEO
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       LNVSQKMIEMFVRTKHKIDKSHEFALVVVNDDTAWLSGLTSDPRELCSCLYDLETASCST
SEG
PRD
```

SEQ

SEG

SEQ

FNLEGLFSLIQQKTELPVTENVQTIPPPYVVRTILVYSRPPCQPQFSLTEPMKKMFQCPY

FFFDVVYIHNGTEEKEEEMSWKDMFAFMGSLDTKGTSYKYEVALAGPALELHNCMAKLLA

```
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_78n23.2)
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_78n23.2)

DKFZphfbr2_7a24

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_7a24 encodes a novel 142 amino acid protein with similarity to the C-terminal part of transforming growth factor-beta activated kinases.

The novel protein shows only similarity to the C-terminus of such kinases; no kinase domain is present.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to C-terminus of TGF-beta-activated kinase

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1697 bp

No poly A stretch found, no polyadenylation signal found

51 CGTGGGACGC TGGGGTCTGG GGTAGAGCAG GTAGCAGCGT GCTGCCCTGA 101 CAGCTGTCTC CGCTCCTCAG ATTGTCAGTG GCTGCTATGC AGCAGGTGCA 151 GCCTGGTCTC TCACTGAGTC TCTACTCCAC AAAGGCAACG ACTGGCCAAG 201 GCAGTGGCTG GCTCTGGGTT ACACAAGTGC AGACACTCAA CTAAGTGAGC 251 TGGAAGACCC AGGACAAGGC GGAGGCTCAG GTGCCCACAT GATCAGCACA
301 GCCAGGGTAC CTGCTGACAA GCCTGTACGC ATCGCCTTTA GCCTCAATGA 351 CGCCTCAGAT GATACACCCC CTGAAGACTC CATTCCTTTG GTCTTTCCAG 401 AATTAGACCA GCAGCTACAG CCCCTGCCGC CTTGTCATGA CTCCGAGGAA 451 TCCATGGAGG TGTTCAGACA GCACTGCCAA ATAGCAGAAG AATACCTTGA 501 GGTCAAAAAG GAAATCACCC TGCTTGAGCA AAGGAAGAAG GAGCTCATTG 551 CCAAGTTAGA TCAGGCAGAA GAGGAGAAGG TGGATGCTGC TGAGCTGGTT 601 CGGGAATTCG AGGCTCTGAC GGAGGAGAAT CGGACGTTGA GGTTGGCCCA 651 GTCTCAATGT GTGGAACAAC TGGAGAAACT TCGAATACAG TATCAGAAGA
701 GGCAGGGCTC GTCCTAACTT TAAATTTTTC AGTGTGAGCA TACGAGGCTG
751 ATGACTGCCC TGTGCTGGCC AAAAGATTTT TATTTTAAAT GAATAGTGAG 801 TCAGATCTAT TGCTTCTCTG TATTACCCAC ATGACAACTG TCTATAATGA 851 GTTTACTGCT TGCCAGCTTC TAGCTTGAGA GAAGGGATAT TTTAAATGAG 901 ATCATTAACG TGAAACTATT ACTAGTATAT GTTTTTGGAG ATCAGAATTC 951 TTTTCCAAAG ATATATGTTT TTTTCTTTTT TAGGAAGATA TGATCATGCT 1001 GTACAACAGG GTAGAAAATG GTAAAAATAG ACTATTGACT GACCCAGCTA 1051 AGAATCGCGG GCTGAGCAGA GTTAAACCAT GGGACAAACC CATAACATGT 1101 TCACCATAGT TTCACGTATG TGTATTTTTA AATTTCATGC CTTTAATATT 1151 TCAAATATGC TCAAATTTAA ACTGTCAGAA ACTTCTCTGC ATGTATTTAT 1201 ATTTGCCAGA GTATAAACTT TTATACTCTG ATTTTTATCC TTCAATGATT 1251 GATTATACTA AGAATAAATG GTCACATATC CTAAAAGCTT CTTCATGAAA 1301 TTATTAGCAG AAACCATGTT TGAAACCAAA GCACATTTGC CAATGCTAAC 1351 TGGCTGTTGT AATAATAAAC AGATAAGGCT GCATTTGCTT CATGCCATGT 1401 GACCTCACAG TAAACATCTC TGCCTTTGCC TGTGTGTGTT CTGGGGGAGG 1451 GGGGACATGG AAAAATATTG TTTTGGACATT ACTTGGGTGA GTGCCCATGA 1501 AGACATCAGT GAACTTGTAA CTATTGTTTT GTTTTGGATT TAAGGAGATG 1551 TTTTAGATCA GTAACAGCTA ATAGGAATAT GCGAGTAAAT TCAGAATTGA 1601 AACAATTTCT CCTTGTTCTA CCTATCACCA CATTTTCTCA AATTGAACTC 1651 TTTGTTATAT GTCCATTTCT ATTCATGTAA CTTCTTTTTC ATTAAAC

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

98130593:

Role of TAK1 and TAB1 in BMP signaling in early Xenopus development.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 289 bp to 714 bp; peptide length: 142 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MISTARVPAD KPVRIAFSLN DASDDTPPED SIPLVFPELD QQLQPLPPCH
```

- 51 DSEESMEVFR QHCQIAEEYL EVKKEITLLE QRKKELIAKL DQAEEEKVDA 101 AELVREFEAL TEENRTLRLA QSQCVEQLEK LRIQYQKRQG SS

BLASTP hits

```
Entry U92030 1 from database TREMBL: product: "TAK1"; Xenopus laevis TGF-beta-activated kinase TAK1 mRNA, complete cds.
Score = 343, P = 1.3e-30, identities = 69/143, positives = 104/143
Entry AB009356 1 from database TREMBL:
product: "TGF-beta activated kinase la"; Homo sapiens mRNA for
TGF-beta activated kinase la, complete cds.
Score = 339, P = 2.6e-30, identities = 67/143, positives = 104/143
Entry MMPK_1 from database TREMBL:
product: "TAK1 (TGF-beta-activated kinase)"; Mouse mRNA for TAK1
(TGF-beta-activated kinase), complete cds.
Score = 339, P = 2.6e-30, identities = 67/143, positives = 104/143
```

Entry AB009357 1 from database TREMBL: product: "TGF-beta activated kinase lb"; Homo sapiens mRNA for TGF-beta activated kinase lb, complete cds.

Score = 339, P = 3.2e-30, identities = 67/143, positives = 104/143

Entry AB009358 1 from database TREMBL: product: "TGF-beta activated kinase 1c"; Homo sapiens mRNA for TGF-beta activated kinase lc, complete cds. Score = 144, P = 3.8e-09, identities = 30/67, positives = 47/67

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_7a24, frame 1

PIR:JC5955 transforming growth factor-beta activated kinase (EC -.-.-) 1a - Human, N = 1, Score = 339, P = 3e-30

>PIR:JC5955 transforming growth factor-beta activated kinase (EC -.-.-) la - Human

Length = 579

HSPs:

Score = 339 (50.9 bits), Expect = 3.0e-30, P = 3.0e-30Identities = 67/143 (46%), Positives = 104/143 (72%)

1 MISTARVPADKPVRI-AFSLNDASDDTPPEDSIPLVFPELDQQLQPLPPCHDSEESMEVF 59 Query: MI+T+ ++KP R ++ +D++D ++SIP+ + LD QLQPL PC +S+ESM VF 437 MITTSGPTSEKPTRSHPWTPDDSTDTNGSDNSIPMAYLTLDHQLQPLAPCPNSKESMAVF 496 Sbict:

60 RQHCQIAEEYLEVKKEITLLEQRKKELIAKLDQAEEEKVDAAELVREFEALTEENRTLRL 119 Query: QHC++A+EY++V+ EI LL QRK+EL+A+LDQ E+++ + + LV+E + L +EN++L Sbjct: 497 EQHCKMAQEYMKVQTEIALLLQRKQELVAELDQDEKDQQNTSRLVQEHKKLLDENKSLST 556

120 AQSQCVEQLEKLRIQYQKRQGSS 142 Query: QC +QLE +R Q QKRQG+S Sbjct: 557 YYQQCKKQLEVIRSQQQKRQGTS 579

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_7a24, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_7a24.1

[LENGTH] 142 16377.53 [WW] [Iq] 4.64 [HOMOL] TREMBL:U92030 1 product: "TAK1"; Xenopus laevis TGF-beta-activated kinase TAK1 mRNA, complete cds. 6e-26 [PROSITE] CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 3

[PROSIT [PROSIT [PFAM] [KW] [KW]	ΕÌ	ASN_GL TNFR/N All_Al	OSPHO_SITE YCOSYLATION GFR cystein pha MPLEXITY _COIL	1 e-rich 7.04	region	ı
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	MISTARVPADKPVRIAFSLNDASDDTPPEDSIPLVFPELDQQLQPLPPCHDSEESMEVFR					
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	hhhhhhh	hhhhhhh	ւրերը Ռուսիրի	 hhhhhh	 hhhhhh	VDAAELVREFEALTEENRTLRLA hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccchhhhh CCCCCCCCCC
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	QSQCVEQLEKLRIQYQKRQGSS hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccc					
			Prosite for	DKFZpł	fbr2_7	7a24.1
PS00001 PS00005 PS00005 PS00006 PS00006	116 1 2	->118 4->7 ->119 8->22 6->30 7->81		O_SITE O_SITE O_SITE O_SITE		PDCC00001 PDCC00005 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006 PDCC00006
			Pfam for	DKFZphi	fbr2_7	224.1

TNFR/NGFR cysteine-rich region

CpeGtYtDWNHvpqClpCtrCePEMGQYMvqPCTwTQNTVC
C++++ + + +Q C++ E+ ++++++ T + ++
49 CHDSEESMEVF-RQH--CQIAEE--YLEVKKEITLLEQRKK

84

HMM_NAME

HMM

Query

DKFZphfbr2_7e22

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2 7e22.2 encodes a novel 286 amino acid protein similar to b561 cytochromes

The new protein shows strong similarity to B561 cytochromes, but contains no heme binding site. In addition, a myc-type, helix-loop-helix dimerization domain domain is present. This helix-loop-helix domain mediates protein dimerization and has been found in proteins such as the myc family of cellular oncogenes, proteins involved in myogenesis and vertebrate proteins that bind specific DNA sequences in various immunoglobulin chains enhancers.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

strong similarity to cytochrome b561

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 4254 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4234, polyadenylation signal at pos. 4217

1 GGGGACTACC CAGAGGGCTG CCGCCGCCTC TCCAAGTTCT TGTGGCCCCC 51 GCGGTGCGGA GTATGGGGCG CTGATGGCCA TGGAGGGCTA CCGGCGCTTC 101 CTGGCGCTGC TGGGGTCGGC ACTGCTCGTC GGCTTCCTGT CGGTGATCTT 201 GCGCACTAGA GTTTAACTGG CACCCAGTGC TCATGGTCAC CGGCTTCGTC
251 TTCATCCAGG GCATCGCCAT CATCGTCTAC AGACTGCCGT GGACCTGGAA 301 ATGCAGCAGG CTCCTGATGA AATCCATCCA TGCAGGGTTA AATGCAGTTG
351 CTGCCATTCT TGCAATTATC TCTGTGGTGG CCGTGTTTGA GAACCACAAT 401 GTTAACAATA TAGCCAATAT GTACAGTCTG CACAGCTGGG TTGGACTGAT 451 AGCTGTCATA TGCTATTTGT TACAGCTTCT TTCAGGTTTT TCAGTCTTTC 501 TGCTTCCATG GGCTCCGCTT TCTCTCCGAG CATTTCTCAT GCCCATACAT 551 GTTTATTCTG GAATTGTCAT CTTTGGAACA GTGATTGCAA CAGCACTTAT 601 GGGATTGACA GAGAAACTGA TTTTTTCCCT GAGAGATCCT GCATACAGTA 651 CATTCCCGCC AGAAGGTGTT TTCGTAAATA CGCTTGGCCT TCTGATCCTG 701 GTGTTCGGGG CCCTCATTTT TTGGATAGTC ACCAGACCGC AATGGAAACG 751 TCCTAAGGAG CCAAATTCTA CCATTCTTCA TCCAAATGGA GGCACTGAAC 801 AGGGAGCAAG AGGTTCCATG CCAGCCTACT CTGGCAACAA CATGGACAAA 851 TCAGATTCAG AGTTAAACAA TGAAGTAGCA GCAAGGAAAA GAAACTTAGC
901 TCTGGATGAG GCTGGGCAGA GATCTACCAT GTAAAATGTT GTAGAGATAG
951 AGCCATATAA CGTCACGTTT CAAAACTAGC TCTACAGTTT TGCTTCTCCT
1001 ATTAGCCATA TGATAATTGG GCTATGTAGT ATCAATATTT ACTTTAATCA
1051 CAAAGGATGG TTTCTTGAAA TAATTTGTAT TGATTGAGC CTATGAACTG
1101 ACCTGAATTG GAAAGGATGT GATTAATATA AATAATAGCA GATATAAATT 1151 GTGGTTATGT TACCTTTATC TTGTTGAGGA CCACAACATT AGCACGGTGC 1201 CTTGTGCAGA ATAGATACTC AATATGTGAA TATGTGTCTA CTAGTAGTTA 1251 ATTGGATAAA CTGGCAGCAT CCCTGGCCTG TTGTCATGCA GTCATTTCCT 1301 GTTAATTCTG GGAGACAATG ATTTCACAAC TAGAGGGAAG CAGTCCTAAA 1351 AGTTTAAAAT CCGATAAGGA ATATCTGGGA CAGGGTTTAG ATCATGACTC 1401 TACACAGATA CCATGATGAG AGTATATTAA AGAAATTTAG GAAAGCACCT 1451 GGTTCCTTTC TCCCCATGCC TGCCTTCTGC TCCCTCCCCA GCTGGTTTGG 1501 GCTCAAATTG TCCCTGGAGA CTAGGGTTTA TGTTAGGGTA TTGATAGATT 1551 AGAGCAGGTG GTTGAAGAGA TCTTCTCTGG TCAGACTTGG AAGAATTTCC 1601 AAAAGTGAAG TTAGCCCCAA GACTTCCCTA GGGTTGATGT ACTTTATGAT 1651 CCAGATGCTA AACTTCTTAG AATGAAAATA TGCTTCAACA CTTAAGTAGC 1701 ATACACTGCC CTACAAACCT CAGAGAGCAC TTTTCCCCAA GTTCTTGTTT 1751 TTATTTTTGA AAGTACTCAC ACAGCACTTA CTATGCTCCA AACACTCCTC 1801 TAAGCACTTT ACACATATTA GCTCATTCAG TCCCCAGACA GACGGGATGA 1851 AGTAGGTATT GTTACTGTTC CCATTTTACA GGTGAGAGAT TTGAAGCCTG 1901 GGGAGGCTAG TAACTCACCC CAAGGTCACA CGGCTCATAC ATGGTGGGAC
1951 TGAGACTCAG ATGCAGGCAG TCTGGCACCT CAGTCTGGAT TCTAACCATT 2001 TCACTAAGCT ATTTTTGTCT TGTACTACTT TGACCCACCC CTGAATAAAC 2051 CTCAATTGCT GGAGTGGGGT GTAGTTATTA AAGGGATGCT TTTTACCTTT 2101 TGCTGTCTGC TGTGGCAGAT TCCCCAGATA ACCAAGGAAA AGGGGCCACC 2151 CATACCTGGA AATAGGCCAT AGGGCCCCTA CTACTGCCAA CAAGCCATGG 2201 CCTACCTTGA CACTTGTTTG ATCTTAAAAT TGTGTCTTGG TAACAAAAGA 2251 TTTGGACAGG CATATCTGTA GCTTTCAAGT TAATTAATTG CAATATTTTT 2301 TTCTTCAGGA TTTTAGCTGC TGAACAACTT TCAGTTTGGA GCTAAAAGAG 2351 ACCTGTCTCA TGGTCTGCCC TTCCCTGGGG CAATAGCTAG GGTCTTTCCT 2401 GATTTTATG GAATTTTAGG GGATATTTTG AGCTTTGGGT TCTCAGTAGT

2451 GAATTGAGAC TTGGAGGTGA CTTTTCATGT TTGGAGTATC ATCTCTGTCT 2501 GGGCTCTGGG CTGACAAATT AAAACCTAGA GTAGTGCTTA TGCTGAAATG ATACTITUA TITTIGGIT GATTITITG CCTTCCCTTC AATITTAACC 2601 TGAAGCATTT TAATGTGGGT AGAAACTCTA CACCAAATAC ACTAAACATT CACCAAATAC ACTAAACATT TITTAGGTAA CTGGTACTTA CTTCCAAAGA CCACAATACA CCACAATACA CTGAAAAACCA TTAAACTTCA TGAAAAACCA 2751 TTCAAGATCC CCTTGCTGCA ACACTGTTCT CTTCTTCTCT ACTAAATTCT 2801 ATTTCCAAAA TTGGTAATAG AGCCAGAAGG ATCCCCAGTA CCCAGCCCTC 2851 TGCCTGGCAC AAAGTGGTAG CACAATTAAA TTCAGTATGG GTGGAGCATG 2901 GTACAGTCTT GGTGCCATAG AAGGAGTAGT TGCATAGTCA CACATCATTT 2951 GATAAGTTGG ATGTTCCATT ACATAGAGGA ACACAAAATT CCAGGGTTTT 3001 TGGAGGAAGG GATTAGATAG CGACTAAGCC GCCAGAATTG AGGTGGCCAT 3051 TCCTTTTTGT ATAGGCTAAG AAACAGGTTA TCAGTGAAAA GTTAATTATG 3101 GCTTTGGCAC TAGAATAGCA CTGTTGCAAA GTATTTAAGC ACCCCCCATC 3151 TCAGCCCTTT ATTTTATCTT TCATGTGGGC TAATGTGAGG ATAATCTTAC 3201 AGATATTATA GGAATTTCTT TTCTATCTTT ATGAAAACAA CGTATATAAA 3251 ATATATCTAG AAAACCTTTG TTTGAGACTC TTATTTAATG GGCTTTTGAT 3301 TCTAATGATA ATTGTACCTT TATCTTTCAA AAGCTGATAT TTCCTACCTA 3351 AGCATCTCCC GAGAAAAATA TCTCATTAAA AAGCCCATAA ATAATAGGGG 3401 AGAAGAAAGC CTTAGGTATC AATTCCAAAA CAGTGATTGA AATTTCCCAA 3451 AATAATTATG GCTTCTGTCA TCTCCAGAGA TAATCTGGCT TGGTTTACCC 3501 CATAATCHAA TTTCAGAAAA GAAAGCTTTA TTTTAACACT CATCTGAATC
3551 AACATTAAAG CCTTTTCTCT CAAAGCGTTT ATTGAGAAAC TCAAATGAAT 3601 ATACTTTTG AATTACTGTC ATCAAAAGTG TACGGCTTCC TGTGCTGCTT 3651 GTGTCAAATG GAACCTGCCC TCTAAAAGCAC TTTCTTTCCT TTACTTGCGT 3701 GGTTTCATGT AAGCTGTGCT GTTTAGAAAC AACATCTCAG ACTTTACAAA 3751 GAAATGACAA AGAAGGCAAT TGCACTTTTT AAGGGATATC GACAAGCAGT 3801 TTCTGTTTTC TAAAGGACAA AATACAGAGT GTGTGTCATT TTTAATTAGA 3851 TTCTTTCCCC TGCTGAGTTG GAAATTCCAG TGCAGCACTG ATTGACCACA 3901 GTTGCCAATC TAAAAGCACA AAGACAGAAG TAAAGCTTTA TGCTAATTTT 3951 ATTTCAATAT GATAGAAAAT TTATCTTGGT ATGTCCTTTT TTAGATAACT 4001 CCAGCAGGAA ACTGTAACTG CTATGTCTTT AGGAAAACGT AGAAGAAAGA 4051 ACATTATTAT TCTTTAATTC CTACAAGGTA CTTGAAAACC TTAAGTGAAA
4101 AAGATTTCTA TCTTTTTATC TTGGCGCATT TATGGAAAAA ATATTAACTG 4151 TCCTGAATAT TTTATAATTT TGTAGGAAAA ATATGCATCT ATTTTTTCTT 4251 AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HSG20626 from database EMBL: human STS A005227. Score = 860, P = 3.0e-32, identities = 176/181

Medline entries

89030633:

The structure of cytochrome b561, a secretory vesicle-specific electron transport protein.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 74 bp to 931 bp; peptide length: 286 Category: strong similarity to known protein Classification: unset

- 1 MAMEGYRRFL ALLGSALLVG FLSVIFALVW VLHYREGLGW DGSALEFNWH
- 51 PVLMVTGFVF IQGIAIIVYR LPWTWKCSKL LMKSIHAGLN AVAAILAIIS
- 101 VVAVFENHNV NNIANMYSLH SWVGLIAVIC YLLQLLSGFS VFLLPWAPLS
- 151 LRAFLMPIHV YSGIVIFGTV IATALMGLTE KLIFSLRDPA YSTFPPEGVF
- 201 VNTLGLLILV FGALIFWIVT RPQWKRPKEP NSTILHPNGG TEQGARGSMP 251 AYSGNNMDKS DSELNNEVAA RKRNLALDEA GQRSTM

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_7e22, frame 2 SWISSPROT: $C561_SHEEP$ CYTOCHROME B561 (CYTOCHROME B-561)., N = 1, Score

```
= 460, P = 1.3e-43
 PIR:S01167 cytochrome b561 - bovine, N = 1, Score = 457, P = 2.7e-43
 SWISSPROT:C561_PIG CYTOCHROME B561 (CYTOCHROME B-561)., N = 1, Score =
 452, P = 9.1e - \overline{4}3
 PIR:S53321 cytochrome B561 - human, N = 1, Score = 451, P = 1.2e-42
 >SWISSPROT: C561 SHEEP CYTOCHROME B561 (CYTOCHROME B-561).
                        Length = 252
    HSPs:
   Score = 460 (69.0 \text{ bits}), Expect = 1.3e-43, P = 1.3e-43
   Identities = 96/218 (44%), Positives = 131/218 (60%)
                    18 LVGFLSVIFALVWVLHYREGLGWDGSALEFNWHPVLMVTGFVFIQGIAIIVYRLPWTWKC 77
                    L+G V W+ YR G+ W+ SAL+FN HF+ MV G VF+QG A++VYR+
23 LLGLTVVAMTGAWLGMYRGGIAWE-SALQFNVHPLCMVIGLVFLQGDALLVYRV--FRNE 79
 Sbjct:
                    78 SKLLMKSIHAGLNAVAAILAIISVVAVFENHNVNNIANMYSLHSWVGLIAVICYLLQLLS 137
+K K +H L+ A ++A++ +VAVFE+H A++YSLHSW G++ + Q L
80 AKRTTKVLHGLLHVFAFVIALVGLVAVFEHHRKKGYADLYSLHSWCGILVFALFFAQWLV 139
 Query:
 Sbjct:
                  138 GFSVFLLPWAPLSLRAFLMPIHVYSGIVIFGTVIATALMGLTEKLIFSLRDPAYSTFPPE 197
GFS FL P A SLR+ P HV+ G IF +ATAL+GL E L+F L YSTF PE
140 GFSFFLFPGASFSLRSRYRPQHVFFGAAIFLLSVATALLGLKEALLFEL-GTKYSTFEPE 198
 Query:
 Sbjct:
                  198 GVFVNTLGLLILVFGALIFWIVTRPQWKRPKEPNSTIL 235
GV N LGLL+ F ++ +1+TR WKRP + L
199 GVLANVLGLLLAAFATVVLYILTRADWKRPLQAEEQAL 236
Query:
 Sbjct:
                        Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_7e22, frame 2
                                           Report for DKFZphfbr2_7e22.2
 [LENGTH]
 [MW]
                              31638.58
 (pI)
                              9.12
 (HOMOL)
                              SWISSPROT: C561 SHEEP CYTOCHROME B561 (CYTOCHROME B-561). 4e-40
 (PIRKW)
                              transmembrane protein 9e-40
 [KW]
                              SIGNAL PEPTIDE 40
                             TRANSMEMBRANE 5
LOW_COMPLEXITY
 (KW)
                                                                  4.90 %
 (KW)
SEQ
               MAMEGYRRFLALLGSALLVGFLSVIFALVWVLHYREGLGWDGSALEFNWHPVLMVTGFVF
SEG
               PRD
MEM
SEQ
               IQGIAIIVYRLPWTWKCSKLLMKSIHAGLNAVAAILAIISVVAVFENHNVNNIANMYSLH
                SEG
PRD
               MEM
               MINIMAN MARKAMAN MARK
               SWVGLIAVICYLLQLLSGFSVFLLPWAPLSLRAFLMPIHVYSGIVIFGTVIATALMGLTE
SEO
SEG
PRD
               MEM
SEQ
               KLIFSLRDPAYSTFPPEGVFVNTLGLLILVFGALIFWIVTRPQWKRPKEPNSTILHPNGG
SEG
PRD
               MEM
SEQ
               TEQGARGSMPAYSGNNMDKSDSELNNEVAARKRNLALDEAGQRSTM
SEG
PRD
               ccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccc
MEM
 (No Prosite data available for DKFZphfbr2_7e22.2)
 (No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_7e22.2)
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342

DKFZphfbr2_7j4 group: brain derived DKFZphfbr2 7j4 encodes a novel 233 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife. The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes. unknown complete cDNA, complete cds, 1 EST hit Sequenced by GBF Locus: unknown Insert length: 1050 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1027, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1007 1 GGGGACACAA AGGGGTGGTC ACCCTGCCCT CACCTTGACC TGTAAGTTGC 51 CTAGGACAGT GGCCTGGTCC CAGGGGCTGT TGTGGGGAGT TGAAGAACAC 101 CCTGGCCTCC TCCATCATGT CGGCCAAGAG GGCAGAATTG AAGAAAACAC 151 ATCTGTGCAA GAACTACAAG GCAGTTTGCC TGGAATTGAA GCCAGAGCCG 201 ACCAAAACAT TTGATTACAA AGCAGTTAAA CAAGAAGGGC GGTTTACCAA 251 AGCAGGAGTG ACACAGGACC TAAAGAATGA ACTCAGGGAA GTGAGAGAAG 301 AGCTCAAGGA GAAAATGGAG GAGATAAAAC AGATTAAAGGA TCTAATGGAC
351 AAGGATTTTG ATAAACTTCA CGAATTTGTG GAAATTATGA AGGAAATGCA 401 GARAGATATG GATGACAAGA TGGACATTTT AATAAATACA CAGAAGAACT 451 ATAAGCTTCC CCTTAGAAGA GCACCAAAGG AGCAGCAGGA ACTCAGGCTG 501 ATGGGAAAGA CTCACAGAGA ACCACAGCTC AGGCCCAAGA AAATGGATGG 551 AGCCAGTGGA GTCAATGGAG CACCCTGTGC TCTTCACAAG AAGACGATGG 601 CACCACAAAA AACAAAACAG GGCTCACTGG ATCCCCTTCA TCACTGTGGG 651 ACCTGCTGCG AGAAATGTTT GTTGTGTGCT CTAAAGAACA ACTACAATCG 701 GGGGAACATT CCTTCAGAGG CCTCAGGCCT TTACAAAGGT GGAGAGGAGC 751 CAGTGACCAC CCAACCTTCT GTGGGCCACG CTGTGCCTGC CCCAAAGTCC 801 CAGACTGAGG GAAGGTGAAG CTTAACTGCC AGCTTGAAAT GAGAGTAAAG 851 AAGATACAGA GCAAACAGTG TTTCAGAAAC TGTCCTGCCC TGGGTGTGAT 901 TCTTTGGCTT CAATTTGAAG GAGGAGGAAT GATGGGATTT CATATTTTAT **BLAST Results** No BLAST result Medline entries No Medline entry Peptide information for frame 3 ORF from 117 bp to 815 bp; peptide length: 233 Category: putative protein 1 MSAKRAELKK THLCKNYKAV CLELKPEPTK TFDYKAVKQE GRFTKAGVTQ 51 DLKNELREVR EELKEKMEEI KQIKDLMDKD FDKLHEFVEI MKEMQKDMDE 101 KMDILINTQK NYKLPLRRAP KEQQELRLMG KTHREPQLRP KKMDGASGVN 151 GAPCALHKKT MAPQKTKQGS LDPLHHCGTC CEKCLLCALK NNYNRGNIPS

BLASTP hits

Entry JC2223 from database PIR:
major surface glycoprotein 3 - Pneumocystis carinii (fragment)
Score = 109, P = 3.5e-04, identities = 41/136, positives = 67/136

201 EASGLYKGGE EPVTTQPSVG HAVPAPKSQT EGR

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_7j4, frame 3 TREMBLNEW: PCP115C 1 product: "P115C"; Pneumocystis carinii mRNA for P115C, partial sequence., N = 1, Score = 109, P = 0.00024 >TREMBLNEW:PCP115C_1 product: "P115C"; Pneumocystis carinii mRNA for P115C, partial sequence. Length = 196 HSPs: Score = 109 (16.4 bits), Expect = 2.4e-04, P = 2.4e-04 Identities = 41/134 (30%), Positives = 67/134 (50%) 14 CKN-YKAVCLELKPEPTKTFDYKAVKQEGRFTKA-GVTQDLKNELREVREELKEKMEEIK 71 Ouerv: CK K C ELK + K VK+ TK G ++LK+++++ E KE++E K
22 CKTELKKYCEELKEADGLKVNDK-VKEICDDTKRDGKCKELKDKVKKELETFKEELE--K 78 Sbjct: 72 QIKDLMDKDFDKLHEFVEIMKEMQKDMDEKMDILINTQKNYKLPLRRAPKEQQELRLMGK 131 +KD+ D++ +K E +++E D D K ++ + YKL +R E LR +GK 79 ALKDIKDENCEKYEEKCILLEETNHD-DVKKNCVKLREGCYKLKRKRVA-EDLLLRALGK 136 Query: Sbjct: 132 THREPQLRPKKMDGAS 147 Query: K D S 137 DVKNGECEKKMKDVCS 152 Sbict: Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 7j4, frame 3 Report for DKFZphfbr2 7j4.3 [LENGTH] 233 26533.95 [MW] [pI] 9.18 MYRISTYL [PROSITE] CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE [PROSITE] [PROSITE] 3 [KW] All_Alpha [KW] LOW COMPLEXITY 14.59 % [KW] COILED COIL 13.73 % MSAKRAELKKTHLCKNYKAVCLELKPEPTKTFDYKAVKQEGRFTKAGVTQDLKNELREVR SEQ SEG PRD COILS EELKEKMEEIKQIKDLMDKDFDKLHEFVEIMKEMQKDMDEKMDILINTQKNYKLPLRRAP SEO xxxxxxxxx...... SEG PRD cccccccccccccc..... COILS SEQ KEQQELRLMGKTHREPQLRPKKMDGASGVNGAPCALHKKTMAPQKTKQGSLDPLHHCGTC SEG PRD COILS SEQ CEKCLLCALKNNYNRGNI PSEASGLYKGGEEPVTTQPSVGHAVPAPKSQTEGR SEG PRD COILS Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 7j4.3 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PS00005 2->5 PDOC00005 108->111 PS00005 PDOC00005 PS00005 132->135 PDOC00005 PS00006 132->136 PDOC00006 PS00006 179->183 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PDOC0006 PS00006 228->232 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00008 151->157 MYRĪSTYL PD0C00008 PS00008 196->202 MYRISTYL PD0C00008 PS00008 204->210 MYRISTYL PD0C00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_7j4.3)

DKFZphfbr2_82c20

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2_82c20 encodes a novel 492 amino acid protein with very weak similarity to C. elegans cosmid D1007.

The novel protein contains 7 transmembrane regions.
No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

similarity to C.elegans D1007.5; membrane regions: 7
Summary DKFZphfbr2_82c20 encodes a novel 492 amino acid protein with similarity to a hypothetical C.elegans protein.

similarity to C.elegans D1007.5

complete cDNA (Bp 1-100 GC ritch), complete cds, potential start at Bp 128 matches Kozak consensus PyNNatgG, EST hits, localisation? primer B of STS doesn't match perfect! TRANSMEMBRANE 7

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: /map="109.9 cR from top of Chrl linkage group"???

Insert length: 1804 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1794, no polyadenylation signal found

1 CGGCGGGAGC GCGCGGCTGA TACCCGGGAC TGGGCTGCGG CGGTTAGTCC 51 TCTCCCGGCC GCCGTCGCCT CCGACATATT GCTCGCAGGA GCTGCGGCGG 101 CGAAGCGGAG AGCACCGGGG GGAGGAGATG GGAGGACGAA GAGGTCCCAA 151 CAGGACATCT TACTGTCGAA ATCCGCTCTG TGACCCGGGA TCCTCGGGGG 201 GCTCTAGTGG AAGCCACACT TCCAGTGCAT CGGTGACCAG TGTTCGTTCC 251 CGCACCAGGA GCAGTTCTGG AACAGGCCTC TCCAGCCCTC CTCTGGCCAC 301 CCAAACTGTT GTGCCTCTAC AGCACTGCAA GATCCCCGAG CTGCCAGTCC 351 AGGCCAGCAT TCTGTTTGAG TTGCAGCTCT TCTTCTGCCA GCTCATAGCA 401 CTCTTCGTCC ACTACATCAA CATCTACAAG ACAGTGTGGT GGTATCCACC 451 TTCCCACCCA CCCTCCCACA CCTCCCTGAA CTTCCATCTG ATCGACTTCA 501 ACTTGCTGAT GGTGACCACC ATCGTTCTGG GCCGCCGCTT CATTGGGTCC 551 ATCGTGAAGG AGGCCTCTCA GAGGGGGAAG GTCTCCCTCT TTCGCTCCAT 601 CCTGCTGTTC CTCACTCGCT TCACCGTTCT CACGGCAACA GGCTGGAGTC 651 TGTGCCGATC CCTCATCCAC CTCTTCAGGA CCTACTCCTT CCTGAACCTC 701 CTGTTCCTCT GCTATCCGTT TGGGATGTAC ATTCCGTTCC TGCAGCTGAA
751 TTGCGACCTC CGCAAGACAA GCCTCTTCAA CCACATGGCC TCCATGGGGC 801 CCCGGGAGGC GGTCAGTGGC CTGGCAAAGA GCCGGGACTA CCTCCTGACA 851 CTGCGGGAGA CGTGGAAGCA GCACACAAGA CAGCTGTATG GCCCGGACGC 901 CATGCCCACC CATGCCTGCT GCCTGTCACC CAGCCTCATC CGCAGTGAGG 951 TGGAGTTCCT CAAGATGGAC TTCAACTGGC GCATGAAGGA AGTGCTCGTC 1001 AGCTCCATGC TGAGCGCCTA CTATGTGGCC TTTGTGCCTG TCTGGTTCGT 1051 GAAGAACACA CATTACTATG ACAAGCGCTG GTCCTGTGAA CTCTTCCTGC 1101 TGGTGTCCAT CAGCACCTCC GTGATCCTCA TGCAGCACCT GCTGCCTGCC 1151 AGCTACTGTG ACCTGCTGCA CAAGGCCGCC GCCCATCTGG GCTGTTGGCA 1201 GAAGGTGGAC CCAGCGCTGT GCTCCAACGT GCTGCAGCAC CCGTGGACTG 1251 AAGAATGCAT GTGGCCGCAG GGCGTGCTGG TGAAGCACAG CAAGAACGTC 1301 TACAAAGCCG TAGGCCACTA CAACGTGGCT ATCCCCTCTG ACGTCTCCCA 1351 CTTCCGCTTC CATTCTTTT TCAGCAAACC TCTGGGGATC CTCAACATCC
1401 TCCTGCTGCT GGAGGGCGCT GTCATTGTCT ATCAGCTGTA CTCCCTAATG 1451 TCCTCTGAAA AGTGGCACCA GACCATCTCG CTGGCCCTCA TCCTCTTCAG 1501 CAACTACTAT GCCTTCTTCA AGCTGCTCCG GGACCGCTTG GTATTGGGCA 1551 AGGCCTACTC ATACTCTGGT AGCCCCCAGA GAGACCTGGA CCACCGTTTC
1601 TCCTGAGCCC TGGGGTCACC TCAGGGACAG CGTCCAGGCT TCAGCCAAGG 1651 GCTCCCTGGC AAGGGGCTGT TGGGTAGAAG TGGTGGTGGG GGGGACAAAA 1701 GACAAAAAA TCCACCAGAG CTTTGTATTT TTGTTACGTA CTGTTTCTTT 1751 GATAATTGAT GTGATAAGGA AAAAAGTCCT ATTTTTATAC TCCCAAAAAA 1801 AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS285343 from database EMBL: human STS WI-17488.

Score = 1225, P = 1.3e-50, identities = 263/281

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

```
1 MGGRRGPNRT SYCRNPLCEP GSSGGSSGSH TSSASVTSVR SRTRSSSGTG
     1 MGGRKGPRRT SYRNPLCEP GSSGSSGSS 1 SSSSVV SKIKSSGIG
51 LSSPPLATQT VVPLQHCKIP ELPVQASILF ELQLFFCQLI ALFVHYINIY
101 KTVWWYPPSH PPSHTSLNFH LIDFNLIMVT TIVLGRRFIG SIVKEASQRG
151 KVSLFRSILL FLTRFTVLTA TGWSLCRSLI HLFRTYSFLN LLFLCYPFGM
201 YIPFLQLNCD LRKTSLFNHM ASMGPREAVS GLAKSRDYLL TLRETWKQHT
251 RQLYGPDAMP THACCLSPSL IRSEVEFLKM DFNWRMKEVL VSSMLSAYYV
301 AFVPVWFVKN THYYDKRWSC ELFLLVSIST SVILMQHLLP ASYCDLHKA
     351 AAHLGCWQKV DPALCSNVLQ HPWTEECMWP QGVLVKHSKN VYKAVCHYNV
401 AIPSDVSHFR FHFFFSKPLR ILNILLLLEG AVIVYQLYSL MSSEKWHQTI
      451 SLALILFSNY YAFFKLLRDR LVLGKAYSYS ASPORDLDHR FS
ORF from 128 bp to 1603 bp; peptide length: 492
Category: similarity to unknown protein
Prosite motifs: LEUCINE_ZIPPER (210-232)
LEUCINE_ZIPPER (210-232)
                                            BIASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
                 Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 82c20, frame 2
TREMBL:CEAF3151 8 gene: "D1007.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid
D1007., N = 2, Score = 247, P = 4.6e-29
>TREMBL:CEAF3151_8 gene: "D1007.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D1007.
                  Length = 512
   HSPs:
 Score = 247 (37.1 bits), Expect = 4.6e-29, Sum P(2) = 4.6e-29 Identities = 58/204 (28%), Positives = 102/204 (50%)
             291 VSSMLSAYYVAFVPVWFVKNTHYYDKRWSCELFLLVSISTSVILMQHLLPASYCDLLHKA 350
             +S ML +V F + ++ W C+L ++V ++ + + +L P +Y DLLH+A
299 LSIMLPCIFVPFKTSQGIPQKILINEVWECQLAIVVGLTAFSLYVAYLSPLNYLDLLHRA 358
Sbict:
             351 AAHLGCWQKVD-PAL----CSNVLQHPWTEECMWPQGVLVKHSKN-VYKAVGHYNV---- 400
Query:
             A HLG W +++ P + + PW+E C++ G V+ Y+A ++
359 AIHLGSWHQIEGPRIGHTGSMSSAPTPWSEFCLYNDGETVQMPDGRCYRAKSSNSIRTVA 418
Sbjct:
             401 AIPSDVSHFRFHFFFSKPLRILNILLLLEGAVIVYQLYSLMSSEKWHQTISLALILFSNY 460
Query:
             A P H F KP ++NI+ E +I Q + L+ + W ++ L++F+NY
419 AHPESSRHNTFFKVLRKPNNLINIMCSFEFLLIFIQFWMLVLTNDWQHIVTFVLLMFANY 478
Sbjct:
             461 YAFFKLLRDRLVLGKAYSYSASPQRDL 487
Query:
             F KL +D+++L + Y S Q DL
479 LLFAKLFKDKIILSRIYEPS---QEDL 502
Sbjct:
 Score = 178 (26.7 bits), Expect = 4.3e-21, Sum P(2) = 4.3e-21 Identities = 50/179 (27%), Positives = 90/179 (50%)
             262 HACCLSPSLIRSEVEFLKMDFNWRMKEVLVSSMLSAYYVAFVPVWFV--KNTHYYDKR-- 317
Ouerv:
             H C SP+ IR E++ L D R+K+ + + + +A+ +P FV K + ++

262 HMCSDSPAQIREEIQVLIDDLVLRVKKSIFAGVSTAFLSIMLPCIFVPFKTSQGIPQKIL 321
Sbjct:
             318 ----WSCELFLLVSISTSVILMQHLLPASYCDLLHKAAAHLGCWQKVD-PAL----CSNV 368
Query:
             W C+L ++V ++ + + + L P +Y DLLH+AA HLG W +++ P + + 322 INEVWECQLAIVVGLTAFSLYVAYLSPLNYLDLLHRAAIHLGSWHQIEGPRIGHTGSMSS 381
Sbjct:
             369 LQHPWTEECMWPQGVLVKHSKN-VYKAVGHYNV-AIPSDVSHFRFHFFFSKPLRILNILL 426
Query:
```

++ ++

R + FF K LR N L+

Y+A

382 APTPWSEFCLYNDGETVQMPDGRCYRAKSSNSIRTVAAHPESSRHNTFF-KVLRKPNNLI 440

PW+E C++ G V+

Sbict:

```
Score = 146 (21.9 bits), Expect = 4.6e-29, Sum P(2) = 4.6e-29 Identities = 34/86 (39%), Positives = 50/86 (58%)
       52 SSPPLATQTVVPLQHCKIPELP-VQASILFELQLFFCQLIALFVHYINIYKTVWWYPPSH 110
Query:
       +S P A+ + + H P++ Q + FE LF ++ALF+ Y+NIYKT+WW P S+
19 ASIPRASGVTLSV-HPIWPDIQFTQGELFFECTLFLYSVLALFLQYLNIYKTLWWLPKSY 77
Sbjct:
Query:
      111 PPSHTSLNFHLIDFNLLMVTTIVLGRR 137
       H SL FHLI+ L ++LG R
78 --WHYSLKFHLINPYFLSCVGLLLGWR 102
Sbict:
Score = 39 (5.9 bits), Expect = 6.8e-18, Sum P(2) = 6.8e-18
Identities = 12/41 (29%), Positives = 20/41 (48%)
      154 LFRSILLFLTRFTVLTATGWSLCRSLIHLFRTYSFLNLLFL 194
Ouerv:
         L+ + LFL ++ + T W L +S H + +N FL
       53 LYSVLALFL-QYLNIYKTLWWLPKSYWHYSLKFHLINPYFL 92
Sbjct:
        Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82c20, frame 2
              Report for DKF2phfbr2_82c20.2
[LENGTH]
          492
          56274.05
I MW I
(pI)
          9.51
[HOMOL]
          TREMBL:CEAF3151 8 gene: "D1007.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D1007. 4e-31
[PROSITE]
          LEUCINE_ZIPPER 1
[PROSITE]
          AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
          MYRISTYL
(PROSITE)
          CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
          CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                          3
[PROSITE]
          GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
                          1
[PROSITE]
          PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                          5
(PROSITE)
          ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                          1
[KW]
          TRANSMEMBRANE
          LOW_COMPLEXITY
                        8.74 %
[KW]
SEQ
     MGGRRGPNRTSYCRNPLCEPGSSGSSGSHTSSASVTSVRSRTRSSSGTGLSSPPLATQT
SEG
     .....
     PRD
MEM
SEQ
     VVPLQHCKIPELPVQASILFELQLFFCQLIALFVHYINIYKTVWWYPPSHPPSHTSLNFH
SEG
PRD
     MEM
     LIDFNLLMVTTIVLGRRFIGSIVKEASQRGKVSLFRSILLFLTRFTVLTATGWSLCRSLI
SEO
SEG
     PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     HLFRTYSFLNLLFLCYPFGMYIPFLQLNCDLRKTSLFNHMASMGPREAVSGLAKSRDYLL
SEG
     PRD
MEM
     TLRETWKQHTRQLYGPDAMPTHACCLSPSLIRSEVEFLKMDFNWRMKEVLVSSMLSAYYV
SEQ
SEG
     PRD
         MEM
     AFVPVWFVKNTHYYDKRWSCELFLLVSISTSVILMQHLLPASYCDLLHKAAAHLGCWQKV
SEO
SEG
     PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     DPALCSNVLQHPWTEECMWPQGVLVKHSKNVYKAVGHYNVAIPSDVSHFRFHFFFSKPLR
SEG
PRD
     MEM
     SEQ
     ILNILLLEGAVIVYQLYSLMSSEKWHQTISLALILFSNYYAFFKLLRDRLVLGKAYSYS
SEG
     PRD
     MEM
```

SEQ	ASPQRDLDHRFS
SEG	
PRD	ccchhhhhhccc
MEM	

Prosite for DKF2phfbr2_82c20.2

PS00001	8->12	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00002	47->51	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00004	212->216	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0004
PS00004	316->320	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	38->41	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	147->150	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	241->244	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	245->248	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	443->446	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	241->245	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	273->277	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	342->346	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	21->27	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	24->30	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	28->34	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	48->54	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	231->237	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	2->6	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00009	134->138	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00029	168->190	LEUCINE ZIPPER	PD0C00029

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_82c20.2)

DKFZphfbr2 82e17 group: transmembrane protein DKFZphfbr2 82e17 encodes a novel 311 amino acid protein with very weak similarity to C. elegans cosmid R01B10. The novel protein contains 6 transmembrane regions. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife. The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells. similarity to C.elegans "RO1B10.5"; membrane regions: 6 Summary DKFZphfbr2_82e17 encodes a novel 311 amino acid protein with similarity to a hypothetical C.elegans protein. similarity to C.elegans "RO1B10.5" complete cDNA, EST HS763158 extendes the sequence, complete cds, EST six potential transmembrane domains Sequenced by DKFZ Locus: /map="779_C_?; 818_A_1; 877_C_1; 734_C_12; 760_E_11; 171.7 cR from top of Chrl4 linkage group" Insert length: 1618 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1608, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1588 1 CTGATCTAGT GCTTCTCGAA AAAAACCTTC AGGCGGCCCA TGGCTGTCGA 51 TATTCAACCA GCATGCCTTG GACTTTATTG TGGGAAGACC CTATTATTTA 101 AAAATGGCTC AACTGAAATA TATGGAGAAT GTGGGGTATG CCCAAGAGGA 151 CAGAGAACGA ATGCACAGAA ATATTGTCAG CCTTGCACAG AATCTCCTGA 201 ACTITATGAT TGGCTCTATC TTGGATTTAT GGCAATGCTT CCTCTGGTTT 251 TACATTGGTT CTTCATTGAA TGGTACTCGG GGAAAAAGAG TTCCAGCGCA 301 CTTTTCCAAC ACATCACTGC ATTATTTGAA TGCAGCATGG CAGCTATTAT 351 CACCTTACTT GTGAGTGATC CAGTTGGTGT TCTTTATATT CGTTCATGTC 401 GAGTATTGAT GCTTTCTGAC TGGTACACGA TGCTTTACAA CCCAAGTCCA 451 GATTACGTTA CCACAGTACA CTGTACTCAT GAAGCGGTCT ACCCACTATA 501 TACCATTGTA TTTATCTATT ACGCATTCTG CTTGGTATTA ATGATGCTGC 551 TCCGACCTCT TCTGGTGAAG AAGATTGCAT GTGGGTTAGG GAAATCTGAT 601 CGATTTAAAA GTATTTATGC TGCACTTTAC TTCTTCCCAA TTTTAACCGT 651 GCTTCAGGCA GTTGGTGGAG GCCTTTTATA TTACGCCTTC CCATACATTA 701 TATTAGTGTT ATCTTTGGTT ACTCTGGCTG TGTACATGTC TGCTTCTGAA 751 ATAGAGAACT GCTATGATCT TCTGGTCAGA AAGAAAAGAC TTATTGTTCT 801 CTTCAGCCAC TGGTTACTTC ATGCCTATGG AATAATCTCC ATTTCCAGAG 851 TGGATAAACT TGAGCAAGAT TTGCCCCTTT TGGCTTTGGT ACCTACACCA 901 GCCCTTTTTT ACTTGTTCAC TGCAAAATTT ACCGAACCTT CAAGGATACT 951 CTCAGAAGGA GCCAATGGAC ACTGAGTGTA GACATGTGAA ATGCCAAAAA 1001 CCTGAGAAGGA GCCAATAGAA ACTCAGTGTA ATGCCAAAAA 1001 CCTGAGAAGT GCTCCTAATA AAAAAGTAAA TCAATCTTAA CAGTGTATGA 1051 GAACTATTCT ATCATATATG GGAACAAGAT TGTCAGTATA TCTTAATGTT 1101 TGGGTTTGTC TTTGTTTTGT TTATGGTTAG ACTTACAGAC TTGGAAAATG 1151 CAAAACTCTG TAATACTCTG TTACACAGGG TAATATTATC TGCTACACTG 1201 GAAGGCCGCT AGGAAGCCCT TGCTTCTCTC AACAGTTCAG CTGTTCTTTA 1251 GGGCAAAATC ATGTTTCTGT GTACCTAGCA ATGTGTTCCC ATTTTATTAA 1301 GAAAAGCTTT AACACGTGTA ATCTGCAGTC CTTAACAGTG GCGTAATTGT 1351 ACGTACCTGT TGTGTTTCAG TTTGTTTTC ACCTATAATG AATTGTAAAA 1401 ACAAACATAC TTGTGGGGTC TGATAGCAAA CATAGAAATG ATGTATATTG 1451 TTTTTTGTTA TCTATTTATT TTCATCAATA CAGTATTTTG ATGTATTGCA 1501 AAAATAGATA ATAATTTATA TAACAGGTTT TCTGTTTATA GATTGGTTCA 1551 AGATTTGTTT GGATTATTGT TCCTGTAAAG AAAACAATAA TAAAAAGCTT 1601 ACCTACATAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS981146 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-6253.
Length = 208
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1040 (156.0 bits), Expect = 1.9e-40, P = 1.9e-40

Identities = 208/208 (100%), Positives = 208/208 (100%), Strand = Minus Entry HSG20716 from database EMBL: human STS A006D06. $^{\circ}$ Length = 195 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 975 (146.3 bits), Expect = 1.8e-37, P = 1.8e-37 Identities = 195/195 (100%), Positives = 195/195 (100%), Strand = Minus

Medline entries

No Medline entry

· Peptide information for frame 1

- 1 MAVDIQPACL GLYCGKTLLF KNGSTEIYGE CGVCPRGQRT NAQKYCQPCT
- 51 ESPELYDWLY LGFMAMLPLV LHWFFIEWYS GKKSSSALFQ HITALFECSM 101 AAIITLLVSD PVGVLYIRSC RVLMLSDWYT MLYNPSPDYV TTVHCTHEAV
- 151 YPLYTIVFIY YAFCLVLMML LRPLLVKKIA CGLGKSDRFK SIYAALYFFP
- 201 ILTVLQAVGG GLLYYAFPYI ILVLSLVTLA VYMSASEIEN CYDLLVRKKR
- 251 LIVLFSHWLL HAYGIISISR VDKLEQDLPL LALVPTPALF YLFTAKFTEP
- 301 SRILSEGANG H

ORF from 40 bp to 972 bp; peptide length: 311 Category: similarity to unknown protein

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_82e17, frame 1

TREMBL:AF068718_5 gene: "R01B10.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R01B10., N = 1, Score = 399, P = 1.4e-36

>TREMBL:AF068718_5 gene: "R01B10.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R01B10. Length = 670

HSPs:

Score = 399 (59.9 bits), Expect = 1.4e-36, P = 1.4e-36Identities = 95/280 (33%), Positives = 152/280 (54%)

- 2 AVDIQPACLGLYCGKTLLFKN-----GSTEIYGECGVCPRGQRTNAQKYCQPC 49
 A IQP+CLG +CG+T+L N GST + CG C G R NA C+ C Ouerv:
- 292 ASTIQPSCLG-FCGRTVLVGNYSEDVEATTTAAGSTSL-SRCGPCSFGYRNNAMSICESC 349 Sbjct:
- Query:
- 50 TESPELYDWLYLGFMAMLPLVLHWFFIEWYSGKKSSSALFQ---HITALFECSMAAIITL 106 + YDW+YL F+A+LPL+LH FI + K + ++ + E +A +I + 350 DTPLQPYDWMYLLFIALLPLLLHMQFIR-IARKYCRTRYYEVSEYLCVILENVIACVIAV 408
- Sbjct:
- 107 LVSDPVGVLYIRSCRVLMLSDWYTMLYNPSPDYVTTVHCTHEAVYPLYTIVFIYYAFCLV 166 L+ P ++ C ++WY YNP Y T+ CT+E V+PLY+I FI++ + Query:
- 409 LIYPPRFTFFLNGCSKTDIKEWYPACYNPRIGYTKTMRCTYEVVFPLYSITFIHHLILIG 468 Sbict:
- 167 LMMLLRPLLVKKIACGLGKSDRFKSIYAALYFFPILTVLQAVGGGLLYYAFPYIILVLSL 226 Ouerv:
- +++LR L + L K+ K YAA+ PIL V+ AV GH++Y FPYI+L+ SL
 469 SILVLRSTLYCVL---LYKTYNGKPFYAAIVSVPILAVIHAVLSGVVFYTFPYILLIGSL 525 Sbjct:
- 227 VTLAVYMSASEIENCYDLLVR----KKRLIVLFSHWLLHAYGIISI 268 Query:
- +++VR LI L L+ ++G+I+I 526 WAMCFHLALEGKRPLKEMIVRIATSPTHLIFLSITMLMLSFGVIAI 571 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82e17, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfbr2_82e17.1

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(MW)
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          MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
          CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
          CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
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[PROSITE]
          PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
          ASN GLYCOSYLATION
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PRD
     MEM
     SEQ
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SEG
     PRD
     MEM
SEQ
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SEG
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PRD
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SEG
PRD
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SEQ
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SEG
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MEM
     SEQ
     SRILSEGANGH
SEG
PRD
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MEM
     MM.....
               Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 82e17.1
PS00001
         22->26
                ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                PDOC0001
PS00004
         82->86
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                                PDOC00004
PS00005
         80->83
                PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                PD0C00005
PS00005
        119->122
                PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                PD0C00005
               PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
        186->189
                                PDOC00005
PS00005
        294->297
                                PD0C00005
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CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
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                                PD0C00006
        269->273
PS00006
                                PD0C00006
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PS00008
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         37->43
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PS00008
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P$00008
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PS00009
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(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2 82e17.1)

DKFZphfbr2 82e4

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2 82e4 encodes a novel 473 amino acid protein with strong similarity to the calmodulin-binding proteins.

The novel protein is similar to human and rat Ca2+/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase (EC 2.7.1.123), rat calmodulin-binding protein, calmodulin binding protein kinase of Fugu rupies and Rattus norvegicus calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase I. Calmodulin is the archetype of the family of calcium-modulated proteins of which nearly 20 members have been found. Calmodulin is involved in regulation of growth and cell cycle as well as in signal transduction and the synthesis and release of neurotransmitters. The novel protein seems to be involved in calmodulin-mediated pathways in human neuronal cells.

The new protein can find clinical application in modulating/blocking calmodulin-mediated pathways in human neuronal cells.

strong similarity to calmodulin-binding proteins

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits splice variant in comparison to rat I56542 ESTs HSZZ54543/HS1141907 define splice variant see also DKF2phfbr2_82g20 unspliced form

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: /map="200.5 cR from top of Chr3 linkage group"

Insert length: 2923 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 2913, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2890

1 ATGCTGGAGG TTCGCTAGCC GAAGCGGCTG CATCTGGCGC CGCGTCTGCC 51 CCGCGTGCTC GGAGCGGATT CTGCCCGCCG TCCCCGGAGC CCTCGGCGCC 101 CCGCTGAGCC CGCGATCACT TCCTCCCTGT GACCAACCGG CGCTGCAGGT 151 TAGAGCCTGG CAATGCCGTT TGGGTGTGTG ACTCTGGGTG ACAAGAAGAA 201 CTATAACCAG CCATCGGAGG TGACTGACAG ATATGATTTG GGACAGGTCA 251 TCAAGACTGA GGAGTTTTGT GAAATCTTCC GGGCCAAGGA CAAGACGACA
301 GGCAAGCTGC ACACCTGCAA GAAGTTCCAG AAGCGGGACG GCCGCAAGGT 351 GCGGAAAGCT GCCAAGAACG AGATAGGCAT CCTCAAGATG GTGAAGCATC 401 CCAACATCT ACAGCTGGTG GATGTGTTTG TGACCCGCAA GGAGTACTTT
451 ATCTTCCTGG AGCTGGCCAC GGGGAGGGAG GTGTTTGACT GGATCCTGGA
501 CCAGGGCTAC TACTCGGAGC GAGACACAAG CAACGTGGTA CGGCAAGTCC 551 TGGAGGCCGT GGCCTATTTG CACTCACTCA AGATCGTGCA CAGGAATCTC 601 AAGCTGGAGA ACCTGGTTTA CTACAACCGG CTGAAGAACT CGAAGATTGT 651 CATCAGTGAC TTCCATCTGG CTAAGCTAGA AAATGGCCTC ATCAAGGAGC 701 CCTGTGGGAC CCCCGAGTAT CTGGGCAACC CACCTTTCTA TGAGGAGGTG 751 GAAGAAGATG ATTATGAGAA CCATGATAAG AATCTCTTCC GCAAGATCCT 801 GGCTGGTGAC TATGAGTTTG ACTCTCCATA TTGGGATGAT ATTTCGCAGG 851 CAGCCAAAGA CCTGGTCACA AGGCTGATGG AGGTGGAGCA AGACCAGCGG 901 ATCACTGCAG AAGAGGCCAT CTCCCATGAG TGGATTTCTG GCAATGCTGC 951 TTCTGATAAG AACATCAAGG ATGGTGTCTG TGCCCAGATT GAAAAGAACT 1001 TTGCCAGGGC CAAGTGGAAG AAGGCTGTCC GAGTGACCAC CCTCATGAAA 1051 CGGCTCCGGG CACCAGAGCA GTCCAGCAC GCTCCAGCCC AGTCGGCCTC 1101 AGCCACAGAC ACTGCCACCC CCGGGGCTGC AGGTGGGGCC ACAGCTGCAG 1151 CTGCGAGTGG AGCTACCTCA GCCCCTGAGG GTGATGCTGC TCGTGCTGCA 1201 AAGAGTGATA ATGTGGCCCC CGCAGACCGT AGTGCCACCC CAGCCACAGA 1251 TGGAAGTGCC ACCCCAGCCA CTGATGGCAG TGTCACCCCA GCCACCGATG 1301 GAAGCATCAC TCCAGCCACT GATGGGAGTG TCACCCCAGC CACTGACAGG 1351 AGCGCTACTC CAGCCACTGA TGGGAGAGCC ACACCAGCCA CAGAAGAGAG 1401 CACTGTGCCC ACCACCCAAA GCAGTGCCAT GCTGGCCACC AAGGCAGCTG 1501 GCCACAGGCC AGGCTCCACC CTCTAGTAAA GGGGAAGAGG CTGCTGGTTA 1551 TGCCCAGGAG TCTCAAAGGG AGGAGGCCAG CTGAGTAGGC AGCCTGGTGA 1601 GGGGGGCAG GGGATGGCA GGAGGGTGGG AGAGTGGATG AGGGGCTTCT 1651 CACTGTACAT AGAGTCACTG GCATGATGCC CTCGCTCCCC CATGCCCCCA 1701 CATCCCAGTG GGGCATAACT AGGGGTCACG GGAGAGCAGT CTCGTCTCCT 1751 GTGTGTGTGTG GTGTGGGTGG TGGGCAGGC AGTGGCAGGC CCGGCCCCAG
1801 CCCCTGCATG GATTCCTTGT GGCTTTTCTG TCTTTTGCTA GCTTCACCAG 1851 TTTCTGTTCC TTGTGGGATG CTGCTCTAGG GATACTCAGG GGGCTCCTGC
1901 TCTCCTTCCC CTTCCCTTCT TGCCTCACCA TTCCCCTAGG CAGGCCCTGC 1951 AGGTCCCACA CTCTCCCAGG CCCTAAACTT GGGCGGCCTT GCCCTGAGAG 2001 CTGGTCCTCC AGCGAGGCCC TGTCAGCGGT CTTAGGCTCC TGCACATGAA 2051 GGTGTGTGCC TGTGGTGTGT GGGCTGCTCT AGGAGCAGAT ACAGGCTGGT 2101 ATAGAGGATG CAGAAAGGTA GGGCAGTATG TTTAAGTCCA GACTTGGCAC 2151 ATGGCTAGGG ATACTGCTCA CTAGCTGTGG AGGTCCTCAG GAGTGGAGAG 2201 AATGAGTAGG AGGGCAGAAG CTTCCATTTT TGTCCTTCCT AAGACCCTGT

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2251 TATTTGTGTT ATTTCCTGCC TTTCCGAGTC CTGCAGTGGG CTGCCCTGTA
2301 CCCTGAACCT CATGAGCCTC TAAGGGAAAG GAGGAACAAT TAGGACGTGG
2351 CAATGAGACC TGCCAGGGCA GAGTACAAGC CCAGCACCCA GTGTCCCAGC
2401 CTTACCTGGGT CCTTACCCTG GGCCAAACAG GGAGGGCTGA TACCTCCTCTG
2451 CTCTTCCTAG ATGCCCACCT CCTACAATCT CAGCCCACAA GTCCTCTCCA
2501 CCCTAGGGGG CTTGCTGCAT GGCAATAACT CATAATCTGA TTTGGAGGTT
2551 TGCCCTTTAC AGGGGCAGAT TTTCTGCTCA GTTCAACAAT GAAATGAAGA
2601 GGAACTCCCT CTTTCTACAG CTCACTTCTA TCAGAGGCC AGGTGCCTCA
2501 CCAGTTTCCT GAGGGAGGCT CCTGACAGGT GCCCTTTGTC AGACCCTCC
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2701 CAGGTGCCT GCCCTTCTC CTCACTGCT GTGGGTCTG TCTGGTGTGT
2801 TGGTGGTCCT GCCCTTCTCC CTGCATGCCT GTGGGTCTGC TCTGGTGTGT
2801 GAGGTGGGT GGGTTAACTG TGTGCCTACT GAACCTGGCA AATAAACATC
2901 ACCCTGCAAA GCCAAAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

Entry HS452352 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-15318.
Length = 350
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1547 (232.1 bits), Expect = 5.2e-63, P = 5.2e-63
Identities = 331/348 (95%), Positives = 331/348 (95%), Strand = Minus / Pl

Medline entries

94110847:

J Neurosci 1994 Jan;14(1):1-13
1G5: a calmodulin-binding, vesicle-associated, protein kinase-like protein enriched in forebrain neurites.
Godbout M, Erlander MG, Hasel KW, Danielson PE, Wong KK, Battenberg EL, Foye PE,
Bloom FE, Sutcliffe JG

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 163 bp to 1581 bp; peptide length: 473 Category: strong similarity to known protein

BLASTP hits

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_82e4, frame 1

PIR:156542 calmodulin-binding protein - rat, N = 2, Score = 1246, P = 4e-228

TREMBLNEW: FRU010348 3 product: "calmodulin binding protein kinase"; Fugu rubripes UBE1-like gene, PRGFR2 gene and gene encoding calmodulin binding protein kinase, clone 168J21, N = 2, Score = 846, P = 2.6e-1392, Score = 364, P = 5.1e-63 >PIR:I56542 calmodulin-binding protein - rat Length = 504Score = 1246 (186.9 bits), Expect = 4.0e-228, Sum P(2) = 4.0e-228 Identities = 255/289 (88%), Positives = 259/289 (89%) 188 GNPPFYEEVEEDDYENHDKNLFRKILAGDYEFDSPYWDDISQAAKDLVTRLMEVEQDQRI 247 GNPPFYEEVEEDDYENHDKNLFRKILAGDYEFDSPYWDDISQAAKDLVTRLMEVEQDQRI 216 GNPPFYEEVEEDDYENHDKNLFRKILAGDYEFDSPYWDDISQAAKDLVTRLMEVEQDQRI 275 Sbjct: 248 TAEEAISHEWISGNAASDKNIKDGVCAQIEKNFARAKWKKAVRVTTLMKRLRAPEQSSTA 307 Query: TAEEAISHEWISGNAASDKNIKDGVCAQIEKNFARAKWKKAVRVTTLMKRLRAPEQS TA 276 TAEEAISHEWISGNAASDKNIKDGVCAQIEKNFARAKWKKAVRVTTLMKRLRAPEQSGTA 335 Sbict: 308 AAQSASATDTATPGAAGGATAAAASGATSAPE-----GDAARAAKSDNVAPADRSAT 359 Query: A +D ATPGAAGGA AAAA GA A GDA AAKSD++A ADRSAT 336 AT----SDAATPGAAGGAVAAAAGGAAPASGASATVGTGGDAGCAAKSDDMASADRSAT 390 Sbjct: 360 PATDGSATPATDGSVTPATDGSITPATDGSVTPATDRSATPATDGRATPATEESTVPTTQ 419 Query: PATDGSATPATDGSVTPATDGSITPATDGSVTPATDRSATPATDGRATPATEESTVP Q 391 PATDGSATPATDGSVTPATDGSVTPATDGSVTPATDRSATPATDGRATPATEESTVPAAO 450 Sbjct: 420 SSAMLATKAAATPEPAMAQPDSTAPEGATGQAPPSSKGEEAAGYAOESOREEAS 473 Query: SSA A KAAATPEPA+AOPDSTA EGATGOAPPSSKGEEA G AOESOR E S 451 SSAAPAAKAAATPEPAVAQPDSTALEGATGQAPPSSKGEEATGCAQESQRVETS 504 Sbjct: Score = 978 (146.7 bits), Expect = 4.0e-228, Sum P(2) = 4.0e-228Identities = 186/187 (99%), Positives = 187/187 (100%) 1 MPFGCVTLGDKKNYNQPSEVTDRYDLGQVIKTEEFCEIFRAKDKTTGKLHTCKKFQKRDG 60 MPFGCVTLGDKKNYNQPSEVTDRYDLGQVVKTEEFCEIFRAKDKTTGKLHTCKKFQKRDG 60 MPFGCVTLGDKKNYNQPSEVTDRYDLGQVVKTEEFCEIFRAKDKTTGKLHTCKKFQKRDG 60 Sbjct: 61 RKVRKAAKNEIGILKMVKHPNILQLVDVFVTRKEYFIFLELATGREVFDWILDQGYYSER 120 Query: RKVRKAAKNEIGILKMVKHPNILQLVDVFVTRKEYFIFLELATGREVFDWILDQGYYSER 61 RKVRKAAKNEIGILKMVKHPNILQLVDVFVTRKEYFIFLELATGREVFDWILDQGYYSER 120 Sbjct: 121 DTSNVVROVLEAVAYLHSLKIVHRNLKLENLVYYNRLKNSKIVISDFHLAKLENGLIKEP 180 Query: DTSNVVRQVLEAVAYLHSLKIVHRNLKLENLVYYNRLKNSKIVISDFHLAKLENGLIKEP 121 DTSNVVRQVLEAVAYLHSLKIVHRNLKLENLVYYNRLKNSKIVISDFHLAKLENGLIKEP 180 Sbjct: 181 CGTPEYL 187 Query: CGTPEYL Sbjct: 181 CGTPEYL 187 Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82e4, frame 1 Report for DKFZphfbr2 82e4.1 [LENGTH] 473 51208.89 [MW] 5.30 Igl PIR: 156542 calmodulin-binding protein - rat 0.0 [HOMOL] 30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YFR014c] 4e-30 10.99 other signal-transduction activities [S. cerevisiae, YFR014c] 4e-30 (FUNCAT) [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] 03.01 cell growth [S. cerevisiae, YFR014c] 4e-30 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKL101w] 2e-26 [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] 03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YKL101w] 2e-26 11.04 dna repair (direct repair, base excision repair and nucleotide excision [S. cerevisiae, YDL101c] 8e-26 [FUNCAT] repair) 98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YCL024w] 5e-24 03.25 cytokinesis [S. cerevisiae, YDR507c] 7e-23 [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] 03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YDR507c] [FUNCAT]

03.22.01 cell cycle check point proteins [S. cerevisiae, YPL153c 03.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YPL153c] 1e-21

IS. cerevisiae, YPL153cl 1e-21

7e-23

[FUNCAT]

[FUNCAT]

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11.01 stress response [S. cerevisiae, YDR477w] 3e-19 01.05.04 regulation of carbohydrate utilization
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                       [S. cerevisiae, YDR477w]
3e-19
[FUNCAT]
                                                                     (S. cerevisiae, YPL141c) le-16
                       99 unclassified proteins
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                       03.16 dna synthesis and replication [S. cerevisiae, YMR001c] 3e-16
                       03.13 meiosis (S. cerevisiae, YOR351c) 1e-15
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                       30.02 organization of plasma membrane (S. cere 10.03.11 key kinases (S. cerevisiae, YCR073c) 6e-11
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                            [S. cerevisiae, YDR122w] 3e-14
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                       09.01 biogenesis of cell wall [S. cerevisiae, YNR031c] 8e-11 10.02.11 key kinases [S. cerevisiae, YJL095w] 2e-09 03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
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           [S. cerevisiae, YLR362w] le-08
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                      10.05.11 key kinases [S. cerevisiae, YLR362w] 1e-08 10.04.11 key kinases [S. cerevisiae, YLR362w] 1e-08
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[FUNCAT]
YPL031c] 7e-08
(FUNCAT)
                       04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YPL031c] 7e-08 01.04.04 regulation of phosphate utilization [S. cerevisiae,
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7e-08
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                       farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YFL033c] le-07
04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YFL033c] le-07
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing)
[FUNCAT]
                       10.05.09 regulation of g-protein activity [S. cerevisiae, YBL016w] 5e-07 05.07 translational control [S. cerevisiae, YDR283c] 8e-07 01.06.10 regulation of lipid, fatty-acid and sterol biosynthesis [S.
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cerevisiae, YHR079c] 5e-06
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5e-06
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                       30.01 organization of cell wall
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                       30.90 extracellular/secretion proteins [S. cerevisiae, YIR019c] le-05 01.05.01 carbohydrate utilization [S. cerevisiae, YIR019c] le-05
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                                                                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YDL108w]
                       04.05.01.01 general transcription activities
1e-05
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                       01.02.04 regulation of nitrogen and sulphur utilization
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YNL183c] 8e-05
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                       08.99 other intracellular-transport activities
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8e-05
                       03.10 sporulation and germination [S. cerevisiae, YDR523c] 2e-04 cenergy conversion [M. genitalium, MG109] 3e-04
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                       BL00107A Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins
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                       dlgol___ 5.1.1.1.9 MAP kinase Erk2 [rat Rattus norvegicus 3e-62 dlwfc___ 5.1.1.1.8 MAP kinase p38 [human (Homo sapiens) 5e-59 dlkoa_2 5.1.1.1.7 (1-350) Twitchin, kinase domain [Caenorhabditi 1e-75 dlkoba__ 5.1.1.1.6 Twitchin, kinase domain [california sea har 1e-72
[SCOP]
(SCOP)
[SCOP]
(SCOP)
                      dlphk__ 5.1.1.1.6 Witchin, kinase domain [california sea har 1e-72 dlphk__ 5.1.1.1.5 gamma-subunit of glycogen phosphorylase kinas 4e-65 dlirk__ 5.1.1.2.4 insulin receptor [Human (Homo sapiens) 2e-56 dlapme_ 5.1.1.1.4 cAMP-dependent PK, catalytic subunit [mouse (Mu 4e-71 dlfgka__ 5.1.1.2.3 Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 [human (Hom 1e-50 dlydre__ 5.1.1.1.3 cAMP-dependent PK, catalytic subunit [bovine (Bo 3e-70 dlfmk_3 5.1.1.2.2 (168-437) c-src tyrosine kinase [human (Hom 5e-49 dlodks_5 5.1.1.2 (MP-dependent PK, catalytic subunit [big (Su 2e-72)]
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SCOPI
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(SCOP)
                       dlcsn__ 5.1.1.1.11 Casein kinase-1, CK1 [Schizosaccharomyces pombe 9e-42
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                       dljsua_ 5.1.1.1.1 Cyclin-dependent PK [Human (Homo sapiens) le-56 dlckia_ 5.1.1.1.10 Casein kinase-1, CK1 (rat (Rattus norvegicus) 9e-52 2.7.1.38 Phosphorylase kinase 3e-29
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[EC]
(EC)
                       2.7.1.123 Ca2+/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase 8e-66
[EC]
                       2.7.1.128 [Acetyl-CoA carboxylase] kinase 2e-17
(EC)
                       2.7.1.117 Myosin-light-chain kinase 2e-38
[EC]
                       2.7.1.109 [Hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase(NADPH)] kinase 2e-17 2.7.1.37 Protein kinase 6e-28
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unassigned Ser/Thr or Tyr-specific protein kinases 2e-36
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(SUPFAM)
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                ankyrin repeat homology 2e-31 protein kinase homology 8e-66
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(SUPFAM)
                protein kinase C mu 1e-16
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(KW)
                LOW COMPLEXITY
                                     7.40 %
        MPFGCVTLGDKKNYNQPSEVTDRYDLGQVIKTEEFCEIFRAKDKTTGKLHTCKKFQKRDG
SEQ
SEG
        .....CEETTTGGGCEEEEEECBCGGGGEEEEEETTTTCEEEEEEEC---
1a06-
        RKVRKAAKNEIGILKMVKHPNILQLVDVFVTRKEYFIFLELATGREVFDWILDQGYYSER
SEG
        -----HHHHHHHHHCCTTTBCCEEEEEEETTEEEEEECCCCCEEHHHHHHHTTTTBHH
1a06-
        DTSNVVROVLEAVAYLHSLKIVHRNLKLENLVYYNRLKNSKIVISDFHLAKLENGLIKEP
SEO
SEG
        ННИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИСССТТТТТТТЕЕЕСССТТТТСЕЕЕСССТТТТСНИНИНССС
1a06-
        CGTPEYLGNPPFYEEVEEDDYENHDKNLFRKILAGDYEFDSPYWDDISQAAKDLVTRLME
SEO
SEG
1a06-
        НИНИНИНССТТТТТТ-----ТИНИНИНИНИССССССТТТТТТТСНИНИНИНИНСТ
SEQ
        VEQDQRITAEEAISHEWISGNAASDKNIKDGVCAQIEKNFARAKWKKAVRVTTLMKRLRA
SEG
        ттоосссинининттттттсссссовнининининининсстттттвтинининс..
1a06-
        PEQSSTAAAQSASATDTATPGAAGGATAAAASGATSAPEGDAARAAKSDNVAPADRSATP
SEQ
        SEG
1a06-
```

SEQ SEG 1a06- SEQ SEG 1a06-	ATDGSATPATDGSVTPATDGSITPATDGSVTPATDRSATPATDGRATPATEESTVPTTQS SAMLATKAAATPEPAMAQPDSTAPEGATGQAPPSSKGEEAAGYAQESQREEAS				
Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_82e4.1					
PS00005	21->24	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005		
PS00005	118->121	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005	138->141	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005	264->267	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005		PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005		
PS00005	454->457	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00005	467->470	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005		
PS00006	7->11	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	91->95	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	103->107	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	118->122	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	248->252	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	313->317	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	336->340	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	442->446	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006	455->459	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00006		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006		
PS00007	456->464	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007		
PS00007		TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007		
PS00008		MYRĪSTYL	PD0C00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PD0C00008		
PS00008		MYRISTYL	PDOC00008		
PS00009	59->63	AMIDATION	PDOC00009		

Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_82e4.1

HMM_NAME	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	
нмм	*YeigRiIGeGsFGtVYkCiWr.TGeIVAIKIIkkrsmsFlREIq	
	Y +G++I F +++++++ TG++ K++ KR+ + +EI	
Query	24 YDLGQVIKTEEFCEIFRAKDKTTGKLHTCKKFQKRDGRKVRKAAKNEIG	72
нмм	IMRrLnHPNIIRFYDwFedddDHIYMIMEYMeGGDLFDYIrrngpMsEwe	
	I+++++HPNI+++ D+F + +++ + +E++ G + FD+I ++G++SE++	
Query	73 ILKMVKHPNILQLVDVFV-TRKEYFIFLELATGREVFDWILDQGYYSERD	121
нмм	IrfIMyQILrGMeYLHSMgIIHRDLKPENILIDeNgqIKIcDFGLAR	
	++++Q+L++++YLHS +I+HR LK EN+ + ++ I I+DF LA+	
Query	122 TSNVVRQVLEAVAYLHSLKIVHRNLKLENLVYYNRLKNSKIVISDFHLAK	171
нмм	qMnnYerMttfCGTPWY*	
	+ N ++ + CGTP+Y	
Query	172 LENGLIKEPCGTPEY 186	
нмм	*GepPFyddnMemImrIiqrfrrpfWpnCSeElyDFMr	
11121	G PPFY+ + ++++++++F +P+W+ +S ++D+++	
Query	188 GNPPFYEEVEEDDYENHDKNLFRKILAGDYEFDSPYWDDISQAAKDLVT	236
нмм	wCWnyDPekRPTFrQILnHPWF*	
111.71.1	+++++ ++R+T+++++ H W+	
Query	237 RLMEVEQDQRITAEEAISHEWI 258	

DKF2phfbr2_82g14

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2_82g14 encodes a novel 208 amino acid proline-rich protein without similarity to known proteins.

The protein contains one transmembrane domain.
No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes and as a new marker for neuronal cells.

unknown prolin rich protein membrane regions: 1
Summary DKFZphfbr2_82g14 encodes a novel 208 amino acid protein.

unknown prolin rich protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits TRANSMEMBRANE 1

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: /map="26.2 cR from top of Chrl6 linkage group"

Insert length: 2059 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2049, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2024

1 AGAAGTGCGA CTGCCAGCTG CCGAGGCGTT CGGTCCTGCT GTTGCGGCCG

51 CTGCCCCAGG GCTGCGGGGA CGCTCCCGGA GCCCTGCCTG TCCCCTGTCC 101 ATCCAGGCCA GCAGCTGAAG GAGCCTCACC TGCCTCCCTT CTCTGAGTAG 151 CACGGATTTG AGGAGAAGCA GCGAAGATGT CCAGCGAGCC TCCCCCTCCT 201 TATCCTGGGG GCCCCACAGC CCCACTTCTG GAACAGAAAA GTGGAGCCCC
251 GCCCACCCCA GGCCGTTCCT CCCCAGCTGT GATGCAGCCC CCTCCAGGCA 301 TGCCACTGCC CCCTGCGGAC ATTGGCCCCC CACCCTATGA GCCGCCGGGT 351 CACCCAATGC CCCAGCCTGG CTTCATCCCA CCACACATGA GTGCAGATGG 401 CACCTACATG CCTCCGGGTT TCTACCCTCC TCCAGGCCCC CACCCACCCA 451 TGGGCTACTA CCCCCCAGGG CCCTACACGC CAGGGCCCTA CCCTGGCCCT 501 GGGGGCCACA CAGCCACAGT CCTGGTCCCT TCAGGAGCTG CCACCACGGT 551 GACAGTGCTG CAGGGAGAGA TCTTTGAGGG AGCGCCTGTG CAGACGGTGT 601 GTCCCCACTG CCAGCAGGCC ATCGCCACCA AGATCTCCTA CGAGATTGGC 651 TTGATGAATT TCGTGCTGGG TTTCTTCTGT TGCTTCATGG GATGTGATCT
701 GGGCTGCTGC CTGATCCCCT GCCTCATCAA TGACTTCAAG GATGTGACGC 751 ACACATGCCC CAGCTGCAAA GCCTACATCT ACACGTACAA GCGCCTGTGC 801 TAACGGAGCT GGGACTCGGG ACTCCCCCGC CTGTCAGTCT GGCCCCCTGT 851 GCTTTGCTCC CTGCGCTCAG TGGTCACTTT CCCGCTCCCA CTTGGGGCTG 901 GGAGCCGTGC CACCATCCCC TAGAAGTCCT GTCCTCTTCA CCCTGCCCTA 951 CCTGAGCCGC TGACTCTTCT GGCAAAAATT CTGTTGGGAT TTAAGGCCAA 1001 GGGTCAGTGG GTGGCAGGGG GCTGGCAATG AGCTTGTGTG TTGTTGGTCT 1051 GCTTGGTGTG TGTGATCGGG AAGATAAGCT GGGAGGGGTC TCCTGCTGGG 1101 GTCCTGATGC CTCTGTTTCC AAACAAGGTA CAGGTTCAGT CCAGACTCTT 1151 TCCCCCTGGG ACCAACAGCA GCCAGAGCAG TTAGCCAGTT AGTCCCCAGG 1201 CCTGTGGCCA CAGGCGTTTC TGACCTGCTG GGCCGAGAAT GGGTAAGTTG 1251 TCTGGAGTCA GGTGGGCCCA CGTAGGACAG GGTCACAAAG CCTGGGTTTG 1301 TTTCTGGGTA CTTTGCGCCT CTGGGGTGCT AGAGGTGGGG CATGGTGGCT
1351 GGAAGTAAAA CTGCCAACTC TGGCCCTCAG AACTCTCAGG TATAGAAGCC
1401 CAGGATGTCT AATACCCTGT CCCAGTGCCC GAGAGCTGCC TGGTGTCAGG
1451 TAGAGAGGAC ACTGTACCTG GGTGAATGAT CAGACCCTGG TAGCTAAGAA 1501 GGAACTTGTC CCTTTGAGTC AGTGTGCAGA CCCCCTTTCA GGCCATGCCT
1551 CTGTGAACCC TGTATTGCTG GGGCCGGAAG GAGCCCCTGA GCCTAGCCCC 1601 TTCCCGTCTG CCCTGTGTCC TCACTGCGTG TGGGTATGAC CTCTGCCTGG 1651 TGGCTGGTGT ATCCCAACTG GGCAAGAGAT GGCAGAGGGT CCCCCTTGTG 1701 GGTGCGCTTG GATGTGCAGA GCCTTCTCCA TGGATTTTCT TCCCTGTAAG 1751 TGCCGGGCCC CCCACCCCAG CTGACAGGCT GTTGCTGTGC CTGCTCACAC 1801 CTGCTCCTGC AGGCACACTG GGCTAGGGAC GAGGAAGGAG CAGCCACAAG 1851 TGGTAGAACT GCCTTGGTGG ACACCAGCCT CGCCCTGTCT TTATTTCCTG 1901 AATGGTTTGT GAACTTGCTC ACCTGGACCA CTGTATCCTG CCACTGTCCT 1951 TCCTGGTCTC GCACTGCCAC TGCATGGCCT CCTGTCACTG TGAATCGTGG 2001 CCCAGTCTCA GTTTGTAGTT TCTCATTAAA TTGGCCCTTT CACTCCCCCA 2051 AAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

```
Entry HS727347 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-16589.
Length = 275
Plus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1365 (204.8 bits), Expect = 3.0e-55, P = 3.0e-55
Identities = 275/276 (99%), Positives = 275/276 (99%), Strand = Plus /
```

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

```
1 MSSEPPPPYP GGPTAPLLEE KSGAPPTPGR SSPAVMQPPP GMPLPPADIG
```

- 51 PPPYEPPGHP MPQPGFIPPH MSADGTYMPP GFYPPGFHP PMGYYPPGPY
 101 TPGPYPGPGG HTATVLVPSG AATTVTVLQG EIFEGAPVQT VCPHCQQAIA
- 151 TKISYEIGLM NEVLGFFCCF MGCDLGCCLI PCLINDFKDV THTCPSCKAY
- 201 TYTYKRLC

ORF from 177 bp to 800 bp; peptide length: 208 Category: similarity to known protein

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfbr2_82g14, frame 3

PIR:S57447 HPBRII-7 protein - human, N = 1, Score = 206, P = 8.4e-16

PIR:A47655 spliceosome-associated protein SAP 62 - human, N = 1, Score = 198, P = 4.3e-15

>PIR:S57447 HPBRII-7 protein - human Length = 551

HSPs:

Score = 206 (30.9 bits), Expect = 8.4e-16, P = 8.4e-16 Identities = 57/115 (49%), Positives = 62/115 (53%)

- 5 PPPPYPGGPTAPLLEEKSGAPPTPGRSSPAVMQPPPGMPLPPADIGPP----- 56
- PPPP+P G T P G P PG P PPPG LPP GPP P P 226 PPPPFPAGGTPP--RPPLGPPGPPGPPGP---PPPGQVLPPPLAGPPNRGDRPPPPVLF 279 Sbjct:
- Query: 57 PGHPMPQP--GFIPPHMSADGTYMP-PGFYPPPGPHPPM-GYYPP-GPYTPGPYPGPGH 111
- PG P QP G +PP G P PG+ PPPGP PP G PP GP+ P P PGP G 280 PGQPFGQPPLGPLPP----GPPPPVPGYGPPPGPPPPQQGPPPPPGFPPPRP-PGPLGP 333 Sbjct:
- Query: 112 TATVLVP 118
- 334 PLTLAPP 340 Sbict:
- Score = 177 (26.6 bits), Expect = 1.1e-12, P = 1.1e-12 Identities = 55/120 (45%), Positives = 61/120 (50%)
- 5 PPPPYPGGPTAP--LLEEKSGAPPTPG-RSSPAVM---QP---PPGMPLPPADIGPPPYE 55
 P PP P GP P +L PP G R P V+ QP PP PLPP GPPP
 244 PGPPGPPGPPPPGQVLPPPLAGPPNRGDRPPPPVLFPGQPFGQPPLGPLPP---GPPP-P 299 Ouerv:
- Sbict:
- Query:
- 56 PPGHPMPQPGFIPPHMSADGTYMPPGFYPP--PGP-HPPMGYYPPGPYTPGPYPG---PG 109 PG+ P PG PP G PPG +PP PGP PP+ PP P+ PGP PG P 300 VPGYG-PPPGPPPPQQ---GPPPPPGPFPPRPPGPLGPPLTLAPP-PHLPGPPPGAPPPA 354 Sbjct:
- Query: 110 GHTATVLVP 118
- 355 PHVNPAFFP 363 Sbjct:
- Score = 168 (25.2 bits), Expect = 1.1e-11, P = 1.1e-11 Identities = 47/118 (39%), Positives = 51/118 (43%)
- 5 PPPPYPG-GPTAPLLEEKSGAPPTPGRSSPAVMQP--PPGMPLPPADI-GPPPYEPPGHP 60 Query:

```
+ G PP PG P
                                            P PP
                                                    PP + GPPP PP P
            PPPP PG GP
        296 PPPPVPGYGPPPGPPPPQQGPPPPPGPFPPRPPGPLGPPLTLAPPPHLPGPPPGAPPPAP 355
Sbjct:
         61 MPQPGFIPPHMSADGTYMPPGFYPPPGPHPPMGYYPPGPYTPGPYPGPGHTATVLVPSG 120
Query:
        PF PP ++ MP P P P G PP PY G Y PG T P

356 HVNPAFFPPTNSG---MPTSDSRGPPPTDPYGR-PP-PYDRGDYGPPGREMDTARTPLS 410
Sbjct:
Ouerv:
        121 AA 122
Sbjct:
        411 EA 412
Score = 156 (23.4 bits), Expect = 2.1e-10, P = 2.1e-10
Identities = 44/103 (42%), Positives = 50/103 (48%)
          6 PPPYPGGPTAPLLEEKSGAPPT-PGRSSPAVMQPPPGMPLPPADIGPPPYEPPGHPMPQP 64
Ouerv:
        P PGG P G PP P +P +PP G P PP GPPP PG +P P
208 PGAVPGGDRFPGPAGPGGPPPPFPAGQTPP--RPPLGPPGPPGPPP---PGQVLPPP 262
Sbjct:
        65 GFIPPHMSADGTYMPPGFYP-PPGPHPPMGYYPPGPYTP----GPYPGP 108
PP+ D PP +P P PP+G PPGP P GP PGP
263 LAGPPNRG-DRP-PPPVLFPGQPFGQPPLGPLPPGPPPVPFGYGPPPGP 309
Query:
Sbjct:
Score = 121 (18.2 bits), Expect = 5.2e-05, P = 5.2e-05 Identities = 40/90 (44%), Positives = 45/90 (50%)
         23 GAPPTPGRSSPAVMQPP-PGMPLPPAD-IGPP-PYEPPGHPMPQPG-FIPPHMSADGTYM 78
Ouerv:
                PG + P PP PP +GPP P PPG P PG +PP ++
        213 GGDRFPGPAGPGGPPPFFPAGQTPPRPPLGPPGPPGPPG-P-PPPGQVLPPPLAG---- 265
Sbict:
         79 PP--GFYPPPG---PHPPMGYYPPGPYTPGPYPG-PG 109 PP G PPP P P G P GP PGP P PG
Ouerv:
        266 PPNRGDRPPPPVLFPGQPFGQPPLGPLPPGPPPPVPG 302
Sbjct:
           Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82g14, frame 3
                    Report for DKFZphfbr2_82g14.3
[LENGTH]
              208
[MW]
              21862.47
[pI]
              5.55
[PROSITE]
              MYRISTYL
(PROSITE)
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
              TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
[KW]
                             39.90 %
       MSSEPPPPYPGGPTAPLLEEKSGAPPTPGRSSPAVMQPPPGMPLPPADIGPPPYEPPGHP
SEO
       SEG
       PRD
MEM
       {\tt MPQPGFIPPHMSADGTYMPPGFYPPPGPHPPMGYYPPGPYTPGPYPGPGGHTATVLVPSG}
SEO
       SEG
PRD
       MEM
SEQ
       AATTVTVLQGEIFEGAPVQTVCPHCQQAIATKISYEIGLMNFVLGFFCCFMGCDLGCCLI
SEG
       PRD
       минимимимм.....
MEM
       PCLINDFKDVTHTCPSCKAYIYTYKRLC
SEO
SEG
       eeeeccccccccccceeeeeeccc
PRD
MEM
       Prosite for DKFZphfbr2 82g14.3
PS00005
           196->199
                     PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                           PDOC00005
PS00005
           203->206
                     PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                           PDOC00005
PS00008
           109->115
                     MYRĪSTYL
                                           PDOC00008
PS00008
           120->126
                     MYRISTYL
                                           PDOC00008
                                           PDOC00008
PS00008
           172->178
                     MYRISTYL
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_82g14.3)

DKFZphfbr2 82i17 ______ group: signal transduction DKFZphtes2 82i17 encodes a novel 334 amino acid protein with similarity to the plasma membrane substrate for the cAMP-dependent protein kinase. The novel protein is a transmembrane protein with strong similarity to the phospholemman protein, a membrane substrate for the cAMP-dependent protein kinase. It seems to serve as a chloride channel or as a chloride-channel regulator. The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking cAMP-dependent protein kinasedependent pathways. similarity to plasma membrane substrate for cAMP-dependent protein kinase complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at Bp 31 matches Kozak consensus PyNNatgG might be a SODIUM/POTASSIUM-TRANSPORTING ATPASE TRANSMEMBRANE Sequenced by DKFZ Locus: /map="11; 920 E 12; 786 (A,H) 11; (797,802) (E,H) 7" Insert length: 1647 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1637, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1615 1 AGTCTCGGAG GGGACCGGCT GTGCAGACGC CATGGAGTTG GTGCTGGTCT 51 TCCTCTGCAG CCTGCTGGCC CCCATGGTCC TGGCCAGTGC AGCTGAAAAG 101 GAGAAGGAAA TGGACCCTTT TCATTATGAT TACCAGACCC TGAGGATTGG 151 GGGACTGGTG TTCGCTGTGG TTCTCTTCTC GGTTGGGATC CTCCTTATCC 201 TAAGTCGCAG GTGCAAGTGC AGTTTCAATC AGAAGCCCCG GGCCCCAGGA 251 GATGAGGAAG CCCAGGTGGA GAACCTCATC ACCGCCAATG CAACAGAGCC 351 CTGAGGCGGC TGCTTGAACC TTTGGATGCA AATGTCGATG CTTAAGAAAA 401 CCGGCCACTT CAGCAACAGC CCTTTCCCCA GGAGAAGCCA AGAACTTGTG 451 TGTCCCCCAC CCTATCCCCT CTAACACCAT TCCTCCACCT GATGATGCAA 501 CTAACACTTG CCTCCCGCT GCAGCCTGTG GTCCTGCCCA CCTCCCGTGA 551 TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGTGTG TGTGTGACTG TGTGTGTTTG CTAACTGTGG 601 TCTTTGTGGC TACTTGTTTG TGGATGGTAT TGTGTTTGTT AGTGAACTGT 651 GGACTCGCTT TCCCAGGCAG GGGCTGAGCC ACACGGCCAT CTGCTCCTCC 701 CTGCCCCGT GGCCCTCCAT CACCTTCTGC TCCTAGGAGG CTGCTTGTTG 751 CCCGAGACCA GCCCCCTCCC CTGATTTAGG GATGCGTAGG GTAAGAGCAC 801 GGGCAGTGGT CTTCAGTCGT CTTTGGGACCT GGGAAGGTTT GCAGCACTTT 851 GTCATCATTC TTCATGGACT CCTTTCACTC CTTTAACAAA AACCTTGCTT 901 CCTTATCCCA CCTGATCCCA GTCTGAAGGT CTCTTAGCAA CTGGAGATAC 951 AAAGCAAGGA GCTGGTGAGC CCAGCGTTGA CGTCAGGCAG GCTATGCCCT 1001 TCCGTGGTTA ATTTCTTCCC AGGGGCTTCC ACGAGGAGTC CCCATCTGCC 1051 CCGCCCCTTC ACAGAGCGCC CGGGGATTCC AGGCCCAGGG CTTCTACTCT 1101 GCCCCTGGGG AATGTGTCCC CTGCATATCT TCTCAGCAAT AACTCCATGG 1151 GCTCTGGGAC CCTACCCCTT CCAACCTTCC CTGCTTCTGA GACTTCAATC 1201 TACAGCCCAG CTCATCCAGA TGCAGACTAC AGTCCCTGCA ATTGGGTCTC 1251 TGGCAGGCAA TAGTTGAAGG ACTTCCTGTT CCGTTGGGGC CAGCACACCG 1301 GGATGGATGG AGGGAGAGCA GAGGCCTTTG CTTCTCTGCC TACGTCCCCT 1351 TAGATGGGCA GCAGAGGCAA CTCCCGCATC CTTTGCTCTG CCTGTCAGTG 1401 GTCAGAGCGG TGAGCGAGGT GGGTTGGAGA CTCAGCAGGC TCCGTGCAGC 1451 CCTTGGGAAC AGTGAGAGGT TGAAGGTCAT AACGAGAGTG GGAACTCAAC 1501 CCAGATCCCG CCCCTCCTGT CCTCTGTGTT CCCGCGGAAA CCAACCAAAC 1551 CGTGCGCTGT GACCCATTGC TGTTCTCTGT ATCGTGACCT ATCCTCAACA 1601 ACAACAGAAA AAAGGAATAA AATATCCTTT GTTTCCTAAA AAAAAAA **BLAST Results**

Entry HS31455 from database EMBL: human STS WI-2739. Length = 103 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 487 (73.1 bits), Expect = 4.4e-14, P = 4.4e-14Identities = 101/104 (97%), Positives = 101/104 (97%), Strand = Minus / Plus frame shift in primer binding site

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

Medline entries

91250422:

Purification and complete sequence determination of the major plasma membrane substrate

for cAMP-dependent protein kinase and protein kinase C in myocardium.

95091702:

Protein kinase C and cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase phosphorylate phospholemman, an insulin and adrenaline-regulated membrane phosphoprotein, at

specific sites in the

carboxy terminal domain.

95138184:

Mat-8, a novel phospholemman-like protein expressed in human breast tumors, induces a

chloride conductance in Xenopus oocytes.

Peptide information for frame 2

- 1 MELVLVFLCS LLAPMVLASA AEKEKEMDPF HYDYQTLRIG GLVFAVVLFS
- 51 VGILLILSRR CKCSFNQKPR APGDEEAQVE NLITANATEP QKAEN

ORF from 32 bp to 316 bp; peptide length: 95 Category: strong similarity to known protein

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_82i17, frame 2

SWISSPROT: PLM HUMAN PHOSPHOLEMMAN PRECURSOR., N = 1, Score = 196, P = 1.2e-15

TREMBL:AF091390_1 product: "phospholemman precursor"; Mus musculus phospholemman precursor, gene, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 187, P = 1.le-14

PIR:A40533 cAMP-dependent protein kinase major membrane substrate precursor - dog, N = 1, Score = 189, P = 6.5e-15

SWISSPROT: PLM RAT PHOSPHOLEMMAN PRECURSOR., N = 1, Score = 185, P = 1.7e-14

>SWISSPROT: PLM_HUMAN PHOSPHOLEMMAN PRECURSOR. $\overline{\text{Length}} = 92$

HSPs:

Sbjct:

Score = 196 (29.4 bits), Expect = 1.2e-15, P = 1.2e-15 Identities = 43/85 (50%), Positives = 56/85 (65%)

63 KFNQQQRTGEPDEEEGTFRSSIRRLST 89

4 VLVFLCSLLAPMVLASAAEKEKEMDPFHYDYQTLRIGGLVFAVVLFSVGILLILSRRCKC 63 Query:

+LVF LL + AE KE DPF YDYQ+L+IGGLV A +LF +GIL++LSRRC+C
7 ILVFCVGLLT----MAKAESPKEHDPFTYDYQSLQIGGLVIAGILFILGILIVLSRRCRC 62 Sbict:

64 SFNQKPRA--PGDEEAQVENLITANAT 88 Query: FNQ+ R P +EE

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82i17, frame 2

Report for DKF2phfbr2_82i17.2

[LENGTH] 95 10542.37 [MW] [pI] 5.05

[HOMOL] SWISSPROT: PLM_HUMAN PHOSPHOLEMMAN PRECURSOR. 3e-15

BL01310 [BLOCKS]

[PROSITE]	hydrolase 6e-08 ATPIG1_PLM_MAT8 1 MYRISTYL 1 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1 TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 1 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 2	
		DYQTLRIGGLVFAVVLFSVGILLILSRR eeeeecccceeeehhhhhhheeeeehhh
	NQKPRAPGDEEAQVENLITANATEPQKA CCCCCCCChhhhhhhhhhhcccccc	
	Prosite for DKFZphf	br2_82i17.2
PS00006	25->33 TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDCC00006 PDCC00007 - PDCC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_82i17.2)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfbr2_82i24 ------

group: nucleic acid management

DKFZphfbr2 82i24 encodes a novel 547 amino acid protein with similarity to DEAD-box superfamily ATP-dependent helicases.

RNA helicases comprise a large family of proteins that are involved in basic biological systems such as nuclear and mitochondrial splicing processes, RNA editing, rRNA processing, translation initiation, nuclear mRNA export, and mRNA degradation. RNA helicases are essential factors in cell development and differentiation, and some of them play a role in transcription and replication of viral single-stranded RNA genomes. The members of the largest subgroup, the DEAD and DEAH box proteins, exhibit a strong dependence of the unwinding activity on ATP hydrolysis.

The novel protein contains a DEAD-box an ATP/GTP-binding site motif A (P-loop, interacting with one of the phophate groups of the nucleotide) and a leucine zipper. Mutations in the closely related Drosophila Hlc gene result in lethality in homozygotes. Therefore the new protein seems to be critical involved in RNA processing in eukariontic c ells.

The new protein can find application in modulating RNA metabolism and gene expression.

strong similarity to DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicase

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential Start at Bp 9 matches Kozak consensus PyNNatgG, [PFAM] Helicases conserved C-terminal domain [PFAM] DEAD and DEAH box helicases

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: /map="720_A_3; 758_H_4; 772_E_3; 804_A_5; 175.5 cR from topFT of Chr7 linkage group"

Insert length: 1860 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 1850, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1829

1 AGCAGCGCCA TGGAGGACTC TGAAGCACTG GGCTTCGAAC ACATGGGCCT 51 CGATCCCCGG CTCCTTCAGG CTGTCACCGA TCTGGGCTGG TCGCGACCTA 101 CGCTGATCCA GGAGAAGGCC ATCCCACTGG CCCTAGAAGG GAAGGACCTC 151 CTGGCTCGGG CCCGCACGGG CTCCGGGAAG ACGGCCGCTT ATGCTATTCC 201 GATGCTGCAG CTGTTGCTCC ATAGGAAGGC GACAGGTCCG GTGGTAGAAC
251 AGGCAGTGAG AGGCCTTGTT CTTGTTCCTA CCAAGGAGCT GGCACGGCAA 301 GCACAGTCCA TGATTCAGCA GCTGGCTACC TACTGTGCTC GGGATGTCCG
351 AGTGGCCAAT GTCTCAGCTG CTGAAGACTC AGTCTCTCAG AGAGCTGTGC 401 TGATGGAGAA GCCAGATGTG GTAGTAGGGA CCCCATCTCG CATATTAAGC 451 CACTTGCAGC AAGACAGCCT GAAACTTCGT GACTCCCTGG AGCTTTTGGT 501 GGTGGACGAA GCTGACCTTC TTTTTTCCTT TGGCTTTGAA GAAGAGCTCA 551 AGAGTCTCCT CTGTCACTTG CCCCGGATTT ACCAGGCTTT TCTCATGTCA 601 GCTACTTTTA ACGAGGACGT ACAAGCACTC AAGGAGCTGA TATTACATAA 651 CCCGGTTACC CTTAAGTTAC AGGAGTCCCA GCTGCCTGGG CCAGACCAGT 701 TACAGCAGTT TCAGGTGGTC TGTGAGACTG AGGAAGACAA ATTCCTCCTG 751 CTGTATGCCC TGCTCAAGCT GTCATTGATT CGGGGCAAGT CTCTGCTCTT 801 TGTCAACACT CTAGAACGGA GTTACCGGCT ACGCCTGTTC TTGGAACAGT 851 TCAGCATCCC CACCTGTGTG CTCAATGGAG AGCTTCCACT GCGCTCCAGG 901 TGCCACATCA TCTCACAGTT CAACCAAGGC TTCTACGACT GTGTCATAGC 951 AGCTGATGCT GAAGTCCTG GGGCCCCAGT CAAGGGCAAG CGTCGGGGCC
1001 GAGGGCCCAA AGGGGACAAG GCCTCTGATC CGGAAGCAG TGTGGCCCGG
1051 GGCATAGACT TCCACCATGT GTCTGTTG CTCAACTTTG ATCTTCCCCC
1101 AACCCCTGAG GCCTACATCC ATCGAGCTGG CAGGACAGCA CGCGCTAACA 1151 ACCCAGGCAT AGTCTTAACC TTTGTGCTTC CCACGGAGCA GTTCCACTTA
1201 GGCAAGATTG AGGAGCTTCT CAGTGGAGAG AACAGGGGCC CCATTCTGCT 1251 CCCCTACCAG TTCCGGATGG AGGAGATCGA GGGCTTCCGC TATCGCTGCA 1301 GGGATGCCAT GCGCTCAGTG ACTAAGCAGG CCATTCGGGA GGCAAGATTG 1351 AAGGAGATCA AGGAAGAGCT TCTGCATTCT GAGAAGCTTA AGACATACTT 1401 TGAAGACAAC CCTAGGGACC TCCAGCTGCT GCGGCATGAC CTACCTTTGC 1451 ACCCCGCAGT GGTGAAGCCC CACCTGGGCC ATGTTCCTGA CTACCTGGTT 1501 CCTCCTGCTC TCCGTGGCCT GGTACGCCCT CACAAGAAGC GGAAGAAGCT 1551 GTCTTCCTCT TGTAGGAAGG CCAAGAGAGC AAAGTCCCAG AACCCACTGC 1601 GCAGCTTCAA GCACAAAGGA AAGAAATTCA GACCCACAGC CAAGCCCTCC 1651 TGAGGTTGTT GGGCCTCTCT GGAGCTGAGC ACATTGTGGA GCACAGGCTT 1701 ACACCCTTCG TGGACAGGCG AGGCTCTGGT GCTTACTGCA CAGCCTGAAC 1751 AGACAGTTCT GGGGCCGGCA GTGCTGGGCC CTTTAGCTCC TTGGCACTTC 1801 CAAGCTGGCA TCTTGCCCCT TGACAACAGA ATAAAAATTT TAGCTGCCCC **1851 AAAAAAAA**

BLAST Results

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

```
Entry HSG05793 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-6581.
Length = 206
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 992 (148.8 bits), Expect = 6.0e-38, P = 6.0e-38
Identities = 204/208 (98%), Positives = 204/208 (98%), Strand = Minus /
Entry AC004938 from database EMBL:
Homo sapiens clone DJ0971C03; HTGS phase 1, 18 unordered pieces.
Score = 1269, P = 6.5e-202, identities = 269/282
12 exons Bp ~87920-93706 (matching 1-1497)
                           Medline entries
                            _____
No Medline entry
                    Peptide information for frame 1
ORF from 10 bp to 1650 bp; peptide length: 547
Category: strong similarity to known protein
Classification: Nucleic acid management
Prosite motifs: ATP GTP A (51-59)
LEUCINE_ZIPPER (149-171)
   1 MEDSEALGFE HMGLDPRLLQ AVTDLGWSRP TLIQEKAIPL ALEGKDLLAR
```

51 ARTGSGKTAA YAIPMLQLLL HRKATGPVVE QAVRGLVLVP TKELARQAQS
101 MIQQLATYCA RDVRVANVSA AEDSVSQRAV LMEKPDVVVG TPSRILSHLQ
151 QDSLKLRDSL ELLVVDEADL LFSFGFEEEL KSLLCHLPRI YQAFLMSATF
201 NEDVQALKEL ILHNPVTLKL QESQLPGPDQ LQQFQVVCET EEDKFLLLYA
251 LLKLSLIRGK SLLFVNTLER SYRLRLFLEQ FSIPTCVLNG ELPLRSRCHI

301 ISQFNQGFYD CVIATDAEVL GAPVKGKRRG RGPKGDKASD PEAGVARGID

351 FHHVSAVLNF DLPPTPEAYI HRAGRTARAN NPGIVLTEVL PTEQFHLGKI

401 EELLSGENRG PILLPYQFRM EEIEGFRYRC RDAMRSVTKQ AIREARLKEI

451 KEELLHSEKL KTYFEDNPRD LQLLRHDLPL HPAVVKPHLG HVPDYLVPPA 501 LRGLVRPHKK RKKLSSSCRK AKRAKSQNPL RSFKHKGKKF RPTAKPS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_82i24, frame 1

TREMBL:AF017777_10 gene: "hlc"; product: "helicase"; Drosophila melanogaster tweety (tty), flightless (fli), dodo (dod), penguin (pen), small optic lobes (sol), innocent bystander (iby), waclaw (waw), bobby sox (bbx), sluggish (slg), helicase (hlc), misato (mst), and la costa (lcs) genes, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 1230, P = 3.2e-125

TREMBL:SPCC1494_6 gene: "SPCC1494.06c"; product: "atp dependent helicase"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c1494., N = 2, Score = 753, P = 2.5e-113

PIR:S51412 hypothetical protein YLR276c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 2, Score = 711, P = 8.2e-117

TREMBL:AF025451_2 gene: "C24H12.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C24H12., N = 2, Score = 564, P = 2.7e-99

>TREMBL:AF017777_10 gene: "hlc"; product: "helicase"; Drosophila
 melanogaster tweety (tty), flightless (fli), dodo (dod), penguin (pen),
 small optic lobes (sol), innocent bystander (iby), waclaw (waw), bobby sox (bbx), sluggish (slg), helicase (hlc), misato (mst), and la costa (lcs) genes, complete cds. Length = 560

HSPs:

Score = 1230 (184.5 bits), Expect = 3.2e-125, P = 3.2e-125 Identities = 251/497 (50%), Positives = 344/497 (69%)

```
9 FEHMGLDPRLLQAVTDLGWSRPTLIQEKAIPLALEGKOLLARARTGSGKTAAYAIPMLOL 68
Query:
           F + LD R+L+AV LGW +PTLIQ AIPL LEGKD++ RARTGSGKTA YA+P++Q
11 FHELELDQRILKAVAQLGWQQPTLIQSTAIPLLLEGKDVVVRARTGSGKTATYALPLIQK 70
Sbjct:
           69 LLHRKATGPVVEQAVRGLVLVPTKELARQAQSMIQQLATYCARDVRVANVS-AAEDSVSQ 127
Query:
                         EQ V +VL PTKEL RQ++ +I+QL C + VRVA+++ ++ D+V+Q
           71 ILNSKLNAS--EQYVSAVVLAPTKELCRQSRKVIEQLVESCGKVVRVADIADSSNDTVTQ 128
Sbict:
          128 RAVLMEKPDVVVGTPSRILSHLQQDSLKLRDSLELLVVDEADLLFSFGFEEELKSLLCHL 187
Ouerv:
          R L E PD+VV TP+ +L++ + S+ +E LVVDEADL+F++G+E++ K L+ HL
129 RHALSESPDIVVATPANLLAYAEAGSVVDLKHVETLVVDEADLVFAYGYEKDFKRLIKHL 188
Sbjct:
Query:
          188 PRIYQAFLMSATFNEDVQALKELILHNPVTLKLQESQLPGPDQLQQFQVVCETEEDKFLL 247
              P IYQA L+SAT +DV +K L L+NPVTLKL+E +L DQL +++ E E DK +
          189 PPIYQAVLVSATLTDDVVRMKGLCLNNPVTLKLEEPELVPQDQLSHQRILAE-ENDKPAI 247
Sbjct:
          248 LYALLKLSLIRGKSLLFVNTLERSYRLRLFLEQFSIPTCVLNGELPLRSRCHIISQFNQG 307
Query:
          LYALLKL LIRGKS++FVN+++R Y++RLFLEQF I CVLN ELP R H ISQFN+G 248 LYALLKLRLIRGKSIIFVNSIDRCYKVRLFLEQFGIRACVLNSELPANIRIHTISQFNKG 307
Sbjct:
          308 FYDCVIATDAEVLGAPVKGKRRGRGPKGDKASDPEAGVARGIDFHHVSAVLNFDLPPTPE 367
Query:
          YD +IA+D + P G + K ++ D E+ +RGIDF V+ V+NFD P

308 TYDIIIASDEHHMEKP--GGKSATNRKSPRSGDMESSASRGIDFQCVNNVINFDFPRDVT 365
Sbict:
Ouerv:
          368 AYIHRAGRTARANNPGIVLTFVLPTEQFHLGKIEELL---SGENRGPILLPYQFRMEEI 423
                                               +E+ L + + I+ YQF+MEE+
              +YIHRAGRTAR NN G VL+FV E
Sbjct:
          366 SYIHRAGRTARGNNKGSVLSFVSMKESKVNDSVEKKLCDSFAAQEGEQIIKNYQFKMEEV 425
          424 EGFRYRCRDAMRSVTKQAIREARLKEIKEELLHSEKLKTYFEDNPRDLQLLRHDLPLHPA 483
Query:
              E FRYR +D R+ T+ A+ + R++EIK E+L+ EKLK +FE+N RDLQ LRHD PL
          426 ESFRYRAQDCWRAATRVAVHDTRIREIKIEILNCEKLKAFFEENKRDLQALRHDKPLRAI 485
Sbjct:
          484 VVKPHLGHVPDYLVPPALRGLV 505
Query:
               V+ HL +P+Y+VP AL+ +V
          486 KVQSHLSDMPEYIVPKALKRVV 507
Sbict:
             Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2 82i24, frame 1
```

Report for DKFZphfbr2 82i24.1

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[LENGTH]
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 [WW]
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 IIql
                                9.34
[HOMOL] TREMBL:AF017777_10 gene: "hlc"; product: "helicase"; Drosophila melanogaster tweety (tty), flightless (fli), dodo (dod), penguin (pen), small optic lobes (sol), innocent bystander (iby), waclaw (waw), bobby sox (bbx), sluggish (slg), helicase (hlc), misato (mst), and la costa (lcs) genes, complete cds. le-121
[FUNCAT] 98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YLR276c] le-109
[FUNCAT] j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [H. influenzae, HI0231 RNA)
 2e-42
 [FUNCAT]
                                04.01.04 rrna processing
                                                                                                [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] 8e-40
                                06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] 8e-40 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YLL008w] 8e-40
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
                                05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination)
cerevisiae, YKR059w] 3e-39
[FUNCAT] 30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                                                                                                 [S. cerevisiae, YKR059w] 3e-39
                                04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YDL160c] 3e-35 04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) [S. cerevisiae, YPL119c] 3e-29 04.05.01.07 chromatin modification [S. cerevisiae, YMR290c] 4e-29
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 (FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT] 1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair [H. influenzae, HI0892] 1e-27
[FUNCAT] 09.01 biogenesis of cell wall [S. cerevisiae, YJL033w] 2e-27
[FUNCAT] 30.16 mitochondrial organization [S. cerevisiae, YDR194c] 4e-21
[FUNCAT] 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YGL064c] 1e-05
                                BL00039D DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
 [BLOCKS]
                                BL00039C DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
BL00039B DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
BL00039A DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins
 [BLOCKS]
 [BLOCKS]
 BLOCKSI
                                nucleus 4e-34
 [PIRKW]
                                RNA binding 7e-41
DEAD box 2e-38
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
                                transmembrane protein 9e-20
 [PIRKW]
                                DNA binding 8e-23
 (PIRKW)
                                ATP 1e-107
                                purine nucleotide binding 2e-38
 (PIRKW)
                                P-loop le-107
hydrolase 2e-35
 (PIRKW)
 (PIRKW)
                                protein biosynthesis 2e-38
ATP binding 7e-43
 (PIRKW)
 (PIRKW)
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(SUPFAM)
              WW repeat homology 1e-26
(SUPFAM)
              DEAD/H box helicase homology le-107
              unassigned DEAD/H box helicases le-107
(SUPFAM)
              ATP-dependent RNA helicase DBP1 3e-31
(SUPFAM)
              ATP-dependent RNA helicase DHH1 2e-35
(SUPFAM)
              translation initiation factor eIF-4A 2e-38
(SUPFAM)
              tobacco ATP-dependent RNA helicase DB10 le-26
(SUPFAM)
(PROSITE)
              ATP_GTP_A
              LEUCINE_ZIPPER 1
[PROSITE]
[PFAM]
              Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
[PFAM]
              DEAD and DEAH box helicases
              Alpha Beta
[KW]
[KW]
              LOW_COMPLEXITY
       MEDSEALGFEHMGLDPRLLQAVTDLGWSRPTLIQEKAIPLALEGKDLLARARTGSGKTAA
SEQ
SEG
PRD
       ccccccccccchhhhhhhhhcccccccccccccccceeeeecccccee
       YAIPMLQLLLHRKATGPVVEQAVRGLVLVPTKELARQAQSMIQQLATYCARDVRVANVSA
SEQ
SEG
       PRD
       AEDSVSQRAVLMEKPDVVVGTPSRILSHLQQDSLKLRDSLELLVVDEADLLFSFGFEEEL
SEO
SEG
                                  .....xxxxxxxxxxxx.
       PRD
SEQ
       KSLLCHLPRIYQAFLMSATFNEDVQALKELILHNPVTLKLQESQLPGPDQLQQFQVVCET
SEG
PRD
       SEQ
       EEDKFLLLYALLKLSLIRGKSLLFVNTLERSYRLRLFLEQFSIPTCVLNGELPLRSRCHI
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
       ISOFNOGFYDCVIATDAEVLGAPVKGKRRGRGPKGDKASDPEAGVARGIDFHHVSAVLNF
SEG
                 .........xxxxxxxxxxxx.........
PRD
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SEG
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SEQ
PRD
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                   ......
SEG
       PRD
SEO
       RPTAKPS
SEG
PRD
       cccccc
                  Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_82i24.1
PS00017
            51->59
                     ATP_GTP_A
                                          PDOC00017
PS00029
          149->171
                    LEUCINE_ZIPPER
                                          PDOC00029
                   Pfam for DKFZphfbr2_82i24.1
HMM_NAME
             DEAD and DEAH box helicases
                 glpPWILRnIyeMGFEkPTPIQQqAIPiILeGRDVMACAQTGSGKTAAF
HMM
                 GL+P +L +++++G+++PT IQ++AIP++LEG+D++A+A TGSGKTAA+
                 GLDPRLLQAVTDLGWSRPTLIQEKAIPLALEGKDLLARARTGSGKTAAY
                                                                61
Ouerv
              11PMLQHIDwdP...WpqpPQdPrALILAPTRELAMQIQEECRkFgkHMn
+1PMLQ +++ + + + +R+L+L+PT ELA+Q Q +++++ ++
62 AIPMLQLLLHRKATGPVVEQA-VRGLVLVPTKELARQAQSMIQQLATYCA
нмм
                                                               110
Query
                {\tt g.IRImcIYGGtnMRdQMRmLeRGpPHIVIATPGRLIDHIERgtldLDr.}
HMM
            +R++ + + Q +L+++P ++V++TP R++ H+++ +L+L++

111 RDVRVANVSAAEDSVSQRAVLMEKP-DVVVGTPSRILSHLQQDSLKLRDS
                                                               159
Query
                IemLVMDEADRMLDMGFIDQIRrIMrqIPMpwNRQTMMFSATMPdeIqEL +E LV DEAD +++ GF++++ ++ ++P + Q + SAT+ +++Q L
нмм
```

Query	160 LELLVVDEADLLFSFGFEEELKSLLCHLPRIYQAFLMSATFNEDVQAL 207
нмм	ARrFMRNPIRInIdMdElTtnEnIkQwYiyVerEMWKfdcLcrLIe* + +++NP+ + +++L + ++Q+ +++E E++KF +L+ L++
Query	253 XELILHNPVTLKLQESQLPGPDQLQQFQVVCETEEDKFLLLYALLK
HMM_NAME	Helicases conserved C-terminal domain
нмм	*EileewLknlGIrvmYIHGdMpQeERdeIMddFNnGEynVLIcTDV +L+ +L++ I+++++ G +P + R I+ +FN+G Y++ I+TD+
Query	272 YRLRLFLEQFSIPTCVLNGELPLRSRCHIISQFNQGFYDCVIATDAEVL 320
нмм	ggRGIDIPdVNHVINYDMPWNPEqYI
Query	+RGID+ V+ V N+D+P +PE YI 321 GAPVKGKRRGRGPKGDKASDPEAGVARGIDFHHVSAVLNFDLPPTPEAYI 370
нмм	QRIGRTGRIG* +R+GRT+R++
Query	371 HRAGRITARAN 380

368

DKFZphfbr2_82m16

group: brain derived

DKFZphfbr2_82ml6 encodes a novel 289 amino acid protein with very weak similarity to A.thaliana F28A23.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of brain-specific genes.

similarity to A.thaliana F28A23.140

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits many ATGs in front of the ORF TRANSMEMBRANE 1

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: /map="4"

Insert length: 2715 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2705, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2687

1 AGAGGAGGG AGAGGACTGG GGAGCCGAGC CAGAGCCGGG CTGCCTGCCA 51 CCCGGCTGCT CGTCCGCTAG CTGGGGAGGA GCGCTCCACC CGCAACTGAC 101 AAAGGATGGG AGAATGCCCG CGCCCCGGGA TGCCGGCCGC ACGCAGCCTG 151 GCGGCCGCCT GAGCTACTTC ACCCTCCGCC GGTAAGTGAC TGCAAACATC
201 ATTCATTCAA TCAGCCTCAC TGGGAGCCCC TTCTCTCCGG CTGGTAGTCC
251 TGGGCGGCTT GTCCCTGATC CCGAGCGGGG CTTGGCACAG CATCAGCCCT 301 GGAGGGCAGG CAGCAGGTGC CTTTGCCTGG TGGGTCCACT GGGGAGCGTG 351 GCTGGGGTTC GCGGCGGGTG CTGCCACCCA ACCTGCGGGC GGCGGGCTCG 401 CCCAGTAGGC GCCTCTCTGG TGAGAGGAGG CGGCTCCAGC CCGCATCCTG 451 GGGTAGTTGC TACTATTGGC CCCCAGCGCC CGCTCTGCGC GCGCGCCGTT 501 TCTGGCGGAT CCCCAGTGCG CGGCGCGCTG TTTACACCGG CGTGGTACTA 551 GTCACGGAGC CGCACCCCTC GGAAAGCGCG GAGTCGATGA CAGCCACTTC 601 ACAGGCTCAC GCGCTCCTAG TGTGGGCTTG AAGGGGACGG GGACCGATTA 651 CCAAAGGAGA GCGCTGAGTA CGGAAGACAC AGGGCAGCCT TTGTCTTGGG 701 TTTAGCGCTG ATGCGCTCAA CCCTGAGTCG GGTTCACTGC AACTGTTGTG 751 TCCGATTTCG GTTCCCTGCA ACCGCCCTCC TGGGCGAGAG ATGTCATTGT 801 GTTCCTGCGG CCAGCGGGAC TGAGAGCTGG GACTTAAGAC GCCAGGAGGG 851 TCCTGCGCTC ACGGGAAATG TACCCCAAAA GAACTCTGAG AGAATATACT 901 CAACTGTCCT GCTGTGATTA AACAAGACTG CTGTATTTTA ATTTCAGAAA 951 TTGAAAAGGG ATAGGAGGAA GGGGAAAATG CTGGGCTGGT GTGAAGCGAT 1001 AGCCCGTAAC CCTCACAGAA TTCCAAACAA CACGGGAACA CCCGACGATCT 1051 CAGGGGATTT GGCTGACGCC TCACAAACCT CCACATTGAA TGAAAAATCC 1101 CCAGGGCGAT CTGCAAGTCG ATCAAGTAAC ATTTCAAAAG CAAGCAGCCC 1151 AACAACAGGG ACAGCTCCCA GGAGCCAGTC AAGGTTGTCT GTCTGTCCAT 1201 CCACTCAGGA CATCTGCAGA ATCTGTCACT GCGAAGGGGA TGAAGAGAGC 1251 CCCCTCATCA CACCCTGTCG CTGCACTGGG ACACTGCGCT TTGTCCACCA 1301 GTCCTGCCTC CACCAGTGGA TAAAGAGCTC AGATACACGC TGCTGTGAGC 1351 TCTGCAAGTA TGACTTCATA ATGGAGACCA AGCTCAAACC CCTCCGGAAG 1401 TGGGAGAAAC TACAGATGAC CACAAGTGAA AGGAGGAAAA TATTCTGCTC 1451 TGTCACATTC CACGTAATCG CGATCACCTG TGTGGTTTGG TCTTTGTATG 1501 TATTGATAGA CCGGACAGCG GAGGAAATCA AGCAAGGCAA TGACAATGGT 1551 GTCCTTGAAT GGCCATTTTG GACAAAACTG GTGTGGTAG CCATTGGCTT
1601 CACAGGAGGT CTTGTCTTCA TGTACGTACA GTGTAAAGTC TATCTTCAGT
1651 TGTGGCGCAG GCTGAAGGCC TACAACCGTG TGATCTTTGT ACAAAATTGC
1701 CCAGACACTG CCAAAAAACT GGAGAAGAAC TTCTCATGTA ATGTAAACAC 1751 AGACATCAAA GATGCTGTGG TAGTGCCTGT ACCACAAACA GGTGCAAATT 1801 CACTGCCATC TGCAGAGGGT GGCCCCCCTG AAGTTGTATC AGTCTGATGG 1851 AACCTGTTGG GAGTTTCTTC ACCGAAGAAT ATCTTTCTAG CCCTCAGCCA 1901 CTACAAATGA CAGAAGTGAC CTTGAATTAT TTACTCCCTT CAGCTCCTCC 1951 TTTCTCCTAC TGACACATTT TTCCTGACTT TGTTCAAAGA GGAAAGGAGA 2001 AAAACAAACA AACAGACCAA ATGCCCAGGA GCCCATGAAG TAATAGCGTA 2051 AAGTAAAGTA TGATATGGAA ATGTGAAGTT TGCAAGAGAA TGATTTCCAA 2101 GACAATTAAG AACTACTGGG GCAATGAATG CTTTTAGGCA GTAATCAAAG 2151 ATTAAATGGA CCCATGATAC TCTTCTTCAC AGTAACAGGG GAAAAGTTCA 2201 AGAATACAGA CTTGAATTGC GATGTGTATT ACTTCTAGGG CCTTGTAATG 2251 TTAACTGTCT CATCTGGAAA TAATAACTAA CATATTTGGT TTTAAGCCTG 2301 AAATTGTCTG CATTATCCCT AAGTCACATT GGAAGTGAAC TTGGAGGATG 2351 CATATTTTGA TATGCTTTGA CAGCTAACAG ATTTGTATGG TTTAGTGGAG 2401 TOTGGTTATT TTGACAGATG CATGTTTTTT TTAAATAGAT GCAATATACA 2451 TTTGAAGACA TTGATATTTG GAATTAATTA TGTTTGTTTA AGTCACGCAA 2501 AAGATTTTCA GAAAATGTTC GGATATAATT AGCTCTGTTA AATACCCACA 2551 GAACTGTTAT CAGGTCTTAT ATTTATTTTC ATCTGGTTCC TCTAATACAG

2601 TGCTGTCCAA TAGAAACACA ACAGCCACAA ATGCAGGCCA CAGATGCAAA 2651 TATTTAACTT CCCAGTAGCC CTATTTTAAA AAGTAAAAAT AAATGTTTGT 2701 TTGTTAAAAA AAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry G37457 from database EMBLNEW: SHGC-57357 Human Homo sapiens STS genomic. Length = 458 Plus Strand HSPs: Score = 2116 (317.5 bits), Expect = 4.3e-91, P = 4.3e-91 Identities = 444/456 (97%)

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

- 1 MLGWCEAIAR NPHRIPNNTR TPEISGDLAD ASQTSTLNEK SPGRSASRSS
- 51 NISKASSPTT GTAPRSQSRL SVCPSTQDIC RICHCEGDEE SPLITPCRCT
- 101 GTLRFVHQSC LHQWIKSSDT RCCELCKYDF IMETKLKPLR KWEKLQMTTS
- 151 ERRKIFCSVT FHVIAITCVV WSLYVLIDRT AEEIKQGNDN GVLEWPFWTK
- 201 LVVVAIGFTG GLVFMYVQCK VYVQLWRRLK AYNRVIFVQN CPDTAKKLEK 251 NFSCNVNTDI KDAVVVPVPQ TGANSLPSAE GGPPEVVSV

ORF from 978 bp to 1844 bp; peptide length: 289 Category: similarity to unknown protein

BLASTP hits

Entry AB011169 1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "KIAA0597"; product: "KIAA0597 protein"; Homo sapien
KIAA0597 protein, partial cds.
Score = 188, P = 6.0e-12, identities = 30/54, positives = 38/54 Homo sapiens mRNA for

Entry SPBC14F5_7 from database TREMBL: gene: "SPBC14F5.07"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c14F5.

Score = 185, P = 1.9e-11, identities = 29/53, positives = 38/53

Entry CEY57A10B 1 from database TREMBL: gene: "Y57A10B.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y57A10B Score = 171, P = 2.6e-10, identities = 40/107, positives = 58/107

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2_82m16, frame 3

TREMBL:ATF28A23_14 gene: "F28A23.140"; product: "putative protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone F28A23 (ESSAII project), N = 1, Score = 198, P = 3.4e-13

>TREMBL:ATF28A23_14 gene: "F28A23.140"; product: "putative protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone F28A23 (ESSAII project) Length = 1.051

HSPs:

Sbjct:

Score = 198 (29.7 bits), Expect = 3.4e-13, P = 3.4e-13 Identities = 38/103 (36%), Positives = 61/103 (59%)

Query: 28 LADASQTSTLNEKSPGRSASRS-SNISKASSPTTGTAPRSQSRLSVCPSTQDICRICHCE 86 +++ S +S+ + SP +++ SN+ A S TG+

20 VSEPSVSSSSSSSPNQASPNPFSNMDPAVSTATGSRYVDDDE-----DEEDVCRICRNP 74

Query: 87 GDEESPLITPCRCTGTLRFVHQSCLHQWIKSSDTRCCELCKYDF 130

GD ++PL PC C+G+++FVHQ CL QW+ S+ R CE+CK+ F
75 GDADNPLRYPCACSGSIKFVHQDCLLQWLNHSNARQCEVCKHPF 118 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82m16, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_82m16.3

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(LENGTH)
           289
(WM)
           32308.36
(pI)
           8.76
           PIR:T00268 hypothetical protein KIAA0597 - human (fragment) 9e-14
[HOMOL]
[FUNCAT]
           04.99 other transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YIL030c] 4e-09
           transmembrane protein 9e-08
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[PROSITE]
           MYRISTYL
           CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
                            1
           PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
           ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                            3
(KW)
           Alpha_Beta
           LOW_COMPLEXITY
                         6.57 %
[KW]
SEQ
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SEG
        PRD
SEQ
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SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     RCCELCKYDFIMETKLKPLRKWEKLQMTTSERRKIFCSVTFHVIAITCVVWSLYVLIDRT
SEG
PRD
     {\tt AEEIKQGNDNGVLEWPFWTKLVVVAIGFTGGLVFMYVQCKVYVQLWRRLKAYNRVIFVQN}
SEQ
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     CPDTAKKLEKNFSCNVNTDIKDAVVVPVPQTGANSLPSAEGGPPEVVSV
SEG
     ccchhhhhccccccccceeeeeeecccccccccccccc
PRD
```

Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_82m16.3

PS00001	17->21	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	51~>55	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	251->255	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	102->105	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	150->153	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	244->247	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
P\$00006	36>40	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	75->79	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	148->152	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	180->184	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00007	121->129	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	187->193	MYRISTYL	PDOC0000B

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_82ml6.3)

DKFZphfbr2_82m6

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfbr2_82m6.3 encodes a novel 654 amino acid protein with similarity to murine sphingosine kinase.

Sphingosine kinase is a new type of lipid kinase, which is regulated by growth factors. The enzyme phosphorylates sphingosine, which subsequently exerts intracellular and extracellular actions. Intracellulary, sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP) promotes proliferation and inhibits apoptosis. In yeast, survival of cells exposed to heat shock indicates is dependend on SPP. Extracellulary, SPP inhibits cell motility and influences cell morphology, effects that appear to be mediated by the G protein-coupled receptor EDG1.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the shingosine kinase intracellular signal transmission pathway.

strong similarity to mouse "sphingosine kinase"

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits,
YLR260w/YOR171c Lcb5p/Lcb4p = long chain base kinases,
involved in biosynthesis of sphingolipids

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2875 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2865, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2838

1 AGTGTTGGAG GTGAGGAGGC GGGGCTGGCA GGGCTAGTCG GGGCATCTGG 51 AAATTTCCGA CCCCACGCTT CGGGCGTTTC CTTATCAGGT TCACCGCTCC 101 CTGATCTCGC GCTGCACTTC GTAGGCGCAG CCGCTGCTTG GGAAGTCCTA 151 CTTAAGAGCT GAAGGTCAGG CCAGGACAGT GAGACCTGAC TCCTTGCTCC 201 TACCAGCCTA CTATGGCTTA AGACCCAGGG CCAGGGTCCC GTTGATGTAA 251 CAGAGCAGAG GACCAGCAGA TGAATGGACA CCTTGAAGCA GAGGAGCAGC 301 AGGACCAGAG GCCAGACCAG GAGCTGACCG GGAGCTGGGG CCACGGGCCT 351 AGGAGCACCC TGGTCAGGGC TAAGGCCATG GCCCGCCCC CACCGCCACT 401 GGCTGCCAGC ACCTCGCTCC TCCATGGCGA GTTTGGCTCC TACCCAGCCC 451 GAGGCCCACG CTTTGCCCTC ACCCTTACAT CGCAGGCCCT GCACATACAG 501 CGGCTGCGCC CCAAACCTGA AGCCAGGCCC CGGGGTGGCC TGGTCCCGTT 551 GGCCGAGGTC TCAGGCTGCT GCACCCTGCG AAGCCGCAGC CCCTCAGACT 601 CAGCGGCCTA CTTCTGCATC TACACCTACC CTCGGGGCCG GCGCGGGGCC 651 CGGCGCAGAG CCACTCGCAC CTTCCGGGCA GATGGGGCCG CCACCTACGA 701 AGAGAACCGT GCCGAGGCCC AGCGCTGGGC CACTGCCCTC ACCTGTCTGC 751 TCCGAGGACT GCCACTGCCC GGGGATGGGG AGATCACCCC TGACCTGCTA 801 CCTCGGCCGC CCCGGTTGCT TCTATTGGTC AATCCCTTTG GGGGTCGGGG 851 CCTGGCCTGG CAGTGGTGTA AGAACCACGT GCTTCCCATG ATCTCTGAAG
901 CTGGGCTGTC CTTCAACCTC ATCCAGACAG AACGACAGAA CCACGCCCGG 951 GAGCTGGTCC AGGGGCTGAG CCTGAGTGAG TGGGATGGCA TCGTCACGGT 1001 CTCGGGAGAC GGGCTGCTCC ATGAGGTGCT GAACGGGCTC CTAGATCGCC 1051 CTGACTGGGA GGAAGCTGTG AAGATGCCTG TGGGCATCCT CCCCTGCGGC 1101 TCGGGCAACG CGCTGGCCGG AGCAGTGAAC CAGCACGGGG GATTTGAGCC 1151 AGCCCTGGGC CTCGACCTGT TGCTCAACTG CTCACTGTTG CTGTGCCGGG 1201 GTGGTGGCCA CCCACTGGAC CTGCTCTCCG TGACGCTGGC CTCGGGCTCC 1251 CGCTGTTTCT CCTTCCTGTC TGTGGCCTGG GGCTTCGTGT CAGATGTGGA 1301 TATCCAGAGC GAGCGCTTCA GGGCCTTGGG CAGTGCCCGC TTCACACTGG 1351 GCACGGTGCT GGGCCTCGCC ACACTGCACA CCTACCGCGG ACGCCTCTCC 1401 TACCTCCCG CCACTGTGGA ACCTGCCTCG CCCACCCCTG CCCATAGCCT
1451 GCCTCGTGCC AAGTCGGAGC TGACCCTAAC CCCAGACCCA GCCCCGCCCA 1501 TGGCCCACTC ACCCCTGCAT CGTTCTGTT CTGACCTGC TCTTCCCCTG
1551 CCCCAGCCTG CCCTGGCCTC TCCTGGCTCG CCAGAACCCC TGCCCATCCT 1601 GTCCCTCAAC GGTGGGGCCC CACAGCTGGC TGGGGACTGG GGTGGGGCTG 1651 GGGATGCTCC GCTGTCCCCG GACCCACTGC TGTCTTCACC TCCTGGCTCT 1701 CCCAAGGCAG CTCTACACTC ACCCGTCTCC GAAGGGGCCC CCGTAATTCC
1751 CCCATCCTCT GGGCTCCCAC TTCCCACCCC TGATGCCCGG GTAGGGGCCT 1801 CCACCTGCGG CCCGCCCGAC CACCTGCTGC CTCCGCTAGG CACCCCGCTG 1851 CCCCCAGACT GGGTGACGCT GGAGGGGGAC TTTGTGCTCA TGTTGGCCAT 1901 CTCGCCCAGC CACCTAGGCG CTGACCTGGT GGCAGCTCCG CATGCGCGCT 1951 TCGACGACGG CCTGGTGCAC CTGTGCTGGG TGCGTAGCGG CATCTCGCGG 2001 GCTGCGCTGC TGCGCCTTTT CTTGGCCATG GAGCGTGGTA GCCACTTCAG 2051 CCTGGGCTGT CCGCAGCTGG GCTACGCCGC GGCCCGTGCC TTCCGCCTAG 2101 AGCCGCTCAC ACCACGCGGC GTGCTCACAG TGGACGGGGA GCAGGTGGAG 2151 TATGGGCCGC TACAGGCACA GATGCACCCT GGCATCGGTA CACTGCTCAC 2201 TGGGCCTCCT GGCTGCCCGG GGCGGGAGCC CTGAAACTAA ACAAGCTTGG 2251 TACCCGCCGG GGGCGGGGCC TACATTCCAA TGGGGCGGAG CCTGAGCTAG 2301 GGGGTGTGGC CTGGCTGCTA GAGTTGTGGT GGCAGGGGCC CTGGCCCCGT

2351 CTCAGGATTG CGCTCGCTTT CATGGGACCA GACGTGATGC TGGAAGGTGG
2401 GCGTCGTCAC GGGTTAAAGAG AAATGGGCTC GTCCCGAGGG TAGTGCCTGA
2451 TCAATGAGGG CGGGGCCTGG CGTCTGATCT GGGGCCGCCC TTACGGGGCA
2501 GGGCTCAGT CTACTTTACG CGTCGCCCC AGGATGGCTG
2551 AGGGCGGAGT CTATTTTACG CGTCGCCCAA TGACAGGACC TGGAATGTAC
2601 TGGCTGGGGT AGGCCTCAGT GAGTCGCCC GTCAGGGCCC GCAGCCTCGC
2651 CCCATCCACT CCGGTGCCTC CATTTAGCTG GCCAATCAGC CCAGGAGGGG
2701 CAGGTTCCCC GGGGCAGTT CATTTAGCTG CCCAATCAGC CCAGGAGGGG
2751 CGGGTGGGG CGGGGAATT CATTTAGCTG GTCGTCTCA TGCGCGTCCT
2801 CCGTCCCCAA TCTAAAAAGC AATTGAAAAG GTCTATGCAA TAAAGGCAGT
2851 CGCTTCATTC CTCTCAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

99045661 -

Tumor necrosis factor-alpha induces adhesion molecule expression through the sphingosine kinase pathway.

98395082

Molecular cloning and functional characterization of murine sphingosine kinase.

98241633

Purification and characterization of rat kidney sphingosine kinase.

99178622

Sphingosine 1-phosphate: a prototype of a new class of second messengers.

Peptide information for frame 3

1 MNGHLEAEEQ QDQRPDQELT GSWGHGPRST LVRAKAMAPP PPPLAASTSL
51 LHGEFGSYPA RGPRFALTLT SQALHIQRLR PKPEARPRGG LVPLAEVSGC
101 CTLRSRSPSD SAAYFCIYTY PRGRRGARRA ATTRTFRADGA ATYEENRAEA
151 QRWATALTCL LRGLPLPGDG EITPDLLPRP PRLLLVNPF GGRGLAWQWC
201 KNHVLPMISE AGLSTNLIOT ERQNHARELV QGLSLSEWDG IVTVSGGGLL
251 HEVLNGLLDR PDWEEAVKMP VGILPCGSGN ALAGAVNQHG GFEPALGLDL
301 LLNCSLLLCR GGGHPLDLLS VTLASGSRCF SFLSVAWGFV SDVDIQSERF
351 RALGSARFTL GTVLGLATLH TYRGRLSYLP ATVEPASPTP AHSLPRAKSE
401 LTLTPDPAPP MAHSPLHRSV SDLPLPLPQP ALASFGSPEP LPILSLNGGG
451 PELAGDWGGA GDAPLSPDPL LSSPPGSPKA ALHSPVSEGA PVIPPSSGLP
501 LPTPDARVGA STCGPPDHLL PPLGTPLPPD WVTLEGDFVL MLAISPSHLG
551 ADLVAAPHAR FDDGLVHLCW VRSGISRAAL LRLFLAMERG SHFSLGCPQL
651 GREP

ORF from 270 bp to 2231 bp; peptide length: 654 Category: similarity to known protein

BLASTP hits

Entry SPAC4A8_7 from database TREMBL:
gene: "SPAC4A8_07c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe
chromosome I cosmid c4A8.
Score = 301, P = 7.9e-32, identities = 68/190, positives = 109/190

Entry CEC34C6_3 from database TREMBLNEW:
product: "C34C6.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C34C6
>TREMBL:CEC34C6_3 product: "C34C6.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid
C34C6
Score = 273, P = 9.0e-29, identities = 78/265, positives = 142/265

Entry S67059 from database PIR:
hypothetical protein YOR171c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
>TREMBL:SC55021_9 gene: "03615"; product: "03615p"; Saccharomyces
cerevisiae cosmid pUOA1258 from chromosome 15R. >TREMBL:SCYOR170W_2
S.cerevisiae chromosome XV reading frame ORF YOR170w

Score = 253, P = 2.0e-25, identities = 70/234, positives = 116/234 Entry S51398 from database PIR: hypothetical protein YLR260w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
>TREMBL:SCL8479_4 gene: "YLR260W"; product: "Ylr260wp"; Saccharomyces
cerevisiae chromosome XII cosmid 8479.
Score = 251, P = 1.0e-24, identities = 62/198, positives = 103/198 Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfbr2 82m6, frame 3 TREMBL:AF068749 1 gene: "SPHK1b"; product: "sphingosine kinase"; Mus musculus sphingosine kinase (SPHKlb) mRNA, complete cds., N = 2, Score = 615, P = 1.2e-92 TREMBL:AF068748 1 gene: "SPHKla"; product: "sphingosine kinase"; Mus musculus sphingosine kinase (SPHKla) mRNA, partial cds., N = 2, Score = 616, P = 2e-92 TREMBL:ATF18E5_16 gene: "F18E5.160"; product: "putative protein"; Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, BAC clone F18E5 (ESSAII project), N = 2, Score = 370, P = 6.8e-33 >TREMBL:AF068748_1 gene: "SPHKla"; product: "sphingosine kinase"; Mus musculus sphingosine kinase (SPHKla) mRNA, partial cds. Length = 504 HSPs: Score = 616 (92.4 bits), Expect = 2.0e-92, Sum P(2) = 2.0e-92Identities = 128/260 (49%), Positives = 173/260 (66%)154 ATALTCLLRGLPLPGDGEITPDLLPRPPRLLLLVNPFGGRGLAWQWCKNHVLPMISEAGL 213 A C L + E LLPRP R+L+L+NP GG+G A Q ++ V P + EA +
110 APVAPCQREPRDLAMEPECPRGLLPRPCRVLVLLNPQGGKGKALQLFQSRVQPFLEEAEI 169 Sbjct: 214 SFNLIQTERQNHARELVQGLSLSEWDGIVTVSGDGLLHEVLNGLLDRPDWEEAVKMPVGI 273 Ouerv: +F LI TER+NHARELV L WD + +SGDGL+HEV+NGL++RPDWE A++ P+
170 TFKLILTERKNHARELVCAEELGHWDALAVMSGDGLMHEVVNGLMERPDWETAIQKPLCS 229 Sbjct: Query: 274 LPCGSGNALAGAVNQHGGFEPALGLDLLLNCSLLLCRGGGHPLDLLSVTLASGSRCFSFL 333 LP GSGNALA +VN + G+E DLL+NC+LLLCR P++LLS+ ASG R +S L 230 LPGGSGNALAASVNHYAGYEQVTNEDLLINCTLLLCRRLSPMNLLSLHTASGLRLYSVL 289 Sbjct: Query: 334 SVAWGFVSDVDIQSERFRALGSARFTLGTVLGLATLHTYRGRLSYLPA-TVEPASPTPAH 392 S++WGFV+DVD++SE++R LG RFT+GT LA+L Y+G+L+YLP TV AS PA
290 SLSWGFVADVDLESEKYRRLGEIRFTVGTFFRLASLRIYQGQLAYLPVGTV--ASKRPAS 347 Sbjct: 393 SL-PRAKSELTLTPDPAPPMAH 413 Query: + LP 348 TLVQKGPVDTHLVPLEEPVPSH 369 Sbict: Score = 324 (48.6 bits), Expect = 2.0e-92, Sum P(2) = 2.0e-92Identities = 72/160 (45%), Positives = 100/160 (62%) 499 LPLPTPDARVGASTC---GPPDHLLPPLGTPLPPDWVTL-EGDFVLMLAISPSHLGADLV 554 LP+ T ++ AST GP D L PL P+P W + E DF+L+L + +HL ++L 335 LPVGTVASKRPASTLVQKGPVDTHLVPLEEPVPSHWTVVPEQDFLLVLVLLHTHLSSELF 394 Query: Sbjct: 555 AAPHARFDDGLVHLCWVRSGISRAALLRLFLAMERGSHFSLGCPQLGYAAARAFRLEPLT 614 Query: AAP R + G++HL +VR+G+SRAALLRLFLAM++G H L CP L + AFRLEP +
395 AAPMGRCEAGVMHLFYVRAGVSRAALLRLFLAMQKGKHMELDCPYLVHVPVVAFRLEPRS 454 Sbjct: 615 PRGVLTVDGEQVEYGPLQAQMHPGIGTLLTGPPGCP-GRE 653 Query: RGV +VDGE + +Q Q+HP ++ G P GR+
455 QRGVFSVDGELMVCEAVQGQVHPNYLWMVCGSRDAPSGRD 494 Sbjct: Score = 37 (5.6 bits), Expect = 3.6e-62, Sum P(2) = 3.6e-62Identities = 8/20 (40%), Positives = 9/20 (45%) 459 GAGDAPLSPDPLLSSPPGSP 478 G+ DAP D PP P Sbjct: 485 GSRDAPSGRDSRRGPPPEEP 504 Pedant information for DKFZphfbr2_82m6, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfbr2_82m6.3

```
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( WM )
         , 69207.45
[pI]
           6.47
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[HOMOL]
sphingosine kinase (SPHKlb) mRNA, complete cds. 2e-50
[FUNCAT] 01.06.01 lipid, fatty-acid and sterol biosynthesis [S. cerevisiae, YLR260w]
4e-20
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           AMIDATION
          CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
MYRISTYL 12
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
           CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
           TYR PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
           GLYCOSAMI NOGLYCAN
           PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                            8
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
           ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                            1
           Alpha_Beta
[KW]
(KW)
           LOW_COMPLEXITY
                        20.18 %
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SEQ
SEG
             .....xxxxxxxxxxxx......
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SEG
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SEQ
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SEG
     PRD
SEQ
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SEG
PRD
     IVTVSGDGLLHEVLNGLLDRPDWEEAVKMPVGILPCGSGNALAGAVNQHGGFEPALGLDL
SEQ
SEG
     PRD
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SEO
     xxxxxxxxxxxx.......................
SEG
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SEQ
SEG
PRD
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SEO
SEG
     PRD
     ALHSPVSEGAPVIPPSSGLPLPTPDARVGASTCGPPDHLLPPLGTPLPPDWVTLEGDFVL
SEO
     xx.....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.....
SEG
PRD
     SEO
     MLAISPSHLGADLVAAPHARFDDGLVHLCWVRSGISRAALLRLFLAMERGSHFSLGCPQL
SEG
PRD
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     GYAAARAFRLEPLTPRGVLTVDGEQVEYGPLQAQMHPGIGTLLTGPPGCPGREP
SEO
            SEG
PRD
     Prosite for DKFZphfbr2_82m6.3
        303->307
                ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                 PDOC00001
PS00001
                                 PDOC00002
PS00002
        245->249
                GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
PS00004
        129->133
                CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
                                 PDOC00004
PS00005
        102->105
                PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                 PDOC00005
        134->137
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                                 PDOC0005
PS00005
PS00005
        220->223
                PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                 PDOC0005
                PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
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CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
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PS00005
                                 PD0C00006
PS00006
        107->111
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PS00006	142->146	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
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PS00007	106->115	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	56->62	MYRĪSTYL —	PD0C00008
PS00008	212->218	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	232->238	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	272->278	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	277->283	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	279->285	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
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PS00008	509->515	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	574->580	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	590->596	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	640->646	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	122->126	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfbr2_82m6.3)

```
DKFZphfkd2_1j9
```

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2_lj9.3 encodes a novel 105 amino acid protein with high similarity to Xenopus laevis XLCL2 protein.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

strong similarity to XLCL2 protein, African clawed frog

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by LMU

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2955 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2935, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2915

```
1 GGGGGGGCT GAGTGCTCAG TGGAGAGCGG GGAGTTGTGT CCACCTTGCC
  51 GACGTCGCTA GCCGTGGGGC TGTCCTGGGA AGGCGGACGG CGAGCGCCCG
101 GTGTCCGCAC TCGGCCGCCT GCCGTGCCCG TCTGCGCCCG TGTCATCCTC
151 ACTCGGGACG CAGGGACCGT TTTTAAATCA CAGGGGCGTG TGTCAGCCTG
201 CCCTAGGACT TCATGTCTAT ATATTTCCCC ATTCACTGCC CCGACTATCT
 251 GAGATCGGCC AAGATGACTG AGGTGATGAT GAACACCCAG CCCATGGAGG
 301 AGATCGGCCT CAGCCCCCGC AAGGATGGCC TTTCCTACCA GATCTTCCCA
 351 GACCCGTCAG ATTTTGACCG CCGCTGCAAA CTGAAGGACC GTCTGCCCTC
 401 CATAGTGGTG GAACCCACAG AAGGGGAGGT GGAGAGCGGG GAGCTCCGGT
 451 GGCCCCCTGA GGAGTTCCTG GTCCAGGAGG ATGAGCAAGA TAACTGCGAA
 501 GAGACAGCGA AAGAAAATAA AGAGCAGTAG AGTCCCTGTG GACTCCCATG
 551 GGTCATACCA GCCAGCATCT GTTCCTGAAC TGTGTTTTTC CCATCATGAC
 601 GGAAGAAGAG AGTGAGCCGC AATTGTTCTG AAAATGTCAA ACGAGGCTTC
 651 TGTTTTGCAC CTGCAGATCA CCGAGTTGGT TTTCTTTCT TTTCTTGCCT
 701 TTTTTTTTT TTTGAAATTT GCCGAGCAGT GGAGCCCTCT GACAATTTGC
 751 AAGGCCCTCT GAGAAAGGAA GCTGCTTAGA GCCAGGGGGT TAGTGGGTGA
 801 GGGGAGCGAG TGCTGTTTTT GAGATCATTA TCTGAACTCA GGCAGCCTAG
 851 TAGAGGCAGT GGTGGGATTC CAATGGGTCT TGGTGGGTGG GAGGTGGGGC
 901 ATGTGCAAAG CAAGCAAGGA ACATTTGGGG TAAGAAAACA AACATGAGGC
951 AAAAGAAAAA ATACATGTTT TTAAGAAAAC ATTGAGCAGA GAACTGCAGC
1001 CAGGATGCGC TCAGCAGACA TTCACTCTGG CCGCTGGGAC ATCAGAAAAC
1101 TTTCAGGTGT GTTGGTCTAT ATGACAGGGA GGAGAGTAAA GGAGAGCAGG
1201 AGGTCACCCC ATTCTACTCC ATGGCCTCTC TGCTCCCAGC TGTGGTAGGC
1251 TCACATAGCC AGTGTGATCG GTTTTTAAGA GGCAGTGCTT TTCAGCTTTT
1301 CTCCCTGATA TATCCATTTT GCTTCCCAGC ACTTTTTAGG AGTAGTGAGA
1351 GCACTTCCTG CCCTTGTTGG AAGCCCCAGG GTGGACACTC AGCACGAAGG
1401 TCTCTCCCTT AACTGCTGCC CTTCCAAGAC TTGCTCCCGA GATGGAGTGG
1451 GCGTGGTCTT CCAGGCTGGC CCTTCCTTCT CCTCACCGCC ACCTTCCCTG
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1551 TCCCGCCAGT CTGCCCAGCT GCAGTACTCA CGCCCCATGG GGGATCTTGG
1601 TCTGTTTTC TTGTGGGAGC CTAGTGGAGA GCAGACGTGG CTTTTTATGT
1651 GTCTTGTTGG GGAGGTGACT TGCATGGTGG GGACAAGGCT GTCGTGGCAA
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1901 TTTCTTATTG TAGCTAAGAG CCATCTGAAG CAGCAGGTTG CAGGACAAAT
1951 GCTTCAGTCC GCCGAGAGCA GTACCGTGTG GCCAAGAGGT GGACTCAGAG
2001 CCTTCCTTGA GCTAAACTCG GCCAACCAAG GCACGCAGCA TGTCCCCTCA
2051 GGTCTCCAGT CAGTCCAGGT TGACCCTCAG TTCTGGACGT GTGTATATAG
2101 CTGTATTTAA TACCTCAAGG TCATTGTGGC TCTGGGGATG CCAGGGCAGG
2151 AGGACGAGGG TGCGCTGTGG ACACAGCAGT CCGCGGAATT CCGTTCTGGG
2201 AAGCCAATGG TCGCCGGCAC CCCTTGCTTC CTCCCTCTGT TGTCTGCCTG
2251 TGTGACACAC ATCAATGGCA ATAACTTCTT CCAACTCCTC GCAGAAGTGG
2301 GAGAGGCCGG CAGCCTGCAC CGAGAGGGGC TTTCCTCTCT CTTGCTCCCC
2351 GCTTCGTTCT GTTTTGGCTG CAGAGAGTGG TTCATCCATA CTCTCATTCC
2401 CTCGCCTCCC CTTGTGGACG GGGGTCTTGC CTTTTCAATT CCTGTGTTTT
2451 GGTGTCTTCC CTTATCTGCT ACCCTGAATC ACCTGTCCTG GTCTTGCTGT
2501 GTGATGGGAA CATGCTTGTA AACTGCGTAA CAAATCTACT TTGTGTATGT
2551 GTCTGTTTAT GGGGGTGGTT TATTATTTTT GCTGGTCCCT AGACCACTTT
2601 GTATGACCGT TTGCAGTCTG AGCAGGCCAG GGGCTGACAG CTAATGTCAG
2651 GACCCTCAGC GGTGGAGCCT GCTGGGGGGA CCCAGCTGCT CTTGGACAAG
```

```
2701 TGGCTGAGCT CCTATCTGGC CTCCTCTTT TTTTTTTTT CAAGTAATTT
2751 GTGTGTATTT CTAACTGATT GTATTGAAAA AATTCCTAGT ATTTCAGTAA
2801 AAATGCCTGT TGTGAGATGA ACCTCCTGTA ACTTCTATCT GTTCTTTTT
2851 GAGCTCAGG GAGAAACTAG CATTTTTTT TTTCCAAACT ACTTTTTGTC
2901 ACTGTGACAG TTGTAAATAA AGTTTGAAAA TGCTCAAAAA AAAAAAAAA
2951 AAAAC
```

BLAST Results

Entry HSG19750 from database EMBL: human STS A001X24. Score = 1050, P = 1.9e-39, identities = 212/213

Entry HSG20267 from database EMBL:
human STS A005C12.
Score = 610, P = 4.1e-19, identities = 122/122

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 213 bp to 527 bp; peptide length: 105 Category: strong similarity to known protein Classification: unset

1 MSIYFPIHCP DYLRSAKMTE VMMNTQPMEE IGLSPRKDGL SYQIFPDPSD 51 FDRRCKLKDR LPSIVVEPTE GEVESGELRW PPEEFLVQED EQDNCEETAK 101 ENKEQ

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_1j9, frame 3

PIR:S52241 XLCL2 protein - African clawed frog, N = 1, Score = 443, P = 8e-42

PIR:S52241 XLCL2 protein - African clawed frog, N = 1, Score = 443, P = 8.2e-42

>PIR:S52241 XLCL2 protein - African clawed frog Length = 102

HSPs:

Score = 443 (66.5 bits), Expect = 8.0e-42, P = 8.0e-42 Identities = 80/104 (76%), Positives = 95/104 (91%)

Query: 1 MSIYFPIHCPDYLRSAKMTEVMMNTQPMEEIGLSPRKDGLSYQIFPDPSDFDRRCKLKDR 60
MS+++PIHC DYLRSA+MTEV+MNTQ M+EIGLSPRKD SYQIFPDPSDF+R CKLKDR
Sbjct: 1 MSVFYPIHCTDYLRSAEMTEVIMNTQSMDEIGLSPRKD--SYQIFPDPSDFERCCKLKDR 58

Query: 61 LPSIVVEPTEGEVESGELRWPPEEFLVQEDEQDNCEETAKENKE 104 LPSIVVEPTEG+VESGELRWPPEEF+V ED++ C++T KEN++ Sbjct: 59 LPSIVVEPTEGDVESGELRWPPEEFVVDEDKEGTCDQTKKENEQ 102

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_lj9, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_1j9.3

[LENGTH] 105 [MW] 12269.78 [DI] 4.40

[HOMOL] PIR:S52241 XLCL2 protein - African clawed frog 5e-44

(KW)	Alpha_Beta
SEQ PRD	MSIYFPIHCPDYLRSAKMTEVMMNTQPMEEIGLSPRKDGLSYQIFPDPSDFDRRCKLKDR CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
SEQ PRD	LPSIVVEPTEGEVESGELRWPPEEFLVQEDEQDNCEETAKENKEQ ccceeeeccccccccccccccccchhhhhhhhhccc
(No Pr	osite data available for DKFZphfkd2_1j9.3)
(No Pf	am data available for DKFZphfkd2 1i9.3)

DKFZphfkd2_24a15 group: transmembrane protein DKF2phfkd2 24a15 encodes a novel amino acid protein with similarity to C. elegans cosmid R07G3. The novel protein contains 1 transmembrane region. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife. The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes and as a new marker for kidney cells. similarity to C. elegans R07G3.8 membrane regions: 1 Summary DKFZphfkd2_24al5 encodes a novel 323 amino acid protein, with similarity to C. elegans R07G3.8. similarity to C. elegans R07G3.8 complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits Sequenced by GBF Locus: unknown Insert length: 1513 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 1494, no polyadenylation signal found 1 GGGGTACTCG GCGGCGGCGG AGCGGGCGGC AGAGCAGGGC GGCGGCGACT 51 CGCAGGGTAC CACCATCTTA AGGACAGAAA AGCTACAGGA CTCTAGGAGG 101 CCACCGTCCT GATTTGGGAA GTCCAACTTA CTTTGGCCAG ACAGCAGCTA 151 AGCTGGTTCA TCCCATCAGC CTGGATTGGT GAAACTGAAT CACAGGAGAT 201 ATTTCCAGGT TTGCTGGGAT GGGAAACCTG CTCAAAGTCC TTACCAGGGA 251 AATTGAAAAC TATCCACACT TTTTCCTGGA TTTTGAAAAT GCTCAGCCTA 301 CAGAAGGAGA GAGAGAAATC TGGAACCAGA TCAGCGCCGT CCTTCAGGAT 351 TCTGAGAGCA TCCTTGCAGA CCTGCAGGCT TACAAAGGCG CAGGCCCAGA 401 GATCCGAGAT GCAATTCAAA ATCCCAATGA CATTCAGCTT CAAGAAAAAG 451 CTTGGAATGC GGTGTGCCCT CTTGTTGTGA GGCTAAAGAG ATTTTACGAG 501 TTTTCCATTA GACTAGAAAA AGCTCTTCAG AGTTTATTGG AATCTCTGAC 551 TTGTCCACCC TACACACCAA CCCAACACCT GGAAAGGGAA CAGGCCCTGG 601 CAAAGGAGTT TGCCGAAATT TTACATTTTA CCCTTCGATT CGATGAGCTG 651 AAGATGAGGA ACCCGGCTAT TCAGAATGAC TTCAGCTACT ACAGAAGAAC 701 AATCAGTCGC AACCGCATCA ACAACATGCA CCTAGACATT GAGAATGAAG 751 TCAATAATGA GATGGCCAAT CGAATGTCCC TCTTCTATGC AGAAGCCACG 801 CCAATGCTGA AAACCCTTAG CAATGCCACA ATGCACTTTG TCTCTGAAAA 851 CAAAACTCTG CCAATAGAGA ACACCACAGA CTGCCTCAGC ACAATGACAA 901 GTGTCTGTAA AGTCATGCTG GAAACTCCGG AGTACAGAAG TAGGTTTACG 951 AGTGAAGAGA CCCTGATGTT CTGCATGAGG GTGATGGTGG GAGTCATCAT 1001 CCTCTATGAC CATGTCCACC CTGTGGGAGC TTTCTGCAAG ACATCCAAGA 1051 TCGATATGAA AGGCTGCATA AAAGTTTTGA AGGAGCAGGC CCCAGACAGT 1101 GTGGAGGGGC TGCTAAATGC CCTCAGGTTC ACTACAAAGC ACTTGAACGA 1151 TGAATCAACT TCCAAACAGA TTCGAGCAAT GCTTCAGTAG AGCTCTGCTC 1201 AAAGAAGAGG ATCTATGTGC TGACCTCAGA AGATGTATAT GTTTACATAA 1251 TTTAATACAG ATTGATGTTA ATACTTGTGT ATTTACATAA CCGTTTCCTT 1301 CTTGTCACTG AAATATATGG ACCTTAATTT GTATCCTGAC TGACTCAACC 1351 CAGCAGAGCA TAAATTGACT TGAGAGCCTT ACCTTTGATG TCTGAAATGA 1401 AACCCCCTTC TCCAAAGGCA AAATTCGGAG ACTTTGATCT TTGCTACTGG 1451 AGTCCTTTAA CAACATCTAT AACGATAAAA AATTCCTAAT TGTCAAAAAA 1501 AAAAAAAAA AAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

PCT/IB00/01496

WO 01/12659 ORF from 219 bp to 1187 bp; peptide length: 323 Category: similarity to unknown protein 1 MGNLLKVLTR EIENYPHFFL DFENAQPTEG EREIWNQISA VLQDSESILA 51 DLQAYKGAGP EIRDAIQNPN DIQLQEKAWN AVCPLVVRLK RFYEFSIRLE 101 KALQSLLESL TCPPYTPTQH LEREQALAKE FAEILHFTLR FDELKMRNPA 151 IQNDFSYYRR TISRNRINNM HLDIENEVNN EMANRMSLFY AEATPMLKTL 201 SNATMHFVSE NKTLPIENTT DCLSTMTSVC KVMLETPEYR SRFTSEETLM 251 FCMRVMVGVI ILYDHVHPVG AFCKTSKIDM KGCIKVLKEQ APDSVEGLLN 301 ALRFTTKHLN DESTSKQIRA MLQ BLASTP hits Entry CER07G3 7 from database TREMBL: gene: "R07G3.8"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R07G3. Score = 544, P = 1.4e-52, identities = 119/323, positives = 186/323 Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_24a15, frame 3 No Alert BLASTP hits found Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_24a15, frame 3 Report for DKFZphfkd2_24a15.3 [LENGTH] 323 [WM] 37313.06 [pI] [HOMOL] TREMBL:CER07G3_7 gene: "R07G3.8"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R07G3. 4e-54 (PROSITE) MYRISTYL CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE [PROSITE] 4 (PROSITE) TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 1 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE ASN_GLYCOSYLATION (PROSITE) [PROSITE] TRANSMEMBRANE 1 [KW] SEQ MGNLLKVLTREIENYPHFFLDFENAQPTEGEREIWNQISAVLQDSESILADLQAYKGAGP PRD MEM SEQ EIRDAIQNPNDIQLQEKAWNAVCPLVVRLKRFYEFSIRLEKALQSLLESLTCPPYTPTQH PRD հիհիհիշշշշինների հերևաներ անագրագրեր հերևաներ հե MEM LEREQALAKEFAEILHFTLRFDELKMRNPAIQNDFSYYRRTISRNRINNMHLDIENEVNN SEO PRD հիրինի հերևաների անական անական անական անական հերևան անական հերևան MEM SEQ EMANRMSLFYAEATPMLKTLSNATMHFVSENKTLPIENTTDCLSTMTSVCKVMLETPEYR PRD MEM SEO SRFTSEETLMFCMRVMVGVIILYDHVHPVGAFCKTSKIDMKGCIKVLKEQAPDSVEGLLN PRD MEM SEQ ALRETTKHLNDESTSKQIRAMLQ PRD hhhhhccccccchhhhhhccc MEM Prosite for DKF2phfkd2_24a15.3

PS00001	202->206	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	211->215	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	218->222	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	96->99	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	138->141	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	275->278	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	305->308	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005

PS00005	314->317	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	28->32	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	105->109	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	244->248	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	276~>280	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	231->240	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	297->303	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_24a15.3)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphfkd2 24b15

group: metabolism

DKFZphfkd2 24b15 encodes a novel 612 amino acid protein with similarity to bacterial and yeast phosphoglucomutase and phosphomannomutases.

The novel protein contains a phosphoserine signature typical for phosphoglucomutase (EC 5.4.2.2) or phosphomannomutase (EC 5.4.2.8). Thus, the protein seems to be taking part in the conversion of hexose phosphates.

The new protein can find application in modulation of hexose metabolism pathways and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

similarity to phosphomannomutases

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at bp 30 matches kozak consensus PyCNatgG,

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: map="158.8 cR from top of Chr4 linkage group"

Insert length: 2204 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 2186, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGCTCTGCA GCGGTAGCAC AAGCTCAGCG ATGGCGGCTC CAGAAGGCAG 51 CGGTCTAGGC GAGGACGCCC GGCTGGACCA GGAGACCGCC CAGTGGCTGC 101 GCTGGGACAA GAATTCCTTA ACTTTGGAGG CAGTGAAACG ACTAATAGCA 151 GAAGGTAATA AAGAAGAACT ACGAAAATGT TTTGGGGCCC GAATGGAGTT 201 TGGGACAGCT GGCCTCCGAG CTGCTATGGG ACCTGGAATT TCTCGTATGA 251 ATGACTTGAC CATCATCCAG ACTACACAGG GATTTTGCAG ATACCTGGAA 301 AAACAATTCA GTGACTTAAA GCAGAAAGGC ATCGTGATCA GTTTTGACGC 351 CCGAGCTCAT CCATCCAGTG GGGGTAGCAG CAGAAGGTTT GCCCGACTTG 401 CTGCAACCAC ATTTATCAGT CAGGGGATTC CTGTGTACCT CTTTTCTGAT 451 ATAACGCCAA CCCCCTTTGT GCCCTTCACA GTATCACATT TGAAACTTTG 501 TGCTGGAATC ATGATAACTG CATCTCACAA TCCAAAGCAG GATAATGGTT 551 ATAAGGTCTA TTGGGATAAT GGAGCTCAGA TCATTTCTCC TCACGATAAA 601 GGGATTTCTC AAGCTATTGA AGAAAATCTA GAACCGTGGC CTCAAGCTTG 651 GGACGATTCT TTAATTGATA GCAGTCCACT TCTCCACAAT CCGAGTGCTT 701 CCATCAATAA TGACTACTTT GAAGACCTTA AAAAGTACTG TTTCCACAGG 751 AGCGTGAACA GGGAGACAAA GGTGAAGTTT GTGCACACCT CTGTCCATGG 801 GGTGGGTCAT AGCTTTGTGC AGTCAGCTTT CAAGGCTTTT GACCTTGTTC 851 CTCCTGAGGC TGTTCCTGAA CAGAGAGATC CGGATCCTGA GTTTCCAACA 901 GTGAAATACC CGAATCCCGA AGAGGGGAAA GGTGTCTTGA CTTTGTCTTT 951 TGCTTTGGCT GACAAACCA AGGCCAGAAT TGTTTTAGCT AACGACCCGG 1001 ATGCTGATAG ACTTGCTGTG GCAGAAAAGC AAGACAGTGG TGAATGGAGG 1051 GTGTTTTCAG GCAATGAGTT GGGGGCCCTC CTGGGCTGGT GGCTTTTTAC 1101 ATCTTGGAAA GAGAAGAACC AGGATCGCAG TGCTCTCAAA GACACGTACA
1151 TGTTGTCCAG CACCGTCTCC TCCAAAATCT TGCGGGCCAT TGCCTTAAAG 1201 GAAGGTTTTC ATTTTGAGGA AACATTAACT GGCTTTAAGT GGATGGGAAA 1251 CAGAGCCAAA CAGCTAATAG ACCAGGGGAA AACTGTTTTA TTTGCATTTG 1301 AAGAAGCTAT TGGATACATG TGCTGCCCTT TTGTTCTGGA CAAAGATGGA 1351 GTCAGTGCCG CTGTCATAAG TGCAGAGTTG GCTAGCTTCC TAGCAACCAA 1401 GAATTTGTCT TTGTCTCAGC AACTTAAGGC CATTTATGTG GAGTATGGCT 1451 ACCATATTAC TAAAGCTTCC TATTTTATCT GCCATGATCA AGAAACCATT 1501 AAGAAATTAT TTGAAAACCT CAGAAACTAC GATGGAAAAA ATAATTATCC 1551 AAAAGCTTGT GGCAAATTTG AAATTTCTGC CATTAGGGAC CTTACAACTG 1601 GCTATGATGA TAGCCAACCT GATAAAAAAG CTGTTCTTCC CACTAGTAAA 1651 AGCAGCCAAA TGATCACCTT CACCTTTGCT AATGGAGGCG TGGCCACCAT 1701 GCGCACCAGT GGGACAGAGC CCAAAATCAA GTACTATGCA GAGCTGTGTG 1751 CCCCACCTGG GAACAGTGAT CCTGAGCAGC TGAAGAAGGA ACTGAATGAA 1801 CTGGTCAGTG CTATTGAAGA ACATTTTTTC CAGCCACAGA AGTACAATCT 1851 GCAGCCAAAA GCAGACTAAA ATAGTCCAGC CTTGGGTATA CTTGCATTTA 1901 CCTACAATTA AGCTGGGTTT AACTTGTTAA GCAATATTT TAAGGGCCAA 1951 ATGATTCAAA ACATCACAGG TATTTATGTG TTTTACAAAG ACCTACATTC 2001 CTCATTGTTT CATGTTTGAC CTTTAAGGTG AAAAAAGAAA ATGGCCAAAC 2051 CCAACAAACT AACATTCCTA CTAAAAAGTT GAGCTTGGAC ATATTTTGAA
2101 TTTTTGTAAG TGAAGATTTT TAAACTGACT AACTTAAAAA AATAGATTGT 2201 AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS705145 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-6820. Score = 1261, P = 3.6e-52, identities = 253/254

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 31 bp to 1866 bp; peptide length: 612 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MAAPEGSGLG EDARLDQETA QWLRWDKNSL TLEAVKRLIA EGNKEELRKC
51 FGARMEFGTA GLRAAMGPGI SRNNDLTIIQ TTQGFCRYLE KQFSDLKQKG
101 IVISFDARAH PSSGGSSRRF ARLAATTTIS QGIPVYLFSD ITPTTPVPFT
151 VSHLKLCAGI MITASHNPKQ DNGYKVYWDN GAQIISPHDK GISQAIEENL
201 EPWPQAWDDS LIDSSPLLHN PSASINNDYF EDLKKYCFHR SVNRETKVKF
251 VHTSVHGVGH SFVQSAFKAF DLVPPEAVPE QRDPDPEFPT VKYPNPEEGK
301 GVLTLSFALA DKTKARIVLA NDPDADRLAV AEKQDSGEWR VFSGRELGAL
351 LGWWLFTSWK EKNQDRSALK DTYMLSSTVS SKILRAIALK EGFHFEETLT
401 GFKWMGNRAK QLIDQGKTVL FAFEEAIGYM CCPFVLDKDG VSAAVISAEL
451 ASFLATKNLS LSQQLKAIYV EYGYHITKAS YFICHDQETI KKLFENLRNY
501 DGKNNYPKAC GKFEISAIRD LTTGYDDSQP DKKAVLPTSK SSQMITFTFA
551 NGGVATMRTS GTEPKIKYYA ELCAPPGNSD PEQLKKELNE LVSAIEEHFF
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_24b15, frame 1

TREMBL:CEY43F4B_5 gene: "Y43F4B.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y43F4B, N = 1, Score = 1431, P = 1.6e-146

TREMBL:SPCC1840_5 gene: "SPCC1840.05c"; product: "similarity to phosphomannomutases"; S.pombe chromosome III cosmid c1840., N = 1, Score = 1210, P = 4.2e-123

PIR:S54585 hypothetical protein YMR278w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 1046, P = 1e-105

PIR:A71299 probable phosphomannomutase (manB) - syphilis spirochete, N = 1, Score = 697, P = 9.7e-69

>TREMBL:CEY43F4B_5 gene: "Y43F4B.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y43F4B Length = 595

HSPs:

Score = 1431 (214.7 bits), Expect = 1.6e-146, P = 1.6e-146 Identities = 285/598 (47%), Positives = 393/598 (65%)

Query:	13	A+LD++ A WL WDKN +++L+ E N + L+ R+ FGTAG+R+ M G R	
Sbjct:	6	AKLDKQVADWLAWDKNDKNRNEIQKLVDEKNVDALKARMDTRLVFGTAGVRSPMQAGFGR 65	
Query:	73	MNDLTIIQTTQGFCRYLEKQFSDLKQKGIVISFDARAHPSSGGSSRRFARLAATTFISQG 132 +NDLTIIQ T GF R++ + K G+ I FD R + SRRFA L+A F+	
Sbjct:	66	LNDLTIIQITHGFARHMLNVYGQPKN-GVAIGFDGRYNSRRFAELSANVFVRNN 118	
Query:	133	IPVYLFSDITPTFFVPFTVSHLKLCAGIMITASHNPKQDNGYKVYWDNGAQIISPHDKGI 192 IPVYLFS+++PTP V + L AG++ITASHNPK+DNGYK YW NGAQII PHD I	
Sbjct:	119	IPVYLFSEVSPTPVVSWATIKLGCDAGLIITASHNPKEDNGYKAYWSNGAQIIGPHDTEI 178	
Query:	193	SQAIEENLEPWPQAWDDSLIDSSPLLHNPSASINNDYFEDLKKYCFHRSVNRETKVKFVH 252 + E +P + WD S + SSPL H+ I+ YFE K F R +N T +KF +	
Sbjct:	179	VRIKEAEPQPRDEYWDLSELKSSPLFHSADVVID-PYFEVEKSLNFTREINGSTPLKFTY 237	
Query:	253	TSVHGVGHSFVQSAFKAFDLVPPEAVPEQRDPDPEFPTVKYPNPEEGKGVLTLSFALA 310 ++ HG+G+ + + F F +V EO+DP+P+FPT+ +PNPEEG+ VLTL+ A	
Sbjct:	238	SAFHGIGYHYTKRMFAEFGFPASSFISVAEQQDPNPDFPTIPFPNPEEGRKVLTLAMETA 297	

13 ADIDOFTAONI PUNKNSI TIFAVKRI JAFONKEFI PKOFGARMFFOTAGI RAAMGROS SR 72

```
311 DKTKARIVLANDPDADRLAVAEKQDSGEWRVFSGNELGALLGWWLFTSWKEKNQDRSALK 370
Ouerv:
              DK + ++LANDPDADR+ +AEKQ GEWRVF+GNE+GAL+ WW++T+W++ N + A K
298 DKNGSTVILANDPDADRIQMAEKQKDGEWRVFTGNEMGALITWWIWTNWRKANPNADASK 357
Sbict:
              371 DTYMLSSTVSSKILRAIALKEGFHFEETLTGFKWMGNRAKQLIDQGKTVLFAFEEAIGYM 430
Ouerv:
              Y+L+S VSS+I++ IA EGF E TLTGFKWMGNRA++L G V+ A+EE+IGYM
358 -VYILNSAVSSQIVKTIADAEGFKNETTLTGFKWMGNRAEELRADGNQVILAWEESIGYM 416
Sbjct:
              431 CCP-FVLDKDGVSAAVISAELASFLATKNLSLSQQLKAIYVEYGYHITKASYFICHDQET 489
P +DKDGVSAA + AE+A+FL + SL QL A+Y YG+H+ +++Y++ E
417 --PGHTMDKDGVSAAAVFAEIAAFLHAEGKSLQDQLYALYNRYGFHLVRSTYWMVPAPEV 474
Query:
Sbict:
              490 IKKLFENLRNYDGKNNYPKACGKFEISAIRDLTTGYDDSQPDKKAVLPTSKSSQMITFTF 549
Query:
              KKLF LR D K +P G+ E++++RDLT GYD+S+PD K VLP S SS+M+TF
475 TKKLFSTLRA-DLK--FPTKIGEAEVASVRDLTIGYDNSKPDNKPVLPLSTSSEMVTFFL 531
Sbjct:
              550 ANGGVATMRTSGTEPKIKYYAELCAPPGNS--DPEQLKKELNELVSAIEEHFFQPQKYNL 607
G V T+R SGTEPKIKYY EL PG + D E + E+++L + +PQ++ L
532 KTGSVTTLRASGTEPKIKYYIELITAPGKTQNDLESVISEMDQLEKDVVATLLRPQQFGL 591
Query:
Sbjct:
              608 QPK 610
Ouerv:
Sbjct:
              592 IPR 594
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_24b15, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2 24b15.1

```
[LENGTH]
            612
            68311.58
( WM )
[pI]
            6.28
            TREMBL:CEY43F4B 5 gene: "Y43F4B.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y43F4B le-157
[HOMOL]
                                            [S. cerevisiae, YMR278w] 1e-111
[FUNCAT]
            01.05.01 carbohydrate utilization
            g carbohydrate metabolism and transport [H. influenzae, HI0740] 3e-66 c energy conversion [M. genitalium, MG053] 4e-50
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCATI
            m outer membrane and cell wall
                                            [H. influenzae, HI1463] 2e-04
[FUNCAT]
            BL00607D cAMP phosphodiesterases class-II proteins
[BLOCKS]
            BL00710 Phosphoglucomutase and phosphomannomutase phosphoserine signa
[BLOCKS]
{ EC }
            5.4.2.8 Phosphomannomutase 3e-56
[EC]
            5.4.2.2 Phosphoglucomutase 1e-09
[PIRKW]
            isomerase 3e-56
            intramolecular transferase 3e-56
[PIRKW]
[SUPFAM]
            Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum phosphomannomutase 1e-06
            probable phosphorylating protein ureC 9e-06
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
            PGM PMM 1
[PROSITE]
            MYRĪSTYL
            LIPOCALIN
[PROSITE]
            CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                               9
[PROSITE]
            GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
                               1
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                               8
            ASN GLYCOSY LATION
[PROSITE]
                               1
[PFAM]
            Phosphoglucomutase and phosphomannomutase phosphoserine
[KW]
            Alpha_Beta
      MAAPEGSGLGEDARLDQETAQWLRWDKNSLTLEAVKRLIAEGNKEELRKCFGARMEFGTA
SEO
      PRD
      GLRAAMGPGISRMNDLTIIQTTQGFCRYLEKQFSDLKQKGIVISFDARAHPSSGGSSRRF
SEO
      PRD
      ARLAATTFISQGIPVYLFSDITPTPFVPFTVSHLKLCAGIMITASHNPKQDNGYKVYWDN
SEQ
      hhhhhhhhccceeeeecccccchhhhhhhcccceeeeecc
PRD
      GAQIISPHDKGISQAIEENLEPWPQAWDDSLIDSSPLLHNPSASINNDYFEDLKKYCFHR
SEO
      PRD
      SVNRETKVKFVHTSVHGVGHSFVQSAFKAFDLVPPEAVPEQRDPDPEFPTVKYPNPEEGK
SEQ
      GVLTLSFALADKTKARIVLANDPDADRLAVAEKQDSGEWRVFSGNELGALLGWWLFTSWK
SEQ
      PRD
      EKNODRSALKDTYMLSSTVSSKILRAIALKEGFHFEETLTGFKWMGNRAKQLIDQGKTVL
SEO
      PRD
```

SEQ PRD	FAFEEAIGYMCCPFVLDKDGVSAAVISAELASFLATKNLSLSQQLKAIYVEYGYHITKAS hhhhhcccccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhcccchhhhhhhh
SEQ PRD	YFICHDQETIKKLFENLRNYDGKNNYPKACGKFEISAIRDLTTGYDDSQPDKKAVLPTSK eeeccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccccccchhhhhhhh
SEQ PRD	SSQMITFTFANGGVATMRTSGTEPKIKYYAELCAPPGNSDPEQLKKELNELVSAIEEHFF CCCeeeeeecccccceeeeecccccccchhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ PRD	QPQKYNLQPKAD cccccccccc

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_24b15.1

PS00001	458->462	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC0001
PS00002	7->11	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	116~>119	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	117->120	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	290->293	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	358->361	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	380->383	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	489->492	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	538->541	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	556->559	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	186->190	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	210->214	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	343->347	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	358->362	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	523->527	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	528->532	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	560->564	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	579->583	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	593->597	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	6->12	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	61->67	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	100->106	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	159->165	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	191->197	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	257->263	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
P\$00008	344->350	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	348->354	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	440->446	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	552->558	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00710	159->174	PGM_PMM	PDOC00589
PS00213	346->358	LIPOCALIN	PDOC00187
PS00213	344->358	LIPOCALIN	PDOC00187

Pfam for DKFZphfkd2_24b15.1

HMM_NAME	Phosphoglucomutase and phosphomannomutase phosphoserine
ММН	*GvnVidiGQNGMMPTPMIYFaIRTYKhmcmggGIMITaSHNPGGPDnDN G+ V + ++PTP + F + H+++ +GIMITASHNP DN
Query	132 GIPVYLFSDITPTPFVPFTVSHLKLCAGIMITASHNPKQ-DN 172
нмм	GIK* G+K
Query	173 GYK 175

DKFZphfkd2_24e23

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2_24e23 encodes a novel 198 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, 1 EST hit, many ATGs in front of the ORF

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1723 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1695, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGGGATTTT CGATCATGAC AACGATAGCA ATTGATATAC CTTCAAAATA 51 CGTGTCCAGT GAGTGTTGAT TGTGTGTGGT TTCTCTAGGA GACCGTGTTC 101 ATGCAACACA GCATTATTTC ACCGCCTTTA CCCCAGCTTC TTCATACACA
151 TGCACTTGTC AAGGGCTCTT TGGCTGAAGA GAAGTTAGAA GTTTCCAGAT 201 ATGGAGGGGT ATTTTCAGCA GATATGCCCA CCGCCATGGT TTTGTCAGCT 251 CTGTAGGGTG GTCTTGCACC CTGCTCACTG CTGGCATCAC CTGAGCCTAT 301 GCAGATACC CAGTGCTGCC CGCCACCATG TGAATTCATC AGCTCTGCAG
351 GCACAGACCT TGCACTAGGA ATGGGCTGGG ACGCCACCCT CTGCCTCTTA 401 CCATTCACTG GGTTTGGCAA GTGTGCTGGG ATCTGGAATC ACATGGATGA 451 GGAACCCGAT AATGGTGACG ACCGAGGTAG CAGGCGAACC ACTGGCCAGG 501 GCAGGAAGTG GGCAGCTCAC GGGACTATGG CTGCACCGCG GGTTCATACC 551 GACTACCATC CTGGAGGTGG GAGCGCATGC TCATCTGTAA AAGTCCGGTC 601 CCACGTTGGA CACACCGGGG TCTTCTTCTT TGTTGACCAG GATCCTCTGG 651 CAGTGTCTTT AACAAGCCAG AGTCTGATCC CACCGCTCAT AAAGCCAGGG 701 TTGTTGAAAG CTTGGGGCTT CCTCCTCCTC TGTGCGCAGC CCTCAGCAAA 1051 AACTGGGAAG GGGCCTTGAG GACCTGTGTC CAGGCAGGGT GGACAAGGGC 1101 TTTGTGCAGG GAGCTCCTCT CCCATCTTTG TGTCCTGACA GCCGTGACCG 1151 TGACCCCTCA AAGCAGAGCC AGTAGTGATC AGTATCCTGC TGCTTCAAGC 1201 CTGCACGGTC CTCTTCTCCT CTCCGCACAT CTGCATGCCT GTCAAACCCA 1251 GAGTAGTTTG GGGCCTGGTA AACAGAGGGA AGTTGGCTGG AGGAGGCCAG 1201 TCAGGAGTGC AAGAACCCCG CGTACTCTGT CCCACGTGGA TAAAGTCTCT
1351 AATTCCAGTC TGAGGTGAAT TCTTAGAGAG TGCTTCATT TAATGTTTGC
1401 TTTATGCATT TCCCCTGCAG CTGTGACTAA TTGTGGAACA GCATACATTT
1451 TGTTTTGAGA CTCTCTTGAG ATTTTTCTGG CAGTGTAAGG TCTACACCAT
1501 TTTCCTCTCA GCATCAGAGA AGGCAGAAAG CAAGAGAAAG GAATGCAATG
1551 TGAGCAAGGC CAGGCACACT TGTCCTACTG CAGTTGGCAA GAATGGAGTC 1601 TAATCCCAGC ACTITGGGAG GCCGAGGCGG GTGGATCACC TGAGGTCAGG
1651 AATTTGAGAC CAACCTGGCC AACATGTTGA AACCTCGTCT GTACTAAAAA 1701 ТАСАААААА ААААААААА

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 299 bp to 892 bp; peptide length: 198 Category: putative protein

- 1 MADTQCCPPP CEFISSAGTD LALGMGWDAT LCLLPFTGFG KCAGIWNHMD 51 EEPDNGDDRG SRRTTGGGRK WAAHGTMAAP RVHTDYHPGG GSACSSVKVR 101 SHVGHTGVFF FVDQDPLAVS LTSQSLIPPL IKPGLLKAWG FLLLCAQPSA 151 NGHSLCCLLY TDLVSSHELS PFRALCLGPS DAPSACASCN CLASTYYL

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_24e23, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phfkd2_24e23, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfkd2_24e23.2

(LENGT: [MW] [PI] [PROSI: [PROSI: [PROSI: [PROSI: [PROSI: [KW]	TE] TE] TE]	198 20948.98 6.01 MYRISTYL 5 AMIDATION 1 CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE All_Beta LOW_COMPLEXITY	E 1 : 1	
SEQ SEG PRD			GMGWDATLCLLPFTGFGKCAGIWNHMDEEPD. CCCCCGEEEECCCCCCCGEEECCCCCCCCC	

SEG	
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ	SRRTTGQGRKWAAHGTMAAPRVHTDYHPGGGSACSSVKVRSHVGHTGVFFFVDQDPLAVS
SEG	
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccceeeeeccccccceeeeee
SEQ	LTSQSLIPPLIKPGLLKAWGFLLLCAQPSANGHSLCCLLYTDLVSSHELSPFRALCLGPS
SEG	xxxxxxxxx
PRD	eccccccccchhhhhhhhhhcccccccceeeeeeeccc
SEQ	DAPSACASCNCLASTYYL
SEG	

SEQ	DAPSACASCNCLASTYYL
SEG	
PRD	cccccccccccccc

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_24e23.2

PS00004	62->66	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	61->64	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	96->99	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	165->169	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	18->24	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	60->66	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	89->95	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	91->97	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	134->140	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	67->71	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2 24e23.2)

DKFZphfkd2_24n20

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfkd2_24n20.3 encodes a novel 366 amino acid protein with similarity to human eps8 binding protein e3Bl and spectrins.

The new protein contains an Src homology domain 3 and is similar to human eps8 SH3 domain binding protein 1 (e3B1) and spectrins. Eps8 is a substrate of receptor tyrosine kinases involved in mitogenic signaling. Spectrin is part of the submembrane cytoskeletal network in the human erythrocyte ghost. Nonerythroid spectrins are proposed to have roles in cell adhesion, establishment of cell polarity, and attachment of other cytoskeletal structures to the plasma membrane. The new protein seems to be part of the signalling pathway between tyrosine kinases and the membrane/cyto skeleton.

The new protein can find application in modulating cell adhesion/motility and membrane/cyto skeleton structure and dynamics.

strong similarity to eps8 binding protein e3B1

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits potential start at Bp 300, but there are ATGs in other frames in 5' region of the cDNA $\,$

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: /map="17"

Insert length: 1719 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1699, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1680

1 GGGGACAGCT GCCCGACCT TGGCTTCCTC TGCTGGGTGG GATTGGGGGC 51 TGGGCCCCA AATGGGCCCC TGGCTTCCCC CTTCCTCTGG GCAGGGGACA 101 GAGAGACACA GGCTCGGGGA GCAGGACTGA CTTCCTCTTG TCCCGGAATG 151 AGCATGCCTG CCCTTTGCAA GCAGGTTTGG GTCTCACGCA GAGGAAACCA 201 AAAGCAATAA GAGGGAGGGA AGGCAGAGCA ACCAATCAAG GGCAGGGTGA 251 GACTCAAAAC GAGCGGGCTC CCTGGGGAGC CAGACAGAGG CTGGGGGTGA 301 TGGCGGAGCT ACAGCAGCTG CAGGAGTTTG AGATCCCCAC TGGCCGGGAG 351 GCTCTGAGGG GCAACCACAG TGCCCTGCTG CGGGTCGCTG ACTACTGCGA 401 GGACAACTAT GTGCAGGCCA CAGACAAGCA GAAGGCGCTG GAGGAGACCA 451 TGGCCTTCAC TACCCAGGCA CTGGCCAGCG TGGCCTACCA GGTGGGCAAC 501 CTGGCCGGGC ACACTCTGCG CATGTTGGAC CTGCAGGGGG CCGCCCTGCG 551 GCAGGTGGAA GCCCGTGTAA GCACGCTGGG CCAGATGGTG AACATGCATA 601 TGGAGAAGGT GGCCCGAAGG GAGATCGGCA CCTTAGCCAC TGTCCAGCGG 651 CTGCCCCCG GCCAGAAGGT CATCGCCCCA GAGAACCTAC CCCCTCTCAC 701 GCCCTACTGC AGGAGACCCC TCAACTTTGG CTGCCTGGAC GACATTGGCC 751 ATGGGATCAA GGACCTCAGC ACGCAGCTGT CAAGAACAGG CACCCTGTCT 801 CGAAAGAGCA TCAAGGCCCC TGCCACACCC GCCTCCGCCA CCTTGGGGAG 851 ACCGCCCGG ATTCCCGAGC CAGTGCACCT GCCGGTGGTG CCCGACGGCA 901 GACTCTCCGC CGCCTCCTCT GCGTCTTCCC TGGCCTCGGC CGGCAGCGCC 951 GAAGGTGTCG GTGGGGCCCC CACGCCCAAG GGGCAGGCAG CACCTCCAGC 1001 CCCACCTCTC CCCAGCTCCT TGGACCCACC TCCTCCACCA GCAGCCGTCG 1051 AGGTGTTCCA GCGGCCTCCC ACGCTGGAGG AGTTGTCCCC ACCCCCACCG 1101 GACGAAGAGC TGCCCCTGCC ACTGGACCTG CCTCCTCCTC CACCCCTGGA 1151 TGGAGATGAA TTGGGGCTGC CTCCACCCCC ACCAGGATTT GGGCCTGATG 1201 AGCCCAGCTG GGTGCCTGCC TCATACTTGG AGAAAGTGGT GACACTGTAC 1251 CCATACACCA GCCAGAAGGA CAATGAGCTC TCCTTCTCTG AGGGCACTGT 1301 CATCTGTGTC ACTCGCCGCT ACTCCGATGG CTGGTGCGAG GGCGTCAGCT 1351 CGGAGGGGAC TGGATTCTTC CCTGGGAACT ATGTGGAGCC CAGCTGCTGA 1401 CAGCCCAGGG CTCTCTGGGC AGCTGATGTC TGCACTGAGT GGGTTTCATG 1451 AGCCCCAAGC CAAAACCAGC TCCAGTCACA GCTGGACTGG GTCTGCCCAC 1501 CTCTTGGGCT GTGAGCTGTG TTCTGTCCTT CCTCCCATCG GAGGGAGAAG 1551 GGGTCCTGGG GAGAGAGAT TTATCCAGAG GCCTGCTGCA GATGGGGAAG 1601 AGCTGGAAAC CAAGAAGTTT GTCAACAGAG GACCCCTACT CCATGCAGGA 1651 CAGGGTCTCC TGCTGCAAGT CCCAACTTTG AATAAAACAG ATGATGTCCA 1701 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

Entry AC004797 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone hRPC.62 0_9 , complete sequence. Score = 2316, P = 5.9e-255, identities = 464/465 7 exons Bp 93317-110902

Medline entries

97163405:

Isolation and Characterization of e3B1, an eps8 binding protein that regulates cell growth.

98256293

Identification of a candidate human spectrin Src homology 3 domain-binding protein suggests a general mechanism of association of tyrosine kinases with the spectrin-based membrane skeleton.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 300 bp to 1397 bp; peptide length: 366 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MAELQQLQEF EIPTGREALR GNHSALLRVA DYCEDNYVQA TDKQKALEET 51 MAFTTQALAS VAYQVGNLAG HTLRMLDLQG AALRQVEARV STLGQMVNMH 101 MEKVARREIG TLATVQRLPP GQKVIAPENL PPLTPYCRRP LNFGCLDDIG 151 HGIKDLSTQL SRTGTLSRKS IKAPATPASA TLGRPPRIPE PVHLPVVPDG 201 RLSAASSASS LASAGSAEGV GGAPTFKGQA APPAPPLPSS LDPPPPPAAV 251 EVFQRPPTLE ELSPPPPDEE LPLPLDLPPP PPLDGDELGL PPPPPGFGPD 301 EPSWVPASYL EKVVTLYPYT SQKDNELSFS EGTVICVTRR YSDGWCEGVS 351 SEGTGFFFCN YVEPSC
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_24n20, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_24n20, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_24n20.3

```
[LENGTH]
                 366
                 38947.21
[WW]
[Iq]
                 4.93
[HOMOL] TREMBL:U87166 1 gene: "SSH3BP1"; product: "spectrin SH3 domain binding protein 1"; Homo sapiens spectrin SH3 domain binding protein 1 (SSH3BP1) mRNA, complete cds. 3e-48
                 10.99 other signal-transduction activities [S. cerevisiae, YGR136w] 9e-06
[FUNCAT]
                 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YGR136w] 9e-06
99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YPR154w] 3e-05
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                 30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YDR388w] 2e-04 03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YDR388w]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
2e-04
[FUNCAT]
                 06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YDR162c] 4e-04
                 BL50002B Src homology 3 (SH3) domain proteins profile
[BLOCKS]
[SUPFAM]
                 SH3 homology 6e-17
                 MYRISTYL 6
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                                           1
                 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSTTE]
                                           6
[PROSITE]
                                           8
[PROSITE]
                 ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PFAM]
                 Src homology domain 3
                 Irregular
[KW]
[KW]
                 LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                     24.04 %
[KW]
        MAELQQLQEFEI PTGREALRGNHSALLRVADYCEDNYVQATDKQKALEETMAFTTQALAS
        laboA
        {\tt VAYQVGNLAGHTLRMLDLQGAALRQVEARVSTLGQMVNMHMEKVARREIGTLATVQRLPP}
SEG
1aboA
        ..........
```

SEQ SEG 1aboA	GQKVIAPENLPPLTPYCRRPLNFGCLDDIGHGIKDLSTQLSRTGTLSRKSIKAPATPASA
SEQ SEG laboA	TLGRPPRIPEPVHLPVVPDGRLSAASSASSLASAGSAEGVGGAPTPKGQAAPPAPPLPSS
SEQ SEG 1aboA	LDPPPPPAAVEVFQRPPTLEELSPPPPDEELPLPLDLPPPPPLDGDELGLPPPPPGFGPD xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG 1aboA	EPSWVPASYLEKVVTLYPYTSQKDNELSFSEGTVICVTRRYSDGWCEGVSSEGTGFFPGN xxEECCCBCCCTTTBCCBTTTEEEEEEEEETTTEEEEEETTEEEEEEGG
SEQ SEG laboA	YVEPSC GEEE

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_24n20.3

PS00001	22->26	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	339->343	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	14->17	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	41->44	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	72->75	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	167->170	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	170->173	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	225->228	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	321->324	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	338->341	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	14->18	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	239->243	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	258->262	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	308->312	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	321->325	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	328->332	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	21->27	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	66->72	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	94->100	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	110->116	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	215->221	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	332->338	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

Pfam for DKFZphfkd2_24n20.3

HMM_NAME	Src homology domain 3
нмм	*pyVIALYDYqAqdpDELSFkEGDIIiIIEdsDD.WWrgRnnnTNGQEGW ++V+ LY+Y++Q ++ELSF EG +I + + D W++G + +G+
Query	311 EKVVTLYPYTSQKDNELSFSEGTVICVTRRYSDGWCEGVSSEGTGF 356
нмм	IPSNYVEPi*
Query	+P NYVEP 357 FPGNYVEPS 365

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

```
DKFZphfkd2 24p5
```

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfkd2_24p5 encodes a novel 811 amino acid protein which is a novel splice variant of human ankyrin G.

The ankyrin 3 gene encodes a novel ankyrin, which is expressed in multiple tissues, with very high expression at the axonal initial segment and nodes of Ranvier of neurons in the central and peripheral nervous systems. Ankyrin G shows several tissue-specific alternative mRNA processing. The different ankyrin G proteins participate in maintenance/targeting of ion channels and cell adhesion molecules to nodes of Ranvier and axonal initial segments.

The new protein can find application in modulating the structure and membrane topology of Ranvier nodes and other neuronal cell membranes.

Human ankyrin G (ANK-3) new splice variant

splice variant potential frame shift at 2720 was checked see BLASTX

Sequenced by EMBL

Locus: /map="10q21"

Insert length: 3470 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 3459, no polyadenylation signal found

1 AGCTTTAAAA GGATGTCTGC GAAGTGGTCA AAAGGATCTT AACCTCAATT 51 AAGTGGGGTT TTTTAAAAAG ATTTTTTGGG GGGCCTGAAA TTTTGAAAAT 101 CTTCGAACTC TGAGTGGGGA AAGATGTATA ATTCCTCAAT TGCCTACGAG 151 GATATCAAGA TGCTGAGAGG AATTCAGCGG TGGTGAAGAG AGTGGATACA 201 AACCAGGGAT TGGTTTCCTT GAGCTGTTTT GGAGGTTGAT TCTAAATCAC 251 TGCTTAAGGA ATTCCTGGAA ACATCAGGAA AACATTTGAT CATCCAAGCC 301 TAGTGGAAAT GGCTTTACCG CAGAGTGAAG ATGCAATGAC CGGGGACACA 351 GACAAATATC TTGGGCCACA GGACCTTAAG GAATTGGGTG ATGATTCCCT 401 GCCTGCAGAG GGTTACATGG GCTTTAGTCT CGGAGCGCGT TCTGCCAGCC 451 TCCGCTCCTT CAGTTCGGAT GGGTCTTACA CCTTGAACAG AAGCTCCTAT 501 GCACGGGACA GCATGATGAT TGAAGAACTC CTCGTGCCAT CCAAAGAGCA 551 GCATCTAACA TTCACAAGGG AATTTGATTC AGATTCTCTT AGACATTACA 601 GCTGGGCTGC AGACACCTTA GACAATGTCA ATCTTGTTCC AAGCCCCATT 651 CATTCTGGGT TTCTGGTTAG CTTTATGGTG GACGCGAGAG GGGGCTCCAT 701 GAGAGGAAGC CGTCATCACG GGATGAGAAT CATCATTCCT CCACGCAAGT 751 GTACGGCCCC CACTCGAATC ACCTGCCGTT TGGTAAAGAG ACATAAACTG 801 GCCAACCCAC CCCCCATGGT GGAAGGAGAG GGATTAGCCA GTAGGCTGGT 851 AGAAATGGGT CCTGCAGGGG CACAATTTTT AGGCCCTGTC ATAGTGGAAA 901 TCCCTCACTT TGGGTCCATG AGAGGAAAAG AGAGAGAACT CATTGTTCTT 951 CGAAGTGAAA ATGGTGAAAC TTGGAAGGAG CATCAGTTTG ACAGCAAAAA
1001 TGAAGATTTA ACCGAGTTAC TTAATGGCAT GGATGAAGAA CTTGATAGCC 1051 CAGAACAGTT AGGGAAAAAG CGTATCTGCA GGATTATCAC GAAAGATTTC
1101 CCCCAGTATT TTGCAGTGGT TTCCCGGATT AAGCAGGAAA GCAACCAGAT 1151 TGGTCCTGAA GGTGGAATTC TGAGCAGCAC CACAGTGCCC CTTGTTCAAG 1201 CATCTTTCCC AGAGGGTGCC CTAACTAAAA GAATTCGAGT GGGCCTCCAG 1251 GCCCAGCCTG TTCCAGATGA AATTGTGAAA AAGATCCTTG GAAACAAAGC 1301 AACTTTTAGC CCAATTGTCA CTGTGGAACC AAGAAGACGG AAATTCCATA 1351 AACCAATCAC AATGACCATT CCGGTGCCCC CGCCCTCAGG AGAAGGTGTA 1401 TCCAATGGAT ACAAAGGGGA CACTACACCC AATCTGCGTC TTCTCTGTAG 1451 CATTACAGGG GGCACTTCGC CTGCTCAGTG GGAAGACATC ACAGGAACAA 1501 CTCCTTTGAC GTTTATAAAA GATTGTGTCT CCTTTACAAC CAATGTTTCA 1551 GCCAGATTTT GGCTTGCAGA CTGCCATCAA GTTTTAGAAA CTGTGGGGTT 1601 AGCCACGCAA CTGTACAGAG AATTGATATG TGTTCCATAT ATGGCCAAGT 1651 TTGTTGTTTT TGCCAAAATG AATGATCCCG TAGAATCTTC CTTGCGATGT 1701 TTCTGCATGA CAGATGACAA AGTGGACAAA ACTTTAGAGC AACAAGAGAA 1751 TTTTGAGGAA GTCGCAAGAA GCAAAGATAT TGAGGTTCTG GAAGGAAAAC 1801 CTATTTATGT TGATTGTTAT GGAAATTTGG CCCCACTTAC CAAAGGAGGA 1851 CAGCAACTTG TTTTTAACTT TTATTCTTTC AAAGAAAATA GACTGCCATT 1901 TTCCATCAAG ATTAGAGACA CCAGCCAAGA GCCCTGTGGT CGTCTCTCTT
1951 TTCTGAAAGA ACCAAAGACA ACAAAAGGAC TGCCTCAAAC AGCGGTTTGC 2001 AACTTAAATA TCACTCTGCC AGCACATAAA AAGATTGAGA AAACAGATGG 2051 ACGACAGAGC TTCGCATCCT TAGCTTTACG TAAGCGCTAC AGCTACTTGA 2101 CTGAGCCTGG AATGAGTCCA CAGAGTCCAT GTGAACGGAC AGATATCAGG 2151 ATGGCAATAG TAGCCGATCA CCTGGGACTT AGTTGGACAG AACTGGCAAG 2201 GGAACTGAAT TTTTCAGTGG ATGAAATCAA TCAAATACGT GTGGAAAATC 2251 CAAATTCTTT AATTTCTCAG AGCTTCATGT TTTTAAAAAA ATGGGTTACC 2301 AGAGACGGAA AAAATGCCAC AACTGATGCC TTAACTTCGG TCTTGACAAA 2351 AATTAATCGA ATAGATATAG TGACACTGCT AGAAGGACCA ATATTTGATT

```
2401 ATGGAAATAT TTCAGGCACC AGAAGTTTTG CAGATGAGAA CAATGTTTTC
2451 CATGACCCTG TTGATGGTTA TCCTTCCCTT CAAGTGGAAC TGGAAACCCC 2501 CACAGGGTTG CACTACACA CACCTACCCC TTTCCAGCAA GATGATTATT
2551 TRAGGATAT CTCTAGCATA GAATCTCCCC TTAGAACCCC TAGAACCCC TAGAACCCC TAGAACCAC TAGTAGATGA CACTAGCATA GAATCTCCCC ATAGAACCAT CCGCAGATGG CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACCAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACACAT CACTAGACAT C
2651 ACCTCCAGTC GTAACTGCAG AAGACGCTTC CTTAGAAGAC AGCAAACTGG
2701 AAGACTCAGT GCCTTTAACA GAAATGCCTG AAGCAGTGAT GTAGATGAGA
2751 GCCAGTTGGA GAATGTATGT CTGAGTTGGC AGAATGAGAC ATCAAGTGGA
2801 AACCTAGAGT CCTGCGCTCA AGCTCGAAGA GTAACTGGTG GGTTACTAGA
2851 TCGACTGGAT GACAGCCCTG ACCAGTGTAG AGATTCCATT ACCTCATATC
2901 TCAAAGGAGA AGCTGGCAAA TTTGAAGCAA ATGGAAGCCA TACAGAAATC
2951 ACTCCAGAAG CAAAGACAAA ATCTTACTTT CCAGAATCCC AAAATGATGT
3001 AGGAAAACAG AGTACCAAGG AAACTCTGAA ACCAAAAATA CATGGATCTG
3051 GTCATGTTGA AGAACCAGCA TCACCACTAG CAGCATATCA GAAATCTCTA
3101 GAAGAAACCA GCAAGCTTAT AATAGAAGAG ACTAAACCCT GTGTGCCTGT
3151 CAGTATGAAA AAGATGAGTA GGACTTCTCC AGCAGATGGC AAGCCAAGGC
3201 TTAGCCTCCA TGAAGAAGAG GGGTCCAGTG GGTCTGAGCA AAAGCAGGGA
3251 GAAGGTTTTA AGGTGAAAAC GAAGAAAGAA ATCCGGCATG TGGAAAAGAA
3301 GAGCCACTCG TAACAGCGAA CGGTCAGTCA AGGATCATAA GTTTTTACTG
3351 CCAGTATTGA GAAATTCGTG GAAGAAATGT CAGCAGGAAG TAAAAATTCA
3401 CCGAGAAGTG TGTGTGTGTT CGCTGCTTCC ACACATTAAT GGCATGATTT
3451 TTTTTATGCA AAAAAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

Entry MMANK3A_1 from database TREMBL:
Ank3"; product: "ankyrin 3"; Mus mu... +3 4022 0.0 2

Entry HS13616 from database EMBL:
Human ankyrin G (ANK-3) mRNA, complete cds.
Length = 14,770
Plus Strand HSPs:
Score = 8505 (1276.1 bits), Expect = 0.0, Sum P(3) = 0.0
Identities = 1799/1873 (96%)

Medline entries

95394457:

Chromosomal localization of the ankyrinG gene (ANK3/Ank3) to human 10q21 and mouse 10.

95138209:

A new ankyrin gene with neural-specific isoforms localized at the axonal initial segment and node of Ranvier

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 309 bp to 2741 bp; peptide length: 811 Category: known protein Classification: unset

1 MALPQSEDAM TGDTDKYLGP QDLKELGDDS LPAEGYMGFS LGARSASLRS
51 FSSDGSYTLN RSSYARDSMM IEELLVPSKE QHLTFTREFD SDSLRHYSWA
101 ADTLDNVNLV PSPIHSGFLV SFMVDARGGS MRGSRHHGMR IIIPPRKCTA
151 PTRITCRLVK RHKLANPPPM VEGEGLASRL VEMCPAGAGF LGPVIVEIPH
152 TGSMRGKERE LIVLRSENGE TWKEHQFDSK NEDLTELLNG MDEELDSPEE
152 LGKKRICRII TKDFFQYFAV VSRIKQESNQ IGFEGGILSS TTVPLVQASF
163 PEGALTKRIR VGLQAQPVPD EIVKKILGNK ATFSPIVTVE PRRKFHKPI
164 TTIPVPPPS GEGVSNGYKG DTTPNLRLLC SITGGTSPAQ WEDITGTTPL
165 TAKMNDPVES SLRCFCMTDD KVDKTLEQQE NFEEVARSKD IEVLEGKPIY
165 FAKMNDPVES SLRCFCMTDD KVDKTLEQQE NFEEVARSKD IEVLEGKPIY
166 UDCYGNLAPL TKGGQQLVFN FYSFKENRLP FSIKIRDTSQ EPCGRLSFLK
167 GMSPQSPCER TDIRMAIVAD HLGLSWTELA RELNFSVDEI NQIRVENPNS
168 LISQSFMFLK KWVTRDGKNA TTDALTSVLT KINRIDIVTL LEGFIFDYGN
169 ISSIESPLRT PSRLSDGLVP SQGNIEHSAD GPPVVTAEDA SLEDSKLEDS
101 VPLTEMPEAV M

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_24p5, frame 3

TREMBL:MMANK3A_1 gene: "Ank3"; product: "ankyrin 3"; Mus musculus epithelial ankyrin 3 (Ank3) 5kb isoform mRNA, complete cds., N=1, Score = 4022, P=0

TREMBL:MMANK3B_3 gene: "Ank3"; product: "ankyrin 3"; Mus musculus epithelial ankyrin 3 (7kb isoform) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 4005. P = 0

TREMBL: MMANK3B_4 gene: "Ank3"; product: "ankyrin 3"; Mus musculus epithelial ankyrin 3 (7kb isoform) mRNA, complete cds., N=1, Score = 4005. P=0

1 MALPOSEDAMTGDTDKYLGPODLKELGDDSLPAEGYMGFSLGARSASLRSFSSDGSYTLN 60

HSPs:

Ouerv:

Score = 4022 (603.5 bits), Expect = 0.0e+00, P = 0.0e+00 Identities = 769/805 (95%), Positives = 783/805 (97%)

MALP SEDA+TGDTDKYLGPQDLKELGDDSLPAEGY+GFSLGARSASLRSFSSD SYTLN 1 MALPHSEDAITGDTDKYLGPQDLKELGDDSLPAEGYVGFSLGARSASLRSFSSDRSYTLN 60 Sbict: 61 RSSYARDSMMIEELLVPSKEQHLTFTREFDSDSLRHYSWAADTLDNVNLVPSPIHSGFLV 120 Ouerv: RSSYARDSMMIEELLVPSKEQHLTFTREFDSDSLRHYSWAADTLDNVNLV SP+HSGFLV 61 RSSYARDSMMIEELLVPSKEQHLTFTREFDSDSLRHYSWAADTLDNVNLVSSPVHSGFLV 120 Sbjct: 121 SFMVDARGGSMRGSRHHGMRIIIPPRKCTAPTRITCRLVKRHKLANPPPMVEGEGLASRL 180 Query: SFMVDARGGSMRGSRHHGMRIIIPPRKCTAPTRITCRLVKRHKLANPPPMVEGEGLASRL Sbjct: 121 SFMVDARGGSMRGSRHHGMRIIIPPRKCTAPTRITCRLVKRHKLANPPPMVEGEGLASRL 180 Query: 181 VEMGPAGAQFLGPVIVEIPHFGSMRGKERELIVLRSENGETWKEHQFDSKNEDLTELLNG 240 VEMGPAGAQFLGPVIVEIPHFGSMRGKERELIVLRSENGETWKEHQFDSKNEDL ELLNG Sbjct: 181 VEMGPAGAQFLGPVIVEIPHFGSMRGKERELIVLRSENGETWKEHQFDSKNEDLAELLNG 240 241 MDEELDSPEELGKKRICRIITKDFPQYFAVVSRIKQESNQIGPEGGILSSTTVPLVQASF 300 Query: MDEELDSPEELG KRICRIITKDFPQYFAVVSRIKQESNQIGPEGGILSSTTVPLVQASF 241 MDEELDSPEELGTKRICRIITKDFPQYFAVVSRIKQESNQIGPEGGILSSTTVPLVQASF 300 Sbict: 301 PEGALTKRIRVGLQAQPVPDEIVKKILGNKATFSPIVTVEPRRRKFHKPITMTIPVPPPS 360 Query: PEGALTKRIRVGLQAQPVP+E VKKILGNKATFSPIVTVEPRRRKFHKPITMTIPVPPPS 301 PEGALTKRIRVGLQAQPVPEETVKKILGNKATFSPIVTVEPRRRKFHKPITMTIPVPPPS 360 Sbjct: 361 GEGVSNGYKGDTTPNLRLLCSITGGTSPAQWEDITGTTPLTFIKDCVSFTTNVSARFWLA 420 Query: GEGVSNGYKGD TPNLRLLCSITGGTSPAQWEDITGTTPLTFIKDCVSFTTNVSARFWLA Sbjct: 361 GEGVSNGYKGDATPNLRLLCSITGGTSPAQWEDITGTTPLTFIKDCVSFTTNVSARFWLA 420 421 DCHQVLETVGLATQLYRELICVPYMAKFVVFAKMNDPVESSLRCFCMTDDKVDKTLEQQE 480 Ouerv: DCHQVLETVGLA+QLYRELICVPYMAKFVVFAK NDPVESSLRCFCMTDD+VDKTLEQQE 421 DCHQVLETVGLASQLYRELICVPYMAKFVVFAKTNDPVESSLRCFCMTDDRVDKTLEQQE 480 Sbict: 481 NFEEVARSKDIEVLEGKPIYVDCYGNLAPLTKGGQQLVFNFYSFKENRLPFSIKIRDTSQ 540 Query: NFEEVARSKDIEVLEGKPIYVDCYGNLAPLTKGGQQLVFNFYSFKENRLPFSIKIRDTSQ 481 NFEEVARSKDIEVLEGKPIYVDCYGNLAPLTKGGQQLVFNFYSFKENRLPFSIKIRDTSQ 540 Sbjct: Query: 541 EPCGRLSFLKEPKTTKGLPQTAVCNLNITLPAHKKIEKTDGRQSFASLALRKRYSYLTEP 600 EPCGRLSFLKEPKTTKGLPQTAVCNLNITLPAHKK EK D RQSFASLALRKRYSYLTEP Sbjct: 541 EPCGRLSFLKEPKTTKGLPQTAVCNLNITLPAHKKAEKADRRQSFASLALRKRYSYLTEP 600 Query: 601 GMSPQSPCERTDIRMAIVADHLGLSWTELARELNFSVDEINQIRVENPNSLISQSFMFLK 660 MSPQSPCERTDIRMAIVADHLGLSWTELARELNFSVDEINQIRVENPNSLISQSFM LK Sbict: 601 SMSPQSPCERTDIRMAIVADHLGLSWTELARELNFSVDEINQIRVENPNSLISQSFMLLK 660 661 KWVTRDGKNATTDALTSVLTKINRIDIVTLLEGPIFDYGNISGTRSFADENNVFHDPVDG 720 Query: KWVTRDGKNATTDALTSVLTKINRIDIVTLLEGPIFDYGNISGTRSFADENNVFHDPVDG 661 KWVTRDGKNATTDALTSVLTKINRIDIVTLLEGPIFDYGNISGTRSFADENNVFHDPVDG 720 Sbict: 721 YPSLQVELETPTGLHYTPPTPFQQDDYFSDISSIESPLRTPSRLSDGLVPSQGNIEHSAD 780 Query: +PS QVELETP GL++TPP PFQQDD+FSDISSIESP RTPSRLSDGLVPSQGNIEH 721 HPSFQVELETPMGLYWTPPNPFQQDDHFSDISSIESPFRTPSRLSDGLVPSQGNIEHPTG 780 Sbict: 781 GPPVVTAEDASLEDSKLEDSVPLTE 805 Query:

GPPVVTAED SLEDSK++DSV +T+

Sbict: 781 GPPVVTAEDTSLEDSKMDDSVTVTD 805

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_24p5, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_24p5.3

```
[LENGTH]
         811
(WM)
         90104.66
[Iq]
         5.40
[HOMOL] TREMBL:MMANK3A_1 gene: "Ank3"; product: "ankyrin 3"; Mus musculus epithelial ankyrin 3 (Ank3) 5kb isoform mRNA, complete cds. 0.0
[BLOCKS] BL50017B Death domain proteins profile
        phosphoprotein 0.0
alternative splicing 0.0
peripheral membrane protein 0.0
cytoskeleton 0.0
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
         ankyrin 0.0
[SUPFAM]
         ankyrin repeat homology 0.0
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
         unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins 0.0
         TRANSMEMBRANE 2
[KW]
         LOW_COMPLEXITY
                    1.73 %
[KW]
SEQ
    \mathtt{MALPQSEDAMTGDTDKYLGPQDLKELGDDSLPAEGYMGFSLGARSASLRSFSSDGSYTLN
SEG
PRD
    MEM
SEO
    RSSYARDSMMIEELLVPSKEQHLTFTREFDSDSLRHYSWAADTLDNVNLVPSPIHSGFLV
SEG
PRD
    MEM
SEQ
    SFMVDARGGSMRGSRHHGMRIIIPPRKCTAPTRITCRLVKRHKLANPPPMVEGEGLASRL
SEG
    .....xxxxxxxxxxxx........
    PRD
MEM
    SEQ
    VEMGPAGAQFLGPVIVEIPHFGSMRGKERELIVLRSENGETWKEHQFDSKNEDLTELLNG
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    MDEELDSPEELGKKRICRIITKDFPQYFAVVSRIKQESNQIGPEGGILSSTTVPLVQASF
SEG
PRD
    SEQ
    PEGALTKRIRVGLQAQPVPDEIVKKILGNKATFSPIVTVEPRRRKFHKPITMTIPVPPPS
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    ......
    {\tt GEGVSNGYKGDTTPNLRLLCSITGGTSPAQWEDITGTTPLTFIKDCVSFTTNVSARFWLA}
SEQ
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    DCHQVLETVGLATQLYRELICVPYMAKFVVFAKMNDPVES$LRCFCMTDDKVDKTLEQQE
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    NFEEVARSKDIEVLEGKPIYVDCYGNLAPLTKGGQQLVFNFYSFKENRLPFSIKIRDTSQ
SEG
PRD
    MEM
    SEQ
    EPCGRLSFLKEPKTTKGLPQTAVCNLNITLPAHKKIEKTDGRQSFASLALRKRYSYLTEP
SEG
PRD
    MEM
SEO
    GMSPOSPCERTDIRMAIVADHLGLSWTELARELNFSVDEINQIRVENPNSLISQSFMFLK
SEG
    PRD
MEM
```

395

SEQ SEG PRD MEM	KWVTRDGKNATTDALTSVLTKINRIDIVTLLEGPIFDYGNISGTRSFADENNVFHDPVDG hhhhccccccchhhhhhhhhcceeeeeeecccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	YPSLQVELETPTGLHYTPPTPFQQDDYFSDISSIESPLRTPSRLSDGLVPSQGNIEHSAD
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	GPPVVTAEDASLEDSKLEDSVPLTEMPEAVM CCCeeeecccccccccccccccccccc
	osite data available for DKFZphfkd2_24p5.3) am data available for DKFZphfkd2_24p5.3)

DKF2phfkd2_3i13

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfkd2 3i13 encodes a novel 406 amino acid protein with C. elegans cosmid Y37D8A and A. thaliana $H\overline{7}1412$ hypothetical protein.

The novel protein contains 3 transmembrane regions. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes and as a new marker for kidney cells.

similarity to A.thaliana and C.elegans; membrane regions: 3

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by BMF2

Locus: /map="17"

Insert length: 2052 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2032, no polyadenylation signal found

1 AGTGACGTGA GCGGGTTCCG GTTGTCTGGA GCCCAGCGGC GGGTGTGAGA 51 GTCCGTAAGG AGCAGCTTCC AGGATCCTGA GATCCGGAGC AGCCGGGGTC 101 GGAGCGGCTC CTCAAGAGTT ACTGATCTAT GAAATGGCAG AGAATGGAAA 151 AAATTGTGAC CAGAGACGTG TAGCAATGAA CAAGGAACAT CATAATGGAA 201 ATTTCACAGA CCCCTCTTCA GTGAATGAAA AGAAGAGGAG GGAGCGGGAA 251 GAAAGGCAGA ATATTGTCCT GTGGAGACAG CCGCTCATTA CCTTGCAGTA 301 TTTTTCTCTG GAAATCCTTG TAATCTTGAA GGAATGGACC TCAAAATTAT 351 GGCATCGTCA AAGCATTGTG GTGTCTTTTT TACTGCTGCT TGCTGTGCTT 401 ATAGCTACGT ATTATGTTGA AGGAGTGCAT CAACAGTATG TGCAACGTAT 451 AGAGAAACAG TTTCTTTTGT ATGCCTACTG GATAGGCTTA GGAATTTTGT 501 CTTCTGTTGG GCTTGGAACA GGGCTGCACA CCTTTCTGGT TTATCTGGGT 551 CCACATATAG CCTCAGTTAC ATTAGCTGCT TATGAATGCA ATTCAGTTAA 601 TTTTCCCGAA CCACCCTATC CTGATCAGAT TATTTGTCCA GATGAAGAGG 651 GCACTGAAGG AACCATTTT TTGTGGAGTA TCATCTCAAA AGTTAGGATT 701 GAAGCCTGCA TGTGGGGTAT CGGTACAGCA ATCGGAGAGC TGCCTCCATA
751 TTTCATGGCC AGAGCAGCTC GCCTCTCAGG TGCTGAACCA GATGATGAAG 801 AGTATCAGGA ATTTGAAGAG ATGCTGGAAC ATGCAGAGTC TGCACAAGAC 851 TTTGCCTCCC GGGCCAAACT GGCAGTTCAA AAACTAGTAC AGAAAGTTGG 901 ATTTTTTGGA ATTTTGGCCT GTGCTTCAAT TCCAAATCCT TTATTTGATC 951 TGGCTGGAAT AACGTGTGGA CACTTTCTGG TACCTTTTTG GACCTTCTTT 1001 GGTGCAACCC TAATTGGAAA AGCAATAATA AAAATGCATA TCCAGAAAAT 1051 TTTTGTTATA ATAACATTCA GCAAGCACAT AGTGGAGCAA ATGGTGGCTT 1101 TCATTGGTGC TGTCCCCGGC ATAGGTCCAT CTCTGCAGAA GCCATTTCAG 1151 GAGTACCTGG AGGCTCAACG GCAGAAGCTT CACCACAAAA GCGAAATGGG 1201 CACACCACAG GGAGAAAACT GGTTGTCCTG GATGTTTGAA AAGTTGGTCG 1251 TTGTCATGGT GTGTTACTTC ATCCTATCTA TCATTAACTC CATGGCACAA
1301 AGTTATGCCA AACGAATCCA GCAGCGGTTG AACTCAGAGG AGAAAACTAA
1351 ATAAGTAGAG AAAGTTTTAA ACTGCAGAAA TTGGAGTGGA TGGGTTCTGC 1401 CTTAAATTGG GAGGACTCCA AGCCGGGAAG GAAAATTCCC TTTTCCAACC 1451 TGTATCAATT TTTACAACTT TTTTCCTGAA AGCAGTTTAG TCCATACTTT 1501 GCACTGACAT ACTTTTCCT TCTGTGCTAA GGTAAGGTAT CCACCCTCGA 1551 TGCAATCCAC CTTGTGTTTT CTTAGGGTGG AATGTGATGT TCAGCAGCAA 1601 ACTTGCAACA GACTGGCCTT CTGTTTGTTA CTTTCAAAAG GCCCACATGA 1651 TACAATTAGA GAATTCCCAC CGCACAAAAA AAGTTCCTAA GTATGTTAAA 1701 TATGTCAAGC TTTTTAGGCT TGTCACAAAT GATTGCTTTG TTTTCCTAAG 1751 TCATCAAAAT GTATATAAAT TATCTAGATT GGATAACAGT CTTGCATGTT 1801 TATCATGTTA CAATTTAATA TTCCATCCTG CCCAACCCTT CCTCTCCCAT 1851 CCTCAAAAAA GGGCCATTTT ATGATGCATT GCACACCCTC TGGGGAAATT 1901 GATCTTTAAA TTTTGAGACA GTATAAGGAA AATCTGGTTG GTGTCTTACA 1951 AGTGAGCTGA CACCATTTT TATTCTGTGT ATTTAGGATG AAGTCTTGAA 2051 AA

BLAST Results

Entry AC004686 from database EMBL: *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone hRPC.1073 F 15; HTGS phase 1, 8 unordered pieces. Score = $4\overline{1}4\overline{2}$, P = 6.1e-199, identities = 830/832

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 134 bp to 1351 bp; peptide length: 406 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MAENGKNCDQ RRVAMNKEHH NGNFTDPSSV NEKKRREREE RQNIVLWRQP
51 LITLQYFSLE ILVILKEWTS KLWHRQSIVV SFLLLLAVLI ATYYVEGVHQ
101 QYVQRIEKQF LLYAYWIGLG ILSSVGLGTG LHTFLLYLGP HIASVTLAAY
151 ECNSVNFPEP PYPDQIICPD EEGTEGTIFL WSIISKVRIE ACMWGIGTAI
201 GELPPYFMAR AARLSGAEPD DEEYQEFEEM LEHAESAQDF ASRAKLAVQK
251 LVQKVGFFGI LACASIPNPL FDLAGITCGH FLVPFWTFFG ATLIGKAIIK
301 MHTQKIFVII TFSKHIVEQM VAFIGAVPGI GPSLQKPFQE YLEAQRQKLH
351 HKSEMGTPQG ENWLSWMFEK LVVVMVCYFI LSIINSMAQS YAKRIQQRLN
401 SEEKTK
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2 3i13, frame 2

TREMBL:CEY37D8A 20 gene: "Y37D8A.22"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y37D8A, N = 1, Score = 905, P = 8.8e-91

TREMBL:ATAC98_2 gene: "YUP8H12.2"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome 1 YAC yUP8H12 complete sequence., N=1, Score = 470, P=1.1e-44

PIR:H71412 hypothetical protein - Arabidopsis thaliana, N = 1, Score = 293, P = 6e-24

HSPs:

Query:

Score = 905 (135.8 bits), Expect = 8.8e-91, P = 8.8e-91 Identities = 167/317 (52%), Positives = 228/317 (71%)

38 REERQNIVLWRQPLITLQYFSLEILVILKEWTSKLWHRQSIVVSFLLLLAVLIATYYVEG 97

Query: 218 EPDDEEYQEFEEMLE-HAESAQD----FASRAKLAVQKLVQKVGFFGILACASIPNPLFD 272

EPDDEEY+EF E++ ES D RAK V+ + ++GF GIL ASIPNPLFD
Sbjct: 272 EPDDEEYREFLELMNADKESDADQKLSIVERAKSWVEHNIHRLGFPGILLFASIPNPLFD 331

Query: 273 LAGITCGHFLVPFWTFFGATLIGKAIIKMHIQKIFVIITFSKHIVEQMVAFIGAVPGIGP 332

LAGITCGHFLVPFW+FFGATLIGKA++KMH+Q FVI+ FS H E V + +P +GP Sbjct: 332 LAGITCGHFLVPFWSFFGATLIGKALVKMHVQMGFVILAFSDHHAENFVKILEKIPAVGP 391

Query: 333 SLQKPFQEYLEAQRQKLH 350 +++P + LE QR+ LH Sbjct: 392 YIRQPISDLLEKQRKALH 409

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_3i13, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfkd2_3i13.2

```
[LENGTH]
           406
[WW]
           46298.17
[pI]
           6.47
[HOMOL]
           TREMBL:CEY37D8A_20 gene: "Y37D8A.22"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y37D8A 1e-
[PROSITE]
           MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
           CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE
                            3
[PROSITE]
           PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                            1
[PROSITE]
           ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                            1
(KW)
           TRANSMEMBRANE 3
                         9.85 %
(KW)
           LOW COMPLEXITY
SEO
     MAENGKNCDORRVAMNKEHHNGNFTDPSSVNEKKRREREERONIVLWROPLITLOYFSLE
SEG
              ....xxxxxxxxx....
     PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     ILVILKEWTSKLWHRQSIVVSFLLLLAVLIATYYVEGVHQQYVQRIEKQFLLYAYWIGLG
SEG
     հիհրհրերիր հերևան այլ անական անական հերևան հերև
PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     ILSSVGLGTGLHTFLLYLGPHIASVTLAAYECNSVNFPEPPYPDQIICPDEEGTEGTIFL
SEG
PRD
     MEM
SEO
     WSIISKVRIEACMWGIGTAIGELPPYFMARAARLSGAEPDDEEYQEFEEMLEHAESAQDF
SEG
                 PRD
MEM
     ASRAKLAVQKLVQKVGFFGILACASIPNPLFDLAGITCGHFLVPFWTFFGATLIGKAIIK
SEQ
SEG
PRD
     MEM
     SEQ
     MHIQKIFVIITFSKHIVEQMVAFIGAVPGIGPSLQKPFQEYLEAQRQKLHHKSEMGTPQG
SEG
PRD
     MEM
     ENWLSWMFEKLVVVMVCYFILSIINSMAQSYAKRIQQRLNSEEKTK
SEO
SEG
PRD
     ...........
                Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_3i13.2
                ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
          23->27
69->72
PS00001
                                  PD0C00001
                PKC PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                  PDOC00005
PDOC00006
PS00005
          29->33
PS00006
PS00006
        215->219
                                  PD0C00006
                                  PD0C00006
PS00006
        236->240
        120->126
                 MYRISTYL
PS00008
                                  PD0C00008
PS00008
        126->132
                                  PD0C00008
                 MYRISTYL
PS00008
        173->179
                                  PDOC0008
                 MYRISTYL
PS00008
        195->201
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PD0C00008
PS00008
        197->203
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PD0C00008
PS00008
        259->265
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PDOC00008
PS00008
        275->281
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PD0C00008
PS00008
        325->331
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PDOC00008
PS00008
        329->335
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PDOC00008
        356->362
PS00008
                 MYRISTYL
                                  PD0C00008
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_3i13.2)

DKF2phfkd2_3o17

group: metabolism

DKF2phfkd2_3o17 encodes a novel 72 amino acid protein with similarity to bos taurus NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase B33 subunit (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3).

NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase is the first enzyme in the respiratory electron transport chain of mitochondria. It is a a membrane-bound multi-subunit protein. The bovine heart enzyme contains about 40 different polypeptides. The novel protein is the human orthologue of bovine man are protein in the human orthologue of bovine man are protein in the human orthologue of bovine man are protein in the human orthologue of bovine man are protein in the human orthologue of bovine man are protein in the respiratory electron transport chain of mitochondria.

The new protein can find application in modulation of the respiratory electron transport chain pathways of mitochondria.

strong similarity to bovine NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE B22 subunit

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits, in frame stop codon at $\sim\!274$ will be checked ESTs HS1291620/AA883920 show no stop codon at this side

Sequenced by BMF2

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 693 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 670, polyadenylation signal at pos. 659

- 1 CAGCAGGCGT GCAGTTTCCC GGCTCTCCGC GCGGCCGGGG AAGGTCAGCG
- 51 CCGTAATGGC GTTCTTGGCG TCGGGACCCT ACCTGACCCA TCAGCAAAAG
- 101 GTGTTGCGGC TTTATAAGCG GGCGCTACGC CACCTCGAGT CGTGGTGCGT
- 151 CCAGAGAGAC AAATACCGAT ACTTTGCTTG TTTGATGAGA GCCCGGTTTG
- 201 AAGAACATAA GAATGAAAAG GATATGGGGA AGGCCACCCA GCTGGTGAAG 251 GAGGCCGAGG AAGAATTCTG GTAACGTCAG CATCCACAGC CATACATCTT
- 301 CCCTGACTCT CCTGGGGGCA CCTCCTATGA GAGATACGAT TGCTACAAGG
- 351 TCCCAGAATG GTGCTTAGAT GACTGGCATC CTTCTGAGAA GGCAATGTAT
- 401 CCTGATTACT TTGCCAAGAG AGAACAGTGG AAGAAACTGC GGAGGGAAAG
- 451 CTGGGAACGA GAGGTTAAGC AGCTGCAGGA GGAAACGCCA CCTGGTGGTC 501 CTTTAACTGA AGCTTTGCCC CCTGCCCGAA AGGAAGGTGA TTTGCCCCCCA
- 551 CTGTGGTGGT ATATTGTGAC CAGACCCCGG GAGCGGCCCA TGTAGAAAGA
- 601 GAGAGACCTC ATCTTTCATG CTTGCAAGTG AAATATGTTA CAGAACATGC

BLAST Results

Entry S28256 from database PIR:
NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) (EC 1.6.5.3) chain CI-B22 - bovine
>TREMBL:MIBTCIB22_1 gene: "cI-B22"; product: "NADH-ubiquinone
oxidoreductase complex B22 subunit"; B.taurus mitochondrion cI-B22
mRNA for B22 subunit of the NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase complex
Score - 933, P = 5.2e-93, identities = 163/179, positives = 172/179,
frame +2

Medline entries

92389317

Sequences of 20 subunits of NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase from RT bovine heart mitochondria. Application of a novel strategy for RT sequencing proteins using the polymerase chain reaction

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 56 bp to 271 bp; peptide length: 72 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MAFLASGPYL THQQKVLRLY KRALRHLESW CVQRDKYRYF ACLMRARFEE
- 51 HKNEKDMAKA TQLLKEAEEE FW*RQHPQPY IFPDSPGGTS YERYDCYKVP
- 101 EWCLDDWHPS EKAMYPDYFA KREQWKKLRR ESWEREVKQL QEETPPGGPL
- 151 TEALPPARKE GDLPPLWWYI VTRPRERPM

BLASTP hits

```
Sequences producing significant alignments:
                                                                            (bits) Value
 sp|Q02369|NI2m_BOVIN|OD36CE17281FB735 (NDUFB9..)NADH-UBIQUINONE...
tr|U41534|Q18036|D34BCCB6E8FBCD5F (C16A3.4)SIMILAR TO NADH-UBIQ...
                                                                               141 7e-34
                                                                                53 3e-07
 >sp|Q02369|N12M BOVIN|OD36CE17281FB735 (NDUFB9..)NADH-UBIQUINONE
            OXIDOREDUCTASE B22 SUBUNIT (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-B22) (CI-B22).[BOS TAURUS]
            Length = 178
  Score = 141 bits (351), Expect = 7e-34 Identities = 63/71 (88%), Positives = 68/71 (95%)
 Query: 2 AFLASGPYLTHQQKVLRLYKRALRHLESWCVQRDKYRYFACLMRARFEEHKNEKDMAKAT 61
            AFL+SG YLTHQQKVLRLYKRALRHLESWC+ RDKYRYFACL+RARF+EHKNEKDM KAT
 Sbjct: 1 AFLSSGAYLTHQQKVLRLYKRALRHLESWCIHRDKYRYFACLLRARFDEHKNEKDMVKAT 60
 Query: 62 QLLKEAEEEFW 72
 QLL+EAEEEFW
Sbjct: 61 QLLREAEEEFW 71
>tr|U41534|Q18036|D34ECCB6E8FBCD5F (C16A3.4)SIMILAR TO NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE B22.[CAENORHABDITIS
            ELEGANS)
            Length = 163
  Score = 52.7 bits (124), Expect = 3e-07 Identities = 25/64 (39%), Positives = 41/64 (64%), Gaps = 1/64 (1%)
 Query: 10 LTHQQKVLRLYKRALRHLESWCVQRD-KYRYFACLMRARFEEHKNEKDMAKATQLLKEAE 68
            L+H+QKV RLYKR LR +++W + + R+ C++RARF+ + +E D K+ LL +
 Sbjct: 12 LSHRQKVTRLYKRCLREVDNWYGGNNLEVRFQKCIIRARFDANADEVDTRKSQILLADGC 71
 Query: 69 EEFW 72
 Sbjct: 72 RQLW 75
              Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_3o17, frame 2
No Alert BLASTP hits found
             Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_3o17, frame 2
                         Report for DKF2phfkd2_3o17.2
[LENGTH]
                72
8839.28
[WW]
[pI]
                 9.26
[HOMOL]
                 PIR:S28256 NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) (EC 1.6.5.3) chain CI-B22 - bovine
2e-34
[KW]
                All_Alpha
        MAFLASGPYLTHQQKVLRLYKRALRHLESWCVQRDKYRYFACLMRARFEEHKNEKDMAKA
SEQ
        PRD
SEQ
        TQLLKEAEEEFW
PRD
        hhhhhhhhhccc
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfkd2_3o17.2)
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_3o17.2)
```

DKFZphfkd2_46a6

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2 46a6 encodes a novel 315 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /map="228.6 cR from top of Chr15 linkage group"

Insert length: 2774 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2751, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2732

1 CTCGCGAGCG CAGCTATGGC TGCTGGCGTA CCCTGTGCGT TAGTCACCAG 51 CTGCTCCTCC GTCTTCTCAG GAGACCAGCT GGTCCAACAT ACCCTTGGAA 101 CAGAAGATCT TATTGTGGAA GTGACTTCCA ATGATGCTGT GAGATTTTAT 151 CCCTGGACCA TTGATAATAA ATACTATTCA GCAGACATCA ATCTATGTGT 201 GGTGCCAAAC AAATTTCTTG TTACTGCAGA GATTGCAGAA TCTGTCCAAG 251 CATTTGTGGT TTACTTTGAC AGCACACGAA AATCGGGCCT TGATAGTGTC 301 TCCTCATGGC TTCCACTGGC AAAAGCATGG TTACCTGAGG TGATGATCTT 351 GGTCTGCGAT AGAGTGTCTG AAGATGGTAT AAACCGACAA AAAGCTCAAG 401 AATGGAGCCT CAAACATGGC TTTGAATTGG TAGAACTTAG TCCAGAGGAG 451 TTGCCTGAGG AGGATGATGA CTTCCCAGAA TCTACAGGAG TAAAGCGAAT 501 TGTCCAAGCC CTGAATGCCA ATGTGTGGTC CAATGTAGTG ATGAAGAATG 551 ATAGGAACCA AGGCTTTAGC CTTCTCAACT CATTGACTGG AACAAACCAT 601 AGCATTGGGT CAGCAGATCC CTGTCACCCA GAGCAACCCC ATTTGCCAGC 651 AGCAGATAGT ACTGAATCCC TCTCTGATCA TCGGGGTGGT GCATCTAACA 701 CAACAGATGC CCAGGTTGAT AGCATTGTGG ATCCCATGTT AGATCTGGAT 751 ATTCAAGAAT TAGCCAGTCT TACCACTGGA GGAGGAGATG TGGAGAATTT 801 TGAAAGACCC TTTTCAAAGT TAAAGGAAAT GAAAGACAAG GCTGCGACGC 851 TTCCTCATGA GCAAAGAAA GTGCATGCAG AAAAGGTGGC CAAAGCATTC 901 TGGATGGCAA TCGGGGGAGA CAGAGATGAA ATTGAAGGCC TTTCATCTGA 951 TGGAGAGCAC TGAATTATTC ATACTAGGGT TTGACCAACA AAGATGCTAG 1001 CTGTCTCTGA GATACCTCTC TACTCAGCCC AGTCATATTT TGCCAAAATT 1051 GCCCTTATCA TGTTGGCTGC CTGACTTGTT TATAGGGTCC CCTTAATTTT 1101 AGTTTTTAGT AGGAGGTTAA GGAGAAATCT TTTTTTTCCT CAGTATATTG 1151 TAAGAGAGTG AGGAATACAG TGATAGTAAT GAGTGAGGAT TTCTTAAATA 1201 TACTTTTTT TTGTTCTAGG AATGAGGGTA GGATAAATCT CAGAGGTCTG 1251 TGTGATTTAC TCAAGTTGAA GACAACCTCC AGGCCATTCC TGGTCAACCT 1301 TTTAAGTAGC ATTTCCAGCA TTCACACTTG ATACTGCACA TCAGGAGTTG 1351 TGTCACCTTT CCTGGGTGAT TTGGGTTTTC TCCATTCAAG GAGCTTGTAG 1401 CTCTGAGCTA TGATGCTTTT ATTGGGAGGA AAGGAGGCAG CTGCAGAATT 1451 GATGTGAGCT ATGTGGGGCC GAAGTCTCAG CCCGCAGCTA AGTCTCTACC 1501 TAAGAAAATG CCTCTGGGCA TTCTTTTGAA GTATAGTGTC TGAGCTCATG 1551 CTAGAAAGAA TCAAAAAGCC AGTGTGGATT TTTAGGCTGT AATAAATGAG 1601 GCAAAGGATT TCTATTCCAG TGGGAAGGAA ACCTCTCTAC TGAGTTGTGG 1651 GGGATATGTT GTATGTTAGA GAGAACCTTA AGGAGTCCTT GTATGGGCCA 1701 TGGAGACAGT ATGTGATAAC ATACCGTGAT TTTCATGAAG AAATTCTTCT 1751 GTCCTAGAGT TCTCCCCTGC TGCTTGAGAT GCCAGAGCTG TGTTGTTGCA 1801 CACCTGCAAA ACAAGGCACA TTTCCCCCTT TCTCTTTAAA GCCAAAGAGA 1851 GATCACTGCC AAAGTGGGAG CACTAAGGGG TGGGTGGGGA AGTGAAATGT 1901 TAGGCGATGA ATTCCTGAGC ACCTTGTTTT TCTTCCAAGG TTCGTAGCTC 1951 CTCTCTGCCC TTCCAAGCCT GTAACCTCGG AGGACTATCT TTTGTTCTCT 2001 ATCCTTTGTC TTGTTAGAGT GGGTCAGCCC CAGAGGAACT GATAAGCAAA 2051 TGGCAAGTTT TTAAAGGAAG AGTGGAAAGT ACTGCAAATA AAAATCCTTA 2101 TTTGTTTTTG TAGACTTTGT AATGCATATC ATTAGCCCTC ACTGTGATCA 2151 TTACTGCTGT GGCTCTGAAC TGGCACATAG TACAGTGGAT GGAAGGTGCC 2201 CGCACACCAG CTGAGAACTG GTTCTGGCCT AGGTGGGCTC TAGAACCATT 2251 TACACAGCAT GAAAGAAACA GGTTGGGTTA GGAGCAGAAA GAAATAAGGC 2301 TCACACCCCT CCAGACACTA CCTTATAAGC ACTGCAGAAC CTGAAACAGA 2351 TGGCAGAAGG AATGGAATGC TACAGGGGCC AGCAGGAGTG ACCACAGGGA 2401 GGGGACAGCT CAGTGACTGG AGCATTCAGG AAGAGGCTTT CCAGGGAACA 2451 CTGGACATTG CTTAGTGACC TTTTGTTCCT TTTTTTTTT TTTTCTTTTA 2501 CTGTTCTGAA AGACTTTGAG TCTGTGGTTC ACCACCAGCC CATCAGTGTT 2551 TCTTTGAGGT GATTGCATTA GGGAAGTTGG CTCTGGGATT GCAAAAAAAA 2601 AAAAAAGGTG GAACATGTTT TCCTTAAAAG ATGGAAGGTT TTAGAAAATA 2651 TACTAGGCCA TCTGGTTAGA AAAAACAGAC CAGACTAGAA AAAGCTGTGA

402

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

2701 ATTTGATTTT GTAGATTAAA CAAAGCCAGA TGATTAAAAT GTGATTTATT 2751 ΤΑΤΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

Entry HS463358 from database EMBL: human STS WI-14364. Length = 472Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1605 (240.8 bits), Expect = 5.0e-68, P = 5.0e-68Identities = 347/361 (96%)

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 16 bp to 960 bp; peptide length: 315 Category: putative protein Classification: unset

- 1 MAAGVPCALV TSCSSVFSGD QLVQHTLGTE DLIVEVTSND AVRFYPWTID 51 NKYYSADINL CVVPNKFLVT AEIAESVQAF VVYFDSTRKS GLDSVSSWLP 101 LAKAWLPEVM ILVCDRVSED GINRQKAQEW SLKHGFELVE LSPEELPEED 151 DDFPESTGVK RIVQALNANV WSNVVMKNDR NQGFSLLNSL TGTNHSIGSA
- 201 DPCHPEQPHL PAADSTESLS DHRGGASNTT DAQVDSIVDP MLDLDIQELA
- 251 SLTTGGGDVE NFERPFSKLK EMKDKAATLP HEQRKVHAEK VAKAFWMAIG
- 301 GDRDEIEGLS SDGEH

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_46a6, frame 1

PIR:T04362 probable GTP-binding protein yptm3 - maize, N = 1, Score =

PIR:S71585 GTP-binding protein GB2 - Arabidopsis thaliana, N = 1, Score = 86, P = 0.27

>PIR:T04362 probable GTP-binding protein yptm3 - maize Length = 210

HSPs:

Score = 87 (13.1 bits), Expect = 2.4e-01, P = 2.1e-01 Identities = 34/160 (21%), Positives = 67/160 (41%)

48 TIDNKYYSADINLCVVPNKFL-VTAEIAESVQAFVVYFDSTRKSGLDSVSSWLPLAKAWL 106 Ouerv:

TIDNK I F +T ++ +D TR+ + ++SWL A+
49 TIDNKPIKLQIWDTAGQESFRSITRSYYRGAAGALLVYDITRRETFNHLASWLEDARQHA 108

Sbict:

107 PE---VMIL--VCDRVSEDGINRQKAQEWSLKHGFELVELSPEELPEEDDDFPESTGVKR 161 Query:

VM++ CD ++ ++ ++++ +HG +E S + ++ F ++ G
109 NANMTVMLIGNKCDLSHRRAVSYEEGEQFAKEHGLVFMEASAKTAQNVEEAFIKTAGT-- 166 Sbjct:

162 IVQALNANVWSNVVMKNDRNQGFSLLNSLTGTNHSIGSADPC 203 Query: I + + ++ N G+++ NS G S A C

167 IYKKIQDGIFDVSNESNGIKVGYAVPNSSGGAGSSSQAGGC 208

Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46a6, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2_46a6.1

[LENGTH] 315

```
(WW)
          34505.54
[pI]
          4.55
[KW]
          Alpha Beta
[KW]
          LOW_COMPLEXITY
                       6.67 %
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SEQ
SEG
PRD
     {\tt CVVPNKFLVTAEIAESVQAFVVYFDSTRKSGLDSVSSWLPLAKAWLPEVMILVCDRVSED}
SEQ
SEG
PRD
     GINRQKAQEWSLKHGFELVELSPEELPEEDDDFPESTGVKRIVQALNANVWSNVVMKNDR
SEO
SEG
         cchhhhhhhhhccceeeecccccccccccchhhhhhhhccceeeeeccc
PRD
SEQ
     NQGFSLLNSLTGTNHSIGSADPCHPEQPHLPAADSTESLSDHRGGASNTTDAQVDSIVDP
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     {\tt MLDLDIQELASLTTGGGDVENFERPFSKLKEMKDKAATLPHEQRKVHAEKVAKAFWMAIG}
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     GDRDEIEGLSSDGEH
SEG
PRD
    cccccccccccc
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfkd2_46a6.1)
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_46a6.1)
```

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKF2phfkd2 46b10

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2_46b10.1 encodes a novel 315 amino acid protein with similarity to C.elegans cosmide

The novel protein contains a HTH-LYSR-family PROSITE pattern. Proteins of the lysR family are bacterial transcriptional regulatory proteins which bind DNA using a helix-turn-helix motif. Most of these proteins are transcription activators and usually negatively regulate their own expression. They all possess a potential 'helix-turn-helix' DNA-binding motif in their N-terminal section. The 'helix-turn-helix' motif is missing in DKFZphfkd2_46a6.1. No informative BLAST results, no predictive PFAM or SCOP motive.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

similarity to C.elegans F25B5.3

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1285 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1266, no polyadenylation signal found

1 CAGTCTACGC GAGCTGCCTG TTTTTTTCCT GCTTGGACGC GCATGAGGGC 51 CCCGTCCATG GACCGCGCGG CCGTGGCGAG GGTGGGCGCG GTAGCGAGCG 101 CCAGCGTGTG CGCCCTGGTG GCGGGGGTGG TGCTGGCTCA GTACATATTC 151 ACCTTGAAGA GGAAGACGGG GCGGAAGACC AAGATCATCG AGATGATGCC 201 AGAATTCCAG AAAAGTTCAG TTCGAATCAA GAACCCTACA AGAGTAGAAG 251 AAATTATCTG TGGTCTTATC AAAGGAGGAG CTGCCAAACT TCAGATAATA 301 ACGGACTTTG ATATGACACT CAGTAGATTT TCATATAAAG GGAAAAGATG 351 CCCAACATGT CATAATATCA TTGACAACTG TAAGCTGGTT ACGGATGAAT 401 GTAGAAAAA GTTATTGCAA CTAAAGGAAA AATATTACGC TATTGAAGTT 451 GATCCTGTTC TTACTGTAGA AGAGAAGTAC CCTTATATGG TGGAATGGTA 501 TACTAAATCA CATGGTTTGC TTGTTCAGCA AGCTTTACCA AAAGCTAAAC 551 TTAAAGAAAT TGTGGCAGAA TCTGACGTTA TGCTCAAAGA AGGATATGAG 601 AATTTCTTTG ATAAGCTCCA ACAACATAGC ATCCCCGTGT TCATATTTTC 651 GGCTGGAATC GGCGATGTAC TAGAGGAAGT TATTCGTCAA GCTGGTGTTT
701 ATCATCCCAA TGTCAAAGTT GTGTCCAATT TTATGGATTT TGATGAAACT 751 GGGGTGCTCA AAGGATTTAA AGGAGAACTA ATTCATGTAT TTAACAAACA 801 TGATGGTGCC TTGAGGAATA CAGAATATTT CAATCAACTA AAAGACAATA 851 GTAACATAAT TCTTCTGGGA GACTCCCAAG GAGACTTAAG AATGGCAGAT 901 GGAGTGGCCA ATGTTGAGCA CATTCTGAAA ATTGGATATC TAAATGATAG 951 AGTGGATGAG CTTTTAGAAA AGTACATGGA CTCTTATGAT ATTGTTTTAG 1001 TACAAGATGA ATCATTAGAA GTAGCCAACT CTATTTTACA GAAGATTCTA 1051 TAAACAAGCA TTCTCCAAGA AGACCTCTCT CCTGTGGGTG CAATTGAACT 1101 GTTCATCCGT TCATCTTGCT GAGAGACTTA TTTATAATAT ATCCTTACTC 1151 TCGAAGTGTT CCCTTTGTAT AACTGAAGTA TTTTCAGATA TGGTGAATGC 1201 ATTGACTGGA AGCTCCTTTT CTCCACCTCT CTCAACACAC TCCTCACCGT 1251 ATCTTTTAAC CCATTTAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 43 bp to 1050 bp; peptide length: 336 Category: similarity to unknown protein Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: HTH_LYSR_FAMILY (16-47)

```
1 MRAPSMDRAA VARVGAVASA SVCALVAGVV LAQYIFTLKR KTGRKTKIIE
51 MMPEFQKSSV RIKNPTRVEE IICGLIKGGA AKLQIITDFD MTLSRFSYKG
101 KRCPTCHNII DNCKLVTDEC RKKLLQLKEK YYAIEVDPVL TVEEKYPYMV
  151 EWYTKSHGLL VQQALPKAKL KEIVAESDVM LKEGYENFFD KLQQHSIPVF
201 IFSAGIGDVL EEVIRQAGVY HPNVKVVSNF MDFDETGVLK GFKGELIHVF
  251 NXHDGALRNT EYFNQLKDNS NIILLGDSQG DLRMADGVAN VEHILKIGYL
301 NDRVDELLEK YMDSYDIVLV QDESLEVANS ILQKIL
                                   BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
              Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_46b10, frame 1
SWISSPROT: YQT3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 42.0 KD PROTEIN F25B5.3 IN CHROMOSOME
III., N = 1, Score = 524, P = 2.2e-50
TREMBL:AC005499_12 gene: "T6A23.12"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome
II BAC T6A23 genomic sequence, complete sequence., N = 2, Score = 194,
P = 1.4e-26
>SWISSPROT: YQT3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 42.0 KD PROTEIN F25B5.3 IN CHROMOSOME
      III.
              Length = 376
  HSPs:
 Score = 524 (78.6 bits), Expect = 2.2e-50, P = 2.2e-50
 Identities = 112/300 (37%), Positives = 174/300 (58%)
            44 RKTKIIEMMPEFQ--KSSVRIKNPTRVEEIICGLIKGGAAKLQIITDFDMTLSRFSYK-G 100
           +KT ++ ++ + + + + + +PT V + ++ GGA K +I+DFD TLSRF+ + G
73 KKTDVVPLLMNYLLGEEQILVADPTAVAAKLRKMVVGGAGKTVVISDFDYTLSRFANEQG 132
Sbjct:
          101 KRCPTCHNIID-NCKLVTDECRKKLLQLKEKYYAIEVDPVLTVEEKYPYMVEWYTKSHGL 159
+R T H + D N + E +K + LK KYY IE P LT+EEK P+M +W+ SH L
133 ERLSTTHGVFDDNVMRLKPELGQKFVDLKNKYYPIEFSPNLTMEEKIPHMEKWWGTSHSL 192
Query:
Sbjct:
          160 LVQQALPKAKLKEIVAESDVMLKEGYENFFDKLQQHSIPVFIFSAGIGDVLEEVIRQA-G 218
Query:
          +V + K +++ V +S ++ K+G E+F + L H+IP+ IFSAGIG+++E ++Q G
193 IVNEKFSKNTIEDFVRQSRIVFKDGAEDFIEALDAHNIPLVIFSAGIGNIIEYFLQQKLG 252
Sbict:
          219 VYHPNVKVVSNFMDFDETGVLKGFKGELIHVFNKHDGAL-RNTEYFNQLKDNSNIILLGD 277
Ouerv:
                        +SN + FDE
                                        F LIH F K+ + + T +F+ +
          253 AIPRNTHFISNMILFDEDDNACAFSEPLIHTFCKNSSVIQKETSFFHDIAGRVNVILLGD 312
Sbjct:
          278 SQGDLRMADGVANVEHILKIGYLNDRVDEL--LEKYMDSYDIVLVQDESLEVANSILQKI 335 S GD+ M GV LK+GY N +D+ L+ Y + YDIVL+ D +L VA I+ I
Query:
Sbjct:
          313 SMGDIHMDVGVERDGPTLKVGYYNGSLDDTAALQHYEEVYDIVLIHDPTLNVAQKIVDII 372
              Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46b10, frame 1
                        Report for DKFZphfkd2_46b10.1
[LENGTH]
                 336
                 37948.37
( WM )
                  6.67
(Iq)
[HOMOL]
                 SWISSPROT: YQT3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 42.0 KD PROTEIN F25B5.3 IN CHROMOSOME III.
3e-51
[PROSITE]
                 HTH LYSR FAMILY
                 TRANSMEMBRANE 2
LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
(KW)
SEQ
        {\tt MRAPSMDRAAVARVGAVASASVCALVAGVVLAQYIFTLKRKTGRKTKIIEMMPEFQKSSV}
SEG
         ......
PRD
         MEM
         ..... MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM.....
SEO
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SEG
PRD
         MEM
```

SEQ	RKKLLQLKEKYYAIEVDPVLTVEEKYPYMVEWYTKSHGLLVQQALPKAKLKEIVAESDVM
SEG PRD	hhhhhhhhhhheeccccccccchhhhhhhcccchhhhhhh
MEM	
SEQ	LKEGYENFFDKLQQHSIPVFIFSAGIGDVLEEVIRQAGVYHPNVKVVSNFMDFDETGVLK
SEG	
PRD	cccchhhhhhhhccceeeeeccchhhhhhhhhccccceeeeecccccc
MEM	MMMMMMMMMMMMMMM
SEQ	GFKGELIHVFNKHDGALRNTEYFNQLKDNSNIILLGDSQGDLRMADGVANVEHILKIGYL
SEG	
PRD	eccceeeeeeccccccchhhhhhhhceeeeecccccccc
MEM	
SEQ	NDRVDELLEKYMDSYDIVLVQDESLEVANSILQKIL
SEG	
PRĎ	cchhhhhhhhhhheeeeecchhhhhhhhhhccc
MEM	

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_46b10.1

PS00044

16->47 HTH_LYSR_FAMILY PDOC00043

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_46b10.1)

407

DKF2phfkd2_46d13

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2_46d13 encodes a novel 506 amino acid protein with weak similarity to KE03 protein

The novel protein contains a RGD site.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motive

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

similarity to KEO3 protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /map="227.6 cR from top of Chrl linkage group"

Insert length: 3346 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3328, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3308

1 CTCTCGCGAG AGGAGCAAGA GGAAGATGGC CGTGCCCTGT TTTTCGGTGT 51 AAGGCAGCAG ACGGCGGCTG CGACGGCGAG ACTGAGATCC TGGTGTCGTG 101 GGCACCTGAG TTCTAGCTTC CCCCAGCGAG CGCGCGTCCC TTCGTGCCTA 151 GGCGAGAGCC GGCTCTTCCC CGGGAGATGC GTTTGTCCCA GGCTCGGGGG 201 CTCAGTGGCA GTTCATGCTG CGCTGGAGGC TCTTGGCCAC CGCTCTAATC
251 GCCTTGTGCC GCCGCAGCGC CAGCTCCGTC GCCAGCGGTG AGCCTCCCGA 301 TTCCCCCCCT TGCCCCTGGC GGCGGCGATG ACCGGGGAGA AGATCCGCTC 351 ACTGCGGAGG GACCACAAGC CCAGCAAAGA AGAAGGGGAC CTGCTGGAGC 401 CCGGGGATGA AGAAGCGGCG GCTGCCCTCG GCGGTACCTT TACCAGAAGC 451 AGGATTGGCA AGGGCGGCAA AGCTTGTCAT AAGATCTTCA GTAACCATCA 501 CCACCGGCTA CAGCTGAAGG CAGCTCCGGC CTCCTCCAAT CCCCCCGGCG 551 CCCCGGCTCT GCCGCTGCAC AATTCCTCCG TGACTGCCAA CTCCCAGTCC 601 CCGGCCCTTC TGGCCGGCAC CAACCCCGTT GCTGTCGTCG CGGATGGAGG 651 CAGTTGCCCC GCACACTACC CGGTGCACGA GTGCGTCTTC AAGGGGGATG 701 TGAGGAGACT CTCCTCTCT ATCCGCACGC ACAATATCGG GCAGAAAGAT 751 AATCACGGAA ATACTCCTTT ACACCTTGCT GTGATGTTAG GAAATAAAGT 801 TACAGCTCTT TTGAGGAAGC TTAAGCAGCA ATCCAGGGAA AGTGTTGAAG 851 AAAAACGACC TCGATTATTA AAAGCCCTGA AAGAGCTAGG TGACTTTTAT 901 CTAGAACTTC ACTGGGATTT TCAAAGCTGG GTGCCTTTAC TTTCCCGAAT 951 TCTGCCTTCC GATGCATGTA AAATATACAA ACAAGGTATC AATATCAGGC 1001 TTGACACAAC TCTCATAGAC TTTACTGACA TGAAGTGCCA ACGAGGGGAT 1051 CTAAGCTTCA TTTTCAATGG GGATGCGGCG CCCTCTGAAT CTTTTGTAGT 1101 ATTAGACAAT GAACAAAAAG TTTATCAGCG AATACATCAT GAGGAATCAG 1151 AGATGGAAAC AGAAGAAGAG GTGGATATTT TAATGAGCAG TGATATTTAC 1201 TCTGCAACTT TATCAACAAA ATCAATTTCT TTCACGCGTG CCCAGACAGG 1251 ATGGCTTTTT CGGGAAGATA AAACAGAAAG AGTAGGAAAC TTTTTGGCAG 1301 ACTTTTACCT GGTGAATGGA CTTGTTATAG AATCAAGGAA AAGAAGAGAA 1351 CATCTCAGTG AAGAGGATAT TCTTCGAAAT AAGGCCATCA TGGAGAGTTT 1401 GAGTAAAGGT GGAAACATAA TGGAACAGAA TTTTGAGCCG ATTCGAAGAC 1451 AGTCTCTTAC ACCGCCTCCT CAGAACACTA TTACATGGGA AGAATATATA 1501 TCTGCTGAAA ATGGAAAAGC TCCTCATCTG GGTAGAGAAT TGGTGTGCAA 1551 AGAGAGTAAG AAAACGTTTA AAGCTACGAT AGCCATGAGC CAGGAATTTC 1601 CCTTAGGGAT ACAGTTATTA TTGAATGTTT TAGAAGTAGT AGCTCCCTTC
1651 AAGCACTTTA ACAAGCTTAG AGAATTTGTT CAGATGAAGC TTCCTCCAGG 1701 CTTTCCTGTA AAATTAGATA TACCTGTGTT TCCCACAATC ACAGCCACTG 1751 TGACTTTTCA GGAGTTTCGA TACGATGAAT TTGATGGCTC CATCTTTACT 1801 ATACCTGATG ACTACAAGGA AGACCCAAGC CGTTTTCCTG ATCTTTAACT 1851 GACGTGGAAA AGGATGCCGT CTAACCAAGG AAAGAAAATA CAGAGACCCT 1901 AGAAGTGGAT CCAAATAGAA GGGACAAATG CTTTCAGTGA AGAAAAGGGA 1951 ATTACACATT GAATCGACAC ATCAGTAATA CGATACAGTG AAATGGGCCT 2001 CTAATAAGAA TTTCAGCGAG TTTTCTGATG TGCCATTTTT TGTCTTTTTA 2051 AAAATATACA TATTATAAAT GTAATAGTTT GACACATTAA TGACCCTAAG 2101 ACCTGCGTAT GTGAAGCAGC TATGAGTGCT GTGATTTGTT TTTAAAAATT 2151 TTTACACTTC TTGTTGAAAT ATATATGCAT ATAAATATAT CTATATCTAT 2201 ATCTATATCT AAAACACTCC TGGACCATTA ACGTAAATTA AATGTCTTAA 2251 GAGATATGGA GCCCTTTTAA ACTTGTCATC TTTATGCAAG GTGACATTTA 2301 TAAATATTCC TTCGAGCTTT GTTTTCATAA AATGTAAACT ATGTAACATT 2351 ATGTATAGTT CAGTAATTTG AATGTTTGTT CAATATAATG AACTAGAAGG 2401 AATGCAATTT TCTGTAGATG AATGAACCAA ATGGTAACCA TTAAACAATT 2451 GCATTTATAT GTTGCAATAC ATTTCAGAAG GAGCGTTCAC TCTGCAGGGA 2501 ATAAGGTACC TCCTTTAGCA CCTTAGTGCA ATTCATTGTG GTGCTATTTG 2551 TTTTTACCTG AATGTTTGTT ACTAATCTTC CTTTCATAGA ACCTCTATTT 2601 TTTTTTTTC TAAACTTGAG TTTGAGTCCT TGTTATGGTC ATCATAAGGT

BLAST Results

Entry HS121353 from database EMBL: human STS WI-14729. Score = 1697, P = 1.9e-69, identities = 363/379

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 328 bp to 1845 bp; peptide length: 506 Category: similarity to unknown protein

1 MTGEKIRSLR RDHKPSKEEG DLLEPGDEEA AAALGGTFTR SRIGKGGKAC
51 HKIFSNHHHR LQLKAAPASS NPPGAPALPL HNSSVTANSQ SPALLAGTNP
101 VAVVADGGSC PAHYPVHECV FKGDVRRLSS LIRTHNIGGK DNHGNTPHLL
151 AVMLGNKVTA LLRKLKQQSR ESVEEKRPRL LKALKELGDF YLELHWDFQS
201 WVPLLSRILP SDACKIYKQG INIRLDTTLI DFTDMKCQRG DLSFIFNGDA
251 APSESFVVLD NEQKVYQRIH HEESEMETEE EVDILMSSDI YSATLSTKSI
301 SFTRAQTGWL FREDKTERVG NFLADFYLVN GLVIESRKRR EHLSEEDILR
351 NKAIMESLSK GGNIMEQNFE PIRRQSLTPP PQNTITWEEY ISAEMGKAPH
401 LGRELVCKES KKTFKATIAM SQEFPLGIEL LLNVLEVVAP FKHFNKLREF
451 VQMKLPPGFP VKLDIPVFPT ITATVTFQEF RYDEFDGSIF TIPDDYKEDP

BLASTP hits

Entry CEC01F1_3 from database TREMBL:
gene: "C01F1.6"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C01F1.
Score = 371, P = 4.5e-61, identities = 69/138, positives = 96/138

Entry CEC18F10_9 from database TREMBL:
gene: "C18F10.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C18F10.
Score = 383, P = 3.4e-39, identities = 103/349, positives = 182/349

Entry AF064604_1 from database TREMBL:
product: "KE03 protein"; Homo sapiens KE03 protein mRNA, partial cds.
Score = 348, P = 8.3e-32, identities = 95/295, positives = 148/295

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_46d13, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46d13, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2_46d13.1

(LENGTH) 506 (MW) 57003.12 (pI) 6.40

```
TREMBL:CEC18F10_9 gene: "C18F10.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C18F10. 2e-35
[HOMOL]
[BLOCKS]
             BL01288E
[PROSITE]
            RGD
            MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
            CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                2
( PROSTTE)
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                9
[PROSITE]
                                6
[PROSITE]
            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
PROSITE
[KW]
            Alpha Beta
            LOW COMPLEXITY
(KW)
                             7.51 %
      {\tt MTGEKIRSLRRDHKPSKEEGDLLEPGDEEAAAALGGTFTRSRIGKGGKACHKIFSNHHHR}
SEQ
SEG
      ...........xxxxxxxxxxxx.............
      PRD
SEQ
      LQLKAAPASSNPPGAPALPLHNSSVTANSQSPALLAGTNPVAVVADGGSCPAHYPVHECV
SEG
        ..xxxxxxxxxxxxxx.....
PRD
      hhhhhcccccccceeeccccccccceeeccccceee
SEQ
      FKGDVRRLSSLIRTHNIGQKDNHGNTPLHLAVMLGNKVTALLRKLKQQSRESVEEKRPRL
SEG
PRD
      LKALKELGDFYLELHWDFQSWVPLLSRILPSDACKIYKQGINIRLDTTLIDFTDMKCQRG
SEO
SEG
      PRD
SEQ
      DLSFIFNGDAAPSESFVVLDNEQKVYQRIHHEESEMETEEEVDILMSSDIYSATLSTKSI
SEG
       .....xxxxxxxxx.....
      PRD
SEQ
      SFTRAQTGWLFREDKTERVGNFLADFYLVNGLVIESRKRREHLSEEDILRNKAIMESLSK
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
      GGNIMEQNFEPIRRQSLTPPPQNTITWEEYISAENGKAPHLGRELVCKESKKTFKATIAM
SEG
PRD
      {\tt SQEFPLGIELLLNVLEVVAPFKHFNKLREFVQMKLPPGFPVKLDIPVFPTITATVTFQEF}
SEQ
SEG
      PRD
      RYDEFDGSIFTIPDDYKEDPSRFPDL
SEO
SEG
PRD
      cccccceeecccccccccccc
                  Prosite for DKF2phfkd2_46d13.1
PS00001
                                      PDOC00001
           82->86
                   ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                   CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00004
PS00004
          126->130
                   CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
                                      PDOC00004
         373->377
PS00004
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
            8->11
         296->299
316->319
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
         336->339
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
          410->413
         413->416
                                      PDOC00005
PS00005
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
           16->20
          172->176
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
PS00006
         228->232
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                      PDOC00006
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
         274->278
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
         278->282
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
          344~>348
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
         386->390
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
          476->480
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00006
PS00006
         491->495
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                      PDOC00006
PS00008
           35~>41
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PD0C00008
PS00008
           46->52
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PDOC00008
PS00008
         108->114
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PDOC00008
PS00008
         138->144
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PDOC00008
PS00008
          155->161
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PDOC00008
                                      PD0C00008
PS00008
         320->326
                   MYRISTYL
PS00008
         487->493
                   MYRISTYL
                                      PD0C00008
         239->242
PS00016
                   RGD
                                      PD0C00016
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_46d13.1)

DKFZphfkd2_46j20

group: metabolism

DKFZphfkd2_346j20 encodes a novel 224 amino acid protein similar to 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1.7-dioate isomerase.

The new protein seems to be the human ortholog of 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase.

The new protein can find application in modulating the homoprotocatechuate degradative pathway and as a enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

strong similarity to 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits, potential start at Bp 16 matches kozak consensus ANCatgG strong similarity to proteins of worm plant archea and bacteria 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase is part of the tyrosine metabolism (degradation of tyrosine late step) EC 5.3.1.-complete cds according to similar C.elegans and A.thaliana protein

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1706 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1686, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1667

1 CACTTGATGG GAATCATGGC AGCATCCAGG CCATTGTCCC GCTTCTGGGA 51 GTGGGGAAAG AACATCGTCT GCGTGGGGAG GAACTACGCG GACCACGTCA 101 GGGAGATGCG CAGCGCGGTG TTGAGCGAGC CCGTGCTGTT CCTGAAGCCG 151 TCCACGGCCT ACGCGCCCGA GGGCTCGCCC ATCCTCATGC CCGCGTACAC 201 TCGCAACCTG CACCACGAGC TGGAGCTGGG CGTGGTGATG GGCAAGCGCT 251 GCCGCGCAGT CCCCGAGGCT GCGGCCATGG ACTACGTGGG CGGCTATGCC 301 CTGTGCCTGG ATATGACCGC CCGGGACGTG CAGGACGAGT GCAAGAAGAA 351 GGGGCTGCCC TGGACTCTGG CGAAGAGCTT CACGGCGTCC TGCCCGGTCA 401 GCGCGTTCGT GCCCAAGGAG AAGATCCCTG ACCCTCACAA GCTGAAGCTC 451 TGGCTCAAGG TCAACGGCGA ACTCAGACAG GAGGGTGAGA CATCCTCCAT 501 GATTITTCC ATCCCCTACA TCATCAGGTA TGTTCTAAG ATCATAACCT
551 TGGAAGAAGG AGATATTATC TTGACTGGGA CGCCAAAGGG AGTTGGACCG 601 GTTAAAGAAA ACGATGAGAT CGAGGCTGGC ATACACGGGC TGGTCAGTAT 651 GACATTTAAA GTGGAAAAGC CAGAATATTG AGTTATTTCT TAACAAGTTT 701 CGAGAGAGAA GGGAGCAAGA CAAGAGCAAG CAACGGCTAT TAAATGTCAC 751 AATCCTTTAA TTAGAAACCA TTTATTGGCC GGACGCGGTG GCTCACGCCT 801 GTAATCGCAG CACTTTGGGA GGCCGAGGCG GGCGGCTCAC GACGTCAGGA 851 GATCCAGACC ATCTTGGCTA ACAGGGTGAA ACCCCGTCTC TACTAAAAAT 901 ACAAAAATT AGCCGGGCGT GGTGGCGGGC GCCTGTAGTC CCAGCTACTC 951 TGGAGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCAATTGAAC CCGGGAGGCG GAGCTTACAG 1001 TGAGCTGAGA TTGCGCCACT GTACTCCTGG GCAACAGCGA GACTCCGTCT 1051 CAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AGAAACCATT TATTTTAAAA ATGATTAGAT 1101 TGCTATGCCT CAACTCATAG AAGATGAACC CTTCAAGAAA ACGTGAAGTA 1151 GAACGGGTGG GCCAGAAATG AAAACAGGCA AGTAAAGTAT TTCTTCGGAA 1201 AACATTTAT CAAACCAAAT GTTAAAAAGA CTTTCCTTTT GTAAAACTGG 1251 ATTAGAGAAG ACTITTCAGT GGGTTATCTC TAGGATGATC AGTAGTTCAG
1301 CACTTAAAAA CTGCAGAGAA AACTGAAAGT TATGTTCCAG ATAACTTTCC 1351 GTTGTTTACC AAATTTCTT AGATTTGGTC ATCATCAGGA AGCATTTGTA
1401 AAAATAAAAA TCTCCACAAA TTACTGGCCC ATCTCGGACT TGCTGAATCA 1451 ATTTGATAGG ATTAATCTCC AGTGAAGCTG TGTTTACAGG GCATTCCAAG 1501 TGATTCTTAT CAGGAAATGT GAAAAACACT CCTGTACATA ATCGGTTAAT 1551 TTAAAATTTT ACTTAATAAG TGAACAAGTA ATGAAGATTT CACCTGTTTA 1601 CTTAGGGTAT CTACCCAGAC CCATCGATTC TGAGTTCGGG AGATGATTTT 1701 AAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

94039092: Purification, nucleotide sequence and some properties of a bifunctional isomerase/decarboxylase from the homoprotocatechuate degradative pathway of Escherichia coli C.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 7 bp to 678 bp; peptide length: 224 Category: strong similarity to known protein

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1 MGIMAASRPL SRFWEWGKNI VCVGRNYADH VREMRSAVLS EPVLFLKPST
```

- 51 AYAPEGSPIL MPAYTRNLHH ELELGVVMGK RCRAVPEAAA MDYVGGYALC
- 101 LDMTARDVQD ECKKKGLPWT LAKSFTASCP VSAFVPKEKI PDPHKLKLWL
- 151 KVNGELRQEG ETSSMIFSIP YIISYVSKII TLEEGDIILT GTPKGVGPVK
- 201 ENDEIEAGIH GLVSMTFKVE KPEY

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_46j20, frame 1

PIR:S44919 ZK688.3 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans, N = 1, Score = 537, P = 8.7e-52

PIR:D71109 probable 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase -Pyrococcus horikoshii, N = 1, Score = 529, P = 6.1e-51

PIR:C71425 hypothetical protein - Arabidopsis thaliana, N = 1, Score = 519, P = 7e-50

PIR:A64864 probable 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase bl180 - Escherichia coli, N = 1, Score = 474, P = 4.1e-45

>PIR:S44919 ZK688.3 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans Length = 214

HSPs:

Score = 537 (80.6 bits), Expect = 8.7e-52, P = 8.7e-52 Identities = 99/211 (46%), Positives = 138/211 (65%)

Query: 10 LSRFWEWGKNIVCVGRNYADHVREMRSAVLSEPVLFLKPSTAYAPEGSPILMPAYTRNLH 69
L+ F IVCVGRNY DH E+ +A+ +P+LF+K ++ EG PI+ P +NLH
Sbjct: 4 LAGFRNLATKIVCVGRNYKDHALELGNAIPKKPMLFVKTVNSFIVEGEPIVAPPGCQNLH 63

Query: 70 HELELGVVMGKRCRAVPEAAAMDYVGGYALCLDMTARDVQDECKKKGLPWTLAKSFTASC 129

E+ELGVV+ K+ + + + AMDY+GGY + LDMTARD QDE KK G PW LAKSF SC Sbjct: 64 QEVELGVVISKKASRISKSDAMDYIGGYTVALDMTARDFQDEAKKAGAPWFLAKSFDGSC 123

Query: 130 PVSAFVPKEKIPDPHKLKLWLKVNGELRQEGETSSMIFSIPYIISYVSKIITLEEGDIIL 189
P+ F+P IP+PH ++L+ K+NG+ +Q T MIF IP ++ Y ++ TLE GD++L
Sbjct: 124 PIGGFLPVSDIPNPHDVELFCKINGKDQQRCRTDVMIFDIPTLLEYTTQFFTLEVGDVVL 183

Query: 190 TGTPKGVGPVKENDEIEAGIHGLVSMTFKVE 220

TGTP GV + D IE G+ ++ F V+ Sbjct: 184 TGTPAGVTKINSGDVIEFGLTDKLNSKFNVQ 214

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46j20, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2_46j20.1

[LENGTH] 224 24843.07 [WM] [pI] 6.96 PIR:S44919 ZK688.3 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans 8e-55 [HOMOL] r general function prediction [M. jannaschii, MJ1656] 9e-40 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YNL168c] 4e-38 5.3.3.10 5-Carboxymethyl-2-hydroxymuconate delta-isomerase le-35 [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] [EC] [PIRKW] isomerase 1e-35 [PIRKW] intramolecular oxidoreductase 1e-35 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase 1e-46 [SUPFAM] MYRISTYL [PROSITE] [PROSITE] AMIDATION

[PROSIT [PROSIT [KW]	CK2_PHOSPHO_SI PKC_PHOSPHO_SI Alpha_Beta		2		
SEQ PRD	RPLSRFWEWGKNIV				
SEQ PRD	LHHELELGVVMGKR hhhhhheeecccc				
SEQ PRD	SCPVSAFVPKEKIP CCCCCeeeecccc				
SEQ PRD	 ILTGTPKGVGPVKE eeecccccccccc				
	Prosite	for DKF	Zphfkd2_46j	j20.1	

PS00005	104->107	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	192->195	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	216->219	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00005
PS00006	104->108	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	181->185	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	2->8	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	75->81	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	116->122	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	191->197	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	78->82	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_46j20.1)

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DKFZphfkd2_46k19
```

group: transcription factors

DKFZphfkd2_46k19.3 encodes a novel 130 amino acid protein similar to rat Dcoh, a bifunctional protein-binding transcriptional co-activator.

Dooh is a bifunctional protein, complexed with biopterin. It serves as dimerization cofactor of hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 and catalyzes the dehydration of the biopterin cofactor of phenylalanine hydroxylase.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of genes controlled by the hepatocyte nuclear factor-1.

strong similarity to pterin-4-alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase

potential start at Bp 102 according to similar proteins, both genomic sequences are from chromosome 5,

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: map="5"

Insert length: 5641 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 5617, polyadenylation signal at pos. 5598

1 CAGCCCTCGG CAGACGGCCA ATGGCGGCGG TGCTCGGGGC GCTCGGGGCG 51 ACGCGGCGCT TGTTGGCGGC GCTGCGAGGC CAGAGCCTAG GGCTAGCGGC 151 TACTTGACCT TAAAGCAGCA GGATGGTCGG AATTAAGTGA GAGAGATGCC 201 ATCTACAAAG AATTCTCCTT CCACAATTTT AATCAGGCAT TTGGCTTTAT 251 GTCCCGAGTT GCCCTACAAG CAGAGAAGAT GAATCATCAC CCAGAATGGT 301 TCAATGTATA CAACAAGGTC CAGATAACTC TCACCTCACA TGACTGTGGT 351 GAACTGACCA AAAAAGATGT GAAGCTGGCC AAGTTTATTG AAAAAGCAGC 401 TGCTTCTGTG TGATTTCTTC CAAAATACAT AAGTCTGAGA GGCTAAACTT 451 GATGGCTGTG TTAACATATG TCACGTGTAG CACAGTGGAG AAAGCAGGAT 501 ATGGCTCATA ATGACAGTGG TGAAGACCTG CGAATGAAGT TGCTAGTTAA 551 CACCTACATT AGGGTTTGAC ATAGGTCTAT GTTATGGGTC GCTGCATCTG
601 CTGGAACTCA CAGACTTTAC TATAGAGAAT CAAAGATCCC GTATCCGAAG 651 TCTATGGAAA TGCTCATGGT GGTAAATTC AACAGAATGA AACACCAAAC
701 TTGCTTAAAG TAACTCACGT TTCAATTTGA AAGAGATATT GTCAAAATTG 751 GAGGCCCCCA GGTTCCTGTC TGTTCCAAAT CTTTGCATGA TGACAGTGGT 801 TTCTCTGATG TGGTAAGCTT TGGCTTTCTT CTGTTTTCTT TCTAAAAGAT 851 CACTGGAGTA GAGAGGAGTT AAACAGACAT GACCTTTGAC CTCTTGCATG 901 ACCTCCACAG ATAGCAAACC GGGCCGACAC ATGGTTGACG ATGTCCTTTT 951 CTACAATGAA GTTAATGAAA GTTCTGAAAA TAGTGATTAC TTTCTGACAT 1001 TGATAGGATT TAGGAAACCT CTGGATAAAT AGCTTAAGCA TGGCTGTTTA 1051 TGTTTTTGCT ATAGACAAAA AGCAGCAGCA TGTACATTGT ATTTGGACAC 1101 AAGCCTGCCT CGGTTAATAT ATTGAACTAT TGGACCACTA GGGTTAGTAG 1151 GGAGCGGTCT GTACACTTTC TGATTCAGCA TTCAGAAACA TTCTAGGTGG 1201 ACTCTGTAGC TTTCAGTTTT GTAAAGTTAT CGGAAAAACA TCGGGAGGGT 1251 TTGGCCATCA TATGTGAGCT TTGTGTTTCA ATGCCAGTTA CTCAGGATTA 1301 GTAAATTAAT GACTGTCCAG AGGACTTCAG GGTCACCAAG CTGCTGCACC 1351 TGCCATTGGC TGACTCTCC CGGCTATCTG TGGCTGAGAT GGTGCTGCTT 1401 AGGTCACGCA GAGCATGAGC TGCTGCTGAA AGGGCACAGG AGATGGCCCT 1451 TGGGCTTCTC ATCCCAGGAT GCCTGCCCTG CCCACCAATC CATGAGAAGA 1501 TATGTATGAT TTCAGTAGGC CCTGGATCAG CTTGTCACCT CTGGTTTCCT 1551 GTTTGCTTTC CACTCACTCA GCTGGAGTTT CATTTCCAGA CTAAAGTCTT 1601 CATCATTGGC TTCAGAAACA GCATTCATCT GTGGCTGTGC TGATGTAGTA
1651 CACCAAGAAC AACTGGGCTC TTCTCTGTCA CTTTCAGTGG GCTACCTTCC 1701 CTCACCTCTC CAAGCAGCAT GAAAGAATTC TTTACATTTT TAATCTCTTT 1751 TTTGTTTTC CCTGAAAGTA TGCTTTGGTG CTTAAAGAGA GAAGTCACAA 1801 AAGTATACTA CTGAGTTTCC TGGAGATGAA ATCCTGTTGT CCCTAGCTAT 1851 GTGAATGAGC ACAGGGATCC CTGATGCCAT TATTTTGTAT ATTCATACGG 1901 CACACACTTA CTGAGGGCCT TCTGTGTGCC CTAGGGGATT GAGCACAGTG 1951 ACATATCAGG GCAGGTAGAA ACAGATGGAG AGCTGATGCG GGCTGTCTTA 2001 GAGCAGCTGC CCCAGGAGGC CCCTGTGGAT GGATGTTGGG CAGGAGCCCT 2051 GAGACGTTAG GGGCATATAA CTAAAGGACA TAGCAGGAGT TATAGGAGGA 2101 GCTGATCCCT GAGGGAAACA ATGAAGACGG AGAAGATGGG GCTAAAGTTT 2151 GAATTGTGGG GACATTAATC ACGGTGATTC TTAAAACTTT GCTGTTGATG 2201 ATTTTAAATG GAGAAAATGA GTACGTAAGA TGTTATTTCC CAGTTCAGTA 2251 TATAGGTTGC CCACAAAGTA TTTTCCTACC ATGAATGGTC ATATATACTT 2301 GTTGTAGAAT ACCAGGGACA GCAGAGATGG TGGGGTAGTT ACTTCCTTTT 2351 CTTACAGCCC AAGAACTTTG GTGTCCAGGA GATTGACCAA TTTAGCCACT 2401 GAGCATTTAA TACAACACAG GGCTACCCAG ATCCCACTGT CCTGATTTGC 2451 CCTGAAAGCC AAAGGAGTCA GGAGAAGGTG AGTGGGGTGA ATATATTAAT 2501 CCTGAGAGTT GAACAGAGCA AAAATCCCTA TTACTTTTGT ACTTAAAACA

2551 TCTCTGCCAC ATGTGCTCAC TCTTTATATT CTGTTTAGGT GGTTTATATG 2601 TGCACATCCC ATCCTATGCC TGCAGTTAGC CAACTCAGGG TTTATATTGC 2651 CTCCTTTCTT TTTTTCTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTAAGAGA TGGGGTCTCG 2701 TTCTGTCATG CAGACTGGAG TGCAGTGGTG TGATCACAGC TCATTGTAAC
2751 CTCCAACGCC TGGACTCAAG TGATCCTCCT GCCTTGGCCT CTCTGGTAGC
2801 TGGGACTACA GGTGCATGCC ACCACACCCA CCTAATTTTT TTTATTTTTA
2851 TTTTTTGTAG AGACAGTCTC ACTATCTTGC TCGGGCTGGT CCTGAACTCC 2901 TGGGCTCAAG TTATCTTGCT GCCTCAGCCT CCCATGGGTA ATCTTTATTT
2951 CCTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTGG AGATGGAGTT TCGCTCTTGT CGCCCAGGCT 3001 GGAGTGCAAT GGCACGATCT TGGCTCACTG CAGTCTCCAC CTCCTGGGTT
3051 CAGGTGATTC TCCATCCTCG GCCTACTGAG TAGCTGAGAT TACAGGCAAC 3101 TGCCACCATG CGCGGCTAAT TTGTGTATTT TTTTTTAGTA AGAGATGGGG 3151 TTTCGCCATG TTGGCCGGAC TGGTCTTAGA CTCCTGACCT CAAGCGACCT 3201 GCCTGCCTTG GCCTCCCAAA GTGCTGGGAT TACAGGCATG AGCCGCTATG 3251 CCTCGTCGCT GATTTTTATT TCTTATTTTT TTTTTAGAGA TGGGGGTCTC 3301 ACTATGCTGC TCAGGCTGAT CTCAAACTCC TGGCCTCAAG TGATCCTCCC 3351 ACCTTAGCCT CCCAAGTTGC TGGGATTATA AGTGTGAGCC ACTATCCCTA 3401 CCTCACTATT ACCTTCTTTG CTTCTCTTGT TTTCTTTTGT TCTAAGTCAA 3451 ACCCATCACA ATCTTTCTT GTCCTTCCAG GTGTTTTCCA GTGCTGTGCC 3501 CTGGATGTGC TCTCTTTCTC TTAGAGCCCA GAGAACTTGC TTTTCCCCCT 3551 TATATATGAC CCTTAACTTT TTCTAACACA TTATTAAGGG CCTGTGTCTA 3601 TCAGCTGGGG GCACTTCTTG AAGGGAGGGC CTTTGTGTGG TCTGTTTCTA 3651 GTGACTTCCA GCTTTAACCC AGAGCCTCAT GATTGCTGGG TGCCCATAGC 3701 CTTTTTGCTG AATGGAGGCA CTCAGTCTCC TTGGGAAGAG AGAATCCATG 3751 ATAGACCCAC TTGGGAGCTC CCCACTTCAG GGGCCTACAC ACTGGTAATG
3801 CAACAGAATG CCCAAGAGTG ACCTCATAAA GCAAGGATTC CCTTCGTGGC 3851 CCCTTCTCTG CTGCCTCTCA GAATCCAGAC GCTAAGGAAA ATCCCTAAGC
3901 AGAGATTTTC TGTTGGATGC TAAAAGCAAG GAATAAAAGT TGAAAATTTG 3951 GAAAATGTCT CAACACCGTC ACCAGCGCCA CTCGAGAGTC ATTTCTAGTT 4001 CACCAGTTGA CACTACATCG GTGGGATTTT GCCCAACATT CAAGAAATTT 4051 AAGTAAATAT TATCTATCTC CATTGCCTGT TAAGAAATGT GCTAGTAGAA 4101 GTGTGAGGGC AGGGTGTCAG TGTTCTCTCA GCCTCTTCCC TCAGATACTC 4151 GTCTGCTTAC CAAAATAAGT TGCATGTCCT TGACAATCTG GTTTCTATGA 4201 TTGGTGAGGC TGGCATGCTA TTACCTTTAT GTGCCCTGTA GACTTGAATG 4251 ACCAGTTTGA CCAGTTTGAC TGTTAGATAA TCAGAAGGCT TTTCTCTTTT 4301 TTTATAATAG ACCCCATCTC AAATCAGATA ATGAAAATTA CATATCTTGA 4351 TATATTAGAA AAGTATATAC ATTCTGGCTG GGCACGGTGG CTCACGCCTG 4401 TAATCCCTGC ACTTTGAGAG GCTGGGGCGG ATCACTTGAG GTCAGGAGTT
4451 TGAGACCGGC CTGGCCAGCG TGGCGAAACC CCATCTCTAC TAAAAATACA 4501 CAGATTAGCC CGGAGTGATG GTGTGCACCT GTTGTCCCAG CTACTCAGGA 4551 TGCTGAGGCA GGAGAATCCC TTTAACCTGG GGGGCGAAGG TTGCAGTGAG 4601 CCAGGATTGC ACCACTGCAC TCCAGCCTGG GTGACGGAAC GGGACTCTGT 4651 CTCAGAAAAA AAAAAAAAGA AGAGGAAAAA GAAAAATATA TATTCTATAT 4701 TTTTTTAACT TATGAGAATG TGTTCATTTC ATTTGTAACA TATAATGGGA 4751 AACAGTAATA CGTACTCTGA GAAAAATTGC AAAGCACAGA TAAATGGAAA 4801 TAAACAGGAA AAAGAATCAC CTATAACCTC ACCATCCATA GACAGACACT 4851 GTTAAAATTT TGGCATATTT CCTGCTGATT TTTTCTACTG CTGATTTTTG 4901 CACAGGTGAG ATAATTTTGA ACAGAGAATT TTGTATCTTT GGTTTTTGTG 4951 TTTCGCTGCA CACAAAAACA AAAGATATAA AAATGGATCA TAAACATTTT 5001 TCTAAATCCT GAAAAGTGCA TAGACATATT TTAGTGCCTG TATTTCACAA 5051 GATGGACATA CCATAATTTA CTTACACAGT CCTTTTTGTT AGATGTTTAA 5101 GTTGTTTTCA AGCTTCTCAG TGCTGGAAAA AATACTGAGA TAGACATGTT 5151 TAGTTGAAGT TATTTCATTT CAGGTTATAT TATCTTGGGT CAGAGAATGA 5201 ATGGTTCTCA GGCTTTTCAA AAGAGCTGGT CAGTTTTTAT GCCTCTGGCA 5251 GTTTTTGAGA GTGCTCAATC ATACTACACT GTTGCCAGCA TTAGATCTTA 5301 TCACATTTAA GTCATTGCTA ATTTTATAAA CAAAAACAAT GGTTTTACTT 5351 TGCATCTCCC TGATTGGTGT TGCTGTAGAA CATATTTGGA GAAGTTTGTT 5401 TGTCTTTGGT GTTTATTCCA TGAATAGATT GTGTGCCCAT TTTCTCTTGG 5451 GGTATTCAGT TTTTTATTAC TGATGTGAGC ATGTGTATGG GTGATTATTT 5501 GATGATTATC AGTTTTGCTT AGTAGACTGG CAATATTTAG TCTTGCTGTC 5551 ACTGTGTTCC CAGTGCCAAC TAGATTGCTT GATATGTAGT TGCCACTCAA 5601 TAAAGATTTG TTGAGTCAAT GAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA A

BLAST Results

Entry AC004764 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens chromosome 5, P1 clone 255g5 (LBNL H61), complete sequence. Score = 11057, P = 0.0e+00, identities = 2217/2224

Bp 428-5625 of cDNA == Bp 2912-8107 of AC004764

Entry HSAC1555 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens (subclone 1 d8 from BAC H75) DNA sequence, complete sequence.
Score = 575, P = 5.1e-30, identities = 115/115

Bp ~240- 430 of cDNA == HSAC1555 splice pattern

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

Medline entries

93186787:

Phenylalanine hydroxylase-stimulating protein/pterin-4 alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase from rat and human liver. Purification, characterization, and complete amino acid sequence.

Identity of 4a-carbinolamine dehydratase, a component of the phenylalanine hydroxylation system, and DCoH, a transregulator of homeodomain proteins.

95242099:

Crystal structure of DCoH, a bifunctional, protein-binding transcriptional coactivator

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 21 bp to 410 bp; peptide length: 130 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MAAVLGALGA TRRLLAALRG QSLGLAAMSS GTHRLIAEER NQAILDLKAA 51 GWSELSERDA IYKEFSFHNF NQAFGFMSRV ALQAEKMNHH PEWFNVYNKV

101 QITLTSHDCG ELTKKDVKLA KFIEKAAASV

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2 46k19, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46k19, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_46k19.3

```
[LENGTH]
               130
               14377.56
[WW]
(pI)
               9.17
[HOMOL]
               PIR:A47189 pterin-4-alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase (EC 4.2.1.96) - rat 4e-34
[FUNCAT]
               01.07.99 other vitamin, cofactor, and prosthetic group activities [S.
cerevisiae, YHL018w] 5e-04
               dldchg 4.38.1.1.1 Pterin-4a-carbinolamine dehydratas 4e-50 4.2.1.96 Tetrahydrobiopterin dehydratase 6e-34
[SCOP]
[EC]
[PIRKW]
               nucleus 6e-34
[PIRKW]
               carbon-oxygen lyase 6e-34
[PIRKW]
               homotetramer 6e-34
[PIRKW]
               hydro-lyase 6e-34
PIRKWI
               cytosol 6e-34
[PIRKW]
               acetylated amino end 6e-34
[PIRKW]
               homodimer 6e-34
[SUPFAM]
               pterin-4-alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase 6e-34
[PROSITE]
               MYRISTYL
               CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[KW]
               Alpha_Beta
[KW]
[KW]
               LOW COMPLEXITY
                                 14.62 %
SEQ
       MAAVLGALGATRRLLAALRGQSLGLAAMSSGTHRLIAEERNQAILDLKAAGWSELSERDA
       .xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx......
SEG
       ......CCCCRHHHHHHHHHHHHHCCEEECCCCE
ldchB
       IYKEFSFHNFNQAFGFMSRVALQAEKMNHHPEWFNVYNKVQITLTSHDCGELTKKDVKLA
SEQ
SEG
       ЕЕЕЕЕСССИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИНИН
1dchB
SEQ
       KFIEKAAASV
```

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_46k19.3

PS00005	11->14	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	32->35	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	56->59	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	113->116	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	56->60	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	105->109	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	113->117	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00008	6->12	MYRĪSTYL -	PD0C00008
PS00008	20->26	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_46k19.3)

DKFZphfkd2_46m4

group: signal transduction

DKFZphfkd2 46m4.3 encodes a novel 198 amino acid putative GTP-binding protein related to the SAR-1 family of Ras superfamily members.

SAR1 proteins are involved in vesicular transport between the endoplasmic reticulum and the Golgi apparatus.

The new protein can find clinical application in modulating the transport of vesicles to the Golgi Apparatus, thus enabling post-translational modifications of the vesicles contents. Blocking of the molecule is expected to result modulation/blocking of secretory pathways.

nearly identical to mouse GTP-binding protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /map="438.9 cR from top of Chr10 linkage group"

Insert length: 2996 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2969, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2958

1 ACATCCGGCG AGTAGCTGGC GGTCCCGGGT GCTGCTGGTT AGTGTGCTCT 51 GAGGGAGGGT CCGAGCCAGC CGCTGTTTTG CCGGAGGAGC CCCTCAGGCC 101 GTAGTAAGCA TTAATAATGT CTTTCATCTT TGAGTGGATC TACAATGGCT 151 TCAGCAGTGT GCTCCAGTTC CTAGGACTGT ACAAGAAATC TGGAAAACTT 201 GTATTCTTAG GTTTGGATAA TGCAGGCAAA ACCACTCTTC TTCACATGCT 251 CAAAGATGAC AGATTGGGCC AACATGTTCC AACACTACAT CCGACATCAG 301 AAGAGCTAAC AATTGCTGGA ATGACCTTTA CAACTTTTGA TCTTGGTGGG 351 CACGAGCAAG CACGTCGCGT TTGGAAAAAT TATCTCCCAG CAATTAATGG 401 GATTGTCTTT CTGGTGGACT GTGCAGATCA TTCTCGCCTC GTGGAATCCA 451 AAGTTGAGCT TAATGCTTTA ATGACTGATG AAACAATATC CAATGTGCCA 501 ATCCTTATCT TGGGTAACAA AATTGACAGA ACAGATGCAA TCAGTGAAGA 551 AAAACTCCGT GAGATATTTG GGCTTTATGG ACAGACCACA GGAAAGGGGA
601 ATGTGACCCT GAAGGAGCTG AATGCTCGCC CCATGGAAGT GTTCATGTGC
651 AGTGTGCTCA AGAGGCAAGG TTACGGCGAG GGTTTCCGCT GGCTCTCCCA 701 GTATATTGAC TGATGTTTGG ACGGTGAAAA TAAAAGAGTT TTACTTCTCT
751 GGACTGATCC TATTCACAGC TTCCTCATGA ACTTTTCTAA TAGAACAAGG 801 ATAGCTCTCC AACCATGTCT GGCGTTGAGA AGCCAAGAGT CTCTGTCAAC 851 TCTCTCATTG CCCAGTGGTG ACATGTGCTC TTCTCCACAC TGTTGGGAGG 901 TAATGCTGCC CCACGTGCTG GTGCAGGTCA GTATCCTGGG ACTTGGAAGC 951 TGGCAGGATT TGCCGGGTAA AGCTGTATGC CATCATGGGG CACCTGAAAA 1001 GAAAAACACG TCTCACCACT GTGGTTGATT CAAAAGAAAG TGATTCTATT 1051 TTTTAAAGAA AGCGTTGTTA ATGTAATTGG TATCCCTCCT AACTTTTTGA 1101 GTTCACAATT TACTTGGTCC AGAGTTTTCT ATTCTTTTTT TTTTTTTAAA 1151 CTAATGAATG ACATTTAGAT ACTTCATAAA ATTATGAACA GATATGGAGG 1201 CCAGAGCTCA TTTGGGTAAA CTTACTCCTG CTGAGTTAGC AGGTTGGTGA 1251 GAGAAGCTCC CCTGAGCTCA CCTGTCTCTC TGACTGCCTT GGAGTAGGTG 1301 GCATAACCTT GTGCACACAG AACTAGAAAA GGGGCAGAAC CCCGGCCTTG
1351 CAGTTGTGGC AGGTTTCCAC TGTGGTAAGC TAGGTTCATT CCTCATCAAG
1401 GAATGTGTAG CAGATTGTTC ACTGTGGAGG AGGTAATTAT AGAATGGGTT 1451 ATTGTTGTTA TTCTTACTCA TGAAGTTACA GATTTTAGCC AGTCTTTGCT 1501 TTTATACTTT TGTGAAATTT AATTTCTCTC TATAGCACCT TCCTTTTTCG 1551 TTTTCAGTTA TCAAAAGTGA CTTTGACCTC ATAAGAGAGT TGAGAACATC 1601 TCTCGTGTCA CATACTGCAG GTGCATCAGT TACTTTTGCA CAGATTCTAG 1651 GGGGACATTT TTCTGAATAG GAAGACAGGA CAAAGTTAAC AGCTTAAGGG 1701 CTCTTAATTC TGTGAGTTGA GGACTTAAAA GTATTGTAGC ATTTGTTTGG 1751 ATCCATGAAA AATGTATTCA GTGGGCTTTA AAATTTCCAT TTGCAGAATT 1801 TGGTCTCTCA GGCTGTTTGG GAGCTCTTTT TTTTACATTT TTTCTCCTTT 1851 GACACCTATT TTATTGGTGT TTAAAGTAAA GGTTAACATC TGTAGCTTTT 1901 CCAGGTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTGATATGAA ATTGTCTTTC TCCATTGCAG 1951 AAATAAGCTA GGGAAACACT AACCCAAAAA CTTTCTGTAG AGCTGTTCCT 2001 TTGGAGGCAG CATCACTTAT TGGCAGTAAA GACTCAGTAT AAAAGCACCA 2051 GCATCCCTAC TTGGGTGATG GGGATTAATT TTATAGCATT CCATTTTCCT 2101 AGTGCCACAT GTGAAATTGG ATTTTGATGA TCTTAATCTA TATTCTACCC 2151 TTATAATAAA AGATCAAAAG ATATATCTCC TATGAACAGA TTGGAGATAG 2201 GAGATGAAAA GTTGGGAGGA TGCCTTTATT CTAATGTGAG GGTAGGGAAA 2251 ATGTGGATAA CATTACTGGG GTGAAGGAGG CATTGTTCTT TAGTTGGAGT 2301 TCTCATTTTT ATTCTCCAGT ACTGACTTGT GGGGAAAGCA TACTTTTTCA 2351 CTGCCAGGTA CTGAATGCAG AGGCTCAGTG AAGTATATAT GTGGGAAGTG 2401 CATGCATTTC GTTTATTAGC AAACATAGCT GGATTAAGAC GAAGTTGTTG 2451 GTTTGGAAAG GGGTTAAAGC CTTAAGTGAA CAAATCTAGC TAACAGTGAA 2501 TGAACTAGGT AATATAACTT GCATATTTTT AATTTCCTTT GGTTAAAGGT 2551 CCCCCATACT TCTCTGTTCG GAGACATGAG AAGTATGATT ACTTCAGTGT

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

2601 TAGTTTTCTT AATTTTTTT TTCCCCTATT TGTCCCTTGT CACTTTGTTG 2651 CAAGCTAGAA ATCTGTGGGT TATACATAGG GCAGCTCTTT GCGAAAGTGG 2701 TTTATTCCAC TGGAGAAAGG GGATTGAAAA TCAGTTAGAA CCAATGTATT 2751 TCTTGCCCCA CGGAACACTA TTCCTATAAG ATAGCTGAAA GAAGCTGCTG 2801 TGAGGAGCTC AGCTCCAACA CAGGATCAGC ACCTTGTATA GGAATTCCCA 2851 TGAATTATGA CTTCTCATTC TGTTTTATCA GAGTGCATAT ATGTCCTACT 2901 TCAGGAAAAG TAAAACAGTC ATTTACGAAA GAAAGTCAAT CTGTATCCTA 2951 AGCATTTTAA TAAAAAGTTA AAACAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS679348 from database EMBL: human STS WI-16722. Length ≈ 265 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1242 (186.4 bits), Expect = 2.8e-50, P = 2.8e-50 Identities = 260/265 (98%)

Medline entries

94085558: Molecular analysis of SAR1-related cDNAs from a mouse pituitary cell line.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 117 bp to 710 bp; peptide length: 198 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MSFIFEWIYN GFSSVLQFLG LYKKSGKLVF LGLDNAGKTT LLHMLKDDRL 51 GQHVPTLHPT SEELTIAGMT FTTFDLGGHE QARRVWKNYL PAINGIVFLV 101 DCADHSRLVE SKVELNALMT DETISNVPIL ILGNKIDRTD AISEEKLREI

151 FGLYGQTTGK GNVTLKELNA RPMEVFMCSV LKRQGYGEGF RWLSQYID

BLASTP hits

Entry S39543 from database PIR: GTP-binding protein - mouse Length = 198 Score = 1029 (362.2 bits), Expect = 5.1e-104, P = 5.1e-104 Identities = 197/198 (99%), Positives = 198/198 (100%)

Entry SARA MOUSE from database SWISSPROT: GTP-BINDING PROTEIN SARA. Length = 198 Score = 1012 (356.2 bits), Expect = 3.2e-102, P = 3.2e-102 Identities = 195/198 (98%), Positives = 196/198 (98%)

Entry CEZK180_4 from database TREMBL: gene: "ZK180.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK180. Length = 193 Score = 679 (239.0 bits), Expect = 6.3e-67, P = 6.3e-67Identities = 125/197 (63%), Positives = 161/197 (81%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_46m4, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_46m4, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2 46m4.3

[LENGTH] 198 22367.00 [WW] [pI] 6.21

PIR:S39543 GTP-binding protein - mouse 1e-112 [HOMOL]

```
(S. cerevisiae, YPL218w)
                  08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
[FUNCAT]
1e-58 [FUNCAT]
                  30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
                                                                                             IS. cerevisiae.
YPL218w] 1e-58
                  06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YOR094w] 2e-23
[FUNCAT]
                  06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation,
[FUNCAT] 06.07 protein modification (5) palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YPLU51W 30-20 organization of golgi [S. cerevisiae, YDL192W] 3e-20 VRP1640
                                                          [S. cerevisiae, YPL051w] 4e-22
                  30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YBR164c] 3e-19
03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YMR138w] 2e-09
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                  30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YMR138w] 2e-09 98 classification not yet clear-cut [S. cerevisiae, YHR168w] 7e-05
(FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT]
                   30.02 organization of plasma membrane
                                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YHR005c] 1e-04
[FUNCAT]
                  30.07 organization of endoplasmatic reticulum
                                                                                   (S. cerevisiae, YKL154w)
[FUNCAT]
1e-04
                  03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
        [S. cerevisiae, YHR005c] le-04
[] 10.05.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YHR005c] le-04
[FUNCAT]
                  06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YKL154w]
[FUNCAT]
1e-04
[FUNCAT]
                  08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YML001w] 3e-04
                  BL00395A Alanine racemase pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site proteins
[BLOCKS]
                  BL01019B ADP-ribosylation factors family proteins
[BLOCKS]
                  BL01019A ADP-ribosylation factors family proteins
[BLOCKS]
                  BL01020D SARI family proteins
BL01020C SARI family proteins
BL01020B SARI family proteins
BL01020A SARI family proteins
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
                  BLUIUZUA SARI family proteins
dlplj____ 3.25.1.3.1 cH-p21 Ras protein [human (Homo sapiens) 7e-36
dlguaa___ 3.25.1.3.10 RaplA [Human (Homo sapiens) 8e-40
dlrrf___ 3.25.1.3.5 ADP-ribosylation factor 1 (ARF1) [rat (Rattu 2e-55
dlhurb__ 3.25.1.3.4 ADP-ribosylation factor 1 (ARF1) [human (Hom 1e-58
dlgota2 3.25.1.3.3 (1-54,171-326) Transducin (alpha subunit) [ra 2e-33
dltadb2 3.25.1.3.2 (1-30,152-316) Transducin (alpha subunit 6e-36
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
 [SCOP]
 [SCOP]
 [SCOP]
(SCOP)
[PIRKW]
                  glycoprotein 4e-19
(PIRKW)
                  monomer le-16
P-loop 3e-64
[PTRKW]
(PIRKW)
                  lipoprotein 4e-19
[PIRKW]
                  GTP binding 3e-64
(SUPFAM)
                  ADP-ribosylation factor 5e-22
[PROSITE]
                  ATP GTP A
                  MYRĪSTYL
[PROSITE]
                  SAR1 1
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                              3
[PROSITE]
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                              1
                  ADP-ribosylation factors (Arf family) (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
[PFAM]
(KW)
                  Alpha_Beta
(KW)
                  3 D
         MSFIFEWIYNGFSSVLQFLGLYKKSGKLVFLGLDNAGKTTLLHMLKDDRLGQHVPTLHPT
SEO
1hurA
         ......TTTTTCCCCEEEEEETTTTCHHHHHHHHHCCCCEEEEEEETTEE
SEO
         SEELTIAGMTFTTFDLGGHEQARRVWKNYLPAINGIVFLVDCADHSRLVESKVELNALMT
DETISNVPILILGNKIDRTDAISEEKLREIFGLYGQTTGKGNVTLKELNARPMEVFMCSV
SEO
         TTTTTTTEEEEEEETTTTTTCCHHHHHHHHCGG......
1hurA
SEO
         LKROGYGEGERWLSOYID
1hurA
                          Prosite for DKFZphfkd2 46m4.3
                          ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
              162->166
                                                        PDOC0001
                                                        PDOC00005
PS00005
               25->28
                            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                           PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
              158->161
                                                        PDOC00005
PS00005
              164->167
                                                        PDOC00005
                 60->64
                            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                        PD0C00006
PS00006
PS00006
                 72->76
                            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                        PDOC00006
                            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
              111->115
                                                        PD0C00006
                            CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
PS00006
              164->168
                                                        PD0C00006
PS00008
              32->38
                            MYRTSTYL
                                                        PDOC00008
                                                        PDOC00008
PS00008
                 68->74
                            MYRISTYL
              155->161
PS00008
                            MYRISTYL
                                                        PDOC00008
                32->40
                                                        PDOC00017
                            ATP_GTP_A
PS00017
              171->197
                            SARI
                                                        PDOC00782
PS01020
```

Pfam for DKFZphfkd2_46m4.3

HMM_NAME	ADP-ribosylation factors (Arf family) (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
нмм	*GMgWfsifrkmWGlWnKEMRILMLGLDNAGKTTILYMLKlgEIVTTIPT
Query	++ FS++++++GL++K++++++LGLDNAGKTT+L+MLK++++ +++PT 9 -YNGFSSVLQFLGLYKKSGKLVFLGLDNAGKTTLLHMLKDDRLGQHVPT 56
•	•
нмм	IGFNVETVeYKNIKFNVWDVGGQdsIRPYWRHYYPNTDGIIWVVDSaDRD +++++E++++ +++F+++D+GG++++R++W++Y P+++GI+++VD+AD++
Query	57 LHPTSEELTIAGMTFTTFDLGGHEQARRVWKNYLPAINGIVFLVDCADHS 106
нмм	RMeEaKqELHamLnEEELrDAPlLIFANKQDLPgAMSesEIREaLGLHeI
	R+ E+K+EL+A++++E ++++P+LI++NK+D+ +A+SE+++RE+ GL+ +
Query	107 RLVESKVELNALMTDETISNVPILILGNKIDRTDAISEEKLREIFGLYGQ 156
нмм	RCnRPWYIQMCCAVtGEGLYEGMDWLSNYInkRkK*
	+++ RP++++MC++++++G++EG++WLS+YI
Ouerv	157 TTGKGNVTLKELNARPMEVFMCSVLKROGYGEGFRWLSOYI 197

DKF2phfkd2_47a4

group: transcription factor

DKFZphfkd2_47a4.1 encodes a novel 280 amino acid protein with similarity to zinc finger proteins.

The new protein is a putative transcription factor with one C2H2 zinc fingers.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of genes controlled by this transcription factor.

similarity to C.elegans F46B6.7

potential frame shift at 1092, will be checked see BLASTX

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: map="7q31"

Insert length: 1756 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1737, no polyadenylation signal found

```
1 CCCTTTTCTT TTCTGCCGGG TAATGGCTGC TTCCAAGACC CAGGGGGCTG
 51 TCGCCCGAAT GCAGGAAGAC CGTGATGGGA GCTGCAGCAC AGTCGGGGGT
101 GTAGGTTATG GGGTAAGGAT TGTATCCTGG AGCCGCTTTC CCTGCCAGAA
 151 AGTCCAGGTG GCACCACCAC TTTAGAAGGT TCTCCATCTG TGCCTTGTAT 201 TTTCTGTGAA GAACATTTTC CTGTGGCTGA ACAAGACAAA CTTCTGAAGC
 251 ACATGATTAT TGAGCATAAG ATTGTCATAG CTGATGTCAA GTTGGTTGCT
301 GATTTCCAAA GGTACATTTT ATATTGGAGG AAAAGGTTCA CTGAACAGCC
 351 CATCACAGAT TITTGTAGTG TAATAAGAAT TAATTCCACT GCTCCATTTG
401 AAGAACAAGA GAATTATTTT TTGTTATGTG ACGTTTTACC AGAAGATAGA
 451 ATTCTTAGAG AAGAGCTTCA GAAACAGAGA CTGAGAGAAA TTCTGGAACA
 501 ACAGCAGCAA GAACGAAATG ATAACAATTT TCATGGCGTT TGTATGTTTT
 551 GCAATGAAGA ATTCCTTGGA AACAGATCTG TTATTTTGAA CCACATGGCC
 601 AGAGAACATG CTTTCAACAT TGGATTGCCA GACAACATTG TAAACTGCAA
 651 TGAATTTTTG TGTACATTAC AGAAAAAGCT TGACAATTTG CAGTGCTTGT
 701 ACTGTGAGAA GACCTTCAGG GGCAAAAATA CACTTAAAGA TCACATGAGG 751 AAAAAACAGC ATCGTAAGAT TAATCCTAAG AACAGAGAAT ATGACAGATT
 751 AAAAAACAGC ATCGTAAGAT TAATCCTAAG AACAGAGAT ATGACAGAT

801 TTATGTCATC AATTATTGG AACTTGGAAC ATCGTGGGAG GAAGTTCAGT

851 TGGAAGATGA TCGGGAGTTG CTGGACCATC AGGAAGATGA CTGGTCTGAT

901 TGGGAAGAAC ACCCTGCCTC TGCAGTCTGC TTATTTTGTG AAAAGCAAGC

951 AGAAACAATT GAGAAGTTGT ATGTCCACAT GGAGGATGCA CACGAATTTG
1001 ATCTTCTCAA AATAAAGTCA GAACTTGGAT TAAATTTCTA TCAGCAAGTG
1051 AAACTGGTCA ATTTTATTCG GAGGCAAGTT CACCAATGCA GATGATGGCT
1101 GCCATGTGAA GTTCAAATCC AAAGCAGACT TAAGAACTCA CATGGAAGAA
1151 ACTAAACACA CTTCGCTGCT CCCCGATAGA AAGACGTGGG ATCAACTGGA
1201 GTATTATTTT CCAACCTATG AAAATGACAC TCTCCTGTGT ACACTATCTG
1251 ACAGTGAAAG TGACCTGACA GCTCAGGAAC AAAATGAAAA TGTTCCCATC 1301 ATCAGTGAAG ATACATCTAA ACTGTATGCT TTGAAACAAA GCAGTATTTT
1351 GAACCAGTTG CTACTATAAG AGTACTTGAA AACCTAGAAG AAACTACCAC 1401 AGAAGCAATT TTTCATGTTT TTCTCCTATG AGACAGATAT GAAAGAACAA
1451 TTTAAATTTG AACATCAACA AAAGATTGGT CCTTGGTGAA ATAAACTTTT
1501 CAAAAATGAA TGTTCTTTTC AAAAAATAAA GTAGAAAAAT GCACTTACTA
1551 AGAACATGAA AAAAAATGA AGTAGGAAAA TAAGATGAAG ACTTTGTATT
1601 TTGGCTGTAA AGTTTTATTG TGTGATCATC TTAAATTATC TCACTTCATT
1751 AAAAAA
```

BLAST Results

Entry AC004112 from database EMBL:
Homo sapiens BAC clone RG313E03 from 7q31, complete sequence.
Score = 2660, P = 3.0e-241, identities = 534/535
> 10 exons

Entry AC004111 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens BAC clone RG103H13 from 7q31, complete sequence. Score = 598, P = 5.8e-17, identities = 128/137 1 exon

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 253 bp to 1092 bp; peptide length: 280 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MIIEHKIVIA DVKLVADFQR YILYWRKRFT EQPITDFCSV IRINSTAPFE
51 EQENYFLLCD VLPEDRILRE ELQKQRLREI LEQQQQERND NNFHGVCMFC
101 NEEFLGNRSV ILNHMAREHA FNIGLPDNIV NCNEFLCTLQ KKLDNLQCLY
151 CEXTFRGKNT LKDHMKKQH RKINPKNREY DRFYVINYLE LGKSWEEVQL
201 EDDRELLDHQ EDDWSDWEEH PASAVCLFCE KQAETIEKLY VHMEDAHEFD
251 LLKIKSELGL NFYQQVKLVN FIRRQVHQCR
```

BLASTP hits

```
Entry CEF46B6_6 from database TREMBLNEW:
product: "F46B6.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F46B6
>TREMBL:CEF46B6_6 product: "F46B6.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid
F46B6
Score = 630, P = 1.1e-61, identities = 123/289, positives = 183/289

Entry AF059531_1 from database TREMBLNEW:
gene: "PRMT3"; product: "protein arginine N-methyltransferase 3"; Homo
sapiens protein arginine N-methyltransferase 3 (PRMT3) mRNA, partial
cds. >TREMBL:AF059531_1 gene: "PRMT3"; product: "protein arginine
N-methyltransferase 3"; Homo sapiens protein arginine
N-methyltransferase 3 (PRMT3) mRNA, partial cds.
Score = 120, P = 1.5e-04, identities = 23/78, positives = 42/78

Entry YB9M_YEAST from database SWISSPROT:
34.7 KD PROTEIN IN SHM1-MRPL37 INTERCENIC REGION.
Score = 112, P = 4.6e-04, identities = 43/165, positives = 71/165
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfkd2_47a4, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_47a4, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2_47a4.1

```
[LENGTH]
            280
[ WW ]
             33921.94
             5.63
[pI]
            TREMBL:CEF46B6_5 gene: "F46B6.7"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F46B6 le-56
[HOMOL]
             BL01032B Protein phosphatase 2C proteins
(BLOCKS)
             BL00028 Zinc finger, C2H2 type, domain proteins
[BLOCKS]
             MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
             ZINC_FINGER_C2H2
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             CAMP PHOSPHO_SITE
                                1
[PROSITE]
             CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                3
[PROSITE]
             TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                2
             PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             ASN GLYCOSYLATION
             Zinc finger, C2H2 type
[PFAM]
             Alpha_Beta
[KW]
             LOW_COMPLEXITY
                             8.21 %
[KW]
      MIIEHKIVIADVKLVADFQRYILYWRKRFTEQPITDFCSVIRINSTAPFEEQENYFLLCD
SEQ
SEG
      PRD
      VLPEDRILREELQKQRLREILEQQQQERNDNNFHGVCMFCNEEFLGNRSVILNHMAREHA
SEO
       ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.....
SEG
      PRD
      FNIGLPDNIVNCNEFLCTLQKKLDNLQCLYCEKTFRGKNTLKDHMRKKQHRKINPKNREY
SEQ
```

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

SEG PRD	hcccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhecccccccc
SEQ	DRFYVINYLELGKSWEEVQLEDDRELLDHQEDDWSDWEEHPASAVCLFCEKQAETIEKLY
SEG	
PRD	ceeeeeeecccchhhhhhhhcchhhhhhccccccccccc
SEQ	VHMEDAHEFDLLKIKSELGLNFYQQVKLVNFIRRQVHQCR
SEG	
PRD	hhhhhhhhhhhhhhcchhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccc

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_47a4.1

PS00001	44->48	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	107->111	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	27->31	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	154->157	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	160->163	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	160->164	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	194->198	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	215->219	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	178->185	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	13->22	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	124->130	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00028	148->171	ZINC FINGER C2H2	PDOC00028

Pfam for DKFZphfkd2_47a4.1

HMM NAME	Zinc	finger,	C2H2	type
----------	------	---------	------	------

CpwPDCgKtFrrwsNLrRHMR..T.H C + C+KTFR + +L+ HMR H 148 CLY--CEKTFRGKNTLKDHMRKK-QH HMM

170 Query

DKF2phfkd2_4b6

group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2 4b6 encodes a novel 133 amino acid protein with similarity to Homo sapiens clone 25003 partial CDS.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

similarity to Homo sapiens clone 25003

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1936 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1916, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1890

1 GGGAGACTTG CAATGAAGTT AGAATGAACA GGAGGAGTCT GCAGCTTTTC 51 AGTGCCTGGG ATAACTATAG TTTAAAGATC ATTGTGTAAA ATAGGATTTT
101 TAGTCAGCAT GCATTGTTTT AAACCGACTA ACTGATAGCC TAAAACTTTA 151 TTTTTGCATT TTGCCAATCC TTGGAGTTTT GTTTTGCAGA ATTAAGAAAA 201 AAATGAATGT ATGATCATCT GAAAAGGGCT TTCTCTCAAT CCCACTTCAT 251 GGCATGACCT CTGCTGGATC ATTAGTTCTA GCCAGAGAAG TAGCAAAGGA 301 ACATGACGTC TGAGACCTCC CTTCCCTCAT CAGTGGGGCT GACTGAGCTG 351 GGGGCTTGAA GCCGGAGGTA ACCTTTCCTG TCGAATGTTT CTTTAGAGAA 401 TGGCAATGGT CTCTGCGATG TCCTGGGTCC TGTATTTGTG GATAAGTGCT 451 TGTGCAATGC TACTCTGCCA TGGATCCCTT CAGCACACTT TCCAGCAGCA 501 TCACCTGCAC AGACCAGAAG GAGGGACGTG TGAAGTGATA GCAGCACACC 551 GATGTTGCAA CAAGAATCGC ATTGAGGAGC GGTCACAAAC AGTAAAGTGT 551 CATGITECAA CHAGAATCGC ATTGAGGAGC GITCACAAA AGIAAAGGG 651 CCTCGATGCC TCCATAGTGA TTTGGAAAATG GTGGTGTGAG ATGGAGCCTT 701 GCCTAGAAGG AGAAGAATGT AAGACCACC CTGACAATTC TGGATGGATG 751 TGCGCAACAG GCAACAAAAT TAAGACCACG AGAATTCACC CAAGAACCTA 801 ACAGAAGCAT TTGTGGTAGT AAAGGAAAAC CAACCCTCTG GAAAATACAT 851 TTTGAGAATC TCAAACATCT CACATATATA CAAGCCAAAT GGATTTCTTA 901 CTTGCACTTT GACTGGCTAC CAGATAATCA CAGTGCGTTT AGTGTGTGTA 951 ACGAAATATC CTACAGTGAG AAGACACAGC GTTTTGGCAT CACCATGGAA 1001 AGTGGGCTTA AAAAAGGGTC TTCTCAGTGA AATTTTTGGG CATCATGAAG 1051 AACGATCAAC TATCTTCTAA TTTGAATCTA TAGTTACTTT GTACCATTTG
1101 AAATATATGT ATATATATAT ATATAATATT TTGAAATATT ATCTATTCTC 1151 TTCAAGAAT GAACAGTACC ACAGTTTGAG ACGGCTGGTG TACCCCTTTG 1201 AGTTTTGGT GTTTTGTTTG TTTTGTTTAGT CATTTCTTTT 1251 TCTAACGGCA AGGAAGATAT GTGCCCTTTT GAGAATTCAA GATGGCACTG 1301 ACACGGGAAG GCCAGCTACA GGTGGACTCC TGGAATTTGA GGCATCATAA
1351 TGATACTGAA TCAAGAACTT CCTTCTGCTT CTACCAGATG GCCCAAGGAA
1401 GCACATCGTC CTGTTTTATT GCTTTCTACC CTGTGCAATA TTAGCATGCA 1451 AGCTTGGCTT ACATAGTCAT ACTTTATATT CAATTGATAT ATAATAACCG 1501 TTCTAACCTC TTCCAGGAAA ATATTTTTAG AACTACTAGC TTTTCCACTT 1551 AGAAGAAAAT GAGGATTCTT AAGGGAGCCA CTCCACCATG CTATTAAGAC 1601 TCTGGCAGAG TTATGGGTAG GATATGGATC CCTACATGAA TAAGTCCTGT 1651 AAATACAATG TCTTAAGGCT TTGTATAGCT GTCCTAGACT GCAGAAATGT 1701 CCTCTGATTA AATCCAAAGT CTGGCATCGT TAACTACATA GTGCTGTAGC 1801 GAGTATTCAG GTCTCCTCTT GTGAGATAGG AAGGCCATGA AAACAATTAG 1851 ATTTCAAGAT GATCTATGTG ACCAAATGTT GGACAGCCCT ATTAAAGTGG 1901 ТАААСААСТТ СТТТСТАААА ААААААААА

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 400 bp to 798 bp; peptide length: 133 Category: similarity to unknown protein

Classification: no clue

1 MAMVSAMSWV LYLWISACAM LLCHGSLQHT FQQHHLHRPE GGTCEVIAAH 51 RCCNKNRIEE RSQTVKCSCL PGKVAGTTRN RPSCVDASIV IWKWWCEMEP 101 CLEGEECKTL PDNSGWMCAT GNKIKTTRIH PRT

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_4b6, frame 1

TREMBLNEW: AF131851_1 product: "Unknown"; Homo sapiens clone 25003 mRNA sequence, partial cds., N = 1, Score = 242, P = 1.7e-20

>TREMBLNEW:AF131851_1 product: "Unknown"; Homo sapiens clone 25003 mRNA sequence, partial cds. Length = 165

HSPs:

Score = 242 (36.3 bits), Expect = 1.7e-20, P = 1.7e-20 Identities = 44/89 (49%), Positives = 58/89 (65%)

42 GTCEVIAAHRCCNKNRIEERSQTVKCSCLPGKVAGTTRNRPSCVDASIVIWKWWCEMEPC 101 Ouerv: GTCE++ R ++ R QT +C+C G++AGTTR RP+CVDA I+ K WC+M PC 76 GTCEIVTLDRDSSQPRRTIARQTARCACRKGQIAGTTRARPACVDARIIKTKQWCDMLPC 135 Sbjct:

102 LEGEECKTLPDNSGWMCAT-GNKIKTTRI 129 Query: LEGE C L + SGW C G + IKTT +
136 LEGEGCDLLINRSGWTCTQPGGRIKTTTV 164 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKF2phfkd2_4b6, frame 1

Report for DKFZphfkd2_4b6.1

[LENGTH] 133 [WW] 15030.64 [pI] 8.49

[HOMOL] TREMBLNEW: AF131851_1 product: "Unknown"; Homo sapiens clone 25003 mRNA

sequence, partial cds. 4e-20 (KW) Alpha_Beta [KW] SIGNAL PEPTIDE 26

SEQ MAMVSAMSWVLYLWISACAMLLCHGSLQHTFQQHHLHRPEGGTCEVIAAHRCCNKNRIEE PRD

RSQTVKCSCLPGKVAGTTRNRPSCVDASIVIWKWWCEMEPCLEGEECKTLPDNSGWMCAT SEQ hhhhhcccccccccccccceeeeehhhhhhcccccccceeeec PRD

SEQ GNKIKTTRIHPRT cccccccccc

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfkd2_4b6.1)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_4b6.1)

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DKFZphfkd2_4c8
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group: kidney derived

DKFZphfkd2_4c8 encodes a novel 153 amino acid protein with partial similarity to huntington's associated protein HAPL.

The novel protein contains a leucine zipper involved in protein-protein interaction. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes.

similarity to KIAA0549 and HAP1

potential frame shift at Bp ~1350-1500 will be checked

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3182 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3162, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3135

```
1 GGGCTTCCCC CATAGAATTT TTCTTTTCAT TGCCCACTTT ACTGTTTTGG
 51 CTCCAGACTG TCGTTAAGAA TGTACAGCCT AATTCTGGTG TGTTTCGGGA
101 TATTCTTCTG TCCAGTATTC TGGAAGGGCG GGGAGGCATG GCAGCGTTTT
 151 ACTTGACGTT GATGGTGCTG TGAAGTCCAT TCTTTCCTCT GCAAGACTAC 201 TGACTATGCA GAAATTTATC GAAGCGGATT ATTATGAACT AGACTGGTAT
 251 TATGAAGAAT GCTCGGATGT TTTATGTGCT GAAAGAGTTG GCCAGATGAC
301 TAAGACATAT AATGACATAG ATGCTGTCAC TCGGCTTCTT GAGGAGAAAG
 351 AGCGGGATTT AGAATTGGCC GCTCGCATCG GCCAGTCGTT GTTGAAGAAG
401 AACAAGACCC TAACCGAGAG GAACGAGCTG CTGGAGGAGC AGGTGGAACA
 451 CATCAGGGAG GAGGTGTCTC AGCTCCGGCA TGAGCTGTCC ATGAAGGATG
 501 AGCTGCTTCA GTTCTACACC AGCGCAGCGG AGGAGAGTGA GCCCGAGTCC
 551 GTTTGCTCAA CCCCGTTGAA GAGGAATGAG TCGTCCTCCT CAGTCCAGAA
 601 TTACTTTCAT TTGGATTCTC TTCAAAAGAA GCTGAAAGAC CTTGAAGAGG
 651 AGAATGTTGT ACTTCGATCC GAGGCCAGCC AGCTGAAGAC AGAGACCATC
 701 ACCTATGAGG AGAAGGAGCA GCAGCTGGTC AATGACTGCG TGAAGGAGCT
 751 GAGGGATGCC AATGTCCAGA TTGCTAGTAT CTCAGAGGAA CTGGCCAAGA
 801 AGACGGAAGA TGCTGCCCGC CAGCAAGAGG AGATCACACA CCTGCTATCG
 851 CAAATAGTTG ATTTGCAGAA AAAGGCAAAA GCTTGCGCAG TGGAAAATGA
 901 AGAACTTGTC CAGCATCTGG GGGCTGCTAA GGATGCCCAG CGGCAGCTCA
 951 CAGCCGAGCT GCGTGAGCTG GAGGACAAGT ACGCAGAGTG CATGGAGATG
1001 CTGCATGAGG CGCAGGAGGA GCTGAAGAAC CTCCGGAACA AAACCATGCC
1051 CAATACCACG TCTCGGCGCT ACCACTCACT GGGCCTGTTT CCCATGGATT
1101 CCTTGGCAGC AGAGATTGAG GGAACGATGC GCAAGGAGCT GCAGTTGGAA
1151 GAGGCCGAGT CTCCAGACAT CACTCACCAG AAGCGTGTCT TTGAGACAGT
1201 AAGAAACATC AACCAGGTTG TCAAGCAGAG ATCTCTGACC CCTTCTCCCA
1251 TGAACATCCC CGGCTCCAAC CAGTCCTCGG CCATGAACTC CCTCCTGTCC
1301 AGCTGCGTCA GCACCCCCG GTCCAGCTTC TACGGCAGCG ACATAGGCAA
1351 CGTCGTCCTC GACAACAAGA CCAACAGCAT CATTCTGGAA ACAGAGGCAG
1401 CCGACCTGGG AAACGATGAG CGGAGTAAGA AGCCGGGGAC GCCGGGCACC
1451 CCCAGGCTCC CACGACCTGG AGACGGCGCT GAGGCGGCTG TCCCTGCGCC
1501 GGGAGAACTA CCTCTCGGAG AGGAGGTTCT TTGAGGAGGA GCAAGAGAGG
1551 AAGCTCCAGG AGCTGGCGGA GAAGGGCGAG CTGCGCAGCG GCTCCCTCAC
1601 ACCCACTGAG AGCATCATGT CCCTGGGCAC GCACTCCCGC TTCTCCGAGT
1651 TCACCGGCTT CTCTGGCATG TCCTTCAGCA GCCGCTCCTA CCTGCCTGAG
1701 AAGCTCCAGA TCGTGAAGCC GCTGGAAGGT GATCACGCGG GGCCTCGGCC
1751 CCTCTCTGTC CTCCTGGGGG ACTCCCTTTG GTCCCTGATC CACCTGCGGA
1801 AGGCGGGCA CCTCTGTCAC GCCTACTCCT TTTTCTTCCG CGACAGCCAC
1851 CCGCGCTGCT GGTTTGAGTT CCTCTGAGGG TGGTGCTCAG CCTAGGCCTC
1901 CGTCCCTCCC CTCTGGCTGG CAGGTGTGAC AATGCACACA TAGGCCATGA
1951 AACTCGCCGA GGAAAGACAA GCATGTGCAC TGTGGTCTTC TAGTTCTTTC
2001 CTTTGCCTTT AGAACCTTAG AAATAAAAAC TTTTGTGGCG GTAGAGGCAC
2051 TGCTAACTGA TTCAAAAATT AATTAGGTTT TGCCTGTGGG TGTGAGGAAT
2101 GCAGAAAATT AATGCTTTAG CTTTTCTGCA GTTTTGGTGT CGGGGAGAGG
2151 TTCCAAGCAA ACTCTATTAA ATGGGGATTT TTTTTTCCCC ATAACCACCT
2201 GAATGTGATT TGTGGGCTTA TGTGTTCTGA TTTGAACTTC ATATAGCAAG
2251 GTTGTGGCTT TTGGCAGATG CAGTATGTTC TGAGCGCGGC TCCTAGAGTC
2501 CTTATAAAAT GTTTTCCCTC TACCTGCTGC TACTCTGCCA AGAGCCACCA
2551 AGTGCTTATA TTTTTCATTT TTTACTCCTT TAGTTTGGAA AGCCATATAC
2601 GTTTGAGAAG GTGTTTTAAA ACTCTGTGTT ACACTTACGA TGCAAAGCCA
2651 AATCAGAACT TCTGTAAGGC AGAACTTTCC CAACTTTAAA AAAATTATTG
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PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

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2701 TCCCCTCTAG GAGCCTTCTT AGACGTTTTT TCCTAATCAC CCCCCAAAGA
2751 CATTTTAATA CCACATATAT ATTGTTTATG TACTATATGT ATATACATAA
2801 ACAATACATA AGCAATACAT CTGTGGTATT AAAATTAAAA AGAATCCAAT
2851 TATGTTTACC TCAAAAGAAC CTGTTTTTGC TTCTTGGGAG CAATATTGCC 2901 CCTGTGAGAC TGCATGCTAT AAGGTAAGGT TGTGCTTGTT AAAGACCCAA
2951 GACATGACTG GGTTCCACAG TCTCCAAAGG AAGAGGGTGG GCTAGTTTGT
3001 TTTTATTATT ATTTTAAAAT TGTATAATTG GGGTCTTTCT TAGAGTTCAG
3051 AAAAGGTATA GCTTACTCTT TTTTAATTGT TTATTTAGTT GTAAGCTTAG
3101 TGATTGTTT CTGATCCACA TTGTGTGTGT TCTTCAATAA AATCTTTCAT
3151 ТТСТССААТТ ТТААААААА АААААААААА АА
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 206 bp to 1531 bp; peptide length: 442 Category: similarity to known protein Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: LEUCINE_ZIPPER (139-161)

- 1 MQKFIEADYY ELDWYYEECS DVLCAERVGQ MTKTYNDIDA VTRLLEEKER 51 DLELAARIGO SLLKKNKTLT ERNELLEEQV EHTREEVSQL RHELSMKDEL 101 LQFYTSAAEE SEPESVCSTP LKRNESSSSV QNYFHLDSLQ KKLKDLEEEN 151 VVLRSEASQL KTETITYEEK EQQLVNDCVK ELRDANVQIA SISEELAKKT 201 EDAARQQEEI THLLSQIVDL QKKAKACAVE NEELVQHLGA AKDAQRQLTA 251 ELRELEDKYA ECMEMLHEAQ EELKNLRNKT MPNTTSRRYH SLGLFPMDSL 301 AAEIEGTMRK ELQLEEAESP DITHQKRVFE TVRNINQVVK QRSLTPSPMN 351 IPGSNQSSAM NSLLSSCVST PRSSFYGSDI GNVVLDNKTN SIILETEAAD
- 401 LGNDERSKKP GTPGTPRLPR PGDGAEAAVP APGELPLGEE VL

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phfkd2_4c8, frame 2

PIR:S72555 huntingtin-associated protein HAP1 - human (fragment), N = 1, Score = 234, P = 8.6e-19

TREMBL:CEUT27A3 7 gene: "T27A3.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T27A3., N = 1, Score = 226, P = 9.9e-16

PIR:S67495 huntingtin-associated protein HAP1-A - rat, N = 1, Score = 215, P = 1.6e-14

>PIR:S72555 huntingtin-associated protein HAP1 - human (fragment) Length = 320

HSPs:

Score = 234 (35.1 bits), Expect = 8.6e-19, P = 8.6e-19Identities = 66/189 (34%), Positives = 110/189 (58%)

109 EESEPESVCSTPLKRNE--SSSSVQNYFH---LDSLQKKLKDLEEENVVLRSEASQLKTE 163 EE+E + C+ P + S ++ + H L++LQ+KL+ LEEEN LR EASQL T Query: 28 EEAEEDLQCAHPCDAPKLISQEALLHQHHCPQLEALQEKLRLLEEENHQLREEASQLDT- 86 Sbict:

164 TITYEEKEQQLVNDCVKELRDANVQIASISEELAKKTEDAARQQEEITHLLSQIVDLQKK 223 Ouerv:

E++EQ L+ +CV++ +A+ Q+A +SE L + E+ RQQ+E+ L +Q++ LQ++

87 ---LEDEEQMLILECVEQFSEASQQMAELSEVLVLRLENYERQQQEVARLQAQVLKLQQR 143 Sbjct:

224 AKACAVENEELVQHLGAAKDAQRQLTAE--LRELEDKYAECME--MLHEAQEELKNL-RN 278 Ouerv: E E+L + L + K+ Q QL E L ++ AE + +

Sbjct: 144 CRMYGAETEKLQKQLASEKEIQMQLQEETLPGFQETLAEELRTSLRRMISDPVYFMERN 203

Query: 279 KTMP--NTTSRRY 289 MP +T+S RY Sbjct: 204 YEMPRGDTSSLRY 216

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 1416 bp to 1874 bp; peptide length: 153 Category: similarity to known protein Classification: unset

- 1 MSGVRSRGRR APPGSHOLET ALRRLSLRRE NYLSERRFFE EEQERKLQEL
- 51 AEKGELRSGS LTPTESIMSL GTHSRFSEFT GFSGMSFSSR SYLPEKLQIV
- 101 KPLEGDHAGP RPLSVLLGDS LWSLIHLRKA GHLCHAYSFF FRDSHPRCWF
- 151 EFI

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_4c8, frame 3

TREMBL:AB011121_1 gene: "KIAA0549"; product: "KIAA0549 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0549 protein, partial cds., N=1, Score = 252, P=5.5e-21

>TREMBL:AB011121 1 gene: "KIAA0549"; product: "KIAA0549 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0549 protein, partial cds.

Length = 469

HSPs:

Score = 252 (37.8 bits), Expect = 5.5e-21, P = 5.5e-21 Identities = 57/98 (58%), Positives = 69/98 (70%)

Query: 8 GRRAPPGSHDLETALRRLSLRRENYLSERRFFEEEQERKLQELAEKGELRSGSLTPTESI 67
G+ P G DL TAL RLSLRR+NYLSE++FF EE +RK+Q LA++ E SG +TPTES+
Sbjct: 27 GQPGPSGDSDLATALHRLSLRRQNYLSEKQFFAEEWQRKIQVLADQKEGVSGCVTPTESL 86

Query: 68 MSLGTHSRFSEFTGFSGMSFSSRSYLPEKLQIVKPLEG 105
SL T SE T S R ++PEKLQIVKPLEG
Sbjct: 87 ASLCTTQ--SEITDLSSAS-CLRGFMPEKLQIVKPLEG 121

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_4c8, frame 2

Report for DKFZphfkd2_4c8.2

```
442
(LENGTH)
                    50020.14
[WW]
                    4.77
[pI]
                    TREMBL:AF040723 1 product: "neuroanl"; Homo sapiens neuroanl mRNA, complete
[HOMOL]
cds. 5e-29
[FUNCAT]
                    08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
                                                                                           [S. cerevisiae, YDL058w]
5e-08
                    30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YIL149c] 5e-08
30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YDL058w] 5e-08
03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YIL138c]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
6e-08
                                                            [S. cerevisiae, YGR130c] 2e-07
[S. cerevisiae, YDR356w] 1e-06
[FUNCAT]
                    99 unclassified proteins
                    09.10 nuclear biogenesis
[FUNCAT]
                    03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YDR356w] le-06 l genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair
(FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT]
jannaschii, MJ1643] le-06
[FUNCAT] 08.22 cytoskeleton-dependent transport
                                                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YHR023w MY01 -
myosin-1 isoform] 3e-06
[FUNCAT] 03.25 cytokinesis
                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YHR023w MY01 - myosin-1 isoform] 3e-06
                    11.04 dna repair (direct repair, base excision repair and nucleotide excision
[FUNCAT]
                    [S. cerevisiae, YKR095w] 4e-06
30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKR095w] 4e-06
03.13 meiosis [S. cerevisiae, YNL250w] 2e-05
repair)
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                    03.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YNL250w] 2e-05
```

```
[FUNCAT]
                            08.99 other intracellular-transport activities
                                                                                                                            [S. cerevisiae, YNL079c]
5e-05
 [FUNCAT]
                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YNL079c] 5e-05
                            03.01 cell growth
 [FUNCAT]
                           03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
              [S. cerevisiae, YNL079c] 5e-05
10.05.99 other pheromone response activities
 [FUNCAT]
                                                                                                                            (S. cerevisiae, YHR158c)
1e-04
                           30.13 organization of chromosome structure [S. cerevisiae, YDR285w] le-04 30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles [S. cerevisiae,
 [FUNCAT]
 [FUNCAT]
 YNL272c] 3e-04
[FUNCAT]
                           08.16 extracellular transport
                                                                                                (S. cerevisiae, YNL272c) 3e-04
 [BLOCKS]
                           BL01289B
 [BLOCKS]
                           BL00415M Synapsins proteins
 (EC)
                            3.6.1.32 Myosin ATPase 2e-07
 [PIRKW]
                            tandem repeat 2e-07
 [PIRKW]
                           heterodimer 1e-06
 (PIRKW)
                           endocytosis 9e-07
 (PIRKW)
                           heart le-06
 (PIRKW)
                            transmembrane protein 4e-07
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                           zinc finger 9e-07
(PIRKW)
                           metal binding 9e-07
 [PTRKW]
                           DNA binding 3e-06
                           muscle contraction 2e-07 acetylated amino end 3e-06
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
                           actin binding 2e-07
                           mitosis 1e-06
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
                           microtubule binding 1e-06
 [PIRKW]
                           ATP 2e-07
                           chromosomal protein 1e-06 receptor 3e-08
 (PIRKW)
 [PIRKW]
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                            thick filament 2e-07
 [PIRKW]
                           phosphoprotein 8e-06
 [PIRKW]
                           glycoprotein 3e-08
 [PIRKW]
                           skeletal muscle 3e-06
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                           DNA condensation 1e-06
 PIRKWI
                           alternative splicing 2e-06 coiled coil 2e-07
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
                           P-loop 2e-07
heptad repeat 4e-07
 [PIRKW]
 [PIRKW]
                           methylated amino acid 2e-07
                           peripheral membrane protein 9e-07
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 [PIRKW]
                           cardiac muscle 6e-06
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                           hydrolase 2e-07
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                           cytoskeleton 2e-06
 [PIRKW]
                           Golgi apparatus 4e-07
                           calmodulin binding 9e-07
 [PIRKW]
 [SUPFAM]
                           myosin motor domain homology 2e-07
                           tropomyosin TPM1 2e-06
 [SUPFAM]
[SUPFAM]
                           giantin 4e-07
                           protein kinase C zinc-binding repeat homology 2e-06
human early endosome antigen 1 9e-07
 (SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
                           unassigned kinesin-related proteins 4e-07 M5 protein 8e-08
[SUPFAM]
[SUPFAM]
[SUPFAM]
                           cytoskeletal keratin 3e-06
[SUPFAM]
                           myosin heavy chain 2e-07
 [SUPFAM]
                           conserved hypothetical P115 protein 1e-06
 [SUPFAM]
                           centromere protein E 1e-06
 (SUPFAM)
                           pleckstrin repeat homology 2e-06
[SUPFAM]
                           kinesin motor domain homology 4e-07
[PROSITE]
                           LEUCINE ZIPPER 1
[KW]
                           All_Alpha
LOW COMPLEXITY
                                                            6.79 %
27.15 %
(KW)
(KW)
                           COILED_COIL
SEQ
             MQKFIEADYYELDWYYEECSDVLCAERVGQMTKTYNDIDAVTRLLEEKERDLELAARIGQ
SEG
                                                        .....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD
             COILS
SEO
             SLLKKNKTLTERNELLEEQVEHIREEVSQLRHELSMKDELLQFYTSAAEESEPESVCSTP
SEG
             PRD
COILS
             LKRNESSSSVQNYFHLDSLQKKLKDLEEENVVLRSEASQLKTETITYEEKEQQLVNDCVK
SEO
SEG
             որորդություն անագրագրեր անդարան անդարան
PRD
             COILS
```

```
ELRDANVQIASISEELAKKTEDAARQQEEITHLLSQIVDLQKKAKACAVENEELVQHLGA
SEQ
SEG
     PRD
COILS
     {\tt AKDAQRQLTAELRELEDKYAECMEMLHEAQEELKNLRNKTMPNTTSRRYHSLGLFPMDSL}
SEO
SEG
PRD
     COILS
     AAEIEGTMRKELQLEEAESPDITHQKRVFETVRNINQVVKQRSLTPSPMNIPGSNQSSAM
SEQ
SEG
PRD
     COILS
SEQ
     NSLLSSCVSTPRSSFYGSDIGNVVLDNKTNSIILETEAADLGNDERSKKPGTPGTPRLPR
SEG
PRD
     COILS
SEQ
     PGDGAEAAVPAPGELPLGEEVL
SEG
PRD
     cccccccccccccccc
COILS
                Prosite for DKFZphfkd2 4c8.2
PS00029
               LEUCINE_ZIPPER
                                PD0C00029
        139->161
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_4c8.2)
         Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_4c8, frame 3
                Report for DKFZphfkd2_4c8.3
[LENGTH]
          153
           17642.03
[MW]
           9.38
[pI]
[HOMOL]
          TREMBL:AB011121_1 gene: "KIAA0549"; product: "KIAA0549 protein"; Homo sapiens
mRNA for KIAA0549 protein, partial cds. 2e-12
          Alpha_Beta
[KW]
          LOW_COMPLEXITY
                        12.42 %
     MSGVRSRGRRAPPGSHDLETALRRLSLRRENYLSERRFFEEEQERKLQELAEKGELRSGS
SEO
SEG
                       PRD
     LTPTESIMSLGTHSRFSEFTGFSGMSFSSRSYLPEKLQIVKPLEGDHAGPRPLSVLLGDS
SEO
SEG
     ccccceeecccccccccccchhhhhhhhcccccccceeeeeccc
PRD
SEQ
     LWSLIHLRKAGHLCHAYSFFFRDSHPRCWFEFL
SEG
PRD
     chhhhhhhhccccceeeeecccccccc
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphfkd2_4c8.3)
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_4c8.3)

DKFZphfkd2_4k14

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphfkd2_4kl4.3 encodes a novel 254 amino acid putative GTP-binding protein nearly identical to Rab6.

Rab proteins are members of the Ras superfamily of GTPases. Rab proteins are localised to the cytoplasmic side of organelles and vesicles involved in the secretory (biosynthetic) and endocytotic pathways in eukaryotic cells. Rab proteins direct the targeting and fusion of transport vesicles to their acceptor membranes. rab6 is a ubiquitous ras-like GTPase involved in intra-Golgi transport.

The new protein can find application in modulating the transport of vesicles inside the Golgi apparatus.

strong similarity to Rab6

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3084 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3061, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3043

1 GGGGCACTCA GCAGGTTGGG CTGCGGCGGC GGCGGCTGGG GAAGCCGAAG 51 CGCCGCGCT GAGAGATCCC GGATACATCT GCGGTTTGGG CTCCGCCACC 101 CTCCGTCTCT CTCCCGCAGG TCTCTGAGCC GGGTGCGGAA GGAGGGAACG 151 GCCCTAGCCT TGGGAAGCCA AAGCACACCC CTGGCTCCCG CCGACACCGC 201 CCTCCTTCCC TTCCCAGCCG CGGGCCTCGC TCCGTGCTCG GCTACTCTGC 251 CGGGAGGCGG CGGCGGCTGC CAGTCTGTGG CGAGCCCTGC TGCCCTCCAG 301 CCGGGCTTCT CCAGCCGGC TCCTCCACCG GCCCTTGCAG GGGCACAGAG
351 AGCTCGGCGC CCGCCCTTCC GCTCGCCTTT TTCGTCAGCC GGCTGGAGGA 401 GCATCGGTCC GGGAGGTCTC TGGGCTGAGG CGGCGACAGC TCCTCTAGTT 451 CCACCATGTC CGCGGGCGGA GACTTCGGGA ATCCGCTGAG GAAATTCAAG 501 CTGGTGTTCC TGGGGGAGCA AAGCGTTGCA AAGACATCTT TGATCACCAG 551 ATTCAGGTAT GACAGTTTTG ACAACACCTA TCAGGCAATA ATTGGCATTG 601 ACTITITATC AAAAACTATG TACTTGGAGG ATGGAACAAT CGGGCTTCGG 651 CTGTGGGATA CGGCGGGTCA GGAACGTCTC CGTAGCCTCA TTCCCAGGTA 701 CATCCGTGAT TCTGCTGCAG CTGTAGTAGT TTACGATATC ACAAATGTTA 751 ACTCATTCCA GCAAACTACA AAGTGGATTG ATGATGTCAG AACAGAAAGA 801 GGAAGTGATG TTATCATCAC GCTAGTAGGA AATAGAACAG ATCTTGCTGA 851 CAAGAGGCAA GTGTCAGTTG AGGAGGGAGA GAGGAAAGCC AAAGGGCTGA 901 ATGTTACGTT TATTGAAACT AGGGCAAAAA CTGGATACAA TGTAAAGCAG 951 CTCTTTCGAC GTGTAGCAGC AGCTTTGCCG GGAATGGAAA GCACACAGGA 1001 CGGAAGCAGA GAAGACATGA GTGACATAAA ACTGGAAAAG CCTCAGGAGC 1051 AAACAGTCAG CGAAGGGGGT TGTTCCTGCT ACTCTCCCAT GTCATCTTCA
1101 ACCCTTCCTC AGAAGCCCCC TTACTCTTTC ATTGACTGCA GTGTGAATAT 1151 TGGCTTGAAC CTTTTCCCTT CATTAATAAC GTTTTGCAAT TCATCATTGC 1201 TGCCTGTCTC GTGGAGGTGA TCTATTAGCT TCACAAGCAC AAAAAAAGTC 1251 AGCGTCTTCA TTATTTATAT TTTACAAAAA GCCAAATTAT TTCAGCATAT 1301 TCCGGTGATA ACTTTAAAAA TTAGATACAT TTTCTTAACA TTTTTTTCTT 1351 TTTTAATGTT ATGATAATGT ACTTCAAAAT GATGGAAATC TCAACAGTAT 1401 GAGTATGGCT TGGTTAACGA GCAGTATGTT CACAGCCTGC TTTATCTCTC 1451 CTTGCTCTTC TCACCTCTCC CTTACCCCGT TCCCTATTTC CGTGTTCTTA 1501 CCTAGCCTCC CCCCACTTCC TCAAAACAAA CAAGAGATGG CAAAGCAGCA 1551 GTCCGACCAA GCCCACTGGA ATTATCCTTT AATTTTACAG ATACCACTTG 1601 CTGTAGGCTG TGGACCAAGA TGTCCAGAAT TATTCTTGAG CACTGATGTA 1651 AATTACTTAG ATCTTCTTTG AGGTCAGAAT TCAGCGATCA CGGTAGGCAG 1701 TGCTTGAATG AGAAAAGCCT CCTGGTGCAT CTTCAAAATG AGTCCTAAAG 1751 AACATACTGA GTACTTATAA GTAGCAGAAC ATAAAATGTA TTTCTGACTA 1801 ACACAAATGG TCCTTTCACA TGTGCTTTAT TAGACTCTGG GAGAGAAAAG 1851 TAACCAAGTG CTTCAGAACA GGTTTTTAGT ATTTACTTCT TCATGGTAAG 1901 ATAATGAAGT TCTAATGAAC TATTTCTCCC AAGGTTTTAA AATTGTCAAG 1951 AGTTATTCTG TTTGTTTAAA AAGTAAGAAA CCTCTGTAAG CAATAGATTT 2001 TGCTTGGGTT TTCTTTCTTA AAAAAATAAT ACTATGCAGG CAAGACACCA 2051 TAAAAGTTTA ATTCCTTACA GAAGAACCAG TGGAAGAATT TAAATTTGGC 2101 ACTACGATCA AAACTACTGA ATTAGCAGAA ATAACGATAT CTAAAGCTTA 2151 CCAGCAAAAG AACCCTCAGC AGAATAGCAA AAACTTTGCT CAGGACATTT 2201 GAGGTCAAAT TGAAGACGGA AGACGGAAAC CGGAAACCGT TTTCTTGTAA 2251 GCCCCTAGAG GCAGATCAGG TAAGCATACA TAGTAGAGGG AAAGGAGAGA 2301 ATGGAAATAA AACTGAATAT TATGCAGATT TATGCCTTAT TTTTTAGCAT 2351 TTTTTAAGGT TGGGTCTTTC AGGCTGGTTT TGGTTTGTAT TAGATCTGTA 2401 TAGTTTAGTG ATTTAGTTTT ATATTTAAGC TACGATTAAT ATTTTTTCTT 2451 TGGCGATATT TCTTTGCTTT TTTTTTTTAA CAACTTTCCA TTTTTAGATG

2501 TTTCGTTGAA TCTATTTAGA GCTTCACCAT GGCAATATGT ATTTCCCTTA 2551 AAACACTGCA AACAAATATA CTAGGAGTGT GCCCTTTTAA TCTTTACTAG 2601 TTATTGTGAG ACTGCTGTGT AAGCTAATAA ACACATTTGT AAAAACATTG 2651 TTTGCAGGAA GAAAACTTCG AGTTACAGGT CAGGAAAAGC CTGCTGAATT 2701 TATGTTGTAA ACGTTACTTA ACACAGTATA AAGATGAAAA GACAACAAAA 2751 GTATCTTCAT ACTTCCTCAT CCCCTCATTG CAACAAAACC TTAAACTGGG 2801 AGAACCTTAG TCCCCTCTT TTCCTCTTCC TCCTCCACTT CCCACTTATT 2851 GCCACTTTGT AATATTCAGA GAGCACTTGG ATTATGGATC TGAATAGAGA 2901 AATGCTTACA GATAATCATT AGCCCACATA CCAGTAACTT ATACTTAAAG 2951 ATGGGATGGA GTTATAAAGT GCTTTTATAA TCCAATATAA TTGCTAAAGG 3001 CAAGGGTTGA CTCTTTGTTT TATTTTGACA TGGCATGTCC TGAAATAAAT 3051 ATTGGTTCAC TATGAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

98382468: Rab proteins.

97203146:

GTP-bound forms of rab6 induce the redistribution of Golgi proteins into the endoplasmic reticulum.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 456 bp to 1217 bp; peptide length: 254 Category: strong similarity to known protein

Classification: unset

Prosite motifs: BACTERIAL_OPSIN_RET (45-57)

- 1 MSAGGDFGNP LRKFKLVFLG EQSVAKTSLI TRFRYDSFDN TYQAIIGIDF
- 51 LSKTMYLEDG TIGLRLWDTA GQERLRSLIP RYIRDSAAAV VVYDITNVNS
- 101 FQQTTKWIDD VRTERGSDVI ITLVGNRTDL ADKRQVSVEE GERKAKGLNV 151 TFIETRAKTG YNVKQLFRRV AAALPGMEST QDGSREDMSD IKLEKPQEQT
- 201 VSEGGCSCYS PMSSSTLPQK PPYSFIDCSV NIGLNLFPSL ITFCNSSLLP
- 251 VSWR

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2 4k14, frame 3

PIR:G34323 GTP-binding protein Rab6 - human, N = 1, Score = 944, P = 6.5e-95

TREMBL:CET25G12_2 gene: "T25G12.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T25G12., N = 1, Score = 756, P = 5.4e-75

TREMBL:NTNTRAF_1 gene: "Nt-rab6"; Nicotiana tabacum SR1 Nt-rab6 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 698, P = 7.6e-69

TREMBL: 0.04314_1 product: "rab6"; Drosophila melanogaster mRNA for rab6, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 836, P = 1.9e-83

PIR:T01588 small GTP-binding protein F16B22.10 - Arabidopsis thaliana, N=1, Score = 704, P=1.8e-69

>PIR:G34323 GTP-binding protein Rab6 - human Length = 208

Score = 944 (141.6 bits), Expect = 6.5e-95, P = 6.5e-95 Identities = 186/208 (89%), Positives = 190/208 (91%)

```
1 MSAGGDFGNPLRKFKLVFLGEQSVAKTSLITRFRYDSFDNTYQAIIGIDFLSKTMYLEDG 60
Query:
               MS GGDFGNPLRKFKLVFLGEQSV KTSLITRF YDSFDNTYQA IGIDFLSKTMYLED
Sbjct:
             1 MSTGGDFGNPLRKFKLVFLGEQSVGKTSLITRFMYDSFDNTYQATIGIDFLSKTMYLEDR 60
           61 TIGLRLWDTAGQERLRSLIPRYIRDSAAAVVVYDITNVNSFQQTTKWIDDVRTERGSDVI 120
T+ L+LWDTAGQER RSLIP YIRDS AVVVYDITNVNSFQQTTKWIDDVRTERGSDVI
61 TVRLQLWDTAGQERFRSLIPSYIRDSTVAVVVYDITNVNSFQQTTKWIDDVRTERGSDVI 120
Query:
Sbict:
          121 ITLVGNRTDLADKRQVSVEEGERKAKGLNVTFIETRAKTGYNVKQLFRRVAAALPGMEST 180
Ouerv:
               I LVGN+TDLADKROVS+EEGERKAK LNV FIET AK GYNVKQLFRRVAAALPGMEST
          121 IMLVGNKTDLADKRQVSIEEGERKAKELNVMFIETSAKAGYNVKQLFRRVAAALPGMEST 180
Sbict:
          181 QDGSREDMSDIKLEKPQEQTVSEGGCSC 208
Query:
               QD SREDM DIKLEKPQEQ VSEGGCSC
          181 QDRSREDMIDIKLEKPQEQPVSEGGCSC 208
Sbjct:
```

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_4k14, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_4k14.3

```
(LENGTH)
                     254
                      28385.29
(MW)
[Iq]
                      7.58
                     PIR:G34323 GTP-binding protein Rab6 - human 1e-102 08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
[HOMOL]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                    (S. cerevisiae, YLR262c)
7e-60
                      30.08 organization of golgi [S. cerevisiae, YLR262c] 7e-60 30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                               [S. cerevisiae,
YOR089c] 2e-33
(FUNCAT)
                      08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YOR089c] 2e-33
(FUNCAT)
                      08.13 vacuolar transport [S. cerevisiae, YOR089c] 2e-33
[FUNCAT]
                      06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YOR089c]
2e-33
[FUNCAT]
                      09.09 biogenesis of intracellular transport vesicles
                                                                                                               (S. cerevisiae,
YGL210w] 3e-28
[FUNCAT]
                      30.02 organization of plasma membrane
                                                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YFL005w] 8e-27
[FUNCAT]
                      03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YFL005w]
Be-27
[FUNCAT]
                      01.05.04 regulation of carbohydrate utilization
                                                                                                    (S. cerevisiae, YOR101w)
2e-21
[FUNCAT]
                      11.10 cell death
                                                      [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 2e-21
                      01.03.13 regulation of nucleotide metabolism
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                    [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w]
2e-21
[FUNCAT]
                     30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                                                             [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 2e-21
                     03.99 other cell growth, cell division and dna synthesis activities
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                                                                      ſS.
cerevisiae, YOR101w] 2e-21
[FUNCAT] 10.04.07 g-proteins
                     10.04.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 2e-21
03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 6e-19
11.01 stress response [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 6e-19
03.10 sporulation and germination [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 6e-19
04.07 rna transport [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 6e-16
30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 6e-16
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
FUNCATI
[FUNCAT]
                                                               [S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 6e-16
[S. cerevisiae, YOR185c] 6e-16
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                     08.01 nuclear transport
                     30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YPR165w] 4e-13 10.02.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YPR165w] 4e-13
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                     10.99 other signal-transduction activities [S. cerevisiae, YCR027c] 2e-09 10.05.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YLR229c] 8e-08 03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
          [S. cerevisiae, YLR229c] 8e-08
                     03.01 cell growth [S. cerevisiae, YNL180c] 1e-05
06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YOR094w] 5e-05
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
                     BL01115A GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins
                     BL01115A GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins dlas3_2 3.29.1.4.12 Transducin (alpha subunit), insertion domai 1e-32 dlmhl___ 3.29.1.4.2 Racl [Human (Homo sapiens) 2e-51 d5p21___ 3.29.1.4.1 cH-p21 Ras protein [human (Homo sapiens) 7e-53 dlhura__ 3.29.1.4.8 ADP-ribosylation factor 1 (ARF1) [human (Hom 1e-46 dla2kc__ 3.29.1.4.5 Ran Nuclear transport factor-2 (NTF2) [Do 6e-60 nucleus 2e-14
(SCOP)
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
                     cell cycle control 5e-15
[PIRKW]
                     membrane trafficking 3e-71
                     endoplasmic reticulum 1e-29
[PIRKW]
                     phosphoprotein 1e-29
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
                     prenylated cysteine 2e-36
                     signal transduction 5e-15
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
                     transforming protein 5e-30
(PIRKW)
                     purine nucleotide binding 1e-28
(PTRKW)
                     alternative splicing 1e-18
                     P-loop 3e-71
(PTRKW)
```

[PIRKW] P [PIRKW] m [PIRKW] G [PIRKW] t [PIRKW] C [PIRKW] F [PIRKW] F [PIRKW] R [SUPFAM] F [PROSITE] B [PFAM] R [KW] A	ipoprotein 2e-36 roto-oncogene 1e-20 ethylated carboxyl end 1e-20 embrane protein 1e-29 TP binding 3e-71 hiolester bond 1e-29 olgi apparatus 1e-29 as transforming protein 1e-76 ACTERIAL_OPSIN_RET 1 as family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop) lpha_Beta
	PLRKFKLVFLGEQSVAKTSLITRFRYDSFDNTYQAIIGIDFLSKTMYLEDG .CCEEEEEEECTTTTCHHHHHHHHHCCCCCCTTTTC-EEEEEEEEETTE
	RAGQERLRSLIPRYIRDSAAAVVVYDITNVNSFQQTTKWIDDVRTERGSDVI
	DLADKRQVSVEEGERKAKGLNVTFIETRAKTGYNVKQLFRRVAAALPGMEST TGGGCCCCHHHHHHHHHHCCCEEECTTTTHHHHHHHHHHH
SEQ QDGSREDMS	DIKLEKPQEQTVSEGGCSCYSPMSSSTLPQKPPYSFIDCSVNIGLNLFPSL
SEQ ITFCNSSLI	
PS00327 45-	Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_4k14.3 ->57 BACTERIAL_OPSIN_RET PDOC00291
	Pfam for DKFZphfkd2_4k14.3
HMM_NAME R	as family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
HMM Query	*KLVLIGDSGVGKSCLLIRFTQNeFnEeYIPTIGvDFYtKTIEIDGKtIK KLV++G+ +V K++L RF +++F++ Y + IG+DF++KT+++++ TI 15 KLVFLGEQSVAKTSLITRFRYDSFDNTYQAIIGIDFLSKTMYLEDGTIG 63
нмм	LQIWDTAGQERYRSMRPMYYRGAMGFMLVYDITNRGSFENITNWweEIrR
	L +WDTAGQER RS+ P Y+R++ +++++VDITN SF+ ++W++++R+ 64 LRLWDTAGQERLRSLIPRYIRDSAAAVVVYDITNVNSFQQTTKWIDDVRT 113
нмм	HCDrdenvPimLvGnkCdLedQRQvSteegQeFAREWGAIPFMETSAKTN + ++v+I LvGn +DL+D+RQvS EEG+ A+ ++ + F+ET AKT+
	14 ERGSDVIITLVGNRTDLADKRQVSVEEGERKAKGLN-VTFIETRAKTG 160
нмм	inveEAFMEIvReIlqrMqe.q.NqteNinidQpsrnrkrCCCIM* +NV++ F +++ +++ ++ + +++++++++++++++++++
Query 1	61 YNVKQLFRRVAAALPGMESTQDGSREDMSDIKLEKPQEQTVSEGGCS-C 208

DKFZphfkd2_4m11

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphfbr2-4mll encodes a novel 159 amino acid protein with weak similarity to the putative membrane protein YMR034c of S. cerevisiae.

The novel protein contains 4 transmembrane regions.
No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of kidney-specific genes and as a new marker of neuronal cells.

weak similarity to YMR034c

complete cDNA, complete cds, no EST hits

Sequenced by GBF

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1749 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1727, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1713

1 GGGGTCCTCA AAGCCGCCGG AGCAACCCCC AGGTCTTTAC TTTACAATCG 51 GCAATTTGAC TTGCTCTGCT GCATGTCTGG AGGGACCAAG GAAAGTGTGG 101 AGACGCTCCA AGGATTAGGT GATCGGAGCT TGAAAAGAAA AAAAGCCAAA 151 CAAATAAACA AAACCCACCC ACCCTAACGA ATATGAGGCT GCTGGAGAGA 201 ATGAGGAAAG ACTGGTTCAT GGTCGGAATA GTGCTGGCGA TCGCTGGAGC 251 TAAACTGGAG CCGTCCATAG GGGTGAATGG GGGACCACTG AAGCCAGAAA 301 TAACTGTATC CTACATTGCT GTTGCAACAA TATTCTTTAA CAGTGGACTA
351 TCATTGAAAA CAGAGGAGCT GACCAGTGCT TTGGTGCATC TAAAACTGCA 401 TCTTTTTATT CAGATCTTTA CTCTTGCATT CTTCCCAGCA ACAATATGGC 451 TTTTTCTTCA GCTTTTATCA ATCACACCCA TCAACGAATG GCTTTTAAAA 501 GGTTTGCAGA CAGTAGGTTG CATGCCTCCG CCTGTGTCTT CTGCAGTGAT 551 TTTAACCAAG GCAGTTGGTG GAAATGAGGC AGCTGCAATA TTTAATTCAG 601 CCTTTGGAAG TTTTTTGGTA AGTAAACATA GTTTAACTTG TCTATTACAA 651 CTTTTGCTGT GATATTGTGT ATATGAAAGA TTTAGTGAAA GCTGGATTTG 701 TTTTACTCTT TGGTTAAGTA TAAAAATTGT TGAATCTTTT CATGTGCCAG 751 TATCCATACC CTGAAGAAAA GTAGTTAATG AATAAAGCAA ATGTTCTCTT 801 ACAATATATT TTGGAGGTTT GGATTTTAAA ATTCCATTTA ATGAATTCAA 851 GGAATCAATT AAAACACTAT GTGTCTCCTT ATAGAGGTTA TGTCAATATA 901 TTGATCATTT AATGAGGTCT TTTAGATTAT TATTATTTTG TATCATGGGA 951 CTGAGGATTT TGAAAAGGAA ACATGACCCA GCTGGTCAGA AAGGGAATGC 1001 TAATTTACTT GTTGACATGC CATTTATTTT GTACATTTCA CTGTCAAAGA 1051 AGCTACTGGC TTGGATGCTT CTGAGAAATC TATGTGAGAA AAAATTTGAA 1101 AGGAAGATAT GACTAATGAG TAATTTGCAA GTAAATGTTG TATCTATATA 1151 TATATATATA TAAAGATTCA AAAGTAGTTC AGCTTTCATA AGTAGAACCA 1201 ATATAAGGAC GTTGTTTTAG CATTTTTAAT CATTATTTTT AAATAAATGA 1251 TGTAACAGAG GCTTGATTTG TGTTATGAAA GATTGAGAAA CTAAATTTTC 1301 TGTTGATTTA ATTTTTTGT GCCTTAAAAC TTTGTTAAAT TCCTGAAGTT 1351 AATTATCATA TTGTACTTTT TGGGGCATAA CTCATTAGCA GATATGTAGT 1401 GCAGTGATTT ACAAATAATT GAGAGTAAAA TCAGTGATGT ATAAACTAGT
1451 TCATGAGTCT AGGTAAAATA TCAATTACCT CTGTTTAAAA TGCTCTGTTA
1501 ATTATTATTG TATGTATTTA AATGTAGTTA AAGCTTTTAA ACATGTTGTT
1551 ACATAGTGTT AATTCTACAC AGTGCTACAC AGCTTTTAGT GTCACATAGC 1601 CTTACAGAGT TTATAATGAT GTAGCATCTG CAAAATATAT GCATAGGTTA
1651 TATCCTATTT TTATAGAGCC AGTAATGGTT TTTGTGATGC TGTATTACTT 1701 CTGGGTTTTA GACAATAAAG TCTGTTTAAC AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 183 bp to 659 bp; peptide length: 159 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MRLLERMRKD WFMVGIVLAI AGAKLEPSIG VNGGPLKPEI TVSYIAVATI
```

- 51 FFNSGLSLKT EELTSALVHL KLHLFIQIFT LAFFPATIWL FLQLLSITPI
- 101 NEWLLKGLQT VGCMPPPVSS AVILTKAVGG NEAAAIFNSA FGSFLVSKHS

151 LTCLLOLLL

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphfkd2_4ml1, frame 3

PIR:S53951 probable membrane protein YMR034c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N=1, Score = 171, P=3.2e-12

PIR:A65015 yfeH protein - Escherichia coli (strain K-12), N = 1, Score = 131, P = 4.2e-08

>PIR:S53951 probable membrane protein YMR034c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)

Length = 434

HSPs:

Score = 171 (25.7 bits), Expect = 3.2e-12, P = 3.2e-12 Identities = 38/144 (26%), Positives = 72/144 (50%)

Query: 5 ERMRKDWFMVGIVLAIAGAKLEPSIGVNGGPLKPEITVSYIAVATIFFNSGLSLKTEELT 64
E ++ WF + + I A+ P+ +GG +K + ++ Y VA IF SGL +K+ L
Sbjct: 18 EFLKSQWFFICLAILIVIARFAPNFARDGGLIKGQYSIGYGCVAWIFLQSGLGMKSRSLM 77

Query: 65 SALVHLKLHLFIQIFTLAFFPATIWLF---LQLLSITPINEWLLKGLQTVGCMPPPVSSA 121
+ +++ + H I + + + + F ++ I++W+L GL P V+S
Sbjct: 78 ANMLNWRAHATILVLSFLITSSIVYGFCCAVKAANDPKIDDWVLIGLILTATCPTTVASN 137

Query: 122 VILTKAVGGNEAAAIFNSAFGSFL 145 VI+T GGN + G+ L Sbjct: 138 VIMTTNAGGNSLLCVCEVFIGNLL 161

Pedant information for DKFZphfkd2_4m11, frame 3

Report for DKFZphfkd2_4m11.3

[LENGTH] 159 [MW] 17282.92 [pI] 9.06

[HOMOL] PIR:S53951 probable membrane protein YMR034c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
5e-12

[FUNCAT] 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YMR034c] 2e-13 [PROSITE] MYRISTYL 2

[PROSITE] MYRISTYL 2
[PROSITE] PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1
[KW] TRANSMEMBRANE 4

Prosite for DKFZphfkd2_4m11.3

PS00005 57->60 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00008 15->21 MYRISTYL PD0C00008 PS00008 129->135 MYRISTYL PD0C00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphfkd2_4m11.3)

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DKF2phute1_17k7

group: uterus derived

DKFZphute1_17k7 encodes a novel 520 amino acid protein with weak similarity to S. Cerevisiae Fipl.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

similarity to S.cerevisiae Fipl

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1914 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1897, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1867

1 CGGACGCGTG GGCGGACGCG TGGGGCCTTC CTGGGATTGG AGTCTCGAGC 51 TTTCTTCGTT CGTTCGCCGG CGGGTTCGCG CCCTTCTCGC GCCTCGGGGC
101 TGCGAGGCTG GGGAAGGGGT TGGAGGGGCC TGTTGATCGC CGCGTTTAAG 151 TTGCGCTCGG GGCGGCCATG TCGGCCGGCG AGGTCGAGCG CCTAGTGTCG 201 GAGCTGAGCG GCGGGACCGG AGGGGATGAG GAGGAAGAGT GGCTCTATGG 251 CGATGAAAAT GAAGTTGAAA GGCCAGAAGA AGAAAATGCC AGTGCTAATC 301 CTCCATCTGG AATTGAAGAT GAAACTGCTG AAAATGGTGT ACCAAAACCG 351 AAAGTGACTG AGACCGAAGA TGATAGTGAT AGTGACAGCG ATGATGATGA 401 AGATGATGTT CATGTCACTA TAGGAGACAT TAAAACGGGA GCACCACAGT 451 ATGGGAGTTA TGGTACAGCA CCTGTAAATC TTAACATCAA GACAGGGGGA 501 AGAGTTTATG GAACTACAGG GACAAAAGTC AAAGGAGTAG ACCTTGATGC 551 ACCTGGAAGC ATTAATGGAG TTCCACTCTT AGAGGTAGAT TTGGATTCTT 601 TTGAAGATAA ACCATGGCGT AAACCTGGTG CTGATCTTTC TGATTATTTT
651 AATTATGGGT TTAATGAAGA TACCTGGAAA GCTTACTGTG AAAAACAAAA
701 GAGGATACGA ATGGGACTTG AAGTTATACC AGTAACCTCT ACTACAAATA 751 AAATTACGGT ACAGCAGGGA AGAACTGGAA ACTCAGAGAA AGAAACTGCC 801 CTTCCATCTA CAAAAGCTGA GTTTACTTCT CCTCCTTCTT TGTTCAAGAC 851 TGGGCTTCCA CCGAGCAGGA GATTACCTGG GGCAATTGAT GTTATCGGTC 901 AGACTATAAC TATCAGCCGA GTAGAAGGCA GGCGACGGGC AAATGAGAAC 951 AGCAACATAC AGGTCCTTTC TGAAAGATCT GCTACTGAAG TAGACAACAA 1001 TTTTAGCAAA CCACCTCCGT TTTTCCCTCC AGGAGCTCCT CCCACTCACC 1051 TTCCACCTCC TCCATTTCTT CCACCTCCTC CGACTGTCAG CACTGCTCCA 1101 CCTCTGATTC CACCACCGGG TTTTCCTCCT CCACCAGGCG CTCCACCTCC 1151 ATCTCTTATA CCAACAATAG AAAGTGGACA TTCCTCTGGT TATGATAGTC 1201 GTTCTGCACG TGCATTTCCA TATGGCAATG TTGCCTTTCC CCATCTTCCT 1251 GGTTCTGCTC CTTCGTGGCC TAGTCTTGTG GACACCAGCA AGCAGTGGGA 1301 CTATTATGCC AGAAGAGAGA AAGACCGAGA TAGAGAGAGA GACAGAGACA 1351 GAGAGGAGA CCGTGATCGG GACAGAGAAA GAGAACGCAC CAGAGAGAGA 1401 GAGAGGGAGC GTGATCACAG TCCTACACCA AGTGTTTTCA ACAGCGATGA 1451 AGAACGATAC AGATACAGGG AATATGCAGA AAGAGGTTAT GAGCGTCACA 1501 GAGCAAGTCG AGAAAAAGAA GAACGACATA GAGAAAGACG ACACAGGGAG 1551 AAAGAGGAAA CCAGACATAA GTCTTCTCGA AGTAATAGTA GACGTCGCCA 1601 TGAAAGTGAA GAAGGAGATA GTCACAGGAG ACACAAACAC AAAAAATCTA 1651 AAAGAAGCAA AGAAGGAAAA GAAGCGGGCA GTGAGCCTGC CCCTGAACAG 1701 GAGAGCACCG AAGCTACACC TGCAGAATAG GCATGGTTTT GGCCTTTTGT 1751 GTATATTAGT ACCAGAAGTA GATACTATAA ATCTTGTTAT TTTTCTGGAT 1801 AATGTTTAAG AAATTTACCT TAAATCTTGT TCTGTTTGTT AGTATGAAAA 1851 GTTAACTTTT TTTCCAAAAT AAAAGAGTGA ATTTTTCATG TTAAGTTAAA 1901 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 168 bp to 1727 bp; peptide length: 520 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MSAGEVERLV SELSGGTGGD EEEEWLYGDE NEVERPEEEN ASANPPSGIE
  51 DETAENGYPK PKYTETEDDS DSDSDDDEDD VHVTIGDIKT GAPQYGSYGT
101 APVNLNIKTG GRVYGTTGTK VKGVDLDAPG SINGVPLLEV DLDSFEDKPW
  151 RKPGADLSDY FNYGFNEDTW KAYCEKQKRI RMGLEVIPVT STTNKITVQQ
  201 GRTGNSEKET ALPSTKAEFT SPPSLFKTGL PPSRRLPGAI DVIGQTITIS
  251 RVEGRRRANE NSNIQVLSER SATEVDNNFS KPPPFFPPGA PPTHLPPPPF
  301 LPPPPTVSTA PPLIPPPGFP PPPGAPPPSL IPTIESGHSS GYDSRSARAF
  351 PYGNVAFPHL PGSAPSWPSL VDTSKQWDYY ARREKDRDRE RDRDRERDRD
  401 RDRERERTRE RERERDHSPT PSVFNSDEER YRYREYAERG YERHRASREK
  451 EERHRERRHR EKEETRHKSS RSNSRRRHES EEGDSHRRHK HKKSKRSKEG
  501 KEAGSEPAPE OESTEATPAE
                                   BLASTP hits
Entry AF016427 4 from database TREMBL:
gene: "F32D1.9"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F32D1.
Score = 392, P = 1.8e-36, identities = 156/519, positives = 212/519
Entry S62454 from database PIR:
hypothetical protein SPAC22G7.10 - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces
Score = 246, P = 2.0e-22, identities = 62/163, positives = 91/163
Entry A56545 from database PIR:
FIP1 protein - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
Score = 186, P = 2.9e-16, identities = 56/206, positives = 92/206
               Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 17k7, frame 3
TREMBLNEW: AF109907_1 product: "S164"; Homo sapiens S164 gene, partial
cds; PS1 and hypothetical protein genes, complete cds; and S171 gene, partial cds., N=2, Score = 236, P=1.5e-16
>TREMBLNEW:AF109907_1 product: "S164"; Homo sapiens S164 gene, partial cds; PS1 and hypothetical protein genes, complete cds; and S171 gene, partial
      cds.
              Length = 735
  HSPs:
 Score = 236 (35.4 bits), Expect = 1.5e-16, Sum P(2) = 1.5e-16 Identities = 51/120 (42%), Positives = 76/120 (63%)
          383 REKORDRERDRDRERERDRDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERYRYREYA---ER 439
Ouerv:
               REK+++RER+R+RDRDR +ER+R R+RER+RD S + +++R R RE + ER
Sbjct:
          227 REKEKERERERDRDRDRTKERDRDRDRERDRDRDRERSS-DRNKDRSRSREKSRDRER 285
          440 GYERHRASREKEERHRER-RHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSK 498
Query:
          ER R + ER RER R RE+E R + + + + R E +E D++ R K ++ R K
286 EREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRDREEDEEDAYERRKLERKLREK 345
Sbict:
Query:
          499 E 499
          346 E 346
Sbict:
 Score = 214 (32.1 bits), Expect = 4.4e-14, Sum P(2) = 4.4e-14
 Identities = 50/133 (37%), Positives = 75/133 (56%)
          383 REKDRDR-ERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNS-DEERYRYREYAERG 440
Query:
               RE++R+R ER+R+RER+R+R+E+ER RERER+RD T
                                                                     DERRR+ ER
          208 REREREREREREREREREKEKERERERDRDRDRTKERDRDRDRERDRDRD-RERS 266
Sbict:
          441 YERHRASREKEERHRERRHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEG 500
Query:
                           E+ R+R RE+E R + R R R E + R + ++ K K
          267 SDRNKDRSRSREKSRDRE-RERERERERE-REREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRD 324
Sbjct:
```

501 KEAGSEPAPEQESTE 515

+E E A E+ E 325 REEDEEDAYERRKLE 339

Ouerv:

Sbjct:

```
Score = 214 (32.1 bits), Expect = 4.4e-14, Sum P(2) = 4.4e-14 Identities = 55/141 (39%), Positives = 80/141 (56%)
            383 REKDRDR-ERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNS-DEERYRYREYAERG 440
            RE++R+R ER+R+REH+R+REHER RERER+RD T D ER R R+ ER
208 REREREREREREREREREREREKEKERERERERDRORDRTKERDRORDRERDROD-RERS 266
            441 YERHR-ASREKEE-RHRER-RHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRS 497
            +R++ SR +E+ R RER R RE+E R + R E E R K KK R
267 SDRNKDRSRSREKSRDREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRDRE 326
Sbjct:
            498 KEGKEAGSEPAPEQESTEATPA 519
Query:
            ++ ++A E++ E A
327 EDEEDAYERRKLERKLREKEAA 348
Sbict:
Score = 210 (31.5 bits), Expect = 1.2e-13, Sum P(2) = 1.2e-13 Identities = 59/142 (41%), Positives = 78/142 (54%)
            383 REKDRDRERDRDRERERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNS---DEERYRYREYAER 439 RE++RDR+RDR +ERDRDRDRER+R R+RER D + S D ER R RE ER 235 RERERDRDRRTKERDRDRDRERERDRDRDRERSSDRNKDRSRSREKSRDRERERERE-RER 293
Sbjct:
            440 GYERHRA-SREKE-ERHRER-RHREKEETRHKSS-----RSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRH 489
ER R RE+E ER RER R REK++ R + R R+ +E R
294 EREREREREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRDREEDEEDAYERRKLERKLREKEAAYQERL 353
Query:
Sbjct:
            490 KHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
            K+ + + K+ +E E E+E
354 KNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEE 376
Sbict:
Score = 205 (30.8 bits), Expect = 4.4e-13, Sum P(2) = 4.4e-13 Identities = 59/149 (39%), Positives = 83/149 (55%)
            372 DTSKQWDYYARREKDRDR--ERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEE 429
+ K+ + R++DRDR ERDRDR+R+RDRDR+RER+ +R +H S S D E
228 EKEKERERERDRDRDRTKERDRDRDRERDRDRDRERSSDRNKDRSRSREKS---RDRE 284
Sbict:
            430 RYRYREYAERGYERHRA-SREKE-ERHRER-RHREKEETRHKSS-----RSNSRRRHE 479
R R RE ER R RE+E ER RER R REK++ R + R R+
285 RERERE-REREREREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRDREEDEEDAYERRKLERKLR 343
Ouerv:
Sbict:
            480 SEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
Query:
            +E R K+ + + K+ +E E E+E
344 EKEAAYQERLKNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEE 376
Sbjct:
Score = 202 (30.3 bits), Expect = 9.6e-13, Sum P(2) = 9.6e-13 Identities = 49/117 (41%), Positives = 70/117 (59%)
            383 REKORDRERDRORERDRORDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERYRYREYAERGYE 442
Query:
            Sbict:
            443 RHRASREKEERHRERRHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRR-RHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKE 499
            R + E++ R +E ++E+ + R +R E+E + RR K++KR KE
335 RRKL--ERKLREKEAAYQERLKNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEERRREMAKEAKRLKE 390
Sbict:
Score = 183 (27.5 bits), Expect = 1.2e-10, Sum P(2) = 1.2e-10 Identities = 52/141 (36%), Positives = 79/141 (56%)
            372 DTSKOWDYY-ARREKDRDR-ERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEE 429
Ouerv:
            Sbict:
            430 RYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRER---RHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSH 486
+ R RE ER +R R +R RRE R RE+ R+K RS SR + E +
231 KERERE-RERDRDRDRTKERDRDRDRERDRDRDRERSSDRNKD-RSRSREKSRDRERERE 288
Query:
Sbict:
            487 RRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
Query:
           R + ++ + + +E E E+E
289 RERERERERERERERERERERE 314
Sbict:
Score = 171 (25.7 bits), Expect = 2.5e-09, Sum P(2) = 2.5e-09 Identities = 49/150 (32%), Positives = 78/150 (52%)
            383 REKDRDRERDRDRERDRDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERYRYREYAERGYE 442
Ouerv:
           RE++R+RER+R+RER+R+RERER RERERER+
Sbict:
            443 RHRASREK-----EERHRERRHR---EKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHES-EEGDSHRRH-KH 491
Ouerv:
            + A +E+ ER + R + E+EE R + ++R E E+ D R K+
345 KEAAYQERLKNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEERRREMAKEAKRLKEFLEDYDDDRDDPKY 404
Sbict:
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492 -----KKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQESTE 515
Ouerv:
          +K R +E + E ++E E
405 YRGSALQKRLRDREKEMEADERDRKREKEE 434
Sbjct:
 Score = 162 (24.3 \text{ bits}), Expect = 2.4e-08, Sum P(2) = 2.4e-08
 Identities = 45/141 (31%), Positives = 74/141 (52%)
          372 DTSKQWDYYARREKDRDRERDRDRERORDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERY 431
          + SK D + + E+++ ++ +E +++R RERER RERERER + ER
172 EISKFRDTHKKLEEEKGKKEKERQEIEKER-RERERERERERERERERERERERERE 228
Sbict:
          432 RYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRER-RHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHK 490
Query:
          + +E ER ER R +ER R+R R R+++ R +SS N R E+ R +
229 KEKE-RERERERDRDRDRTKERDRDRDRERDRDRERSSDRNKDRSRSREKSRDRERER 287
Sbjct:
          491 HKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
Ouerv:
          ++ +R +E +E E E+E
288 ERERERERE-RERERERERE 308
Sbict:
 Score = 137 (20.6 bits), Expect = 1.2e-05, Sum P(2) = 1.2e-05
 Identities = 48/152 (31%), Positives = 68/152 (44%)
          364 APSWPSLVDTSKQWDYYARREKDRDR-ERDRDRERDRDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPS 422
          AP P + T + + E RD R+ + RD + E E+ + +E+ER

143 APLIPYPLITKEDINAIEMEEDKROLISREISKFROTHKKLEEEKGK-KEKERQEIEKER 201
Sbjct:
          423 VFNSDEERYRYREYAERGYERHRA-SREKE-ERHRER-RHREKEETRHKS-SRSNSRRRH 478
Ouerv:
          Sbict:
          479 ESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
Query:
                            +S+ +E E E+E
                  ESR
          261 RDRERSSDRNKDRSRSREKSRDRERERERERE 294
Sbict:
 Score = 126 (18.9 bits), Expect = 1.8e-04, Sum P(2) = 1.8e-04
 Identities = 41/149 (27%), Positives = 66/149 (44%)
          375 KQWDYYARREKDRDRERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPT---PSVFNSD--EE 429
          K W+ R+K R+ E++ +RE +R R+ +E R +E D+ P + ++
354 KNWEI-RERKKTREYEKEAEREEERRREMAKEAKRLKEFLEDYDDDRDDPKYYRGSALQK 412
Sbict:
          430 RYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRERR-----HREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHES--E 481
Ouerv:
          R R RE ER REKEE R+ H+++++ RRR +
413 RLRDREKEMEADERDR-KREKEELEEIRQRLLAEGHPDPDAELQRMEQEAERRQPQIKQ 471
Sbict:
          482 EGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
Query:
          E +S + K+ K K + E PEQ+
472 EPESEEEEEEKQEKEEKREEPMEEEEEPEQK 502
Sbict:
 Score = 124 (18.6 bits), Expect = 3.0e-04, Sum P(2) = 3.0e-04
 Identities = 41/141 (29%), Positives = 65/141 (46%)
          380 YARREKORD-RERDRORERDRORERERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERYRYREYAE 438
         Y R K+ + RER + RE +++ +RE ER RE +E + + D++R + Y
349 YQERLKNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEERRREMAKEAKRLKE-FLEDYDDDRDDPKYYRG 407
Sbict:
          439 RGYERHRASREKEERHRER-RHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRS 497
Ouerv:
          ++ REKE ER R.REKEE R + H ++ R + ++R
408 SALQKRLRDREKEMEADERDRKREKEELEEIRQRLLAEG-HPDPDAELQRMEQEAERRRQ 466
Sbjct:
          498 KEGKEAGSEPAPEQESTEATPAE 520
Query:
         + K+ EP E+E E E
467 PQIKQ---EPESEEEEEEKQEKE 486
Sbict:
 Score = 121 (18.2 bits), Expect = 6.2e-04, Sum P(2) = 6.2e-04
 Identities = 43/149 (28%), Positives = 67/149 (44%)
          364 APSWPSLVDTSKQWDYYARREKDRDR-ERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPTPS 422
Query:
         AP P + T + + E RD R+ + RD + E E+ + +E+ER

143 APLIPYPLITKEDINAIEMEEDKRDLISREISKFRDTHKKLEEEKGK-KEKERQEIEKE- 200
Sbjct:
          423 VFNSDEERYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRERRHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEE 482
Ouerv:
         Sbict:
Query:
          483 GDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQE 512
               D R + + S R+K+ +
         257 RDRDR-DRERSSDRNKD-RSRSREKSRDRE 284
Score = 105 (15.8 bits), Expect = 3.1e-02, Sum P(2) = 3.1e-02
```

```
Identities = 25/73 (34%), Positives = 33/73 (45%)
        428 EERYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKE-ERHRERRHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSH 486
                +E + E+ R RE+E ER RERR RE+E R +
                                                       REE
Sbjct:
        487 RRHKHKKSKRSKE 499
Query:
            RK+ R+E
        244 DRTKERDRDRDRE 256
Sbjct:
 Score = 105 (15.8 bits), Expect = 3.1e-02, Sum P(2) = 3.1e-02
 Identities = 31/87 (35%), Positives = 45/87 (51%)
        382 RREKDRDRERDRDRERDRDRER-ERTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEERYRYREYAERG 440
Ouerv:
           +R +DR++E + D ERDR R++E E R+R
                                          HPP DER + AER
        412 KRLRDREKEMEAD-ERDRKREKEELEEIRORLLAEGH-PDP----DAELORMEQEAERR 464
Shict:
        441 YERHRASREKEERHRERRHREKEETRHK 468
Query:
             + + +E E +EKEE R +
        465 -RQPQIKQEPESEEEEEEKQEKEEKREE 491
Sbjct:
 Score = 46 (6.9 bits), Expect = 1.5e-16, Sum P(2) = 1.5e-16
Identities = 13/49 (26%), Positives = 21/49 (42%)
         54 AENGVPKPKVTETEDDSDSDSDDDDEDDVHVTIGDIKTGAPQYGSYGTAP 102
Query:
         A NG +P+ +D+ D + D + G I+ +Y S AP
70 ASNGNARPETVINDDEEALDEETKRRDQMIK-GAIEVLIREYSSELNAP 117
Sbjct:
Score = 46 (6.9 bits), Expect = 1.8e-04, Sum P(2) = 1.8e-04 Identities = 14/53 (26%), Positives = 21/53 (39%)
         30 ENEVERPEEENASANPPSGIEDETAENGVPKPKVTETEDDSDSDSDDDDEDDVH 82
            + E ER E
                             E E E
                                      + + E E D
        282 DREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREREKDKKRDREEDEEDAY 333
Sbict:
 Score = 44 (6.6 bits), Expect = 2.0e-13, Sum P(2) = 2.0e-13
 Identities = 13/60 (21%), Positives = 21/60 (35%)
         20 DEEEEWLYGDENEVERPEEENASANPPSGIEDETAENGVPKPKVTETEDDSDSDSDDDED 79
Query:
        Sbict:
           Pedant information for DKFZphutel_17k7, frame 3
                   Report for DKFZphutel_17k7.3
[LENGTH]
             520
[WW]
             58375.30
[pI]
             5.41
[HOMOL]
             PIR:S62454 hypothetical protein SPAC22G7.10 - fission yeast
(Schizosaccharomyces pombe) 3e-18
             04.05.05 mrna processing (5'-end, 3'-end processing and mrna degradation) (S.
[FUNCAT]
cerevisiae, YJR093c] 2e-13
                                        [S. cerevisiae, YJR093c] 2e-13
             30.10 nuclear organization
[FUNCAT]
             MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
             AMIDATION
(PROSITE)
             CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                  18
[PROSITE]
             PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                  12
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
             ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[KW]
             Alpha_Beta
[KW]
             LOW COMPLEXITY
                             35.00 %
      MSAGEVERLVSELSGGTGGDEEEEWLYGDENEVERPEEENASANPPSGIEDETAENGVPK
SEO
SEG
                   .........xxxxxxxxxx..........
PRD
      PKVTETEDDSDSDDDDEDDVHVTIGDIKTGAPOYGSYGTAPVNLNIKTGGRVYGTTGTK
SEO
SEG
       ...xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
      PRD
      VKGVDLDAPGSINGVPLLEVDLDSFEDKPWRKPGADLSDYFNYGFNEDTWKAYCEKQKRI
SEO
SEG
PRD
      SEQ
      RMGLEVIPVTSTTNKITVQQGRTGNSEKETALPSTKAEFTSPPSLFKTGLPPSRRLPGAI
SEG
```

PRD	$\ hhhheee eeccccee eeecccccccccccee eecccccccc$
SEQ	DVIGQTITISRVEGRRRANENSNIQVLSERSATEVDNNFSKPPPFFPPGAPPTHLPPPPF
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	cccceeeeeeccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ	LPPPPTVSTAPPLIPPPGFPPPPGAPPPSLIPTIESGHSSGYDSRSARAFPYGNVAFPHL
SEG	***************************************
PRD	ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ	PGSAPSWPSLVDTSKQWDYYARREKDRDRERDRDRERDRDRERERTRERERERDHSPT
SEG	
PRD	$\verb ccccccceeecccchhhhhhhhhhcccccc \\$
SEQ	PSVFNSDEERYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRERRHREKEETRHKSSRSNSRRRHES
SEG	
PRD	cccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ	EEGDSHRRHKHKKSKRSKEGKEAGSEPAPEQESTEATPAE
SEG	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD	cccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

Prosite for DKFZphutel_17k7.3

PS00001	40->44	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	278->282	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	169->172	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	193->196	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	206->209	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	214->217	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	233->236	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	268->271	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	346->349	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	373->376	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	469->472	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	474->477	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	485->488	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	494->497	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	2->6	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	17->21	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	47->51	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	64->68	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	66->70	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	70->74	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	72->76	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	74->78	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	84->88	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	144->148	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	206->210	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	215->219	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	250->254	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	271->275	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	273->277	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	340->344	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	369->373	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	426->430	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	434->442	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	152->161	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	15->21	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	96->102	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	115->121	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	130->136	MYRISTYL	PDQC00008
PS00008	154->160	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	229->235	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	244->250	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	289->295	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	362->368	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	253->257	AMIDATION	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_17k7.3)

DKFZphutel_18c12

group: uterus derived

DKFZphutel 18c12 encodes a novel 378 amino acid protein nearly identical to human WUGSC:H DJ0872F07.1 protein.

The novel protein has an additional N-terminal domain, which is not present in WUGSC:H DJ0872F07.1.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

nearly identical to human WUGSC:H DJ0872F07.1 protein

on genomic level encoded by AC004537, 10 exons the predicted protein sequence AC004537 1 is only partially o.k. first exon wasn't predicted there are additional exons predicted (BLASTX/EST-BLAST shows that the cDNA is only party spliced) intron $\sim 1216-3540//\sim 3577-5059$

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: map="7q31"

Insert length: 6005 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 5980, polyadenylation signal at pos. 5968

1 AGCGGGTGCT GCTAGCGGAG GCGCCATATT GGAGGGGACA AAACTCCGGC 51 GACAGCGAGT GACACCAAATA AACCCCTGGA CCCCCTTGTT CCCTCAGCTC
101 TAAGGGCCGC GATGTTGTAC CTAGAAGACT ATCTGGAAAT GATTGAGCAG 151 CTTCCTATGG ATCTGCGGGA CCGCTTCACG GAAATGCGCG AGATGGACCT 201 GCAGGTGCAG AATGCAATGG ATCAACTAGA ACAAAGAGTC AGTGAATTCT 251 TTATGAATGC AAAGAAAAAT AAACCTGAGT GGAGGGAAGA GCAAATGGCA 301 TCCATCAAAA AAGACTACTA TAAAGCTTTG GAAGATGCAG ATGAGAAGGT 351 TCAGTTGGCA AACCAGATAT ATGACTTGGT AGATCGACAC TTGAGAAAGC 401 TGGATCAGGA ACTGGCTAAG TTTAAAATGG AGCTGGAAGC TGATAATGCT 451 GGAATTACAG AAATATTAGA GAGGCGATCT TTGGAATTAG ACACTCCTTC 501 ACAGCCAGTG AACAATCACC ATGCTCATTC ACATACTCCA GTGGAAAAAA 551 GGAAATATAA TCCAACTTCT CACCATACGA CAACAGATCA TATTCCTGAA 601 AAGAAATTTA AATCTGAAGC TCTTCTATCC ACCCTTACGT CAGATGCCTC 751 GGCTCGTTAT CTTCAGGAAC TGGTGCAGGG GCAATTACCA TGGCAGCTGC TGGCAGCTGC TCAGAGGATCA TAATTCCACA GCCTCTTCTA TGGCAGCTAC TCTCAGGAAC TGGTGCAGGG GCAATTACCA TGGCAGCTGC TCAAGCAGT CAGGCTACAA GGAGGGACGA AGAACATCAA 851 GTTTAAAAGC CAGTTATGAA GCATTTAAGA ATAATGACTT TCAGTTGGGA 901 AAAGAATTTT CAATGGCCAG GGAAACAGTT GGCTATTCAT CATCTTCGGC 951 ACTTATGACA ACATTAACAC AGAATGCCAG TTCATCAGCA GCCGACTCAC 1001 GGAGTGGTCG AAAGAGCAAA AACAACAACA AGTCTTCAAG CCAGCAGTCA 1051 TCATCTTCCT CCTCCTCTTC TTCCTTATCA TCGTGTTCTT CATCATCAAC 1101 TGTTGTACAA GAAATCTCTC AACAAACAAC TGTAGTGCCA GAATCTGATT 1151 CAAATAGTCA GGTTGATTGG ACTTACGACC CAAATGAACC TCGATACTGC 1201 ATTTGTAATC AGGTAAAAGT CTGTTATATC TATAAAAGTA TAATCTGAAT 1251 AAACTAGAAG GAAGAGAACT ATTTCATTTT TAAGCACTTT TTTAAACTCA 1301 CTTAAAATAC CTTTGCTTTA TTTGTATACT TTTCTCCCCC TTCTTACAAA 1351 AGTGACATTT GCTGTAAATA CTGAGTATAA AGAAAAATGT TACCCATAAT 1401 CCTAGCCCTC AGATACAACC TGTAACTAAA CATTTTTGGT ATACCACTAC 1451 CATATACCTC ATGTGCACAT TGGCTGCCTT AATAAAATAC AACAGACTGG 1501 GTAGCTTAAA CAACAGAAAA TAATTTTCTC ACAGGTATGA AGGCTGGGAA 1551 GTCCAAGATC AAGGTGTCCA CTGACTCAGT TCTGGAGGAG GGCTCCCTTC 1601 CTAGATGGAG ACTGCTGCCT TCTCACCGGG TCCTCACATG ATAGAGGGAG 1651 AAAGAGTGTG CTCTGGTGTC TTTTCTTATA AGGGCACCAG CCTTGTCAGA 1701 GTAGGACCCC ACTCTATGAC CTCATTTAAC CTTTACCACC TCCTCACAGG 1751 CCCTGTTTCC AATTATAGTC ACGTTGGGGG TTAGGGCTTC AACATATGAT 1801 TTTGAGACAT AAGCTTGCAT TTCATAACAC GTGTCTATGC AGATTTGCAC 1851 ATGCATGTGT GTATAAGTTT GTCAGTAGGA ACCACAGTGT ATACTTTCTT 1901 GTTACTGGCT TTTTTCTCTA AATCAGGTAT ACCGAACATG ATTTTTCTTT 1951 AAGATCATAT TTTTAATTTT CACATAGTTA TCTCTTATGC CATCCAGTGT 2001 AGTTTTCTTA ACCAATACCT AGCTATAGAT TATATTAGTG GTTTTAATTT 2051 GTTTGAAATT AGGGATAATA TTACGATAGG CATTTTTTAA ATGTAATCCA 2101 TTTTATACAT CTAATTTCTT GGATAATCTT TTAGAAATAA AATTAGGCTG 2151 TAAATATTTG ACAGACACCA AAATATATTT TCTAGAAATT TATTACCAAA 2201 AATTAATAAA CATACCGGTT TACTAAACCC TGTCCAACAC TGGATATTAT 2251 TTTCTTTTAA AAACTAAGTA CCAATTTGGT AGTTTTATAT TATGATTGTT 2301 TTAAATACAC TAGTATTATT GAAGTTGGAC ATTTTTTGAC CATTTTTGTT 2351 TTTTACATTA TGAATCGACT CCTAATGGTG TCGGCTGATT TTTCTATTGT

2401		TACTCTAAAT		TTTAGTTTTT	
2451	TCTAAAATTT	TAATTTTATG	TAGTTATGAC	TGTTAATTTT	TTTTTATGAA
2501	GCAAGCCATG	GATTATATAC	TTAGAAGGGC	TTTCTCTTTG	GCTCTTCTTT
2551	CTACAAAAAA	TTGTCTTGTA	TAATATTTTC	TCCTAGTTTT	TATATGGTTT
2601	TGTCTAGTTC	TTTGCATGCT	TCAGTTTCTT	CACATTTAAG	ACTTAGTCTA
2651	TCAGCAGATT	ATTGTGTCTA	ACAGTATGAG	TTGCCAGTCT	GATTTTTAAA
2701	AATTTTAACA	ATTTGTTAGC	TGTTCCACTA	TCACCCGATA	AACATTTTTC
2751	AGTACAAATG	ATAGAAAAGC	ATATCCTGTA	TCCTGACAAC	AAAAGTAGAT
2801	TACTTGCAAA	AGAACAAAAT	CAGACTGAAC	CTAGAGTTTT	CCTCTGTAAC
2851	ACTAAAAAAC	TAGAAGGTGA	TGGAATATGT	CTGTAGAGCT	TTCAGGGAAA
2901		CCCCAAAAAC	TTGATATTCA		TTCTCTGCAT
2951	AGGACCATGT	AAATATATTT	TCACTCATGC	AGAGAATCAG	
3001	ATCTAGTTAA	TCCTGTCTGA	AAAATTATTC	AATCCACTGA	GAACTTCAGT
3051	GAACTCAAGA	ATTAGCAAGT	TATGCCCTAA	AGTGCTGGTG	ATGAAGAGCA
3101	AAAGAAAAAT	GAGAAAGGAC	ATAAAATAGA	TAAGTTTAGA	AGTTTCAAGG
3151		TTAATTGCAA	AAATATATAT	GACCTAATGT	GACCCAAGAA
3201	GTAAAAACTT	TCAGTAAGTA		AAAGGAACTT	AAAATTTTTA
3251	CAATAAGAAC	TACCCAGAAA	GATGACTCCT	TCATCCGGGT	GATTTATATG
3301	TCAAGTTCTT	CCAGACTTCT	GAAGGGCAGA	TAATTCCTGT	GCATTTCTTC
3351	CCACCCTTGC	CCCACCCTGC	CCAAAAGAGT	ATTTCAGGAA	AAAATTATTA
3401	TACCTTGATT	CTCAATGTAA	TTGTATATTC	AGTGTATTTC	CCTTTATTTT
3451	CCAGCAGTAT	CATACATAAA		GTATCTAGGT	GTTTGTTACA
3501	TAGTCATAAT	AAAGACATTT	AATTTTTTTT	AACTAGGTAT	CTTATGGTGA
3551	GATGGTGGGA	TGTGATAACC	AAGATGTAAG	TATTACATTT	TTCTATTTAG
3601	GAATGAAAAA	AATCACAGGT	TGTTATTACT	TGAATATTTG	TCTTATTTGC
3651	TGTATGGTTT		AACAGGTTTG	CAGGTATATT	AGTTATGTTA
3701	TGCTAATGCT	AGAATATTCC	TCTTCAAAAT	AGGGTAGTGT	CCCTTAATGT
3751	GTTCCCTATT	TTAATTTTTA		TATGGTTTTA	TGTGCAGATT
3801	GTCTCAGAAG	TGTTATGTTG	TATGAAAATT	ATAAATACCC	TCCTTTCCCT
3851	TTACTAAAAA	ATACTGTGTT	TACTAGAATC	CAGTTCATTT	ATCACATTGA
3901	AGAAATGGAA	TTTTAAAACA	ATTCATTCTT	TCAGGCTGCA	CCGTGCTAAA
3951	GTGAAGGGTG	GGATAATTGA	GGATCTAATG	TGAGATTATC	TTCCTCTCAT
4001	GAGTATAATA	TTTTTTCCTG	TACTCTGCAG	GTGTCAGCTG	ATAAGAGCCA
4051	CCCCTGATCT	AAAAAGTAAA	GGAAATTTGA	AAGGAAGGAA	TTCTTGGTTT
4101	TTAGGAGACT	TAATTTTAGT	TAGAGATACG	TTTTTTTATTC	AATACTGAGA
4151	ATATTGTTGT	CTAGTAATTT	TGACTCCCTC	CTTATTTAGT	AGTGACAGGA
4201	TCCTAAGATT	AACAAGAGTT	TTAAATTTGT	AAAACAATCT	GAAGATTGAG
					CCTGATAGGG
4251	GGAGCTGGCT		AAATGTGTAC	TTTTCCTAGA	
4301	TTACAGCAAC	ATGCTCACGT	AGATTGGGAC	AGAGCCTCCT	TCTGTTTCCC
4351	TGTCTAGAAT	CCCTTGTAGG	CTGTTTGTGG	TTGTTGCAAA	AACAATATTG
4401	CCCAACCATT	TCAAGAACAT	CACTGTAAAC	TCTTCTGGGG	CAGTTAGTGA
4451	AAATGATGAA	TGAGATTTCT		GCATCATGCT	TCTCTGATTC
4501	TTCTTATTCC	CAGTTGTGCT	CTTCTGAGTG	CTAAGACTTT	CATGAAAGAG
4551	TTTTCTGCTT	AATATGTTTC	AAAGAGGAAT	AATTTTTCTC	TACATTTCAA
4601	GGAATAGAAA	CACCCACGTA	GGAAATGCAG	GGCATAAGAC	ATAAATTAAT
4651	GTCTTTAATT	ACAATCAGCT	TATTCTACTT	TATGAGACAG	CAAATAAGGC
4701	TGACTATTAA	ATAAAATCTT	AAGTTATATT	TACCTTCTAC	ATAGAAGATT
4751	CATCCCACTT	CTTTTTGCCC	TTGAAAGCTG	AAAACTAGTG	AATTTTCATT
4801			ATTACATGGA	CCTCAGGATT	CTTGAAGATG
4851	CATAATTTTT	CTGTGCCTTC	ATTTCCTCAT	TCCTGAAGCT	TATCATTTAG
4901	TCTAAATGAT	GTCTAAATAA	TCTAGATCTA	AAAATTCTGA	TGTCACACAT
4951	CTAATTATTG	TTAAATTAAA	TGGATTATTC	AGTCTCCTGA	GCATATTTTA
5001	ATATACTCTC	TTGTCTTCAG	AAGTACTGAA	AACTTGTTTT	TTGCAATTTT
5051	GCTTTCTAGT		ATGGTTCCAT	TATGGCTGCG	TTGGATTGAC
5101	AGAGGCACCA	AAAGGCAAAT	GGTACTGTCC	ACAGTGCACT	GCTGCAATGA
5151	AGAGAAGAGG	CAGCAGACAC	AAATAAAGGT	GGTCCTTTTG	TTTGATGAAG
5201	AAATAAACTT	CAGCTGAAGA	TTTTATATAG	GACTTTAAAA	AGAAGAGAAG
5251	AGAAAGAAGA	AACAATGCAT	TTCCAGGCAA	CCACTTAAAG	GATTTACATA
5301	GACAATCCTA	TAAGATCTTG	AACTTGAATT	TTATGGGTTG	TATTTTAATA
		ATTATTTATG			
		GATTATTTCA			
		TCTCAAAGTA			
		TGAAGATTTT			
5551	TTCTGCTGCA	TGTACTGTAC	TCCAGAGCTG	TTATGTAACA	CTGTATATAA
		ААААААААА			
5661	AATCCTTOCIA	AAAATGCCTT	TATABATA		TCTCDAACOA
		CTGAAGGAAA			
5751	TCTAGAGTAC	CTGGGTACAT	AAACAGAAAC	TCCTGTAGGT	AAAAAGTAAT
5801	TTGTGCCATT	AGTCTTTCTA	TGTTTCTGCA	TCCAGATAGA	GTGCAGTTCA
5851	TGAGGGAGGG	GGCGGGGGAC	TGAAGGGGAA	AGGGCGTTAA	AGTGATACAT
					TTAAAATTGC
		GGTGTTAAAA	TAAAGTTTTT	AAAAAATTAA	AAAAAAAA
6001	AAAAA				

BLAST Results

Entry HSG20547 from database EMBL: HSG20547| human STS A005W09. Length = 154

```
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 770 (115.5 bits), Expect = 2.9e-26, P = 2.9e-26
Identities = 154/154 (100%)
```

Medline entries

98101645:

The candidate tumour suppressor p33ING1 cooperates with p53 in cell growth control.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 112 bp to 1245 bp; peptide length: 378 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MLYLEDYLEM IEQLPMDLRD RFTEMREMDL QVQNAMDQLE QRVSEFFMNA
51 KKNKPEWREE QMASIKKDYY KALEDADEKV QLANQIYDLV DRHLRKLDQE
101 LAKFKMELEA DNAGITEILE RRSLELDTPS QPVNNHHAHS HTPVERRKYN
151 PTSHHTTDH IPEKKFKSEA LLSTLTSDAS KENTLGCRNN NSTASSNNAY
201 NVNSSQPLGS YNIGSLSSGT GAGAITMAAA QAVQATAQMK EGRRTSSLKA
251 SYEAFKNNDF QLGKEFSMAR ETVGYSSSSA LMTTLTQNAS SSAADSRSGR
301 KSKNNNKSSS QQSSSSSSS SLSSCSSSST VVQEISQQTT VVPESDSNSQ
351 VDWTYDPNEP RYCICNQVKV CYIYKSII
```

BLASTP hits

```
Entry AF044076 1 from database TREMBL:
"ING1"; product: "candidate tumor suppressor p33ING1"; Homo sapiens candidate tumor suppressor p33ING1 (ING1) mRNA, complete cds. Homo sapiens (human)
Length = 279
Score = 162 (57.0 bits), Expect = 1.1e-09, P = 1.1e-09
Identities = 48/183 (26%), Positives = 92/183 (50%)

Entry AC004537_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "WUGSC:H_DJ0872F07.1"; Homo sapiens PAC clone DJ0872F07 from 7q31, complete sequence.
Score = 1814, P = 3.7e-187, identities = 358/358, positives = 358/358
Entry CEY51H1A_1 from database TREMBL:
gene: "Y51H1A_4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y51H1A
Score = 213, P = 3.7e-15, identities = 37/123, positives = 82/123
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_18c12, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphute1_18c12, frame 1

Report for DKF2phute1_18c12.1

```
[LENGTH]
               378
               42275.72
[MW]
               5.72
[pI]
[HOMOL]
               TREMBL:AC004537 1 gene: "WUGSC:H DJ0872F07.1"; Homo sapiens PAC clone DJ0872F07
from 7q31, complete sequence. Te-157
[FUNCAT]
               99 unclassified proteins
                                               [S. cerevisiae, YHR090c] 8e-05
[FUNCAT]
               04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YNL097c] 2e-04
[PROSITE]
               MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
               AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
               CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
                                       1
[PROSITE]
               CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
               PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN
                                       1
               GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
[PROSITE]
               PKC_PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
               ASN GLYCOSYLATION
All Alpha
[PROSITE]
[KW]
[KW]
               LOW COMPLEXITY
                                  20.63 %
```

[KW]	COLLED	_coir	7.94 %	
SEQ SEG PRD COILS				MDQLEQRVSEFFMNAKKNKPEWREE
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	իրիրիրիրիրի	hchhhhhhhhhl	րիրիրի և հերև	KLDQELAKFKMELEADNAGITEILE
SEQ SEG PRD COILS				TTTDHIPEKKFKSEALLSTLTSDAS
SEQ SEG PRD COILS		**********	ccccccc	LSSGTGAGAITMAAAQAVQATAQMKxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD COILS				SSSSALMTTLTQNASSSAADSRSGRxxxxxxxxxxxx cccceeeeeccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	xxxxxxxxxxxx	*********	кжж	SQQTTVVPESDSNSQVDWTYDPNEP
SEQ SEG PRD COILS	RYCICNQVKVCYIY eeeeceeeeeee	eccc		
		Prosite for	DKFZphute	1_18c12.1
PS00000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS000000 PS00000000	191->195 203->207 288->292 306->310 2218->222 43->247 64->67 6247->250 298->301 142->146 156->160 292->296 349->353 186->192 214->225 214->225 2214->225 2214->225 2214->225 2214->225 2214->225 2214->225 2214->225	ASN GLYCOS: ASN GLYCOS: ASN GLYCOS: ASN GLYCOS: ASN GLYCOS: GLYCOSAMING CAMP PHOSPH PKC PHOSPH CK2 PHOSPH CK2 PHOSPH CK2 PHOSPH CK2 PHOSPH CK2 PHOSPH MYRISTYL MYRISTYL AMIDATION AMIDATION	CLATION CLATION CLATION CLATION CLATION CLYCAN CO_SITE O_SITE	PDOC00001 PDOC00001 PDOC00001 PDOC00001 PDOC00001 PDOC00002 PDOC00005 PDOC00005 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00006 PDOC00008 PDOC00008 PDOC00008 PDOC00008 PDOC00009 PDOC00009
PS00013	315->326	PROKAR_LIP	PROTEIN	PDOC00013

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_18c12.1)

DKFZphute1_18i19

group: transcription factors

DKFZphutel 18il9 encodes a novel 759 amino acid protein with similarity to the SREBP-2 mutant sterol regulatory element binding protein-2 of Cricetulus griseus.

The SREBP-2 protein is embedded in the membranes of the nucleus and endoplasmic reticulum. In cholesterol-depleted cells the proteins are cleaved to release soluble NH2-terminal fragments that enter the nucleus and activate genes encoding the low density lipoprotein receptor and enzymes of cholesterol synthesis. The new protein is a putative transcription factor capable of protein-protein interaction via a lim domain and additionally shows similarity to the common sunflower transcription factor SF3.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the expression of genes involved in lipid metabolism.

similarity to transcription factor SF3

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits strong similarity to mutated SREBP-2 of hamster, similarity is not to SREP-2 part of protein but to the unknown part of the fusion protein

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map=12

Insert length: 3664 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3647, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3636

1 GCGCTAGGTA GAGCGCCGGG ACCTGTGACA GGGCTGGTAG CAGCGCAGAG 51 GAAAGGCGGC TTTTAGCCAG GTATTTCAGT GTCTGTAGAC AAGATGGAAT 101 CATCTCCATT TAATAGACGG CAATGGACCT CACTATCATT GAGGGTAACA 151 GCCAAAGAAC TTTCTCTTGT CAACAAGAAC AAGTCATCGG CTATTGTGGA 201 AATATTCTCC AAGTACCAGA AAGCAGCTGA AGAAACAAAC ATGGAGAAGA 251 AGAGAAGTAA CACCGAAAAT CTCTCCCAGC ACTTTAGAAA GGGGACCCTG 301 ACTGTGTTAA AGAAGAAGTG GGAGAACCCA GGGCTGGGAG CAGAGTCTCA 351 CACAGACTCT CTACGGAACA GCAGCACTGA GATTAGGCAC AGAGCAGACC 401 ATCCTCCTGC TGAAGTGACA AGCCACGCTG CTTCTGGAGC CAAAGCTGAC 451 CAAGAAGAAC AAATCCACCC CAGATCTAGA CTCAGGTCAC CTCCTGAAGC 501 CCTCGTTCAG GGTCGATATC CCCACATCAA GGACGGTGAG GATCTTAAAG 551 ACCACTCAAC AGAAAGTAAA AAAATGGAAA ATTGTCTAGG AGAATCCAGG 601 CATGAAGTAG AAAAATCAGA AATCAGTGAA AACACAGATG CTTCGGGCAA 651 AATAGAGAAA TATAATGTTC CGCTGAACAG GCTTAAGATG ATGTTTGAGA 701 AAGGTGAACC AACTCAAACT AAGATTCTCC GGGCCCAAAG CCGAAGTGCA 751 AGTGGAAGGA AGATCTCTGA AAACAGCTAT TCTCTAGATG ACCTGGAAAT 801 AGGCCCAGGT CAGTTGTCAT CTTCTACATT TGACTCGGAG AAAAATGAGA 851 GTAGACGAAA TCTGGAACTT CCACGCCTCT CAGAAACCTC TATAAAGGAT 901 CGAATGGCCA AGTACCAGGC AGCTGTGTCC AAACAAAGCA GCTCAACCAA 951 CTATACAAAT GAGCTGAAAG CCAGTGGTGG CGAAATCAAA ATTCATAAAA 1001 TGGAGCAAAA GGAGAATGTG CCCCCAGGTC CTGAGGTCTG CATCACCCAT 1051 CAGGAAGGGG AAAAGATTTC TGCAAATGAG AATAGCCTGG CAGTCCGTTC 1101 CACCCCTGCC GAAGATGACT CCCGTGACTC CCAGGTTAAG AGTGAGGTTC 1151 AACAGCCTGT CCATCCCAAG CCACTAAGTC CAGATTCCAG AGCCTCCAGT 1201 CTTTCTGAAA GTTCTCCTCC CAAAGCAATG AAGAAGTTTC AGGCACCTGC
1251 AAGAGAGACC TGCGTGGAAT GTCAGAAGAC AGTCTATCCA ATGGAGCGTC 1301 TCTTGGCCAA CCAGCAGGTG TTTCACATCA GCTGCTTCCG TTGCTCCTAT
1351 TGCAACAACA AACTCAGTCT AGGAACATAT GCATCTTTAC ATGGAAGAAT 1401 CTATTGTAAG CCTCACTTCA ATCAACTCTT TAAATCTAAG GGCAACTATG
1451 ATGAAGGCTT TGGGCACAGA CCACACAGG ATCTATGGGC AAGCAAAAAT 1501 GAAAACGAAG AGATTTTGGA GAGACCAGCC CAGCTTGCAA ATGCAAGGGA 1551 GACCCCTCAC AGCCCAGGGG TAGAAGATGC CCCTATTGCT AAGGTGGGTG 1601 TCCTGGCTGC AAGTATGGAA GCCAAGGCCT CCTCTCAGCA GGAGAAGGAA 1651 GACAAGCCAG CTGAAACCAA GAAGCTGAGG ATCGCCTGGC CACCCCCCAC 1701 TGAACTTGGA AGTTCAGGAA GTGCCTTGGA GGAAGGGATC AAAATGTCAA 1751 AGCCCAAATG GCCTCCTGAA GACGAAATCA GCAAGCCCGA AGTTCCTGAG 1801 GATGTCGATC TAGATCTGAA GAAGCTAAGA CGATCTTCTT CACTGAAGGA 1851 AAGAAGCCGC CCATTCACTG TAGCAGCTTC ATTTCAAAGC ACCTCTGTCA 1901 AGAGCCCAAA AACTGTGTCC CCACCTATCA GGAAAGGCTG GAGCATGTCA 1951 GAGCAGAGTG AAGAGTCTGT GGGTGGAAGA GTTGCAGAAA GGAAACAAGT 2001 GGAAAATGCC AAGGCTTCTA AGAAGAATGG GAATGTGGGA AAAACAACCT 2051 GGCAAAACAA AGAATCTAAA GGAGAGACAG GGAAGAGAAG TAAGGAAGGT 2001 CATAGTTTGG AGATGGAGAA TGAGAATCTT GTAGAAAATG GTGCAGACTC
2151 CGATGAAGAT GATAACACCT TCCTCAAACA ACAATCTCCA CAAGAACCCA
2201 AGTCTCTGAA TTGGTCGAGT TTTGTAGACA ACACCTTTGC TGAAGAATTC 2251 ACTACTCAGA ATCAGAAATC CCAGGATGTG GAACTCTGGG AGGGAGAAGT

2301 GGTCAAAGAG CTCTCTGTGG AAGAACAGAT AAAGAGAAAT CGGTATTATG 2351 ATGAGGATGA GGATGAAGAG TGACAAATTG CAATGATGCT GGGCCTTAAA 2401 TTCATGTTAG TGTTAGCGAG CCACTGCCCT TTGTCAAAAT GTGATGCACA 2451 TAAGCAGGTA TCCCAGCATG AAATGTAATT TACTTGGAAG TAACTTTGGA 2501 AAAGAATTCC TTCTTAAAAT CAAAAACAAA ACAAAAAAAC ACAAAAAACA 2551 CATTCTAAAT ACTAGAGATA ACTTTACTTA AATTCTTCAT TTTAGCAGTG 2601 ATGATATGCG TAAGTGCTGT AAGGCTTGTA ACTGGGGAAA TATTCCACCT 2651 GATAATAGCC CAGATTCTAC TGTATTCCCA AAAGGCAATA TTAAGGTAGA 2701 TAGATGATTA GTAGTATATT GTTACACACT ATTTTGGAAT TAGAGAACAT 2751 ACAGAAGGAA TTTAGGGGCT TAAACATTAC GACTGAATGC ACTTTAGTAT 2801 AAAGGGCACA GTTTGTATAT TTTTAAATGA ATACCAATTT AATTTTTTAG 2851 TATTTACCTG TTAAGAGATT ATTTAGTCTT TAAATTTTTT AGGTTAATTT
2901 TCTTGCTGTG ATATATATGA GGAATTTACT ACTTTATGTC CTGCTCTCTA
2951 AACTACATCC TGAACTCGAC GTCCTGAGGT ATAATACAAC AGAGCACTTT 3001 TTGAGGCAAT TGAAAAACCA ACCTACACTC TTCGGTGCTT AGAGAGATCT
3051 GCTGTCTCCC AAATAAGCTT TTGTATCTGC CAGTGAATTT ACTGTACTCC 3101 AAATGATTGC TTTCTTTTCT GGTGATATCT GTGCTTCTCA TAATTACTGA
3151 AAGCTGCAAT ATTTTAGTAA TACCTTCGGG ATCACTGTCC CCCATCTTCC 3201 GTGTTAGAGC AAAGTGAAGA GTTTAAAGGA GGAAGAAGAA AGAACTGTCT 3251 TACACCACTT GAGCTCAGAC CTCTAAACCC TGTATTTCCC TTATGATGTC 3301 CCCTTTTTGA GACACTAATT TTTTAAATACT TACTAGCTCT GAAATATATT 3351 GATTTTTATC ACAGTATTCT CAGGGTGAAA TTAAACCAAC TATAGGCCTT 3401 TTTCTTGGGA TGATTTTCTA GTCTTAAGGT TTGGGGACAT TATAAACTTG 3451 AGTACATTTG TTGTACACAG TTGATATTCC AAATTGTATG GATGGGAGGG 3501 AGAGGTGTCT TAAGCTGTAG GCTTTTCTTT GTACTGCATT TATAGAGATT 3551 TAGCTTTAAT ATTTTTTAGA GATGTAAAAC ATTCTGCTTT CTTAGTCTTA 3601 CCTAGTCTGA AACATTTTTA TTCAATAAAG ATTTTAATTA AAATTTGAAA 3651 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

Entry HS512217 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-14654. Length = 250 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1202 (180.3 bits), Expect = 1.8e-46, P = 1.8e-46 Identities = 242/244 (99%)

Medline entries

95263566:

Three different rearrangements in a single intron truncate sterol regulatory element binding protein-2 and produce sterol-resistant phenotype in three cell lines. Role of introns in protein evolution.

93258417:

Characterization of a pollen-specific cDNA from sunflower encoding a zinc finger protein.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 94 bp to 2370 bp; peptide length: 759 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MESSPFNRRQ WTSLSLRVTA KELSLVNKNK SSAIVEIFSK YQKAAEETNM 51 EKKRSNTENL SQHFRKGTLT VLKKKWENPG LGAESHTDSL RNSSTEIRHR 101 ADHPPAEVTS HAASGAKADQ EEQIHPRSRL RSPPEALVQG RYPHIKDGED 151 LKDHSTESKK MENCLGESRH EVEKSEISEN TDASGKIEKY NVPLNRLKMM 201 FEKGEPTOTK ILRAGSRSAS GRKISENSYS LDDLEIGPGQ LSSSTFDSEK 251 NESRNLELP RLSETSIKDR MAKYQAAVSK QSSSTNYTNE LKASGGEIKI 301 HKMEQKENVP PGPEVCITHQ EGEKISANEN SLAVRSTPAE DDSRDSQVKS 351 EVQQPVHPKP LSPDSRASSL SESSPPKAMK KFQAPARETC VECQKTVYPM 401 ERLLANQQVF HISCFRCSYC NNKLSLGTYA SLHGRIYCKP HFNQLFKSKG 451 NYDEGFGRRP HKDLWASKNE NEEILERPAQ LANARETPHS PGVEDAPIAK 501 VGVLAASMEA KASSQQEKED KPAETKLRI AWPPPTELGS SGSALEEGIK 551 MSKPKWPPED EISKPEVPED VDLDLKKLRR SSSLKERSRP FTVAASFQST 601 SVKSPKTVSP PIRKGWSMSE QSEESVGGRV AERKQVENAA ASKKNGNVGK 551 TTWQNKESKG ETGKRSKEGH SLEMENENLV ENGADSDEDD NSFLKQQSPQ 701 EPKSLNWSSF VDNTFAEEFT TQNQKSQOVE LWEGEVVKEL SVEEQIKRN

751 YYDEDEDEE

BLASTP hits

Entry CG22818_1 from database TREMBL:
"SREBP-2"; product: "mutant sterol regulatory element binding protein-2"; Cricetulus griseus SRD-2 mutant sterol regulatory element binding protein-2 (SREBP-2) mRNA, complete cds. Cricetulus griseus (Chinese hamster)
Length = 839
Score = 1502 (528.7 bits), Expect = 3.9e-154, P = 3.9e-154
Identities = 290/380 (76%), Positives = 322/380 (84%)
Entry S28507 from database PIR:
transcription factor SF3 - common sunflower
Length = 219
Score = 212 (74.6 bits), Expect = 6.3e-18, Sum P(2) = 6.3e-18
Identities = 36/82 (43%), Positives = 55/82 (67%)

Entry NTLIMDOM_1 from database TREMBL:
"SF3"; product: "LIM-domain SF3 protein"; N.tabacum mRNA for
LIM-domain protein Nicotiana tabacum (common tobacco)
Length = 189
Score = 216 (76.0 bits), Expect = 1.0e-16, P = 1.0e-16
Identities = 42/94 (44%), Positives = 57/94 (60%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_18i19, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

SEO

SEG

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_18i19, frame 1

Report for DKFZphute1_18i19.1

[LENGTH] 759 85225.57 [MW] 6.41 [Iq] TREMBL:CG22818 1 gene: "SREBP-2"; product: "mutant sterol regulatory element [HOMOL] binding protein-2"; Cricetulus griseus SRD-2 mutant sterol regulatory element binding protein-2 (SREBP-2) mRNA, complete cds. le-151 [S. cerevisiae, YLR257w] 3e-05 [FUNCAT] 99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YLR257w] 3e-05 [FUNCAT] 05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae, YGR162w TIF4631 - mRNA cap-binding protein] 1e-04 [S. cerevisiae, YGR162w TIF4631 - mRNA 30.03 organization of cytoplasm [FUNCAT] cap-binding protein] 1e-04 [BLOCKS] BL00478B zinc finger 9e-16 [PIRKW] DNA binding 9e-16 [PIRKW] LIM metal-binding repeat homology 9e-16 [SUPFAM] MYRISTYL [PROSITE] 6 LIM_DOMAIN_1 [PROSITE] [PROSITE] AMIDATION CAMP PHOSPHO SITE [PROSITE] CK2 PHOSPHO SITE 28 [PROSITE] TYR PHOSPHO SITE PKC PHOSPHO SITE [PROSITE] 15 [PROSITE] [PROSITE] ASN GLYCOSYLATION (PFAM) LIM domain containing proteins [KW] Irregular [KW] 3D 5.53 % LOW_COMPLEXITY [KW] MESSPFNRROWTSLSLRVTAKELSLVNKNKSSAIVEIFSKYQKAAEETNMEKKRSNTENL SEO SEG 1ctl-SQHFRKGTLTVLKKKWENPGLGAESHTDSLRNSSTEIRHRADHPPAEVTSHAASGAKADQ SEO SEG 1ctl-**EEQIHPRSRLRSPPEALVQGRYPHIKDGEDLKDHSTESKKMENCLGESRHEVEKSEISEN** SEO SEG 1ctl-

TDASGKIEKYNVPLNRLKMMFEKGEPTQTKILRAQSRSASGRKISENSYSLDDLEIGPGQ

```
1ctl-
      SEQ
      LSSSTFDSEKNESRRNLELPRLSETSIKDRMAKYQAAVSKQSSSTNYTNELKASGGEIKI
SEG
      1ct1-
      {\tt HKMEQKENVPPGPEVCITHQEGEKISANENSLAVRSTPAEDDSRDSQVKSEVQQPVHPKP}
SEQ
SEG
1ctl-
      LSPDSRASSLSESSPPKAMKKFQAPARETCVECQKTVYPMERLLANQQVFHISCFRCSYC
SEO
      *********
SEG
      .....ETTTTEEETTTCEEEETTEEEETTTBTTTT
1ctl-
      NNKLSLGTYASLHGRIYCKPHFNQLFKSKGNYDEGFGHRPHKDLWASKNENEEILERPAQ
SEO
SEG
1ctl-
      SEQ
      LANARETPHSPGVEDAPIAKVGVLAASMEAKASSQQEKEDKPAETKKLRIAWPPPTELGS
SEG
      1ctl-
      SGSALEEGIKMSKPKWPPEDEISKPEVPEDVDLDLKKLRRSSSLKERSRPFTVAASFQST
SEO
SEG
      1ctl-
SEQ
      {\tt SVKSPKTVSPPIRKGWSMSEQSEESVGGRVAERKQVENAKASKKNGNVGKTTWQNKESKG}
SEG
1ctl~
SEO
      ETGKRSKEGHSLEMENENLVENGADSDEDDNSFLKQQSPQEPKSLNWSSFVDNTFAEEFT
SEG
      1ctl-
      SEQ
      TONOKSODVELWEGEVVKELSVEEQIKRNRYYDEDEDEE
SEG
      .....xxxxxxx
1ctl-
      ...........
                 Prosite for DKFZphutel_18i19.1
PS00001
          29->33
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                    PDOC00001
                                    PD0C00001
PS00001
          59->63
                  ASN_GLYCOSYLATION ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
          92->96
                                    PDOC00001
PS00001
         251->255
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                    PDOC00001
         286->290
PS00001
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                    PDOC00001
PS00001
         706->710
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                    PDOC0001
                  CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00004
          52->56
                                    PDOC00004
PS00004
          65->69
                                    PDOC00004
PS00004
         222->226
                  CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC00004
                  CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00004
         579->583
                                    PDOC00004
PS00005
          15->18
                                    PDOC00005
PS00005
          19->22
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PD0C00005
PS00005
          89->92
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PD0C00005
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
         158->161
                                    PD0C00005
PS00005
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
         184->187
                                    PD0C00005
PS00005
         220->223
                                    PDOC0005
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
         248->251
                                    PDOC00005
PS00005
         253->256
                                    PDOC00005
         266->269
PS00005
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC0005
         525->528
                  PKC PHOSPHO SITE
PS00005
                                    PDOC0005
PS00005
         583->586
                  PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                    PDOC0005
PS00005
         601->604
                  PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                    PD0C00005
PS00005
         604->607
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC00005
PS00005
         642->645
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC00005
PS00005
         662->665
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC00005
PS00006
          19~>23
                  CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                    PDOC00006
PS00006
          48~>52
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PDOC00006
PS00006
          55->59
                  CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                    PD0C00006
PS00006
          85->89
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                    PD0C00006
```

PS00006

93->97

132->136

168->172

230->234

244->248

266->270

294->298

318->322

326->330

337->341

CK2 PHOSPHO SITE

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

CK2 PHOSPHO SITE CK2 PHOSPHO SITE CK2 PHOSPHO SITE CK2 PHOSPHO SITE

CK2 PHOSPHO SITE

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

CK2 PHOSPHO SITE

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

PD0C00006

PD0C00006

PD0C00006

PDOC00006

PDOC00006

PDOC00006

PDOC00006

PDOC00006

PDOC00006

PDOC0006

	252 . 222		PDOC00006
PS00006	369->373	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00006	389->393	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	467->471	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	514->518	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0006
PS00006	543->547	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	563->567	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	583->587	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	617->621	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	658->662	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	686->690	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	698->702	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	709->713	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	714->718	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	741->745	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00007	223->230	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	222->230	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00007
PS00008	239->245	MYRĪSTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	427->433	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	502->508	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	539->545	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	548->554	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	627->633	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	220->224	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00009	662->666	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00478	390->425	LIM_DOMAIN_1	PDOC00382

Pfam for DKFZphutel_18i19.1

HMM_NAME	LIM domain containing proteins
нмм	*CagCNrpIyDREivMRAMNKvWHpECFrCcdCqqPLtegdeFYErDGrI C C++++Y+ E++ A+ V+H++CFRC+ C+ L+ G+ + ++ GRI
Query	390 CVECQKTVYPMERLL-ANQQVFHISCFRCSYCNNKLSLGT-YASLHGRI 436
нмм	YCKhDYYrrFg*
Ouerv	YCK+++ ++F+ 437 YCKPHFNOLFK 447

DKFZphute1_18i4

group: uterus derived

DKFZphute1_18i4 encodes a novel 220 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

weak similarity to C.elegans D2085.2

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="7q31"

Insert length: 1568 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1551, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1523

1 GCCGAGCGGA GAGGGTAGAG ACGGGGTTTC ACCGTGTTAG CCAAGATGGT 51 CTCGATCTCC TGACCTCGTG ATCCGCCCGC CTCGGCCTCC CAAAGTGCTG 101 GGATTACAGE CGTGAGCCAC TGGGCCCGGC CTGGGCCTCC CAAAGTGAG 151 TTATCATTA ACATGGAAGA AGATGAGTTC ATTGGAGAAA AAACATTCCA 201 ACGTTATTGT GCAGAATTCA TTAAACATTC ACAACAGATA GGTGATAGTT 251 GGGAATGGAG ACCATCAAAG GACTGTTCTG ATGGCTACAT GTGCAAAATA 301 CACTITCAAA TTAACAATGG GTCTGTGATG TCACATCTAG GAGCATCTAC
351 CCATGGACAG ACATGTCTTC CCATGGAGGA GGCTTTCGAG CTACCCTTGG 401 ATGATTGTGA AGTGATTGAA ACTGCAGCAG CGTCCGAAGT GATTAAATAT 501 TAGGGCAAGC TTTTTAGATG GGAGACCTTT AACTCTGAAG GACATATGGG 551 AAGGAGTTCA TGAGTGCTAT AAGATGCGAC TGCTACAGGG ACCATGGGAC 601 ACTATTACGC AACAGGAACA TCCAATACTT GGGCAACCCT TTTTTGTACT 651 TCATCCCTGC AAGACGAATG AATTCATGAC TCCTGTATTA AAGAATTCTC 701 AGAAAATCAA TAAGAATGTC AACTATATCA CATCATGGCT GAGCATTGTA
751 GGGCCAGTTG TTGGGCTGAA TCTACCTCTG AGTTATGCCA AAGCAACGTC
801 TCAGGATGAA CGAAATGTCC CTTAACAAGA TTCTTCTATT GAGTTTAGGA 851 ATTGCGCAC GAAGAATGCC AAGAGTTTAC CTGCCAGCC CTGGCTTTAA
901 TAGGACTGAT ACCATGGAAT ATTTCATCTC ACCAAGATGT GACATGGATT
951 ATTTTTCCCT TGGACACAAA TGTCTACAGC AACTGATGTT TGATAGGCTG 1001 AATGTTTAGA AGAAACACTT CAAAGGGATA CATCATGGCC AGGCATGGTG 1051 GCTCACACCT GTAATCCAAG CACTTTGGGA GGCCAAGGTG GGAGCATCAC 1101 TTGATCCTGG GAGTTCGAGA CCAGCCTGGG CAACATGGTG AAACCCTGTC 1151 GGTACAAAAA AATACAAAAA TTTGCCTGTT TATGGTGGTG TGTTCCTGTA 1201 GTCCCAGCTC CCCAGGAGGC TGAGGTGGGA GGTTGGCTTT AACCCAGGAG 1251 GCAGAGGTTG CAGTGAGCTG AGACTGTGCC ACTGCAGTCC AGCCTGGGTG 1301 ACAGAGCCAG ACACTGTCTC GGGAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAGACACAT 1351 CACTATAAAT AGCAAAAAAA CAAATCTAAC TTATTAATAC TAGGAATACC 1401 AACATTATTA GGGCACTTGC AGGTTATTCT TTTCTAGGCC AAGTACTTCA 1451 CTTCCATTTG TCTGACATGG AGATTGAGGG AGAAATGTAT TTGTGTGTTC 1501 ATTTTAATGT AAGATATATA AAAATTAAAT TACTGGATTT ACCTGTCCCT 1551 GAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 163 bp to 822 bp; peptide length: 220 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MEEDEFIGEK TFQRYCAEFI KHSQQIGDSW EWRPSKDCSD GYMCKIHFQI
51 KNGSVMSHLG ASTHGOTCLP MEEAFELPLD DCEVIETAAA SEVIKYEYHV
101 LYSCSYQVPV LYFRASFLDG RPLTLKDIWE GVHECYKMRL LQGPWDTITQ
151 QEHPILGQPF FVLHPCKTNE FMTPVLKNSQ KINKNVNYIT SWLSIVGPVV
 201 GLNLPLSYAK ATSODERNVP
                               BLASTP hits
Entry CED2085 2 from database TREMBL:
"D2085.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D2085
Length = 173
Score = 167 (58.8 bits), Expect = 1.1e-12, P = 1.1e-12
Identities = 36/121 (29%), Positives = 64/121 (52%)
             Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_18i4, frame 1
No Alert BLASTP hits found
            Pedant information for DKFZphutel_18i4, frame 1
                      Report for DKFZphutel 18i4.1
[LENGTH]
               220
               25278.99
[WM]
[pI]
               5.34
               TREMBL:CED2085_2 gene: "D2085.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D2085 2e-11
[HOMOL]
[BLOCKS]
               BL00221E
[PROSITE]
               MYRISTYL
               CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
[PROSITE]
                                      2
               ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
(KW)
               Alpĥa_Beta
SEQ
       MEEDEFIGEKTFQRYCAEFIKHSQQIGDSWEWRPSKDCSDGYMCKIHFQIKNGSVMSHLG
PRD
       ASTHGQTCLPMEEAFELPLDDCEVIETAAASEVIKYEYHVLYSCSYQVPVLYFRASFLDG
SEO
       PRD
       RPLTLKDIWEGVHECYKMRLLQGPWDTITQQEHPILGQPFFVLHPCKTNEFMTPVLKNSQ
SEO
       PRD
       KINKNVNYITSWLSIVGPVVGLNLPLSYAKATSQDERNVP
SEQ
       cccccccccceeeeccccccceeeecccccccc
PRD
                     Prosite for DKFZphutel_18i4.1
```

PS00001	52->56	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	124->127	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	179->182	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	116->120	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	124->128	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	149->153	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	212->216	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	53->59	MYRĪSTYL -	PDOC00008
PS00008	131->137	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_18i4.1)

DKFZphute1_1811

group: nucleic acid management

DKFZphtes3 15j18 encodes a novel 184 amino acid protein with similarity to S. cerevisiae putative ribosomal protein YHR148w.

The novel protein is similar to several 40S ribosomal proteins and therefore seems to part of the corresponding ribosome subunit.

The new protein can find application in modulation of ribosome assembly, structure and function.

strong similarity to S.cerevisiae YHR148w

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits, potential start at Bp 45 matchs kozak consensus ANNatgG gene disruption of YHR148w is lethal!

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1076 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1035, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1006

1 GCGCGCTCTC AGCTTCGGGT CCTGCGGCTG CGGCTGCCGC CATCATGGTG 51 CGGAAGCTTA AGTTCCACGA GCAGAAGCTG CTGAAGCAGG TGGACTTCCT 101 GAACTGGGAG GTCACCGACC ACAACCTGCA CGAGCTGCGC GTGCTGCGGC 101 CARCIGGGAS GICACCGACC REARCTGCA CONGCIGGGC GIGGICGGGC 151 GITACCGGCT GCAGCGGCGG GAGGACTACA CGCGCTACAA CCAGCTGAGCA 201 CGTGCCGTGC GTGAGCTGGC GCGGCGCCT CGCGACCTGC CCGAACGCGA 251 CCAGTTCCGC GTGCGCGCTT CGGCCGCGCT GCTGGACAAG CTGTATGCTC 301 TCGGCTTGGT GCCCACGCGC GGTTCGCTGG AGCTCTGCGA CTTCGTCACG 351 GCCTCGTCCT TCTGCCGCCG CCGCCTCCCC ACCGTGCTC TCAAGCTGCG 401 CATGGCGCAG CACCTTCAGG CTGCCGTGGC CTTTGTGGAG CAAGGGCACG 451 TACGCGTGGG CCCTGACGTG GTTACCGACC CCGCCTTCCT TGTCACGCGC 501 AGCATGGAGG ACTTTGTCAC TTGGGTGGAC TCGTCCAAGA TCAAGCGGCA 551 CGTGCTAGAG TACAATGAGG AGCGCGATGA CTTCGATCTG GAAGCCTAGC 601 GGATCTCCCA CTTTGCATGG CTGTCTTTTA CAGATGGGAA AACTGAGGCC 651 TGATGCTGGA GATTCTATGA GGGTGCTCTC CTCAAGGGTA TCAGACGGTC 701 GTAGGTTCTT AAGAATTTGA TCATCAGTG GCAGGCCATG CATAGAGGTA TCACACGGTC 751 CGGGAGGTGC GTCCTTGTTT TCCACGAAAT GTTCTTAGAA CTTGGACTAC 801 TGATTATTAA TTGACTGTGC CTTGGGAAAC AGTGGGAAGT AACTTGGTGC 851 AGCACTGGGG TATTGTTGGA CTGGTTCAAT TCGTTTAACT CGAATTCTTG 901 CTCCTGGCCG TGGTTAAGCT GTGTACAGAT GATGGAGAGT TTGGCCTCAA 951 GTTTTATAA ACTGAGCGAG ACTAGTGTC AGGATCTCCT CCCTTGTTTA 1051 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 45 bp to 596 bp; peptide length: 184 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MVRKLKFHEQ KLLKQVDFLN WEVTDHNLHE LRVLRRYRLQ RREDYTRYNQ

51 LSRAVRELAR RLRDLPERDQ FRVRASAALL DKLYALGLVP TRGSLELCDF 101 VTASSFCRRR LPTVLLKLRM AQHLQAAVAF VEQGHVRVGP DVVTDPAFLV

151 TRSMEDFVTW VDSSKIKRHV LEYNEERDDF DLEA

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_1811, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phutel_1811, frame 3

Report for DKFZphutel 1811.3

```
(LENGTH)
              184
(WW)
              21850.21
[pI]
              9.54
              PIR:S33911 probable ribosomal protein YHR148w - yeast (Saccharomyces
[HOMOL]
cerevisiae) 4e-47
              05.01 ribosomal proteins
                                          [S. cerevisiae, YHR148w] 2e-48
[FUNCAT]
              30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YPLO81w] 5e-07 j mrna translation and ribosome biogenesis [M. jannaschii, MJ0190] 8e-05
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
              BL00632
[PIRKW]
              cytosol le-07
[PIRKW]
              ribosome le-07
protein biosynthesis le-07
rat ribosomal protein S9 le-07
[PIRKW]
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
              MYRISTYL
              CK2_PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
              TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PFAM]
              Ribosomal protein S4
[KW]
              All_Alpha
[KW]
              LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                6.52 %
       {\tt MVRKLKFHEQKLLKQVDFLNWEVTDHNLHELRVLRRYRLQRREDYTRYNQLSRAVRELAR}
SEQ
SEG
                     .....xxxxxxxxxxxx.....
PRD
       SEQ
       RLRDLPERDQFRVRASAALLDKLYALGLVPTRGSLELCDFVTASSFCRRRLPTVLLKLRM
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       AQHLQAAVAFVEQGHVRVGPDVVTDPAFLVTRSMEDFVTWVDSSKIKRHVLEYNEERDDF
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       DLEA
SEG
PRD
       CCCC
```

Prosite for DKFZphute1_1811.3

PS00005	163->166	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	153->157	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	159->163	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	41->49	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	87->93	MYRISTYL	PDOC0008

Pfam for DKFZphute1_1811.3

HMM_NAME	Ribosomal protein S4
нмм	*MSR.YRGPRWKIIRRPGE1PWLTnKtklmrkYC1RPgQHgWR M+R ++ +++K++++++L W ++++R Y R+++ ++
Query	1 MVRKLKFHEQKLLKQVDFLNWEVTDHNLHELRVLRRYRLQRREDYTRYN 49
нмм	qRktLsKIRRmSQYrIRLQEKQKLRFMYGNItERQLRRYvRiaEdKRKlD Q + +R +++ + L+E + +R ++++L++++ +++ L
Query	50 QLSRAVRELARRLRDLPERDQFRVRASAALLDKLYALGLVP-TRGSLE 96
нмм	YsTGenLMQILEMRLDNIVFRMGMAPTIHHARQLINHRHIRVNdRIVNIP ++ + ++++RL++++ ++ MA
Query	97 LCDFVTASSFCRRRLPTVLLKLRMAQHLQAAVAFVEQGHVRVGPDVVTDP 146
нмм	SYiCRPNDiISIRDkqrMQaHIkWnieSPegrmRPNHLErNnkkYeGt1N

DKFZphute1_19f19

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphutel 19f19 encodes a novel 204 amino acid protein with similarity to murine p24 protein.

Murine p24 is expressed only in brain where it is localized exclusively in neurons. It seems to be a neuron-specific membrane protein localised in intracellular organelles of highly differentiated neural cells and may play a role in the neural organelle transport system. As p24, the novel protein contains 2 transmembrane regions, but it contains not the sequence homologous to the microtubule-binding domain of microtubule-associated proteins present in p24.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes and as a new marker for uterine cells.

similarity to mouse P24 protein; membrane regions: 2
Summary DKFZphute1_19f19 encodes a novel 204 amino acid protein, with similarity to mouse P24 protein.

similarity to mouse P24 protein

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits,

2 TM-domains

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map=14.8 cR from top of Chr20 linkage group

Insert length: 2042 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1958, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1940

1 GCAGGCAGAG AGATGAGGAA ACTGAGACCC AGAAAGGTGG AAGCACTTGT 51 CTAAGGTCAC GCCTCCAGGA AGCAGTGTGT CCACGACTCC AGTCCAAGTG 101 GTCAGGCTCC AGAGCCCACA GTCCCAGGGG TCCATGATGC CGAGCTGCAA 151 TCGTTCCTGC AGCTGCAGCC GCGGCCCCAG CGTGGAGGAT GGCAAGTGGT 201 ATGGGGTCCG CTCCTACCTG CACCTCTTCT ATGAGGACTG TGCAGGCACT 251 GCTCTCAGCG ACGACCCTGA GGGACCTCCG GTCCTGTGCC CCCGCCGGCC 301 CTGGCCCTCA CTGTGTTGGA AGATCAGCCT GTCCTCGGGG ACCCTGCTTC 351 TGCTGCTGGG TGTGGCGGCT CTGACCACTG GCTATGCAGT GCCCCCCAAG 401 CTGGAGGGCA TCGGTGAGGG TGAGTTCCTG GTGTTGGATC AGCGGGCAGC 451 CGACTACAAC CAGGCCCTGG GCACCTGTCG CCTGGCAGGC ACAGCGCTCT 501 GTGTGGCAGC TGGAGTTCTG CTCGCCATCT GCCTCTTCTG GGCCATGATA 551 GGCTGGCTGA GCCAGGACAC CAAGGCAGAG CCCTTGGACC CCGAAGCCGA 601 CAGCCACGTG GAGGTCTTCG GGGATGAGCC AGAGCAGCAG TTGTCACCCA 651 TTTTCCGCAA TGCCAGTGGC CAGTCATGGT TCTCGCCACC CGCCAGCCCC 701 TTTGGGCAAT CTTCTGTGCA GACTATCCAG CCCAAGAGGG ACTCCTGAGC 751 TGCCCACATG GCCTAAGATG TGGGTCCTGG ATCCTTCCCC CTTCTCACCA 801 TAACCCCCTC TCAGTGTTTC CCCAACTTCT CCCTTTAGAG CCCAACTCCA 851 GGTCAAATCT GGAGCTCAAA TCCCAGTGCT CCCTCCCCAG GAGTGGGGCC 901 CCAACTCTTC CAAGATACCA GCATTCCTCA AGTCCTCCCA AAACTTCCTA 951 CCCACACCCT CTTCCCAAGG CCCTCAGGGG CAGAAAACAT CTCCTTCAAC 1001 CCGTCCCCAC TCCTTCCTCT GCATGACCTT GGGCAAACCC TTGCCCTTTC 1051 AAGCCATCAG CTCCTGCCTC TCTGCCATGA GGGCTTTGGA TCAGATTCCT 1101 CTTCTCGCCA GGATGAGGAC ACGCACTGCC CTCCATAGAC ACAGATGAAG 1151 GGGTGGGGGT CATTCAGCTC GAATGGGTCC CAGATGCTCA CTTGGCCTTT 1201 CCCTGCAGGA TGAGTGAAGA CGTTTGCCTC TCACAGTGTG TCTTCTACCT 1251 GCATTTTGGC ATCAGAGCCC CCCAGCCCAC CCACCACAGG CAATTACTAG 1301 CCCTAGTTGA TAGGTGAGGT GGGTGAAGAA GGCTGGAGGT GACATGTCCG 1351 AGGTCACACA ACAAAGCAGC ATGCAGGAAC TAGAAACACA TCTTCAGCCT 1401 CCTCCTGGGC CAGCTCTTGT GCTACAGGTG GGGCGGAGCC AGCCCCTCAC 1451 CTTCCTGGTT CCCTGAGGGT CCTCAGGGTG GAGGACAGGT TTGGCCCAGA 1501 AAGACTAGCC AGAGGCCTGA TGGTCCCAGG TGGCTCTGGA TATACTTTGG 1551 ATATGGATTT AAATGGTCTC TAAGAGCCGG GGGTAGGGGG CAGGAAAAGT 1601 GGGTTGTCTT TGCCCCTCAA AGTCCACCTA CCTAGAAACC AAGCCCACGG 1651 TCTTGGCCGT GACCCTGATA ATAAATGGGC TCTCTCAGAG GCGCCAGCCC 1701 CTCCCTCCCC AGCCGGAGGC GTCATCTCTC TTCTGTACCA CTAGAGGGAG 1801 TAACCCTTAC CTTCAGTCTC CACCAGCCTG AAGGGCCTCC TAGGGGATCC 1851 TCAGGCGGCC CCCACCAGGG CACACCCTAC TGTCCTTGTG CCTCACGCCC 1901 CCTCCTCATC CTGCACCCCT TCCATCCCAC CTTCCCTTTC AATAAACAGC

BLAST Results

Entry HS417348 from database EMBL: human STS WI-14697. Length = 290 Minus Strand HSPs: Score = 1254 (188.2 bits), Expect = 3.0e-50, P = 3.0e-50 Identities = 262/273 (95%)

Medline entries

97334404:

A newly identified membrane protein localized exclusively in intracellular organelles of neurons.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 134 bp to 745 bp; peptide length: 204 Category: similarity to known protein

- 1 MMPSCNRSCS CSRGPSVEDG KWYGVRSYLH LFYEDCAGTA LSDDPEGPPV 51 LCPRRPWPSL CWKISLSSGT LLLLLGVAAL TTGYAVPPKL EGIGEGEFLV 101 LDQRAADYNQ ALGTCRLAGT ALCVAAGVLL AICLFWAMIG WLSQDTKAEP 151 LDPEADSHVE VFGDEPEQQL SPIFRNASGQ SWFSPPASPF GQSSVQTIQP

- 201 KRDS

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_19f19, frame 2

TREMBL:MMP2000_1 product: "P24 protein"; Mouse mRNA for P24 protein, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 295, P = 3.8e-26

>TREMBL:MMP2000 1 product: "P24 protein": Mouse mRNA for P24 protein, complete cds. Length = 196

HSPs:

Score = 295 (44.3 bits), Expect = 3.8e-26, P = 3.8e-26Identities = 58/139 (41%), Positives = 81/139 (58%)

2 MPSCNRSCSCSRGPSVEDGKW---YGVRSYLHLFYEDCAGTALSDDPEGPPVLCPRRPWP 58 M SC+ +C R + +G + YGVRSYLH FYEDC + + + P R W 1 MTSCSNTCGSRRAQADTEGGYQQRYGVRSYLHQFYEDCTASIWEYEDDFQIQRSPNR-WS 59 Query:

Sbjct:

59 SLCWKISLSSGTLLLLLGVAALTTGYAVPPKLEGIGEGEFLVLDQRAADYNQALGTCRLA 118 Query: S+ WK+ L SGT+ ++LG+ L G+ VPPK+E GE +F+V+D A YN AL TC+LA
60 SVFWKVGLISGTVFVILGLTVLAVGFLVPPKIEAFGEADFMVVDTHAVKYNGALDTCKLA 119 Sbjct:

119 GTALCVAAGVLLAICLFWAM 138 Query: G +A CL ++ 120 GAVLFCIGGTSMAGCLLMSV 139 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_19f19, frame 2

Report for DKFZphute1_19f19.2

[LENGTH] 204 21983.07 [MW] [Iq] 4.69

[HOMOL] TREMBL:MMP2000_1 product: "P24 protein"; Mouse mRNA for P24 protein, complete

cds. 7e-19

[PROSITE] MYRISTYL

PD0C00006

PDOC0006

PDOC00006

PDOC00008

PD0C00008

PDOC00008

PD0C00008

```
[PROSITE]
          CAMP PHOSPHO SITE
                         1
(PROSITE)
          CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
          PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                         1
[PROSITE]
          ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
          TRANSMEMBRANE 2
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                    10.29 %
[KW]
SEO
    MMPSCNRSCSCSRGPSVEDGKWYGVRSYLHLFYEDCAGTALSDDPEGPPVLCPRRPWPSL
SEG
PRD
    MEM
     SEQ
     CWKISLSSGTLLLLLGVAALTTGYAVPPKLEGIGEGEFLVLDQRAADYNQALGTCRLAGT
SEG
     ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.......
PRD
     MEM
     SEQ
     ALCVAAGVLLAICLFWAMIGWLSQDTKAEPLDPEADSHVEVFGDEPEQQLSPIFRNASGQ
SEG
PRD
     MEM
    SEO
     SWFSPPASPFGQSSVQTIQPKRDS
SEG
PRD
     cccccccccceeeecccccc
MEM
     Prosite for DKFZphutel 19f19.2
PS00001
         6->10
               ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                              PDOC00001
       176->180
PS00001
               ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                              PDOC0001
               CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
       201~>205
PS00004
                              PDOC00004
PS00005
       114->117
16->20
                              PDOC00005
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_19f19.2)

146->150

157->161

119->125

127->133

38->44

92->98

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

MYRISTYL

MYRISTYL

MYRISTYL

MYRISTYL

PS00006

PS00006

PS00006

PS00008

PS00008

PS00008

PS00008

```
DKF2phute1 19g19
```

group: uterus derived

DKFZphutel 19g19 encodes a novel 400 amino acid protein, with strong but partial similarity to a bovine elastin-related protein expressed in fetal calf ligamentum nuchae.

The novel protein contains 2 RGD cell attachment sites. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes and as a new marker for uterine cells.

similarity to bovine elastin fragment

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: map=54.9 cR from top of Chr3 linkage group

Insert length: 3244 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 3227, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3216

1 GTAACTGCAG TAAGTCCCGC TTGGCCCTGG AGTCCACGCG GATTTTCGAA 51 GCTGGGGCTG GCAAGAGGCC GCTGGACACC ACGCTCCAGT CGTCAGCCCA 101 CTTCCTAGCT GAACAGCGCG AGGCGGCGGC AGCGAGCCGG GTCCCACCAT 151 GGCCGCGAAT TATTCCAGTA CCAGTACCCG GAGAGAACAT GTCAAAGTTA 201 AAACCAGCTC CCAGCCAGGC TTCCTGGAAC GGCTGAGCGA GACCTCGGGT 251 GGGATGTTTG TGGGGCTCAT GGCCTTCCTG CTCTCCTTCT ACCTAATTTT 301 CACCAATGAG GGCCGCGCAT TGAAGACGGC AACCTCATTG GCTGAGGGGC 351 TCTCGCTTGT GGTGTCTCCT GACAGCATCC ACAGTGTGGC TCCGGAGAAT 401 GAAGGAAGGC TGGTGCACAT CATTGGCGCC TTACGGACAT CCAAGCTTTT 451 GTCTGATCCA AACTATGGGG TCCATCTTCC GGCTGTGAAA CTGCGGAGGC 501 ACGTGGAGAT GTACCAATGG GTAGAAACTG AGGAGTCCAG GGAGTACACC 551 GAGGATGGGC AGGTGAAGAA GGAGACGAGG TATTCCTACA ACACTGAATG 601 GAGGTCAGAA ATCATCAACA GCAAAAACTT CGACCGAGAG ATTGGCCACA 651 ATAACCCCAG TGCCATGGCA GTGGAGTCAT TCACGGCAAC AGCCCCCTTT 701 GTCCAAATTG GCAGGTTTTT CCTCTCGTCA GGCCTCATCG ACAAAGTCGA 751 CAACTTCAAG TCCCTGAGCC TATCCAAGCT GGAGGACCCT CATGTGGACA 801 TCATTCGCCG TGGAGACTTT TTCTACCACA GCGAAAATCC CAAGTATCCA 851 GAGGTGGGAG ACTTGCGTGT CTCCTTTTCC TATGCTGGAC TGAGCGGCGA 901 TGACCCTGAC CTGGGCCCAG CTCACGTGGT CACTGTGATT GCCCGGCAGC 951 GGGGTGACCA GCTAGTCCCA TTCTCCACCA AGTCTGGGGA TACCTTACTG 1001 CTCCTGCACC ACGGGGACTT CTCAGCAGAG GAGGTGTTTC ATAGAGAACT 1051 AAGGAGCAAC TCCATGAAGA CCTGGGGCCT GCGGGCAGCT GGCTGGATGG 1101 CATGTTAT GGGCCTCAAC CTTATGACAC GGATCATCT CACCTTGGTG
1151 GACTGGTTT CTGTTTCCG AGACCTGGTC AACATTGGCC TGAAAGCCTT 1201 TGCCTTCTGT GTGGCCACCT CGCTGACCCT GCTGACCGTG GCGGCTGGCCT 1251 GGCTCTCTCA CCGACCCCTG TGGGCCCTC TCATTGCCGG CCTGGCCCTT 1301 GTGCCCATCC TTGTTGCTCG GACACGGGTG CCAGCCAAAA AGTTGGAGTG 1351 AAAAGACCCT GGCACCCGCC CGACACCTGC GTGAGCCCTA GGATCCAGGT 1401 CCTCTCTCAC CTCTGACCCA GCTCCATGCC AGAGCAGGAG CCCCGGTCAA
1451 TTTTGGACTC TGCACCCCT CTCCTCTTCA GGGGCCAGAC TTGGCAGCAT 1501 GTGCACCAGG TTGGTGTTCA CCAGCTCATG TCTTCCCCAC ATCTCTTCTT 1551 GCCAGTAAGC AGCTTTGGTG GGCAGCAGCA GCCATGAATG GCAAGCTGAC 1601 AGCTTCTCCT GCTGTTTCCT TCCTCTTTG GACTGAGTGG GTACGGCCAG 1651 CCACTCAGCC CATTGGCAGC TGACAACGCA GACACGCTCT ACGGAGGCCT 1701 GCTGATAAAG GGCTCAGCCT TGCCGTGTGC TGCTTCTCAT CACTGCACAC 1751 AAGTGCCATG CTTTGCCACC ACCACCAAGC ACATCTGTGA TCCTGAAGGG 1801 CGGCCGTTAG TCATTACTGC TGAGTCCTGG GTCACCAGCA GACACACTGG 1851 GCATGGACCC CTCAAAGCAG GCACACCCAA AACACAAGTC TGTGGCTAGA 1901 ACCTGATGTG GTGTTTAAAA GAGAAGAAAC ACTGAAGATG TCCTGAGGAG 1951 AAAAGCTGGA CATATACTGG GCTTCACACT TATCTTATGG CTTGGCAGAA 2001 TCTTTGTAGT GTGTGGGATC TCTGAAGGCC CTATTTAAGT TTTTCTTCGT 2051 TACTTTGCTG CTTCATGTGT ACTTTCCTAC CCCAAGAGGA AGTTTTCTGA 2101 AATAAGATTT AAAAACAAAA CAAAAAAAAC ACTTAATATT TCAGACTGTT 2151 ACAGGAAACA CCCTTTAGTC TGTCAGTTGA ATTCAGAGCA CTGAAAGGTG 2201 TTAAATTGGG GTATGTGGTT TGATTGATAA AAAGTTACCT CTCAGTATTT 2251 TGTGTCACTG AGAAGCTTTA CAATGGATGC TTTTGAAACA AGTATCAGCA 2301 AAAGGATTTG TTTTCACTCT GGGAGGAGA GGTGGAGAAA GCACTTGCTT 2351 TCATCCTCTG GCATCGGAAA CTCCCCTATG CACTTGAAGA TGGTTTAAAA 2401 GATTAAAGAA ACGATTAAGA GAAAAGGTTG GAAGCTTTAT ACTAAATGGG 2451 CTCCTTCATG GTGACGCCCC GTCAACCACA ATCAAGAACT GAGGCCTGAG 2501 GCTGGTTGTA CAATGCCCAC GCCTGCCTGG CTGCTTTCAC CTGGGAGTGC 2551 TTTCGATGTG GGCACCTGGG CTTCCTAGGG CTGCTTCTGA GTGGTTCTTT 2601 CACGTGTTGT GTCCATAGCT TTAGTCTTCC TAAATAAGAT CCACCCACAC

BLAST Results

Entry HS545355 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-14815.
Length = 436
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 2040 (306.1 bits), Expect = 6.2e-86, P = 6.2e-86
Identities = 420/426 (98%)

Entry HS932147 from database EMBL:
human STS WI-8531.
Length = 341
Minus Strand HSPs:
Score = 1705 (255.8 bits), Expect = 4.7e-70, P = 4.7e-70
Identities = 341/341 (100%)

Medline entries

86051793: Bovine elastin cDNA clones: evidence for the occurrence of a new elastin-related protein in fetal calf ligamentum nuchae.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 149 bp to 1348 bp; peptide length: 400 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MAANYSSTST RREHVKVKTS SQPGFLERLS ETSGGMFVGL MAFLLSFYLI
51 FTNEGRALKT ATSLAEGLSL VVSPDSIHSV APENEGRLVH IIGALRTSKL
101 LSDPNYGVHL PAVKLRRHVE MYQWVETEES REYTEDGQVK KETRYSYNTE
151 WRSEIINSKN FDREIGHNNP SAMAVESFTA TAPFVQIGRF FLSSGLIDKV
201 DNFKSLSLSK LEDPHVDIIR RGDFFYHSEN PKYPEVGDLR VSFSYAGLSG
251 DDPDLGPAHV VTVIARQRGD QLVPFSTKSG DTLLLLHHGD FSAEEVFHRE
301 LRSNSMKTWG LRAAGWMAMF MGLNLMTRIL YTLVDWFFVF RDLVNIGLKA
351 FAFCVATSLT LLTVAAGWLF YRPLWALLIA GLALVPILVA RTRVPAKKLE

BLASTP hits

Entry I45887 from database PIR:
elastin - bovine (fragment)
Length = 40
Score = 131 (46.1 bits), Expect = 4.9e-08, P = 4.9e-08
Identities = 31/41 (75%), Positives = 34/41 (82%)

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_19g19, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_19g19, frame 2

Report for DKF2phute1_19g19.2

(LENGTH) 400

```
44831.53
(WM)
[pI]
            7.23
            PIR:I45887 elastin - bovine (fragment) 1e-06
[HOMOL]
[PROSITE]
            RGD
[PROSITE]
            MYRISTYL
            CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                             1
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                             6
           TYR PHOSPHO SITE PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
                             2
[PROSITE]
            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
            TRANSMEMBRANE 4
[KW]
      MAANYSSTSTRREHVKVKTSSQPGFLERLSETSGGMFVGLMAFLLSFYLIFTNEGRALKT
SEQ
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      ATSLAEGLSLVVSPDSIHSVAPENEGRLVHIIGALRTSKLLSDPNYGVHLPAVKLRRHVE
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      MYOWVETEESREYTEDGOVKKETRYSYNTEWRSEI INSKNFDREIGHNNPSAMAVESFTA
PRD
      hheeehhhhheeecccccceeeccccceeeeccccceeeccccceeeccc
MEM
      TAPFVOIGRFFLSSGLIDKVDNFKSLSLSKLEDPHVDIIRRGDFFYHSENPKYPEVGDLR
SEO
PRD
      MEM
      VSFSYAGLSGDDPDLGPAHVVTVIARQRGDQLVPFSTKSGDTLLLLHHGDFSAEEVFHRE
SEQ
      PRD
MEM
SEQ
      LRSNSMKTWGLRAAGWMAMFMGLNLMTRILYTLVDWFPVFRDLVNIGLKAFAFCVATSLT
PRD
      MEM
      LLTVAAGWLFYRPLWALLTAGLALVPTLVARTRVPAKKLE
SEO
      PRD
      MEM
                Prosite for DKFZphutel 19g19.2
PS00001
            4->8
                 ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                   PDOC00001
PS00004
         140->144
                 CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   PDOC0004
PS00005
           9->12
                 PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                   PDOC00005
PS00005
          10->13
                 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   PDOC00005
PS00005
          97->100
                 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   PD0C00005
                 PKC PHOSPHO SITE
PKC PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                   PDOC00005
PS00005
         276->279
                                   PDOC00005
         305->308
PS00005
                                   PD0C00006
PS00006
          10->14
          63->67
PS00006
                                   PDOC00006
PS00006
         209->213
                 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                   PDOC00006
PS00006
         249->253
                 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                   PDOC00006
                 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
         292->296
                                   PDOC00006
PS00006
         332->336
                                   PDOC00006
PS00007
         220->227
                 TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                   PDOC00007
PS00007
         99->107
                 TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                   PDOC00007
PS00008
          35->41
                 MYRĪSTYL
                                   PD0C00008
PS00008
          93->99
                 MYRISTYL
                                   PD0C00008
         310->316
PS00008
                 MYRISTYL
                                   PD0C00008
         221->224
PS00016
                 RGD
                                   PD0C00016
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_19g19.2)

RGD

268->271

PS00016

PD0C00016

DKFZphute1_19g22

group: cell structure and motility

DKFZphutel_19g22 encodes a novel 390 amino acid protein with very strong similarity to tuftelin/enamelin.

Tuftelin/enamelin are matrix proteins of the teeth. As other proteins involved in calcification, these proteins are also expressed in the uterus matrix.

The new protein can find application in modulation of tissue-calcification, especially the uterus.

complete cDNA, complete cds start at Bp 51, EST hits in 3' UTR, human homolog of mouse tuftelin tuftelin is descriebed as a matrix protein of teeth but it seems also to be pressend in the uterus matrix

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3110 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3093, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3071

1 GCAGACAGCG GGGTGGACAA GTGGCGTGTG TGCTGCGACC CCGAGGGAAG 51 ATGAACGGGA CGCGGAACTG GTGTACCCTG GTGGACGTGC ACCCAGAGGA 101 CCAGGCGGCG GGCAGCGTGG ACATTCTCAG GCTGACTCTC CAGGGTGAAC 151 TGACAGGAGA TGAACTTGAA CACATAGCCC AGAAGGCGGG CAGGAAGACC 201 TATGCCATGG TGTCCAGCCA CTCAGCTGGT CATTCTCTGG CTTCAGAACT 251 GGTGGAGTCC CATGATGGAC ATGAGGAGAT CATTAAGGTG TACTTGAAGG 301 GGAGGTCTGG AGACAAGATG ATTCACGAGA AGAATATTAA CCAGCTGAAG 351 AGTGAGGTCC AGTACATCCA GGAGGCCAGG AACTGCCTAC AGAAGCTCCG 401 GGAGGATATA AGTAGCAAGC TTGACAGGA CCTAGGAGAT TCTCTCCATC
451 GACAGGAGAT ACAGGTGGTG CTAGAAAAGC CAAATGGCTT TAGTCAGAGT 501 CCCACAGCCC TGTACAGCAG CCCACCTGAG GTGGACACCT GTATAAATGA 551 GGATGTTGAG AGCTTGAGGA AGACGGTGCA GGACTTGCTG GCCAAGCTTC 601 AGGAGGCCAA GCGGCAACAC CAGTCAGACT GTGTGGCTTT TGAGGTCACA 651 CTCAGCCGGT ACCAGAGGGA AGCAGAACAA AGTAATGTGG CCCTTCAGAG 701 AGAGGAGGAC AGAGTGGAGC AGAAAGAGGC AGAAGTCGGA GAGCTGCAGA 751 GGCGCTTGCT AGGGATGGAG ACGGAGCATC AGGCCTTACT GGCGAAAGTG 801 AGGGAAGGG AGGTGGCCCT AGAGGAACTT CGGAGCAACA ATGCTGACTG 851 CCAAGCAGAA CGAGAAAAGG CTGCTACCCT GGAAAAGGAA GTGGCCGGGG 901 TGCGGGAGAA GATCCACCAC TTGGATGACA TGCTCAAGAG CCAGCAGCGG 951 AAAGTCCGGC AAATGATAGA GCAGCTCCAG AATTCAAAAG CTGTGATCCA 1001 GTCAAAGGAC GCCACCATCC AGGAGCTCAA GGAGAAAATC GCCTATCTGG 1051 AGGCAGAGAA TTTAGAGATG CATGACCGGA TGGAACACCT GATAGAAAAA 1101 CAAATCAGTC ATGGCAACTT CAGCACCCAG GCCCGGGCCA AGACAGAGAA 1151 CCCGGGCAGT ATTAGGATAT CCAAGCCGCC TAGCCCGAAG CCCATGCCTG 1201 TCATCCGAGT GGTGGAAACC TGAGCTGCCT GGAGATGGTT GCTGCCATTG 1251 CTGCTGCCTC TGCCTCGGAG AAGCCCACTG CCCCTGTTGG CTGTTAACAC 1301 TGCCTTTGAC TTCCTGACTG TCCCCTGGCT GCACCCAGGA CTTCGGGCTC 1351 CTGTGTCTCA CCATTCCCAA GCCCCTGGCC ACTCTAAGCT GGGCAGACGG 1401 AGCACGAGCA CCTATTCAAG GCACTGCAGC CCTTTGGAAG ACATTGTCCT 1451 GCAAGCAGGA GCCAGGGCAA TATCTATATT CCTACAGTGA CTATTTTCT 1501 CTGTAGAGAG CCTCCCTTCT GTTGTAGACT GGACTCTGGC TGCGCCATAA
1551 GCCAGGCCTT CATCAGATTG GGAGAGGTGA CAAGATTTGC CTCAGCCCTA 1601 AAAGCTGGAG ACACAGATGT CCAGAGTGAT TGGAGAATGT CCTGGGGGAA 1651 TGAAGTTCCT TCCACAAACA CAGCTCAGTT CTTAGCAACA AACTGTTTGT 1701 TTTTCTACTT GCTCCATCTG CAGCCTACGC TGCCCTGGCC TCCTGCAGAC 1751 AGATAGTGGG GTTACCTGGC AAGGCCTGGT GAGAGCCAGT GAACCTAAGC 1801 TTTGACTGGG TGGCCTTGTC TTTCTGGGGA GGAGGGAATG TACATTCAGG 1851 GAGTAGCCTT TTGCGGAAAA ATTCTCTAGG GCTACAGACA GTCATGTGTG 1901 ACTTCTCTC GCTGTGAAAA CTCCCAGAGT CTCTTTAGGG ATTTTCCCTA 1951 AGGTGTACCA CCAGGCACAC CTCAGTCTTC TTGACCCAGA GCCTGAAAAC 2001 TGTTTCACT GGGTTCCACC AGTCCCAGCA AAATCCTCTT TGTATTTATT 2051 TTGCTAAGTT ATTGGTGGTT TTGCTTACAT CTCATGATTG ATATAATACC 2101 AAAGTTCTAT AGCCTTCTCT TGCAGTATTT GGATTTGCTT GAAACCGGGA 2151 AAACTGTTCC CATTAGGCTT GTTAATGTCA GAGTGACACT ATTATGAATC 2201 TTTCTCTCCC TTTCCTCTGC CTGTTTCTTC TCTCTTTCTC CTTCAAACTT 2251 GCTCTGCAGC TAAGGAAGGT GAGTCTACTT TCCCTGAGGC TTTGGGGTCA 2301 GAGTATATGT TGTTTGGAGA AAGAGGGCAA TCAGGACTCT TCTGGGACCC 2351 AGATGAGTTC TTCACTAGCC CTTCTGAACC CCTTGCTCCA TAATTGGTCT 2401 TTTATCCTGG CTCTGAATGA CCCTGCAGGT CATCATGGTT TTCTTTTTT 2451 ATTGTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTG AGACAGAGTC TCACTCTGTC ACCCAGGCTG
2501 GAGTGCAGTG GCGCGATCTC AGCTCACTGC AACCTCTGCC TCCCGGATTT 2551 AAGCGATTCT TCTGCCTCAG CCTCCCGAGT AGCTGGGACT ACAGGTGTGC

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2601 CACCACGCCT GGCTGATTTT TGTATTTTTA GTAGAGATGG GGTTTCACCA
2651 TACTGGCTAG GCTGGTCTCG AATTCCTGAC CTCAGGTGAT CCACCCACCT
2701 CGGCTTCCCA AAGTGCTAGG ATTATAGGCT TGAGCTACTG TGCCCGGCCC
2751 ATGGTGTTTT TCTTTAGGGC TCTTCCTACA GCCTTGAGAA GTAGATAGGC
2801 ATCAGAGTAT GGTACTATAG GAATCAGAAA AATTCAAAAC AAATGTGGAT
2851 TAAGTGTTTA GGCTCTATGT GGCTCACGCA GCCAGAATCC TTAAGTCTGT
2901 GTGTTTCTGT GTCTCAAGAC TGGGCTCACA TTCTGGCTTT GTCCATAACA
2951 ATGCTCTGGG ATTTCAGGGA GTTCCCTCAT TTGTAAAATG AGGGGGTCAG 3001 AGCAGGTGAT ATCCATGTTT CTTCCCTTTC TGATATTGTT GTCTGTGGCA
3051 TATTCTTTGT ATGGCGAATT TAATAAATTA TATTAATGTG TCTAAAAAAA
3101 AAAAAAAAAA
```

RLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

Tuftelin--aspects of protein and gene structure

Timing of the expression of enamel gene products during mouse tooth development.

91340750:

Sequencing of bovine enamelin ("tuftelin") a novel acidic enamel protein.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 51 bp to 1220 bp; peptide length: 390 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MNGTRNWCTL VDVHPEDQAA GSVDILRLTL QGELTGDELE HIAQKAGRKT 51 YAMVSSHSAG HSLASELVES HDGHEEIKV YLKGRSGDKM IHEKNINQLK 101 SEVQYIQEAR NCLQKLREDI SSKLDRNLGD SLHRQEIQVV LEKPNGFSQS
- 151 PTALYSSPPE VDTCINEDVE SLRKTVQDLL AKLQEAKRQH QSDCVAFEVT
- 201 LSRYQREAEQ SNVALQREED RVEQKEAEVG ELQRRLLGME TEHQALLAKV
- 251 REGEVALEEL RSNNADCQAE REKAATLEKE VAGLREKIHH LDDMLKSQQR
- 301 KVRQMIEQLQ NSKAVIQSKD ATIQELKEKI AYLEAENLEM HDRMEHLIEK
- 351 QISHGNFSTQ ARAKTENPGS IRISKPPSPK PMPVIRVVET

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphute1_19g22, frame 3

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phutel_19g22, frame 3

Report for DKFZphutel_19g22.3

```
[LENGTH]
                390
[ WW ]
                44264.09
[pI]
                5.68
                TREMBL:AF047704_1 product: "tuftelin"; Mus musculus tuftelin mRNA, complete
[HOMOL]
cds. 0.0
                08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
                                                                          (S. cerevisiae, YDL058w)
[FUNCAT]
2e-11
                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YDL058w] 2e-11
[FUNCAT]
                30.03 organization of cytoplasm
[FUNCAT] 1 genome replication, transcription, recombination and repair jannaschii, MJ1643] 7e-11
                09.13 biogenesis of chromosome structure
[FUNCAT]
                                                                   [S. cerevisiae, YLR086w] le-08
                03.22.01 cell cycle check point proteins
[FUNCAT]
                                                                 [S. cerevisiae, YGL086w] 6e-08
                30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YGL086w] 6e-08 03.13 meiosis [S. cerevisiae, YNL250w] 7e-08
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
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03.19 recombination and dna repair [S. cerevisiae, YNL250w] 7e-08
11.04 dna repair (direct repair, base excision repair and nucleotide excision
[S. cerevisiae, YKR095w] le-07
(FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT]
repair)
                    03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YDR285w] 2e-07
[FUNCAT]
                   03.22 Cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YDR285w] 2e-07
30.13 organization of chromosome structure [S. cerevisiae, YDR285w] 2e-07
99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YOR216c] le-05
01.03.16 polynucleotide degradation [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w] le-04
03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
1e-04
                   30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w] 1e-04 03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
         [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w] le-04

O8.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w] le-04

06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YNL243w] le-04

O8.22 cytoskeleton-dependent transport [S. cerevisiae, YHR023w]
[FUNCAT]
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[FUNCAT]
                                                                               (S. cerevisiae, YHR023w MYO1 -
myosin-1 isoform] 4e-04
                    03.25 cytokinesis
[FUNCAT]
                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YHR023w MYO1 - myosin-1 isoform] 4e-04
                    09.10 nuclear biogenesis [S. cerevisiae, YDR356w] 4e-04
30.05 organization of centrosome [S. cerevisiae VMP294.
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[FUNCAT]
                                                                     [S. cerevisiae, YMR294w] 7e-04
(EC)
(PIRKW)
                    3.6.1.32 Myosin ATPase 8e-09
                   blocked amino end 1e-07
(PIRKW)
                   nucleus 1e-06
                    citrulline 1e-07
tandem repeat 8e-09
(PIRKW)
i PTRKWI
                   heterodimer 3e-06
DNA repair 2e-06
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                    endocytosis 3e-07
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                    ATP 8e-09
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                    peripheral membrane protein 3e-07 cardiac muscle 8e-09
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                   hydrolase 8e-09
                   muscle 7e-08
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[PIRKW]
                    cytoskeleton 7e-08
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                    hair 1e-07
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                    smooth muscle 7e-08
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                    RAD50 protein 2e-06
                    calmodulin repeat homology 1e-07
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alpha-actinin actin-binding domain homology 1e-06
(SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
(SUPFAM)
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                   plectin le-06
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(SUPFAM)
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                   M5 protein 2e-06
[PROSITE]
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                   AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
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[PROSITE]
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PKC_PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
                              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
                                                                            2
(KW)
                              All Alpha
LOW COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                                                                     4.62 %
                                                                   35.13 %
[KW]
                              COILED_COIL
SEQ
              MNGTRNWCTLVDVHPEDQAAGSVDILRLTLQGELTGDELEHIAQKAGRKTYAMVSSHSAG
SEG
PRD
               COILS
SEQ
               HSLASELVESHDGHEEIIKVYLKGRSGDKMIHEKNINQLKSEVQYIQEARNCLQKLREDI
SEG
PRD
               հիրհրդան անական անական անական անական հրարան անական հրարան անական հրարան հրարան հրարան հրարան հրարան հրարան հրա
COILS
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SEQ
SEG
               PRD
               COILS
SEQ
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SEG
               PRD
               COILS
SEQ
               TEHQALLAKVREGEVALEELRSNNADCQAEREKAATLEKEVAGLREKIHHLDDMLKSQQR
SEG
               հիհրիրիների անագայան ա
PRD
              COILS
SEQ
               KVRQMIEQLQNSKAVIQSKDATIQELKEKIAYLEAENLEMHDRMEHLIEKQISHGNFSTQ
SEG
               PRD
COILS
              cccccccccc......
               ARAKTENPGSIRISKPPSPKPMPVIRVVET
SEQ
SEG
                 PRD
               hhodocccceeeecccccccccceeeccc
COILS
                                           Prosite for DKFZphutel_19g22.3
PS00001
                               2->6
                                              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                                                                            PDOC00001
                       356->360
PS00001
                                              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                                                                            PDOC00001
PS00005
                       121->124
                                              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                                            PDOC00005
                                                                                            PDOC0005
PS00005
                       171->174
                                              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                                           PDOC00005
                       370->373
378->381
                                              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
                                             PKC PHOSPHO SITE

PKC PHOSPHO SITE

CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
PS00005
                                                                                            PDOC00005
                                                                                           PD0C00006
                             9->13
PS00006
                                                                                            PD0C00006
PS00006
                           35->39
PS00006
                       122->126
                                                                                            PD0C00006
                       157->161
                                                                                            PD0C00006
PS00006
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(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_19g22.3)

CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE

MYRĪSTYL

AMIDATION

175->179

322->326

355->361

46->50

PS00006

PS00006

PS00008 PS00009 PD0C00006

PDOC00006

PDOC0008

PDOC00009

DKFZphute1_19h17

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphutel 19h17 encodes a novel 879 amino acid protein, with similarity to N.crassa osbP oxysterol-binding protein.

The novel protein contains a oxysterol-binding protein family signature. Mammalian oxysterol-binding protein (OSBP) is a protein binds a variety of oxysterols (oxygenated derivatives of cholesterol). OSBP seems to play a complex role in the regulation of sterol metabolism. OSBP is a cytosolic/Golgi receptor for oxysterols such as 25-hydroxycholesterol, and thus a potential target of siphingomyelin turnover and cholesterol mobilization at the plasma membrane and/or Golgi apparatus. Therefore, the new protein seems to be involved in oxysterol metabolism.

The new protein can find application in modulating the response of cells to oxysterols. The protein can be used as marker for the golgi system. The Protein might be used to direct drugs to the golgi system in response to oxidative stess.

strong similarity to C.elegans ZK1086.1 and oxysterol-binding proteins

complete cDNA, complete cds, few EST hits similarity to proteins involved in steroid biosynthesis

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3828 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3811, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3784

1 GCCCGCGCGC CCGGCCGGCC CGGAGCACCG AGCTCGCGGC ACGGTAGGAG 51 AAGCCCCCGA GCGCCCACAG CATGAAGGAG GAGGCCTTCC TCCGGCGCCG 101 CTTCTCCCTG TGTCCACCTT CCTCCACCCC TCAGAAAGTC GACCCCCGGA 151 AGCTCACCCG GAACTTGCTC CTCAGCGGAG ACAATGAGCT CTACCCACTC 201 AGCCCAGGGA AGGACATGGA GCCCAACGGC CCGTCGCTGC CCAGGGATGA
251 AGGGCCCCG ACCCCAAGGT CTGCCACGAA GGTGCCACCG GCAGAGTACA 301 GGCTGTGCAA CGGGTCAGAC AAGGAATGTG TGTCCCCCAC CGCCAGGGTC
351 ACCAAGAAGG AGACTCTCAA GGCGCAGAAG GAGAACTACC GGCAGGAGAA 401 GAAGCGCGC ACACGGCAGC TGCTCAGCGC TCTGACAGAC CCCAGCGTGG
451 TCATCATGGC TGACAGCCTG AAGATCCGCG GCACCCTGAA GAGCTGGACC 501 AAGCTGTGGT GCGTGCTGAA GCCGGGGGTG CTGCTCATCT ACAAGACGCC 551 CAAGGTGGGC CAGTGGGTGG GCACGGTGCT GCTGCACTGC TGCGAGCTCA 601 TCGAGCGGCC CTCCAAGAAG GACGGCTTCT GCTTCAAGCT CTTCCACCCG 651 CTGGATCAGT CCGTCTGGGC CGTGAAGGGC CCCAAAGGTG AGAGCGTGGG 701 CTCCATCACA CAGCCCCTGC CCAGCAGCTA CCTGATCTTC AGGGCCGCCT 751 CCGAGTCAGA TGGTCGCTGC TGGCTGGAGC CCCTGGAGCT GGCCCTGGGC 801 TGCTCTAGCC TACTCAGACT GGGCACCTC AAGCCGGCC GAGACGGGA 851 GCCAGGGACC TCGCCAGACG CATCACCCTC ATCGCTCTGT GGGCTGCCAG 901 CCTCAGCCAC TGTCCACCCA GACCAAGACC TGTTCCCACT GAACGGGTCT 951 TCCCTGGAGA ACGATGCATT CTCAGACAGAC TCGGAGAGAG AGAACCCTGA
1001 GGAGTCAGAT ACCGAGACCC AGGACCATAG CCGGAGAGAC GAGAGTGGCA 1051 GCGACCAGTC AGAGACCCCT GGGGCCCCGG TGCGGAGAGG GACCACCTAT 1101 GTGGAGCAGG TCCAGGAGGA GCTGGGGGAG CTGGGCGAGG CGTCCCAGGT 1151 GGAGACAGTG TCAGAGGAGA ACAAGAGTCT GATGTGGACC CTGCTGAAGC
1201 AGCTACGGCC AGGCATGGAC CTGTCCCGCG TGGTGCTACC CACGTTCGTA 1251 CTGGAGCCGC GCTCCTTCCT GAACAAGCTC TCCGACTACT ACTACCACGC 1301 AGACCTGCTC TCCAGGGCTG CGGTGGAGGA GGATGCCTAC AGCCGCATGA 1351 AGCTGGTGCT GCGGTGGTAC CTGTCTGGCT TCTACAAGAA GCCCAAGGGA 1401 ATCAAGAAGC CGTACAACCC CATCCTGGGG GAGACCTTCC GCTGCTGCTG 1451 GTTCCACCCG CAGACTGACA GCCGCACATT CTACATAGCA GAGCAGGTGT 1501 CCCACCACC GCCGTGTCT GCCTTCCACG TCAGCAACCG GAAGGACGGC 1551 TTCTGCATCA GTGGCAGCAT CACAGCCAAG TCCAGGTTTT ATGGGAACTC 1601 GCTGTCGGCG CTGCTGGACG GCAAAGCCAC GCTCACCTTC CTGAACCGAG 1651 CCGAGGATTA CACCCTTACC ATGCCCTACG CCCACTGCAA AGGAATCCTG 1701 TATGGCACGA TGACCCTGGA GCTGGGTGGG AAGGTCACCA TCGAGTGTGC
1751 GAAGAACAAC TTCCAGGCCC AGCTGGAATT CAAACTCAAG CCCTTCTTCG 1801 GGGGTAGCAC CAGCATCAAC CAGATCTCGG GAAAGATCAC GTCGGGAGAG 1851 GAAGTCCTGG CGAGCCTCAG TGGCCACTGG GACAGGGACG TGTTTATCAA 1901 GGAGGAAGGG AGCGGAAGCA GTGCGCTTTT CTGGACCCCG AGCGGGGAGG 1951 TCCGCAGACA GAGGCTGAGG CAGCACACGG TGCCGCTGGA GGAGCAGACG 2001 GAGCTGGAGT CCGAGAGGCT CTGGCAGCAC GTCACCAGGG CCATCAGCAA 2051 GGGCGACCAG CACAGGGCCA CACAGGAGAA GTTTGCACTG GAGGAGGCAC 2101 AGCGGCAGCG GGCCCGTGAG CGGCAGGAGA GCCTCATGCC CTGGAAGCCG 2151 CAGCTGTTCC ACCTGGACCC CATCACCCAG GAGTGGCACT ACCGATACGA 2201 GGACCACAGC CCCTGGGACC CCCTGAAGGA CATCGCCCAG TTTGAGCAAG 2251 ACGGGATCCT GCGGACCTTG CAGCAGGAGG CCGTGGCCCG CCAGACCACC

2301 TTCCTGGGCA GCCCAGGGCC CAGGCACGAG AGGTCTGGCC CAGACCAGCG 2351 GCTTCGCAAG GCCAGCGACC AGCCCTCCGG CCACAGCCAG GCCACGGAGA 2401 GCAGCGGATC CACGCCTGAG TCCTGCCCAG AGCTCTCAGA CGAGGAGCAG 2451 GATGGTGACT TTGTCCCTGG CGGTGAGAGC CCATGCCCTC GGTGCAGGAA 2501 GGAGGCGCGG CGGCTGCAGG CCCTGCACGA GGCCATCCTC TCCATCCGAG 2551 AGGCCCAGCA GGAGCTGCAC AGGCACCTCT CGGCCATGCT GAGCTCCACG 2601 GCACGGGCAG CACAGGCACC GACCCCAGGC CTCCTGCAGA GCCCCCGATC 2651 CTGGTTCCTG CTCTGCGTGT TCCTGGCGTG TCAGCTGTTC ATTAACCACA 2701 TCCTCAAATA GGAGCCCTGG GGGCAGAGCT CCTGGCCAGT CCCGAGCCCT 2751 CCCTCCCAGG CACCCAGCAC TTTAAGCCTG CTCCATGGAG GCAGAGAGGC 2801 CCGGCAAGCA CAGCCACTGT GACGGGGAGT CCAGGCGCAG GAGGGACCCG 2851 GGGCCACAAG GCGCTGCGGG CCCAGGTGTG CTGGGCCCCT CTCAGGGGCA 2901 CTGGCCTCTC TGCAGGGCCT TCCGCCCAGC GCTGGCCTTA ATGCTAAAGC 2951 CAAATGCAGC TTCTGCTGTG CGACGCACTC CTGGCCATCT TGCCGTGTCA 3001 CCCCCTGTCC GGCCTCCACT TGCCATGGGG GATGGATGGA TTTAGGGTGG 3051 GAGGGCCTGT GGGGGCCCTG GACAGTCACA CCCCAGCAGC AGTGAGTGGG 3101 CAGGTTTGGA GGAGCAGCCA GGGAGCCCCG AGTGGCCCAG GAGTCCCCCC 3151 ACACACAGAT GCATAGGCCT GCCTTCCGGA GACCCTGTCC ACATTGCCGG 3201 GACCACCCTG GTGGGGCCAC TGGTGGGTGC CAGGGACAGG TTAGGGCCAC 3251 TCTGGGGAAG GCATTTTGGT TTTTTATTCC ACGCTCTGCT GTTTGGATGG 3301 GAGCCCCACA GAGGCAGGTC CTGGAACCAC CCCACCCCCA CACCTGGACG 3351 CTCGCTCTGG TGGGGGCACA CGCAGGTGGA GGTGGTTGTG GGTGCAGGTG
3401 TGTGCAGGGG TGTGGGGGGC GCAGGGGTGT GGCTTAGCTG GCCCCGCACC
3451 CAGGCCGGGG AGGCTCAAGT TCGCCACTTT ACTCAGACCG ATGCACAGTC 3501 TICCCATTIT ACACTITITT AATAACATA ATTGCAATAT TITAGGTGGG
3551 CTGCGAGCTG CAGTCAGCCT TCACGTCTGG CCTCAGTCCC CGTGTCAGTG 3601 CCGCTCTGCG TGTGCGTGTG CGCGTGTGTG AGCCTCTACA CATATATATA 3651 TGTACAGAGC CTTAAACCAC ATCGTGGCGG TGCCGTCTGA GCTGTAGCGG 3701 GTGGCTTTGT TTCCAGTTTT TGTACCCGTG TCCTTGTCTC CCCTCCTCCC 3751 CCATCTGGGG ATGTGTCTGT GTTCCACACC TTGAAATAAA CAGACACATA 3801 CGTGTTCTCT TAAAAAAAA AAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

98315477:

The pleckstrin homology domain of oxysterol-binding protein recognises a determinant specific to Golgi membranes.

98146266

A Drosophila homologue of oxysterol binding protein (OSBP)--implications for the role of OSBP.

98146266

A Drosophila homologue of oxysterol binding protein (OSBP)--implications for the role of OSBP.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 72 bp to 2708 bp; peptide length: 879 Category: strong similarity to known protein

1 MKEEAFLRRR FSLCPPSSTP QXVDPRKLTR NLLLSGDNEL YPLSPGKDME
51 PNGPSLPRDE GPPTPSSATK VPPAEYRLCN GSDKECVSPT ARVTKKETLK
101 AQKENYRQEK KRATRQLLSA LTDPSVVIMA DSLKIRGTLK SWTKLWCVLK
151 PGYLLIYKTP KVGGWVGTVL LHCCELLERP SKKDGFCFKL FHPLDQSVWA
201 VKGPKGESVG SITQPLPSSY LIFRAASESD GRCWLDALEL ALRCSSLLRL
251 GTCKPGRDGE PGTSPDASPS SLCGLPASAT VHPDQDLFPL NGSSLENDAF
301 SDKSERENPE ESDTETQDHS RKTESGSDQS ETPGAPVRRG TTYVEQVQEE
351 LGELGEASQV ETVSEENKSL MWTLLKQLRP GMDLSRVVLP TFVLEPRSFL
401 NKLSDYYTHA DLLSRAAVEE DAYSRMKLVL RWYLSGFYKK PKGIKKPYNP
451 ILGETFRCCW FHPQTDSRTF YIAEQVSHHP PVSAFHVSNR KDGFCISGSI
501 TAKSRFYGNS LSALLDGKAT LTFLNRAEDY TLTMPYAHCK GILYGTMILE
551 LGGKVTIECA KNNFQAQLEF KLKPFFGGST SINQISGKIT SGEEVLASLS
601 GHWDRDVFIK EEGSGSSALF WTPSGEVRRQ RLRQHTVPLE EQGTELESERL

PCT/IB00/01496

```
WO 01/12659
   651 WQHVTRAISK GDQHRATQEK FALEEAQRQR ARERQESLMP WKPQLFHLDP
  701 ITQEWHYRYE DHSPWDPLKD IAQFEQDGIL RTLQQEAVAR QTTFLGSPGP
751 RHERSGPDQR LRKASOQPSG HSQATESSGS TPESCPELSD EEQDGDFVPG
801 GESPCPRCRK EARRLQALHE AILSIREAQQ ELHRHLSAML SSTARAAQAP
851 TPGLLQSPRS WFLLCVFLAC QLFINHILK
                                         BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
                Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_19h17, frame 3
TREMBL:CEZK1086 2 gene: "ZK1086.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid
2K1086, N = 1, Score = 1495, P = 2.7e-153
PIR:S25324 hypothetical protein YKR003w - yeast (Saccharomyces
cerevisiae), N = 2, Score = 574, P = 8.5e-57
TREMBL:CEAF195_7 gene: "C32F10.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C32F10., N = 1, Score = 588, P = 8.6e-57
PIR:S46796 hypothetical protein YKR003w homolog YHR001w - yeast
(Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 585, P = 1.9e-56
TREMBL:NCOSBP_1 gene: "osbP"; product: "oxysterol-binding protein"; N.crassa mRNA for putative oxysterol-binding protein, N = 1, Score =
TREMBL:AB017026_1 product: "oxysterol-binding protein"; Mus musculus mRNA for oxysterol-binding protein, complete cds., N=2, Score = 328,
P = 3e - 35
>TREMBL:CEZK1086_2 gene: "ZK1086.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK1086
Length = 751
  HSPs:
 Score = 1495 (224.3 bits), Expect = 2.7e-153, P = 2.7e-153
 Identities = 327/663 (49%), Positives = 430/663 (64%)
            129 MADSLKIRGTLKSWTKLWCVLKPGVLLIYKTPKV--GQWVGTVLLHCCELIERPSKKDGF 186 MAD+LKIRG LK W + +CVLKPG+L++YK K G WVGTVLL+ CELIERPSKKDGF
Ouerv:
               1 MADTLKIRGALKRWNRYYCVLKPGLLILYKHKKADRGDWVGTVLLNHCELIERPSKKDGF 60
Sbjct:
```

Query: 187 CFKLFHPLDQSVWAVKGPKGESVGSIT-QPLPSSYLIFRAASESDGRCWLDALELALRCS 245 CFKLFHP+D S+W +GP G+S GS T PL +S+LI RA S+ GRCW+DALEL+ +C+
61 CFKLFHPMDMSIWGNRGPLGQSFGSFTLNPLNTSFLICRAPSDQAGRCWMDALELSFKCT 120 Sbjct: Query: 246 SLLRLGTCKPGRDGEPGTSPDASPSSLCGLPASATVHPDQDLFPLNGSSLENDAFSDK-S 304 LL+ T D+G D+S+ G++ DD GAS++
121 GLLKK-TMNE-LDDKNG---DSSMND--GQRDESRMSRDSD----GDDTRELAVSETDA 168 Sbict:

305 ERENPEESDTETQDHSRKTESGSDQSETPGAPVRRGTT---YVEQVQEELGELGEASQVE 361 Ouerv: E+ E D + +DH E G SET +R T ++ +E G G S E

169 EKHFQEIDDVQDEDH----EDGK-MSETSDT-IREAFTESAWIPSPKEVFGPDG--SLTE 220 Sbjct: 362 TVSEENKSLMWTLLKQLRPGMDLSRVVLPTFVLEPRSFLNKLSDYYYHADLLSRAAVEED 421 Query: V EENKSL+WTLLKQ+RPGMDLS+VVLPTF+LEPRSFL KL+DYYYHADL+S A E D 221 EVGEENKSLIWTLLKQIRPGMDLSKVVLPTFILEPRSFLEKLADYYYHADLISEAVAEPD 280 Sbjct:

422 AYSRMKLVLRWYLSGFYKKPKGIKKPYNPILGETFRCCWFHPQTDSRTFYIAEQVSHHPP 481 Query: + R+ V +++LSGFYKKPKG+KKPYNPILGETFRC W HP S TFY+AEOVSHHPP 281 PFQRIVKVTKFFLSGFYKKPKGLKKPYNPILGETFRCKWEHPD-GSTTFYMAEQVSHHPP 339 Sbjct:

482 VSAFHVSNRKDGFCISGSITAKSRFYGNSLSALLDGKATLTFLNRAEDYTLTMPYAHCKG 541 Query: VS+ ++NRK GF ISG+I AKS++YGNSLSA+L GK LT LN E Y + +PYA+CKG 340 VSSLFITNRKAGFNISGTILAKSKYYGNSLSAILAGKLRLTLLNLGETYIVNLPYANCKG 399 Sbjct:

542 ILYGTMTLELGGKVTIECAKNNFQAQLEFKLKPFFGGSTSINQISGKITSGEEVLASLSG 601 Ouerv: I+ GTMT+ELGG+V IEC K ++ L+FKLKP GG+ NQI G I G + LAS+ G
400 IMIGTMTMELGGEVNIECEKTGYRTTLDFKLKPMLGGA--YNQIEGSIKYGSDRLASIEG 457 Sbict:

602 HWDRDVFIKEEGSGSSALFWTPSGEVRRQRLRQHTVPLEEQTELESERLWQHVTRAISKG 661 Query: WD + IK G W P+ EV + RL ++ + ++EQ E ES +LW+HVT AIS

458 AWDGVIRIK--GPDGKKELWNPTPEVIKTRLPRYEINMDEQGEWESAKLWRHVTEAISNE 515 Sbjct:

662 DQHRATQEKFALEEAQRQRARERQESLMPWKPQLFHLDPITQEWHYRYEDHSPWDPLKDI 721 Query:

DQ++AT+EK ALE QR RA+ S +P + + F ++ Y + D+ PWD DI 516 DQYKATEEKTALENDQRARAK----SGIPHETKFFKKQH-GDDYVYIHADYRPWDNNNDI 570 Sbjct:

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722 AOFEODGILRTLQQEAVAR--QTTFLGSPGPRHERSGPDQRLRKASDQPSGHSQATESSG 779
Query:
       Sbjct:
       780 STPESCPELSDE 791
Query:
       S P + PE++DE
626 SKPIT-PEVADE 636
Sbjct:
          Pedant information for DKFZphutel_19h17, frame 3
                  Report for DKFZphute1_19h17.3
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[ WM ]
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             7.29
[pI]
[HOMOL]
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                                                   [S. cerevisiae, YHR001w] 3e-55
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            01.06.01 lipid, fatty-acid and sterol biosynthesis [S. cerevisiae, YHR001w]
[FUNCAT]
3e-55
             30.03 organization of cytoplasm
                                            [S. cerevisiae, YPL145c] 3e-23
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            08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
                                                       [S. cerevisiae, YPL145c]
3e-23
[FUNCAT]
            04.05.01.07 chromatin modification
                                            [S. cerevisiae, YAR044w] 5e-20
[BLOCKS]
            BL00168F
[BLOCKS]
            BL01013D Oxysterol-binding protein family proteins
            BL01013C Oxysterol-binding protein family proteins
BL01013B Oxysterol-binding protein family proteins
BL01013A Oxysterol-binding protein family proteins
[BLOCKS]
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            transmembrane protein 1e-19
[PTRKW]
            pleckstrin repeat homology 8e-18
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
            ankyrin repeat homology le-19
            unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins le-19
MYRISTYL 12
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
            CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
            OSBP
                  1
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                                21
[PROSITE]
             PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN
                                1
[PROSITE]
             TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                20
            ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
                                3
            PH (pleckstrin homology) domain
TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY 2.96 %
[PFAM]
[KW]
TKW1
(KW)
            COILED COIL
                            3.53 %
SEQ
      {\tt MKEEAFLRRRFSLCPPSSTPQKVDPRKLTRNLLLSGDNELYPLSPGKDMEPNGPSLPRDE}
SEG
      PRD
COILS
MEM
      GPPTPSSATKVPPAEYRLCNGSDKECVSPTARVTKKETLKAOKENYROEKKRATROLLSA
SEQ
SEG
          PRD
      COILS
MEM
SEQ
      LTDPSVVIMADSLKIRGTLKSWTKLWCVLKPGVLLIYKTPKVGQWVGTVLLHCCELIERP
SEG
PRD
      COILS
      ccc.....
MEM
SEQ
      SKKDGFCFKLFHPLDQSVWAVKGPKGESVGSITQPLPSSYLIFRAASESDGRCWLDALEL
SEG
PRD
      COILS
MEM
SEQ
      ALRCSSLLRLGTCKPGRDGEPGTSPDASPSSLCGLPASATVHPDODLFPLNGSSLENDAF
SEG
      PRD
COLLS
MEM
      SDKSERENPEESDTETQDHSRKTESGSDQSETPGAPVRRGTTYVEQVQEELGELGEASQV
SEQ
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COILS
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SEO
SEG
PRD
     COILS
MEM
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SEQ
SEG
PRD
     .....
COILS
MEM
     SEQ
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SEG
     PRD
COILS
     MEM
     SEQ
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SEG
PRD
     COILS
MEM
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COILS
MEM
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SEQ
SEG
         PRD
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COILS
MEM
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SEO
SEG
     հիհիհիհիհիհիհիհիհիհիհիհացագագագանիհիհացագագագագագա
PRD
COILS
     MEM
     SEQ
     TPESCPELSDEEQDGDFVPGGESPCPRCRKEARRLQALHEAILSIREAQQELHRHLSAML
SEG
     PRD
COILS
     MEM
SEQ
     SSTARAAQAPTPGLLQSPRSWFLLCVFLACQLFINHILK
SEG
PRD
     hhhhhhcccccccccceeeeehhhhhhhhhhhccc
     COILS
     MEM
             Prosite for DKFZphute1_19h17.3
              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
PS00001
        80->84
                             PDOC00001
PS00001
       291->295
              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                             PDOC0001
PS00001
       367->371
              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                             PDOC00001
PS00004
         9->13
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                             PDOC00004
PS00004
        26->30
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                             PDOC00004
PS00004
        95->99
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
                             PDOC00004
                             PDOC0004
PS00004
       111->115
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
       338->342
762->766
PS00004
                             PDOC00004
PDOC00004
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00004
PS00005
        82->85
                             PDOC00005
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                             PDOC00005
PS00005
        90->93
PS00005
        94->97
                             PDOC00005
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
        98->101
                             PDOC0005
       132->135
                             PDOC0005
PS00005
       138->141
              PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                             PDOC00005
PS00005
PS00005
       159->162
              PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                             PDOC00005
              PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
       181->184
                             PDOC0005
PS00005
       252->255
                             PDOC0005
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PS00005	301->304	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
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PS00006	227->231	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	263->267	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	293->297	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	304->308	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	312->316	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	325->329	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	342->346	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	358->362	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	362->366	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	590->594	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00000
PS00006	643->647	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	659->663	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	713->717	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	755->759	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	780->784	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00008
PS00006	784->788	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00000
PS00006	789->793	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	824->828	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS000007	402->409	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	415->424	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	137->143	MYRISTYL	PDOC00007
PS00008	163->169	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
	274->280	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008 PS00008	326->332	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	381->387	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
	498->504	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	508->514	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008			
PS00008	541->547 552->558	MYRISTYL MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008 PS00008	577->583	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	613->619	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	728->734	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	860->871	PROKAR LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00008
PS01013	474->485	OSBP	PDOC00013
F201013	4/4-2403	COBF	FD0000114

Pfam for DKFZphutel_19h17.3

HMM_NAME	PH (pleckstrin homology) domain
нмм	*dvIREGWMyKWgswrkstgnWqrRWFvLrndpnrLiYYkddkdekPrYM +VI+ +++++G + W + W+VL++ ++L+ YK + + + ++
Query	126 VVIMADSLKIRGTLKSWTKLWCVLKPGVLLIYKTP-KVGQWVG 167
нмм	<pre>lIdldcWrMidVEidWmmdndHCFiIWtrq</pre>
Query	168 TVLLHCCELIERPSKKDGFCFKLFHPLDQSVWAVKGPKGESVGSITQ 214
нмм	rtYYFQAeNeEEMmeWMsaIrRaIw* + ++F+A++E++ + W++A++ A++
Query	215 PLPSSYLIFRAASESDGRCWLDALELALR 243

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

```
DKFZphutel 19j11
```

group: uterus derived

DKFZphutel 19jll encodes a novel 708 amino acid protein with C-terminal similarity to several known proteins, such as human KIAA0231 or murine ras binding protein Sur8.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

Strong similarity to KIAA0231, similarity to ras binding protein Sur8

EST AA854189 extendes the sequence (294 Bp), with this sequence complete cDNA,

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2343 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 2323, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2295

1 GCTCCTGCTA ACCCCATCAC TGTGGAAATG AAAGGCCTGA AGACAGATTT 51 GGACCTTCAG CAGTACAGCT TTATAAATCA GATGTGTTAT GAGCGAGCCC 101 TCCACTGGTA TGCCAAGTAT TTCCCTTACC TTGTCCTCAT CCATACCCTG 151 GTCTTTATGC TCTGCAGTAA CTTTTGGTTC AAATTCCCTG GTTCCAGCTC 201 CAAAATAGAA CATTTCATCT CCATTCTGGG GAAGTGTTTT GACTCTCCTT 251 GGACCACACG GGCTTTATCT GAAGTGTCTG GGGAGGACTC AGAAGAAAAG 301 GACAACAGGA AGAACAACAT GAACAGGTCC AACACCATCC AATCTGGTCC 351 AGAAGGCAGC CTGGTCAACT CTCAGTCTTT AAAGTCCATT CCTGAGAAGT 401 TTGTAGTTGA TAAATCCACT GCAGGGGCTC TGGATAAAAA GGAAGGTGAG 451 CAGGCTAAGG CCTTATTTGA GAAGGTGAAG AAGTTCAGGC TGCATGTGGA 501 AGAAGGTGAT ATTCTATATG CCATGTATGT TCGCCAGACT GTACTTAAAG 551 TTATCAAATT CCTAATCATC ATTGCATATA ATAGTGCTCT GGTTTCCAAG 601 GTCCAGTTTA CAGTGGACTG TAATGTGGAC ATTCAGGACA TGACTGGATA 651 TAAAAACTTT TCTTGCAATC ATACCATGGC ACACTTGTTC TCAAAACTGT 701 CCTTTTGCTA TCTGTGCTTT GTTAGTATCT ATGGATTGAC GTGCCTTTAT 751 ACCTTATACT GGCTGTTCTA CCGTTCTCTA CGGGAATATT CCTTTGAGTA 801 TGTCCGTCAG GAGACTGGAA TTGATGATAT TCCAGATGTG AAAAATGACT 851 TTGCTTTTAT GCTTCATATG ATAGATCAGT ATGACCCTCT CTATTCCAAG 901 AGATTTGCAG TGTTCCTGTC TGAAGTCAGT GAAAACAAAT TAAAGCAGCT 951 GAACTTAAAT AACGAATGGA CTCCTGATAA ACTGAGGCAG AAGCTACAGA 1001 CAAATGCCCA TAATCGACTG GAATTGCCTC TTATCATGCT CTCTGGCCTT 1051 CCAGACACTG TTTTTGAAAT CACAGAGTTG CAATCTCTAA AACTTGAAAT 1101 CATTAAGAAC GTAATGATAC CAGCCACCAT TGCACAGCTA GACAATCTTC 1151 AAGAGCTCTC TCTGCACCAG TGTTCTGTCA AAATCCACAG TGCGGCGCTC 1201 TCTTTCCTGA AGGAAAACCT CAAGGTCTTG AGCGTCAAGT TTGATGACAT 1251 GAGGGAACTC CCCCCTGGA TGTATGGGCT CCGAAATCTG GAAGAGCTGT 1301 ACCTAGTTGG CTCTCTAAGT CATGATATTT CCAGAAATGT CACCCTTGAG 1351 TCTCTGCGGG ATCTCAAAAG CCTTAAAATT CTCTCTATCA AAAGCAACGT 1401 TTCCAAAATC CCTCAGGCAG TGGTTGATGT TTCCAGCCAT CTCCAGAAGA 1451 TGTGCATACA TAATGATGGC ACCAAGCTGG TGATGCTCAA CAACTTAAAG 1501 AAGATGACCA ATCTGACAGA GCTGGAGCTG GTCCACTGTG ACCTGGAGCG 1551 TATTCCTCAT GCTGTGTTCA GCCTACTCAG CCTCCAGGAA TTGGACCTGA 1601 AGGAAAACAA TCTGAAATCT ATAGAAGAAA TCGTTAGCTT TCAGCACTTA 1651 AGAAAGTTGA CAGTGCTAAA ACTGTGGCAT AACAGCATCA CCTACATCCC 1701 AGAGCATATA AAGAAACTCA CCAGCCTGGA ACGCCTGTCC TTTAGTCACA 1751 ATAAAATAGA GGTGCTGCCT TCCCACCTCT TCCTATGCAA CAAGATCCGA 1801 TACTTGGACT TATCGTACAA TGACATTCGA TTTATCCCCC CTGAAATTGG 1851 AGTTCTACAA AGTTTACAGT ATTTTTCCAT CACATGTAAC AAAGTGGAAA 1901 GCCTTCCAGA TGAACTCTAC TTCTGCAAGA AACTTAAAAC TCTGAAGATT 1951 GGAAAAAACA GCCTATCTGT ACTTTCACCG AAAATTGGAA ATTTGCTATT 2001 TCTTTCCTAC TTAGATGTAA AAGGTAATCA CTTTGAAATC CTCCCTCCTG 2051 AACTGGGTGA CTGTCGGGCT CTGAAGCGAG CTGGTTTAGT TGTAGAAGAT 2101 GCTCTGTTTG AAACTCTGCC TTCTGACGTC CGGGAGCAAA TGAAAACAGA 2151 ATAACTTATT TTTCGTTAAA GTTTGACTGA AACACGCTTC TACCAAATAC 2201 AGTATAAATA ATTAGGTAGT CTTAATGCCT TTCCTATTTT TTTTTCCTTT 2251 TCACACAAAA TGTACACAAA GATCGCGTAA GGAGTATGTA TTTTTAATAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

96421675:

Characterization of densin-180, a new brain-specific synaptic protein of the $\,$

O-sialoglycoprotein family.

98337190:

SUR-8, a conserved Ras-binding protein with leucine-rich repeats, positively regulates Ras-mediated signaling in C. elegans.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 28 bp to 2151 bp; peptide length: 708 Category: similarity to known protein Classification: Cell signaling/communication

1 MKGLKTDLDL QQYSFINQMC YERALHWYAK YFPYLVLIHT LVFMLCSNFW
51 FKFPGSSSKI EHFISILGKC FDSPWTTRAL SEVSGEDSEE KDNRKNNMNR
101 SNTIQSGPEG SLVNSQSLKS IPEKFVVDRS TAGALDKKEG EQAKALFEKV
151 KKFRLHVEEG DILYAMYVRQ TVLKVIKFLI IIAYNSALVS KVQFTVDCNV
201 DIQDMTGYKN FSCNHTMAHL FSKLSFCYLC FVSIYGLTCL YTLYWLFYRS
251 LREYSFEYVR QETGIDDIPD VKNDFAFMLH MIDQYDPLYS KRFAVFLSEV
301 SENKLKQLNL NNEWTPDKLR QKLQTNAHNR LELPLIMLSG LPDTVFEITE
351 LQSLKLEIIK NVMIPATIAQ LDNLQELSH QCSVKIHSAA LSFLKENLKV
401 LSVKFDDMRE LPPWMYGLRN LEELYLVGSL SHDISRNVTL ESLRDLKSLK
451 ILSIKSNVSK IPQAVVDVSS HLQKMCIHND GTKLVMLNNL KKMTMLTELE
501 LVHCDLERIP HAVFSLLSLQ ELDLKENNK SIEEIVSFQH LRKLTVLKLW
551 HNSITYIPEH IKKLTSLERL SFSHNKIEVL PSHLFLCNKI RYLDLSYNDI
601 RFIPPEIGVL QSLQYFSITC NKVESLPDEL YFCKKLKTLK IGKNSLSVLS
651 PKIGNLLFLS YLDVKGNHFE ILPPELGDCR ALKRAGLVVE DALFETLPSD
701 VREQMKTE

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphute1_19j11, frame 1

TREMBL:HSD984_1 gene: "KIAA0231"; Human mRNA for KIAA0231 gene, partial cds., N=1, Score = 1408, P=4.5e-144

TREMBL:AF054827_1 gene: "soc-2"; product: "leucine-rich repeat protein SOC-2"; Caenorhabditis elegans leucine-rich repeat protein SOC-2 (soc-2) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 304, P = 5.7e-24

TREMBL:RNU66707_1 product: "densin-180"; Rattus norvegicus densin-180 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 311, P = 7.4e-24

TREMBL:AF068921_1 product: "Ras-binding protein SUR-8"; Mus musculus Ras-binding protein SUR-8 mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 302, P = 1.1e-23

>TREMBL:HSD984_1 gene: "KIAA0231"; Human mRNA for KIAA0231 gene, partial cds.

Length = 476

HSPs:

Score = 1408 (211.3 bits), Expect = 4.5e-144, P = 4.5e-144 Identities = 265/471 (56%), Positives = 361/471 (76%)

Query: 237 LTCLYTLYWLFYRSLREYSFEYVRQETGIDDIPDVKNDFAFMLHMIDQYDPLYSKRFAVF 296
LT Y+L+W+ SL++YSFE +R+++ DIPDVKNDFAF+LH+ DQYDPLYSKRF++F
Sbjct: 1 LTSSYSLWWMLRSSLKQYSFEALREKSNYSDIPDVKNDFAFILHLADQYDPLYSKRFSIF 60

Query: 297 LSEVSENKLKQLNLNNEWTPDKLRQKLQTNAHNRLELPLIMLSGLPDTVFEITELQSLKL 356 LSEVSENKLKQ+NLNNEWT +KL+ KL NA +++EL L ML+GLPD VFE+TE++ L L

Sbjct: 61 LSEVSENKLKQINLNNEWTVEKLKSKLVKNAQDKIELHLFMLNGLPDNVFELTEMEVLSL 120

```
357 EIIKNVMIPATIAQLDNLQELSLHQCSVKIHSAALSFLKENLKVLSVKFDDMRELPPWMY 416
Query:
           E+I V +P+ ++QL NL+EL ++ S+ + AL+FL+ENLK+L +KF +M ++P W++
121 ELIPEVKLPSAVSQLVNLKELRVYHSSLVVDHPALAFLEENLKILRLKFTEMGKIPRWVF 180
Sbjct:
            417 GLRNLEELYLVGSLSHDISRNVTLESLRDLKSLKILSIKSNVSKIPQAVVDVSSHLQKMC 476
Query:
           L+NL+ELYL G + + + LE +DLK+L+ L +KS++S+IPQ V D+ LQK+
181 HLKNLKELYLSGCVLPEQLSTMQLEGFQDLKNLRTLYLKSSLSRIPQVVTDLLPSLQKLS 240
Sbjct:
            477 IHNDGTKLVMLNNLKKMTNLTELELVHCDLERIPHAVFSLLSLQELDLKENNLKSIEEIV 536
Query:
           + N+G+KLV+LNNLKKM NL LEL+ CDLERIPH++FSL +L ELDL+ENNLK++EEI+
241 LDNEGSKLVVLNNLKKMVNLKSLELISCDLERIPHSIFSLNNLHELDLRENNLKTVEEII 300
Sbjct:
            537 SFQHLRKLTVLKLWHNSITYIPEHIKKLTSLERLSFSHNKIEVLPSHLFLCNKIRYLDLS 596
Ouerv:
           SFCHL+ L+ LKLWHN+1 YIP I L++LE+LS HN IE LP LFLC K+ YLDLS
301 SFCHLQNLSCLKLWHNNIAYIPAQIGALSNLEQLSLDHNNIENLPLQLFLCTKLHYLDLS 360
Sbjct:
           597 YNDIRFIPPEIGVLQSLQYFSITCNKVESLPDELYFCKKLKTLKIGKNSLSVLSPKIGNL 656
Query:
                 YN + FIP EI L +LQYF++T N +E LPD L+ CKKL+ L +GKNSL LSP +G L
Sbjct:
           361 YNHLTFIPEEIQYLSNLQYFAVTNNNIEMLPDGLFQCKKLQCLLLGKNSLMNLSPHVGEL 420
Query:
            657 LFLSYLDVKGNHFEILPPELGDCRALKRAGLVVEDALFETLPSDVREQMKT 707
           L++L++ GN+ E LPPEL C++LKR L+VE+ L TLP V E+++T 421 SNLTHLELIGNYLETLPPELEGCQSLKRNCLIVEENLLNTLPLPVTERLQT 471
Sbjct:
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Pedant information for DKFZphutel_19j11, frame 1

Report for DKFZphutel 19j11.1

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(WW)
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[pI]
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1e-149
[FUNCAT]
                   30.02 organization of plasma membrane
                                                                           [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-17
                   03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-17 10.04.03 second messenger formation [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-17 01.03.10 metabolism of cyclic and unusual nucleotides [S. cere
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                              [S. cerevisiae,
YJL005wl 3e-17
[FUNCAT]
                   03.10 sporulation and germination
                                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-17
                   30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKL193c] 3e-09
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT] 06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation, palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YKL193c] 3e-09
[FUNCAT] 04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YAL021c] 9e-08
[FUNCAT] 01.05.04 regulation of carbohydrate utilization [S. cerevisiae, YAL021c]
9e-08
[FUNCAT]
                   01.01.04 regulation of amino-acid metabolism
                                                                                     [S. cerevisiae, YAL021c]
9e-08
[FUNCAT]
                   99 unclassified proteins
                                                        [S. cerevisiae, YOR353c] 3e-07
[BLOCKS]
                   BL00868F
[BLOCKS]
                   BL00985B Spermadhesins family proteins
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[EC]
[EC]
                   4.6.1.1 Adenylate cyclase 3e-18
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[PIRKW]
                   keratan sulfate 7e-07
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                   transmembrane protein 1e-10
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                   serine/threonine-specific protein kinase 1e-09
                   autophosphorylation 1e-09 cartilage 7e-07
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                   glycoprotein 5e-12
                   extracellular matrix 7e-07
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                   hydrolase 1e-08
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                   membrane protein 1e-08
[PIRKW]
                   phosphorus-oxygen lyase 3e-18
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collagen binding 7e-07
(PIRKW)
(SUPFAM)
          leucine-rich alpha-2-glycoprotein repeat homology 3e-21
(SUPFAM)
          chaoptin le-08
(SUPFAM)
          gelsolin repeat homology 3e-21
          protein kinase homology 1e-09
protein kinase Xa21 1e-09
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
          fibromodulin 4e-12
(SUPFAM)
          yeast adenylate cyclase catalytic domain homology 3e-18
[SUPFAM]
          yeast adenylate cyclase 3e-18
          TRANSMEMBRANE 3
LOW_COMPLEXITY
(KW)
[KW]
                      1.41 %
     MKGLKTDLDLQQYSFINQMCYERALHWYAKYFPYLVLIHTLVFMLCSNFWFKFPGSSSKI
SEO
SEG
PRD
     MEM
     SEQ
     EHFISILGKCFDSPWTTRALSEVSGEDSEEKDNRKNNMNRSNTIQSGPEGSLVNSQSLKS
SEG
PRD
     MEM
SEQ
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SEG
PRD
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SEO
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SEG
PRD
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     SEQ
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SEG
     PRD
MEM
SEQ
     SENKLKQLNLNNEWTPDKLRQKLQTNAHNRLELPLIMLSGLPDTVFEITELQSLKLEIIK
SEG
PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     NVMIPATIAQLDNLQELSLHQCSVKIHSAALSFLKENLKVLSVKFDDMRELPPWMYGLRN
SEG
     heeecechhhhhhhhhhheececececchhhhhhhhhheecececechhhh
PRD
MEM
     SEO
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SEG
PRD
     MEM
SEQ
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SEG
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MEM
SEQ
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SEG
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MEM
     SEQ
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SEG
PRD
     MEM
SEQ
     YLDVKGNHFEILPPELGDCRALKRAGLVVEDALFETLPSDVREQMKTE
SEG
    hhhccccccccchhhhhhhhheeeccccccccccccc
PRD
MEM
(No Prosite data available for DKFZphutel 19j11.1)
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel 19j11.1)
```

```
DKFZphute1_1i2
```

group: transcription factor

DKFZphutel_li2 encodes a novel 594 amino acid protein similar to signal transducing proteins.

The protein contains 2 WD-40 repeats, which is typical for the beta-transducin subunit of G-proteins. In addition, the protein contains a C3HC4 zinc finger and a leucine zipper. The beta subunits seem to be required for the replacement of GDP by GTP as well as for membrane anchoring and receptor recognition. Due to the zinc finger the novel protein seems to be a new molecule involved in signal transduction and transcription.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking gene expression of genes controlled by this molecule.

similarity to Dictostelium myosin heavy chain kinase

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits
[PFAM] Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)
[PFAM] WD domain, G-beta repeats
[SCOP] dltbgc_ 2.46.3.1.1 betal-subunit of the signal-transducing G protei 3e-07

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: /map="16p13.3"

Insert length: 3584 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3555, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3537

1 GGGCGGGAGG TGCTTCCCAA GGACCGTAGA TGCCTCTCTA GAGCATGAGC 51 TCAGGCAAGA GTGCCCGCTA CAACCGCTTC TCCGGGGGGC CCAGCAATCT 101 TCCCACCCCA GACGTCACCA CAGGGACCAG AATGGAAACG ACCTTCGGAC
151 CCGCCTTTTC AGCCGTCACC ACCATCACAA AAGCTGACGG GACCAGCACC
201 TACAAGCAGC ACTGCAGGAC AGCATGCCCC CCATCAGCAC TCCCCGCCGC 251 TCCGACTCCG CCATCTCTGT CCGCTCCCTG CACTCAGAGT CCAGCATGTC
301 TCTGCGCTCC ACATTCTCAC TGCCCGAGGA GGAGGAGGAG CCGGAGCCAC 351 TGGTGTTTGC GGAGCAGCCC TCGGTGAAGC TGTGCTGTCA GCTCTGCTGC 401 AGCGTCTTCA AAGACCCCGT GATCACCACG TGTGGGCACA CGTTCTGTAG 451 GAGATGCGCC TTGAAGTCAG AGAAGTGTCC CGTGGACAAC GTCAAACTGA 501 CCGTGGTGGT GAACAACATC GCGGTGGCCG AGCAGATCGG GGAGCTCTTC 551 ATCCACTGCC GGCACGGCTG CCGGGTAGCG GGCAGCGGGA AGCCCCCCAT 601 CTTTGAGGTG GACCCCCGAG GGTGCCCCTT CACCATCAAG CTCAGCGCCC 651 GGAAGGACCA CGAGGGCAGC TGTGACTACA GGCCTGTGCG GTGTCCCAAC 701 AACCCCAGCT GCCCCCGCT GCTCAGGATG AACCTGGAGG CCCACCTCAA 751 GGAGTGCGAG CACATCAAAT GCCCCCACTC CAAGTACGGG TGCACGTTCA 801 TCGGGAACCA GGACACTACA GAGACCCACT CAAGTACGGG TGCACGTTCA 801 TCGGGAACCA GGACACTTAC GAGACCCACC TGGAGACTTC CCGCTTCGAG 851 GGCCTGAAGG AGTTTCTGCA GCAGACGGAT GACCGCTTCCA ACGACATGCA 901 CGTGGCTCTG GCCCAGAAGG ACCAGGAGAT CGCCTTCCTG CGCTCCATGC 951 TGGGAAAGCT CTCGGAGAAG ATCGACCAGC TAGAGAAGAG CCTGGAGCTC 1001 AAGTTTGACG TCCTGGACGA AAACCAGAGC AAGCTCAGCG AGGACCTCAT 1051 GGAGTTCCGG CGGGACGCAT CCATGTTAAA TGACGAGCTG TCCCACATCA 1101 ACGCGCGGCT GAACATGGGC ATCCTAGGCT CCTACGACCC TCAGCAGATC 1151 TTCAAGTGCA AAGGGACCTT TGTGGGCCAC CAGGGCCCTG TGTGGTGTCT 1201 CTGCGTCTAC TCCATGGGTG ACCTGCTCTT CAGTGGCTCC TCTGACAAGA 1251 CCATCAAGGT GTGGGACACA TGTACCACCT ACAAGTGTCA GAAGACACTG 1301 GAGGGCCATG ATGGCATCGT GCTGGCTCTC TGCATCCAGG GGTGCAAACT 1351 CTACAGCGGC TCTGCAGACT GCACCATCAT TGTGTGGGAC ATCCAGAACC 1401 TGCAGAAGGT GAACACCATC CGGGCCCATG ACAACCCGGT GTGCACGCTG 1451 GTCTCCTCAC ACAACGTGCT CTTCAGCGGC TCCCTGAAGG CCATCAAGGT 1501 CTGGGACATC GTGGGCACTG AGCTGAAGTT GAAGAAGGAG CTCACAGGCC 1551 TCAACCACTG GGTGCGGGCC CTGGTGGCTG CCCAGAGCTA CCTGTACAGC
1601 GGCTCCTACC AGACAATCAA GATCTGGGAC ATCCGAACCC TTGACTGCAT 1651 CCACGTCCTG CAGACGTCTG GTGCCAGCGT CTACTCCATT GCTGTGACAA 1701 ATCACCACAT TGTCTGTGGC ACCTACGAGA ACCTCATCCA CGTGTGGGAC 1751 ATTGAGTCCA AGGAGCAGGT GCGGACCCTC ACGGGCCACG TGGGCACCGT 1801 GTATGCCCTG GCGGTCATCT CGACGCCAGA CCAGACCAAA GTCTTCAGTG 1851 CATCCTACGA CCGGTCCCTC AGGGTCTGGA GTATGGACAA CATGATCTGC 1901 ACGCAGACCC TGCTGCGTCA CCAGGGCAGT GTCACCGCGC TGGCTGTGTC 1951 CCGGGGCCGA CTCTTCTCAG GGGCTGTGGA TAGCACTGTG AAGGTTTGGA 2001 CTTGCTAACA GGATCCAGGC CAGGCTGTGG TTTCCCCTGA ACCAGCCCTG 2051 GACCTTTCTG AGCCAGGCTG GCCACATGGG GTGGTCTCGG GGTTTCTGCC 2101 TGCCCCGTGG GCATAGGTGG ACAGGCTCTG GCAGCCGGGC AGTGCCCTCC 2151 CCGTCCCATG CTCGGCGAGC CTCCCTCTAC TCGGCACTGT CCTTGCTGCC 2201 CAGCCCCTCT CTGGGTGCCA GGTACGACGC TTGCCCCGGC CCACCCTCCA 2251 TCCCCACCCT CCATCCCCAC CCTAGATGGA GCGAGGGCCT TTTTACTCAC 2301 CTTTTCTACC GTTTTTAGAC TGTATGTAGA TTTGGTTACC TCCTGGTTGA

2351 AATAAATGCT CCACAGACTG TGGCTGTGAG TGGGGACAGC TCCTCGGGAC 2401 AAGGGGCTG TGTGTGGCCT TGAGGTTGGT GTGCACAGGC ACTGGCTGCT
2451 GTGAGTGGG GGGCATGGGG CAGTTTCCTT TGGTGGACCC CAGGACTTCG 2501 GCCCACTCCG GGGCCTCCCC TCCCTGCTAG GAGGCAACTC GTCACACCCA
2551 AGCTGCTGGC CTCCAGTCCC ATCTCCCCCA ACACATGTGC CCCCAAAAAG 2601 TGAGCCAGGC ACCTCTGTTT CCTGCTGTTT ATTGACAGCC GACGGCAGCG 2651 CCTTGCCCAG ACCTCCCCTG CCCACCTGCT GGAGCCCAGC CTGTGCCGCC 2701 CTCTGAGGAG AGGCCTGGGG GGACAGCTGG GCACGTCCAC TCGCAGGGAA 2751 ACACGGGGTG AGACAGCAGG AAGGGGCCCT GCACGCCGGG ACGCCACCTC 2801 CGCCAGCCGC CTCCACCCGC CCCACACCAC AATCGCTGGT TTTCGGCATT 2851 TTTTAAATTT TTTTTTTAAG AAACGTCAAA GTTGTGCCCA ACACTGTGGA 2901 TCAGCAAACA CGATAGAGGA GACCAGTCAG TACTTCTTGG AGGGGGCAGG 2951 AGGAGAGAG AAAAGGGAGG GCGAGAATGA CCACACAACA CAGCCTTGGA 3001 CCATGAGCAG AAGCGTCCGT GGGAACTCCA CTGGGGTGGA TGGGCTGCCT 3051 GCACAGCCCC TGGAGAGGGG GCCAGGCACA CCCTCAGAGG AGCTGCAAGC 3101 CCGTGGCCTG GCCTGCTACA TGCCCTGCTT CCACGTGGCT GCCACGCTGA 3151 CACACCCACA TTCACCAAAC CCACCGCGC CCTGGGACGC AGCCACGCCA 3201 GGAGGAGGAC ACGGCCGCCG AGAGCAAGGC ACAACCTCGA GTTCTTGGGG 3251 CGCAGAGAAC TTAGGAGAGA AGCACGGAGG AGCCCCCGGC AGAGCACCCG 3301 CCCCCGGGCC CCAGCCTTCC ACCTGTGCTA GCAGCCTGGG GCCTCCACTC 3351 TGGCCGGAGG AAGGACCGCA GGCAGACAGC CTGGGCCTCT AACAGCTTTT 3401 GTCCGGAGCT AGACTTCGTG TCCTTTCAGT TGGTAAATGG TTTTCTATAG 3451 AATCAATAAT ATTCTTTCT TTAAATATAT ATTCTTAAA GTTATACCTT
3501 TTTGTTTCT TGGGGAAATC CGCCTCAGCT CATTCCCAAT AAATTAATAC 3551 TCTTGATAAA ААААААААА АGAAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HSBE from database EMBL: Homo sapiens (clone exon trap d5) chromosome 16p13.3 gene, exon. Score = 2375, P = 7.1e-101, identities = 475/475

Entry HSBD from database EMBL: Homo sapiens (clone exon trap d32) chromosome 16p13.3 gene, exon. Score = 876, P = 3.0e-31, identities = 176/177

Medline entries

95122486:

Structural analysis of myosin heavy chain kinase A from Dictyostelium. Evidence for a highly divergent protein kinase domain, an amino-terminal coiled-coil domain, and a domain homologous to the beta-subunit of heterotrimeric G proteins.

96149460:

Dictyostelium myosin heavy chain kinase A regulates myosin localization during growth and development.

97277316:

Identification of a protein kinase from Dictyostelium with homology to the novel catalytic domain of myosin heavy chain kinase A.

96009891:

A gene responsible for vegetative incompatibility in the fungus Podospora anserina encodes a protein with a GTP-binding motif and G beta homologous domain.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 224 bp to 2005 bp; peptide length: 594
Category: similarity to known protein
Prosite motifs: ZINC_FINGER_C3HC4 (70-80)
LEUCINE_ZIPPER (436-458)
LEUCINE_ZIPPER (436-458)
G_BETA_REPEATS (335-355)
G_BETA_REPEATS (376-391)

```
1 MPPISTPRRS DSAISVRSLH SESSMSLRST FSLPEEEEEP EPLVFAEQPS
    51 VKLCCQLCCS VFKDPVITTC GHTFCRRCAL KSEKCPVDNV KLTVVVNNIA
  101 VAEQIGELFI HCRHGCRVAG SGKPPIFEVD PRGCPFTIKL SARKDHEGSC
  151 DYRPVRCPNN PSCPPLLRMN LEAHLKECEH IKCPHSKYGC TFIGNQDTYE
  201 THLETCRFEG LKEFLQQTDD RFHEMHVALA QKDQEIAFLR SMLGKLSEKI
  251 DQLEKSLELK FDVLDENQSK LSEDLMEFRR DASMLNDELS HINARLNMGI
  231 DQLEKSLELK FOVLDENQSK LSEDLMEFR DASMLNDELS HINARLNMGI
301 LGSYDPQQIF KCKGTFVGHQ GPVWCLCVYS MGDLLFSGS DKTIKVWDTC
351 TTYKCQKTLE GHDGIVLALC IQGCKLYSGS ADCTIIVWDI QNLQKVNTIR
401 AHDNPVCTLV SSHNVLFSGS LKAIKVWDIV GTELKLKKEL TGLNHWVRAL
451 VAAQSYLYSG SYQTIKIWDI RTLDCIHVLQ TSGGSVYSIA VTNHHIVCGT
501 YENLIHVWDI ESKEQVRTLT GHVGTVYALA VISTPDQTKV FSASYDRSLR
551 VWSMDNMICT QTLLRHQGSV TALAVSRGRL FSGAVDSTVK VWTC
                                      BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
                Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel li2, frame 2
SWISSPROT: KMHB DICDI MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN KINASE B (EC 2.7.1.129) (MHCK
B)., N = 1, Score = 419, P = 3.6e-37
SWISSPROT: HET1_PODAN VEGETATIBLE INCOMPATIBILITY PROTEIN HET-E-1., N =
1. Score = 392, P = 3.1e-33
SWISSPROT: YDJ5_SCHPO HYPOTHETICAL 67.1 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING
PROTEIN C57A10.05C IN CHROMOSOME I., N = 1, Score = 357, P = 4.1e-30
TREMBL:AF032878_1 gene: "slimb"; product: "Slimb"; Drosophila
melanogaster Slimb (slimb) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 347, P =
1.7e-29
>SWISSPROT: KMHB DICDI MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN KINASE B (EC 2.7.1.129) (MHCK B).
              Length = 732
  HSPs:
 Score = 419 (62.9 bits), Expect = 3.6e-37, P = 3.6e-37
 Identities = 96/268 (35%), Positives = 158/268 (58%)
           325 CLCVYSMGDLLFSGSSDKTIKVWD-TCTTYKCOKTLEGHDGIVLALCIOGCKLYSGSADC 383
Ouerv:
           C+C +LLF+G SD +I+V+D +C +TL+GH+G V ++C L+SGS+D
467 CIC----DNLLFTGCSDNSIRVYDYKSQNMECVQTLKGHEGPVESICYNDQYLFSGSSDH 522
Sbjct:
           384 TIIVWDIQNLQKVNTIRAHDNPVCTLVSSHNVLFSGSL-KAIKVWDIVGTELKLKKELTG 442
Ouerv:
           +I VWD++ L+ + T+ HD PV T++ + LFSGS K IKVWD+ L+ K L
523 SIKVWDLKKLRCIFTLEGHDKPVHTVLLNDKYLFSGSSDKTIKVWDL--KTLECKYTLES 580
Sbjct:
           443 LNHWVRALVAAQSYLYSGSY-QTIKIWDIRTLDCIHVLQTSGGSVYSIAVTNHHIVCGTY 501
Query:
           V+ L + YL+SGS +TIK+WD++T C + L+ V +I + ++ G+Y
581 HARAVKTLCISGQYLFSGSNDKTIKVWDLKTFRCNYTLKGHTKWVTTICILGTNLYSGSY 640
Sbict:
           502 ENLIHVWDIESKEQVRTLTGHVGTVYALAVISTPDQTKVFSASYDRSLRVWSMDNMICTQ 561
Query:
           + I VW+++S E TL GH V ++ D+ +F+AS D ++++W ++ + C
641 DKTIRVWNLKSLECSATLRGHDRWVEHMVIC---DKL-LFTASDDNTIKIWDLETLRCNT 696
Sbjct:
           562 TLLRHQGSVTALAVSRGR--LFSGAVDSTVKVW 592
Ouerv:
                TL H +V LAV + + S + D +++VW
           697 TLEGHNATVQCLAVWEDKKCVISCSHDQSIRVW 729
Sbjct:
 Score = 415 (62.3 bits), Expect = 1.2e-36, P = 1.2e-36 Identities = 113/303 (37%), Positives = 166/303 (54%)
           255 KSLEL-KFDVLDENQSKLSEDLMEFRRDASMLNDEL-SHINARLNMGILGS-----YD 305
Ouerv:
           KS++L K ++L N+ K S +L + ++ + SH+ N+ G YD 427 KSIDLEKPEILINNKKKESINLETIKLIETIKGYHVTSHLCICDNLLFTGCSDNSIRVYD 486
Sbjct:
Query:
           306 -POOIFKCKGTFVGHOGPVWCLCVYSMGDLLFSGSSDKTIKVWDTCTTYKCOKTLEGHDG 364
           Q +C T GH+GPV +C Y+ LFSGSSD +IKVWD +C TLEGHD
487 YKSQNMECVQTLKGHEGPVESIC-YN-DQYLFSGSSDHSIKVWDL-KKLRCIFTLEGHDK 543
Sbict:
           365 IVLALCIQGCKLYSGSADCTIIVWDIQNLQKVNTIRAHDNPVCTLVSSHNVLFSGSL-KA 423
Query:
                           L+SGS+D TI VWD++ L+ T+ +H V TL S LFSGS
           544 PVHTVLLNDKYLFSGSSDKTIKVWDLKTLECKYTLESHARAVKTLCISGQYLFSGSNDKT 603
Sbjct:
           424 IKVWDIVGTELKLKKELTGLNHWVRALVAAQSYLYSGSY-QTIKIWDIRTLDCIHVLQTS 482
Ouerv:
                                   L G WV + + LYSGSY +TI++W++++L+C
```

604 IKVWDL--KTFRCNYTLKGHTKWVTTICILGTNLYSGSYDKTIRVWNLKSLECSATLRGH 661

Sbict:

483 GGSVYSIAVTNHHIVCGTYENLIHVWDIESKEQVRTLTGHVGTVYALAVISTPDQTKVFS 542

Query:

YMR116c] 5e-07

```
V + + + + + + + + 1 + WD+E+ TL GH TV LAV D+ V S
662 DRWVEHMVICDKLLFTASDDNTIKIWDLETLRCNTTLEGHNATVQCLAVWE--DKKCVIS 719
Sbjct:
           543 ASYDRSLRVW 552
Query:
                 S+D+S+RVW
           720 CSHDQSIRVW 729
Sbjct:
 Score = 262 (39.3 bits), Expect = 3.2e-19, P = 3.2e-19 Identities = 60/184 (32%), Positives = 109/184 (59%)
           352 TYKCOKTLEGHDGIVLALCIOGCKLYSGSADCTIIVWDI--QNLQKVNTIRAHDNPVCTL 409
Ouerv:
           T K +T++G+ + LCI L++G +D +I V+D QN++ V T++ H+ PV ++
450 TIKLIETIKGYH-VTSHLCICDNLLFTGCSDNSIRVYDYKSQNMECVQTLKGHEGPVESI 508
Shict:
Ouerv:
           410 VSSHNVLFSGSLK-AIKVWDIVGTELKLKKELTGLNHWVRALVAAQSYLYSGSY-QTIKI 467
           + LFSGS +IKVWD+ +L+ L G + V ++ YL+SGS +TIK+
509 CYNDQYLFSGSSDHSIKVWDL--KKLRCIFTLEGHDKPVHTVLLNDKYLFSGSSDKTIKV 566
Sbjct:
           468 WDIRTLDCIHVLQTSGGSVYSIAVTNHHIVCGTYENLIHVWDIESKEQVRTLTGHVGTVY 527
Query:
           WD++TL+C + L++ +V ++ ++ ++ G+ + I VWD+++ TL GH V
567 WDLKTLECKYTLESHARAVKTLCISGQYLFSGSNDKTIKVWDLKTFRCNYTLKGHTKWVT 626
Sbjct:
Query:
           528 ALAVIST 534
                 + ++ T
           627 TICILGT 633
Sbjct:
 Score = 173 (26.0 bits), Expect = 1.7e-09, P = 1.7e-09
 Identities = 43/118 (36%), Positives = 65/118 (55%)
           310 FKCKGTFVGHOGPVWCLCVYSMGDLLFSGSSDKTIKVWDTCTTYKCQKTLEGHDGIVLAL 369
Ouerv:
           F+C T GH V +C+ +G L+SGS DKTI+VW+ + +C TL GHD V +
612 FRCNYTLKGHTKWVTTICI--LGTNLYSGSYDKTIRVWNL-KSLECSATLRGHDRWVEHM 668
Sbict:
           370 CIQGCKLYSGSADCTIIVWDIQNLQKVNTIRAHDNPV-CTLVSSHN--VLFSGSLKAIKV 426
Query:
                       L++ S D TI +WD++ L+ T+ H+ V C V
Sbjct:
           669 VICDKLLFTASDDNTIKIWDLETLRCNTTLEGHNATVQCLAVWEDKKCVISCSHDQSIRV 728
Query:
           427 W 427
           729 W 729
Sbict:
                Pedant information for DKFZphutel 1i2, frame 2
                           Report for DKF2phutel_1i2.2
[LENGTH]
                  594
                  66541.94
[MW]
[pI]
                  6.64
                  SWISSPROT: KMHB DICDI MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN KINASE B (EC 2.7.1.129) (MHCK B). 3e-37
[HOMOL]
(FUNCAT)
                  03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YIL046w] 5e-21
                  06.13.01 cytoplasmic degradation [S. cerevisiae, YIL046w] 5e-21 04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YIL046w] 5e-21
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                  30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YILO46w] 5e-21
[FUNCAT]
                  01.01.04 regulation of amino-acid metabolism
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                   [S. cerevisiae, YILO46w]
5e-21
                                                       [S. cerevisiae, YCR072c beta-transducin family]
[FUNCAT]
                  99 unclassified proteins
2e-15
[FUNCAT]
                  30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YFL009w] 1e-14
[FUNCAT]
                  03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YFL009w]
1e-14
[FUNCAT]
                  03.10 sporulation and germination
                                                                [S. cerevisiae, YFL009w] le-14
                  03.16 dna synthesis and replication [S. cerevisiae, YFL009w] 1e-14
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                  30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
                                                                                            [S. cerevisiae,
YDL145c] le-13
[FUNCAT]
                  08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.)
                                                                                  (S. cerevisiae, YDL145c)
10-13
                  04.05.03 mrna processing (splicing) [S. cerevisiae, YPR178w] 2e-11
06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YPR178w] 2e-11
04.05.01.01 general transcription activities [S. cerevisiae, YBR198c
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
TAF90 - TFIID subunit] 3e-11
[FUNCAT]
                  03.13 meiosis
                                    [S. cerevisiae, YLR129w] 8e-09
                  30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YCR057c] 2e-07 03.25 cytokinesis [S. cerevisiae, YCR057c] 2e-07 02.16 fermentation [S. cerevisiae, YMR116c] 5e-07
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                  05.04 translation (initiation, elongation and termination) [S. cerevisiae,
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[S. cerevisiae, YGL003c] 3e-06
[S. cerevisiae, YKL021c] 2e-04
[FUNCAT]
              06.13 proteolysis
[FUNCAT]
       , U1.03.07 deoxyribonucleotide metabolism [S. cerevisiae, YOR269w] 2e-04
30.02 organization of plasma membrane [S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 0.001
10.05.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 0.001
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[S. cerevisiae, YOR212w] 0.001
BL00678
              03.01 cell growth
(FUNCAT)
[FUNCAT]
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[BLOCKS]
              BL00518 Zinc finger, C3HC4 type, proteins d1tbgd 2.46.3.1.1 betal-subunit of the signal-transducing 3e-10 2.7.1.129 Myosin-heavy-chain kinase 3e-26
[BLOCKS]
[SCOP]
(EC)
              phosphotransferase 3e-26
(PIRKW)
              nucleus 1e-06
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duplication 3e-25
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[PIRKW]
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              autophosphorylation 3e-26
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              phosphoprotein 3e-26
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coiled coil 3e-26
multimer 3e-26
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[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
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              GTP binding 5e-08
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(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
              RING finger homology 3e-09
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              coatomer complex beta' chain 1e-07
              WD repeat homology 3e-26
(SUPFAM)
[SUPFAM]
              yeast coatomer complex alpha chain 3e-12
[SUPFAM]
              GTP-binding regulatory protein beta chain 5e-08
              PRL1 protein 2e-09
WD REPEATS 2
[SUPFAM]
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(PROSITE)
              LEUCINE_ZIPPER 1
[PROSITE]
              MYRISTYL
                             14
              CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
ZINC_FINGER_C3HC4
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
[PROSITE]
                                     1
[PROSITE]
(PROSITE)
              ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PFAM]
              Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)
[PFAM]
              WD domain, G-beta repeats
[KW]
               Irregular
[KW]
              3D
              LOW COMPLEXITY
                                 6.23 %
6.73 %
[KW]
[KW]
              COILED_COIL
SEQ
       MPPISTPRRSDSAISVRSLHSESSMSLRSTFSLPEEEEEPEPLVFAEQPSVKLCCQLCCS
SEG
       ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxx....xxxxxxxx.....
COILS
       1qq2B
       SEQ
       VFKDPVITTCGHTFCRRCALKSEKCPVDNVKLTVVVNNIAVAEQIGELFIHCRHGCRVAG
SEG
       COILS
1gg2B
SEQ
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SEG
COILS
       1gg2B
       SEO
       IKCPHSKYGCTFIGNODTYETHLETCRFEGLKEFLOOTDDRFHEMHVALAOKDQEIAFLR
SEG
       COILS
       1gg2B
       SEQ
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SEG
       cccccccccccccccccc......
COILS
1gg2B
SEQ
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SEG
COILS
       .....EECCCCCEEEEEETTTTCEEEEEETTTEEEEEEG-GGCEEEEEE
1gg2B
```

```
GHDGIVLALCIQGCKLYSGSADCTIIVWDIQNLQKVNTIRAHDNPVCTLVSSHNVLFSGS
SEQ
SEG
      ..............
COILS
      CCCCCEEEEETTCEEEEETTTCEEEEETTTTEEEEEE-CTTTTCCCEEE......
1gg2B
SEQ
      LKAIKVWDIVGTELKLKKELTGLNHWVRALVAAQSYLYSGSYQTIKIWDIRTLDCIHVLQ
SEG
      COILS
1gg2B
SEO
      TSGGSVYSIAVTNHHIVCGTYENLIHVWDIESKEOVRTLTGHVGTVYALAVISTPDOTKV
SEG
      COILS
      .........
1gg2B
      SEO
      FSASYDRSLRVWSMDNMICTQTLLRHQGSVTALAVSRGRLFSGAVDSTVKVWTC
SEG
      COILS
      1gg2B
      Prosite for DKFZphutel_li2.2
PS00001
         267->271
                   ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                       PDOC00001
PS00005
PS00005
             6->9
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC0005
           15->18
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PD0C00005
           26->29
PS00005
           50->53
                                       PDOC00005
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
           82->85
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          121->124
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          137->140
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          141->144
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC0005
PS00005
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00005
          205->208
PS00005
          247->250
                   PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          340->343
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC0005
PS00005
          343->346
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PD0C00005
PS00005
          352->355
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PD0C00005
PS00005
          398->401
                   PKC PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          420->423
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PD0C00005
PS00005
          464->467
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PD0C00005
PS00005
          548->551
                                       PDOC00005
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
          588->591
                                       PDOC0005
PS00006
           32->36
                                       PDOC0006
PS00006
          201->205
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC0006
PS00006
          330->334
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PD0C00006
PS00006
          533->537
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00006
PS00008
          115->121
                   MYRĪSTYL
                                       PDOC0008
PS00008
         133->139
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
P$00008
         194->200
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
         299->305
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
          314->320
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
         364->370
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
         379->385
                                       PD0C00008
                   MYRISTYL
PS00008
         419->425
                   MYRTSTYL.
                                       PD0C00008
PS00008
          460->466
                                       PD0C00008
                   MYRISTYL
PS00008
          484->490
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
          499->505
PS00008
                                       PD0C00008
                   MYRISTYL
PS00008
         524->530
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PD0C00008
          568->574
PS00008
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PDOC00008
PS00008
          583->589
                                       PD0C00008
                   MYRISTYL
```

Pfam for DKFZphute1_1i2.2

ZINC_FINGER_C3HC4

LEUCÎNE ZIPPER

WD REPEATS

WD_REPEATS

PDOC00449

PDOC00029

PDOC00574

PDOC00574

Alignment to HMM consensus:

70->80

436->458

335->350

376->391

PS00518

PS00029

PS00678

PS00678

very *MrGHnnWVWCVaF..SPDGrWFIvSGSWDgTCRLWD* ++GH ++V+++A+ +PD ++S+S D+++R+W+ dkfzphutel 519 LTGHVGTVYALAVISTPDQTK-VFSASYDRSLRVWS Query

HMM_NAME Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)

CPICFcTFQlDyPWPFdePmMlPCgHsFCypCIrrW..CPmC
C++C + F++P++++CGH+FC+ C +++ CP+
55 CQLC----CSV---FKDPVITTCGHTFCRRCALKSEKCPVD HMM

Query 88

DKF2phute1_20b19

group: metabolism

DKF2phute1 20b19 encodes a novel 486 amino acid protein with similarity to bacterial sarcosine oxidases ($\overline{\text{EC}}$ 1.5.3.1.)

The novel protein seems to be a novel enzyme with sarcosine oxidase activity.

The new protein can find application in modulation of sarcosine metabolism and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

similarity to sarcosine oxidases membrane regions: 1 Summary DKFZphutel_20b19 encodes a novel 486 amino acid protein, with similarity to sarcosine oxidases.

similarity to sarcosine oxidases

complete cDNA?, complete cds potential start at Bp 48, EST hits,

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1967 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1950, no polyadenylation signal found

1 AGCGAGGCAG CAGTGCAGCT TTCAGAGGGT CCGGGCTCAG AGGGGTTATG 51 ATTCGGAGGG TTCTGCCGCA CGGCATGGGC CGGGGCCTCT TGACCCGGAG 101 GCCAGGCACG CGCAGAGGAG GCTTTTCTCT GGACTGGGAT GGAAAGGTGT 151 CTGAGATTAA GAAGAAGATC AAGTCGATCC TGCCTGGAAG GTCCTGTGAT 201 CTACTGCAAG ACACCAGCCA CCTGCCTCCC GAGCACTCGG ATGTGGTGAT 251 CGTGGGAGGT GGGGTGCTTG GCTTGTCTGT GGCCTATTGG CTGAAGAAGC 301 TGGAGAGCAG ACGAGGTGCT ATTCGAGTGC TAGTGGTGGA ACGGGACCAC 351 ACGTATTCAC AGGCCTCCAC TGGGCTCTCA GTAGGTGGGA TTTGTCAGCA 401 GTTCTCATTG CCTGAGAACA TCCAGCTCTC CCTCTTTTCA GCCAGCTTTC
451 TACGGAACAT CAATGAGTAC CTGGCCGTAG TCGATGCTCC TCCCCTGGAC 501 CTCCGGTTCA ACCCCTCGGG CTACCTCTTG CTGCCTTCAG AAAAGGATGC
551 TGCAGCCATG GAGAGCAACG TGAAAGTGCA GAGGCAGGAG GGAGCCAAAG 601 TTTCTCTGAT GTCTCCTGAT CAGCTTCGGA ACAAGTTTCC CTGGATAAAC 651 ACAGAGGAG TGGCTTTGGC GTCTTATGGG ATGGAGGACG AAGGTTGGTT 701 TGACCCCTGG TGTCTGCTCC AGGGGCTTCG GCGAAAGGTC CAGTCCTTGG 751 GAGTCCTTTT CTGCCAGGGA GAGGTGACAC GTTTTGTCTC TTCATCTCAA 801 CGCATGTTGA CCACAGATGA CAAAGCGGTG GTCTTGAAAA GGATCCATGA 851 AGTCCATGTG AAGATGGACC GCAGCCTGGA GTACCAGCCT GTGGAATGCG 901 CCATTGTGAT CAACGCAGCC GGAGCCTGGT CTGCGCAAAT CGCAGCACTG 951 GCTGGTGTTG GAGAGGGGCC GCCTGGCACC CTGCAGGGCA CCAAGCTACC 1001 TGTGGAGCCG AGGAAAAGGT ATGTGTATGT GTGGCACTGC CCCCAGGGAC 1051 CAGGCCTAGA GACTCCGCTT GTTGCAGACA CCAGTGGAGC CTATTTTCGC 1101 CGGGAAGGAT TAGGTAGCAA CTACCTAGGT GGTCGTAGCC CCACTGAGCA 1151 GGAAGAACCG GACCCGGCGA ACCTGGAAGT GGACCATGAT TTCTTCCAGG 1201 ACAAGGTGTG GCCCCATTTG GCCCTGAGGG TCCCAGCTTT TGAGACTCTG 1251 AAGGTTCAGA GCGCCTGGGC CGGCTATTAC GACTACAACA CCTTTGACCA 1301 GAATGGCGTG GTGGGCCCCC ACCCGCTAGT TGTCAACATG TACTTTGCTA 1351 CTGGCTTCAG TGGTCACGGG CTCCAGCAGG CCCCTGGCAT TGGGCGAGCT 1401 GTAGCAGAGA TGGTACTGAA GGGCAGGTTC CAGACCATCG ACCTGAGCCC 1451 CTTCCTCTTT ACCCGCTTTT ACTTGGGAGA GAAGATCCAG GAGAACAACA 1501 TCATCTGAGC ATGTGTGCTC TGCACTGGCT CCACTGGCTT GCATCCTGGC 1551 TGTGTTCACA GCCTTGTTTG CTGCTTCCAT CTTCCCCAGT ACTGTGCCAG 1601 GCCTTCTCCC CCTCCCCAGT GTCCTCTCCT CTCAGGCAGG CCATTGCACC 1651 CATATGGCTG GGCAGGCACA GGCAGTGAGG CCGAGGCCAA TAGCGAGTGA 1701 TGAGCGGGAT CCTAGGACTG ATCTGTAGCC CATGCTGATG TCACCCACCA 1751 GGGCAATCCA TCTGGAGGCC TGAGCACCCT GGCCCAGGAC TGGCTTCATC 1801 CTGGCACTGA CCAGGAAAGA CTGCCTCTGA CCCTCTTAGC AGACAGAGCC 1851 CAGGCATGGG AGCACTCTGG GGCAGCCTGG CTCAGGTTTA TTGATTTTCG 1901 TCTGTTTACC CTATCCATTA ATCAATACAT GTAATTAACT CCTTCCCTCC 1951 ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 48 bp to 1505 bp; peptide length: 486 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MIRRVLPHGM GRGLLTRRPG TRRGGFSLDW DGKVSEIKKK IKSILPGRSC
51 DLLQDTSHLP PEHSDVVIVG GGVLGLSVAY WLKKLESRRG AIRVLVVERD
101 HTYSQASTGL SVGGICQQFS LPENIQLSLF SASFLRNINE YLAVVDAPPL
151 DLRFNPSGYL LLASEKDAAA MESNVKVQRQ EGAKVSLMSP DQLRNKFPWI
201 NTEGVALASY GMEDEGWFDP WCLLQGLRRK VQSLGVLFCQ GEVTRFVSSS
251 QRMLTTDDKA VVLKRIHEVH VKMDRSLEYQ PVECAIVINA AGAWSAQIAA
301 LAGYGEGPPG TLQGTKLPVE PRKRYVYVWH CPQGPGLETP LVADTSGAYF
351 RREGLGSNYL GGRSPTEQEE PDPANLEVDH DFFQDKVWPH LALRVPAFET
401 LKVQSAWAGY YDYNTFDQNG VVGPHPLVVN MYFATGFSGH GLQQAPGIGR
451 AVAEMVLKGR FQTIDLSPFL FTRFYLGEKI QENNII
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_20b19, frame 3

TREMBL:CEM04B2_4 gene: "M04B2.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M04B2, N = 1, Score = 801, P = 9.2e-80

PIR:B71184 probable sarcosine oxidase - Pyrococcus horikoshii, N = 2, Score = 194, P = 2e-26

PIR:B69284 sarcosine oxidase, subunit beta (soxB) homolog - Archaeoglobus fulgidus, N = 3, Score = 189, P = 8.2e-22

TREMBL:AF042732_1 gene: "Bb"; product: "unknown protein"; Anopheles gambiae (Bb) gene, partial cds; and TU37B2 (TU37B2) and diphenol oxidase-A2 (Dox-A2) genes, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 386, P = 8.7e-36

PIR:F71008 probable sarcosine oxidase - Pyrococcus horikoshii, N = 2, Score = 200, P = 4e-25

>TREMBL:CEM04B2_4 gene: "M04B2.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M04B2 Length = 527

HSPs:

Score = 801 (120.2 bits), Expect = 9.2e-80, P = 9.2e-80 Identities = 171/433 (39%), Positives = 260/433 (60%)

Query: Sbjct:		PEHSDVVIVGGGVLGLSVAYWLKKLESRRGAIRVLVVERDHTYSQASTGLSVGGICQQFS P +++VI+GGG+ G S A+WLK+ R +V+VVE + ++++ST LS GGI QQFS PYRAEIVIIGGGLSGSSTAFWLKE-RFRDEDFKVVVVENNDVFTKSSTMLSTGGITQQFS	
Query:	121	LPENIQLSLFSASFLRNINEYLAVVDAPPLDLRFNPSGYLLLA-SEKDAAAMESNVKVQR +PE + +SLF+ FLR+ E+L ++D+ D+ F P+GYL LA ++++ M S KVQ	179
Sbjct:	150	IPEFVDMSLFTTEFLRHAGEHLRILDSEQPDINFFPTGYLRLAKTDEEVEMMRSAWKVQI	209
Query:	180	QEGAKVSLMSPDQLRNKFPWINTEGVALASYGMEDEGWFDPWCLLQGLRRKVQSLGVLFC + GAKV L+S D+L ++P++N + V LAS G+E+EG D W LL +R K +LGV +	239
Sbjct:	210	ERGAKVQLLSKDELTKRYPYMNVDDVLLASLGVENEGTIDTWQLLSAIREKNITLGVQYV	269
Query:	240	QGEVTRFVSSSQRMLTTDDKAVVLKRIHEVHVKMDRS-LEYQPVECAIVI +GEV F R T D+ + +RI V V+ + +P+ +++	288
Sbjct:	270	${\tt KGEVEGFQFERHRASSEVHAFGDDATADENKLRAQRISGVLVRPQMNDASARPIRAHLIV}$	329
Query:	289	NAAGAWSAQIAALAGVGEGPPGTLQGTKLPVEPRKRYVYVWHCPQGPGLETPLVADTS-G NAAG W+ Q+A +AG+G+G G L +P++PRKR V+V P P + P + D S G	347
Sbjct:	330	NAAGPWAGQVAKMAGIGKGT-GLL-AVPVPIQPRKRDVFVIFAPDVPS-DLPFIIDPSTG	386
Query:	348	AYFRREGLGSNYLGGRSPTEQEEPDPANLEVDHDFFQDKVWPHLALRVPAFETLKVQS + R+ G +L GR+P+++E+ D +NL+VD+D F K+WP L RVP F+T KV+S	405

387 VFCRQTDSGQTFLVGRTPSKEEDAKRDHSNLDVDYDDFYQKIWPVLVDRVPGFQTAKVKS 446

406 AWAGYYDYNTFDQNGVVGPHPLVVNMYFATGFSGHGLQQAPGIGRAVAEMVLKGRFQTID 465

Query:

```
AW+GY D NTFD V+G HPL N++ GF G+ + RA AE + G + ++
447 AWSGYQDINTFDDAPVIGEHPLYTNLHMMCGFGERGVMHSMAAARAYAERIFDGAYINVN 506
Sbjct:
       466 LSPFLFTRFYLGEKIOE 482
Query:
                   + T E
       507 LRKFDMRRIVKMDPITE 523
Sbjct:
         Pedant information for DKFZphutel 20b19, frame 3
                Report for DKFZphutel 20b19.3
[LENGTH]
[MW]
            53811.85
[pI]
            7.66
[HOMOL]
            TREMBL:CEM04B2_4 gene: "M04B2.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M04B2 le-78
            c energy conversion [H. influenzae, HI0499] 8e-05
BL00677A D-amino acid oxidases proteins
[FUNCAT]
[BLOCKS]
[BLOCKS]
            BL00623A GMC oxidoreductases proteins
            BL01304A
[BLOCKS]
            1.5.99.2 Dimethylglycine dehydrogenase 2e-07
(EC)
[PIRKW]
            flavoprotein 2e-07
            oxidoreductase 2e-07
[PIRKW]
[PROSITE]
            MYRISTYL
                       12
            CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
            GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN
[PROSITE]
            PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
            TRANSMEMBRANE 1
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
[KW]
                           7.00 %
SEQ
      {\tt MIRRVLPHGMGRGLLTRRPGTRRGGFSLDWDGKVSEIKKKIKSILPGRSCDLLQDTSHLP}
SEG
      ............
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      PEHSDVVIVGGGVLGLSVAYWLKKLESRRGAIRVLVVERDHTYSQASTGLSVGGICQQFS
SEG
      PRD
      .....MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM.....
SEQ
      LPENIQLSLFSASFLRNINEYLAVVDAPPLDLRFNPSGYLLLASEKDAAAMESNVKVQRQ
SEG
PRD
      MEM
      EGAKVSLMSPDQLRNKFPWINTEGVALASYGMEDEGWFDPWCLLQGLRRKVQSLGVLFCQ
SEO
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      GEVTRFVSSSQRMLTTDDKAVVLKRIHEVHVKMDRSLEYQPVECAIVINAAGAWSAQIAA
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      {\tt LAGVGEGPPGTLQGTKLPVEPRKRYVYVWHCPQGPGLETPLVADTSGAYFRREGLGSNYL}
SEG
PRD
      hhccccccccccccccceeeeeeccccccceeeccccceee
MEM
SEQ
      GGRSPTEQEEPDPANLEVDHDFFQDKVWPHLALRVPAFETLKVQSAWAGYYDYNTFDQNG
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      VVGPHPLVVNMYFATGFSGHGLQQAPGIGRAVAEMVLKGRFQTIDLSPFLFTRFYLGEKI
SEG
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
     QENNII
SEG
PRD
      ccccc
MEM
```

Prosite for DKFZphutel_20b19.3

PS00002	438->442	GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN	PDOC00002
PS00005	16->19	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	21->24	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	87->90	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	164->167	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	250->253	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	400->403	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	120->124	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	164->168	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	255->259	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	364->368	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	366->370	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	9->15	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	20->26	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	71->77	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	75->81	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	109->115	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	182->188	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	204->210	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	235->241	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
P\$00008	292->298	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	310->316	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	354->360	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	447->453	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_20b19.3)

DKFZphute1_20g21

group: signal transduction

DKFZphutel 20g21 encodes a novel 861 amino acid protein with partial similarity to human ras inhibitor and other ras inhibitor proteins.

Ras is a signal transducting molecule involved in the receptor tyrosine kinase/RAS/Map kinase signalling cascade. Ras proteins bind GDP/GTP and show intrinsic GTPase activity. Mutations in ras, which change as 12, 13 or 61 activate the potential of ras to transform cultured cells and are implicated in a variety of human tumours. The novel protein seems to be a new ras inhibitor protein.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking ras dependent signal transduction pathways.

Ras inhibitor

additional 1188 Bp at 5' and 1107 at 3' end in comparison to I22483

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 4137 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 4116, no polyadenylation signal found

1 GGGAGAACTG AAACAGGAGA TGGTGCGGAC AGATGTCAAC CTGGAAAATG 51 GCCTGGAACC CGCTGAAACC CACAGCATGG TAAGACACAA GGATGGTGGC 101 TATTCCGAGG AAGAGGACGT GAAGACCTGT GCCCGGGACT CAGGCTATGA 151 CAGCCTCTCC AACAGGCTCA GCATCTTGGA CCGGCTCCTC CACACCCACC 201 CCATATGGCT GCAGCTGAGT CTGAGTGAGG AGGAGGCAGC AGAGGTCCTG
251 CAGGCCCAGC CTCCGGGGAT CTTCCTGGTT CATAAATCTA CCAAGATGCA 301 GAAGAAAGTC CTCTCCCTCC GCCTGCCCTG TGAATTTGGG GCCCCACTCA 351 AGGAATTTGC CATAAAGGAA AGCACATACA CCTTTTCCCT GGAAGGCTCA 401 GGAATCAGTT TCGCAGATTT ATTCCGGCTC ATTGCTTTCT ACTGCATCAG 451 CAGGGATGTT CTACCATTTA CCTTGAAGTT GCCTTATGCC ATTTCAACAG 501 CCAAGTCGGA GGCTCAGCTT GAAGAACTGG CCCAGATGGG ACTAAATTTC 551 TGGAGCTCCC CAGCTGACAG CAAACCCCCG AACCTTCCAC CTCCCCATAG 601 GCCTCTTTCC TCCGACGGTG TCTGTCCTGC CTCCCTGCGT CAGCTCTGCC 651 TTATAAATGG AGTGCATTCT ATCAAAACCA GGACGCCTTC AGAGCTGGAG 701 TGCAGCCAGA CCAACGGGGC CCTGTGCTTT ATTAATCCCC TTTTCTTGAA 751 AGTGCACAGC CAGGACCTCA GTGGAGGCCT GAAACGGCCG AGCACAAGGA 801 CTCCCAACGC GAATGGCACG GAGCGGACTC GGTCCCCCCC ACCCAGGCCC 851 CCGCCACCCG CTATTAATAG TCTCCACACA AGCCCTCGGC TGGCCAGGAC 901 TGAAACCCAG ACGAGCATGC CAGAAACAGT CAACCATAAC AAACATGGGA 951 ACGTAGCTCT GCCTGGAACG AAACCAACTC CCATCCCTCC ACCCCGGCTG 1001 AAGAAGCAGG CTTCTTTCT GGAAGCAGAG GGCGGTGCAA AGACCTTGAG 1051 CGGCGGCCGG CCGGGCGCAG GCCCGGAGCT GGAGCTGGCC ACAGCTGGCA 1101 GCCCAGGTGG GGCCCCGCCT GAGGCCGCCC CGGGGGATTG CACAAGGGCC 1151 CCGCCGCCCA GCTCTGAATC ACGGCCCCCG TGCCATGGAG GCCGGCAGCG 1201 GCTGAGCGAC ATGAGCATTT CTACTTCCTC CTCCGACTCG CTGGAGTTCG 1251 ACCGGAGCAT GCCTCTGTTT GGCTACGAGG CGGACACCAA CAGCAGCCTG 1301 GAGGACTACG AGGGGGAAAG TGACCAAGAG ACCATGGCGC CCCCCATCAA 1351 GTCCAAAAAG AAAAGGAGCA GCTCCTTCGT GCTGCCCAAG CTCGTCAAGT 1401 CCCAGCTGCA GAAGGTGAGC GGGGTGTTCA GCTCCTTCAT GACCCCGGAG 1451 AAGCGGATGG TCCGCAGGAT CGCCGAGCTT TCCCGGGACA AATGCACCTA 1501 CTTCGGGTGC TTAGTGCAGG ACTACGTGAG CTTCCTGCAG GAGAACAAGG 1551 AGTGCCACGT GTCCAGCACC GACATGCTGC AGACCATCCG GCAGTTCATG 1601 ACCCAGGTCA AGAACTATTT GTCTCAGAGC TCGGAGCTGG ACCCCCCCAT
1651 CGAGTCGCTG ATCCCTGAAG ACCAAATAGA TGTGGTGCTG GAAAAAGCCA 1701 TGCACAAGTG CATCTTGAAG CCCCTCAAGG GGCATGTGGA GGCCATGCTG 1751 AAGGACTTTC ACATGGCCGA TGGCTCATGG AAGCAACTCA AGGAGAACCT 1801 GCAGCTTGTG CGGCAGAGGA ATCCGCAGGA GCTGGGGGTC TTCGCCCCGA 1851 CCCCTGATTT TGTGGATGTG GAGAAAATCA AAGTCAAGTT CATGACCATG 1901 CAGAAGATGT ATTCGCCGGA AAAGAAGGTC ATGCTGCTGC TGCGGGTCTG 1951 CAAGCTCATT TACACGGTCA TGGAGAACAA CTCAGGGAGG ATGTATGGCG 2001 CTGATGACTT CTTGCCAGTC CTGACCTATG TCATAGCCCA GTGTGACATG 2051 CTTGAATTGG ACACTGAAAT CGAGTACATG ATGGAGCTCC TAGACCCATC 2101 GCTGTTACAT GGAGAAGGAG GCTATTACTT GACAAGCGCA TATGGAGCAC 2151 TTTCTCTGAT AAAGAATTTC CAAGAAGAAC AAGCAGCGCG ACTGCTCAGC 2201 TCAGAAACCA GAGACACCCT GAGGCAGTGG CACAAACGGA GAACCACCAA 2251 CCGGACCATC CCCTCTGTGG ACGACTTCCA GAATTACCTC CGAGTTGCAT 2301 TTCAGGAGGT CAACAGTGGT TGCACAGGAA AGACCCTCCT TGTGAGACCT 2351 TACATCACCA CTGAGGATGT GTGTCAGATC TGCGCTGAGA AGTTCAAGGT 2401 GGGGGACCCT GAGGAGTACA GCCTCTTTCT CTTCGTTGAC GAGACATGGC 2451 AGCAGCTGGC AGAGGACACT TACCCTCAAA AAATCAAGGC GGAGCTGCAC

2501 AGCCGACCAC AGCCCCACAT CTTCCACTTT GTCTACAAAC GCATCAAGAA 2551 CGATCCTTAT GGCATCATTT TCCAGAACGG GGAAGAAGAC CTCACCACCT 2601 CCTAGAAGAC AGGCGGGACT TCCCAGTGGT GCATCCAAAG GGGAGCTGGA 2651 AGCCTTGCCT TCCCGCTTCT ACATGCTTGA GCTTGAAAAG CAGTCACCTC 2701 CTCGGGGACC CCTCAGTGTA GTGACTAAGC CATCCACAGG CCAACTCGGC 2751 CAAGGGCAAC TTTAGCCACG CAAGGTAGCT GAGGTTTGTG AAACAGTAGG 2801 ATTCTCTTTT GGCAATGGAG AATTGCATCT GATGGTTCAA GTGTCCTGAG 2851 ATTGTTTGCT ACCTACCCC AGTCAGGTTC TAGGTTGGCT TACAGGTATG
2901 TATATGTGCA GAAGAAACAC TTAAGATACA AGTTCTTTTG AATTCAACAG 3051 TTTTTACAAA GAGCCTTCAT GTTTTTATAT ATTTCATAGA AATTTTTATA
3101 GCAGTTGCAG GTAAACTGTC AGGATTGGTT TTAAAATATT TTTGTAACTT 3151 TAAAATATTC TATAATTATG CATGTGATTT TAACATTTAA TATTCAAAAA 3201 TAAATCTCTT GCTGGATTTG AGAGTATTGC ATTTTTAAAG TCTCTCTTCT 3251 GTAACTGGAT GTTTTTGGCAA CTTTGTGGGG AGAGACTGCT GGATTTCTTA
3301 AAGCAACGTA TTCCTGACAC TGGCCACAGA ATGCCTTTGG AAATCGGATG 3351 TACTGTTCTC TTGTTCACGT TTAGTGGTGT TTTGCTGTTT TGTTTTTTAA 3401 ACAAATGATG CTGAGAATAA GGAGAGAAAT GAATGTAGAG AGAGGTAGAG 3451 AGAGAAATAT GAACTCTAAC AAAGGACTGA GGAGTGCAGT CTGCTGGTTC 3501 AGGCTCTTCA AAAGATGTAG AAAAAGAGAT AGAAGGAACC ACCTATGCTT 3551 AAAATACTGT AAATATGCAG TGAGGTTTGG CAAAATCTAT TCCATGTGTG 3601 ATTTGCTTGT AGAAACAATT TTGAAAGCCC CTTGAGGAAA ATAAAAATCA 3651 AGAAGAACAC TTTTCTCCCT TTTCCATACA AATTAAAACT TAACAGCATC 3701 AAATTATTGG GACCAGAAAC CAAGTAATGT ATAATGTGGC TTTTGTTGAG 3751 TTAAATAAGA TGCTATATAA TGGAGAAGAA TTTGAAAATG CACAAAAAAA 3801 TCAATCTACA TTATCAGAAC CTGCAGTGAA ATTAAACTTA TGTTAAATAA 3851 AACCAGTTTG CAGGTGCACA AACTATGAGG GTCTTGTATC CACGTAACAC 3901 AGGTAGTTAC AAAAACATGT TATTGTACTG TGTAAAGATG CATAGTCATC
3951 TCATTTGGTT GGCTTTGTAC CTTGTACCTT TTTTAGCCTT GGCTTTTGTT 4001 GAACTAGAAC CCTCAGCACA TACTGTGTTG TACTTTTGTA AATGATTTTT 4051 TAAATGGAAT TTTGCACATA ATACATTGTA ATACTGTATG ATAATCATGT 4101 GTGAAAATAA TTTTTGAAAT AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry I22483 from database EMBL:
Sequence 15 from patent US 5527896.
Length = 1829
Plus Strand HSPs:
Score = 9097 (1364.9 bits), Expect = 0.0, P = 0.0
Identities = 1821/1823 (99%), Positives = 1821/1823 (99%),

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 20 bp to 2602 bp; peptide length: 861 Category: known protein Classification: Cell signaling/communication

1 MVRTDVNLEN GLEPAETHSM VRHKDGGYSE EEDVKTCARD SGYDSLSNRL
51 SILDRLHTH PIWLQLSLSE EEAAEVLQAQ PPGIFLVHKS TKMQKKVLSL
101 RLPCEFGAPL KEFAIKESTY TFSLEGSGIS FADLFRLIAF YCISRDVLPF
151 TLKLPYAIST AKSEAQLEEL AQMGLNFWSS PADSKPPNLP PPHRPLSSDG
201 VCPASLRQLC LINGVHSIKT RTPSELECSQ TNGALCFINP LFLKVHSQDL
251 SGGLKRPSTR TPNANGTERT RSPPPRPPPP AINSLHTSPR LARTETQTSM
301 PETVNHNKHG NVALPGTKPT PIPPPRLKKQ ASFLEAEGGA KTLSGGRPGA
351 GPELELGTAG SPGGAPPEAA PGDCTRAPPP SESERPPCHG GRQRLSDMSI
401 STSSSDSLEF DRSMPLFGYE ADTNSSLEDY EGESDQETMA PPIKKKKKRS
451 SSFVLPKLVK SQLQXVSGVF SSFMTPEKRM VRRIAELSRD KCTYFGGLVQ
501 DYVSFLQENK ECHYSSTDML QTIRQFMTQV KNYLSQSSEL DPPIESLIPE
551 DQIDVVLEKA MHKCILKPLK GHVEAMLKDF HMADGSWKQL KENLQLVRQR
601 NPQELGVFAP TPDFVDVEKI KVKFMTMOKM YSPEKKVMLL LRVCKLIYTV
6051 MENNSGRMYG ADDFLPVLTY VIAQCDMLEL DTEIEYMMEL LDPSLLHGEG
606 TYYLTSAYCA LSLIKNFQEE QAARLLSSET RDTLRQWHKR RTTNRTIPSV
607 TGYYLTSAYCA LSLIKNFQEE QAARLLSSET RDTLRQWHKR RTTNRTIPSV
608 TGYYLTSAYCA LSLIKNFQEE QAARLLSSET RDTLRQWHKR RTTNRTIPSV
609 TGYYLTSAYCA LSLIKNFQEE QAARLLSSET RDTLRQWHKR RTTNRTIPSV
601 SLFLFVDETW QUAEDTYPQ KIKAELHSRP QPHIFFFVYK RIKNDPYGII

851 FQNGEEDLTT S

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 20g21, frame 2

TREMBL:RNU80076_1 product: "RIN1"; Rattus norvegicus RIN1 mRNA, complete cds., \overline{N} = 3, Score = 606, P = 6.8e-97

PIR: A38637 Ras interactor RIN1 - human, N = 3, Score = 587, P = 1.9e-92

TREMBL: HSRASINL_1 product: "ras inhibitor"; Human ras inhibitor mRNA, 3' end., N = 2, Score = 592, P = 9.8e-61

SWISSPROT:RIN1 HUMAN RAS INTERACTION/INTERFERENCE PROTEIN 1 (RAS INHIBITOR JC99) (FRAGMENT)., N = 2, Score = 587, P = 4.1e-60

PIR:B38637 Ras inhibitor (clone JC265) - human (fragment), N = 1, Score = 2446, P = 4.6e-254

>PIR:B38637 Ras inhibitor (clone JC265) - human (fragment) Length = 471

HSPs:

Score = 2446 (367.0 bits), Expect = 4.6e-254, P = 4.6e-254 Identities = 471/471 (100%), Positives = 471/471 (100%)

Query: 391 GRQRLSDMSISTSSSDSLEFDRSMPLFGYEADTNSSLEDYEGESDQETMAPPIKSKKKRS 450
GRQRLSDMSISTSSSDSLEFDRSMPLFGYEADTNSSLEDYEGESDQETMAPPIKSKKKRS
Sbjct: 1 GRQRLSDMSISTSSSDSLEFDRSMPLFGYEADTNSSLEDYEGESDQETMAPPIKSKKKRS 60

Query: 451 SSFVLPKLVKSQLQKVSGVFSSFMTPEKRMVRRIAELSRDKCTYFGCLVQDYVSFLQENK 510 SSFVLPKLVKSQLQKVSGVFSSFMTPEKRMVRRIAELSRDKCTYFGCLVQDYVSFLQENK

Sbjct: 61 SSFVLPKLVKSQLQKVSGVFSSFMTPEKRMVRRIAELSRDKCTYFGCLVQDYVSFLQENK 120

Query: 511 ECHVSSTDMLQTIRQFMTQVKNYLSQSSELDPPIESLIPEDQIDVVLEKAMHKCILKPLK 570
ECHVSSTDMLQTIRQFMTQVKNYLSQSSELDPPIESLIPEDQIDVVLEKAMHKCILKPLK
Sbjct: 121 ECHVSSTDMLQTIRQFMTQVKNYLSQSSELDPPIESLIPEDQIDVVLEKAMHKCILKPLK 180

Query: 571 GHVEAMLKDFHMADGSWKQLKENLQLVRQRNPQELGVFAPTPDFVDVEKIKVKFMTMQKM 630

GHVEAMLKDFHMADGSWKQLKENLQLVRQRNPQELGVFAPTPDFVDVEKIKVKFMTMQKM
Sbjct: 181 GHVEAMLKDFHMADGSWKQLKENLQLVRQRNPQELGVFAPTPDFVDVEKIKVKFMTMQKM 240

Query: 631 YSPEKKVMLLLRVCKLIYTVMENNSGRMYGADDFLPVLTYVIAQCDMLELDTEIEYMMEL 690 YSPEKKVMLLLRVCKLIYTVMENNSGRMYGADDFLPVLTYVIAQCDMLELDTEIEYMMEL Sbjct: 241 YSPEKKVMLLLRVCKLIYTVMENNSGRMYGADDFLPVLTYVIAQCDMLELDTEIEYMMEL 300

Ouerv: 691 LDPSLLHGEGGYYLTSAYGALSLIKNFOEEOAARLLSSETRDTLROWHKRRTTNRTIPSV 750

LDPSLLHGEGGYYLTSAYGALSLIKNFQEEQAARLLSSETRDTLRQWHKRRTTNRTIPSV Sbjct: 301 LDPSLLHGEGGYYLTSAYGALSLIKNFQEEQAARLLSSETRDTLRQWHKRRTTNRTIPSV 360

Query: 751 DDFQNYLRVAFQEVNSGCTGKTLLVRPYITTEDVCQICAEKFKVGDPEEYSLFLFVDETW 810
DDFQNYLRVAFQEVNSGCTGKTLLVRPYITTEDVCQICAEKFKVGDPEEYSLFLFVDETW
Sbjct: 361 DDFQNYLRVAFQEVNSGCTGKTLLVRPYITTEDVCQICAEKFKVGDPEEYSLFLFVDETW 420

Query: 811 QQLAEDTYPQKIKAELHSRPQPHIFHFVYKRIKNDPYGIIFQNGEEDLTTS 861 QQLAEDTYPQKIKAELHSRPQPHIFHFVYKRIKNDPYGIIFQNGEEDLTTS 55jct: 421 QQLAEDTYPQKIKAELHSRPQPHIFHFVYKRIKNDPYGIIFQNGEEDLTTS 471

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_20g21, frame 2

Report for DKFZphutel_20g21.2

[LENGTH] 861 (MW) 96380.26 [pI] 6.15 PIR:B38637 Ras inhibitor (clone JC265) - human (fragment) 0.0 [HOMOL] 08.13 vacuolar transport [S. cerevisiae, YML097c] 3e-10
06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YML097c] [FUNCAT] [FUNCAT] 3e-10 [FUNCAT1 30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YML097c] 3e-10 [FUNCAT] 08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.) [S. cerevisiae, YML097c] 3e-10 (PIRKW) alternative splicing 3e-59 Ras interactor RIN1 3e-59 (SUPFAM)

(KW)	All_Alpha LOW_COMPLEXITY 11.27 %
SEQ SEG PRD	MVRTDVNLENGLEPAETHSMVRHKDGGYSEEEDVKTCARDSGYDSLSNRLSILDRLLHTH CCCCCeeeccccccccceeeeeeccccccccceeeeeecccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	PIWLQLSLSEEEAAEVLQAQPPGIFLVHKSTKMQKKVLSLRLPCEFGAPLKEFAIKESTYxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD	TFSLEGSGISFADLFRLIAFYCISRDVLPFTLKLPYAISTAKSEAQLEELAQMGLNFWSS
SEQ SEG PRD	PADSKPPNLPPPHRPLSSDGVCPASLRQLCLINGVHSIKTRTPSELECSQTNGALCFINPxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD	LFLKVHSQDLSGGLKRPSTRTPNANGTERTRSPPPRPPPPAINSLHTSPRLARTETQTSMxxxxxxx cccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	PETVNHNKHGNVALPGTKPTPIPPRLKKQASFLEAEGGAKTLSGGRPGAGPELELGTAGxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD	SPGGAPPEAAPGDCTRAPPPSSESRPPCHGGRQRLSDMSISTSSSDSLEFDRSMPLFGYE XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEQ SEG PRD	ADTNSSLEDYEGESDQETMAPPIKSKKKRSSSFVLPKLVKSQLQKVSGVFSSFMTPEKRMxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD	VRRIAELSRDKCTYFGCLVQDYVSFLQENKECHVSSTDMLQTIRQFMTQVKNYLSQSSEL
SEQ SEG PRD	DPPIESLIPEDQIDVVLEKAMHKCILKPLKGHVEAMLKDFHMADGSWKQLKENLQLVRQR
SEQ SEG PRD	NPQELGVFAPTPDFVDVEKIKVKFMTMQKNYSPEKKVMLLLRVCKLIYTVMENNSGRMYG
SEQ SEG PRD	ADDFLPVLTYVIAQCDMLELDTEIEYMMELLDPSLLHGEGGYYLTSAYGALSLIKNFQEE
SEQ SEG PRD	QAARLLSSETROTLRQWHKRRTTNRTIPSVDDFQNYLRVAFQEVNSGCTGKTLLVRPYIT hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccccchhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD	TEDVCQICAEKFKVGDPEEYSLFLFVDETWQQLAEDTYPQKIKAELHSRPQPHIFHFVYK
SEQ SEG PRD	RIKNDPYGIIFQNGEEDLTTShhccccceeeeccccccc
(No	Prosite data available for DKFZphute1_20g21.2)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_20g21.2)

493

DKFZphute1_20h13

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphutel_20h13 encodes a novel 955 amino acid protein with similarity to alpha-adaptins.

Adaptins are components of the adaptor complexes which link clathrin to receptors in coated vesicles. The alpha-adaptins, which are found exclusively in endocytic coated vesicles, separate into two bands on SDS gels, designated A and C. The novel protein is very similar to both alpha adaptin A and C. The novel protein is a new human alpha-adaptin.

The new protein can find application in modulating endocytosis and vesicle trafficking in cells.

strong similarity to alpha-adaptins

complete cDNA, complete cds start at Bp 78, EST hits

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3352 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3297, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3279

1 GCGCCCGGTC CCCGCTTGCC AGCCCCCGCT GCTCTGTGCC CTGTCCGGCC 51 AGGCCTGGAG CCGACACCAC CGCCATCATG CCGGCCGTGT CCAAGGGCGA 101 TGGGATGCGG GGGCTCGCGG TGTTCATCTC CGACATCCGG AACTGTAAGA 151 GCAAAGAGGC GGAAATTAAG AGAATCAACA AGGAACTGGC CAACATCCGC 201 TCCAAGTTCA AAGGAGACAA AGCCTTGGAT GGCTACAGTA AGAAAAAATA 251 TGTGTGTAAA CTGCTTTTCA TCTTCCTGCT TGGCCATGAC ATTGACTTTG 301 GGCACATGGA GGCTGTGAAT CTGTTGAGTT CCAATAAATA CACAGAGAAG 351 CAAATAGGTT ACCTGTTCAT TTCTGTGCTG GTGAACTCGA ACTCGGAGCT 401 GATCCGCCTC ATCAACAACG CCATCAAGAA TGACCTGGCC AGCCGCAACC 451 CCACCTTCAT GTGCCTGGCC CTGCACTGCA TCGCCAACGT GGGCAGCCGG 501 GAGATGGGCG AGGCCTTTGC CGCTGACATC CCCCGCATCC TGGTGGCCGG 551 GGACAGCATG GACAGTGTCA AGCAGAGTGC GGCCCTGTGC CTCCTTCGAC 601 TGTACAAGGC CTCGCCTGAC CTGGTGCCCA TGGGCGAGTG GACGGCGCGT 651 GTGGTACACC TGCTCAATGA CCAGCACATG GGTGTGGTCA CGGCCGCCGT 701 CAGCCTCATC ACCTGTCTCT GCAAGAAGAA CCCAGATGAC TTCAAGACGT 751 GCGTCTCTCT GGCTGTGTCG CGCCTGAGCC GGATCGTCTC CTCTGCCTCC 801 ACCGACCTCC AGGACTACAC CTACTACTTC GTCCCAGCAC CCTGGCTCTC 851 GGTGAAGCTC CTGCGGCTGC TGCAGTGCTA CCCGCCTCCA GAGGATGCGG 901 CTGTGAAGGG GCGGCTGGTG GAATGTCTGG AGACTGTGCT CAACAAGGCC 951 CAGGAGCCCC CCAAATCCAA GAAGGTGCAG CATTCCAACG CCAAGAACGC 1001 CATCCTCTC GAGACCATCA GCCTCATCAT CCACTATGAC AGTGAGCCCA 1051 ACCTCCTGGT TCGGGCCTGC AACCAGCTGG GCCAGTTCCT GCAGCACCGG
1101 GAGACCAACC TGCGCTACCT GGCCCTGGAG AGCATGTGCA CGCTGGCCAG 1151 CTCCGAGTTC TCCCATGAAG CCGTCAAGAC GCACATTGAC ACCGTCATCA 1201 ATGCCCTCAA GACGGAGCGG GACGTCAGCG TGCGGCAGCG GGCGGCTGAC 1251 CTCCTCTACG CCATGTGTGA CCGGAGCAAT GCCAAGCAGA TCGTGTGGGA 1301 GATGCTGCGG TACCTGGAGA CGGCAGACTA CGCCATCCGC GAGGAGATCG 1351 TCCTGAAGGT GGCCATCCTG GCCGAGAAGT ACGCCGTGGA CTACAGCTGG 1401 TACGTGGACA CCATCCTCAA CCTCATCCGC ATTGCGGGCG ACTACGTGAG 1451 TGAGGAGGTG TGGTACCGTG TGCTACAGAT CGTCACCAAC CGTGATGACG 1501 TCCAGGGCTA TGCCGCCAAG ACCGTCTTTG AGGCGCTCCA GGCCCCTGCC 1551 TGTCACGAGA ACATGGTGAA GGTTGGCGGC TACATCCTTG GGGAGTTTGG 1601 GAACCTGATT GCTGGGGACC CCCGCTCCAG CCCCCCAGTG CAGTTCTCCC 1651 TGCTCCACTC CAAGTTCCAT CTGTGCAGCG TGGCCACGCG GGCGCTGCTG 1701 CTGTCCACCT ACATCAAGTT CATCAACCTC TTCCCCGAGA CCAAGGCCAC 1751 CATCCAGGGC GTCCTGCGGG CCGGCTCCCA GCTGCGCAAT GCTGACGTGG 1801 AGCTGCAGCA GCGAGCCGTG GAGTACCTCA CCCTCAGCTC AGTGGCCAGC
1851 ACCGACGTCC TGGCCACGGT GCTGGAGGAG ATGCCGCCCT TCCCCGAGCG 1901 CGAGTCGTCC ATCCTGGCCA AGCTGAAACG CAAGAAGGGG CCAGGGGCCG 1951 GCAGCGCCCT GGACGATGGC CGGAGGGACC CCAGCAGCAA CGACATCAAC 2001 GGGGGCATGG AGCCCACCCC CAGCACTGTG TCGACGCCCT CGCCCTCCGC 2051 CGACCTCCTG GGGCTGCGGG CAGCCCCTCC CCCGGCAGCA CCCCCGGCTT 2101 CTGCAGGAGC AGGGAACCTT CTGGTGGACG TCTTCGATGG CCCGGCCGCC 2151 CAGCCCAGCC TGGGGCCCAC CCCCGAGGAG GCCTTCCTCA GCCCAGGTCC 2201 TGAGGACATC GGCCCTCCCA TTCCGGAAGC CGATGAGTTG CTGAATAAGT 2251 TTGTGTGTAA GAACAACGGG GTCCTGTTCG AGAACCAGCT GCTGCAGATC 2301 GGAGTCAAGT CAGAGTTCCG ACAGAACCTG GGCCGCATGT ATCTCTTCTA 2351 TGGCAACAAG ACCTCGGTGC AGTTCCAGAA TTTCTCACCC ACTGTGGTTC 2401 ACCCGGGAGA CCTCCAGACT CAGCTGGCTG TGCAGACCAA GCGCGTGGCG 2451 GCGCAGGTGG ACGGCGGCGC GCAGGTGCAG CAGGTGCTCA ATATCGAGTG 2501 CCTGCGGGAC TTCCTGACGC CCCCGCTGCT GTCCGTGCGC TTCCGGTACG 2551 GTGGCGCCCC CCAGGCCCTC ACCCTGAAGC TCCCAGTGAC CATCAACAAG

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

89155572:

Cloning of cDNAs encoding two related 100-kD coated vesicle proteins (alpha-adaptins).

97431776:

Alpha-adaptin, a marker for endocytosis, is expressed in complex patterns during Drosophila development.

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 78 bp to 2942 bp; peptide length: 955 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MPAVSKGDGM RGLAVFISDI RNCKSKEAEI KRINKELANI RSKFKGDKAL
 51 DGYSKKKYVC KLLFIFLLGH DIDFGHMEAV NLLSSNKYTE KQIGYLFISV
101 LVNSNSELIR LINNAIKNDL ASRNPTFMCL ALHCIANVGS REMGEAFAAD
151 IPRILVAGDS MDSVKQSAAL CLLRLYKASP DLVPMGEWTA RVVHLLNDQH
201 MGVVTAAVSL ITCLCKKNPD DFKTCVSLAV SRLSRIVSSA STDLQDYTYY
251 FVPAPWLSVK LLRLLQCYPP PEDAAVKGRL VECLETVLNK AQEPPKSKKV
301 QHSNAKNAIL FETISLIIHY DSEPNLLVRA CNQLGQFLQH RETNLRYLAL
351 ESMCTLASSE FSHEAVKTHI DTVINALKTE RDVSVRQRAA DLLYAMCDRS
401 NAKQIVSEML RYLETADYAI REEIVLKVAI LAEKYAVDYS WYVDTILNLI
451 RIAGDYVSEE VWYRVLQIVT NRDDVQGYAA KTVFEALQAP ACHENMVKVG
501 GYILGEFGNL IAGDPRSSPP VQFSLLHSKF HLCSVATRAL LLSTYIKFIN
551 LFPETKATIQ GVLRAGSQLR NADVELQQRA VEYLTLSSVA STDVLATVLE
601 EMPPFPERES SILAKLKRKK GPGAGSALDD GRRDPSSNDI NGGMEPTPST
651 VSTPSPSADL LGLRAAPPPA APPASAGAGN LLVDVFDGPA AQPSLGPTPE
701 EAFLSPGPED IGPPIPEADE LLNKFVCKNN GVLFENQLLQ IGVKSEFRQN
751 LGRMYLFYGN KTSVQFQNFS PTVVHPGDLQ TQLAVQTKRV AAQVDGGAQV
801 QQVLNIECLR DFLTPPLLSV RFRYGGAPQA LTLKLPVTIN KFFQPTEMAA
851 QDFFQRWKQL SLPQQEAQKI FKANHPMDAE VTKAKLLGFG SALLDNVDPN
901 PENFVGAGII QTKALQVGCL LRLEPNAQAQ MYRLTLRTSK EPVSRHLCEL
951 LAQQF
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_20h13, frame 3

PIR:B30111 alpha-adaptin C - mouse, N = 1, Score = 3990, P = 0

PIR:S11276 alpha-adaptin c - rat, N = 1, Score = 3987, P = 0

SWISSPROT:ADAC RAT ALPHA-ADAPTIN C (CLATHRIN ASSEMBLY PROTEIN COMPLEX 2 ALPHA-C LARGE \overline{C} HAIN) (100 KD COATED VESICLE PROTEIN C) (PLASMA MEMBRANE ADAPTOR HA2/AP2 ADAPTIN ALPHA C SUBUNIT)., N = 1, Score = 3982, P = 0

SWISSPROT: ADAC MOUSE ALPHA-ADAPTIN C (CLATHRIN ASSEMBLY PROTEIN COMPLEX 2 ALPHA-C LARGE CHAIN) (100 KD COATED VESICLE PROTEIN C) (PLASMA MEMBRANE ADAPTOR HA2/AP2 ADAPTIN ALPHA C SUBUNIT)., N = 1, Score = 3976, P = 0

TREMBL:AB020706_1 gene: "KIAA0899"; product: "KIAA0899 protein"; Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0899 protein, partial cds., N=1, Score = 3932, P = 0

>PIR:B30111 alpha-adaptin C - mouse Length = 938

HSPs:

Score = 3990 (598.6 bits), Expect = 0.0e+00, P = 0.0e+00 Identities = 787/955 (82%), Positives = 858/955 (89%)

Query:	1	MPAVSKGDGMRGLAVFISDIRNCKSKEAEIKRINKELANIRSKFKGDKALDGYSKKKYVC MPAVSKGDGMRGLAVFISDIRNCKSKEAEIKRINKELANIRSKFKGDKALDGYSKKKYVC	60
Sbjct:	1	MPAVSKGDGMRGLAVFISDIRNCKSKEAEIKRINKELANIRSKFKGDKALDGYSKKKYVC	60
Query:	61	KLLFIFLLGHDIDFGHMEAVNLLSSNKYTEKQIGYLFISVLVNSNSELIRLINNAIKNDL KLLFIFLLGHDIDFGHMEAVNLLSSN+YTEKQIGYLFISVLVNSNSELIRLINNAIKNDL	120
Sbjct:	61	KLLFIFLGHDIDFGHMEAVNLLSSNRYTEKQIGYLFISVLVNSNSELIRLINNAIKNDL	120
Query:	121	ASRNPTFMCLALHCIANVGSREMGEAFAADIPRILVAGDSMDSVKQSAALCLLRLYKASP ASRNPTFM LALHCIANVGSREM EAFA +IP+ILVAGD+MDSVKQSAALCLLRLY+ SP	180
Sbjct:	121	ASKNPTFM LALKCIANVGSKEM EAFA FIPFILVAGDTMDSVKQSALCLERLYRTSP	180
Query:	181	DLVPMGEWTARVVHLLNDQHMGVVTAAVSLITCLCKKNPDDFKTCVSLAVSRLSRIVSSA	240
Sbjct:	181	DLVPMG+WT+RVVHLLNDQH+GVVTAA SLIT L +KNP++FKT VSLAVSRLSRIV+SA DLVPMGDWTSRVVHLLNDQHLGVVTAATSLITTLAQKNPEEFKTSVSLAVSRLSRIVTSA	240
Query:	241	STDLQDYTYYFVPAPWLSVKLLRLLQCYPPPEDAAVKGRLVECLETVLNKAQEPPKSKKV	300
Sbjct:	241	STDLQDYTYYFVPAPWLSVKLLRLLQCYPPP D AV+GRL ECLET+LNKAQEPPKSKKV STDLQDYTYYFVPAPWLSVKLLRLLQCYPPP-DPAVRGRLTECLET1LNKAQEPPKSKKV	299
Query:	301	QHSNAKNAILFETISLIIHYDSEPNLLVRACNQLGQFLQHRETNLRYLALESMCTLASSE	360
Sbjct:	300	QHSNAKNA+LFE ISLIIH+DSEPNLLVRACNQLGQFLQHRETNLRYLALESMCTLASSE QHSNAKNAVLFEAISLIIHHDSEPNLLVRACNQLGQFLQHRETNLRYLALESMCTLASSE	359
Query:	361	FSHEAVKTHIDTVINALKTERDVSVRQRAADLLYAMCDRSNAKQIVSEMLRYLETADYAI	420
Sbjct:	360	FSHEAVKTHI+TVINALKTERDVSVRQRA DLLYAMCDRSNA+QIV+EML YLETADY+I FSHEAVKTHIETVINALKTERDVSVRQRAVDLLYAMCDRSNAQQIVAEMLSYLETADYSI	419
Query:	421	REEIVLKVAILAEKYAVDYSWYVDTILNLIRIAGDYVSEEVWYRVLQIVTNRDDVQGYAA	480
Sbjct:	420	REEIVLKVAILAEKYAVDY+WYVDTILNLIRIAGDYVSEEVWYRV+QIV NRDDVQGYAA REEIVLKVAILAEKYAVDYTWYVDTILNLIRIAGDYVSEEVWYRVIQIVINRDDVQGYAA	479
Query:	481	KTVFEALQAPACHENMVKVGGYILGEFGNLIAGDPRSSPPVQFSLLHSKFHLCSVATRAL KTVFEALQAPACHEN+VKVGGYILGEFGNLIAGDPRSSP +QF+LLHSKFHLCSV TRAL	540
Sbjct:	480	KTVFEALQAPACHENVKVGGYILGEFGNLIAGDPRSSPLIQFNLLHSKFHLCSVPTRAL	539
Query:	541	LLSTYIKFINLFPETKATIQGVLRAGSQLRNADVELQQRAVEYLTLSSVASTDVLATVLE LLSTYIKF+NLFPE KATIO VLR+ SQL+NADVELQQRAVEYL LS+VASTD+LATVLE	600
Sbjct:	540	LLSTYIKFVNLFPEVKATIQDVLRSDSQLKNADVELQQRAVEYLRLSTVASTDILATVLE	599
Query:	601	EMPPFPERESSILAKLKRKKGPGAGSALDDGRRDPSSNDINGGMEPTPSTVSTPSPS EMPPFPERESSILAKLK+KKGP + L++ +R+ S D+NGG EP P S STPSPS	657
Sbjct:	600	EMPPFPERESSILAKLKKKGPSTVTDLEETKRERSI-DVNGGPEPVPASTSAASTPSPS	658
Query:	658	ADLIGIRAAPP-PAAPPASAGAGNILVDVFDGPAAQPSLGPTPEEAFLSPGPEDIGPPIP ADLIGI A PP P PP S+G G LLVDVF A+ ++ P L+PG ED	716
Sbjct:	659	ADLLGLGAVPPAPTGPPPSSGGG-LLVDVFSDSASAVAPLAPGSEDN	704
Query:	717	EADELLNKFYCKNNGVLFENQLLQIGVKSEFRQNLGRMYLFYGNKTSVQFQNFSPTVVHP +FVCKNNGVLFENQLLQIG+KSEFRQNLGRM++FYGNKTS QF NF+PT++	776
Sbjct:	705	FARFVCKNNGVLFENQLLQIGLKSEFRQNLGRMFIFYGNKTSTQFLNFTPTLICA	759
Query:	777	GDLQTQLAVQTKRVAAQVDGGAQVQQVLNIECLRDFLTPPLLSVRFRYGGAPQALTLKLP DLQT L +QTK V VDGGAQVQQV+NIEC+ DF P+L+++FRYGG Q +++KLP	836
Sbjct:	760	DDLQTNLNLQTKPVDPTVDGGAQVQQVVNIECISDFTEAPVLNIQFRYGGTFQNVSVKLP	819
Query:	837	VTINKFFQPTEMAAQDFFQRWKQLSLPQQEAQKIFKANHPMDAEVTKAKLLGFGSALLDN +T+NKFFQPTEMA+QDFFQRWKQLS PQQE Q IFKA HPMD E+TKAK++GFGSALL+	896
Sbjct:	820	ITLNKFFQPTEMASQDFFQRWKQLSNPQQEVQNIFKAKHPMDTEITKAKIIGFGSALLEE	879
Query:	897	VDPNPENFVGAGIIQTKALQVGCLLRLEPNAQAQMYRLTLRTSKEPVSRHLCELLAQQF VDPNP NFVGAGII TK Q+GCLLRLEPN QAQMYRLTLRTSK+ VS+ LCELL++QF	955

Sbjct: 880 VDPNPANFVGAGIIHTKTTQIGCLLRLEPNLQAQMYRLTLRTSKDTVSQRLCELLSEQF 938

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_20hl3, frame 3

Report for DKFZphutel_20h13.3

```
955
[LENGTH]
[MW]
           105361.97
[pI]
           7.75
           PIR:A30111 alpha-adaptin A - mouse 0.0
[HOMOL]
           30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
[FUNCAT]
                                                        [S. cerevisiae,
YBL037wl 5e-67
           08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YBL037w] 5e-67
06.10 assembly of protein complexes [S. cerevisiae, YBL037w] 5e-67
08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.) [S. cerevisiae, YDR238c]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
(FUNCAT)
4e-04
[PIRKW]
           heterodimer 0.0
(PIRKW)
           transmembrane protein 1e-65
(PIRKW)
           membrane trafficking 0.0
(PIRKW)
           receptor 0.0
[SUPFAM]
           beta-adaptin 5e-16
[PROSITE]
           MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
           IG_MHC 1
           AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
           CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                            11
           TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                            3
                            15
[PROSITE]
           ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
           All_Alpha
LOW_COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                         6.81 %
[KW]
     MPAVSKGDGMRGLAVFISDIRNCKSKEAEIKRINKELANIRSKFKGDKALDGYSKKKYVC
SEQ
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     KLLFIFLLGHDIDFGHMEAVNLLSSNKYTEKQIGYLFISVLVNSNSELIRLINNAIKNDL
SEG
     PRD
     ASRNPTFMCLALHCIANVGSREMGEAFAADIPRILVAGDSMDSVKQSAALCLLRLYKASP
SEO
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     DLVPMGEWTARVVHLLNDQHMGVVTAAVSLITCLCKKNPDDFKTCVSLAVSRLSRIVSSA
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     STDLQDYTYYFVPAPWLSVKLLRLLQCYPPPEDAAVKGRLVECLETVLNKAQEPPKSKKV
SEG
PRD
     {\tt QHSNAKNAILFETISLIIHYDSEPNLLVRACNQLGQFLQHRETNLRYLALESMCTLASSE}
SEO
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     FSHEAVKTHIDTVINALKTERDVSVRQRAADLLYAMCDRSNAKQIVSEMLRYLETADYAI
SEG
     PRD
SEQ
     REEIVLKVAILAEKYAVDYSWYVDTÍLNLIRIAGDYVSEEVWYRVLQIVTNRDDVQGYAA
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     KTVFEALQAPACHENMVKVGGYILGEFGNLIAGDPRSSPPVQFSLLHSKFHLCSVATRAL
SEG
PRD
     LLSTYIKFINLFPETKATIQGVLRAGSQLRNADVELQQRAVEYLTLSSVASTDVLATVLE
SEO
SEG
     PRD
     EMPPFPERESSILAKLKRKKGPGAGSALDDGRRDPSSNDINGGMEPTPSTVSTPSPSADL
SEO
                     ......xxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEG
PRD
     SEQ
     LGLRAAPPPAAPPASAGAGNLLVDVFDGPAAQPSLGPTPEEAFLSPGPEDIGPPIPEADE
SEG
```

PRD	eeccccccccccccceeeeeecccccccccceeeeccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	LLNKFVCKNNGVLFENQLLQIGVKSEFRQNLGRMYLFYGNKTSVQFQNFSPTVVHPGDLQcceeeeeccccchhhhhhhhhcchhhhhccccceeecccccc
SEQ SEG PRD	TQLAVQTKRVAAQVDGGAQVQQVLNIECLRDFLTPPLLSVRFRYGGAPQALTLKLPVTINxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD	KFFQPTEMAAQDFFQRWKQLSLPQQEAQKIFKANHPMDAEVTKAKLLGFGSALLDNVDPNcccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD	PENFVGAGIIQTKALQVGCLLRLEPNAQAQMYRLTLRTSKEPVSRHLCELLAQQF

Prosite for DKFZphute1_20h13.3

B000001	760 . 764		22000001
PS00001	760->764	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001 PDOC00005
PS00005	54->57	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	85->88	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	
PS00005	89->92	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	163->166	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	189->192	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	258->261	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	297->300	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	379->382	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	384->387	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	470->473	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	787->790	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	819->822	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	832->835	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	935->938	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	938->941	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	5~>9	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	104->108 '	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	368->372	CK2 PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	379->383	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	470->474	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	482->486	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	597->601	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	626->630	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	636->640	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	698->702	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	938->942	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	388->395	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	411->419	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00007	434->443	TYR PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00007
PS00008	202->208	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	508->514	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	561->567	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	623->629	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	759->765	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	826->832	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	908->914	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00009	630->634	AMIDATION	PDOC00009
PS00290	127->134	IG MHC	PDOC00262
		· <u> </u>	

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_20h13.3)

DKFZphutel 20ml1

group: cell cycle

DKFZphutel_20mll encodes a novel 225 amino acid protein with similarity to yeast sds22 and protein phosphatase-1 regulatory subunits.

sds22 is a regulatory polypeptide of protein phosphatase-1 that is required for the completion of mitosis in both fission and budding yeast. The novel protein seems to be a new regulator protein for protein phosphatase-1.

The new protein can find application in modulating/blocking the activity of protein phosphatase-1 and in modulating the cell cycle.

similarity to suppressor protein sds22

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits localisation? only a part of the STS matches

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="17"?

Insert length: 5822 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 5803, polyadenylation signal at pos. 5786

1 GGGCGCTTGG TTCCCCAGCA ACCGGGAGAC GCGTCTGCTG CGTGGAACCG 51 CCGAGTTCCC AGCGCTTGAG AAGGAAAATT CTGGATCTGT TATCTGTGAG
101 GAGGCCACTC CGTTGACAGT TGTGTAAAAC TCTGCTGCTT TCCCCAGCTC 151 CAACCTCTCT GGTCTTCAAC AACACTATCA TCAGGGAAAA CGTGGGGGAA 201 GATGAACCAG CCGTGCAACT CGATGGAGCC GAGGGTGATG GACGATGACA 251 TGCTCAAGCT GGCCGTCGGG GACCAGGGCC CCCAGGAGGA GGCCGGGCAG 301 CTGGCCAAGC AGGAGGGCAT CCTCTTCAAG GATGTCCTGT CCCTGCAGCT 351 GGACTTTCGG AACATCCTCC GCATAGACAA CCTCTGGCAG TTTGAGAACT 401 TGAGGAAGCT GCAGCTGGAC AATAACATCA TTGAGAAGAT CGAGGGCCTG 451 GAGAACCTCG CACACCTGGT CTGGCTGGAT CTGTCTTTCA ACAACATTGA 501 GACCATCGAG GGGCTGGACA CACTGGTGAA CCTGGAGGAC CTGAGCTTGT 551 TCAACAACCG GATCTCCAAG ATCGACTCCC TGGACGCCCT CGTCAAGCTG 601 CAGGTGTTGT CGCTGGGCAA CAACCGGATT GACAACATGA TGAACATCAT 651 CTACCTCCGG CGGTTCAAGT GCCTGCGGAC GCTCAGCCTC TCTAGGAACC
701 CTATCTCTGA GGCAGAGGAT TACAAGATGT TCATCTGTGC CTACCTTCCT 751 GACCTCATGT ACCTGGACTA CCGGCGCATT GATGACCACA CAGCAAGTGT 801 CTCCCTCTCA GTCTCCCAGC CCTGTGAGAC AGATTCCTCA AGCCCCCAGG 851 TTTCTTGGAA AAGGGGCATT GAAGAGTAGC TTCCCCTGCC CACAACTAGG 901 AGAGAAAGGG CAGCTCCCTC TTCCTAATCC CTTTACCTGA CTCTGTCAGA 951 GTGATTCCAG CAGCACCCTT GTAAGTACTG TTTTGTGTGC GTTCCCAGGG 1001 GCCAGGCCTC TTCCACACAC TGTCCCAGGG CCACCTCACA GCCATCCTGC 1051 ACTGTCTAGT TTTCCAGATG AAGAAGCTGA GGAGGGCTGG GAGCAGTGGC 1101 TCACGCCTGT AATCCCAGCA CTTTGAGAGG CTGAGGCGGG AGGATCGCTT 1151 GAGCCAAGGA GTTCAAGACC AGCCTGGGCA ACATAGGGAG ACCCCATCTC 1201 TACAGAAACT ACCAAAATTA GCCAGGTGTG GTGGCACACA CCAGTAATCC 1251 TGGCTACTCA CAAGGCCGAG GTAGAAGAAT CGCTTGAGAC TAGGAGTTTG 1301 AGGCTGCAGT GAACTAAGAA GATGCCATTG CACTCCAGCC TGGGCAACAG 1351 AGTGAAAAA TTAAAAAATT AGAAAAGAAA AGAAGTTGAG GAGGCCCAAG 1401 GAGGGCAAGC AGCCAGGATC ACTGGCTCAA GGCCAAGCCA GGATTCACCC 1451 TAAGTTGGTG TCATCCCAGG AGCAATATTA ACAGCTGAGC TCCAGAGGGA 1501 ACCAGGCCAT CAGAGGCTCA GGCCTGGCTC TCAGGGGCAG AGTCAGGGCT 1551 GGAGGTAGAG ACCTGAGTGT CATCTGAGGA TTGCCAATTG GCAGTAGTTG 1601 AAGCCATGGT ACAGGTGGGA TCACCTGGGG CACATGGAGT GAGCTGGGGG 1651 ACGGGGACTA AGTTCTAGAG GTGCCAGCAT TCCTGGCCAG GTACAGGGGG 1701 ATGAGCCAGT GCGGTGGAGA GAGCCAAGGG CCAGACCCTC GTGACCAGCC 1751 CTATGGCCTC ACTCTACCTC TGTCCTGTTG TCCTCCTTCC CTAAAAGAGG 1801 GCCAGAAGGC CTGCTGAGGG CTGTTGGGAG TGAGAGAGCA AGTCCTCTGT 1851 GGAGAACACC CAGTCTGGGG CGAGGGGAGC GCTCCATTGC TGTGGCTCCT 1901 GCCCTGGAGA TGGCCCCGGG AACCCCAGCC TGCCACGCTG CCTTCCGCTC 1951 CTCCTGGTCT TTCCCTGATT TCCCTGCGCT CACAAAAACC TGGTGAGGGT 2001 CATCAGGAGA TGGGCATTCT CATCCACGAG ACCTCATGGC TTTCACAGCC 2051 TTCATGCAGG CCCCTGTCCA ACACCCCTGC CCATGCGCGG GAGGCTGCAG
2101 CATGGCAGAG GCGGCATGGC AGAGGCGGTG TGGCTCGGAG GAACCTCTGG 2151 TAACAATGCC ACTCCCGTTC CCTGGTCAGA AAAAGCTTGC GGAGGCTAAG 2201 CACCAGTACA GCATCGACGA GCTGAAGCAC CAGGAGAACC TGATGCAGGC 2251 CCAGCTGGAG GACGAGCAGG CGCAGCGGGA GGAGCTAGAG AAGCACAAGA 2301 CTGCGTTTGT GGAACACCTG AATGGCTCCT TCCTGTTTGA CAGCATGTAC 2351 GCTGAGGACT CAGAGGGCAA CAATCTGTCC TACCTGCCTG GTGTCGGTGA 2401 GCTCCTTGAG ACCTACAAGG ACAAGTTTGT CATCATCTGC GTGAATATTT 2451 TTGAGTATGG CCTGAAACAG CAGGAGAAGC GGAAAACAGA GCTTGACACC 2501 TTCAGTGAAT GTGTCCGTGA GGCCATCCAG GAAAACCAGG AGCAGGGCAA

2551 ACGCAAGATT GCCAAATTCG AGGAGAAGCA CTTGTCGAGT TTAAGTGCCA 2601 TTCGAGAGGA GTTGGAACTG CCCAACATTG AGAAGATGAT CCTAGAATGC 2651 AGTGCTGACA TCAGTGAGTT GTTCGATGCG CTCATGACGC TGGAGATGCA 2701 GCTGGTGGAG CAGCTGGAGG TAAGGCTGGG CCCTGGGCAC AAGTGCCAGA 2751 ATCTGGCGAT GCAGCTGCAC ATCCATAGGT GAACTGTAGC CTTCATGGGC 2801 ACGCCTCTGC TGGAAACGTC CAGCACGACT CAGCGTGGCA GGCTGTAGCT 2851 TTCTTGCTCA TCAGTCCTGT TTGCTTTTAT TACATTTTAA TCATTTACAT 2901 TGGAAGTGAT TCTTGTGGAA AATGAGAGGT GAGCTCATTC TTCTGAAATG 2951 GTCCCCCTAT CCTGGAAGTC AGTGGGGAGA GGTTTTTGAT TAGACCCCTG 3001 GAGCTATCCG GGTACTCTAA AGGCAAAGCG CACCCCCACT TGGGGACCAA 3051 ACAAAGACCC CTCCGCATTG CAGCCTGCAG TTGCCGCTTC TCAGGTGACG 3101 TGAGGAGGCT GCAACTCAGC ACTAAGTAGT GAAAATGAAA AGCGCCGCTG 3151 TCTGAAATTC ATTAGCAGCC AGAGTATGTG TTACAAGGCA GCGGAGGCTG 3201 GGAGTCTGAA GTGGTGTGAT GAATTGAACC TCATCGGATG CTGCTGTGGC 3251 TGGGCCAAGT GATAGCACCT AATCAATTCC TCACACGTCA AGTGACACCT 3301 CAGACATGGG ATAGATTTCC CCATCACATC ACAGGGCAGG TGCTCCCTCC 3351 CTGCTGGAGA GCACAGGCAC TGCAGAAGCA GCGCACAGTG CCAGGGGCGA 3401 GTGAGGCAGC AGCTCCCAGC CTTTTCAGGC ACGGAGATTG CCTTTCAACA 3451 TCCAAACATT TCCCAGAACC CATGTGCCAT CCTACTTGTA TTACTGGTGG 3501 CCAGAAAGCC ACAAGCGCAA TCATGCTTTT CAATGACCCT ATTTTTATTC 3551 ACGAGAACAG CACATACATG TGTTTGAAAA TTATGTGAGG TGCTCACTCT 3601 GCAGACAGTA CTCACATTCC TATAGATTCC ACCCTGCCC ACCTTGCAGC 3651 CCCTGGAGTC TATAGCAGAT GGGAGTGGGG CACTCCGAGA GTGGCAGGCC
3701 TGGAGATCAC ATCTTCCATT GTTCCTTCAA TCAACACTAA CTCCCATTTG 3751 GGCCTTAGGT GCCTTGCTAA GCACCACAAA ACAGCAACTA ACTGAAAGAG 3801 ATCTGGAGTG CCAGCCCGCT CCTACTGAGG GCCTCCTCTC TGTCAGGCAC 3851 CTTGCAAAGC ATTTTGTGTG AAGTGACTCA TTTAACCTCA CCACAACGCC 3901 ACAACGCAGG GATTATGCAG GTAACCTATT TCCCAGATGA GGAAGATAAG 3951 GCCCAAGGAG GTGAAATGCC TTTCCCAGAG TTACACAGAG TGCTGGAGCT 4001 GGGAATACTG ACCCAGGCAG TCTAGCTCTT AACAGCTCAC TCCACTGTTT 4051 CCCTGGAGGT GATGCACAGA TGTCACTGGG AAACCCAAAG GAGAGGGGGT 4101 TGGCTGTGTG TGTGTGTTT GGGCAGGCAG GTAAGGGGAG TAAGACCAGG 4151 ACAAGTGTTC CTGGCAAAGT TCCGGTGACA GCATTAAACA TTCAGATGGT 4201 GAGGGAGTTA ATATGGTTGG AGAACAACAA CTTTAGAGAG AGCAGAGGGG 4251 TCAGTTCACA ACCATCTGCT CAGGAGGGTC AAGATGGGTG GTCTTTATGC 4301 TGAAGGTCTG TGATTAGAGG AGCTGGTTGC TAAATTTTGA GGAGTACCTT 4351 TTGCTCTGTG CTGGACATCT AAATATGCAT GTTAACTGTG TTCTTTAACA 4401 TTTCCAGGAG ACTATAAACA TGTTTGAAAG GAACATTGTT GACATGGTAG
4451 GACTGTTTAT CGAAAATGTC CAAAGCCTAT ATCCTTTCTG TGATGACCTT 4501 CCCCATGGGG AGGTGCTACA GAGCCCCTGG GCTTGTCCCG GCCTCTGGAC 4551 AAAAGAATGT TCCACAGGGT CTGAGGAGGT TTCCCGACCC TCAGAACAAT 4601 GATGGCCTGG TTAGAGCTGT GGTTTGGATG CCCAGAGGGA CAACATCCAA 4651 ACTGTTTGCA GTAGGCTCCC AGCATGATTG TTCTCATATG AGTGATGTTC 4701 ACTAGGAAAT GACGCCCCCT GTGTTGCAGG CAAGCACACT CTGGGGTTGA 4751 GGCAACCCCC ACGTGGAAGA CACTATAAGG AGTACATCAG GTGAAATGTT 4801 AGGGTGAGGA GCCAACATCG GAGCATGGCC AACCCTTCTT CCACCCGAAC 4851 TCAGGGCACT CCACATGGGG CAAACTGCTG TGCTCCAGCT AGCAGCAGCC 4901 CTGTGGTCCT GCCCTCCTGG GGCTCACAGT CCCTCAGGGA GACAAGTTGT 4951 AGAGGCAACA AGTGGTGCCA AATGCACAGG GTGAGAAGCA GTTAACCCAG 5001 AGGCCAGGAG CCTCCATGCA GGAGGGAGAG AAGACTGTGA TGGCAGGGGC 5051 CGAGGGTCCG TCCGAGGTGT GGGCCAGGGG CAGGGAGTCG AGGAAGGCCC 5101 AGGGTTCGGA GCTTGTGAGT GGACGGTGCT GCCAGCCAGA ATTTCCGAGC 5151 TCGCCTTGGG CCCTTAAAGT CTGTCTCCCG CCGTCTGAGA GCATCAGGGA 5201 CGCGCCGGGC CTGCTCCTCC CGGGCCTTTG CTTAACTCGG GGCTGCACGA 5251 TGGCTCAGTG CCGGGACCTG GAGAATCACC ACCACGAGAA GCTCCTGGAG 5301 ATCTCTATCA GCACCCTGGA GAAGATTGTC GAGGGCGACC TGGACGAGGA 5351 CCTGCCTAAC GACCTGCGCG CGCTTTTTGT CGATAAAGAT ACGATTGTTA 5401 ATGCTGTCGG GGCATCGCAC GACATCCACC TCCTGAAGAT TGACAATCGA 5451 GAAGATGAGC TGGTGACCAG AATCAACTCT TGGTGTACAC GTTTAATAGA 5501 CAGGATTCAC AAGGATGAGA TCATGAGGAA CCGCAAGCGC GTGAAGGAGA 5551 TCAATCAGTA CATCGACCAC ATGCAGAGCG AACTGGACAA CCTGGAATGT 5601 GGCGACATCC TAGACTAGAT GAATGTCAGC CACAGGAGCT TCTTCAAAAC
5651 ATAGCACCAG CCCCAGCCAG GAGAAGGAAG TGCACACGCC TCACCCGCAC
5701 CTCTAGAGAG TTGCTGGGCA TCTCTCAACC GCGATCCCCA ACACCATTCT
5751 TCCCCCACCC CTGGAAAAAC TTCCAAAAGT AGAGAAAATA AAGGACTCAT 5801 TTCACAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AA

BLAST Results

Entry HS1292248 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-53917. Score = 874, P = 3.3e-33, identities = 180/185

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 202 bp to 876 bp; peptide length: 225 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MNQPCNSMEP RVMDDDMLKL AVGDQGPQEE AGQLAKQEGI LFKDVLSLQL
51 DFRNILRIDN LWQFENLRKL QLDNNIIEKI EGLENLAHLV WLDLSFNNIE
101 TIEGLDTLVN LEDLSLFNNR ISKIDSLDAL VKLQVLSLGN NRIDNMMNII
51 YLRRFKCLRT LSLSRNPISE AEDYKMFICA YLPDLMYLDY RRIDDHTASV
201 SLSVSOPCET DSSSPOVSWK RGIEE
```

BLASTP hits

```
Entry S68209 from database PIR:
sds22 protein homolog - human >TREMBL:HSSDS22MR 1 gene: "sds22";
product: "yeast sds22 homolog"; H.sapiens sds22-like mRNA
Score = 234, P = 1.2e-19, identities = 61/143, positives = 93/143

Entry A38439 from database PIR:
suppressor protein sds22(+) - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)
>TREMBL:SPSDS22 1 gene: "sds22+"; S.pombe sds22+ gene, complete cds.
Score = 208, P = 5.6e-17, identities = 52/127, positives = 71/127

Entry S43988 from database PIR:
protein suppressor sds22 - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)
>SWISSPROT:SD22 SCHPO PROTEIN PHOSPHATASES PP1 REGULATORY SUBUNIT
SDS22. >TREMBL:SPAC4AB 12 gene: "sds22"; product: "phosphatases pp1
regulatory subunit"; S.pombe chromosome I cosmid c4AB.
Score = 208, P = 8.5e-17, identities = 52/127, positives = 71/127

Entry CEK10D2 5 from database TREMBL:
gene: "K10D2.1"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K10D2.
Score = 214, P = 3.6e-16, identities = 50/125, positives = 75/125
```

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 20ml1, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_20mll, frame 1

Report for DKFZphute1_20m11.1

```
[LENGTH]
                    225
                    25955.87
[WM]
[pI]
                    4.63
                    PIR:S68209 sds22 protein homolog - human 1e-18
[HOMOL]
                    03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YKL193c] 2e-11 30.10 nuclear organization [S. cerevisiae, YKL193c] 2e-11
[FUNCAT]
(FUNCAT)
                    06.07 protein modification (glycolsylation, acylation, myristylation,
[FUNCAT]
palmitylation, farnesylation and processing) [S. cerevisiae, YKI193c] 2e-11 [FUNCAT] 30.05 organization of centrosome [S. cerevisiae, YOR373w] 2e-06
                    01.03.10 metabolism of cyclic and unusual nucleotides
                                                                                                     (S. cerevisiae,
[FUNCAT]
YJL005w] 3e-05
                    03.10 sporulation and germination 30.02 organization of plasma membrane
[FUNCAT]
                                                                      [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-05
                    30.02 organization of plasma membrane [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-05 10.04.03 second messenger formation [S. cerevisiae, YJL005w] 3e-05 04.07 rna transport [S. cerevisiae, YPL169c] 9e-04 04.05.01.04 transcriptional control [S. cerevisiae, YCR065w] 9e-04
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[EC]
                    4.6.1.1 Adenylate cyclase 2e-06
[PIRKW]
                    nucleus 5e-16
                    duplication 2e-06
[PIRKW]
                    tandem repeat 2e-06
(PIRKW)
                    cAMP biosynthesis 2e-06
(PIRKW)
                    glycoprotein 2e-06
[PIRKW]
                    phosphorus-oxygen lyase 2e-06
[PTRKW]
                    leucine-rich alpha-2-glycoprotein repeat homology 5e-16
[SUPFAM]
                    fibromodulin 3e-07
[SUPFAM]
                    yeast adenylate cyclase catalytic domain homology 2e-06
[SUPFAM]
(SUPFAM)
                    yeast adenylate cyclase 2e-06
[PROSITE]
                    CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                    PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
```

(KW)	A11_A	pha		
SEQ PRD		DDDMLKLAVGDQGPQEE cchhhhhhccccchhh		
SEQ PRD		NNIIEKIEGLENLAHLV CCCCCCCCchhhhhh		
SEQ PRD		QVLSLGNNRIDNMMNII hhhhccccccccccc		
SEQ PRD		DDHTASVSLSVSQPCET ccchhhhhhhhcccccc		
		Prosite for DKFZp	hute1_20m11.1	
PS00005 PS00006 PS00006	122->126	PKC_PHOSPHO_SIT CK2_PHOSPHO_SIT CK2_PHOSPHO_SIT	E PDOC00006	

DKF2phute1_20m24

group: metabolism

DKFZphutel_20m24 encodes a novel 611 amino acid protein with similarity to a hypothetical C.elegans protein and to yeast Alg9 protein.

This protein is a putative mannosyl transferase that is involved in the assembly of the core oligosaccharide Glc3Man9GlcNAc2.

The new protein can find application in modulation of glycosylation of proteins and as a new enzyme for biotechnologic production processes.

strong similarity to S.cerevisiae Alg9p

complete cDNA, complete cds, potential start at Bp 23, few EST hits Alg9 is involved in the assembly of the core oligosaccharide Glc3Man9GlcNAc2
HSAC381 corresponding genomic DNA (2 exons)
HSB8954 corresponding genomic DNA (1 exon)

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: /map="11"

Insert length: 1986 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1966, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1949

1 TTCTTTTTC CCCAGGCTTG CCATGGCTAG TCGAGGGGCT CGGCAGCGCC 51 TGAAGGGCAG CGGGGCCAGC AGTGGGGATA CGGCCCCGGC TGCGGACAAG 101 CTGCGGGAGC TGCTGGGCAG CCGAGAGGCG GGCGCGCGG AGCACCGGAC 151 CGAGTTATCT GGGAACAAAG CAGGACAAGT CTGGGCACCT GAAGGATCTA 201 CTGCTTTCAA GTGTCTGCTT TCAGCAAGGT TATGTGCTGC TCTCCTGAGC 251 AACATCTCTG ACTGTGATGA AACATTCAAC TACTGGGAGC CAACACACTA 301 CCTCATCTAT GGGGAAGGGT TTCAGACTTG GGAATATTCC CCAGCATATG
351 CCATTCGCTC CTATGCTTAC CTGTTGCTTC ATGCCTGGCC AGCTGCATTT 401 CATGCAAGAA TTCTACAAAC TAATAAGATT CTTGTGTTTT ACTTTTTGCG 451 ATGTCTTCTG GCTTTTGTGA GCTGTATTTG TGAACTTTAC TTTTACAAGG 501 CTGTGTGCAA GAAGTTTGGG TTGCACGTGA GTCGAATGAT GCTAGCCTTC 551 TTGGTTCTCA GCACTGGCAT GTTTTGCTCA TCATCAGCAT TCCTTCCTAG 601 TAGCTTCTGT ATGTACACTA CGTTGATAGC CATGACTGGA TGGTATATGG 651 ACAAGACTTC CATTGCTGTG CTGGGAGTAG CAGCTGGGGC TATCTTAGGC 701 TGGCCATTCA GTGCAGCTCT TGGTTTACCC ATTGCCTTTG ATTTGCTGGT 751 CATGAAACAC AGGTGGAAGA GTTTCTTTCA TTGGTCGCTG ATGGCCCTCA 801 TACTATTTCT GGTGCCTGTG GTGGTCATTG ACAGCTACTA TTATGGGAAG 851 TTGGTGATTG CACCACTCAA CATTGTTTTG TATAATGTCT TTACTCCTCA
901 TGGACCTGAT CTTTATGGTA CAGAACCCTG GTATTTCTAT TTAATTAATG
951 GATTTCTGAA TTTCAATGTA GCCTTTGCTT TGGCTCTCCT AGTCCTACCA
1001 CTGACTTCT TTATGGAATA CCTGCTGCAG AGATTTCATG TTCAGAATTT 1051 AGGCCACCG TATTGGCTTA CCTTGGCTCC AATGTATATT TGGTTTATAA 1101 TTTTCTTCAT CCAGCCTCAC AAAGAGGAGA GATTTCTTTT CCCTGTGTAT 1151 CCACTTATAT GTCTCTGTGG CGCTGTGGCT CTCTCTGCAC TTCAGAAATG
1201 TTACCACTTT GTGTTTCAAC GATATCGCCT GGAGCACTAT ACTGTGACAT 1251 CGAATTGGCT GGCATTAGGA ACTGTCTTCC TGTTTGGGCT CTTGTCATTT 1301 TCTCGCTCTG TGGCACTGTT CAGAGGATAT CACGGGCCCC TTGATTTGTA 1351 TCCAGAATTT TACCGAATTG CTACAGACCC AACCATCCAC ACTGTCCCAG
1401 AAGGCAGACC TGTGAATGTC TGTGTGGGAA AAGAGTGGTA TCGATTTCCC 1451 AGCAGCTTCC TTCTTCCTGA CAATTGGCAG CTTCAGTTCA TTCCATCAGA 1501 GTTCAGAGGT CAGTTACCAA AACCTTTTGC AGAAGGACCT CTGGCCACCC 1551 GGATTGTTCC TACTGACATG AATGACCAGA ATCTAGAAGA GCCATCCAGA 1601 TATATTGATA TCAGTAAATG CCATTATTTA GTGGATTTGG ACACCATGAG 1651 AGAAACACCC CGGGAGCCAA AATATTCATC CAATAAAGAA GAATGGATCA 1701 GCTTGGCCTA TAGACCATTC CTTGATGCTT CTAGATCTTC AAAGCTGCTG
1751 CGGGCATTCT ATGTCCCCTT CCTGTCAGAT CAGTATACAG TGTACGTAAA 1801 CTACACCATC CTCAAACCCC GGAAAGCAAA GCAAATCAGG AAGAAAAGTG 1851 GAGGTTAGCA ACACACCTGT GGCCCCAAAG GACAACCATC TTGTTAACTA 1901 TTGATTCCAG TGACCTGACT CCCTGCAAGT CATCGCCTGT AACATTTGTA
1951 ATAAAGGTCT TCTGACATGA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HSAC381 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens chromosome 11 pac pDJ15901, complete sequence. Length = 42,771

Entry HSB8954 from database EMBL:

cSRL-50A3-u cSRL flow sorted Chromosome 11 specific cosmid Homo sapiens genomic clone cSRL-50A3.

Length = 601

Medline entries

96293493:

Stepwise assembly of the lipid-linked oligosaccharide in the endoplasmic reticulum of Saccharomyces cerevisiae: identification of the ALG9 gene encoding a putative mannosyl transferase.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 23 bp to 1855 bp; peptide length: 611 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MASRGARQRL KGSGASSGDT APAADKLREL LGSREAGGAE HRTELSGNKA
51 GQVWAPEGST AFKCLLSARL CAALLSNISD CDETFNYWEP THYLIYGEGF
101 QTWEYSPAYA IRSYAYLLLH AWPAAFHARI LQYNKILVFY FLRCLLAFVS
151 CICELYFYKA VCKKFGLHVS RMMLAFLVLS TGMFCSSSAF LPSSFCMYTT
201 LIAMTGWYMD KTSIAVLGVA AGAILGWPFS AALGLPIAFD LLVMKHRWKS
251 FFHWSLMALI LFLVPVVVID SYYYGKLVIA PLNIVLYNVF TPHGPDLYGT
301 EFWYFYLING FLHFNVAFFAL ALLVLPLTSL MEYLLQRFHV QNLGHPYWLT
351 LAPMYIWFII FFIQPHKEER FLFPVYPLIC LCGAVALSAL QKCYHFVFQR
401 YRLEHYTVTS NWLALGTVFL FGLLSFSRSV ALFRGYHGPL DLYPEFYRIA
451 TDPTIHTVPE GRPVNVCVGK EWYRFPSSFL LPDNWQLQFI PSEFRGQLPK
501 FFAEGPLATR IVPTDMNDQN LEEPSRYIDI SKCHYLVDLD TMRETPREPK
501 YSSNKEEMIS LAYRPFLDAS RSSKLLRAFY VPFLSDQYTV YVNYTILKPR
```

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_20m24, frame 2

SWISSPROT: YTH3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II., N = 1, Score = 957, P = 2.7e-96

PIR:S63177 mannosyl transferase (EC 2.4.1.-) - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 533, P = 2.3e-51

SWISSPROT: YTH3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II., N=1, Score = 957, P=2.7e-96

PIR:S63177 mannosyl transferase (EC 2.4.1.-) - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 533, P = 2.3e-51

>SWISSPROT:YTH3_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II.

Length = 653

HSPs:

Score = 957 (143.6 bits), Expect = 2.7e-96, P = 2.7e-96 Identities = 206/514 (40%), Positives = 296/514 (57%)

Query: 48 NKAGQVWAPEGSTAFKCLLSARLCAALLSNISDCDETFNYWEPTHYLIYGEGFQTWEYSP 107
N W + FK LLS R+ A+ I+DCDE +NYWEP H +YGEGFQTWEYSP
Sbjct: 43 NNPDNDWPFSFGSVFKMLLSIRISGAIWGIINDCDEVYNYWEPLHLFLYGEGFQTWEYSP 102

Query: 108 AYAIRSYAYLLLHAWPAAFHARILQTNKILVFYFLRCLLAFVSCICELYFYKAVCKKFGL 167
YAIRSY Y+ LH PA+ A + KI+VF +R + + E Y + A+CKK +
Sbjct: 103 VYAIRSYFYIYLHYIPASLFANLFGDTKIVVFTLIRLTIGLFCLLGEYYAFDAICKKINI 162

Query: 168 HVSRMMLAFLVLSTGMFCSSSAFLPSSFCMYTTLIAMTGWYMDKTSIAVLGVAAGAILGW 227
R + F + S+GMF +S+AF+PSSFCM T + + + + + VA ++GW
Sbjct: 163 ATGRFFILFSIFSSGMFLASTAFVPSSFCMAITFYILGAYLNENWTAGIFCVAFSTMVGW 222

Query: 228 PFSAALGLPIAFDLLVMKHRWKSFFHWSLMALILFLVPVVVIDSYYYGKLVIAPLNIVLY 287

```
PFSA LGLPI D+L++K F SL+ +
                                                                    V+ DS+Y+GK V+APLNI LY
           223 PFSAVLGLPIVADMLLLKGLRIRFILTSLVIGLCIGGVQVITDSHYFGKTVLAPLNIFLY 282
Sbjct:
           288 NVFTPHGPDLYGTEPWYFYLINGFLNFNVAFALALLVLPLTSLMEYLLQRFHVQNLGHPY 347
Query:
           NV + GP LYG EP FY+ N F N+N+ A PL+ + Y + + Q+
283 NVVSGPGPSLYGEEPLSFYIKNLFNNWNIVIFAAPFGFPLS--LAYFTKVWMSQDRNVAL 340
Sbict:
           348 WLTLAPMYI------WFIIFFIQPHKEERFLFPVYPLICLCGAVALSALQKCYHFVFQR 400
+ AP+ + W +IF Q HKEERFLFP+YP I A+AL A + ++
341 YQRFAPIILLAVTTAAWLLIFGSQAHKEERFLFPIYPFIAFFAALALDATNR---LCLKK 397
Query:
Sbjct:
            401 YRLEHYTVTSNWLALGTVFLFGLLSFSRSVALFRGYHGPLDLYPEFYRIATDPTIHTVPE 460
Query:
           ++ N L++ + F +LS SR+ ++ Y +++Y T+ T + 398 LGMD-----NILSILFILCFAILSASRTYSIHNNYGSHVEIYRSLNAELTNRT-NFKNF 450
Sbjct:
            461 GRPVNVCVGKEWYRFPSSFLLPDNW-----QLQFIPSEFRGQLPKPFAEGPL---ATRI 511
Query:
           P+ VCVGKEWHRFPSSF +P +++FI SERG LPKPF + TR
451 HDPIRVCVGKEWHRFPSSFFIPQTVSDGKKVEMRFIQSEFRGLLPKPFLKSDKLVEVTRH 510
Sbict:
           512 VPTDMNDQNLEEPSRYIDISKCHYLVDLDTMRETPREPKYSSNKEEW 558
Ouerv:
           +PT+MN+ N EE SRY+D+ C Y+VD+D M ++ REP + ++ +
511 IPTEMNNLNQEEISRYVDLDSCDYVVDVD-MPQSDREPDFRKMRQNY 556
Sbjct:
               Pedant information for DKFZphutel_20m24, frame 2
                           Report for DKFZphute1_20m24.2
[LENGTH]
                   611
                   69863.78
```

```
(WM)
(pI)
         8.91
         SWISSPROT: YTH3 CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II. 2e-
[HOMOL]
93
[FUNCAT]
         09.01 biogenesis of cell wall
                                 [S. cerevisiae, YNL219c] 4e-69
[FUNCAT]
         01.06.01 lipid, fatty-acid and sterol biosynthesis [S. cerevisiae, YNL219c]
4e-69
[FUNCAT]
         01.05.01 carbohydrate utilization
                                 (S. cerevisiae, YNL219c) 4e-69
[PIRKW]
         glycosyltransferase 9e-68
[PIRKW]
         transmembrane protein 9e-68
[PIRKW]
         hexosyltransferase 9e-68
         MYRISTYL 9
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                       7
(PROSITE)
                       6
         ASN GLYCOSYLATION
(PROSITE)
         TRANSMEMBRANE 7
[KW]
         LOW COMPLEXITY
[KW]
                     6.71 %
SEQ
    MASRGARQRLKGSGASSGDTAPAADKLRELLGSREAGGAEHRTELSGNKAGQVWAPEGST
SEG
PRD
    MEM
SEO
    AFKCLLSARLCAALLSNISDCDETFNYWEPTHYLIYGEGFOTWEYSPAYAIRSYAYLLLH
SEG
     ..xxxxxxxxxxx.....
    PRD
    MEM
SEQ
    AWPAAFHARILQTNKILVFYFLRCLLAFVSCICELYFYKAVCKKFGLHVSRMMLAFLVLS
SEG
    PRD
    MEM
    TGMFCSSSAFLPSSFCMYTTLIAMTGWYMDKTSIAVLGVAAGAILGWPFSAALGLPIAFD
SEO
SEG
              .....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.......
    PRD
MEM
     SEQ
    LLVMKHRWKSFFHWSLMALILFLVPVVVIDSYYYGKLVIAPLNIVLYNVFTPHGPDLYGT
SEG
    PRD
    MEM
    EPWYFYLINGFLNFNVAFALALLVLPLTSLMEYLLQRFHVQNLGHPYWLTLAPMYIWFII
SEO
SEG
     PRD
     MEM
```

SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FFIQPHKEERFLFPVYPLICLCGAVALSALQKCYHFVFQRYRLEHYTVTSNWLALGTVFL
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FGLLSFSRSVALFRGYHGPLDLYPEFYRIATDPTIHTVPEGRPVNVCVGKEWYRFPSSFL eehhhhhhhhheeecccccccccceeeccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	LPDNWQLQFIPSEFRGQLPKPFAEGPLATRIVPTDMNDQNLEEPSRYIDISKCHYLVDLD CCCCceeeeccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	TMRETPREPKYSSNKEEWISLAYRPFLDASRSSKLLRAFYVPFLSDQYTVYVNYTILKPR CCCCCCCCCCchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	KAKQI RKKSGG hhhhhhccccc

Prosite for DKFZphutel_20m24.2

PS00001	77->81	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	593->597	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	606->610	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	67->70	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	133->136	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	541->544	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	545~>548	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	553->556	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	572->575	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	16->20	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	79->83	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	329~>333	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	457->461	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	541->545	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	545->549	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	553->557	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	12->18	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	14->20	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	32->38	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	47->53	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	166->172	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	182->188	MYRISTYL	PDQC00008
PS00008	218->224	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	222->228	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	234->240	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_20m24.2)

DKFZphute1_21d15

group: uterus derived

DKFZphutel 21d15 encodes a novel 191 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of testis-specific genes.

unknown

Sequenced by MediGenomix

Locus: /chromosome="3"

Insert length: 5292 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 5273, polyadenylation signal at pos. 5252

1 CTCCCACTAG TGTATGCCTT AATGGTGCCG CTCTTGTCCG CGTCTACGCT 51 TGGGACCTTG GCTTCTGACT TGGAGAGTGT ACAGCTCTGC CCGACGGCAA 101 CCCAGCTTGG GAAGAGAAGC CCCAGCGTGG GCTGGGGCTC AAGGCGCAGG 151 AAGGCCGAGC CCGGCGCGGA CGCAGGCGGC TCCGGGCGGG CTCAGCACCC 201 CCAGGCACCG TCTCCTAGTG ACCGCGGCGC TCGCGGGCCT GGCGGCCGTT 251 GTCCGGGCGA CTGCGCAGCG CGGGCACCCC CGCGGCCCCT CCCCTGGGCG 301 CGCGCGCGAC CTGGGTGCCA TGGCGGCAGC GGCGGTGACA GGCCAGCGGC 351 CTGAGACCGC GGCGGCCGAG GAGGCCTCGA GGCCGCAGTG GGCGCCGCCA 401 GACCACTGCC AGGCTCAGGC GGCGGCCGGG CTGGGCGACG GCGAGGACGC 451 ACCGGTGCGT CCGCTGTGCA AGCCCCGCGG CATCTGCTCG CGCGCCTACT 501 TCCTGGTGCT GATGGTGTTC GTGCACCTGT ACCTGGGTAA CGTGCTGGCG 551 CTGCTGCTCT TCGTGCACTA CAGCAACGGC GACGAAAGCA GCGATCCCGG 601 GCCCCAACAC CGTGCCCAGG GCCCCGGGCC CGAGCCCACC TTAGGTCCCC 651 TCACCCGGCT GGAGGGCATC AAGGTGAGGA CCTCCCTGCC CCGCCGCGCT 701 CCAGGCCCTG CACGGCTGAG CCCGAGAGGA CCGGCGCTCA GCCCGGGTCC 751 CCACGCTGCC CCCGGCGCTG CTCTGCGTCG GTCCCGCGCG CTCCCACTCA 801 CTCGCCTGCT GTCGCTCTCC GGGCCGGGGC GACTTGGCCC TTTTTGGGCA 851 GCGCGGTCTG GCGCCCCAGC TGCCCGCTGT GCGCCTTTTC CTTAGGTGGG 901 GCACGAGCGT AAGGTCCAGC TGGTCACCGA CAGGGATCAC TTCATCCGAA 951 CCCTCAGCCT CAAGCCGCTG CTCTTCGAAA TCCCCGGCTT CCTGACTGAT 1001 GAAGAGTGTC GGCTCATCAT CCATCTGGCG CAGATGAAGG GGTTACAGCG 1051 CAGCCAGATC CTGCCTACTG AAGAGTATGA AGAGGCAATG AGCACTATGC 1101 AGGTCAGCCA GCTGGACCTC TTCCGGCTGC TGGACCAGAA CCGTGATGGG 1151 CACCTTCAGC TCCGTGAGGT TCTGGCCCAG ACTCGCCTGG GAAATGGATG 1201 GTGGATGACT CCAGAGAGCA TTCAGGAGAT GTACGCCGCG ATCAAGGCTG 1251 ACCCTGATGG TGACGGTGAG CTCACACCTC TGCACAGTCC TATCCCCGTG 1301 AGCCTCCTGC CCACTCCCAG GTGCACAATT TTGAAAACTT GGGCCCTTCC 1351 CCCACAGCCA GGCAGCCTCT CTGCACCCCT TTATAGTGGC CAGAGATGGG 1401 GAGGTGAAGA TCCAGCCTTG CTTTTTACCC CTGGGAAGTA GGCAGGCAGC 1451 CAGGCCCCC GTTCCCCTTG GTGATGGTCT CGAGGGCAGT TCTTGGAGAC 1501 CCTTTTGATA ACATCAGGCA GAGTTGAGAG CCTGGGGACA GGAAGTAGGG 1551 CTGCTAGTTG GCAGAGAACA GAGTGGGTGG AGCAGGAGCA AGGCGACAGT 1601 GAGGCCAGCT AGAGCTTGGC TGTTTACCCT GCTCCATCCA TCTCTCCAGC 1651 CAGACACGAG GTCCACCCCA GCAGACAGCT TCCCTGGTCT AAGTGAGGTC 1701 TCCCTTGCCT TCCTCTTGTC CACCTGGAGT CATGCCGAAG CGCCTAAAAT 1751 GGTAGTGCTG CTACCTGTGC TAACTGCTGG GGAGGGGTGG GCAGGGAAGC 1801 TGTCATGCAA GTGGTGCCCC CTCTGGTAAT AACTCTCAGG AGGTTTCTGA 1851 GGTGTGGTCA TCACCCTCAT GCCCAAATTC TGGACCAAGA GAGGAAGATA 1901 CAGCAGTTAG AAAGGACTTG GAACAGTGGC TTTGCGGCTG GTGAACCAGA 1951 GTGAAGAATC TGGCCGTGAC CTGGCTGCCA CACTGCTATA GGCCCCAGAA 2001 CAGAGGTGGT GACAGTCTCA CAGCCCTTGA ATGTCCCCCA CCCTCAGAGG 2051 AATCTGGGCC AAAGAGTGGA AGGTGATGTC CTTGGGTCAG CCAGAATAAC 2101 ATGGAGCAAA GATACCAACT ACTCTTCCAG AACCCCAAGA GGGTAGAACC 2151 CCTGCTTAAT GGTTTGAGCA GGGACAGTGG AGAATGTTCT CATGAGAGGG 2201 GGTGGCCTGA CTTTCGTTGC TAAGTGGGCT GGTAACGCAG TAGGCAGGGC 2251 TGGCGAAGTA GGTTCCACCC AGGATGAAAC CTGGGGTCAT GAGGAACTCC 2301 CCGGGGGCTG GCCCTGCTTG CACCCTGGCG TATGTATGTA AGGCCCTGGA 2351 TGAGGCCCAG CACTGCCTGC TCTCTCCTCA CCCTCCACAG GCCGGAGAGT 2401 GGCCACCACT CTATATAGCC AGGCTGGAAG GCCAGGGTCC TGGCCATATG 2451 GCTCAAGCTT CCTTTGGAGA ACCTTCTCTG GCCACTCTAA TAGGGGGTGG 2501 GCCTCTTTCT TCTTAGGGCC AAATTAGGGC TTAAACTGAG AAAAGGAACT 2551 GCTCTGGGTC TTCCTGTAAG GCCTGATGTG ACAGAAACCA GGTTCATCTG 2601 ACCCAAAAGT CCAGGTGGGG GACAAGTGTA CAAGGCCCCT CAGTGCCTGA 2651 GGTCAGGGGC TGCTGCCC TTTGGGGTAG GTAGGGAAGT GCAGCCTGCC 2701 ACTGTTGCCT CCCAATATGG GCTTGGTGGG CATTGATGGT GGGTGCCCTG 2751 TGCAGGAGTG CTGAGTCTGC AGGAGTTCTC CAACATGGAC CTTCGGGACT 2801 TCCACAAGTA CATGAGGAGC CACAAGGCAG AGTCCAGTGA GCTGGTGCGG

2851 AACAGCCACC ATACCTGGCT CTACCAGGGT GAGGGTGCCC ACCACATCAT 2901 GCGTGCCATC CGCCAGAGGT GAGCACCTGA AGCTGTTCTC ACTGGAGCAG 2951 GGGGAGAAGA CTGGGCAGGG CCTCCACAGA AGTCCTTGTC TGGGGCCAAG 3001 AGGACAGAAT GGATTAACCC ATTTGGGATT AAGTTCCATT TGTTAGACCA 3051 GGATTGGGAC CCACTGAAAG ACAGGCAATT AACAAAGGCA AATTAGCCCT 3101 CCTTGCAGGC ACACAATGGG CAACTGGGGT TAGATAGAGA TTGAGCACTT 3151 CTTTCTGATT AGATAAATGA CCTCTTATCT TTGACCCCTT ATCTGACCCC 3201 GTCACAGCAG GAAAAGGGTT TTTAAATAAA CAACTTTCTT CCAGGGAGGA 3251 GGACCTCAGG ACTCCCCGCC CCCTTTATTT AGTGGAAATG TCAACATTTC 3301 CACATAGCAG GTGTCTCTGT CTTTGGCATC TGAGGGAGAA GGATCATCAT
3351 GAGTAACCCC CTCCTGCTCT TACAGGGCCA GTCTGAGATG GCTTAAGGGA 3401 CTTCCAGGGG AGGTGGGTAG GGGCAAAGCT TGTGGCAGGC CTAGGGTCCA 3451 CCTTGGCCAG CTCCTTCAGA TCACCACCTT GCCTGGGGCT GCCCAGCCAA 3501 ATGCCTGCTG CCCACCAGGG TGCTGCGCCT CACTCGCCTG TCGCCTGAGA 3551 TCGTGGAGCT CAGCGAGCCG CTGCAGGTTG TTCGATATGG TGAGGGGGGC 3601 CACTACCATG CCCACGTGGA CAGTGGGCCT GTGTACCCAG AGACCATCTG 3651 CTCCCATACC AAGCTGGTAG CCAACGAGTC TGTACCCTTC GAGACCTCCT 3701 GCCGGCAAGT ATCTCCCAAC TGGGGGCTGC CTTCAATCCT CAGACCAGGA 3751 ACACCCATGA CACAGGCACA GCCCTGCACT GTGGGCGTGC CCCTTGGCAT 3801 GGGGCCAGGA GATCACTGGG TTATCCCGGT TAGTGATGCC CTCACCTCTC 3851 CCCACAAGTT GTTTACCCAA TGGCTGGAAA GGGGTGGCTA CTGGTCATCG 3901 TGACCACTGG AGTCAACACA GACTGATGTA CCCACAGACA CCAAAACTTG 3951 CCCCCTGAGT TCTGAAGCAA GGGGCAAGGC TGGGCCCCTA GCTTGTCCTG 4001 CCCATTCCTC CAGGTGTTGA TCTTGATTCC ACTTAGAGAA GCTGAAGCTG 4051 TGCCTCCCTC CCCTGTCAAG CCAGTTCTTT CCTCTTCAGG TGGCTGTTCT 4101 GGCCCAGCCC CTTCCCATCC CCAAGGAGCC CTTCAGCGCG CCCTGTTGCT 4151 TCTGCTAGCC TACCTTTCCC TGCCAGGCCC TTGCTCAGGG CCATGGCATT
4201 TAACTAAGTG CACCTGTGAT CTTGGCCAAA AAACCATTGC AACTCACAGT 4251 AAGAGACTGG GTTTCGGGGA AGGAGGGGCT AGGGACATTT TGGCACTGGC 4301 CTGCCCTATT GTCTCCCATC CTAGTCTGTC CTGGTCCCTG GCAACAGGAA 4351 CCTGGGCAGC TTATCCTGCC CACAGGTAAG CCCCTGGGAG CATCCACAAC 4401 TGGGGACCTG CTCAGTGCCC CCCCTGCCTT ACAGCTACAT GACAGTGCTG 4451 TTTTATTTGA ACAACGTCAC TGGTGGGGGC GAGACTGTTT TCCCTGTAGC 4501 AGATAACAGA ACCTACGATG AAATGGTAAG GGTCAACTGG GCTATTACTC 4551 TTGTGGGCTG GCAGGGGCTT AGACAAGTGA AGTACACACC TCTCCAGGTC 4601 TAAGGATGTG GGCCCAAATT ATTCCTTGGG CATATCTGGT TGGTTTCCCT 4651 TTGGTCACCC TTGGCTGGCC TGGCCATAGA GTGGGGACAG GTTGAACACC 4701 CCACCACCCT GCTGCCCACA GAGTCTGATT CAGGATGACG TGGACCTCCG 4751 TGACACAGG AGGCACTGTG ACAAGGGAAA CCTGCGTGTC AGGCCCCAAC
4801 AGGCCACAGC AGTCTTCTGG TACAACTACC TGCCTGATGG GCAAGGTTGG
4851 GTGGGTGACG TAGACGACTA CTCGCTGCAC GGGGGCTGCC TGGTCACGCG
4901 CGGCACCAAG TGGATTGCCA ACAACTGGAT TAATGTGGAC CCCAGCCGAG
4951 CGCGGCAAGC GCTGTTCCAA CAGGAGATGG CCCGCCTTGC CCGAGAAAGGG 5001 GGCACCGACT CACAGCCCGA GTGGGCTCTG GACCGGGCCT ACCGCGATGC 5051 GCGCGTGGAA CTCTGAGGGA AGAGTTAGCC CCGGTTCCCA GCCGCGGGTC 5101 GCCAGTTGCC CAAGATCAGG GGTCCGGCTG TCCTTCTGTC CTGCTGCAGA 5151 CTAAAGGTCT GGCCAATGTC TTGCCCCACC CCGCCAGCCG CGATACGGCG 5201 CAGTTCCTAT ATTCATGTTA TTTATTGTGT ACTGACTCCA TCTGCCCCGT

BLAST Results

Entry HSU64252 from database EMBL: Human STS sequence NOTI-225. Score = 959, P = 1.2e-36, identities = 195/199

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from the beginning to 351 bp; peptide length: 118 Category: questionable ORF Classification: no clue

1 LPLVYALMVP LLSASTLGTL ASDLESVQLC PTATQLGKRS PSVGWGSRRR

51 KAEPGADAGG SGRAQHPQAP SPSDRGARGP GGRCPGDCAA RAPPRPLPWA

101 RARPGCHGGS GGDRPAA

BLASTP hits

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

No BLASTP bits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphute1_21d15, frame 1

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 320 bp to 892 bp; peptide length: 191 Category: putative protein Classification: no clue

- 1 MAAAAVTGQR PETAAAEEAS RPQWAPPDHC QAQAAAGLGD GEDAPVRPLC
- 51 KPRGICSRAY FLVLMVFVHL YLGNVLALLL FVHYSNGDES SDPGPOHRAQ 101 GPGPEPTLGP LTRLEGIKVR TSLPRRAPGP ARLSPRGPAL SPGPHAAPGA
- 151 ALRRSRALPL TRLLSLSGPG RLGPFWAARS GAPAARCAPF P

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKF2phutel 21d15, frame 2

PIR:EDBE75 immediate-early protein IE175 - human herpesvirus 1, N = 2, Score = 106, P = 0.0067

>PIR:EDBE75 immediate-early protein IE175 - human herpesvirus 1 Length = 1.298

HSPs:

[LENGTH]

Score = 106 (15.9 bits), Expect = 6.7e-03, Sum P(2) = 6.7e-03 Identities = 36/103 (34%), Positives = 44/103 (42%)

87 GDESSDPGPQHRAQGPGPEPTLGPLTRLEGIKVRTSLPRRA-PGPARLS-PRGPALSPGP 144 G + PGP G GP P P T + G S R P PA S P GP +P
726 GRKRKSPGPARPPGGGGPRP---PKTKKSGADAPGSDARAPLPAPAPPSTPPGPEPAPAQ 782 Sbjct:

145 HAAPGAALRRSRALPLT-RLLSLSGPGRLGPFWAARSGAPAARCAP 189
AAP AA ++R P+ GP LG W + P+ AP
783 PAAPRAAAAQARPRPVAVSRRPAEGPDPLGG-WRRQPPGPSHTAAP 827 Query: Sbjct:

Score = 40 (6.0 bits), Expect = 6.7e-03, Sum P(2) = 6.7e-03 Identities = 8/21 (38%), Positives = 9/21 (42%)

28 DHCQAQAAAGLGDGEDAPVRP 48 Query: AGG DH + AP 212 DHAREARAVGRGPSSAAPAAP 232

117

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_21d15, frame 1

Report for DKFZphute1_21d15.1

[Paw]	11/9/.32
[pI]	10.68
[KW]	Irregular
[KW]	SIGNAL PEPTIDE 22
[KW]	LOW_COMPLEXITY 38.46 %
SEO	LPLVYALMVPLLSASTLGTLASDLESVQLCPTATQLGKRSPSVGWGSRRRKAEPGADAGG
SEG	XXXXXXXXXXXX
PRD	cccccccccccchhhhhhhcccccccccccccccccccc

 ${\tt SGRAQHPQAPSPSDRGARGPGGRCPGDCAARAPPRPLPWARARPGCHGGSGGDRPAA}$ SEQ SEG PRD

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphutel_21d15.1)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_21d15.1)

```
Pedant information for DKFZphutel_21d15, frame 2
```

Report for DKFZphutel_21d15.2

(LENGTI (MW) (pI) (KW) (KW)	1] 191 19916.88 10.43 TRANSMEMBRANE 1 LOW_COMPLEXITY 29.84 %
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	MAAAAVTGQRPETAAAEEASRPQWAPPDHCQAQAAAGLGDGEDAPVRPLCKPRGICSRAY ccceeeecccchhhhhhhhccccccchhhhhhhhcccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FLVLMVFVHLYLGNVLALLLFVHYSNGDESSDPGPQHRAQGPGPEPTLGPLTRLEGIKVR
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	TSLPRRAPGPARLSPRGPALSPGPHAAPGAALRRSRALPLTRLLSLSGPGRLGPFWAARS
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	GAPAARCAPFP xxxxxxxxx ccccccccc

(No Prosite data available for DKFZphute1_21d15.2)

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_21d15.2)

510

DKFZphute1_22d2

group: signal transduction

DKFZphutel 22d2 encodes a novel 580 amino acid putative GTP-binding protein related to the ras protein. Additionally, the putative protein contains an EF-hand for calcium-binding.

G-proteins are involved in various signal transduction pathways, transferring the signal of a cellular receptor to an intracellular signal cascade.

The new protein can find clinical application in modulating/blocking the response to a cellular receptor.

similarity to GTP-binding proteins

complete cDNA, complete cds, potential start at Bp 64, EST hits complete cds according to K08F11.5 and YAL048c

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: /map="17"

Insert length: 3247 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3230, no polyadenylation signal found

1 CTCCTGGTGA GAGGAGTCCA CTCCGTGCGT GCGGGCGGAG GCCGGCCCCC 51 GAGAGCCGCC GACATGAAGA AAGACGTGCG GATCCTGCTG GTGGGAGAAC 101 CTAGAGTTGG GAAGACATCA CTGATTATGT CTCTGGTCAG TGAAGAATTT 151 CCAGAAGAGG TTCCTCCCCG GGCAGAAGAA ATCACCATTC CAGCTGATGT 201 CACCCCAGAG AGAGTTCCAA CACACATTGT AGATTACTCA GAAGCAGAAC 251 AGAGTGATGA ACAACTTCAT CAAGAAATAT CTCAGGCTAA TGTCATCTGT 301 ATAGTGTATG CCGTTAACAA CAAGCATTCT ATTGATAAGG TAACAAGTCG 351 ATGGATTCCT CTCATAAATG AAAGAACAGA CAAAGACAGC AGGCTGCCTT 401 TAATATTGGT TGGGAACAAA TCTGATCTGG TGGAATATAG TAGTATGGAG 451 ACCATCCTTC CTATTATGAA CCAGTATACA GAAATAGAAA CCTGTGTGGA 501 GTGTTCAGGG AAAAACCTGA AGAACATATC AGAGCTCTTT TATTACGCAC 551 AGAAAGCTGT TCTTCATCCT ACAGGGCCCC TGTACTGCCC AGAGGAGAAG 601 GAGATGAAAC CAGCTTGTAT AAAAGCCCTT ACTCGTATAT TTAAAATATC 651 TGATCAAGAT AATGATGGTA CTCTCAATGA TGCTGAACTC AACTTCTTTC 701 AGAGGATTTG TTTCAACACT CCATTAGCTC CTCAAGCTCT GGAGGATGTC 751 AAGAATGTAG TCAGAAAACA TATAAGTGAT GGTGTGGCTG ACAGTGGGTT 801 GACCCTGAAA GGTTTTCTCT TTTTACACAC ACTTTTTATC CAGAGAGGGA 851 GACACGAAAC TACTTGGACT GTGCTTCGAC GATTTGGTTA TGATGATGAC 901 CTGGATTTGA CACCTGAATA TTTGTTCCCC CTGCTGAAAA TACCTCCTGA 951 TTGCACTACT GAATTAAATC ATCATGCATA TTTATTTCTC CAAAGCACCT 1001 TTGACAAGCA TGATTTGGAT AGAGACTGTG CTTTGTCACC TGATGAGCTT 1051 AAAGATTTAT TTAAAGTTTT CCCTTACATA CCTTGGGGGC CAGATGTGAA 1101 TAACACAGTT TGTACCAATG AAAGAGGCTG GATAACCTAC CAGGGATTCC 1151 TTTCCCAGTG GACGCTCACG ACTTATTTAG ATGTACAGCG GTGCCTGGAA 1201 TATTTGGGCT ATCTAGGCTA TTCAATATTG ACTGAGCAAG AGTCTCAAGC 1251 TTCAGCTGTT ACAGTGACAA GAGATAAAAA GATAGACCTG CAGAAAAAAC
1301 AAACTCAAAG AAATGTGTTC AGATGTAATG TAATTGGAGT GAAAAACTGT 1351 GGGAAAAGTG GAGTTCTTCA GGCTCTTCTT GGAAGAAACT TAATGAGGCA 1401 GAAGAAAATT CGTGAAGATC ATAAATCCTA CTATGCGATT AACACTGTTT 1451 ATGTATATGG ACAAGAGAAA TACTTGTTGT TGCATGATAT CTCAGAATCG 1501 GAATTTCTAA CTGAAGCTGA AATCATTTGT GATGTTGTAT GCCTGGTATA 1551 TGATGTCAGC AATCCCAAAT CCTTTGAATA CTGTGCCAGG ATTTTTAAGC 1601 AACACTTTAT GGACAGCAGA ATACCTTGCT TAATCGTAGC TGCAAAGTCA 1651 GACCTGCATG AAGTTAAACA AGAATACAGT ATTTCACCTA CTGATTTCTG 1701 CAGGAAACAC AAAATGCCTC CACCACAAGC CTTCACTTGC AATACTGCTG 1751 ATGCCCCCAG TAAGGATATC TTTGTTAAAT TGACAACAAT GGCCATGTAT 1801 CCGTAAGTAC TTGCTGTCTT CATTTTCATG TTGCATGGTT CATAACATTG
1851 CATGCCATTA TTAGCCATGA AGGGAATATC TTTGTCACAT AGGAATTGTT 1901 CAGCAACAGA AAGATACTTT GTAATGAGAA GGTACAAATT TGAGTAAATG 1951 CAAGTTTGGT TTGAATGCCA TAATAAAATG ATATAAACAG TGCTTCTGAC 2001 AATATCTGTA TATTTTTGAG CAGGCTGTAA CTATCTTAAT AGAATAGTAC 2051 AATAAAACAC AACCCCCCAC CCAGCATTAA AAAATAGTTT TACTGGAATA 2101 AAATGGGTTT GGCATCATGT TGTTTTATGC TTATAAAGCA TTTTCATATG 2151 AACAGAAAGT TTATATTTTT CTGTTTTTGA CCTTAGGTAT ATGAAGTTTT 2201 CTAAAATATT TTATTAATTT ATGTTGAAAT TGTGGGTATG CTTCAGTTAG 2251 GATATGTCTT TTTTAAGTGC TGTAAAGAGT AGTTGTAATT GGAATTTCTA 2301 CTGTATAAAT GTTTTACATT AAGTGTTACG AGCCACAAAT TTCATGTACA 2351 TTTATTATAT ATCTATACAT GCATATGCAC AAGCACATAA CTGTGGTCAT 2401 CTCTGTAGTT TACTAACTGC CTTAAAATTG CATGGTTCTT AATGGCATTC 2451 GCCTCAAGTA GTGTGTTTGT ATAAATTCTG TTTTGTAACA AAATAGTTTT 2501 TCAGGCAGTG CGTTTCTCAG GACTTTATAG CTTATTCTAC TTATTCTTAT 2551 GTTAGTCTCT AAATTATTTT TCTTCTTATG AAAACTACAG TGTAACACAG

511

BLAST Results

Entry AC004527 from database EMBL:
*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** NF1-related locus, Direct Submission;
HTGS phase 1, 10 unordered pieces.
Score = 1899, P = 1.1e-78, identities = 387/396

Entry HS148355 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-31220. Score = 1826, P = 7.5e-78, identities = 388/406

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 64 bp to 1803 bp; peptide length: 580 Category: similarity to known protein

1 MKKDVRILLV GEPRVGKTSL IMSLVSEEFP EEVPPRAEEI TIPADVTPER
51 VPTHIVDYSE AEQSDEQLHQ EISQANVICI VYAVNNKHSI DKVTSRWIPL
101 INERTDKDSR LPLILVGNKS DLVEYSSMET ILPIMNQYTE IETCVECSAK
151 NLKNISELFY YAQKAVLHPT GPLYCPEEKE MKPACIKALT RIFKISDQDN
201 DGTLNDAELN FFQRICFNTP LAPQALEDVK NVVRKHISDG VADSGLTLKG
251 FLFLHTLFIQ RGRHETTWTV LRRFGYDDDL DLTPEYLFPL LKIPPDCTTE
301 LNHHAYLFLQ STFDKHDLDR DCALSPDELK DLFKVFPYIP WGPDVNNTVC
351 TNERGWITYQ GFLSQWTLTT YLDVQRCLEY LGYLGYSILT EQESQASAVT
401 VTRDKKIDLQ KKQTQRNVFR CNVIGVKNCG KSGVLQALLG RNLMRQKKIR
451 EDHKSYYAIN TVYVYGQEKY LLLHDISESE FLTEAEIICD VVCLVYDVSN
501 PKSFEYCARI FKQHFMDSRI PCLIVAAKSD LHEVKQEYSI SPTDFCRKHK

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_22d2, frame 1

TREMBL:CEUK08F11 3 gene: "K08F11.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K08F11., N = 1, Score = 1357, P = 1.1e-138

TREMBL:SPCC320_4 gene: "SPCC320.04c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome III cosmid c320., N = 1, Score = 889, P = 4.4e-89

TREMBL:CEUC47C12_3 gene: "C47C12.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C47C12., N = 2, Score = 408, P = 5.6e-74

PIR:S51971 probable membrane protein YAL048c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N=1, Score = 677, P=1.3e-66

>TREMBL:CEUK08F11_3 gene: "K08F11.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K08F11.

Length = 625

HSPs:

Identities = 263/582 (45%), Positives = 380/582 (65%) 4 DVRILLVGEPRVGKTSLIMSLVSEEFPEEVPPRAEEITIPADVTPERVPTHIVDYSEAEO 63 DVRI+L+G+ GKTSL+MSL+ +E+ + VP R + + IPADVTPE V T IVD S E+
9 DVRIVLIGDEGCGKTSLVMSLLEDEWVDAVPRRLDRVLIPADVTPENVTTSIVDLSIKEE 68 Sbjct: 64 SDEQLHQEISQANVICIVYAVNNKHSIDKVTSRWIPLINERTDKDSRLPLILVGNKSDLV 123 Ouerv: + EI QANVIC+VY+V ++ ++D + ++W+PLI + + P+ILVGNKSD 69 DENWIVSEIRQANVICVVYSVTDESTVDGIQTKWLPLIRQSFGEYHETPVILVGNKSDGT 128 Sbict: 124 EYSSMETILPIMNQYTEIETCVECSAKNLKNISELFYYAQKAVLHPTGPLYCPEEKEMKP 183 Query: ++ + ILPIM TE+ETCVECSA+ +KN+SE+FYYAQKAV++PT PLY + K++ 129 A-NNTDKILPIMEANTEVETCVECSARTMKNVSEIFYYAQKAVIYPTRPLYDADTKQLTD 187 Sbjct: 184 ACIKALTRIFKISDQDNDGTLNDAELNFFQRICFNTPLAPQALEDVKNVVRKHISDGVAD 243 Query: KAL R+FKI D+DNDG L+D ELN FQ++CF PL ALEDVK V DGVA+
188 RARKALIRVFKICDRDNDGYLSDTELNDFQKLCFGIPLTSTALEDVKRAVSDGCPDGVAN 247 Sbict: 244 SGLTLKGFLFLHTLFIQRGRHETTWTVLRRFGYDDDLDLTPEYLFPLLKIPPDCTTELNH 303 Query: L L GFL+LH LFI+RGRHETTW VLR+FGY+ L L+ +YL+P + IP C+TEL+
248 DSLMLAGFLYLHLLFIERGRHETTWAVLRKFGYETSLKLSEDYLYPRITIPVGCSTELSP 307 Sbjct: 304 HAYLFLQSTFDKHDLDRDCALSPDELKDLFKVFPYIPWGPDVNNTVCTNERGWITYQGFL 363 Query: F+ + F+K+D D+D LSP EL++LF V P D + TN+RGW+TY G++ 308 EGVOFVSALFEKYDEDKDGCLSPSELONLFSVCPVPVITKDNILALETNORGWLTYNGYM 367 Sbict: 364 SQWTLTTYLDVQRCLEYLGYLGYSILTEQESQAS----AVTVTRDKKIDLQKKQTQRNVF 419 Ouerv: + W +TT +++ + E L YLG+ + +A ++ VTR++K DL+ T R VF 368 AYWNMTTLINLTQTFEQLAYLGFPVGRSGPGRAGNTLDSIRVTRERKKDLENHGTDRKVF 427 Sbjct: Query: 420 RCNVIGVKNCGKSGVLQALLGRNLMRQKKIREDHKSYYAINTVYVYGQEKYLLLHDI--- 476 +C V+G K+ GK+ +Q+L GR + +I H S + IN V V + KYLLL ++
428 QCLVVGAKDAGKTVFMQSLAGRGMADVAQIGRRH-SPFVINRVRVKEESKYLLLREVDVL 486 Sbjct: 477 SESEFLTEAEIICDVVCLVYDVSNPKSFEYCARIFKQHFMDSRIPCLIVAAKSDLHEVKQ 536 Query: S + L E DVV +YD+SNP SF +CA +++++F ++ PC+++A K + EV Q
487 SPQDALGSGETSADVVAFLYDISNPDSFAFCATVYQKYFYRTKTPCVMIATKVEREEVDQ 546 Sbict: 537 EYSISPTDFCRKHKMPPPQAFTCNTADAPSKDIFVKLTTMAMYP 580 + + P +FCR+ ++P P F+ S IF +L MA+YP 547 RWEVPPEEFCRQFELPKPIKFSTGNIGQSSSPIFEQLAMMAVYP 590 Ouerv: Sbjct:

Score = 1357 (203.6 bits), Expect = 1.1e-138, P = 1.1e-138

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_22d2, frame 1

Report for DKFZphute1_22d2.1

```
[LENGTH]
                    580
                    66541.61
[MW]
(pI)
                    5.56
[HOMOL]
                    TREMBL:CEUK08F11 3 gene: "K08F11.5"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K08F11. 1e-
149
                    99 unclassified proteins [S. cerevisiae, YAL048c] 5e-81 03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YKR055w]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
3e-11
                    03.99 other cell growth, cell division and dna synthesis activities
[FUNCAT]
cerevisiae, YNL098c) 8e-09
                    10.04.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 8e-09
[FUNCAT]
                    03.10 sporulation and germination [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 8e-09
11.01 stress response [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 8e-09
03.22 cell cycle control and mitosis [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c] 8e-09
01.03.13 regulation of nucleotide metabolism [S. cerevisiae, YNL098c]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
8e-09
[FUNCAT]
                    01.05.04 regulation of carbohydrate utilization
                                                                                             (S. cerevisiae, YNL098c)
8e-09
                    30.03 organization of cytoplasm [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 4e-08 11.10 cell death [S. cerevisiae, YOR101w] 4e-08 10.02.07 g-proteins [S. cerevisiae, YPR165w] 7e-08
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
[FUNCAT]
                    30.04 organization of cytoskeleton [S. cerevisiae, YPR165w] 7e-08
                    30.08 organization of golgi [S. cerevisiae, YPR165w] 7e-08
08.07 vesicular transport (golgi network, etc.) [S. cere
[FUNCAT]
                                                                                           [S. cerevisiae, YFL005w]
[FUNCAT]
9e-08
[FUNCAT]
                    30.09 organization of intracellular transport vesicles
YFL005w] 9e-08
                                                            membrane [S. cerevisiae, YFL005w] 9e-08 [S. cerevisiae, YNL093w] 1e-07
[FUNCAT]
                    30.02 organization of plasma membrane
[FUNCAT]
                    08.13 vacuolar transport
```

```
[FUNCAT]
               06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YNL093w]
le-07
               08.19 cellular import [S. cerevisiae, YNL093w] 1e-07
[FUNCAT]
               10.05.07 g-proteins (S. cerevisiae, YLR229c) 8e-07
03.07 pheromone response, mating-type determination, sex-specific proteins
[FUNCAT]
(FUNCAT)
       [S. cerevisiae, YLR229c] 8e-07
[FUNCAT]
               10.99 other signal-transduction activities [S. cerevisiae, YCR027c] 3e-06
               09.09 biogenesis of intracellular transport vesicles
[FUNCAT]
                                                                              (S. cerevisiae.
YGL210w] 9e-04
[BLOCKS]
               BL00410A Dynamin family proteins dlplk_ 3.25.1.3.1 cH-p21 Ras protein (human (Homo sapiens) 2e-42 dlguaa_ 3.25.1.3.10 RaplA (Human (Homo sapiens) 5e-59
[SCOP]
[SCOP]
               transmembrane protein 1e-79
(PIRKW)
               membrane trafficking 2e-06 acetylated amino end 3e-09
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
               prenylated cysteine 3e-09
(PIRKW)
               signal transduction le-07
[PIRKW]
               transforming protein 3e-09
               immediate-early protein 8e-06 alternative splicing 4e-08
[PIRKW]
(PIRKW)
(PIRKW)
               P-loop le-10
               lipoprotein 7e-10
(PIRKW)
               proto-oncogene 3e-09
[PIRKW]
               methylated carboxyl end 3e-09
(PIRKW)
               membrane protein 3e-09
GTP binding 1e-10
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
[PIRKW]
               thiolester bond 7e-10
               ras transforming protein le-10
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
               ATP_GTP_A
               MYRĪSTYL
[PROSITE]
               EF HAND 1
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
               CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
               CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                      14
(PROSITE)
               TYR PHOSPHO SITE
(PROSITE)
               PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       5
[PROSITE]
               ASN GLYCOSYLATION
               Ras family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
[PFAM]
{KW}
               Irregular
[KW]
       MKKDVRILLVGEPRVGKTSLIMSLVSEEFPEEVPPRAEEITIPADVTPERVPTHIVDYSE
SEQ
       ljai-
SEQ
       AEQSDEQLHQEISQANVICIVYAVNNKHSIDKVTSRWIPLINERTDKDSRLPLILVGNKS
1jai-
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SEQ
ljai-
       TTTTTTTHHHHHHHHHHHCCCE-EECTTTTTTHHHHHHH......
SEO
       MKPACIKALTRIFKISDQDNDGTLNDAELNFFQRICFNTPLAPQALEDVKNVVRKHISDG
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SEO
       VADSGLTLKGFLFLHTLFIQRGRHETTWTVLRRFGYDDDLDLTPEYLFPLLKIPPDCTTE
liai-
       SEQ
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1jai-
       .......
SEQ
       GFLSQWTLTTYLDVQRCLEYLGYLGYSILTEQESQASAVTVTRDKKIDLQKKQTQRNVFR
ljai-
SEO
       CNVIGVKNCGKSGVLOALLGRNLMROKKIREDHKSYYAINTVYVYGOEKYLLLHDISESE
ljai-
SEO
       FILTERET ICDVVCLVYDVSNPKSFEYCARI FKOHFMDSRI PCLT VAAKSDLHEVKOEYSI
1jai-
       SPTDFCRKHKMPPPQAFTCNTADAPSKDIFVKLTTMAMYP
SEO
1jai-
                     Prosite for DKFZphutel_22d2.1
PS00001
           118->122
                       ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                              PD0C00001
PS00001
           154->158
                       ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                              PDOC0001
PS00001
           346->350
                       ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                              PDOC00001
                       CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
           411->415
94->97
                                              PDOC00004
PS00004
PS00005
                                              PD0C00005
           105->108
                                              PDOC00005
PS00005
```

P\$00005	148->151	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	247~>250	PKC PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	414->417	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	59->63	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	105->109	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	126->130	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	139->143	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	143->147	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	196->200	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	203->207	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	311->315	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	325->329	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	370->374	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	390->394	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	477->481	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	483->487	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	541->545	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00007	153->161	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00007
PS00007	376->384	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00007
PS00007	153->162	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00007
PS00007	448~>457	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00007
PS00008	240->246	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
P\$00008	425->431	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	433->439	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00017	11->19	ATP_GTP_A	PDOC00017
PS00017	425->433	ATP_GTP_A	PDOC00017
PS00018	197->210	EF_HAND	PDOC00018

Pfam for DKF2phute1_22d2.1

HMM_NAME	Ras	family (contains ATP/GTP binding P-loop)
нмм		*KLVLIGDSGVGKSCLLIRFTQNeFnEeYIPTIGvDFYtKTIEIDGKtIK ++L+G+ VGK++L ++ EF+EE +P ++ T ++ +++
Query	6	RILLVGEPRVGKTSLIMSLVSEEFPEE-VPPR-AEEITIPADVTPERVP 52
нмм		LQIWDTAGQERYRSMRPMYYRGAMGFMLVYDITNRqSFENIr.NWweEIr
Query	53	I D E+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + S +
нмм		RHCDrDenvPimLvgnkCDLeDQRQvSteegQeFAREWGAiPFMETSAKT
Query	103	+ D+D+ P +LVGNK+DL + ++T + +E+SAK+ ERTDKDSRLPLILVGNKSDLVEYSSMETILPIMNQYTEI-ETCVECSAKN 151
НММ		NinvEEAFMEIvRellqrMqeqNqteNinidQpsrnrkrCCCIM*
Query	152	N+ E F+ + +++L + ++++++++ C+ LKNISELFYYAQKAVLHPTGPLYCPEEKEMK-PACI 186

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphute1_22e12

group: signal transduction

DKFZphute1_22e12 encodes a novel 92 amino acid protein, with similarity to yeast, C.elegans, Drosophila and mammalian proteins.

The Drosophila cni and mammalian cornicon proteins are part of a signal transduction pathway involving hte EGF-receptor.

The new protein can find application in modulating the cornichon modulated signal transduction way and also the EGF receptor signaling processes.

strong similarity to S.cerevisiae YGL054c and cornichon

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits cornicon is requiered for signal transduction in the EGF-receptor signal processing

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 519 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 499, no polyadenylation signal found

- 1 GTCGGGGCAT CCGAGCGGGT TTGACGGAAG GAGCGGCGGC GACGGAGGAG 51 GAGGATGGAG GCGGTGGTGT TCGTCTTCTC TCTCCTCGAT TGTTGCGCGC 101 TCATCTTCCT CTCGGTCTAC TTCATAATTA CATTGTCTGA TTTAGAATGT 151 GATTACATTA ATGCTAGATC ATGTTGCTCA AAATTAAACA AGTGGGTAAT

- 201 TCCAGAATTG ATTGCCCATA CCATTGTCCTCA AAATTAAACA AGTGGGTAAT
 201 TCCAGGAATTG ATTGCCCATA CCATTGTCAC TGTATTACTG CTCATGTCAT
 251 TGCACTGGTT CATCTTCCTT CTCAACTTAC CTGTTGCCAC TTGGAATATA
 301 TATCGTATGA TCTTAGCTTT GATAAATGAC TGAAGCTGGA GAAGCCGTGG
 351 TTGAAGTCAG CCTACACTAC AGTGCACAGT TGAGGAGCCA GAGACTTCTT
 401 AAATCATCCT TAGAACCGTG ACCATAGCAG TATATATTTT CCTCTTGGAA
 451 CAAAAAACTA TITTTGCTGT ATTTTTACCA TATAAAGTAT TTAAAAAACA
- 501 TGAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

cornichon and the EGF receptor signaling process are necessary for both anterior-posterior and dorsal-ventral pattern formation in Drosophila.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 55 bp to 330 bp; peptide length: 92 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MEAVVFVFSL LDCCALIFLS VYFIITLSDL ECDYINARSC CSKLNKWVIP
- 51 ELIGHTIVTV LLLMSLHWFI FLLNLPVATW NIYRMILALI ND

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 22e12, frame 1

PIR:S64058 probable membrane protein YGL054c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 2, Score = 185, P = 5.7e-17

TREMBL:SPAC2C4_5 gene: "SPAC2C4.05"; product: "cornichon homolog";

```
S.pombe chromosome I cosmid c2C4., N = 1, Score = 163, P = 3.7e-12
PIR:S46084 probable membrane protein YBR210w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N=1, Score = 162, P=4.8e-12
TREMBL:AF104398 1 product: "cornichon"; Homo sapiens cornichon mRNA, complete cds., \overline{N} = 1, Score = 141, P = 8e-10
SWISSPROT: CNI DROVI CORNICHON PROTEIN., N = 1, Score = 139, P = 1.3e-09
>PIR:S64058 probable membrane protein YGL054c - yeast (Saccharomyces
     cerevisiae)
             Length = 138
  HSPs:
 Score = 185 (27.8 bits), Expect = 5.7e-17, Sum P(2) = 5.7e-17 Identities = 35/85 (41%), Positives = 56/85 (65%)
            1 MEAVVFVFSLLDCCALIFLSVYFIITLSDLECDYINARSCCSKLNKWVIPELIGHTIVTV 60
Ouerv:
            M A +F+ +++ C +F V+F I +DLE DYIN CSK+NK + PE H +++
1 MGAWLFILAVVVNCINLFGQVHFTILYADLEADYINPIELCSKVNKLITPEAALHGALSL 60
Sbjct:
Query:
           61 LLLMSLHWFIFLLNLPVATWNIYRM 85
              L L++ +WF+FLLNLPV +N+ ++
           61 LFLLNGYWFVFLLNLPVLAYNLNKI 85
Sbjct:
 Score = 37 (5.6 bits), Expect = 5.7e-17, Sum P(2) = 5.7e-17 Identities = 7/9 (77%), Positives = 9/9 (100%)
Ouerv:
           82 IYRMILALI 90
              +YRMI+ALI
Sbjct:
         123 LYRMIMALI 131
             Pedant information for DKF2phute1_22e12, frame 1
                       Report for DKFZphutel_22el2.1
[LENGTH]
                92
                 10614.98
[ MW ]
[pI]
                 5.04
[HOMOL]
                 PIR:S64058 probable membrane protein YGL054c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
Se-14
[FUNCAT]
                 03.04 budding, cell polarity and filament formation [S. cerevisiae, YGL054c]
2e-15
[PIRKW]
                 transmembrane protein 2e-11
[PROSITE]
                CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
 [KW]
                 SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 33
[KW]
                TRANSMEMBRANE 2
        MEAVVFVFSLLDCCALIFLSVYFIITLSDLECDYINARSCCSKLNKWVIPELIGHTIVTV
SEO
        PRD
         ......мимимимим
MEM
        LLLMSLHWFIFLLNLPVATWNIYRMILALIND
SEQ
        hhhhhhheeccccchhhhhhhhhhhccc
PRD
MEM
        .... ММММММ... МИММММММММММММ
                       Prosite for DKFZphute1_22e12.1
                         CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                 PD0000006
PS00006
                9->13
                         CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                 PDOC00006
PS00006
               26->30
                                                 PDOC00006
               28->32 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_22e12.1)
```

DKFZphute1_22n2

group: uterus derived

DKFZphute1 22n2 encodes a novel 304 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: /map="553.3 cR from top of Chrll linkage group"

Insert length: 1556 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1534, no polyadenylation signal found

1 ACAACAGGCT GGTTGCTTGG CGTGGAATCC TAAAGTGGCC TGGCTTTGAG 51 ACTGGAGTGA GACCCCAGCC CTAGGCTGGG GTTCTTTCCA TTATAGAGGA 101 GACGGATTCA GAAGGGCTAC AGACCAAGGT TGTTGAAAAC CAGACATATG
151 ATGAGCGTCT AGAGATTAAC GACTCCGAAG AGGTTGCAAG TATTTATACT 201 CCAACCCCAA GACACCAAGG ACTTCCTCGT TCTGCCCATC TTCCTAACAA
251 GGCTATGGCT GATAACAGCA GTGATGAGTG TGAAGAGGAA AATAACAAGG 301 AGAAGAAGAA GACCTCACAG TTGACACCTC AACGGGGCTT TAGTGAAAAT 351 GAGGATGACG ATGATGATGA TGATGATTCA TCTGAAACTG ATTCTGATTC 401 TGATGATGAT GATGAAGAGC ATGGAGCCCC TCTGGAAGGG GCCTATGACC 451 CTGCAGACTA TGAGCATTTG CCAGTTTCTG CTGAAATTAA GGAACTCTTC 501 CAGTACATCA GTAGGTACAC ACCTCAGTTG ATTGACCTGG ACCACAAACT 551 GAAGCCTTTC ATTCCTGATT TTATCCCAGC TGTCGGGGAT ATTGATGCAT 601 TCTTAAAGGT CCCACGTCCT GATGGAAAGC CTGACAACCT TGGCCTATTG 651 GTATTGGATG AACCTTCTAC AAAGCAGTCA GACCCTACGG TGCTCTCACT 701 CTGGTTAACA GAGAATTCTA AGCAGCACAA CATCACACAA CATATGAAAG 751 TAAAAAGCCT AGAAGATGCA GAAAAGAATC CCAAAGCCAT TGACACGTGG 801 ATTGAGAGCA TCTCTGAATT ACACCGTTCT AAGCCCCCTG CGACTGTGCA 851 CTACACCAGG CCCATGCCCG ACATTGACAC GCTCATGCAG GAATGGTCCC 901 CGGAGTTTGA AGAGCTTTTG GGCAAGGTAA GCCTGCCCAC GGCAGAGATT 951 GATTGCAGCC TGGCAGAGTA CATTGACATG ATCTGTGCCA TTCTAGACAT 1001 CCCTGTCTAC AAGAGTCGGA TCCAGTCCCT CCATCTGCTC TTTTCCCTCT 1051 ACTCAGAATT CAAGAACTCA CAGCATTTTA AAGCTCTCGC TGAAGGCAAG 1101 AAAGCATTCA CTCCTTCATC CAATTCCACC TCCCAAGCTG GAGACATGGA 1151 GACATTAACC TTCAGCTGAG ACACTTCCCA AGCTGCTGTT TCAAGGCTGA 1201 GCTGGCCCCT CTGCCCCAGC TGAGATGGAC AGATCGTTGT CAGCTACTTG 1251 ATGTCCTTGC CCATGCCACA GCTTGGCTCA GGGGCAGTGC ATGTCCTGCT 1301 GCCCTCTCTG CCAGAGGGCA CAGAACATGT TTGTTTAATG AACCTGCCTG 1351 CCTCAGATTG CTGTCCCCGG GGAGTTAATG CATCTACACC ACTGTGGGGA 1401 TTTGAGTTAT AAGAATTGGA ATTTCTGAGA TCCCATGGAG GTTAGATTGG
1451 GAGGAAAGCT TAAAAGATGT CCTTTTTGTG AGAGGGATGG AATTGTTTTC 1501 TTTCATTCGT AAAGTTAGTG AGTAAAGATT TTATAAATCA AAAAAAAAA 1551 AAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS188252 from database EMBL: human STS WI-12265.

Score = 2554, P = 4.1e-109, identities = 556/587

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 255 bp to 1166 bp; peptide length: 304 Category: putative protein

```
1 MADNSSDECE EENNKEKKKT SQLTPQRGFS ENEDDDDDDD DSSETDSDSD
51 DDDEEHGAPL EGAYDPADYE HLPVSAEIKE LFQYISRYTP QLIDLDHKLK
101 PFIPDFIPAV GDIDAFLKVP RPDGKPDNLG LLVLDEPSTK QSDPTVLSLW
151 LTENSKQHNI TQHMKVKSLE DAEKNPKAID TWIESISELH RSKPPATVHY
201 TRPMPDIDTL MQEWSPEFEE LLGKVSLPTA EIDCSLAEYI DMICAILDIP
251 VYKSRIQSLH LLFSLYSEFK NSQHFKALAE GKKAFTPSSN STSQAGDMET
  301 LTFS
                             BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
            Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 22n2, frame 3
PIR:S38149 SIS2 protein - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae), N = 1,
Score = 132, P = 1e-05
>PIR:S38149 SIS2 protein - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
           Length = 562
 HSPs:
 Score = 132 (19.8 bits), Expect = 1.0e-05, P = 1.0e-05 Identities = 24/63 (38%), Positives = 35/63 (55%)
           3 DNSSDECEEENNKEKKKTSQLTPQRGFSENEDDDDDDDDSSETDSDSDDDDEEHGAPLEG 62
                DE EEE++ E++ T
                                       +++DDDDDDDD + D D DDD++E A
        Sbjct:
Query:
          63 AYD 65
Sbjct:
        557 IID 559
Score = 122 (18.3 bits), Expect = 1.4e-04, P = 1.4e-04 Identities = 20/52 (38%), Positives = 33/52 (63%)
           4 NSSDECEEENNKEKKKTSQLTPQRGFSENEDDDDDDDDSSETDSDSDDDDEE 55
Ouerv:
                             + T + + N+DDDDDDDDD + D D DDDD++
             N+ +E ++E+ +E
        Sbjct:
            Pedant information for DKFZphute1_22n2, frame 3
                     Report for DKFZphute1_22n2.3
[LENGTH]
               304
               34285.85
[ WW ]
[pI]
               4.37
[PROSITE]
              AMIDATION
              CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                                     10
(PROSITE)
               PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
              ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
               All Alpha
(KW)
(KW)
              LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                11.84 %
       MADNSSDECEEENNKEKKKTSQLTPQRGFSENEDDDDDDDSSETDSDSDDDDEEHGAPL
SEQ
SEG
       PRD
       SEO
       EGAYDPADYEHLPVSAEIKELFOYISRYTPOLIDLDHKLKPFIPDFIPAVGDIDAFLKVP
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       RPDGKPDNLGLLVLDEPSTKQSDPTVLSLWLTENSKQHNITQHMKVKSLEDAEKNPKAID
SEG
       PRD
SEQ
       TWIESISELHRSKPPATVHYTRPMPDIDTLMQEWSPEFEELLGKVSLPTAEIDCSLAEYI
SEG
PRD
       SEO
       DMICAILDIPVYKSRIQSLHLLFSLYSEFKNSQHFKALAEGKKAFTPSSNSTSQAGDMET
SEG
```

PRD	hhhhhhcccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhcccccccc
SEO	1.TFS

SEQ LTFS SEG PRD CCCC

Prosite for DKFZphute1_22n2.3

PS00001	4->8	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	159->163	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	290->294	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00004	17->21	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC0004
PS00004	18->22	CAMP PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00004
PS00005	138->141	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	5->9	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	30->34	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	43->47	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	45->49	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	47->51	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	49->53	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	168->172	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	181->185	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	185->189	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	235->239	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00009	280->284	AMIDATION _	PDOC00009

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_22n2.3)

DKFZphute1_22o2

group: uterus derived

DKFZphutel 2202 encodes a novel 537 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

similarity to S.pombe SPBC3E7.03c

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by BMFZ

Locus: map="11p15.5"

Insert length: 2714 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2695, polyadenylation signal at pos. 2677

1 GCAGGGCACG GTGGGGGCTG AGATCGTTTC CTGTTGGAAC TTCTGGCCCA 51 AGAAGCGCGG GTCACAAGGA GAGGGGTCAG TTCGGTTCAG AGCGACTCAG 101 CCCCTCGACT CGGGTCTTAA AACCTCCGAG CCGCCAGTTC TGCCTCAGGC
151 CGCGCCCCCT TAAAGCGCCA CCAGACGCTG CGCCCCGTTA AAGCGCCACC 201 AGACGCCGCG CCCCGTCCCG GCCTCCCCCG CGCGCTGGCG CGGGGCTTTC 251 TGGGCCAGGG CGGGGCCGGC GAACTGCGGC CCGGAACGGC TGAGGAAGGG 301 CCCGTCCCGC CTTCCCCGGC GCGCCATGGA GCCCCGGGCG GTTGCAGAAG 351 CCGTGGAGAC GGGTGAGGAG GATGTGATTA TGGAAGCTCT GCGGTCATAC 401 AACCAGGAGC ACTCCCAGAG CTTCACGTTT GATGATGCCC AACAGGAGGA 451 CCGGAAGAGA CTGGCGGAGC TGCTGGTCTC CGTCCTGGAA CAGGGCTTGC 501 CACCCTCCCA CCGTGTCATC TGGCTGCAGA GTGTCCGAAT CCTGTCCCGG 551 GACCGCAACT GCCTGGACCC GTTCACCAGC CGCCAGAGCC TGCAGGCACT 601 AGCCTGCTAT GCTGACATCT CTGTCTCTGA GGGGTCCGTC CCAGAGTCCG 651 CAGACATGGA TGTTGTACTG GAGTCCCTCA AGTGCCTGTG CAACCTCGTG 701 CTCAGCAGCC CTGTGGCACA GATGCTGGCA GCAGAGGCCC GCCTAGTGGT 751 GAAGCTCACA GAGCGTGTGG GGCTGTACCG TGAGAGGAGC TTCCCCCACG
801 ATGTCCAGTT CTTTGACTTG CGGCTCCTCT TCCTGCTAAC GGCACTCCGC 851 ACCGATGTGC GCCAGCAGCT GTTTCAGGAG CTGAAAGGAG TGCGCCTGCT 901 AACTGACACA CTGGAGCTGA CGCTGGGGGT GACTCCTGAA GGGAACCCCC 951 CACCCACGCT CCTTCCTTCC CAAGAGACTG AGCGGGCCAT GGAGATCCTC 1001 AAAGTGCTCT TCAACATCAC CCTGGACTCC ATCAAGGGGG AGGTGGACGA 1051 GGAAGACGCT GCCCTTTACC GACACCTGGG GACCCTTCTC CGGCACTGTG 1101 TGATGATCGC TACTGCTGGA GACCGCACAG AGGAGTTCCA CGGCCACGCA 1151 GTGAACCTCC TGGGGAACTT GCCCCTCAAG TGTCTGGATG TTCTCCTCAC 1201 CCTGGAGCCA CATGGAGACT CCACGGAGTT CATGGCAGTG AATTATGGATG
1251 TGATTCGTGC CCTCCTCATC TTCCTAGAGA AGCGTTTGCA CAAGACACAC
1301 AGGCTGAAGG AGAGTGTAGC TCCCGTGCTG AGCGTGCTGA CTGAATGTGC
1351 CCGGATGCAC CGCCCAGCCA GGAAGTTCCT GAAGGCCCAG GGATGGCCAC 1401 CTCCCCAGGT GCTGCCCCCT CTGCGGGATG TGAGGACACG GCCTGAGGTT 1451 GGGGAGATGC TGCGGAACAA GCTTGTCCGC CTCATGACAC ACCTGGACAC 1501 AGATGTGAAG AGGGTGGCTG CCGAGTTCTT GTTTGTCCTG TGCTCTGAGA 1551 GTGTGCCCCG ATTCATCAAG TACACAGGCT ATGGGAATGC TGCTGGCCTT 1601 CTGGCTGCCA GGGGCCTCAT GGCAGGAGGC CGGCCCGAGG GCCAGTACTC 1651 AGAGGATGAG GACACAGACA CAGATGAGTA CAAGGAAGCC AAAGCCAGCA 1701 TAAACCCTGT GACCGGGAGG GTGGAGGAGA AGCCGCCTAA CCCTATGGAG 1751 GGCATGACAG AGGAGCAGAA GGAGCACGAG GCCATGAAGC TGGTGACCAT 1801 GTTTGACAAG CTCTCCAGGA ACAGAGTCAT CCAGCCAATG GGGATGAGTC 1851 CCCGGGGTCA TCTTACGTCC CTGCAGGATG CCATGTGCGA GACTATGGAG 1901 CAGCAGCTCT CCTCGGACCC TGACTCGGAC CCTGACTGAG GATGGCAGCT 1951 CTTCTGCTCC CCCATCAGGA CTGGTGCTGC TTCCAGAGAC TTCCTTGGGG 2001 TTGCAACCTG GGGAAGCCAC ATCCCACTGG ATCCACACCC GCCCCCACTT 2051 CTCCATCTTA GAAACCCCTT CTCTTGACTC CCGTTCTGTT CATGATTTGC 2101 CTCTGGTCCA GTTTCTCATC TCTGGACTGC AACGGTCTTC TTGTGCTAGA 2151 ACTCAGGCTC AGCCTCGAAT TCCACAGACG AAGTACTTTC TTTTGTCTGC 2201 GCCAAGAGGA ATGTGTTCAG AAGCTGCTGC CTGAGGGCAG GGCCTACCTG 2251 GGCACACAGA AGAGCATATG GGAGGGCAGG GGTTTGGGTG TGGGTGCACA 2301 CAAAGCAAGC ACCATCTGGG ATTGGCACAC TGGCAGAGCC AGTGTGTTGG 2351 GGTATGTGCT GCACTTCCCA GGGAGAAAAC CTGTCAGAAC TTTCCATACG
2401 AGTATATCAG AACACCCCT TCCAAGGTAT GTATGCTCTG TTGTTCCTGT 2451 CCTGTCTTCA CTGAGCGCAG GGCTGGAGGC CTCTTAGACA TTCTCCTTGG 2501 TCCTCGTTCA GCTGCCCACT GTAGTATCCA CAGTGCCCGA GTTCTCGCTG 2551 GTTTTGGCAA TTAAACCTCC TTCCTACTGG TTTAGACTAC ACTTACAACA 2601 AGGAAAATGC CCCTCGTGTG ACCATAGATT GAGATTTATA CCACATACCA 2651 CACATAGCCA CAGAAACATC ATCTTGAAAT AAAGAAGAGT TTTGGACAAA 2701 AAAAAAAAAA AAAA

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

BLAST Results

Entry AF015416 from database EMBL: Homo sapiens chromosome 11 from 11p15.5 region, complete sequence. Score = 3356, P = 2.0e-144, identities = 672/673

Entry HS263253 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-15914. Score = 1143, P = 9.0e-46, identities = 245/255

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 326 bp to 1936 bp; peptide length: 537 Category: similarity to unknown protein

- 1 MEPRAVAEAV ETGEEDVIME ALRSYNQEHS QSFTFDDAQQ EDRKRLAELL 51 VSVLEQGLPP SHRVIWLQSV RILSRDRNCL DPFTSRQSLQ ALACYADISV 101 SEGSVPESAD MDVVLESLKC LCNLVLSSPV AQMLAAEARL VVKLTERVGL 151 YRERSFPHDV QFFDLRLLFL LTALRTDVRQ QLFQELKGVR LLTDTLELTL 201 GVTPEGNPPP TLLPSQETER AMEILKVLFN ITLDSIKGEV DEEDAALYRH 201 GYTPEGNPPP TLESQETER AMEILKYLFN ITTDSIKGEV DEEDAALYRH
 251 LGTLLRHCVM IATAGDRTEE FHGHAVNLLG NLPLKCLDVL LTLEPHGDST
 301 EFMGVNMDVI RALLIFLEKR LHKTHRLKES VAPVLSVLTE CARMHRPARK
 351 FLKAQGWPPP QVLPPLRDVR TRPEVGEMLR NKLVRLMTHL DTDVKRVAAE
 401 FLFVLCSESV PRFIKYTGYG NAAGLLAARG LMAGGRPEGQ YSEDEDTDTD
 451 EYKEAKASIN PVTGRVEEKP PNPMEGMTEE QKEHEAMKLV TMFDKLSRNR
 501 VIQPMGMSPR GHLTSLQDAM CETMEQQLSS DPDSDPD

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_22o2, frame 2

TREMBL:SPBC3E7_3 gene: "SPBC3E7.03c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c3E7., N = 1, Score = 112, P = 0.0023

>TREMBL:SPBC3E7_3 gene: "SPBC3E7.03c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c3E7. Length = 362

Score = 112 (16.8 bits), Expect = 2.3e-03, P = 2.3e-03Identities = 71/289 (24%), Positives = 124/289 (42%)

215 SQETERAM-EILKVLFNITLDSIKGEVDEEDAALYRHLGTLLRHCVMIATAGDRTEEFHG 273 Query: SQ+ E + EIL++LF I+ S E DE+ L L+ + + + 12 SODNEMVLTEILRLLFPISKRSYLKEEDEOKILL-----LVIEIWASSLNNNPNSPLRW 65 Sbict: 274 HAVN-LLG-NLPLKCLDVLLTLEPHGDSTEFMGVNMDVIRALLIFLEKRLHKTH----RL 327 Querv: HAN LL NL L LD ++ T + +I + +LEK L+ +
66 HATNALLSFNLQLLSLDQAIYVSEIACQT----LQSILISREVEYLEKGLNLCFDIAAKY 121 Sbict: 328 KESVAPVLSVLTECARMHRPARKFLKAQGWPPPQVLPPLRDVRTRP-EVGEMLRNKLVRL 386 + ++ P+L++L + +L P D R + + G+ R L+RL Query: + ++ P+L++L + +L P D R + + G+ R L+RL
122 QNTLPPILAILLSLLSFFNIKQNL------SMLLFPTNDDRKQSLQKGKSFRCLLLRL 173 Sbjct: 387 MT-HLDTDVKRVAAEFLFVLCSESVPRFIKYTGYGNAAGLLAARGLMAGGRPEGQYS--- 442 Query: +T + + A L LC + + G G A G+ M P + +
174 LTIPIVEPIGTYYASLLNELCDGDSQQIARIFGAGYAMGISQHSETMPFPSPLSKAASPV 233 Sbjct: 443 -EDEDTDTDEYKEAKASINPVTGRV--EEKPPNPMEGMTEEQKEHEAMKLVTMFDKLSRN 499 Query: + + +E +I+P+TG + +E +++E+KE EA +L +F +L +N
234 FQKNSRGQENTEENNLAIDPITGSMCTNRNKSQRLE-LSQEEKEREAERLFYLFQRLEKN 292 Sbict:

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

500 RVIQ 503 Query: 10 Sbjct: 293 STIQ 296

537

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_22o2, frame 2

Report for DKFZphutel_22o2.2

```
(LENGTH)
         60372.53
5.20
(MW)
[pI]
         BL00415L Synapsins proteins
[BLOCKS]
[PROSITE]
         MYRISTYL
         CK2_PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
         PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                        10
[PROSITE]
         ASN GLYCOSYLATION
         All_Alpha
[KW]
[KW]
         LOW_COMPLEXITY
                     9.50 %
    MEPRAVAEAVETGEEDVIMEALRSYNQEHSQSFTFDDAQQEDRKRLAELLVSVLEQGLPP
SEQ
SEG
PRD
    SHRVIWLQSVRILSRDRNCLDPFTSRQSLQALACYADISVSEGSVPESADMDVVLESLKC
SEO
SEG
    PRD
    LCNLVLSSPVAQMLAAEARLVVKLTERVGLYRERSFPHDVQFFDLRLLFLLTALRTDVRQ
SEQ
SEG
                       PRD
    SEQ
    QLFQELKGVRLLTDTLELTLGVTPEGNPPPTLLPSQETERAMEILKVLFNITLDSIKGEV
SEG
PRD
    SEQ
    DEEDAALYRHLGTLLRHCVMIATAGDRTEEFHGHAVNLLGNLPLKCLDVLLTLEPHGDST
SEG
PRD
    SEQ
    EFMGVNMDVIRALLIFLEKRLHKTHRLKESVAPVLSVLTECARMHRPARKFLKAQGWPPP
SEG
PRD
    SEQ
    QVLPPLRDVRTRPEVGEMLRNKLVRLMTHLDTDVKRVAAEFLFVLCSESVPRFIKYTGYG
SEG
PRD
    SEO
    {\tt NAAGLLAARGLMAGGRPEGQYSEDEDTDTDEYKEAKASINPVTGRVEEKPPNPMEGMTEE}
SEG
    chhhhhhhhcccccccccccchhhhhhhhhcccccceeecccchhhh
PRD
SEQ
    QKEHEAMKLVTMFDKLSRNRVIQPMGMSPRGHLTSLQDAMCETMEQQLSSDPDSDPD
SEG
                                  ..xxxxxxxxx
    PRD
```

Prosite for DKFZphutel_22o2.2

PS00001 230->234 ASN_GLYCOSYLATION PD0C00001 PS00005 61->64 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 69->72 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 84->87 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 117->120 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 145->148 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 371->375 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE				
PS00005 69->72 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 84->87 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 117->120 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 145->148 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00001	230->234	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005 84->87 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 117->120 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 145->148 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 34->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	61->64	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 117->120 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 145->148 PKC PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 99-103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006	PS00005	69->72	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 145->148 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	84->87	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00005
PS00005 218->221 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	117->120	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 235->238 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	145->148	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 324->327 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 463->466 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	218->221	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 463->466 PKC PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00005 PS00005 508->511 PKC PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	235->238	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005 508->511 PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00005 PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	324->327	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006 12->16 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	463->466	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006 34->38 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 52->56 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00005	508->511	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00005
PS00006 52->56 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 99->103 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006	PS00006	12->16	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006 99->103 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 104->108 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2 PHOSPHO SITE PD0C00006	PS00006	34->38	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006 104->108 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006 PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PD0C00006	PS00006	52->56	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006 263->267 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006	PS00006	99->103	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
	PS00006	104->108	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006 371->375 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PDOC00006	PS00006	263->267	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
	PS00006	371->375	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006

PS00006	388->392	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	442->446	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	447->451	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	491->495	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	515->519	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	530->534	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDQC00006
PS00008	57->63	MYRĪSTYL —	PDOC00008
PS00008	420->426	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	424->430	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	430->436	MYRISTYL	B0000008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_22o2.2)

DKFZphute1_23e13

group: metabolism

DKFZphtes3_15j18 encodes a novel 148 amino acid protein with similarity to 27K heat shock proteins.

The novel protein contains a serine protease of the subtilase family with an aspartic acid-containing active site. Subtilases are an extensive family of serine proteases whose catalytic activity is provided by a charge relay system similar to that of the trypsin family of serine proteases but which evolved by independent convergent evolution. The sequence around the residues involved in the catalytic triad (aspartic acid, serine and histidine) are completely different from that of the analogous residues in the trypsin serine proteases. Thus the novel protein is a new member of this family.

The new protein can find application in modulation of proteinase activity in cells and as a new enzyme for proteomics and biotechnologic production processes.

heat shock protein HSP27

strong similarity to heat shock 27K proteins

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by EMBL

Locus: /map="578.9 cR from top of Chr12 linkage group"

Insert length: 1854 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1831, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1810

1 GGTTTATTAA GCTCCTGGCT CCGCTCTAGA CCTCAGCGGT TCTGGCTGCC 51 AGCCTGGGCA GCCTGGGAAG CCTGGGAGGA CGGTGGCTTG CCGGTCTGTC 101 GTGAGGCAGT GCGGACGGGG ACCCTCTGGG ATTCTGCTGG ATCTGCCCCG 151 GGGGTTACCT TTGGGGGCTG GGACCCCAGT CGAGGGGACA CAACCGTCCC 201 TGGCAGTGGT TGGTTCTGCT TCTCCCTGCA GAAAAGCAGC ATTTTCGGAA 251 GCTGAAGAAT AAGCTAGCCC AGCCACACCA CCTTGTTGTG TGACCTTGGG 301 CAGGTGGTTC TGTCTCTCTG AGCCTCTGTT TCTCTCTGAG CTGAGCAGCC 351 ACCATGGCTG ACGGTCAGAT GCCCTTCTCC TGCCACTACC CAAGCCGCCT 401 GCGCCGAGAC CCCTTCCGGG ACTCTCCCCT CTCCTCTCGC CTGCTGGATG 451 ATGGCTTTGG CATGGACCCC TTCCCAGACG ACTTGACAGC CTCTTGGCCC 501 GACTGGGCTC TGCCTCGTCT CTCCTCCGCC TGGCCAGGCA CCCTAAGGTC 551 GGGCATGGTG CCCCGGGGCC CCACTGCCAC CGCCAGGTTT GGGGTGCCTG 601 CCGAGGGCAG GACCCCCCA CCCTTCCCTG GGGAGCCCTG GAAAGTGTGT 651 GTGAATGTGC ACAGCTTCAA GCCAGAGGAG TTGATGGTGA AGACCAAAGA 701 TGGATACGTG GAGGTGTCTG GCAAACATGA AGAGAAACAG CAAGAAGGTG 751 GCATTGTTTC TAAGAACTTC ACAAAGAAAA TCCAGCTTCC TGCAGAGGTG 801 GATCCTGTGA CAGTATTTGC CTCACTTTCC CCAGAGGGTC TGCTGATCAT 851 CGAAGCTCCC CAGGTCCCTC CTTACTCAAC ATTTGGAGAG AGCAGTTTCA 901 ACAACGAGCT TCCCCAGGAC AGCCAGGAAG TCACCTGTAC CTGAGATGCC 951 AGTACTGGCC CATCCTTGTT TTGTCCCCAA CCCTAGGGCT TCTCTGATTC 1001 CAGGATACAT TACTTTAGCT GAACTCAGAT TTAGTGCAAG TAAAATGTTA 1051 GAGGGTGCGG GGGTGAGGAC TGACCACAGA TTCCCTGGAT AGTGTAGTGG 1101 TAGATTTCTC CACAGGATAG CGCAATTGGC AAATCATGCT TGGTTGTGTT 1151 AGGCCAAAAT ACTAGTTTTG CTTTCTTTAC CTTTTCTATC TTGATGAAAA 1201 TGTTGCACAT TCTATAGTTG CAAAACACAT AAAAGGGGAC TTAACATTTC
1251 ACGTTGTATC TTACTTGCAG TGAATGCAAG GGTTACTTTT CTCTGGGGAC
1301 CTCCCCCATC ACCCAGGTTC CTACTCTGGG CTCCCGATTC CCATGGCTCC
1351 CAAACCATGC CGCATGGTTT GGTTAATGAA ACCCAGTAGC TAACCCCACT 1401 GTGCTTCCAC ATGCCTGGCC TAAAATGGGT GATATACAGG TCTTATATCC
1451 CCATATGGAA TTTATCCATC AACCACATAA AAACAAACAG TGCCTTCTGC 1501 CCTCTGCCCA GATGTGTCCA GCACGTTCTC AAAGTTTCCA CATTAGCACT 1551 CCCTAAGGAC GCTGGGAGCC TGTCAGTTTA TGATCTGACC TAGGTCCCCC 1601 CTTTCTTCTG TCCCCTGTGT TTAAGTCGGG ATTTTTACAG AGGGAGCTGT 1651 CTCCAGACAG CTCCATCAGG AACCAAGCAA AGGCCAGATA GCCTGACAGA 1701 TAGGCTAGTG GTATTGTGTA TATGGGCGGG ACGTGTGTGT CATTATTATT 1751 TGAGTTATGC TGTTGTTTAG GGGTAAATAA CAGTAAATAA TTAATAATAA 1851 AAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS286348 from database EMBL:

human STS TIGR-A002J47.

Score = 510, P = 1.2e-16, identities = 102/102

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

Medline entries

95394379:

Cloning and sequencing of a cDNA encoding the canine HSP27 protein.

94110260:

Physiological and pathological changes in levels of the two small stress proteins, HSP27 and alpha B crystallin, in rat hindlimb muscles

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 354 bp to 941 bp; peptide length: 196 Category: strong similarity to known protein Prosite motifs: SUBTILASE_ASP (28-39)

- 1 MADGQMPFSC HYPSRLRRDP FRDSPLSSRL LDDGFGMDPF PDDLTASWPD 51 WALPRLSSAW PGTLRSGMVP RGPTATARFG VPAEGRTPPP FPGEPWKVCV 101 NVHSFKPEEL MVKTKDGYVE VSGKHEEKQQ EGGIVSKNFT KKIQLPAEVD
- 151 PVTVFASLSP EGLLIIEAPQ VPPYSTFGES SFNNELPQDS QEVTCT

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_23el3, frame 3

PIR:JC4244 heat-shock 27K protein - dog, N = 1, Score = 304, P = 4.3e-27

PIR:JN0924 heat shock 27 protein - rat, N = 1, Score = 301, P = 8.9e-27

TREMBL:MM03561_1 product: "heat shock protein HSP27"; Mus musculus heat shock protein HSP27 internal deletion variant b mRNA, complete cds., N=1, Score = 301, P=8.9e-27

>PIR:JC4244 heat-shock 27K protein - dog Length = 209

HSPs:

Score = 304 (45.6 bits), Expect = 4.3e-27, P = 4.3e-27Identities = 80/182 (43%), Positives = 102/182 (56%)

1 MADGOMPFSC-HYPSRLRRDPFRD-SPLSSRLLDDGFGMDPFPDDLTASWPDWALPRLSS 58 Query: M + ++PFS PS DFFRD P SRL D FG+ P++ W W S
1 MTERRVPFSLLRSPSW---DFFRDWYPAHSRLFDQAFGLPRLPEE----WAQWFG---HS 50

Sbict: Query:

59 AWPGTLRSGMVP---RGPTATARFGVPAEGR--TPPPFPG------EPWKVCVNVHSF 105 WPG +R +P GP A A PA R + G + W+V ++V+ F 51 GWPGYVRP--IPPAVEGPAAAAAAAAAAAAAYAYSRALSRQLSSGVSEIRQTADRWRVSLDVNHF 108 Sbjct:

Query: 106 KPEELMVKTKDGYVEVSGKHEEKQQEGGIVSKNFTKKIQLPAEVDPVTVFASLSPEGLLI 165

PEEL VKTKDG VE++GKHEE+Q E G +S+ T K LP VDP V +SLSPEG L 109 APEELTVKTKDGVVEITGKHEERQDEHGYISRRLTPKYTLPPGVDPTLVSSSLSPEGTLT 168 Sbjct:

166 IEAPQVPPYSTFGE 179 Query: +EAP P + 169 VEAPMPKPATOSAE 182 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphutel 23el3, frame 3

Report for DKFZphutel 23e13.3

[LENGTH] 196 21604.37

```
[pI]
[HOMOL]
               PIR: JC4244 heat-shock 27K protein - dog 3e-22
[BLOCKS]
               BL01031C
[PIRKW]
               blocked amino end le-13
[PIRKW]
               acetylated amino end 4e-13
[PIRKW]
               phosphoprotein 7e-21
[PIRKW]
               glycoprotein 2e-11
[PIRKW]
               heat shock 7e-21
               molecular chaperone 4e-13
(PIRKW)
[PIRKW]
               alternative splicing 1e-19
(PIRKW)
               eye lens 6e-14
[PIRKWI
               stress-induced protein 7e-21
               alpha-crystallin 7e-21
SUBTILASE_ASP 1
[SUPFAM]
[PROSITE]
               MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
               CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
               ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PFAM]
               Heat shock hsp20 proteins
(KW)
               All_Beta
[KW]
               LOW_COMPLEXITY
                                  7.14 %
SEQ
        MADGQMPFSCHYPSRLRRDPFRDSPLSSRLLDDGFGMDPFPDDLTASWPDWALPRLSSAW
SEG
        PRD
        SEO
        PGTLRSGMVPRGPTATARFGVPAEGRTPPPFPGEPWKVCVNVHSFKPEELMVKTKDGYVE
SEG
        ccccccccchhhhhhhcccccchhhhhhheeeeecccceeeeccceee
PRD
SEO
        VSGKHEEKQQEGGIVSKNFTKKIQLPAEVDPVTVFASLSPEGLLIIEAPQVPPYSTFGES
SEG
PRD
        SEQ
        SFNNELPQDSQEVTCT
SEG
PRD
        cccccccceeeccc
                     Prosite for DKFZphute1_23e13.3
                      ASN_GLYCOSYLATION PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00001
           138->142
                                              PDOC0001
PS00005
             27->30
                                              PDOC00005
                      PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
             63->66
                                              PDOC00005
             76->79
                                              PDOC00005
PS00005
                      PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00005
           104->107
                                              PDOC0005
PS00005
           122->125
                                              PDOC0005
PS00005
           140->143
                       PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                             PDOC00005
PS00006
             47->51
                       CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                              PDOC0006
           176->180
PS00006
                      CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                             PDOC00006
PS00008
                                              PDOC00008
             62->68
                      MYRĪSTYL
           132->138
                                              PDOC0000B
PS00008
                      MYRTSTYL.
             28->39
                       SUBTILASE_ASP
                                              PDOC00125
PS00136
                      Pfam for DKFZphutel 23el3.3
HMM_NAME
               Heat shock hsp20 proteins
MMH
                   {\tt *AMMrpPWDWRE.....DpDHFeVrMDMPGFKPEEIKVkVEDNNVLvIeG}
                A P++ R + ++V++++ FKPEE+ VK+ D+ +++++G
77 ARFGVPAEGR-TPPPFPGEPWKVCVNVHSFKPEELMVKTKDG-YVEVSG
Query
                                                                         123
MMH
                   {\tt EHEREEEREDDkwwwheriyrhfmrrfrlpenvDpDqikAsmSdnGvLTI}
               +HE E++ + + + + F +++LP +VDP + AS+S++G+L I
124 KHE---EKQQ----EGGIVSKNFTKKIQLPAEVDPVTVFASLSPEGLLII
Query
                                                                         166
                   TVPKpEP*
HMM
                   ++P ++P
               167 EAPQVPP
                              173
Ouerv
```

DKFZphute1_23g11

group: uterus derived

DKF2phute1 23g11 encodes a novel 256 amino acid protein with similarity to S.pombe $SPAC31G5.1\overline{2}c$ and S. cerevisiae Maflp.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes.

similarity to SPAC31G5.12c and Maflp

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits

Sequenced by EMBL

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 1674 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1664, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1644

1 GGGGGAGGCG GAGGTCGCTC GCTCGCTCGC TCGGCTCGCT GACTCGCCGG 51 AGCGCTCTGT GGCGGTCGGC GGCAGGTCGG TCGCGAGAGC GGGCTCTGTG
101 GAAGGGGGCG AGGCTATGTC GCGGTGGCAG CCCGGATGGG CCGGCAGGGC 151 CGGGAGTAAC GGGACGTCGC CGCGGAGCTT CTTCCCCCGG ATACAGTGCG
201 GCCCGAGCGG AGGCCGCGGC GCCGCCCTCC GATCTTGAAG AGCCCGCGCT
251 GCGCGGAGCC CGCCCCGGC TGCGCACCGG CACCGACGCG GAGCGACCAG 301 CCCAGCCAGA CCCGGCCCGG CGCGGCCTGA TCTAACCCAG CCAGGCAGGC 351 AATACTAGCC CCTCTGGAGC ACGGAGCTCC TTCCCCAAAG ACATGAAGCT 401 ATTGGAGAAC TCGAGCTTTG AAGCCATCAA CTCACAGCTG ACTGTGGAGA 451 CCGGAGATGC CCACATCATT GGCAGGATTG AGAGCTACTC ATGTAAGATG 501 GCAGGAGACG ACAAACACAT GTTCAAGCAG TTCTGCCAGG AGGGCCAGCC 551 CCACGTGCTG GAGGCACTTT CTCCACCCCA GACTTCAGGA CTGAGCCCCA 601 GCAGACTCAG CAAAAGCCAA GGCGGTGAGG AGGAGGGCCC CCTCAGTGAC 651 AAGTGCAGCC GCAAGACCCT CTTCTACCTG ATTGCCACGC TCAATGAGTC 701 CTTCAGGCCT GACTATGACT TCAGCACAGC CCGCAGCCAT GAGTTCAGCC 751 GGGAGCCCAG CCTTAGCTGG GTGGTGAATG CAGTCAACTG CAGTCTGTTC 801 TCAGCTGTGC GGGAGGACTT CAAGGATCTG AAACCACAGC TGTGGAACGC 851 GGTGGACGAG GAGATCTGCC TGGCTGAATG TGACATCTAC AGCTATAACC 901 CAGACTTGGA CTCAGATCCC TTCGGGGAGG ATGGTAGCCT CTGGTCCTTC 951 AACTACTTCT TCTACAACAA GCGGCTCAAG CGAATCGTCT TCTTTAGCTG 1001 CCGTTCCATC AGTGGCTCCA CCTACACACC CTCAGAGGCA GGCAACGAGC 1051 TGGACATGGA GCTGGGGGAG GAGGAGGTGG AGGAAGAAAG CAGAAGCAGG 1101 GGCAGTGGGG CCGAGGAGAC CAGCACCATG GAGGAGGACA GGGTCCCAGT 1151 GATCTGTATT TGATGAGGAG GAGCCGAGGC CCCAGCTTCA TCCAGCTTCA 1201 ACCAATGCCT GGACCTGTCC ACCTGAGAGG CCCCTGGGGC CTCCCCAGCT 1251 GCTGGCCAGA CCCTGGCGCT GCCACAGTCC TGGCACTGCC CAAGGCCATA 1301 CCTGCCTAGC CCTTTGGCTC CATCCTGTGG ATGCCCACTC ACCCCTCAGA 1351 CTCCTGCTGC CCATGCTGTG GCCGGACTTG TCAGCAGGGG GCCTGGTGGG 1401 AGGAGCGACT GCCCTGCCCA AATGAACTGC CACAGCAGGG ACAGCTGGAC 1451 CGCAGAGTTT ATTTTTGTAT TTCTACTGGG CCTGCACACT CCAGCCCAAA 1501 GGGTCTGTGG CCGGAGGCCC CACGAGCAGG CCCCAGCAGT CACCGGCTCT 1551 GGTCTTGGGC CGGCCCCGGT GCCCACCTGT ACCCCCACCT CGCCCATTTG 1601 GCCGCGTGCA CTGAGTGTCA CTTTGCTGCA GCTCGTTTCT TTCCAATAAA 1651 AGTTTCTGTG ACTTAAAAAA AAAA

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 393 bp to 1160 bp; peptide length: 256 Category: similarity to known protein

```
1 MKLLENSSFE AINSQLTVET GDAHIIGRIE SYSCKMAGDD KHMFKQFCQE
   51 GQPHVLEALS PPQTSGLSPS RLSKSQGGEE EGPLSDKCSR KTLFYLIATL
  101 NESFRPDYDF STARSHEFSR EPSLSWVVNA VNCSLFSAVR EDFKDLKPQL
151 WNAVDEEICL AECDIYSYNP DLDSDPFGED GSLWSFNYFF YNKRLKRIVF
  201 FSCRSISGST YTPSEAGNEL DMELGEEEVE EESRSRGSGA EETSTMEEDR
  251 VPVICI
                                  BLASTP hits
Entry SPAC31G5_12 from database TREMBL:
gene: "SPAC31G5.12c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe
chromosome I cosmid c31G5.
Score = 272, P = 9.3e-24, identities = 51/127, positives = 80/127
Entry SPD656 1 from database TREMBL:
product: "ORF N150"; Yeast DNA for bfr2+ protein/padl+ protein/sksl+
protein, ORF N313, ORF N150, complete cds, and for ORF N118, partial
 Score = 263, P = 8.4e-23, identities = 50/127, positives = 79/127
Entry S50986 from database PIR:
MAF1 protein - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae) >SWISSPROT:MAF1 YEAST MAF1 PROTEIN. >TREMBL:SC19492 1 gene: "MAF1"; product: "Maf1p"; Saccharomyces cerevisiae Maf1p (MAF1) gene, complete cds. >TREMBL:SC8119 11 gene: "MAF1p"; product: "Maf1p"; S.cerevisiae chromosome IV cosmid 8119.
Score = 180, P = 2.3e-17, identities = 43/133, positives = 75/133
Entry AF098499 2 from database TREMBL:
gene: "C43H8.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C43H8.
Score = 263, P = 9.2e-23, identities = 78/252, positives = 118/252
             Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_23gl1, frame 3
No Alert BLASTP hits found
             Pedant information for DKF2phutel_23gl1, frame 3
                       Report for DKFZphutel 23gl1.3
[LENGTH]
                256
[MW]
                28869.95
[pI]
                 4.51
                TREMBL:SPAC31G5_12 gene: "SPAC31G5.12c"; product: "hypothetical protein";
[HOMOL]
S.pombe chromosome I cosmid c3\bar{1}G5. 4e-23
[FUNCAT] 06.04 protein targeting, sorting and translocation [S. cerevisiae, YDR005c]
6e-13
[PROSITE]
                MYRISTYL
                CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                                          6
                ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
                All_Alpha
(KW)
[KW]
                 LOW COMPLEXITY
                                      7.81 %
SEQ
        MKLLENSSFEAINSQLTVETGDAHIIGRIESYSCKMAGDDKHMFKQFCQEGQPHVLEALS
SEG
PRD
        SEO
        PPQTSGLSPSRLSKSQGGEEGPLSDKCSRKTLFYLIATLNESFRPDYDFSTARSHEFSR
SEG
        PRD
        EPSLSWVVNAVNCSLFSAVREDFKDLKPQLWNAVDEEICLAECDIYSYNPDLDSDPFGED
SEO
SEG
PRD
        GSLWSFNYFFYNKRLKRIVFFSCRSISGSTYTPSEAGNELDMELGEEEVEEESRSRGSGA
SEQ
SEG
                                           .....
        PRD
SEQ
        EETSTMEEDRVPVICI
SEG
```

PRD

cccccccceeeccc

Prosite for DKF2phute1_23g11.3

PS00001	6->10	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	101->105	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	132->136	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	33->36	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	85->88	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	89->92	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	103->106	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	112->115	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	202->205	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	7->11	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	99->103	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	212->216	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	238->242	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PD0C00006
PS00006	244->248	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	66->72	MYRĪSTYL -	PD0C00008
PS00008	181->187	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008
PS00008	239->245	MYRISTYL	PD0C00008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_23g11.3)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

DKFZphutel 24c19

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphute1 24c19 encodes a novel 195 amino acid protein without similarity to known proteins.

The novel protein contains 1 transmembrane region. No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of uterus-specific genes and as a new marker for uterine cells.

unknown

membrane regions: 1

Summary DKFZphutel_24cl9 encodes a novel 195 amino acid protein, with no similarity to known proteins.

unknown

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits TRANSMEMBRANE

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 769 bp
Poly A stretch at pos. 746, polyadenylation signal at pos. 735

1 ACGAGTCAGC CAAAGATGGC TGCGCCCAGG TAATTTGAGC AAAGGCCACA 51 GTGAACTCCG GCGTGGCTGA GGAAGACCGG AGGAGGCACC CACAGGCTGC 101 TGGGAGGAGA GCATAAGGCT CAAAATGGAA AATCATAAAT CCAATAATAA 151 GGAAAACATA ACAATTGTTG ATATATCCAG AAAAATTAAC CAGCTTCCAG 201 AAGCAGAAAG GAATCTACTT GAAAATGGAT CGGTTTATGT TGGATTAAAT 251 GCTGCTCTTT GTGGCCTCAT AGCAAACAGT CTTTTTCGAC GCATCTTGAA 301 TGTGACAAAG GCTCGCATAG CTGCTGGCTT ACCAATGGCA GGGATACCTT 351 TTCTTACAAC AGACTTAACT TACAGATGTT TTGTAAGTTT TCCTTTGAAT

401 ACAGGTGATT TGGATTGTGA AACCTGTACC ATAACACGGA GTGGACTGAC
451 TGGTCTTGTT ATTGGTGGTC TATACCCTGT TTTCTTGGCT ATACCTGTAA
501 ATGGTGGTCT AGCAGCCAGG TATCAATCAG CTCTGTTACC ACACAAAGGG
551 AACATCTTAA GTTACTGGAT TAGAACTTCT AAGCCTGTCT TTAGAAAAGAT
601 GTTATTTCCT ATTTTGCTCC AGACTATGTT TTCAGCATAC CTTGGGTCTG 651 AACAATATAA ACTACTTATA AAGGCCCTTC AGTTATCTGA ACCTGGCAAA

701 GAAATTCACT GATTTTAAAC AAATATGTAA ACAAAAATAA AATGGTAAAA

751 АСААААААА АААААААА

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 125 bp to 709 bp; peptide length: 195 Category: putative protein

- 1 MENHKSNNKE NITIVDISRK INQLPEAERN LLENGSVYVG LNAALCGLIA
- 51 NSLFRRILMY TKARIAAGLP MAGIPFLTTD LTYRCFVSFP LNTGDLDCET
 101 CTITRSGLTG LVIGGLYPVF LAIPVNGGLA ARYQSALLPH KGNILSYWIR

151 TSKPVFRKML FPILLQTMFS AYLGSEQYKL LIKALQLSEP GKEIH

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel_24c19, frame 2

No Alert BLASTP hits found

Pedant information for DKF2phutel_24c19, frame 2

Report for DKFZphutel_24c19.2

[LENGTH] [MW] [pI] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [PROSITE] [KW]	195 21527.45 9.36 MYRISTYL 6 CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE ASN_GLYCOSYLATION TRANSMEMBRANE 1	1 3 3	
		RNLLENGSVYVGLNAALCGLIANSLFRI hhhhhccccceeeecchhhhhhhhhhhhh	
	hcccccceeeeeccccccc	FPLNTGDLDCETCTITRSGLTGLVIGG CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCeeeecc 	cceee
		NIRTSKPVFRKMLFPILLQTMFSAYLGS eeccchhhhhchhhhhhhhhhhhcd	

SEQ LIKALQLSEPGKEIH PRD hhhhhhhccccccc MEM

MEM

Prosite for DKFZphute1_24c19.2

PS00001	11->15	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	34->38	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	59->63	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	18->21	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	82->85	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC0005
PS00005	151->154	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	13->17	CK2 PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	40->46	MYRĪSTYL -	PDOC00008
PS00008	47->53	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	68->74	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	110->116	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	127->133	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	142->148	MYRISTYL	PDOC0008

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_24c19.2)

DKFZphute1_24e11

group: intracellular transport and trafficking

DKFZphutel_24ell encodes a novel 226 amino acid protein, with similarity to human/mouse golgi 4-transmembrane spanning transporter MTP. MTP may function in the transport of nucleosides and/or nucleoside derivatives between the cytosol and the lumen of an intracellular membrane-bound compartment. Thus, the novel protein also seems to be involved in nucleotide sugar transport.

The new protein can find application in modulating the transport of nucleosides and/or nucleoside derivatives between the cytosol and the lumen of an intracellular membrane-bound compartments.

similarity to 4-TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at 184, TRANSMEMBRANE 4 function in the transport of nucleosides and/or nucleoside derivatives between the cytosol and the lumen of an intracellular membrane-bound compartment?

Sequenced by Qiagen

Locus: /map="8"

Insert length: 2005 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1988, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1963

1 ACGCGTCCGG CAGAAGCTCG GAGCTCTCGG GGTATCGAGG AGGCAGGCCC 51 GCGGGCGCAC GGGCGAGCGG GCCGGGAGCC GGAGCGGCGG AGGAGCCGGC 101 AGCAGCGGCG CGGCGGGCTC CAGGCGAGGC GGTCGACGCT CCTGAAAACT 151 TGCGCGCGCG CTCGCGCCAC TGCGCCCGGA GCGATGAAGA TGGTCGCGCC 201 CTGGACGCGG TTCTACTCCA ACAGCTGCTG CTTGTGCTGC CATGTCCGCA 251 CCGGCACCAT CCTGCTCGGC GTCTGGTATC TGATCATCAA TGCTGTGGTA 301 CTGTTGATTT TATTGAGTGC CCTGGCTGAT CCGGATCAGT ATAACTTTTC 351 AAGTTCTGAA CTGGGAGGTG ACTTTGAGTT CATGGATGAT GCCAACATGT
401 GCATTGCCAT TGCGATTCT CTTCTCATGA TCCTGATATG TGCTATGGCT
451 ACTTACGGAG CGTACAAGCA ACGCGCAGCC TGGATCATCC CATTCTTCTG
501 TTACCAGATC TTTGACTTTG CCCTGAACAT GTTGGTTGCA ATCACTGTGC 551 TTATTTATCC AAACTCCATT CAGGAATACA TACGGCAACT GCCTCCTAAT 601 TTTCCCTACA GAGATGATGT CATGTCAGTG AATCCTACCT GTTTGGTCCT 651 TATTATTCTT CTGTTTATTA GCATTATCTT GACTTTTAAG GGTTACTTGA 701 TTAGCTGTGT TTGGAACTGC TACCGATACA TCAATGGTAG GAACTCCTCT 751 GATGTCCTGG TTTATGTTAC CAGCAATGAC ACTACGGTGC TGCTACCCCC 801 GTATGATGAT GCCACTGTGA ATGGTGCTGC CAAGGAGCCA CCGCCACCTT 851 ACGTGTCTGC CTAAGCCTTC AAGTGGGCGG AGCTGAGGGC AGCAGCTTGA 901 CTTTGCAGAC ATCTGAGCAA TAGTTCTGTT ATTTCACTTT TGCCATGAGC 951 CTCTCTGAGC TTGTTTGTTG CTGAAATGCT ACTTTTAAA ATTTAGATGT 1001 TAGATTGAAA ACTGTAGTTT TCAACATATG CTTTGCTAGA ACACTGTGAT 1051 AGATTAACTG TAGAATTCTT CCTGTACGAT TGGGGATATA ACGGGCTTCA 1101 CTAACCTTCC CTAGGCATTG AAACTTCCCC CAAATCTGAT GGACCTAGAA
1151 GTCTGCTTTT GTACCTGCTG GGCCCCAAAG TTGGGCATTT TTCTCTCTGT 1201 TCCCTCTCTT TTGAAAATGT AAAATAAAAC CAAAAATAGA CAACTTTTTC 1251 TTCAGCCATT CCAGCATAGA GAACAAAACC TTATGGAAAC AGGAATGTCA 1301 ATTGTGTAAT CATTGTTCTA ATTAGGTAAA TAGAAGTCCT TATGTATGTG 1351 TTACAAGAAT TTCCCCCACA ACATCCTTTA TGACTGAAGT TCAATGACAG 1401 TTTGTGTTTG GTGGTAAAGG ATTTTCTCCA TGGCCTGAAT TAAGACCATT 1451 AGAAAGCACC AGGCCGTGGG AGCAGTGACC ATCTACTGAC TGTTCTTGTG 1501 GATCTTGTGT CCAGGGACAT GGGGTGACAT GCCTCGTATG TGTTAGAGGG 1551 TGGAATGGAT GTGTTTGGCG CTGCATGGGA TCTGGTGCCC CTCTTCTCCT 1601 GGATTCACAT CCCCACCCAG GGCCCGCTTT TACTAAGTGT TCTGCCCTAG 1651 ATTGGTTCAA GGAGGTCATC CAACTGACTT TATCAAGTGG AATTGGGATA 1701 TATTTGATAT ACTTCTGCCT AACAACATGG AAAAGGGTTT TCTTTTCCCT 1751 GCAAGCTACA TCCTACTGCT TTGAACTTCC AAGTATGTCT AGTCACCTTT 1801 TAAAATGTAA ACATTTTCAG AAAAATGAGG ATTGCCTTCC TTGTATGCGC 2001 AAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS012351 from database EMBL:

human STS SHGC-31823. Score = 1629, P = 3.1e-67, identities = 343/354

Medline entries

96199248:

Identification of a novel membrane transporter associated with intracellular membranes by phenotypic complementation in the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 184 bp to 861 bp; peptide length: 226 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MKMVAPWTRF YSNSCCLCCH VRTGTILLGV WYLIINAVVL LILLSALADP
- 51 DQYNFSSSEL GGDFEFMDDA NMCIAIAISL LMILICAMAT YGAYKQRAAW
- 101 IIPFFCYQIF DFALMMLVAI TVLIYPNSIQ EYIRQLPPNF PYRDDVMSVN 151 PTCLVLIILL FISIILTFKG YLISCVWNCY RYINGRNSSD VLVYVTSNDT
- 201 TVLLPPYDDA TVNGAAKEPP PPYVSA

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 24ell, frame 1

SWISSPROT: MTRP HUMAN GOLGI 4-TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP (KIAA0108)., N = 1, Score = 551, P = 2.9e-53

SWISSPROT:MTRP_MOUSE GOLGI 4-TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP., N = 1, Score $= 5\overline{3}9$, P = 5.3e-52

TREMBL:HS304981_1 product: "E3 protein"; Human retinoic acid-inducible E3 protein mRNA, complete cds., N = 1, Score = 127, P = 3.4e-06

>SWISSPROT: MTRP HUMAN GOLGI 4-TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP (KIAA0108).

Length = 233

Score = 551 (82.7 bits), Expect = 2.9e-53, P = 2.9e-53Identities = 102/221 (46%), Positives = 148/221 (66%)

9 RFYSNSCCLCCHVRTGTILLGVWYLIINAVVLLILLSALADPDQY---NFSSSELGGDF- 64

RFYS CC CCHVRTGTI+LG WY+++N +++L + P+ N +G +

13 RFYSTRCCGCCHVRTGTILLGTWYMVVNLLMAILLTVEVTHPNSMPAVNIQYEVIGNYYS 72 Sbjct:

65 -EFMDDANMCIAIAISLLMILICAMATYGAYKQRAAWIIFFFCYQIFDFALNMLVAITVL 123 E M D N C+ A+S+LM +I +M YGA + W+IPFFCY++FDF L+ LVAI+ L 73 SERMAD-NACVLFAVSVLMFIISSMLVYGAISYQVGWLIPFFCYRLFDFVLSCLVAISSL 131 Query:

Sbict:

124 IYPNSIQEYIRQLPPNFPYRDDVMSVNPTCLVLIILLFISIILTFKGYLISCVWNCYRYI 183 Query:

I+EY+ QLP +FPY+DD+++++ +CL+ I+L+F ++ + FK YLI+CVWNCY+YI 132 TYLPRIKEYLDQLP-DFPYKDDLLALDSSCLLFIVLVFFALFIIFKAYLINCVWNCYKYI 190 Sbjct:

184 NGRNSSDVLVYVTSN-DTTVLLPPYDDATVNGAAKEPPPPYVSA 226 Query: N RN ++ VY +LP Y+ A V

191 NNRNVPEIAVYPAFEAPPQYVLPTYEMA-VKMPEKEPPPPYLPA 233 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKFZphutel_24ell, frame 1

Report for DKFZphute1_24e11.1

[LENGTH] 226 25419.11 [MW]

```
[pI]
[HOMOL]
            SWISSPROT: MTRP_HUMAN GOLGI 4-TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP (KIAA0108).
5e-40
            CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
                               1
[PROSITE]
[PROSITE]
[KW]
            SIGNAL_PEPTIDE 49
[KW]
            TRANSMEMBRANE 2
[KW]
            LOW COMPLEXITY
                           20.80 %
SEQ
      MKMVAPWTRFYSNSCCLCCHVRTGTILLGVWYLIINAVVLLILLSALADPDQYNFSSSEL
SEG
           PRD
      ccceeeeeeccceeecceehhhhhhhhhhhhhhccccceeeccc
MEM
SEO
      {\tt GGDFEFMDDANMCIAIAISLLMILICAMATYGAYKQRAAWIIPFFCYQIFDFALNMLVAI}
SEG
             ...xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.
      PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      TVLIYPNSIQEYIRQLPPNFPYRDDVMSVNPTCLVLIILLFISIILTFKGYLISCVWNCY
SEG
                    .....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PRD
      MEM
SEQ
      RYINGRNSSDVLVYVTSNDTTVLLPPYDDATVNGAAKEPPPPYVSA
SEG
PRD
      eeccccccceeeeeecccccccccccccccccccccc
MEM
                 Prosite for DKFZphute1_24e11.1
PS00001
           54->58
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                     PDOC00001
PS00001
         187->191
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                     PDOC00001
PS00001
         198->202
                  ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                     PDOC00001
PS00005
         167->170
                  PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                     PDOC0005
PS00006
           56->60
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                     PD0C00006
                  CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
         128->132
                                     PD0C00006
PS00006
         196->200
                                     PD0C00006
PS00007
         186->195
                  TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                     PDOC00007
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphutel_24el1.1)

PCT/IB00/01496 WO 01/12659

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DKFZphutel 2416
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group: cell structure and motility

DKFZphutesl 24j6 encodes a novel 571 amino acid protein with strong similarity to rat cell adhesion regulator (CAR1).

The novel protein is very similar to Carl and thus seems to be involved in regulation cellcell adhesion. It contains a RGD cell attachment site.

The new protein can find application in modulation of cell-cell-adhesion.

strong similarity to rat CAR1 A.thaliana T19C21.5

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential frame shift at Bp 1241 according to CAR1 but frame shift might be in CAR1 sequence! ESTs T73366 AA362984 confirm this sequence

Sequenced by Olagen

Locus: /map="939.9 cR from top of Chr2 linkage group"

Insert length: 3333 bp Poly A stretch at pos. 3316, no polyadenylation signal found

1 ACGCGTCCGA GCTGGCTCAG GGCGTCCGCT AGGCTCGGAC GACCTGCTGA 51 GCCTCCCAAA CCGCTTCCAT AAGGCTTTGC CTTTCCAACT TCAGCTACAG 101 TGTTAGCTAA GTTTGGAAAG AAGGAAAAAA GAAAATCCCT GGGCCCCTTT 151 TCTTTTGTTC TTTGCCAAAG TCGTCGTTGT AGTCTTTTTG CCCAAGGCTG 201 TTGTGTTTTT AGAGGTGCTA TCTCCAGTTC CTTGCACTCC TGTTAACAAG 251 CACCTCAGCG AGAGCAGCAG CAGCGATAGC AGCCGCAGAA GAGCCAGCGG 301 GGTCGCCTAG TGTCATGACC AGGGCGGGAG ATCACAACCG CCAGAGAGGA 351 TGCTGTGGAT CCTTGGCCGA CTACCTGACC TCTGCAAAAT TCCTTCTCTA 401 CCTTGGTCAT TCTCTCTCTA CTTGGGGAGA TCGGATGTGG CACTTTGCGG 451 TGTCTGTGTT TCTGGTAGAG CTCTATGGAA ACAGCCTCCT TTTGACAGCA 501 GTCTACGGGC TGGTGGTGGC AGGGTCTGTT CTGGTCCTGG GAGCCATCAT 551 CGGTGACTGG GTGGACAAGA ATGCTAGACT TAAAGTGGCC CAGACCTCGC 601 TGGTGGTACA GAATGTTTCA GTCATCCTGT GTGGAATCAT CCTGATGATG 651 GTTTTCTTAC ATAAACATGA GCTTCTGACC ATGTACCATG GATGGGTTCT
701 CACTTCCTGC TATATCCTGA TCATCACTAT TGCAAATATT GCAAATTTGG 751 CCAGTACTGC TACTGCAATC ACAATCCAAA GGGATTGGAT TGTTGTTGTT 801 GCAGGAGAAG ACAGAAGCAA ACTAGCAAAT ATGAATGCCA CAATACGAAG 851 GATTGACCAG TTAACCAACA TCTTAGCCCC CATGGCTGTT GGCCAGATTA 901 TGACATTTGG CTCCCCAGTC ATCGGCTGTG GCTTTATTTC GGGATGGAAC 951 TTGGTATCCA TGTGCGTGGA GTACGTCCTG CTCTGGAAGG TTTACCAGAA 1001 AACCCCAGCT CTAGCTGTGA AAGCTGGTCT TAAAGAAGAG GAAACTGAAT 1051 TGAAACAGCT GAATTTACAC AAAGATACTG AGCCAAAACC CCTGGAGGGA 1101 ACTCATCTAA TGGGTGTGAA AGACTCTAAC ATCCATGAGC TTGAACATGA 1151 GCAAGAGCCT ACTTGTGCCT CCCAGATGGC TGAGCCCTTC CGTACCTTCC
1201 GAGATGGATG GGTCTCCTAC TACAACCAGC CTGTGTTTCT GGCTGGCATG
1251 GGTCTTGCTT TCCTTTATAT GACTGTCCTG GGCTTTGACT GCATCACCAC
1301 AGGGTACGCC TACACTCAGG GACTGAGTGG TTCCATCCTC AGTATTTTGA 1351 TGGGAGCATC AGCTATAACT GGAATAATGG GAACTGTAGC TTTTACTTGG 1401 CTACGTCGAA AATGTGGTTT GGTTCGGACA GGTCTGATCT CAGGATTGGC 1451 ACAGCTTTCC TGTTTGATCT TGTGTGTGAT CTCTGTATTC ATGCCTGGAA 1501 GCCCCCTGGA CTTGTCCGTT TCTCCTTTTG AAGATATCCG ATCAAGGTTC 1551 ATTCAAGGAG AGTCAATTAC ACCTACCAAG ATACCTGAAA TTACAACTGA 1601 AATATACATG TCTAATGGGT CTAATTCTGC TAATATTGTC CCGGAGACAA 1651 GTCCTGAATC TGTGCCCATA ATCTCTGTCA GTCTGCTGTT TGCAGGCGTC 1701 ATTGCTGCTA GAATCGGTCT TTGGTCCTTT GATTTAACTG TGACACAGTT 1751 GCTGCAAGAA AATGTAATTG AATCTGAAAG AGGCATTATA AATGGTGTAC 1801 AGAACTCCAT GAACTATCTT CTTGATCTTC TGCATTTCAT CATGGTCATC 1851 CTGGCTCCAA ATCCTGAAGC TTTTGGCTTG CTCGTATTGA TTTCAGTCTC 1901 CTTTGTGGCA ATGGGCCACA TTATGTATTT CCGATTTGCC CAAAATACTC 1951 TGGGAAACAA GCTCTTTGCT TGCGGTCCTG ATGCAAAAGA AGTTAGGAAG 2001 GAAAATCAAG CAAATACATC TGTTGTTTGA GACAGTTTAA CTGTTGCTAT 2051 CCTGTTACTA GATTATATAG AGCACATGTG CTTATTTTGT ACTGCAGAAT 2101 TCCAATAAAT GGCTGGGTGT TTTGCTCTGT TTTTACCACA GCTGTGCCTT 2151 GAGAACTAAA AGCTGTTTAG GAAACCTAAG TCAGCAGAAA TTAACTGATT 2201 AATTTCCCTT ATGTTGAGGC ATGGAAAAAA AATTGGAAAA GAAAAACTCA 2251 GTTTAAATAC GGAGACTATA ATGATAACAC TGAATTCCCC TATTTCTCAT 2301 GAGTAGATAC AATCTTACGT AAAAGAGTGG TTAGTCACGT GAATTCAGTT 2351 ATCATTTGAC AGATTCTTAT CTGTACTAGA ATTCAGATAT GTCAGTTTTC 2401 TGCAAAACTC ACTCTTGTTC AAGACTAGCT AATTTATTTT TTTGCATCTT 2451 AGTTATTTTT AAAAACAAAT TCTTCAAGTA TGAAGACTAA ATTTTGATAA 2501 CTAATATTAT CCTTATTGAT CCTATTGATC TTAAGGTATT TACATGTATG

2551 TGGAAAAACA AAACACTTAA CTAGAATTCT CTAATAAGGT TTATGGTTTA 2601 GCTTAAAAGAG CACCTTTGTA TTTTTATTAT CAGATGGGGC AACATATGT 2651 ATGAGACTA TGTAGCACTT CACAGCATGG TTATCATGTA AGCTGCAGGT 2701 AGAAGCAAGA CTGTAAAGATA GATTTATCAC ACAATGACC AAAAGCCACAC 2751 TCAAATATGT CAATAGTTG GATTTATCAC ACAATGACC AAAGCCACAC 2801 AGAAGGCCAA GAATCCCAAT TTAACTCATG TTATCATCAT TAGTGATCTG 2851 TGTTGTAGAA CATGAGGGT TAAGCCTTCA GCCTGGCAAG TTACATGTAG 2901 AAAGCCCACA CTTGTGAAGG TTTTGTTTTA CAAATCACTT GATTTAACAC 2951 ACTCAGGTAG AATATTTTA TTTTTACTGT TTTATACCC GAAGTTATTT 3001 CTACATTGT CTACAGCAAG AATATCATTA AAAATCACC TTTCAAATGC 3051 CTTTGAAAGAC AATAGCACAA ATATCATTA AAAAATTTT AAAAAATTGT 3101 TTTAAAAAGTC AGTTTGCAAC ATGTCTGTAC CAAGATGGTA CTTTGCCTTA 3151 ACCGTTTATA TGCACTTTCA TGGAGACTC AATACGTTGC TATGAGCACT 3201 TTCTTTATCC TTGGAGTTTA ATCCTTTGCT TAAAAAAATTC CTATATATAGA 3301 ATATTTTGAA AATCTTTAAAA AAAAAAAAAAAA AAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS389210 from database EMBL: human STS SHGC-10164. Score = 1592, P = 1.5e-64, identities = 346/364

Entry HS933343 from database EMBL: human STS WI-16551. Score = 1193, P = 5.7e-46, identities = 241/244

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 3

ORF from 315 bp to 2027 bp; peptide length: 571 Category: strong similarity to known protein

- 1 MTRAGDHNRQ RGCCGSLADY LTSAKFLLYL GHSLSTWGDR MWHFAVSVFL
 51 VELYGNSLLL TAVYGLVVAG SVLVLGAIIG DWVDKNARLK VAQTSLVVQN
 101 VSVILCGIIL MMVFLHKHEL LTMYHGWVLT SCYILLITIA NIANLASTAT
 151 AITIQRDWIV VVAGEDRSKL ANMNATTRI DQLTNILAPM AVGQIMTFGS
 201 PVIGCGFISG WNLVSMCVEY VLLWKVYQKT PALAVKAGLK EEETELKQLN
 251 LHKDTEPKPL EGTHLMGVKD SNIHELEHEQ EPTCASQMAE PFRTFRDGWV
 301 SYYNQPVFLA GMGLAFLYMT VLGFDCITTG YAYTQGLSGS ILSILMGASA
 351 ITGIMGTVAF TWLRKKCGLV RTGLISGLAQ LSCLILCVIS VFMPGSPLDL
 401 SVSPFEDIRS RFIQGESITP TKIPEITTEI YMSNGSNSAN IVPETSPESV
 451 PIISVSLLFA GVIAARIGLW SFDLTVTQLL QENVIESERG IINGVQNSMN
 501 YLLDLHFIM VILAPNPEAF GLLVLISVSF VAMGHIMYFR FAQNTLGNKL
 - BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphute1_24j6, frame 3

TREMBLNEW:U76714_1 gene: "CAR1"; product: "cell adhesion regulator"; Rattus norvegicus cell adhesion regulator (CAR1) mRNA, complete cds., N = 1. Score = 1472. P = 7.2e-151

TREMBL:AC004683_5 gene: "T19C21.5"; Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC T19C21 genomic sequence, complete sequence., N=2, Score = 437, P=2.8e-60

TREMBL:AF039046 2 gene: "R09B5.4"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R09B5., N = 2, Score = 323, P = 1.5e-43

HSPs: Score = 1472 (220.9 bits), Expect = 7.2e-151, P = 7.2e-151 Identities = 288/319 (90%), Positives = 297/319 (93%) Query:

1 MTRAGDHNRQRGCCGSLADYLTSAKFLLYLGHSLSTWGDRMWHFAVSVFLVELYGNSLLL 60 Q GCCGSLA+YLTSAKFLLYLGHSLSTWGDRMWHFAVSVFLVELYGNSLLL 1 MTKSRDQTHQEGCCGSLANYLTSAKFLLYLGHSLSTWGDRMWHFAVSVFLVELYGNSLLL 60 Sbjct:

61 TAVYGLVVAGSVLVLGAIIGDWVDKNARLKVAQTSLVVQNVSVILCGIILMMVFLHKHEL 120 Query: TAVYGLVVAGSVLVLGAIIGDWVDKNARLKVAQTSLVVQNVSVILCGIILMMVFLHK+EL 61 TAVYGLVVAGSVLVLGAIIGDWVDKNARLKVAQTSLVVQNVSVILCGIILMMVFLHKNEL 120 Sbict:

121 LTMYHGWVLTSCYILIITIANIANLASTATAITIQRDWIVVVAGEDRSKLANMNATIRRI 180 Ouerv: L MYHGWVLT CYILIITIANIANLASTATAITIQRDWIVVVAGE+RS+LA+MNATIRRI 121 LNMYHGWVLTVCYILIITIANIANLASTATAITIQRDWIVVVAGENRSRLADMNATIRRI 180 Sbjct:

Query: 181 DQLTNILAPMAVGQIMTFGSPVIGCGFISGWNLVSMCVEYVLLWKVYQKTPALAVKAGLK 240 DQLTNILAPMAVGQIMTFGSPVIGCGFISGWNLVSMCVEY LLWKVYQKTPALAVKA LK

Sbjct: 181 DQLTNILAPMAVGQIMTFGSPVIGCGFISGWNLVSMCVEYFLLWKVYQKTPALAVKAALK 240 241 EEETELKQLNLHKDTEPKPLEGTHLMGVKDSNIHELEHEQEPTCASQMAEPFRTFRDGWV 300 Query:

EE+ELKQL KDTEPKPLEGTHLMG KDSNI ELE EQEPTCASQ+AEPFRTFRDGWV 241 VEESELKQLTSPKDTEPKPLEGTHLMGEKDSNIRELECEQEPTCASQIAEPFRTFRDGWV 300 Sbjct:

301 SYYNQPVFLAGMGLAF-LY 318 Query: SYYNQPVFL G F LY
301 SYYNQPVFLGWHGPGFPLY 319 Sbjct:

PRD

Pedant information for DKFZphutel 24j6, frame 3

Report for DKFZphutel 24j6.3

[LENGTH] 571 [MW] 62542.72 6.08 [pI] [HOMOL] TREMBL:U76714_1 gene: "CAR1"; product: "cell adhesion regulator"; Rattus norvegicus cell adhesion regulator (CAR1) mRNA, complete cds. 1e-141 BL00341D [BLOCKS] [PROSITE] MYRISTYL [PROSITE] MITOCH_CARRIER 1 [PROSITE] CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 6 [PROSITE] PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN 1 [PROSITE] PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE ASN GLYCOSYLATION [PROSITE] Laminin B (Domain IV) TRANSMEMBRANE 4 [PFAM] [KW] [KW] LOW COMPLEXITY 8.76 % SEQ MTRAGDHNRQRGCCGSLADYLTSAKFLLYLGHSLSTWGDRMWHFAVSVFLVELYGNSLLL SEG PRD

MEM SEQ TAVYGLVVAGSVLVLGAIIGDWVDKNARLKVAQTSLVVQNVSVILCGIILMMVFLHKHEL SEG .xxxxxxxxxxxxx...... PRD MEM LTMYHGWVLTSCYILIITIANIANLASTATAITIORDWIVVVAGEDRSKLANMNATIRRI SEO SEG PRD MEM MMMMMM..... SEQ DQLTNILAPMAVGQIMTFGSPVIGCGFISGWNLVSMCVEYVLLWKVYQKTPALAVKAGLK SEG PRD MEM SEQ EEETELKQLNLHKDTEPKPLEGTHLMGVKDSN1HELEHEQEPTCASQMAEPFRTFRDGWV SEG PRD MEM SYYNOPVFLAGMGLAFLYMTVLGFDCITTGYAYTOGLSGSILSILMGASAITGIMGTVAF SEO SEG

MEM	
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	TWLRRKCGLVRTGLISGLAQLSCLILCVISVFMPGSPLDLSVSPFEDIRSRFIQGESITP
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	TKIPEITTEIYMSNGSNSANIVPETSPESVPIISVSLLFAGVIAARIGLWSFDLTVTQLL xxxxxxxxx
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	QENVIESERGIINGVQNSMNYLLDLLHFIMVILAPNPEAFGLLVLISVSFVAMGHIMYFR hhhhhccccceeeecccchhhhhhhhhhheeeeecccccc
SEQ SEG PRD MEM	FAQNTLGNKLFACGPDAKEVRKENQANTSVV eeccccceeeecccchhhhhhhhhcccccc

Prosite for DKFZphute1_24j6.3

PS00001	100->104	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	174->178	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	434->438	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00001	567->571	ASN GLYCOSYLATION	PDOC00001
PS00005	23->26	PKC PHOSPHO SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	176->179	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	294->297	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00005	487->490	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00005
PS00006	16->20	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	36->40	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	294->298	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	396->400	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	403->407	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00006	445->449	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PDOC00006
PS00008	12->18	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	65->71	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	76~>82	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	193->199	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	267->273	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	311->317	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	336->342	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	339->345	MYRISTYL	. PDOC00008
PS00008	353->359	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	368->374	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	373->379	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	435->441	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	461->467	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	490->496	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00008	494->500	MYRISTYL	PDOC00008
PS00013	122->133	PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN	PDOC00013
PS00215	404->414	MITOCH_CARRIER	PDOC00189

Pfam for DKFZphute1_24j6.3

HMM_NAME Laminin B (Domain IV)

 HMM
 YWR1PERFLGDQvTsYGGkLe

 Y+R
 + LG+++ + G + +

 Query
 538
 YFRFAQNTLGNKLFACGPDAK
 558

DKFZphute1_2h3

group: differentiation/development

DKFZphutel_2h3 encodes a novel 267 amino acid protein, with similarity to ITM2 (integral membrane protein 2) of chicken and mouse.

The novel protein contains a prenyl group binding site (CAAX box) and seems to be post-translationally modified by the attachment of either a farnesyl or a geranyl-geranyl group. The similar gallus G. protein E25 a marker for chondro-osteogenic differentiation.

The new protein can find application as a useful marker for chondro-osteogenic cell differentiation and for the modulation of chondro-osteogenic cell differentiation.

strong similarity to mouse E25 and gallus E3-16

complete cDNA, EST hits complete cds according to E25 start at Bp 56 putative transmembrane protein (1 TM)

Sequenced by AGOWA

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 2033 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 2007, polyadenylation signal at pos. 1986

1 GGACCGAGGC TGCACCGGCA GAGGCTGCGG GGCGGACGGC CGGGCCGGCG 51 CAGCCATGGT GAAGATTAGC TTCCAGCCCG CCGTGGCTGG CATCAAGGGC 101 GACAAGGCTG ACAAGGCGTC GGCGTCGGCC CCTGCGCCGC CCTCGGCCAC 151 CGAGATCCTG CTGACGCCGG CTAGGGAGGA GCAGCCCCCA CAACATCGAT 201 CCAAGAGGGG GAGCTCAGTG GCCGGCGTGT GCTACCTGTC GATGGCCATG
251 GTCGTGCTGC TCATGGGCCT CGTGTTCGCC TCTGTCTACA TCTACAGATA 301 CTTCTTTCTT GCACAGCTGG CCCGAGATAA CTTCTTCCGC TGTGGTGTGC 351 TGTATGAGGA CTCCCTGTCC TCCCAGGTCC GGACTCAGAT GGAGCTGGAA 401 GAGGATGTGA AAATCTACCT CGACGAGAAC TACGAGCGCA TCAACGTGCC 451 TGTGCCCCAG TTTGGCGGCG GTGACCCTGC AGACATCATC CATGACTTCC 501 AGCGGGGTCT GACTGCGTAC CATGATATCT CCCTGGACAA GTGCTATGTC 551 ATCGAACTCA ACACCACCAT TGTGCTGCCC CCTCGCAACT TCTGGGAGCT 601 CCTCATGAAC GTGAAGAGGG GGACCTACCT GCCGCAGACG TACATCATCC 651 AGGAGGAGAT GGTGGTCACG GAGCATGTCA GTGACAAGGA GGCCCTGGGG
701 TCCTTCATCT ACCACCTGTG CAACGGGAAA GACACCTACC GGCTCCGGCG
751 CCGGGCAACG CGGAGGCGGA TCAACAAGCG TGGGGCCAAG AACTGCAATG
801 CCATCCGCCA CTTCGAGAAC ACCTTCGTGG TGGAGACGCT CATCTGCGGG 851 GTGGTGTGAG GCCCTCCTCC CCCAGAACCC CCTGCCGTGT TCCTCTTTTC 901 TTCTTTCCAG CTGCTCTCTG GCCCTCCTCC TTCCCCCTGC TTAGCTTGTA 951 CTTTGGACGC GTTTCTATAG AGGTGACATG TCTCTCCATT CCTCTCCAAC 1001 CCTGCCCACC TCCCTGTACC AGAGCTGTGA TCTCTCGGTG GGGGGCCCAT 1051 CTCTGCTGAC CTGGGTGTGG CGGAGGGAGA GGCGATGCTG CAAAGTGTTT 1101 TCTGTGTCCC ACTGTCTTGA AGCTGGGCCT GCCAAAGCCT GGGCCCACAG 1151 CTGCACCGGC AGCCCAAGGG GAAGGACCGG TTGGGGGAGC CGGGCATGTG 1251 AGAAGTATCT GCACAATTAG AAAAGTCCTC AGAAGCTTTT TCTTGGAGGG 1301 TACACTTTCT TCACTGTCCC TATTCCTAGA CCTGGGGCTT GAGCTGAGGA 1351 TGGGACGATG TGCCCAGGGA GGGACCCACC AGAGCACAAG AGAAGGTGGC 1401 TACCTGGGG TGTCCCAGGG ACTCTGTCAG TGCCTTCAGC CCACCAGCAG
1451 GAGCTTGGAG TTTGGGGAGT GGGGATGAGT CCGTCAAGCA CAACTGTTCT 1501 CTGAGTGGAA CCAAAGAAGC AAGGAGCTAG GACCCCCAGT CCTGCCCCCC 1551 AGGAGCACAA GCAGGGTCCC CTCAGTCAAG GCAGTGGGAT GGGCGGCTGA 1601 GGAACGGGGC AGGCAAGGTC ACTGCTCAGT CACGTCCACG GGGGACGAGC 1651 CGTGGGTTCT GCTGAGTAGG TGGAGCTCAT TGCTTTCTCC AAGCTTGGAA 1701 CTGTTTTGAA AGATAACACA GAGGGAAAGG GAGAGCCACC TGGTACTTGT 1751 CCACCCTGCC TCCTCTGTTC TGAAATTCCA TCCCCCTCAG CTTAGGGGAA 1801 TGCACCTTTT TCCCTTTCCT TCTCACTTTT GCATGTTTTT ACTGATCATT 1851 CGATATGCTA ACCGTTCTCA GCCCTGAGCC TTGGAGAGGA GGGCTGTAAC 1901 GCCTTCAGTC AGTCTCTGGG GATGAAACTC TTAAATGCTT TGTATATTTT 1951 CTCAATTAGA TCTCTTTTCA GAAGTGTCTA TAGAACAATA AAAATCTTTT 2001 ACTTCTGAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAGGGCGG CCG

BLAST Results

Entry B64417 from database EMBL: CIT-HSP-2023A7.TR CIT-HSP Homo sapiens genomic clone 2023A7. Length = 715 Plus Strand HSPs:

Score = 1546 (232.0 bits), Expect = 7.8e-64, P = 7.8e-64 Identities = 310/311 (99%)

Medline entries

96325063:

Isolation of markers for chondro-osteogenic differentiation using cDNA library subtraction. Molecular cloning and characterization of a gene belonging to a novel multigene family of integral membrane proteins.

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 56 bp to 856 bp; peptide length: 267 Category: strong similarity to known protein

```
1 MVKISFQPAV AGIKGDKADK ASASAPAPAS ATEILLTPAR EEQPPQHRSK
```

- 51 RGSSVGGVCY LSMGMVVLLM GLVFASYYIY RYFFLAQLAR DNFFRCGVLY
 101 EDSLSSQVRT QMELEEDVKI YLDENYERIN VPVPQFGGGD PADIIHDFQR
 151 GLTAYHDISL DKCYVIELNT TIVLPPRNFW ELLMNVKRGT YLPQTYIIQE
- 201 EMVVTEHVSD KEALGSFIYH LCNGKDTYRL RRRATRRRIN KRGAKNCNAI
- 251 RHFENTFVVE TLICGVV

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphutel 2h3, frame 2

SWISSNEW: ITMB_CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16)., $N = \overline{1}$, Score = 573, P = 1.3e-55

SWISSNEW: ITMB MOUSE INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (E25B PROTEIN)., N = 1, Score = $56\overline{0}$, P = 3.2e-54

SWISSNEW: ITMA HUMAN INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2A (E25 PROTEIN)., N = 1, Score = 456, $\overline{P} = 3.3e-43$

>SWISSNEW:ITMB CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16). Length = 262

HSPs:

Score = 573 (86.0 bits), Expect = 1.3e-55, P = 1.3e-55 Identities = 117/264 (44%), Positives = 172/264 (65%)

1 MVKISFQPAVAGIKGDKADKASASAPAPASATEILLTPAREEQPPQHRSKRGSSVGGVCY 60 Query:

MVK+SF A+A + A+K ++ ++L+ P ++P G

1 MVKVSFNSALA--HKEAANKEEENS-----QVLILPPDAKEPEDVVVPAGHKRAWCWC 51 Sbjct:

Query: 61 LSMGMVVLLMGLVFASVYIYRYFFLAQLARDNFFRCGVLY-EDSLS-----SQVRTQM-- 112

+ G+ +L G++ Y+Y+YF Q + CG+ Y ED LS +Q+++
52 MCFGLAFMLAGVILGGAYLYKYFAFQQ---GGVYFCGIKYIEDGLSLPESGAQLKSARYH 108 Sbjct:

113 ELEEDVKIYLDENYERINVPVPQFGGGDPADIIHDFQRGLTAYHDISLDKCYVIELNTTI 172 Query:

+E++++I +E+ E I+VPVP+F DPADI+HDF R LTAY D+SLDKCYVI LNT++
109 TIEQNIQILEEEDVEFISVPVPEFADSDPADIVHDFHRRLTAYLDLSLDKCYVIPLNTSV 168

Sbjct: 173 VLPPRNFWELLMNVKRGTYLPQTYIIQEEMVVTEHVSDKEALGSFIYHLCNGKDTYRLRR 232 Query:

V-PP+NF ELL+N+K GTYLPQ+Y+I E+M+VT+ + + LG FIY LC GK+TY+L+R
169 VMPPKNFLELLINIKAGTYLPQSYLIHEQMIVTDRIENVDQLGFFIYRLCRGKETYKLQR 228

Sbjct:

233 RATRRRINKRGAKNCNAIRHFENTFVVETLIC 264 Ouerv:

+ I KR A NC IRHFEN F +ETLIC

229 KEAMKGIQKREAVNCRKIRHFENRFAMETLIC 260 Sbjct:

Pedant information for DKF2phutel 2h3, frame 2

Report for DKFZphute1_2h3.2

```
[LENGTH]
            267
            30253.96
(WM)
[pI]
            8.16
            SWISSNEW: ITMB_CHICK INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN 2B (TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN E3-16).
[HOMOL]
le-49
[PROSITE]
            MYRISTYL
            PRENYLATION
(PROSITE)
            CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
                                3
[PROSITE]
            TYR PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
             PKC PHOSPHO SITE
[PROSITE]
            ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
            TRANSMEMBRANE 1
[KW]
            LOW COMPLEXITY
                            15.36 %
SEQ
      MVKISFQPAVAGIKGDKADKASASAPAPASATEILLTPAREEQPPQHRSKRGSSVGGVCY
SEG
         ......
PRD
      MEM
      LSMGMVVLLMGLVFASVYIYRYFFLAQLARDNFFRCGVLYEDSLSSQVRTQMELEEDVKI
SEO
SEG
      PRD
MEM
      SEQ
      YLDENYERINVPVPQFGGGDPADIIHDFQRGLTAYHDISLDKCYVIELNTTIVLPPRNFW
SEG
PRD
      hhccceeeeccccccchhhhhhhhhhhhhhhccceeeeecccehhh
MEM
SEQ
      ELLMNVKRGTYLPQTYIIQEEMVVTEHVSDKEALGSFIYHLCNGKDTYRLRRRATRRRIN
SEG
            ....xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
      PRD
MEM
SEO
      KRGAKNCNAIRHFENTFVVETLICGVV
SEG
PRD
      hhhhccceeeeccchhhhhheeeccc
MEM
      Prosite for DKFZphute1 2h3.2
PS00001
                   ASN_GLYCOSYLATION
                                       PDOC00001
          169->173
                   ASN_GLYCOSTEATION
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00004
PS00004
           50->54
PS00004
          187->191
                                       PDOC00004
          232->236
                                       PDOC00004
PS00004
PS00005
                                       PDOC00005
           49->52
PS00005
          209->212
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          227->230
                                       PDOC00005
PS00005
          235->238
                   PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                       PDOC00005
PS00006
           30->34
                   CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00006
                   CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
PS00006
          110->114
                                       PDOC00006
PS00006
          209->213
                                       PDOC00006
PS00007
          119->127
                   TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                       PDOC00007
                   MYRĪSTYL
                                       PDOC00008
PS00008
           52->58
                                       PDOC00008
PS00008
           71->77
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PDOC00008
          138->144
PS00008
                   MYRISTYL
                                       PDOC00008
PS00008
          243->249
                   MYRISTYL
          264->268
                   PRENYLATION
                                       PDOC00266
PS00294
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphute1_2h3.2)

DKFZphmcfl_lal1

group: transmembrane protein

DKFZphmcfl_lall encodes a novel 393 amino acid protein with weak similarity to S.pombe SPBC29A3_3 protein and S. cerevisiae putative membrane protein YDR255c.

The novel protein contains 1 transmembrane region.
No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of mammary carcinomaspecific genes and as a new marker for mammary carcinoma cells.

similarity to YDR255c and SPBC29A3.03c membrane regions: 1
Summary DKF2phmcf1_lall encodes a novel 393 amino acid protein, with similarity to YDR255c and SPBC29A3.03c.

similarity to YDR255c and SPBC29A3.03c

complete cDNA, complete cds, EST hits potential start at Bp 110 matches kozak consensus

Sequenced by DKF2

Locus: /map="542.7 cR from top of Chr5 linkage group"

Insert length: 1819 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 1808, no polyadenylation signal found

1 CCCGGCCCAG CCCCCGAAGA GCCGCCTCAG CCGGGGGGAG TTGCTCGGAC 51 TCAAACGTCC AGTCCTCGTG CGACCGCGCT GGGTCGGAAG TGAGCAGGCT 101 GAGGCCACCA TGGAGCAGTG TGCGTGCGTG GAGAGAGAC TGGACAAGGT 151 CCTGCAGAAG TTCCTGACCT ACGGGCAGCA CTGTGAGCGG AGCCTGGAGG 201 AGCTGCTGCA CTACGTGGGC CAGCTGCGGG CTGAGCTGGC CAGCGCAGCC 251 CTCCAGGGGA CCCCTCTCTC AGCCACCCTC TCTCTGGTGA TGTCACAGTG 301 CTGCCGGAAG ATCAAAGATA CGGTGCAGAA ACTGGCTTCG GACCATAAGG 351 ACATTCACAG CAGTGTATCC CGAGTGGGCA AAGCCATTGA CAGGAACTTC 401 GACTCTGAGA TCTGTGGTGT TGTGTCAGAT GCGGTGTGGG ACGCGCGGGA 451 ACAGCAGCAG CAGATCCTGC AGATGGCCAT CGTGGAACAC CTGTATCAGC 501 AGGGCATGCT CAGCGTGGCC GAGGAGCTGT GCCAGGAATC AACGCTGAAT 551 GTGGACTTGG ATTTCAAGCA GCCTTTCCTA GAGTTGAATC GAATCCTGGA 601 AGCCCTGCAC GAACAAGACC TGGGTCCTGC GTTGGAATGG GCCGTCTCCC 651 ACAGGCAGCG CCTGCTGGAA CTCAACAGCT CCCTGGAGTT CAAGCTGCAC 701 CGACTGCACT TCATCCGCCT CTTGGCAGGA GGCCCCGCGA AGCAGCTGGA 751 GGCCCTCAGC TATGCTCGGC ACTTCCAGCC CTTTGCTCGG CTGCACCAGC 801 GGGAGATCCA GGTGATGATG GGCAGCCTGG TGTACCTGCG GCTGGGCTTG 851 GAGAAGTCAC CCTACTGCCA CCTGCTGGAC AGCAGCCACT GGGCAGAGAT 901 CTGTGAGACC TTTACCCGGG ACGCCTGTTC CCTGCTGGGG CTTTCTGTGG 951 AGTCCCCCCT TAGCGTCAGC TTTGCCTCTG GCTGTGTGGC GCTGCCTGTG
1001 TTGATGAACA TCAAGGCTGT GATTGAGCAG CGGCAGTGCA CTGGGGTCTG 1051 GAATCACAAG GACGAGTTAC CGATTGAGAT TGAACTAGGC ATGAACTGCT 1101 GGTACCACTC CGTGTTCGCT TGCCCCATCC TCCGCCAGCA GACGTCAGAT 1151 TCCAACCCTC CCATCAAGGT CATCTGTGGC CATGTTATCT CCCGAGATGC
1201 ACTCAATAAG CTCATTAATG GAGGAAAGCT GAAGTGTCCC TACTGTCCCA 1251 TGGAGCAGAA CCCGGCAGAT GGGAAACGCA TCATATTCTG ATTCCTACCT 1301 GGAAGGAATT TTGTTGAAAG GGGTTTTCAC CTGTGAGCCT TGGTCTGTCT 1351 CGGTAGGGTG GTCAACTTCA GTGGACTGTG GTTGGTTTCA GAGCGCCTGG 1401 CTGAGGAGTT CCACTGAGGG GAGCACTGGA GCAGCCCTTT GGCAGAGGCT 1451 GAGGAGGAG ATGGACCAGC CCACGCCTGG CACCTGGCTC CATGGCATAA 1501 GGAAAGGGAG ATGCTGGCCT CTGTGCTCCT GCTGTCTTTT CCTGTTTCTG
1551 TTTGCGTTTG ACTTAGTAGC AACCGACAGA GTGGCAAGGG ATTTGGTCTT 1601 CAGCAGTAGA CATCCTTCCA CCCCTGCCCT CAGCCAAGTC TCTTGCTGCC 1651 ATGCCAATGC TATGTCCACC CTTGCCCCTC GGCCCAAGAG TGTCCAGCGG 1701 TGGCCCACCT CTTCCTCCCA CTACAGCCTC AACAGTATGT ACCATCTCCC 1751 ACTGTAAATA GTCCCAGTTA GAACGGAATG CCGTTGTTT ATAACTTTGA 1801 ACAAATGTAA AAAAAAAAA

BLAST Results

Entry HS579359 from database EMBL:

human STS WI-6350.

Score = 1027, P = 9.9e-40, identities = 207/209

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Sbict:

Ouerv:

Sbict:

Ouerv:

Peptide information for frame 2

ORF from 110 bp to 1288 bp; peptide length: 393 Category: similarity to unknown protein

```
1 MEQCACVERE LDKVLQKFLT YGQHCERSLE ELLHYVGQLR AELASAALQG
51 TPLSATLSLV MSQCCRKIKD TVQKLASDHK DIHSSVSRVG KAIDRNFDSE
  101 ICGVVSDAVW DAREQQQQIL QMAIVEHLYQ QGMLSVAEEL CQESTINVDL
151 DFKQFFLELN RILEALHEQD LGPALEWAVS HRQRLLELNS SLEFKLHRLH
  201 FIRLLAGGPA KOLEALSYAR HFQPFARLHQ REIQVMMGSL VYLRLGLEKS
  251 PYCHLLDSSH WAEICETFTR DACSLLGLSV ESPLSVSFAS GCVALPVLMN
  301 IKAVIEQRQC TGVWNHKDEL PIEIELGMKC WYHSVFACPI LRQQTSDSNP
  351 PIKLICGHVI SRDALNKLIN GGKLKCPYCP MEQNPADGKR IIF
                                      BLASTP hits
No BLASTP hits available
                Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphmcfl_lal1, frame 2
TREMBL:SPBC29A3_3 gene: "SPBC29A3.03c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c29A3., N = 2, Score = 302, P = 1
PIR:S67312 probable membrane protein YDR255c - yeast (Saccharomyces
cerevisiae), N = 1, Score = 271, P = 5.3e-22
TREMBL:CET07D1_2 gene: "T07D1.2"; Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T07D1., N = 1, Score = 193, P = 5.6e-13
>TREMBL:SPBC29A3_3 gene: "SPBC29A3.03c"; product: "hypothetical protein"; S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c29A3.
               Length = 398
  HSPs:
 Score = 302 (45.3 bits), Expect = 3.4e-42, Sum P(2) = 3.4e-42 Identities = 55/142 (38%), Positives = 89/142 (62%)
           252 YCHLLDSSHWAEICETFTRDACSLLGLSVESPLSVSFASGCVALPVLMNIKAVIEQRQCT 311
           Y +LD W + F R+ C+ LG+S+ESPL + +G +ALP+L+ + ++++++

258 YIDVLDLD-WKSLELLFVREFCAALGMSLESPLDIVVNAGAIALPILLKMSSIMKKKHTE 316
Sbict:
           312 GVWNHKDELPIEIELGMKCWYHSVFACPILRQQTSDSNPPIKLICGHVISRDALNKLING 371
Query:
           W + ELP+EI L +HSVF CP+ ++Q ++ NPP+ + CGHVI +++L +L
317 --WTSQGELPVEIFLPSSYHFHSVFTCPVSKEQATEENPPMMMSCGHVIVKESLRQLSRN 374
Sbict:
           372 G--KLKCPYCPMEQNPADGKRIIF 393
Ouerv:
                G + KCPYCP E AD R+ F
Sbjct:
           375 GSQRFKCPYCPNENVAADAIRVYF 398
 Score = 161 (24.2 bits), Expect = 3.4e-42, Sum P(2) = 3.4e-42
 Identities = 51/221 (23%), Positives = 102/221 (46%)
            22 GQHCERSLEELLHYVGQLRAELASAALQGTPLSATLSLVMSQCCRKIKDTVQKLASDHKD 81
                G C L EL
            G C L EL + + + L+ P ++ LV C K + L K

15 GNKCLAKLNEL---ESILKDAKKSCLKD-PTTSMKELVA--CSEKTOOVFDDLKRTEKK 67
Sbict:
            82 IHSSVSRVGKAIDRNFDSEICGVVSDAVWDAREQQQQILQMAIVEHLYQQGMLSVAEELC 141
Query:
```

H+S++R GK +++ F+ ++ + + +++++++ + A+ H ++QG + +A C
68 FHTSLNRFGKTLEKKFNFDLEDIKLHSSFESKKRE---IDTALSLHFFRQGDVELAHLFC 124

142 QESTLNVDLDFKQPFLELNRILEALHEQDLGPALEWAVSHRQRLLELNSSLEFKLHRLHF 201

+E++++ F L I++++DL +EWA R L SSLE+L+

125 KEAGIEEPSESLHVFTLLKSIVQGIRDKDLKLPIEWASQCRGYLERKGSSLEYTLQKYRL 184

202 IRLLAGGPAKQL-EALSYAR-HFQPFARLHQREIQVMMGSLVY 242

K + A+ Y R + F + H + IQ M + L +

185 VSNYL--TTKDIMAAIRYCRTNMAEFQKKHLADIQKTMIALFF 225

Pedant information for DKFZphmcfl_lall, frame 2

Report for DKFZphmcf1_1al1.2

```
393
44414.77
[LENGTH]
[ WW ]
                           6.15
[pI]
                           TREMBL:SPBC29A3 3 gene: "SPBC29A3.03c"; product: "hypothetical protein";
[HOMOL]
S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c29A3. 2e-39
[FUNCAT]
                           99 unclassified proteins
                                                                                  [S. cerevisiae, YDR255c) 8e-23
                           transmembrane protein 2e-21
[PIRKW]
[PROSITE]
                           MYRISTYL
[PROSITE]
                           AMIDATION
[PROSITE]
                           CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
[PROSITE]
                           PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN
                                                                    1
(PROSITE)
                           TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                    3
                           PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE
(PROSITE)
                                                                    1
                           ASN GLYCOSYLATION
[PROSITE]
(KW)
                           TRANSMEMBRANE 1
             MEOCACVERELDKVLOKFLTYGOHCERSLEELLHYVGQLRAELASAALQGTPLSATLSLV
SEO
             PRD
MEM
             MSQCCRKIKDTVQKLASDHKDIHSSVSRVGKAIDRNFDSEICGVVSDAVWDAREQQQQIL
SEQ
             PRD
SEQ
              QMAIVEHLYQQGMLSVAEELCQESTLNVDLDFKQPFLELNRILEALHEQDLGPALEWAVS
              PRD
MEM
              HRORLLELNSSLEFKLHRLHFIRLLAGGPAKQLEALSYARHFQPFARLHQREIQVMMGSL
SEO
             հիհիհիհուշշշինինինի հետում անագրան անձան անագրան անձան հետում անձան անձան հետում անձան ա
PRD
MEM
              VYLRLGLEKSPYCHLLDSSHWAEICETFTRDACSLLGLSVESPLSVSFASGCVALPVLMN
SEO
             PRD
              ......
MEM
              IKAVIEQRQCTGVWNHKDELPIEIELGMKCWYHSVFACPILRQQTSDSNPPIKLICGHVI
SEO
PRD
             MEM
             MMMM.....
SEO
              SRDALNKI, INGGKI, KOPYOPMEONPADGKRI I F
              eehhhhhhccccccccccchhhhhcccc
PRD
              MEM
                                      Prosite for DKF2phmcf1 lal1.2
PS00001
                     189->193
                                         ASN GLYCOSYLATION
                                                                                  PDOC00001
PS00005
                    180->183
                                         PKC PHOSPHO SITE
                                                                                  PDOC0005
PS00006
                        28->32
                                         CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                                  PDOC00006
PS00006
                     135->139
                                         CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                                  PD0C00006
PS00006
                     190->194
                                         CK2 PHOSPHO SITE
                                                                                  PD0C00006
                                                                                  PD0C00007
PS00007
                     211->219
                                         TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE
                                                                                  PD0C00007
PS00007
                        27->36
                                         TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                         TYR PHOSPHO SITE
                                                                                  PDOC00007
PS00007
                     244->253
                     37->43
                                                                                  PD0C00008
                                         MYRISTYL
PS00008
                        50~>56
                                         MYRISTYL
                                                                                  PD0C00008
PS0000B
                     387->391
                                         AMIDATION
                                                                                  PD0C00009
```

(No Pfam data available for DKFZphmcf1_1a11.2)

282->293

PROKAR_LIPOPROTEIN

PS00009

PS00013

PDOC00013

DKFZphmcf1_1c23

group: mammary carcinoma derived

DKFZphmcf1_lc23.1 encodes a novel 311 amino acid proline rich protein.

No informative BLAST results; No predictive prosite, pfam or SCOP motife.

The new protein can find application in studying the expression profile of mamma carcinomaspecific genes.

unknown, proline rich protein

complete cDNA, complete cds? potential start at Bp 50, EST hits

Sequenced by DKFZ

Locus: unknown

Insert length: 3077 bp

Poly A stretch at pos. 3067, polyadenylation signal at pos. 3048

1 AACTGGCCCC CTCCCCCACC CCCTGCCCCT GAGGAGCAGG ACCTGTCCAT 51 GGCTGACTTC CCCCCACCAG AGGAGGCTTT TTTCTCTGTG GCCAGCCCTG 101 AGCCTGCAGG CCCTTCAGGC TCCCCACAGC TTGTCAGCTC CCCGGCTGCT
151 TCGTCCTCCT CAGCTACTGC TTTGCAGATT CAGCCCCCGG GTAGCCCAGA 201 CCCTCCTCA GCTCCGCCAG CCCCAGCTCC TGCTAGTTCC GCCCCAGGGC
251 ATGTGGCCAA GCTCCCTCAG AAGGAACCGG TGGGCTGTAG CAAGGGTGGT 301 GGGCCTCCCA GGGAGGACGT AGGTGCGCCC CTGGTCACGC CCTCGCTCCT 351 GCAGATGGTG CGGCTGCGCT CCGTGGGTGC TCCAGGAGGG GCTCCCACCC 401 CAGCACTGGG GCCATCGGCC CCCCAGAAAC CACTGCGAAG GGCCCTGTCA 451 GGGCGGCCA GCCCAGTGCC TGCCCCCTCC TCAGGGCTCC ATGCTGCGGT 501 CCGACTCAAG GCCTGCAGCC TGGCCGCCAG TGAAGGCCTC TCAAGTGCTC 551 AGCCCAACGG ACCGCCTGAG GCAGAGCCAC GGCCTCCCCA GTCCCCTGCC 601 TCAACGGCCA GTTTCATCTT CTCCAAGGGC TCTAGGAAGC TGCAGCTGGA 651 GCGGCCCGTG TCCCCTGAGA CCCAGGCTGA CCTCCAGCGG AATCTGGTGG 701 CAGAACTCCG GAGCATCTCA GAGCAGCGGC CACCCCAGGC CCCAAAGAAG 751 TCACCTAAGG CTCCCCCACC TGTGGCCCGC AAGCCGTCTG TGGGAGTCCC 801 CCCACCCGCC TCCCCCAGTT ACCCTCGAGC TGAGCCCCTT ACTGCTCCTC 851 CCACCAATGG GCTCCCTCAC ACCCAGGACA GGACTAAGAG GGAGCTGGCG 901 GAGAATGGAG GTGTCCTGCA GCTGGTGGGC CCAGAGGAGA AGATGGGCCT 951 CCCGGGCTCA GACTCACAGA AAGAGCTGGC CTGACCACCA GGCACCTCAC 1001 TGGCACTGCT GACCCATCCC AGAAACACAA TCTCAGGGAC CGGAGCAGCT
1051 CCAAGGACGA GAGGATACAG CAGACACAAC CTAATAGAGA GGGCGCCTGC 1101 AGCCTTAACC TCCACGGCCT TCGATACTTA TGCAAGCCTG GTGTTGCTCC 1151 TGTCCTCAGA GTCATCCTGC GCTCATGCCT TTTCCCGAAT GGGTTCACCT 1201 CTGGCAGTTG CCGCTTCAGT CTTGGCCTTA GCCTCATCTT GAAGTGGGTA 1251 GCTGGCGGGA GAGGGTGGCT GCGCCCCCTG CTGGCCCTGA GGCTGCAGAG 1301 TTGGGAGCAG GACACCTCAC CTGAGTTTCA TTTTTTTCA TGTCCAAACC 1351 ATGCACATAC TATAGTCCAG AATCAAAGCA CTTTTGAAAA GTGGCTGCAT 1401 GGCCATCCTC CAGGGCCCAG GAAGTTGCAT TCCAAGGGCC TGTTTACATG
1451 GCAGCAGAAT CCATCCCCGG CAGTCAGCCC ATAGCTTGGG ACCAGTCTGT 1501 GCCCTCCTGC CCAGTCCAGT TTACTCCTCT TGGTTCCTGA AGGTGGCCAA
1551 GTCATTGTGT TCCCACAGGC TTCTCTAGGC TGGGGGCAGG TGTGGGGCTG 1601 TGGAATTCCA AAGCACAAAA GGTGCAGAGG GGATTGGCCT TCCTGTGCCT 1651 CAACTCACCA ACCACCCTCC TGCCTTCCAG TTCTGCCAGG TGCTCCATGC 1701 TGGGGACAAG TAGGAGACTG CCAGGGCCCA AAGAAATGGG TGAGCAGTAG 1751 AGTCATCTCG GGGCACTTGG CAGTGTCAAG CACCTGCCCC TTGCCTCCTT 1801 GACCACACTG GGGTGGGTGG GCCCCCAGCA CTTCAGAGGC AGGAGCCTTT 1851 GGGCTGAGCA AGCACTGAGG AGGTGGATGG AAGGGAGCAT CTGGAGGGGG 1901 GGAGCTTCCT TGAGCAGTGG GCCCAGGCCT GGCCCTCCAC ACTTCATTCT 1951 CTGACCTTTC TCTCTCCTCA TTTCGGTGCA TGTCCTTTCT GCAGCTGCCT 2001 TTCAGCACAG GTGGTTCCAC TGGGGGCAGC TAACGCTGAG TGACAAGGAT 2051 GGGAAGCCAC AGGTGCATTT TACTCAAGTC TTCTCTAGTC AATGAGGGGC 2101 ACCCAGTGCT TCTAGGGCAG GCTGGGTGGT GGTCCCCTAG GTATCAGCCT 2151 CTCTTACTGT ACTCTCCGGG AATGTTAACC TTTCTATTTT CAGCCTGTGC
2201 CACCTGTCTA GGCAAGCTGG CTTCCCCATT GGCCCCTGTG GGTCCACAGC 2251 AGCGTGGCTG CCCCCCAGGG CCACCGCTTC TTTCTTGATC CTCTTTCCTT
2301 AACAGTGACT TGGGCTTGAG TCTGGCAAGG AACCTTGCTT TTAGCTTCAC 2351 CACCAAGGAG AGAGGTTGAC ATGACCTCCC CGCCCCCTCA CCAAGGCTGG 2401 GAACAGAGGG GATGTGGTGA GAGCCAGGTT CCTCTGGCCC TCTCCAGGGT 2451 GTTTTCCACT AGTCACTACT GTCTTCTCCT TGTAGCTAAT CAATCAATAT 2501 TCTTCCCTTG CCTGTGGGCA GTGGAGAGTG CTGCTGGGTG TACGCTGCAC 2551 CTGCCCACTG AGTTGGGGAA AGAGGATAAT CAGTGAGCAC TGTTCTGCTC 2601 AGAGCTCCTG ATCTACCCCA CCCCCTAGGA TCCAGGACTG GGTCAAAGCT 2651 GCATGAAACC AGGCCCTGGC AGCAACCTGG GAATGGCTGG AGGTGGGAGA 2701 GAACCTGACT TCTCTTTCCC TCTCCCTCCT CCAACATTAC TGGAACTCTA

```
2751 TCCTGTTAGG ATCTTCTGAG CTTGTTTCCC TGCTGGGTGG GACAGAGGAC
2801 AAAGGAGAAG GGAGGGTCTA GAAGAGGCAG CCCTTCTTTG TCCTCTGGGG
2851 TAAATGAGCT TGACCTAGAG TAAATGGAGA GACCAAAAGC CTCTGATTTT
2901 TAATTTCCAT AAAATGTTAG AAGTATATAT ATACATATAT ATATTTCTTT
2951 AAATTTTTGA GTCTTTGATA TGTCTAAAAA TCCATTCCCT CTGCCCTGAA 3001 GCCTGAGTGA GACACATGAA GAAAACTGTG TTTCATTTAA AGATGTTAAT
3051 TARATGATTG ARACTTGARA ARARARA
```

BLAST Results

No BLAST result

Medline entries

No Medline entry

Peptide information for frame 1

ORF from 49 bp to 981 bp; peptide length: 311 Category: putative protein

Classification: unset

- 1 MADFPPPEEA FFSVASPEPA GPSGSPELVS SPAASSSSAT ALQIQPPGSP 51 DPPPAPPAPA PASSAPGHVA KLPQKEPVGC SKGGGPPRED VGAPLVTPSL 101 LOMVRLRSVG APGGAPTPAL GPSAPQKPLR RALSGRASPV PAPSSGLHAA 151 VRLKACSLAA SEGLSSAQPN GPPEAEPRPP QSPASTASFI FSKGSRKLQL 201 ERPVSPETQA DLQRNLVAEL RSISEQRPPQ APKKSPKAPP PVARKPSVGV 251 PPPASPSYPR AEPLTAPPTN GLPHTQDRTK RELAENGGVL QLVGPEEKMG
- 301 LPGSDSOKEL A

BLASTP hits

No BLASTP hits available

Alert BLASTP hits for DKFZphmcf1 1c23, frame 1

PIR:S49915 extensin-like protein - maize, N = 1, Score = 215, P =

PIR:A28996 proline-rich protein M14 precursor - mouse, N = 1, Score = 191, P = 3.8e-13

>PIR:S49915 extensin-like protein - maize Length = 1.188

HSPs:

Score = 215 (32.3 bits), Expect = 6.1e-15, P = 6.1e-15Identities = 81/269 (30%), Positives = 115/269 (42%)

5 PPPEEAFFS----VASPEPAGPSGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPPGSP--DPPP---A 55
PPP S V SP P P SP PA +SS ++ PP +P PPP +
598 PPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPPPTVASPP---PPAPVASSPPPMKSPPPPTVSSPPPPEKS 654 Query: Sbjct:

Query: 56 PPAPAPASSAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGA 115

PP PPAS P + P P K PP + + P + PS + P P 655 PPPPPPAKSTPPP-EEYPT--PPTSVKSSPPPEKSLPPPTLIPSPPPQEKPTPPSTPSKP 711 Sbjct:

116 PTPALGPSAPQKPLRRA-LSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPE 174 Query: PS P++P+ + ++SP PAP S +LA

712 PSSPEKPSPPKEPVSSPPOTPKSSPPPAPVSSPPPTPVSSPPALAPVSSPPSVKSSPPPA 771 Sbict:

175 AEPRPPOSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPV-SPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPK 233 Ouerv: +Q+ P +P++ L

772 PLSSPPPAPQVKSS-----PPPVQVSSPPPAPKSSPPLAP--VSSPPQVEKTSPPPAPL 823 Sbict:

234 KSPKAPPPVARKPSVGV--PPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPPTNGLP 273 Query: SP P + P V V PPP S P P+++PP P 824 SSPPLAPK-SSPPHVVVSSPPPVVKSSPPPAPVSSPPLTPKP 864

Score = 206 (30.9 bits), Expect = 9.1e-14, P = 9.1e-14

Identities = 82/261 (31%), Positives = 108/261 (41%) 17 PEPAG-PSGSPELVSSPAASS---SSATALQIQPPGSPDPPPAP---PAPAPASSAPGHV 69 PPGPSP+ PAAS+ ST + PP+PPPPP +P 410 PTPGGGPPSSP-VPGKPAASAPMPSPHTPPDVSPEPLPEPSPVPAPAPMPMPTPHSPPAD 468 Query: Sbict: 70 AKLPQKEPV-GCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAPTPALGPSAPQKP 128 Query: +P PV G S P V P + +V+L AP G+P P + ++P P 469 DYVPPTPPVPGKSPPATSPSPQVQPPAASTPPPSLVKLSPPQAPVGSPPPPVKTTSPPAP 528 Sbjct: Ouerv: 129 LRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPRPPQSPASTAS 188 + G SP P P S + +K+ A G + P PPE P PP AS
529 I----GSPSP-PPPVSVVSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVG---SPP--PPEKSPPPPAPVASPPP 577 Sbjct: 189 FIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKSPKAPPPVARKPS- 247 + S L P P ++ VA + PP P SP P PVA P 578 PVKSPPPPTLVASPP--PPVKSPPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPPPTPVASPPPPAPVASSPPP 635 Query: Sbict: 248 VGVPPP----ASPSYPRAEPLTAPPTNGLPHTQD 277 + PPP +SP P P PP P +++ 636 MKSPPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSPPPPPPAKSTPPPEE 669 Query: Sbict: Score = 202 (30.3 bits), Expect = 2.9e-13, P = 2.9e-13Identities = 81/254 (31%), Positives = 110/254 (43%) 16 SPEPAGPSGSPELV--SSP--AASSSATALQIQPPGSP-DPPAPPAPAASSAPGHVA 70 SP PA P SP L SSP SS ++ PP +P PP P PA S P HV+ 817 SPPPA-PLSSPPLAPKSSPPHVVVSSPPPVVKSSPPPAPVSSPPLTPKPA---SPPAHVS 872 Sbict: 71 KLPQ----KEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAPTPALGPSAPQ 126 P+ P + PP E +P TP L ++S P +P +P + 873 SPPEVVKPSTPPAPTTVISPPSEPKSSPPPTPVSLPPPIVKSSPPPAMVSSPPMTPKSSP 932 Query: Sbict: 127 KPLRRAL---SGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPRPPQSP 183
P+ + ++SP PAP S A K+ A L P PPE + PP +P
933 PPVVVSSPPPTVKSSPPPAPVSSPPATP--KSSPPPAPVNL----P--PPEVKSSPPPTP 984 Query: Sbjct: Ouerv: 184 ASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKSPKAPPPVA 243 S+ + P PE ++ V+ + PP AP SP PPPV
985 VSSPPPAPKSSPPPAPMSSPPPPEVKSPPPPAPVSSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVSSP--PPPVK 1042 Sbjct: Query: 244 RKPS---VGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPP 268
P V PPP S P P+++PP
Sbjct: 1043 SPPPPAPVSSPPPPVKSPPPPAPISSPP 1070 Score = 190 (28.5 bits), Expect = 7.9e-12, P = 7.9e-12Identities = 74/264 (28%), Positives = 111/264 (42%) 5 PPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGPSGSPELVSSPAAS-SSSATALQIQPPGSPDPPPAPPAPAPA 63
PPP S PE + P P + P + T+++ PP PP P+P
639 PPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSPPPPPPAKSTPPPEEYPTPPTSVKSSPPPEKSLPPPTLIPSPPP 698 Sbjct: 64 SAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAPTPALGPS 123
PKPKPPPFPVSPP V +P TP V +P PTP P
699 QEKPTPPSTPSKPPSSPEKPS-PPKEPVSSPPQTPK--SSPPPAPVSSP--PPTPVSSPP 753 Query: Sbict: 124 APQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPRPPQSP 183 Query: A P+ S ++SP PAP S A ++K+ + + + P PP + PP +P
754 A-LAPVSSPPSVKSSPPPAPLSSPPPAPQVKS----SPPPVQVSSP--PPAPKSSPPLAP 806 Sbict: 184 ASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERP-VSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKSPKAPPPV 242 Ouerv: S+ + L P ++P++ +V+ + + PP AP SP P 807 VSSPPQVEKTSPPPAPLSSPPLAPKSSPP--HVVVSSPPPAVVSSPPPAPVSSPPLTPKP 864 Sbict: 243 ARKPS-VGVPP----PASPSYPR-----AEPLTAPP 268 Query: A P+ V PP P++P P +EP++PP
865 ASPPAHVSSPPEVVKPSTPPAPTTVISPPSEPKSSPP 901 Sbjct: Score = 189 (28.4 bits), Expect = 1.0e-11, P = 1.0e-11Identities = 86/271 (31%), Positives = 112/271 (41%) 5 PPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGPSGSPEL-VSSP--AASSSSATALQIQPPG--SPDPPPAP--- 56
PPP A S P P S P + VSSP A SS A PP PPPAP
768 PPP--APLSSPPPAPQVKSSPPPVQVSSPPPAPKSSPPLAPVSSPPQVEKTSPPPAPLSS 825 Query: Sbjct: 57 PAPAPASSAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAP 116 Ouerv: P AP SS P V P PV S PP V +P +TP V +P 826 PPLAPKSSPPHVVVSSPP--PVVKSS---PPPAPVSSPPLTPKPASPPA--HVSSPPEVV 878 Sbjct: 117 TPALGPSAPQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKAC-SLAASEGL---SSAQP--- 169 P P B V+ ++ +S + SS P

Query:

```
879 KPST-PPAPTTVISPPSEPKSSPPPTPVSLPPPIVKSSPPPAMVSSPPMTPKSSPPPVVV 937
Sbict:
                    170 -NGPPEAEPRPPQSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRP 228
Query:
                    + PP + PP +P S+ + P PE ++ V+ PE ++ V+ P PE ++ V+ PE ++ PE ++ V+ PE ++ PE ++ V+ PE ++ V+ PE ++ PE ++ V+ PE ++ PE ++ V+ P
Sbjct:
                   229 PQAPKKSPKAPPPVARKPS----VGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPP 268
P AP SP PPP + P V PPP S P P+++PP
997 PPAPMSSP--PPPEVKSPPPPAPVSSPPPPAVSSPPP 1038
Query:
Sbjct:
  Score = 181 (27.2 \text{ bits}), Expect = 8.8e-11, P = 8.8e-11
  Identities = 73/277 (26%), Positives = 105/277 (37%)
                        3 DFPPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGPSGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPP----GSPDPP---PA 55
Query:
                    D+ PP V P S SP+ V PAAS+ + +++ PP GSP PP +
469 DYVPPTPP---VPGKSPPATSPSPQ-VQPPASTPPPSLVKLSPPQAPVGSPPPPVKTTS 524
Sbict:
                      56 PPAPAPASSAPGHVAKL----PQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGA 111
Query:
                    PPAP + S P V+ + P K P + G PP + P P ++S
525 PPAPIGSPSPPPPVSVVSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVGSPPPPEKSPPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPP 584
Sbjct:
                    112 PG--GAPTPALGPSAPQKPLRRA---LSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSS 166
Query:
                    P +P P + P P+ + P P S A V + + + 585 PTLVASPPPPVKSPPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPPPTPVASPPPPAPVASSPPPMKSPPPPTP 644
Sbjct:
                    167 AQPNGPPEAEPRPPQSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQ 226
Query:
                    PPE P PP PA + + ++ PE L+ +
645 VSSPPPPEKSP-PPPPPAKSTPPPEEYPTPPTSVKSSPPPEKSLP-PPTLIPSPPPQEKP 702
Sbict:
                   227 RPPQAPKKSPKAPP-PVARKPSVGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPP 268
PP P K P +P P K V PP S P P+++PP
703 TPPSTPSKPPSSPEKPSPPKEPVSSPPQTPKSSPPPAPVSSPP 745
Query:
Sbict:
  Score = 177 (26.6 bits), Expect = 2.6e-10, P = 2.6e-10
  Identities = 78/264 (29%), Positives = 105/264 (39%)
                   5 PPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGP----SGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPPGSP--DPPPAP-- 56
PPP +P+PA P S PE+V P+ + T I PP P PPP P
850 PPPAPVSSPPLTPKPASPPAHVSSPPEVVK-PSTPPAPTTV--ISPPSEPKSSPPPTPVS 906
Query:
Sbjct:
                      57 -PAPAPASSAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGA 115
Query:
                   P P SS P + P P P PP V +P P++ V +P 907 LPPPIVKSSPPPAMVSSPPMTPKS----SPPPVVVSSP--PPTVKSSPPPAPVSSPPAT 959
Sbict:
                    116 PTPALGPSAPQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEA 175
Query:
                    P + P + P ++SP P P S A + S +SS P PPE
960 PKSSPPPAPVNLPPPEV---KSSPPPTPVSSPPPAPK---SSPPPAPMSSP-P--PPEV 1009
Sbjct:
Ouerv:
                    176 EPRPPQSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKS 235
                 + PP +P S+ + P P ++ V+ + PP AP S
1010 KSPPPPAPVSSPPPPAPVSSP-PPPVKSPPPPAPVSSPPPPAPISS 1068
Sbjct:
                 236 PKAPPPVARKPS---VGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPP 268
P PPPV P V PPP S P P+++PP
1069 P--PPPVKSPPPPAPVSSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVSSPP 1102
Ouerv:
Sbict:
 Score = 177 (26.6 bits), Expect = 2.6e-10, P = 2.6e-10 Identities = 82/267 (30%), Positives = 110/267 (41%)
                    17 PEPAG-PSGSPELVSSPAASS---SSATALQIQPPGSPDPPPAP---PAPAPASSAPGHV 69
P P G P SP + PAAS+ S T + P P+P P P P P P P P
410 PTPGGGPPSSP-VPGKPAASAPMPSPHTPPDVSPEPLPEPSPVPAPAPMPMPTPHSPPAD 468
Query:
Sbjct:
                    70 AKLPQKEPV-GCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAPTPALGPSAPQKP 128
+P PV G S P V P + +V+L AP G+P P + ++P P
469 DYVPPTPPVPGKSPPATSPSPQVQPPAASTPPPSLVKLSPPQAPVGSPPPPVKTTSPPAP 528
Query:
Sbjct:
                    129 LRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPRPPQSPASTAS 188
Query:
                   + G SP P P S + +K+ A G + P PPE P PP AS
529 I----GSPSP-PPPVSVVSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVG---SPP--PPEKSPPPPAPVASPPP 577
Sbict:
                    189 FIFSKGSRKLQLERPV---SPETQADLQRNLVAELRS-----ISEQRPPQA-----PK 233
Ouerv:
                    + S L P SP A + + ++S ++ PP P
578 PVKSPPPPTLVASPPPPVKSPPPPPAPVA-SPPPPVKSPPPPTVASPPPPAPVASSPPPM 636
Sbict:
                   234 KSPKAPPPVARKP---SVGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPPTN 270 KSP P PV+ P PPP + S P E PPT+
Ouerv:
                    637 KSPPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSPPPPPPAKSTPPPEEYPTPPTS 676
Sbjct:
  Score = 170 (25.5 bits), Expect = 1.6e-09, P = 1.6e-09 Identities = 78/279 (27%), Positives = 108/279 (38%)
```

```
5 PPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGPSGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPPGSPDPPPAPPAPAPASS 64
Query:
           PP S S + P +P + P SS A+ PP +P +PP P SS 883 PPAPTTVISPPSEPKSSPPPTPVSLPPPIVKSSPPPAWVSSPPMTPKS--SPP-PVVVSS 939
Sbict:
             65 APGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPG--GAPTPALGP 122
Query:
           P V P PV PP +P P L ++S P +P PA
940 PPPTVKSSPPPAPVS----SPPATPKSSPPPAPVNLPPPEVKSSPPPTPVSSPPPAPKS 994
Sbict:
           123 SAPOKPLRRALSG--RASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPRPP 180
Ouerv:
           S P P+ ++ P PAP S V+ S +SS P PP + PP
995 SPPPAPMSSPPPPEVKSPPPPAPVSSPPPPVK---SPPPPAPVSS-P--PPPVKSPPP 1046
Sbict:
           181 QSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKSPKAPP 240
Query:
          +P S+ + P P ++ V+ + PP AP SP PP 1047 PAPVSSPPPPVKSPPPPAPVSSP-PP 1103
Sbict:
Query:
           241 PVARKPS---VGVPPPAS---PSYPRAEPLTAPPTNGLPHTQDRTKREL 283
P+ P V PPPA PS P P+++PP P + ++ L
Sbjct: 1104 PIKSPPPPAPVSSPPPAPVKPPSLPPPAPVSSPPPVVTPAPPKKEEQSL 1152
 Score = 169 (25.4 \text{ bits}), Expect = 2.1e-09, P = 2.1e-09
 Identities = 75/266 (28%), Positives = 104/266 (39%)
              3 DFPPPEEAFFSVASPEPAGPSGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPP----GSPDPP---PA 55
Ouerv:
                           V P S SP+ V PAAS+ + +++ PP GSP PP
            469 DYVPPTPP---VPGKSPPATSPSPQ-VQPPAASTPPPSLVKLSPPQAPVGSPPPPVKTTS 524
Sbjct:
            56 PPAPAPASSAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGA 115
Ouerv:
           PPAP + S P V + PV PP VG+P P V +P
525 PPAPIGSPSPPPPVSVVSPPPPVKSP----PPPAPVGSP---PPPEKSPPPPAPVASP--- 575
Sbjct:
Query:
           116 PTPALGPSAPQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSAQPNGPPEA 175
           PPPP ++ PPAP + V+ S ++SPP + 576 PPPVKSPPPPPVKSPPPPPAPVASPPPPPVK----SPPPPTPVASPPPPAPVAS 631
Sbjct:
           176 EPRPPQSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPVSPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPKKS 235
Query:
           P P +SP K P P S+ PP+
632 SPPPMKSPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSP--PPPPPAKSTPPPEEYPTPPTSVKSSPPPEKSLPP 689
Sbict:
           236 PK---APPPVARK--PSVGVPPPASPSYPRA--EPLTAPP 268
Ouerv:
                       +PPP + PS PP+SP P EP+++PP
            690 PTLIPSPPPQEKPTPPSTPSKPPSSPEKPSPPKEPVSSPP 729
Sbict:
 Score = 168 (25.2 bits), Expect = 2.7e-09, P = 2.7e-09
 Identities = 75/267 (28%), Positives = 102/267 (38%)
Query:
              2 ADFPPPEEAFFSVASPE-PAGPSGSPELVSSPAASSSSATALQIQPPGSPDPP-PAPPAP 59
           A PPP + ++ P+ P G P +SP A S + SP PP +PP P 496 ASTPPP--SLVKLSPPQAPVGSPPPPVKTTSPPAPIGSPSPPPPVSVVSPPPPVKSPPPP 553
Sbjct:
             60 APASSAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGCSKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRSVGAPGGAPTPA 119
Query:
           AP S P P PV PP + P + S V+ AP +P P 554 APVGSPPPPEKSPPPPAPVASPPP--PPVKSPPPPTLVASPPPPVKSPPPPAPVASPPPP 610
Sbict:
           120 LGPSAPQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSL-AASEGLSSAQPNGPPEAEPR 178
Query:
           + P P+ + P PAP + ++ +S P PP A+
611 VKSPPPPTPVA-----SPPPPAPVASSPPPMKSPPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSPPPPPPAKST 664
Sbjct:
           179 PP--QSPASTASFIFSKGSRKLQLERPV---SPETQADLQRNLVAELRSISEQRPPQAPK 233
PP + P S S K L P SP Q S ++P +P
665 PPPEEYPTPPTSVKSSPPPEK-SLPPPTLIPSPPPQEKPTPPSTPSKPPSSPEKP--SPP 721
Query:
Sbjct:
           234 KSPKAPPPVARKPSVGVPPPASPSYPRAEPLTAPP 268
Ouerv:
           K P + PP K S PPPA S P P+++PP
722 KEPVSSPPOTPKSS---PPPAPVSSPPTPVSSPP 753
Sbict:
 Score = 166 (24.9 bits), Expect = 4.6e-09, P = 4.6e-09 Identities = 81/268 (30%), Positives = 108/268 (40%)
           5 PPPEEAF---FSVASPEPAGPSGSPE-LVSSPAASSSS----ATALQIQPPGSPDPPP-- 54
PPPE++ VASP P S P LV+SP S A PP PPP
560 PPPEKSPPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPPPTLVASPPPPVKSPPPPPAPVASPPPPVKSPPPPTP 619
Query:
Sbjct:
           55 --APPAPAPASAPGHVAKLPQKEPVGC----SKGGGPPREDVGAPLVTPSLLQMVRLRS 108
+PP PAP +S+P + P PV K PP P ++S
620 VASPPPPAPVASSPPPMKSPPPPTPVSSPPPPEKSPPPPPPAKSTPPPEEYPTPTSVKS 679
Query:
Sbjct:
           109 VGAPGGA-PTPALGPSAPQKPLRRALSGRASPVPAPSSGLHAAVRLKACSLAASEGLSSA 167
Query:
           P + P P L PS P P + + ++P PSS + + S SS 680 SPPPEKSLPPPTLIPSPP--PQEKP-TPPSTPSKPPSSPEKPSPPKEPVSSPPQTPKSSP 736
Sbict:
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